

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

ESTABLISHED 1882

Stock-Raising  
Farming - Mining

Thirty-Third Year

East Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 9, 1915.

Number 17

## BULGARIAN INTENTION TO GET INTO WAR ON CENTRAL POWERS' SIDE IS ANNOUNCED IN BERLIN

TEMPORARY SEAT OF GOVERNMENT IS ESTABLISHED NEAR THE GREEK BORDER, THE AUSTRO-GERMAN ADVANCING THREATENING THE OVERTHROW OF NISH—RUSSIANS SUCCESSFUL IN THEIR EFFORTS TO HOLD OFF ADVANCES OF THE TEUTONS—ON THE WESTERN FRONT, ARTILLERY EXCHANGES FURNISH MOST OF THE ACTIVITY.

With the drive at Serbia by a heavy force of Germans and Austrians led by Field Marshal von Mackensen well under way, the Balkan situation is bringing forth new developments almost hourly.

Serbia has definitely broken with Bulgaria, the Bulgarian minister at Nish having been handed his passports. A Nish dispatch late last night stated that an aeroplane coming from Bulgaria subjected the Serbian city to an aerial bombardment, killing five persons and wounding two others. The Bulgarian military authorities have taken over the railroad from the Bulgarian seaport of Dedeaghatich on the Aegean and Mustapha Pasha in Thrace, 40 miles of which line runs through Turkish territory.

London hears unofficially that the Greek government will proclaim an attitude of "benevolent neutrality" toward the entente allies.

Bulgaria's intention to enter the war on the side of the central powers is proclaimed, Berlin dispatches state, in a manifesto to the Bulgarian nation. The manifesto states it would be suicidal for Bulgaria not to align herself with Germany and her allies.

The Venizelos party in Greece will not oppose the new government, Paris hears from Athens, as overthrow of the cabinet would mean dissolution of the Greek chamber, which, it is considered, would be hazardous at this critical time.

Again there is little but artillery action reported from the front in France. There has much trench fighting, however, near Tahure, which the French recently took from the Germans. Paris reports a heavy bombardment by the Germans of French positions on the Champagne front.

Petrograd reports renewed activity on the northern end of the Russian front, and that the Germans have crossed the Villiya north of Smorgen, enabling them to act with force north and south of that point.

London, Oct. 8.—The new Teutonic invasion of Serbia is now in full swing. In command of Field Marshal von Mackensen, the Germans and Austrian forces are seeking to push their way southward with the Drina, Danube and Save rivers at their backs, in an attempt to seize the trunk railway stretching from Belgrade to both Saloniki and Constantinople. The next move lies with Bulgaria.

Russian warships already are reported to be hurling shells at the Bulgarian port of Varna, on the Black sea. French and British troops are being rushed northward from Saloniki by express trains. Meanwhile, at the points where the railway approaches closer to Bulgarian territory both an allied and a Bulgarian army are massing.

It is reported from Italian sources that as a precaution the Serbian government is transferring all records and archives from Nish to Istip, in southern Serbia, about 50 miles from the Greek frontier.

Virtually made over in guns and

equipments and stiffened by British and French armies, it is predicted here that the Serbians will offer stubborn resistance to the Austro-German advance. They will be assisted by the flood conditions in the Morava valley. Estimates on the strength of the Austro-German forces along the Serbian frontier range from 400,000 to 600,000 men.

Berlin announces progress in the great drive at Serbia, declaring that the movement of the Teutonic forces across the Danube, Save and Drina rivers is proceeding favorably.

On the eastern front the Russians, despite German claims of important gains near Dvinsk, are declared in Petrograd dispatches to be offering effective resistance to the pressure of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's armies along the front from Dvinsk to Novogrodek, more than 150 miles to the south.

There is comparative quiet along the southern front.

The Bulgarian reply to the Russian ultimatum is described in Petrograd

as "bold to the point of insolence."

### Greece Will Not Protest

Athens, Oct. 8.—(Via London)—The official news agency announced today there was no foundation for rumors that the new Greek cabinet intended to protest against the landing of allied troops on Greek soil.

### Germany Makes Protest

Berlin, Oct. 8.—(By Wireless to Tuckerton)—"The German government has lodged a protest in Athens against the landing of troops upon Greek territory by the entente powers," says the Overseas News agency. "The reply of Greece has not been received."

### Entente Powers Withdraw

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 8.—(Via London)—The ministers representing the entente powers asked for their passports last night. The Italian minister joined with the French, British and Russian representatives in this action although he had handed no note to the Bulgarian government. The Belgian and Serbian ministers applied for and received their passports this morning. The Dutch minister has taken charge of the interests of the allied powers.

### Invasion of Serbia

Berlin, Oct. 8.—(Via London)—The Teutonic invasion of Serbia is favorably progressing in the crossing of the Drina, Save and Danube rivers by the German and Austrian armies under Field Marshal von Mackensen. This has been reported by German army headquarters. The capture of three cannon opposite Ramas, Serbia, is announced.

### RAISED GREAT CORN

Silver City, Oct. 8.—James Davis, living on the Reynolds place seven miles east of Silver City, has a crop of corn standing in his field which has seldom been equalled in this or any other country. And this crop was grown without irrigation. Some of the stalks are 16 feet high and the average of the four acres of one particular variety is well over 12 feet. Two and three ears are borne on every stalk and in some cases the ears are eight feet from the ground. In Mr. Davis' opinion the yield will be at least 7 bushels to the acre. The corn is a white flint variety, grown from a special seed secured by Mr. Davis in the east.

### EDITORS NIECE WEDS

Santa Fe, Oct. 7.—Nathan Frank, owner and publisher of the St. Louis Star, passed through Santa Fe on his way to El Paso, to attend the marriage of his niece, Miss Manette Meyer, to Eli Krupp, which occurs this week. Mr. Frank is one of the leading attorneys of St. Louis.

## ARIZONA MILITIA IN ENTIRETY CALLED

### GOVERNOR HUNT DETERMINED TO PUT END TO THE CLIF- TON STRIKE

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Preparations were being made to send the entire Arizona National Guard to the scene of the strike in the Clifton-Morenci copper mine district. This action is said to have been caused by a report that the militia company at Morenci had taken sides with the strikers, and walked out of the camp.

### Editor Threatened

Dynamite was found today in a lot adjoining the home of E. A. Dulmage, business manager of the Arizona Gazette, who is the main exponent in Arizona for the operator's side in the Clifton mine strike.

### Militiamen Reach Clifton

Clifton, Ariz., Oct. 8.—One hundred militiamen from Phoenix and Tucson arrived about noon, and encamped at a strategic point a mile from the town, commanding the railway and road to the mining camps.

### Mine Managers Invited Home

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 8.—C. W. Harris, adjutant general of Arizona, and J. G. Cash, sheriff of Greenlee county, conferred here today with Norman Carmichael, mine manager, and E. E. Elinwood, attorney for the Phelps-Dodge interests in Arizona. Sheriff Cash declared there was no reason for the mine managers leaving Clifton, adding: "They will not be arrested if they return."

After the conference Elinwood said: "Conditions are growing worse in the strike district. It begins to look as if it would be a repetition of the Colorado strike."

Later Elinwood said Harris and Cash brought a letter from Governor Hunt asking the mine managers to meet them as his representatives, and urging them to take steps to end the strike.

### Railway Station Guarded

Duncan, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Armed deputies guarded the station when Depew Miller, a union organizer, and L. Gutierrez de Lara passed through here for Phoenix. No disorder occurred here. Three companies of the Arizona militia passed through here today en route to the strike district.

## SPECIAL LEVY FOR CHARITY IS APPROVED

ATTORNEY GENERAL GIVES OPINION AFFECTING LAS VEGAS HOSPITAL

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 4.—Attorney General Frank W. Clancy, in an opinion given State Auditor William G. Sargent today, holds that the latter will be justified in making a special levy to raise the \$32,000 required by the appropriation for 12 charitable institutions.

This means that the \$32,000 can be eliminated from the total revenue that must be raised by the 3-mill levy fixed by the Bursum tax law for state purposes.

"This is not a question free from difficulty," says the attorney general in his opinion, "and different minds might take different views, and I would not venture to predict with great confidence what might be the result of any judicial proceeding as to the validity of an additional tax for the purpose of meeting the appropriations made by Chapter 80, but it is my opinion that you will be justified in making an additional special tax for the purpose of meeting those appropriations on the ground that they are not included within the language of Section 12 of Chapter 54 (Bursum law,) which refers to the rate of tax to be levied for 'state purposes and uses'."

Mr. Clancy points out that it might be contended that the only state charitable institutions are the insane asylum, the miners' hospital at Raton, and, in part, the reform school, and that any appropriations for other charitable institutions might be held to be outside of state purposes, and therefore not to be included in the 3-mill levy. The appropriations for the 12 institutions in question were made in Senate Bill No. 142, which is Chapter 80 of the 1915 Session Laws. Seven of them are conducted by the Catholic church.

If State Auditor Sargent makes a special levy to raise the \$32,000 required, it will, of course, result in cutting down the deficit under the Bursum law, but it appears certain that there still will be a big gap between the revenue required and the revenue raised.

## THREE PERJURY CASES IN QUAY COUNTY COURT

THE ACTIONS AROSE OUT OF THE FAILURE OF THE FIRST STATE BANK

Tucumcari, N. M., Oct. 4.—District court convened here Monday. Judge Lieb was on the bench.

This term promises to be a lively one from start to finish as the grand jury will have under consideration several cases. There will be two or three murder cases tried this term, one of which will be brought here from Raton, Colfax county on a change of venue.

The bar docket will contain 50 criminal cases, and 95 civil cases.

There are three perjury cases in

connection with the First State bank which failed about two years ago; 13 cases for larceny of cattle and horses; 16 embezzlement cases.

The grand jury went into session Monday and it is known that a number of complaints will be heard by this body and several indictments are expected.

Several outside lawyers are expected to be in attendance at the district court especially during the hearing of the case from Colfax county.

## WIFE SEARCHING FOR MISSING SPOUSE

MRS. HALL SAYS HER HUSBAND LEFT HOME WITH ANOTHER WOMAN

The Optic has received a letter from a woman purporting to be the wife of Hermair R. Hall, a Portland Me, dentist. She states that her husband has left her and might locate in the southwest. Here is her letter:

"Portland, Me., Sept. 29, 1915.  
"To the Editor of the Daily Optic:

"There may probably come to locate with the people of your city\* a man by the name of Herman R. Hall, who is 39 years of age, medium height, black hair and gray eyes, weight about 156 pounds, and who would probably have with him a Danish woman, a perfect blonde, height five feet six inches, weight about 112 pounds, and whom no doubt he would introduce as his wife or as a relation. I, his wife, am a resident of Portland, Maine. My husband, who is also the father of my 6-year old daughter, deserted us on August 26. He has been a successful dentist in this city—a man who is capable in his profession, and who no doubt will prove himself efficient in any city in which he might want to locate. I am without the necessary funds to instigate a personal search for him, and am taking this method to let the general people know that he is neither divorced or separated (only by his own desertion) from the woman that is his lawful wife, and who has used every effort to take care of the sacredness of her marriage vows. The woman presumably with him now is in no way related to either one of our families.

"I will thank you very kindly if you can allow me the space to publish this where it will get the attention of the people who really care about their citizenship.

"Yours very truly,  
"MRS. SARAH K. HALL.  
"37 Deering St. Portland, Me."

## COLORADO CELEBRATION

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—On Colorado day, the following New Mexicans registered at the New Mexico building at San Diego: Mrs. Robert D. Hayne, Paul S. Hayne, B. T. Echols; J. P. Sheehan, Mrs. J. P. Sheehan, Albuquerque; Mr. and Mrs. K. T. Denton, Roswell; Mrs. H. L. Hagenblusch and Mrs. L. Krebling, Cimarron.

As Colorado has no building at San Diego, the New Mexico board of exposition managers "loaned" the New

Mexico building to the sister state on the north for the day. The celebration of the Centennial state will go down as one of the most successful and brilliant of the exposition year. Dr. Edgar L. Hewett director of exhibits did the honors in place of President G. A. Davidson of the exposition. Fourth Regiment band, United States the upper end of the exposition. The festivities commenced with a concert in front of the building by the marine corps. This concert attracted hundreds towards the building from grounds. The auditorium was jammed as it never was before. President Dana of the Colorado society president and introduced Dr. Edgar L. Hewett who welcomed the Colorado people. Then Colorado Commissioner McClurg read a message from Governor Carlson and other prominent Coloradoans. Otto Jeancon sang "I Love You California" amidst thunderous applause. Mr. McClurg followed with a fine and eloquent lecture on "Panoramic Colorado." George Rogers closed with the singing of "Where the Silvery Colorado Flows." Refreshments and Manitou water punch were served in the patio during the reception during which the Spanish Troubadors gave their program.

## SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL RESULTS

Princeton 10; Rutgers 0.  
Yale 0; University of Virginia 10.  
Harvard 7; Massachusetts Agricultural College 0.  
Army 14; Holy Cross 14.  
Navy 0; Georgetown 9.  
Pennsylvania 10; Franklin and Marshall 6.  
Cornell 34; Oberlin 7.  
Dartmouth 34; Maine 0.  
Brown 0; Trinity 0.  
Amherst 6; Bowdoin 0.  
Carlisle 0; Lehigh 14.  
Syracuse 6; Bucknell 0.  
Swarthmore 42; Dickson 0.  
Penn State 14; Lebanon 0.  
Williams 0; Union 14.  
Case 7; Marietta 19.  
Washington and Jefferson 6; West Virginia 6.  
Western Reserve 3; Hiram 0.  
Purdue 7; Wabash 7.  
Ursinus 2; Lafayette 13.  
Ohio State 19; Ohio Wesleyan 6.  
Phillips Exeter 27; Dartmouth Freshmen 0.  
Georgetown College 2; University of Cincinnati 2.  
Kentucky State University 22; Butler College 0.  
Lake Forest 0; Northwestern 27.  
Simpson 0; Ames 27.  
DePauw 0; Indiana 7.  
Alma 0; Notre Dame 32.  
Cornell College 0; Iowa 33.  
Drake 13; Nebraska 48.  
Haskell Indians 0; Illinois 36.  
North Dakota 0; Minnesota 41.  
Lawrence 0; Wisconsin 89.  
University of Kansas 20; William Jewell College 0.  
Morningside 44; Yankton 0.  
Missouri 13; Oklahoma A. and M. 6.  
University of Wyoming 0; University of Colorado 30.  
Iowa 33; Cornell 0.  
Rice Institute 46; Trinity University 0.  
Baylor University 3; Howard Payne College 0.  
Vanderbilt 47; Southwestern Presbyterian University 0.  
Allegheny College 52; St. Bonaventure College 0.  
Marquette University 54; Milwau-

kee Normal 0.

Tufts 18; Norwich University 0.  
University of Vermont 0; Worcester Poly Institute 0.  
Northwestern College of Watertown Wis., 0; Beloit 0.  
Louisville University 0; Central University 0.

## EDUCATION REMEDY NEEDED BY MEXICO

BISHOP MCCONNELL SPEAKS INTERESTINGLY ON REVOLUTIONARY SITUATION

A congregation that filled every seat and chair of the church and league room heard Bishop Francis L. McConnell, LL. D., of Denver at the First Methodist church last night speak interestingly and authoritatively of conditions in Mexico. Bishop McConnell has made several trips through Mexico and knows conditions intimately. He said that the revolution had succeeded in its object. That is, the large land holdings have been broken up into thousands of small holdings. He showed that the only possible method the Mexicans had of reform was by revolution.

Voting is futile and a joke. Legislation is according to the will of dictator and army. Shooting men is the only way left for agitation. And they have won out. But the trouble is there are now three main camps of them unable to agree. Some think the United States ought to go down and take them over. We would have a hard job of it. They are indifferent to death. They would not kill many of our soldiers, but we would have to kill thousands of them. When forced to submit, it would be only a physical surrender. Their minds would be free. They would agitate and agitate and agitate.

Bishop McConnell thought that the only way out is for President Wilson to recognize the strongest man, Carranza and put an embargo on arms which shall be real. Even then the trouble will drag on, but greatly ameliorated, as the agitators run out of arms and ammunition.

But the fundamental thing is under all this. There must be a system of real education. The Mexicans who have been reared for instance from childhood in Methodist schools are a fine body of people. With them the whole problem as been solved. If we show ourselves real neighbors by greatly enlarging this work we will solve the Mexican problem, though it may take 50 years.

## FALL FESTIVAL IN ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 4.—The opening of fall carnival week today found St. Louis crowded with tens of thousands of visitors who have come from many states to enjoy the festivities. Tomorrow night is the time fixed for the veiled prophet to make his formal entry into the city. The theme selected for the great pageant this year will be "Legends and Myths of All Nations," and the subjects chosen have been taken from many of the classics of childhood, and the characters range from Hercules and other heroes of antiquity to Hiawatha of modern times.

## BULGARIA PLAYS A DOUBLE GAME

APPOINTS REPRESENTATIVE TO  
DEAL WITH THE ENTENTE  
ALLIES

German naval airships, damaged two British monitors off La Panne on the Belgian coast near the French border it was officially announced in Berlin today.

German army headquarters declare the recent British success near Lens was due to a surprise and a gas attack, and not to "any soldierly qualities of the English attack."

Five aeroplanes of the allies bombarded Zeebrugge on the Belgian coast yesterday, an Amsterdam newspaper announced. One machine was brought down by anti-aircraft gunfire, while another, which had motor trouble, was compelled to land upon Dutch territory.

Turkish troops have been generally withdrawn from the Bulgarian frontier, according to advices from Athens, the action being taken after the signing of the recent Turco-Bulgarian convention.

A Reuter telegram from Sofia dated September 30 declared that M. Malinoff, leader of the Bulgarian democrats, was treating with the ministers of the entente powers, having been designated to do so by all the opposition parties.

French troops have made progress in the continuation of the general movement on the western front. The Paris war office reports advances in the forest of Givenchy and at Hill No. 119, where the allies are thrusting at the defenses of Lens.

The situation in the Balkans continues tense. An announcement by the government organ at Athens indicates that French troops have been landed at Saloniki to assist Greece. This announcement is regarded as solving all doubts as to Greece's entry into the war.

The Greek government has seized the Macedonian railways, an official announcement says.

Besides the Russian ultimatum giving Bulgaria 24 hours to dismiss German and Austrian officers now with its army, it is reported in Rome that the quadruple entente powers, acting jointly, will present a note to Bulgaria demanding she explain her attitude.

Concentration of the Bulgarian army has been begun, 350,000 men being engaged in the movement, according to Athens advices through Paris.

A dispatch from Sofia of Saturday's date carries an official denial of statements that German officers are taking a hand in Bulgarian military affairs.

If the reports from Paris, Bucharest and Athens of the concentration of Teutonic troops on the Serbian frontier are correct, the promptitude with which Russia has taken up the German challenge is explained. According to these reports, Field Marshal von Mackensen has quit the eastern front, and is now near the Serbian border at the head of 250,000 German and Austrian troops, with 2,000 guns. It is reported that he is ready to

repeat against Serbia his phalanx movements which created the Russians out of Galicia. In addition to this force, Bulgarians numbering 350,000 are said to have been massed along the eastern border of Serbia.

If action by the entente powers should become necessary, this action would be undertaken by troops which are now in readiness to take the field simultaneously with the forces of Greece.

The opinion is expressed here that a prompt movement, such as would be undertaken would likely disentangle the counsels of Rumania, which for the moment seem obscure.

The results of the great recruiting rally in England on Saturday are not yet known, but it is generally understood that Lord Kitchener will get the necessary amount of men by one means or another.

"I know how many men I want," he told the labor leaders. "I know their names and the numbers on their doors, and if they don't come I will fetch them. Give me the men and munitions I want, and I guarantee we shall have the war in the hollow of our hands."

### The French Statement

French troops have continued to make progress to the north of Arras, according to the announcement given out by the French war office today. There has been almost continuous fighting in the vicinity of Nouvron and Quennevierres.

There also has been artillery fighting in the Champagne district. A squadron of French aeroplanes has thrown 40 bombs on the railroad station at Metz.

### The German Statement

Berlin, Oct. 4.—(Via London)—A further gain for the Germans in the struggle with the British near Loos was reported today by the war officials. The French succeeded in wrenching from the Germans part of a trench near Givenchy.

A dispatch from the front published in the Lokal Anzeiger today says that the British and French losses in the new offensive have been so great that a renewal of the attacks is not expected.

After inflicting heavy losses on their opponents, it adds, the ground won by the British attacks at Loos is gradually being recaptured in the daily battles which are in progress.

"The chief plan of the enemy," it continued "was to break through between Rheims and Argonne."

"On the east flank we were enabled to win an appreciable advance by a counter offensive."

### COAST FORTS TO BE TESTED

Boston, Oct. 4.—Extensive maneuvers to test the efficiency of the coast defenses of Boston and vicinity were begun today between a division of destroyers and the Boston garrisons, augmented by the coast artillery companies from Portland, Me., and Portsmouth, N. H. The maneuvers here are to be followed later in the month by similar drills in the New York and New London districts. The complete details of the plan have not been made public, but it is believed one object of the maneuvers will be the testing of the efficiency of searchlights and the determination of ranges. Auxiliary vessels of the government attached to the three points selected will represent battleships and will be commanded by naval officers.

## TAXPAYERS' EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WILL MEET

SESSION AT ALBUQUERQUE WILL  
SELECT DIRECTOR FOR  
ORGANIZATION

Albuquerque, Oct. 4.—A meeting of the executive committee of the recently organized Taxpayers' Association of New Mexico has been called for October 11 in this city, when it is expected the committee will select a taxation expert and economist for the responsible position of director, which in effect is the managing office of the association, and the officer who will carry on its work. A number of men are understood to be under consideration for the work, several well known experts having been suggested by officers of the national tax conference and, by other authorities. It is known that the executive board has decided to select one of three or four well known men who have had active experience in similar work in other states.

While the membership of the association has reached a point where its work can proceed without delay, the officers and executive committee are expected to make plans at the meeting next week to carry on a vigorous campaign for members in every county in the state, it being the view expressed by President H. J. Hagerman and others of the official board that the association will not be able to reach its greatest usefulness without the active backing and co-operation of a large body of the taxpayers. The organization office here has carried on a somewhat extensive campaign for members by mail, which has produced very satisfactory results, but the board plans to carry this work further by a personal campaign in every county. The membership now includes every class of New Mexico taxpayers, stockmen, mining companies, public service corporations, land owners, banks and bankers, and right through the class list; but by far the greatest number are small taxpayers, whose dues come under the \$1.50 membership fee, indicating the general interest of the mass of taxpayers in the movement. Under the articles of the association membership gives to the man who pays \$1.50 membership dues the same voice in the association and the same vote as is accorded the membership of a large corporation paying one-half of one per cent of its taxes into the association's treasury; and in some cases amounting into considerable sums of money.

## SANTA FE'S BEST YEAR MAKES 5.5 PER CENT

THIS AMOUNT IS PAID UPON IN-  
TEREST, DIVIDENDS AND IM-  
PROVEMENTS

Chicago, Oct. 4.—The fiscal year ending June 30, 1915, was the largest as to earnings, both gross and net, in the history of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway system according to the report of the directors, through E. P. Ripley, president, to the stockholders. The gross revenues

were \$120,662,727. The net earnings were \$36,916,609.

Two reasons, Mr. Ripley says, contributed mainly to this result—unprecedented wheat crop of Kansas and the largely increased yield of agricultural products of all kinds in the so-called "plains country" in western Texas and western Oklahoma. The Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco and the Panama-California exposition at San Diego, have created some passenger business, "but at such low rates," Mr. Ripley said, "as to afford little if any profit."

Notwithstanding the company's favorable showing the income of \$36,916,609 applicable to bond interest, dividends, improvements of property and strengthening of credit, Mr. Ripley explains, was only five and four-tenths per cent on the capital investment of \$683,855,314.

The company paid a five per cent dividend on preferred stock and six per cent on common stock. It was able to do this because it pays an average of only slightly more than four per cent on its bonded debt, much of the debt having been created when money could be obtained at or near that rate. The average rate of income on property investment in the 19½ years under the present management is four and nine-tenths per cent.

After paying interest and dividends the directors put the balance of the earnings back into the property in order to keep it in the best possible physical condition. Through sundry adjustments the company found \$11,421 which it carried to surplus making a total surplus account of \$20,581,221, which has accumulated during the 19½ years of the present management—a fund to be called upon should any adverse condition arise.

The total expense for operation during the year was \$78,248,812. The company's taxes for the system were \$5,497,316.

### CONFERENCE ON DEFENSE

Washington, Oct. 4.—To impress upon congress the necessity for a larger navy, a larger army, a larger National Guard, more coast fortifications, more naval ships, more field guns, more submarines, more rifles, more ammunition—this, in effect, is the broad purpose of the national defense conference which will hold forth in the capital during the ensuing four days. The conference meets under the auspices of the National Defense League, an organization of which Representative Julius Kahn of California is chairman and Senator Robert F. Broussard of Louisiana vice chairman. The Grand Army of the Republic, the Spanish War Veterans, the Sons of Veterans, the Army and Navy Union and numerous other veterans and patriotic organizations throughout the country have sent representatives to the conference.

### MATRIMONY—NOT PRISON

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—Irvn E. Ogden, Sr., editor of the Spanish-American at Roy, celebrated his pardon by Governor McDonald, from sentence for libel in Mora county, by getting married. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. S. Russel. The bride was Miss Grace Collins, daughter of Mrs. A. L. Collins. Instead of serving his sentence in the penitentiary, Ogden is spending his honeymoon in Dever.

# HAVE NO CHOICE AS TO FORM OF GOVERNMENT

MAJORITY OF CHINAMEN WILL  
NOT OPPOSE MONARCHY'S  
RESTORATION

Hankow, China, Oct. 6.—Chinese newspapers have taken the movement of the Peace Preservation society to re-establish the empire very calmly. Even here in the Kang-tse-kiang valley, which was such a storm center in the two recent revolutions, there has been little flurry caused by the report from Peking, of President Yuan Shi-kai's approval of the movement for the restoration of the monarchy.

"We don't care whether we have a republic or a monarchy if it be stable," a prominent Chinese merchant remarked today. "We simply want a chance to go along without changes and upsets in business conditions. Our chief objection to the monarchical form is that it will take some time to adjust ourselves to the new conditions."

This view is probably typical of that held by most of the business men of Hankow which is called the Chicago of China and is probably destined to be the great railway center of the country. Hankow is situated at the head of navigation for ocean-going boats on the Yang-tse. Boats of shallow draft navigate for hundreds of miles above Hankow. A railway connects Peking and Hankow and another is building to Canton. A third railway is projected west from Hankow, and American interests are endeavoring to finance this line into the rich country lying toward Tibet.

The Hanyang ironworks, which figured so prominently in the recent negotiations between Japan and China, are located here and employ more than 4,000 men in making steel rails and other iron products. The government also has an arsenal here. As a result of its great industries and strategic location Hankow was a storm center in the two late revolutions and the native city was almost entirely destroyed.

Wu-Chang, which lies just across the Yang-tse from Hankow, was the stronghold of General Li, the present vice president, in the second revolution. But the sleepy, unprogressive old city manifests little interest in recent political developments. The same is true of Nanking, the former capital of China three hundred miles further down the river. The railway between Peking and Shanghai crosses the Yang-tse-kiang at Nanking. The city is an educational center and was once the stronghold of the Sun Yat Sen forces and the scene of the battle of Purple Mountain.

Yuan Shi-kai's gunboats are scattered along the Yang-tse-kiang. His troops are centered in the larger river towns. They have been moved frequently to make sure they have not fallen under rebel influence. Consequently the administration is confident that no rebel demonstration of any consequence can develop in the valley to which nearly all of Central China is tributary.

Chinese papers published in foreign concessions are almost unanimous in declaring this is an unfortunate time for the discussion of an empire. They believe the project should be abandoned until after the end of the European war because of the importance of foreign interests in China.

The Central China Post, of Hankow, which is published by Englishmen and is probably the most influential daily in the upper Yang-tse-kiang valley, in a recent editorial expressed the opinion that the re-establishment of the monarchy will not give rise to a rebellion in South China, as has been predicted by some leaders. The editorial says: "The great masses will be perfectly content to vote the president as many or as great, titles as he may wish for, rather than risk disturbances. They will meet again to express their congratulations to Emperor Yuan, as readily as they did when he appointed himself practically permanent president. As for the irreconcilables, we may take it for granted they are being closely watched and will be given no opportunity to lift up their horns. As to foreigners, it is not a matter in which they can interfere."

In reviewing recent events which presaged the return to a monarchy, the same editorial mentions President Yuan's offering sacrifices at the Temple of Heaven as the first indication of his intention to restore the old order. This was followed by governmental approval of Confucius' teachings, which hold that a state cannot exist without an emperor. Yuan Shi-kai next extended the presidential term to ten years and made it possible for him to name his own successor. All these were natural fore-runners, in the opinion of the Central China Post of the new Peace Preservation society which is advocating the definite abandonment of the republic.

## ARGENTINA BUYS CATTLE FROM AMERICA

INTERDICTION UPON IMPORTATION  
IS RAISED, WITH BENEFICIAL EFFECT

Buenos Aires Oct. 7.—The removal of the interdiction upon the importation of American cattle into Argentina opens to American breeders a most promising market that has been monopolized by British breeders heretofore. Already some of the Argentine estancieros, as the owners of great ranches are called, have taken interest in the possibilities of the new conditions, and as a pioneer in the trade, Senor Celendio Pereda, one of the most prominent of the Argentine ranchmen, has gone to the United States to select bulls and other blooded stock for his vast estates.

In view of the phenomenal advance in the prices of live stock in the Argentine and the probability that they may reach still greater heights, particularly if the European war continues, it is assumed that the estancieros who

seek cattle in the United States will be prepared to pay well for choice stock.

The cattle show at Palermo, which is an annual fixture and which is considered an economic barometer of prosperity in the republic has just closed with results that are far more encouraging than could have been expected. It made plain the fact that in whatever other ways the country might be suffering depression, its basic industry—cattle grazing—prospered as never before.

The Argentine has suffered trade disturbance as a result of the war, and during the past two years the country has been passing through what is called here a "crisis of progress"—the result of lavish expenditures of borrowed capital in national and provincial public works. But in the face of these adverse conditions, there is the outstanding significant fact that a single champion Durham bull, for instance, has just sold at auction for \$60,000 paper (the Argentine paper dollar being equivalent to about 42 cents gold.)

The average prices at the Palermo show established many records. The favorite breed in the Argentine is now the Durham shorthorn, of which 200 bulls, making up the first lot put up at the auction, brought a total of \$1,140,000 paper, or an average of \$5,700 a head (about \$2,515, American gold.) And this does not include a six per cent commission which in this country, is paid by the purchaser.

The polled Angus, which was deemed the coming breed a few years ago, was in such little favor at Palermo that it was difficult to find a bidder. The champion of this class went for only \$4,500 paper. The Angus steer, however, is in great demand among the establishments that pack frozen beef. Only recently prices in the ordinary cattle markets went as high as \$400 paper for this type of steer—probably a world record.

One outcome of the flourishing state of the grazing industry may be improvements in the Argentine ranches. With the exception of a few localities, grazing is carried on under primitive conditions, with little application of science and expert knowledge.

Argentina is an ideal grazing country but the natural pasture, except in privileged zones, is very scrubby. Owing to these visible disadvantages lands were sold by the league in the old times, the price being based upon the quantity of stock that could be carried. There are vast extensions, hundreds of thousands of leagues, that are still obtainable at prairie value. The poor settler can do nothing with these lands. He would starve on a league of it if he had not a gun to shoot birds. But the rich syndicate or private investor could, and many do, buy with a view to improvement. When this is done judiciously the results are surprising.

In this country stock is never housed. Some animals preparing for the show, are raised in special paddocks but the animal raised for the butcher rarely sees the inside of a building, or tastes anything but pasture-grass. This out-of-door life saves expense and, doubtless, avoids some of the cattle diseases. The settler who purchased land 40 years ago at prairie value and put it under alfalfa, is the wealthy estanciero of today. Some of the big estancias have been handed

down from father to son, but Argentine law governing succession is altogether contrary to the maintenance of hereditary interest, for when the owner dies there is generally a division of all his estate among his heirs.

The great enemy of grazing and agriculture, is drought and at present it is keenly felt in Cordoba, the principal province where it is complicated by the locusts, a plague which has cost the republic millions to keep down. It is claimed that the depredations of the voracious insect are not so great as formerly, but just now it is admitted that the damages being caused are very great. The insects come from Bolivia, Brazil and Paraguay. They return to their quarters in those countries after Argentina has spent much money killing a more or less negligible percentage of them and they return in clouds the following season. In regard to drought the problem is no less complex. The republic is so large, and the natural rainfall is so unequally distributed that the trouble is endemic in about nine-tenths of the total area. The various schemes of irrigation have cost enormous sums of money and created only an oasis here and there.

The skilful settler or wealthy estanciero contents himself with sinking wells and erecting windmills to supply his house and stock, but it is obviously impossible to overcome, by artificial means, the heavy handicap imposed by nature. Mr. Ross, an American expert who has been touring the provinces, suggests a solution. He finds that there are 200 varieties of the cactus natural to the country. He thinks that this plant, deprived of thorns by breeding them out, would solve the difficulty. The cactus will thrive in the poorest soil, and 90 per cent of its leaf weight is water. The fibre of the plant is also declared useful for the textile industry. The alfalfa plant, however, must still continue to hold the field in a literal sense.

### NEW SURETY COMPANY

Santa Fe, Oct. 7.—Incorporation papers were filed today with the state corporation commission by the Great Northern Security company, with \$250,000 capital and headquarters at Santa Fe. The incorporators are: John F. McFie, George H. Van Stone, A. M. Edwards, I. W. Lively and Paul A. F. Walter.

Optic Want Ads bring sure results

### Cut This Out— It Is Worth Money

Cut out this advertisement, enclose 5 cents to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing:

(1) Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, the standard family remedy for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, tightness and soreness in chest, grippe and bronchial coughs.

(2) Foley Kidney Pills, for overworked and disordered kidneys and bladder ailments, pain in sides and back due to Kidney Trouble, sore muscles, stiff joints, backache and rheumatism.

(3) Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic. Especially comforting to stout persons, and a purgative needed by everybody with sluggish bowels and torpid liver. You can try these three family remedies for only 5c.

O. G. SCHAEFER AND RED CROSS  
DRUG STORE

## LAS VEGAS TAKING SCOTTISH RITE

NICHOLAS HERMANN IS IN THE BIG CLASS AT SANTA FE REUNION

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Two ministers and two physicians are included in the class of 32 Masons, which yesterday began taking the degrees from the fourth to the thirty-second at the Masonic Reunion in the Scottish Rite Cathedral. Today the class organized formally and had its picture taken. The following are members: Samuel W. Agee, Silver City; Howard Spencer Boise, Hurley; Eli Borenstein, Silver City; Louis Neely Cary, Gallup; John Randolph Carver, Fort Sumner; William Albert Chapman, Raton; William Simpson Cox, Silver City; Harry A. Kaune, Santa Fe; H. Emory Davis, William Burns Davis, Albuquerque; Ray Spotts Dunn, Clayton; Milton John Helmick, Socorro; Nicholas O. Hermann, East Las Vegas; William Sheridan Holmes, Tumcari; Louis Recor Hughes, Alamogordo; Thomas Husband, Gibson; William James, Allison; William Charles Maser, Hurley; Milton Charles Porter, Corona; Cyrus Merrick Rouse, Gallup; Samuel Adeline Selover, Albuquerque; William Taylor Shelton, Shiprock; James Thomas Stone, Corona; Frank Newton Thompson, Santa Fe; Roy Olaf Tidemund, Albuquerque; Pell Perry Turner, Albuquerque; James Byron Van Horn, Santa Rosa; George Lynn Webster, Hurley; Harvey Ray Wharton, Albuquerque; Boyd Winter, Santa Fe; Charles C. Manning, Gallup; Victor Culberson, Fierro.

Several of the degrees will be conferred by Albuquerque degree teams. The reunion opened Wednesday evening with a pipe organ recital by J. A. Jeancon of Colorado Springs, with Mrs. Winchester, formerly of Albuquerque, as soloist, and renditions by the Scottish Rite choir. The event was a notable artistic success. Each day at noon the members of the Eastern Star serve luncheon in the banqueting room of the Cathedral. They are assisted by the girls of the domestic science class of the High school.

## MAXWELL ROWE SAYS HE IS GUILTY ONE

SAYS HE IS THE THIEF WHO COMMITTED ROBBERY IN THE Y. M. C. A.

Maxwell Rowe, the boy, who on September 20 was charged with stealing from Francisco Valdez, in the locker room of the Y. M. C. A. building in East Las Vegas, the sum of \$32, and who when charged with the theft, strongly protested his innocence, but who nevertheless was bound over by Justice of the Peace Tipton to await the action of the grand jury, appeared before Judge Leahy today and stated that he desired to withdraw his plea of not guilty and enter a plea of guilty to the charge against him. Asked by the court how he happened to take this money from Francisco Valdez, young Rowe said:

"Well, I was upstairs, (in the Y.

M. C. A. building), and I went down stairs to the lavatory. I never thought about taking this boy's money. No such thought came to me until I had gotten down stairs, when I saw the money right there in plain sight on a little bench there and it tempted me all of a sudden and I took it."

The defendant stated to the court that he was 16 years of age, that he came here with his parents some six months ago from Cleburne, Texas, that he had never been arrested before or been in any trouble before.

Judge Leahy then imposed a judgment and sentence upon young Rowe, that he be confined in the Reform School at Springer, New Mexico, for a period of not less than three nor more than four years. But the court stated to the defendant, that in view of the representations that had been made to him by parties interested in his welfare, and by reason of this being his first offense, he would suspend the issuing of a commitment to the reform school, pending the good behavior of the defendant.

Young Rowe thanked the judge for his leniency, and in company with City Marshal Ben Coles, left the court room. It is understood that Rowe will leave here for his former home in Texas, where he will go to school.

### Wife Wants Property

The case of Maria Carrillo vs. Jesus Carrillo, asking for a division of certain property was in hearing before Judge Leahy this afternoon. The parties live in Wagon Mound, and have sided there for many years, having grown children. Recently they secured a divorce, and a division of the property was made between them. The plaintiff is now asking that the defendant turn over to her other property which she claims she is entitled to.

## MASONS TO MEET DURING STATE FAIR

GRAND BODIES WILL BE ENTERAINED BY THE DUKE CITY LODGES

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 8.—Elaborate preparations are being made by the local chapters for the convention of the New Mexico Masonic bodies which hold their annual meeting in Albuquerque during fair week. Over 200 delegates and visitors from throughout the state are expected to be in Albuquerque during the meeting of the lodges and also to attend the big state fair. The delegates and visitors are expected to start arriving Saturday and Sunday and by Monday morning the entire delegation will be here. The meetings are to be held at the Masonic temple on West Central avenue.

There are 42 Masonic lodges in New Mexico and each lodge is entitled to send three delegates, a master and two wardens. Then there will be a number of Masons who will attend the meetings and the fair as a vacation.

On Monday morning the ceremonial of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine will be held at 11 o'clock. At 11:30 o'clock the parade

will be held by the patrol. Thirty novices lashed to a rope and attired in grotesque costumes will be paraded through the streets. Old Ben, the Bengal tiger, has been groomed for the event and the novices will be turned loose on the desert with Old Ben to tease them.

The Shrine will recess in the afternoon to attend the state fair. In the evening the body will reassemble at the mosque and at 7 o'clock the novices will be put through the tortures. The traditional banquet will follow the ceremonies for members and novices only.

A one way fare has been granted by the railroad companies which will result in unusually large numbers attending and taking advantage of both the Masonic meetings and the state fair.

The following committees have been named by the Shriners for the week:

Class committee—C. E. Lowber, Dr. C. A. Wheelon, H. E. Stephens, Fred Miller.

General arrangements committee—Dr. R. L. Hust, John Borradaile, Simon H. Busch.

Banquet committee—Charles A. Wright, Charles H. Lembke, Dr. J. E. Kraft, Will McMillin, Lloyd Sturges, Ed Sacket.

Old time greetings committee—Thomas Ross, Dr. J. A. Massie, A. N. Pratt, Charles Watlington, C. G. Duncan, J. J. Kelly, Joe Harrison.

Glad handlers committee—Edward A. Simeon Frost, C. N. Blackwell, F. H. Kent, Ed L. Medler.

Publicity committee—C. O. Cushman, Judge Geo. R. Craig, Thos. N. Wilkerson, Reuben Perry.

Toast master—Edward A. Mann. The Blue Lodge will meet Monday morning at 10 o'clock and the session of this body will last for three days.

The Grand Royal Arch chapter will meet at 10 o'clock Thursday morning and continue throughout the day.

On Friday the Knight Templars will meet.

On Friday and Saturday the meeting of the Order of the Eastern Star will be held. A large number of delegates to this order are expected to attend.

Officers will be elected by the various lodges during their meetings. The program for the events and entertainments are now being completed by the various committees.

### BISHOP KOUDELKA'S JUBILEE

Superior, Wisconsin, Oct. 8.—The fortieth anniversary of the ordination of the Rt. Rev. Joseph M. Koudelka, catholic bishop of Superior, was celebrated today with impressive services in the cathedral. The celebration was attended by delegations representing the clergy and laity of Cleveland and Milwaukee, over which dioceses Bishop Koudelka presided before his transfer to Superior in 1913.

### IMPORTANT LAND RULINGS

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Important regulations affecting amendment of entries for public lands have been received by the federal land office. Hereafter applications for amendment must be filed in the local land office having jurisdiction over the land sought to be entered. The application must contain a full statement of how the mistake occurred and must show that no timber or other thing of value has been taken from the land erroneously entered. Where no final certificate

has been issued the amendment must show that the land embraced in the erroneous entry has not been sold, assigned, relinquished or in any way encumbered. Where patent has been issued, reconveyance of the land must be made by deed executed by the claimant and his wife, the affidavit of the applicant must be corroborated by two witnesses and executed before the register and receiver of the local land office. Amendment for the purpose of enlarging the area of a desert land entry will be granted where it is shown that entry was not made to embrace the full area which might lawfully have been included therein because of certain conditions.

### BIG EXPRESS BUSINESS

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—September was the record breaking month for the Wells-Fargo Express company in Santa Fe. Despite the competition of the parcels post, the fruit shipments were so heavy that the total exceeded that of any previous month in the history of the company in the city. The receipts for the first four days in October exceeded those of the entire first week last October.

## SANTA FE SEWAGE TO IRRIGATE PRISON FARM

ELABORATE FILTRATION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM IS DIVIDED

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—an extensive irrigation system that will supply water to every portion of the 100-acre state penitentiary farm lying just west of the city limits of Santa Fe now is being built under the direction of John B. McManus, penitentiary superintendent. Work is in progress on five septic filtration tanks into which the water from the capitol and city sewer systems will flow, and on canals that will distribute the filtered water to the land. In addition to the filtration tanks, a storage tank of large capacity will be built. A large force of convicts is employed in the work, and the entire system will be completed before the beginning of winter.

The five filtration tanks are each 50 by 100 feet in size, and are being built of penitentiary brick and tile. Brick and tile also are being employed in the construction of the main irrigation canals. Water rights on the Santa Fe river, which flows along the eastern side of the farm, were acquired with the land, but it is estimated that the water from the sewer systems will be ample for all irrigation needs. During the winter months the filtered water will flow from the septic tanks through a canal into the river and in the farming season the surplus water will be disposed of in the same manner.

### LAWSON IS RELEASED

Denver, Oct. 8.—The \$35,000 bond for the release of John R. Lawson, union labor leader under life sentence for murder, was signed by former United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson and H. Reed. John McLennan, president of District 15 United Mine Workers of America, left with the bond at 12:15 o'clock for Trinidad.

Optic Want Ads bring results.

## GAME IS WORTH A FORTUNE TO STATE

TEN MILLION A YEAR IS THE ESTIMATE OF DOCTOR W. T. HODNADAY

Why should game be protected? Of what use is it, except to furnish pleasure to a few cranks? It is bound to go anyhow, so why delay the process? The mental processes of the men who ask these questions are generally expressed in terms of dollars only. Accordingly, they had best be answered in the same coin.

Of what use is game? Ten million dollars a year, each for Arizona and New Mexico. This is a conservative estimate of what the game animals, birds, and fish of these two states ought to bring in when properly handled. Several states which have awakened to the value of these resources are already realizing more than this, and one of them, Maine, is hardly larger than two or three southwestern counties. Now in this connection it is interesting to note that there has recently been some argument as to whether there is really a billion dollars worth of taxable property in New Mexico. Supposing this billion to be earning ten per cent, or one hundred million a year. Now ask yourself whether ten million a year more, brought into New Mexico by hunters, fishermen, healthseekers, nature students and tourists, would make any difference. Would it? When you have figured it out, go tell the man who asked "Of what use is game?"

Now everybody knows that the game resources of our state are at present too much decimated to figure as a statewide economic asset. How can they be increased enough to bring us ten million a year? The answer to this question given by the game experts of the United States forest service is, they claim, based not on a theory, but on facts. It has been done and the methods used by the states that have done it are clear and plain. Briefly this method consists in good laws well enforced, in public education, in judicious artificial propagation, especially of fish, and in setting aside as game refuges all waste lands not otherwise used or needed, and stocking these refuges with valuable species which will multiply and overflow into adjoining regions.

Take for example a single game animal, the Mexican mountain sheep, a species found nowhere else in the world. In a certain corner of a certain national forest, zealously guarded by the forest rangers, is a little band of 30 of these splendid animals, the sole survivors of great herds which once ranged on most of the rugged mountain ranges of the southwest. Supposing this pitiful remnant could be provided with a permanent place of refuge, and actively and aggressively protected, multiplied, and then transported to and divided among half a dozen other places of refuge throughout its natural habitat, and there again

protected and multiplied. In a few years we would have enough to allow legitimate and restricted hunting of the overflow from the permanent refuges. Hunting Mexican mountain sheep! Can the layman realize what a drawing card this would be for New Mexico or Arizona? Does he know of the fortunes that are spent for a single shot at the Marco Polo sheep of China? The Chamois of the Alps? The Bison of Russia? The antelopes of Africa or the Kadiak Bear of Alaska? Are these animals more noble, more wary, more beautiful, or more difficult than the Mexican mountain sheep? They are not. This proposition speaks for itself.

The method of increasing game herein described, and especially the plan for game refuges on waste lands, is now generally spoken of as The Hornaday Plan, after Dr. W. T. Hornaday, the most active American proponent of better game protection. The Hornaday plan will enter into the subject matter of Dr. Hornaday's Albuquerque lecture, which will be given at the high school on the evening of October 13 under the joint auspices of the University, the Albuquerque Game Protective association, and the forest service.

## DUMBA SAYS HE BEARS NO ILL WILL

RECALLED AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR IS SORRY HE HAD TO GO HOME

New York, Oct. 5.—Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Washington, who was recalled at the request of President Wilson sailed for home today on the Holland-American line Nieuw Amsterdam. He was accompanied by Mrs. Dumba. Dr. Dumba sailed under a safe conduct arrangement made by the state department.

The steamer will touch at Falmouth, England, and then proceed to Rotterdam. From the latter port Dr. Dumba will go at once to Vienna to his foreign office.

Mrs. Dumba reached the dock about 20 minutes before her husband boarded the ship.

Dr. Dumba said: "I bear no ill will toward the country nor its people. I am deeply sorry to leave at the present time, for I have many friends here, and I hoped to stay longer to see more of the country and its people. That is all."

Dr. Dumba said he was not responsible for an order barring all persons other than passengers and officials from the Nieuw Amsterdam. He said he supposed the steamship officials had taken the precaution to avoid confusion aboard the ship or "perhaps to protect me from cranks."

Thirty or more persons, several connected with the New York Austrian consulate, were at the pier to bid farewell to Dr. Dumba.

### COUNTY LEVY MADE

Santa Fe, Oct. 5.—The board of county commissioners met today and besides auditing and paying bills, made the county levy, for the ensuing year.

## SUNDAY TO BE A DRY DAY IN CHICAGO

MAYOR THOMPSON ORDERS ENFORCEMENT OF A STATE STATUTE

Chicago, Oct. 5.—Mayor Thompson's order to close Chicago saloons on Sunday within the provisions of a state law which had been evaded or ignored locally for two score years, was the general topic of conversation here today. The mayor gave no warning, except to his intimates, of his intentions. He dropped the bomb at the council meeting last night, rushed into a taxicab, and soon was on his way at the head of an aldermanic delegation headed for the exposition at San Francisco.

"Why did he do it?" was the question most commonly asked. The mayor himself said that it was because Corporation Counsel Folson had instructed him plainly that it was the law. Others professed to see politics in it. Liquor men generally said that they had been "double crossed."

The dries were jubilant, and the wets were busy planning meetings to take action. There was much talk that the liquor interests would insist that law be enforced to the letter against other enterprises. Drug stores, milk deliveries, baseball and the like. It was so sudden that the liquor dealers were unable to announce any plan.

Today Chief of Police Healy said that it would require every man on the force to see that the law, which closes all bars, including those in hotels and clubs, at midnight Saturday till the following midnight, is obeyed.

## PROSECUTION OF MINERS TO END

THREATENED INDICTMENT OF OFFICERS AND CAPITALISTS RESPONSIBLE?

Denver, Oct. 5.—The dismissal of most of the criminal cases growing out of disorders in the Colorado Miners' strike of 1913-15, is imminent.

Developments of the last two weeks have pointed to the possibility of such action. At that time it was known that the United Mine Workers of America were considering the advisability of seeking the indictment of state officials and coal company officers with the avowed intention of using them to secure the dismissal of certain cases against union officers and members. Last night it became known that J. S. Welborn, president of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, had pressed the opinion that he would not be adverse to dismissing cases against former strikers "except where evidence of guilt is strong."

Several hundred cases now are pending, most of them against men charged with murder or conspiracy.

Some of the defendants already have been tried, including John R. Lawson, who was convicted of first degree murder and sentenced to life imprisonment. Lawson's case is before the Colorado supreme court. The next important trial set for hearing is that of E. L. Doyle, W. T. Hickey and others, charged with murder in connection with the attack on the Hecla mine in April 1914. This case was expected to be tried during the October term of the district court at Boulder.

Most of the indictments and informations now pending were brought by Attorney General Farrar, acting under instructions from the then governor, E. M. Ammons. Should these cases be dismissed, the natural procedure would be for Governor George A. Carlson to instruct attorney general to drop the charges.

## SEPTEMBER WAS COOLER AND DRIER THAN USUAL

THE PAST MONTH SHOWED DEFICIENCY IN TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

The weather report for September issued by the State Normal University, shows 18 clear days, nine partly cloudy and three cloudy. The average maximum temperature for the month was 73 degrees, and the average minimum was 45 degrees. The greatest maximum for the month was recorded on the tenth, when the mercury mounted to 84, and the minimum for the month was 32 registered on the twenty-seventh. The report shows the greatest daily range was on the twenty-seventh when a range of 42 degrees was recorded. The mean temperature was 59 degrees or 1.7 degrees below the average.

One thunderstorm on the fifteenth one hail storm on the fifteenth and a killing frost on the twenty-seventh also are charged to the month of September.

The total precipitation for the month was 1.14 inches, which is 1.17 inches less than the average. While most other states were either in the grip of a sweltering heat wave or in the grasp of near winter weather, the state of New Mexico enjoyed the average normal temperature through the month for which the state is noted. Aside of the fact that September is the month that ends the small boys' vacation, it is also the month during which the harvest that feeds the human race through the dreary winter is stored.

### BURSUM'S GOOD IDEA

Santa Fe, Oct. 5.—Mayor H. O. Bursum of Socorro has inaugurated a movement for the formation of a drainage district under the state law to take in the Rio Grande valley from the White Rock canyon to the Elephant Butte dam. He advocates a high line diversion dam at White Rock canyon to carry the water to the agricultural lands surrounding Albuquerque, and another at San Anacacio for the valley below. He points out that the water table in the Rio Grande valley has risen seven feet since 1890 and that much good land is being rapidly water logged. He would straighten the river channel giving it more fall so as to prevent silting.

# ENTENTE ALLIES AND GREECE READY TO STRIKE AT BULGARIA IF SHE JOINS CENTRAL POWERS

DETERMINED EFFORT TO DRIVE TEUTON OUT OF FRANCE AND BELGIUM WAS LAST SUPREME EFFORT OF A VANQUISHED FORCE, SAYS BERLIN—RUSSIANS, ENCOURAGED BY EVENTS IN THE EAST, ARE WITHSTANDING TEUTONIC ATTACKS AND IN SOME INSTANCES ARE MAKING PROGRESS.

Artillery firing along a wide front has succeeded the exhausting infantry operations of the past week or more on the front in France, the France war office statement today shows. No exchanges of territory are reported.

A dispatch from Berlin declares the German steamer Sviona, reported sunk in the Baltic sea yesterday by a British submarine, was attacked with shell fire without warning.

A German official statement on the general offensive movement of the entente allies on the western front declares in effect that is shown to have been a do or die effort to end the war, which failed.

The Berlin war office asserts that both British and French army orders prove that the movement was started with the intention of driving the Germans from French soil, thus inducing either neutral nations to join the entente powers.

Notwithstanding what is declared to have been a seven-fold numerical superiority and possession of vast stores of war materials the German lines were not broken, but merely pushed back in two comparatively small sectors to the second, and by no means the last, German line. It is asserted that virtually no German troops which were intended for service on other fronts were diverted from their destination by the allied attacks.

Up to noon today in Petrograd no answer had been received to the ultimatum sent by Russia to Bulgaria.

Contrary to first reports the ultimatum was not delivered until 4 p. m. Monday, and the time limit was not due to expire until 4 p. m. today or 9:30 a. m. New York time.

According to news agency dispatches from Nish, the entente powers were to have supplemented Russia's action by sending an ultimatum to Bulgaria. Petrograd advices, however, indicate the taking of such a step was not looked for.

Dispatches to a Milan newspaper from Sofia say that a military convention was signed some time ago between Bulgaria, Germany and Austria. Rumania, according to remarks of her premier printed in Italy, will maintain her neutrality for the time, at least, the head of the government declaring the hour had not arrived for Rumania's participation in the war.

London, Oct. 5.—Whether by delay in the telegraphic communication or by some other unexplained cause, Bulgaria obtained an additional 24 hours in which to decide her course. The time limit of the Russian ultimatum demanding that King Ferdinand break with the central powers did not expire yesterday afternoon, as had been reported, and the Bulgarian government had the opportunity of delaying its decision. The Petrograd dispatches making this explanation were received in London this forenoon.

With the troops of the allies ready, however, with Russian squadrons in the Black sea prepared to attack Bulgarian ports, and with Bulgarian forces along both the Serbian and Greek frontiers, there was believed to be little chances of any development which would prevent Bulgaria from aligning herself against the allies.

Special despatches from Athens assert that Greek sailing ships already have been pursued by Bulgarian revenue cutters, the Greeks being fired upon but escaped.

Official messages reaching London from Athens say that the Bulgarian authorities, after the conclusion of the recent convention with Turkey, seized all Greeks and others who had fled the ranks of the Turkish army to take refuge in Bulgaria and delivered them to the Turkish authorities. At the same time, according to these advices, large quantities and other supplies have been sent to Turkey from

British attack on the German fortification north of Loos has been again repulsed. The war office announced today that the effects of the British were fruitless, and that they sustained considerable losses.

#### Bulgaria Wants Satisfaction

Berlin, Oct. 5.—(Via London)—A dispatch from Sofia dated October 4 to the Zeitung Am Mittag said:

"Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria today made the following declaration to representatives of the government party:

"We confront war and must defend our national interests. We must wrest from our enemies everything they took from us two years ago, and get satisfaction for every insult."

#### Rumania Is Ready

Paris, Oct. 5.—"Premier Bratiano of Rumania already had twice informed Bulgaria that the latter's mobilization is regarded by the Bucharest government as an unfriendly act," says the Matin. The newspaper adds:

"Rumania, from a military point of view, is ready for any eventuality, thanks to the blunder on the part of Austria-Hungary, who a month ago closed the frontier, which gave Rumania the required pretext for concentrating troops. Rumania thus is safe from all surprise attacks.

#### Adalia Is Shelled

Berlin, Oct. 5.—(By Wireless to Sayville)—"Reports received from Adalia say that two torpedo boats, one of which was French, have shelled that city," says the Overseas News agency. "The municipal hospital, which flew the Red Cross flag, was destroyed, and one of the inmates was killed."

Adalia is a seaport of Asia Minor on the Gulf of Adalia with a population of about 30,000, probably three-fourths of whom are Mohammedans and the remainder Greeks.

#### DEMON RUM WINS

Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—Practically complete returns from yesterday's county option election in Hennepin county which includes Minneapolis, shows that prohibition was defeated by a majority of about 9,400 votes. With only one precinct missing the count was: Against county option 39,357; for county option, 29,934, making a total vote of 69,271.

#### THE FIRST FROST

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 5.—The first general frost of the season prevailed last night over western Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, northern and western Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and the Texas "Panhandle", according to reports today by the local weather bureau. In the affected district a fall of approximately 20 degrees in temperature since Sunday also was noted. The bureau described the frost in Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas as "heavy to killing." In other areas it ranged from light to heavy.

#### PHILLIES' GAMES OFF

Philadelphia, Oct. 5.—The Philadelphia National league team, now champions of the senior major leagues, had hoped to close the regular playing season here today with a doubleheader with the Brooklyn team, but rain caused a postponement. The games will be played tomorrow, and it is said every man eligible to participate in the world's series beginning Friday with the Boston Red Sox will play the final contests.

## BATTLE CRUISERS ON NAVAL PROGRAM

SECRETARY DANIELS SAYS EUROPEAN WAR HAS SHOWN THEIR NEED

Washington, Oct. 5.—President Wilson, Secretary Daniels and Chairman Fadgett of the house naval committee decided today at a conference at the White House that the naval program for the coming session of congress shall include the addition of fast battle cruisers to the American fleet. The navy now has none.

The conference discussed the naval estimates more than an hour. Afterward, Secretary Daniels said the program had not been completed and he was not ready to make any announcement as to what increases he would recommend to congress. Mr. Daniels said that the report to him by Naval Constructor McBride, who returned from England last week after investigating naval lessons of the war had convinced him that fast warships of powerful types were absolutely essential to a well balanced navy, toward which his recommendation will be.

He refused to say how many submarines congress will be asked to provide, but indicated his opinion that the submersibles will be recognized by important additions. No direct reports have been received from Germany and Austria, but general information regarding the German navy is in the hands of the navy department.

Secretary Daniels expects to have his estimates ready by October 15. The need of increasing the number of midshipmen at the naval academy was touched on at today's conference, and it was agreed that the corps should be brought up to the full capacity of the academy. President Wilson will confer on Wednesday with the advisory board headed by Thomas A. Edison. Mr. Edison now is in Washington discussing plans with Secretary Daniels.

## MAYTORENA TO CONFER WITH PAN-AMERICANS

VILLA CHIEFTAIN IS ON HIS WAY TO WASHINGTON FOR THAT PURPOSE

Nogales, Ariz., Oct. 5.—Governor Jose Maytorena, Villa chieftain in Sonora, accompanied by L. Rosado, an attorney of Mexico City, a secretary and publicity man, were enroute to Washington today to attend the next Pan-American conference on Mexican affairs. The Maytorena party left here last night in an automobile for Tucson, Ariz., where they boarded an overland train.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 5.—The Carranza consulate today announced that Mazatlan forces under General Luis Herrera are marching in two column upon Chihuahua City. Chinipas, 50 miles southwest of Guerrero on the railroad, and Moris, 30 miles southwest from Guerrero, were said to be in the hands of Herrera's troops. The neighboring towns of Ocampo and Concheno are said to be also occupied.

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at East Las Vegas, N. M., under act of Congress of March 3, 1897.

Published Every Week by The Optic Publishing Co., Incorporated  
M. M. PADGETT, Editor.

COLORADO TELEPHONE.

Business Office ..... Main 2  
Editorial Rooms ..... Main 9  
Society Editor ..... Main 9

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Daily—Per Year, by Carrier ..... \$7.50  
Daily—Per Month, by Carrier ..... .65  
Daily—Per Week, by Carrier ..... .18  
Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower, Per Year, by Mail ..... 2.00  
Advertisers Are Guaranteed the Largest Daily and Weekly Circulation of Any Newspaper in Northeastern New Mexico.

## ONE OF THE OLDEST

"The United States of America is one of the oldest nations on earth," says the Philadelphia Ledger. "With the exception of England and Russia, it is, as an existing nation, older than any country in Europe. And alone in the Western world, it has stood for the past 125 years with an unchanged government. Its boundaries have expanded and its constitution has been amended and it has gone through civil war; but the United States is 'ruled' today as it was ruled in 1789; and it is the only Western nation that is.

"The constitution of the United States of America was adopted in the year the French revolution began. Since 1789 Europe has been remade. Among the nations four stand out as 'ancient'—England, Russia, Denmark and Spain. Yet in the last century and a quarter these countries have lived through governmental changes that show beside the stability of the United States rule as exceedingly significant 'shifts.'

"The changes that have taken place in the English regime are the most interesting, because they are at least known to the world at large. It is inevitable with us all that the mention of an 'ancient nation', a 'stable government', the 'oldest country on earth' should bring the thought of England to our minds.

"But the government of England, as we know it today, dates its beginning from the year 1832. That is the date of the passage of the first reform bill. These bills—the first in 1832, the second in 1867 and the last in 1884—shifted the government of England from lords to commons, from nobles and men of great property to the people themselves, changed the 'limitation' of England's monarchy from a feudal to a popular right. Without revolution, the government of the country was effectively revolutionized.

"The striking evolution which began in 1832 with the granting of the ballot to the merchants and men of small property in the realm, moved on to its final step in the parliament bill of 1912, which took away all but 'suspensive veto power' from the house of lords and left the common rulers of England.

"France began its revolution, as all the world knows, in 1789. Since then it has had two empires, three kinds of kingdoms and three republics; it not

French republic, its cabinet has been changed very nearly on an average of has executed one king and deposed two others, and it has forced each of its two emperors to abdicate. Since the final formation of the third once a year.

"Out of the Franco-Prussian war grew, as everyone knows, the present German empire. In 1789, there still existed in Central Europe that 'Holy Roman Empire,' which was as Mr. Bryce has pointed out 'neither holy, nor Roman, nor an empire.' It consisted at that time of between 350 and 400 separate and practically independent states."

## ABOLISHING HAZING

The dismissal of several Annapolis midshipmen and the "promotion backwards" of several others doubtless will do a great deal to discourage hazing, the offense for which punishment was given, in that school. Missouri University, through its board of regents, has just taken similar action. Secretary Daniels takes the position that the first requisite of a naval officer is obedience to orders, and asserts his belief that young men studying to become officers in the navy should obey the rules of the Annapolis college or get out.

Hazing, in one form or another, always has been a problem to be dealt with by educational institutions. Undoubtedly it should be abolished, because of its dangers to the physical welfare of the victims and because it upsets the discipline and violates the rules of the institutions where it is practiced.

The practice of "fagging," if not carried to extremes, sometimes proves beneficial to the freshman who is the victim. The "spoiled boys" who have come from indulgent homes often are made to see that while they are "the whole works" with pa and ma, they amount to very little at college. When the upper classmen prescribe the clothing that may be worn by freshmen when on the campus and compel the greenhorns to do menial tasks, they quite often are assisting the freshmen in a course of self-discipline that will prove valuable in later life.

Of course, the upper classmen are likely to become a little too zealous at times, and a little observation on the part of the school authorities would of kingdoms and three republics; it not be amiss. Because the upper

classmen occasionally need a little disciplining themselves.

## THE HONORABLE SANTA FE

Another big thing that's been done by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway company, and one of the largest and squarest things that any corporation ever did, is its confession of the gasoline tank car that of moral responsibility for the exploded a considerable portion of Ardmore, and caused the death of 47 of its citizens. The Santa Fe announces that it will pay all damages that resulted from this accident as soon as they are properly appraised, and without their adjudication by the courts. The door was open for the Santa Fe to contest the matter of responsibility for this disaster by fighting the damage suits against the company that were certain to grow out of it. And the Santa Fe could have tied up the settlement of such damages, did the courts find it liable, for many months and perhaps a year or two, and incidentally dissipate a good share of them in lawyer's fees. Were all corporations as honorable and given to square-dealing as is the Santa Fe, the corporate problem in this country would be far easier of solution. Indeed, it would solve itself.

## BIG ATTENDANCE AT FEDERATION MEETING

NEARLY FIFTY ORGANIZATIONS ARE REPRESENTED AT PORTALES

Portales, N. M., Oct. 6.—With an attendance of 46 officers and delegates, and every report telling of enthusiasm and progress in all sections of the state, the annual convention of the New Mexico Federation of Women's Clubs is under way in Portales. Portales has surprised and delighted the women with the cordiality and efficiency of her hospitality and the federation is being entertained in magnificent style.

The addition of 12 clubs makes a total membership of 45 with a list of members totalling 1,663, a splendid showing in consideration of the comparative youth of the state organization. All clubs report remarkable growth and a literally amazing amount of work accomplished.

At an executive session Tuesday morning the federation authorized the continuance of the publication of the "Bulletin" as a subscription price of 25 cents a year, and arrangements were made whereby the legislative fund collected last year will be kept for future use under the control of the legislative committee.

A most beautiful reception was given Tuesday evening to the president, Mrs. R. F. Asplund of Santa Fe and the delegates. An immense key to the city made of flowers was presented to the president by Mr. A. A. Rogers in behalf of the mayor. Felicitous speeches of welcome were made, to which Mrs. William C. McDonald, wife of the governor, fittingly responded.

Entertainment features that were much enjoyed included an automobile trip to Clovis Wednesday noon and a luncheon given by the Woman's club of Clovis at the Harvey House.

Among the notable arrivals were 36

delegates from Albuquerque, traveling in a special Pullman.

## GOOD ROAD WORK PLANNED

Santa Fe, Oct. 6.—Chairman Arthur Seligman of the county road board will put \$1,200 to \$1,500 on the road from Santa Fe to Cerrillos, Madrid and San Pedro. He has available some \$430 road tax paid by the Cerrillos district last year, and has the promise of co-operation of George Kase-man at Madrid and of E. J. Burke at San Pedro who will get in about \$1,000 more of road tax in those two camps. George H. Van Stone, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, assisted by Arthur Seligman, has collected \$295

## INDICTED FOR MURDER

Van Horn, Texas, Oct. 7.—The Culberson county grand jury today returned an indictment jointly charging the following with the murder of General Pascual Orozco and his companions, recently in Green River canyon: John A. Morino, sheriff of Culberson county; Joel Finlay, A. B. Medley, Dave Allison, George Love, Bob Love, B. N. Love, Price Love, Pete Wetzell, H. A. Carnes, Will Schrock and J. W. Millard. The case is scheduled for trial this week, and the record is to be forwarded to the state department at Washington.

## THE WORLD'S SERIES BASEBALL MAGAZINE

The Baseball Magazine has just brought forth a World's Series special number with a cover design that is a wonder. The issue contains many records and statistics on the world's series players together with their photographs. Although the world's series comes in for a great amount of space in this special number, yet there is described another series—an all star American league team playing an all star National league team, which the magazine editors maintain will be the ideal series. It is proposed that this series be played annually early in July to stimulate the interest which is usually lacking at that time. It will be the last word in contests for real baseball supremacy.

## PYTHIAN KNIGHTS INVITED TO BE PRESENT

IMPORTANT MEETING WILL BE HELD TONIGHT IN CLEMENT BUILDING

There will be a meeting of the Knights of Pythias, this evening, at the old K. of P. hall over the San Miguel bank. All knights, whether in good standing or not, and all resident and visiting knights, are cordially invited. The supreme lodge, order of Knights of Pythias at the next meeting, will locate a sanitarium somewhere in New Mexico. It will be under the financial control of the supreme lodge and not a local matter. Rev. J. H. Whistler tonight will make a statement regarding the action taken by the supreme lodge at the last session held at Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

## ALL INDIANA IS HONORING POET RILEY

SIXTY-SECOND BIRTHDAY IS OCCASION FOR STATE WIDE CELEBRATION

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 7.—James Whitcomb Riley's sixty-second birthday came today, and just to make it more memorable than any that has preceded it, the entire state joined in celebrating it.

This year was picked for honoring the poet because the citizens of Indiana wished to pay him tribute while he would be fully able to take part in and enjoy it. In addition to the weight of years, Mr. Riley has felt the burden of ill health. He has reached that season of his life "when the frost is on the punkin', an' the fodder's in the shock," and the state of his birth and life-long residence felt that it didn't want to delay longer the complete and formal expression of its love for him.

Governor Samuel M. Ralston recently issued a proclamation asking every community in the state to set aside the day for the honoring of "Indiana's most beloved citizen." His plan was to have business suspended as much as possible. The proclamation is being generally observed in every city, and village, from Indianapolis down to Greenfield, where Mr. Riley was born, and Carleton, the tiny hamlet, under the name of Tailholt, the praise of which the poet sang with the lines:

"You kin boast about yer cities, and their stiddy growth and size, And brag about yer County-seats, and business enterprise, And railroads, and factories, and all such foolery— But the little Town o' Tailholt is big enough fer me!"

Greenfield took particular interest in the celebration. Many of its older inhabitants remembered James Whitcomb Riley as a little boy, unknown to the world except as the son of Captain Reuben Riley, a highly respected citizen. Also it recalled that it is situated on the banks of the Brandywine, the little stream whose joys the poet chronicled in "Th' Old Swimmin' Hole," and of which he said, that, wandering up and down it, he "had more fun to the square inch, than ever anywhere."

Governor Ralston, Mayor Joseph F. Bell, Charles Warren Fairbanks, Meredith Nicholson and George Ade had charge of the celebration in Indianapolis. In order to lend nation-wide interest to it, they invited celebrated persons from all over the country to attend. Many accepted.

William Allen White came from Emporia, Kas.; Dr. John H. Finley and Colonel George Harvey from New York; Ellery Sedgwick from Boston and Young F. Allison from Louisville, Ky., to help honor Mr. Riley.

The list of Indiana citizens taking part in the celebration is big. In addition to the members of the committee of arrangements, there were former Senator Albert J. Beveridge,

Senator Kern, Vice President Marshall and others.

The program for the day called for an entertainment in a local theater in the afternoon and a banquet at which Mr. Riley was to be the guest of honor in the evening. It was expected that the poet would read a new poem at the banquet.

At the entertainment, several of Mr. Riley's poems, including "The Raggedy Man" and "Little Orphan Annie," were set to music by Mr. Ward-Stephens. Dancers from Anna Pavlova's company interpreted a number of the verses.

Hundreds who had hoped to attend the banquet this evening will be disappointed. The committee in charge have been compelled to reject scores of appeals for accommodations as there are seats for but four hundred. Former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks will be toastmaster.

The coming of his birthday in October has a peculiar happiness for Mr. Riley, he said the other day. It is his favorite month, as he attests in his poem, "Old October." In it he says:

"I love Old October so,  
I can't bear to see her go—  
Seems to me like losin' some  
Old-home relatives er chum—  
'Pears like sorto' settin' by  
Some old friend 'at sigh by sigh  
Was a-passin' out o' sight  
Into everlastin' night."

### PRISONERS ASK PAROLE

Santa Fe, Oct. 7.—To all concerned The following prisoners have made application for parole. Action on same will be taken at a meeting of the board of parole on October 12, 1915:

William T. Chenault, Roosevelt county; Eulogio Pacheco, Mora county; Julian Piero, George Bard, Jesus Gonzales, Chaves county; Thomas Smith, Walter Wilsch, Luna county; Steve Barretti, Socorro county; L. J. Johnson, Chaves county; Fernando Vigil, Torrance county; Charles Womble, Grant county; Catarino Martinez, Grant county; J. E. Braxton, Santa Fe county; Jack Morgan, Socorro county; Harmon Wallace, Colfax county; Robert Lee Smith, Grant county; Jack Thompson, Norman L. Biggs, Curry county; Scott Stover, Colfax county; Esteban Aragon, Union county; John Strickland, Eddy county; William Fisher, Rio Arriba county.

JOHN B. McMANUS,  
Superintendent

## FIFTY PEOPLE DIE IN MEXICAN WRECK

DETAILS OF HORRIBLE AFFAIR OF LAST TUESDAY RECEIVED TODAY

Washington, Oct. 7.—All the passengers were killed in a train wreck on the Mexican railway between Vera Cruz and Mexico City, according to one message to the state department today. Another dispatch estimated 50 persons were killed and 60 injured. There were no foreigners injured, so far as known. The accident occurred on a steep grade near Maltrala, last Tuesday.

## RIFLE CLUB TO BE ORGANIZED HERE

LAS VEGAS SPORTSMEN WILL CALL MEETING TO SOUND SENTIMENT

There is a movement on foot, headed by some prominent men of this city, to organize a civilian rifle club, to be affiliated with the National Rifle association under the act of congress of April 27, 1914.

Under this act it was provided by congress for a number of citizens to get together and organize a rifle club for the purpose of learning to handle the army rifle to advantage. The United States government allows one standard army rifle to each five members of the club. Each year competitive rifle practice is held on standard army ranges and medals are offered as prizes for "Marksmen," "Sharpshooters" and "Expert," by the National Rifle association.

The National Rifle Association of America claims to be the oldest and most practical peace society in this country. It was organized in 1871 for the purpose of teaching the citizens of the country how to shoot and effectually handle the army rifle, thus making the citizens capable of becoming efficient volunteers to defend the country in time of need. The various civilian rifle clubs now springing up all over the country are organized for the same purpose, and are all affiliating with the National Rifle association.

At Albuquerque, "The Albuquerque Rifle association" has a membership of more than 200, after being organized only about a year.

At Deming, the organizing of the club was handled by the Chamber of Commerce and 30 members were signed at the first meeting.

For the purpose of organizing Las Vegas, a meeting will be called in the near future at the Commercial club rooms, and a big attendance is looked for. The date of meeting will be published in a later issue, and every man over 16 years of age is urged to attend.

## UNJUST CONTESTS ARE DISCOURAGED

GENERAL LAND OFFICE HANDS DOWN A DECISION OF IMPORTANCE

Santa Fe, Oct. 6.—A decision of utmost importance to homesteaders, has been handed down by the general land office and may do much to reduce the many unwarranted land contests brought so frequently against entrymen. The decision states the position of the commissioner of the general land office in regards to contests not properly prosecuted that are seemingly brought to make trouble for the settlers. The dictum is that if a contest is not pushed within the time allotted by law, and the 30 days expire, the contestant can not be reinstated in his rights and begin it all over again with the same land and the same parties involved. It has become one of the favorite outdoor sports to institute a contest against

land, compelling the entryman to secure attorneys and go to other expense, only to find that the contestant does nothing to perfect his fight during the time allowed by law. The time limit expires and then he starts all over again and the contestee must a second time prepare to defend his rights. Thus it goes on until, in many cases, the entryman becomes exhausted in purse and patience and allows his land to go by default. The opinion is in the case of Neiger vs. Keyes and involves a desert entry which was twice contested by Neiger who the second time made the same charges he did the first.

## EDISON CHAIRMAN OF NAVAL BOARD

THOMAS ROBINS OF CONNECTICUT IS NAMED AS THE SECRETARY

Washington, Oct. 7.—The naval board of advisers today at its first business meeting elected the following officers:

Chairman, Thomas A. Edison, Orange, N. J.; first vice chairman, Dr. Peter Cooper, Hewitt, New York; second vice chairman, William Saunders, Plainfield, N. J.; secretary, Thomas Robins, Stamford, Conn.; assistant to the chairman, M. R. Hutchinson, Orange, N. J.

Only members of the board were present at the meeting, although Secretary Daniels conferred with them for a short time. He would not disclose what suggestions he had made.

Members of the board had planned to leave Washington for their homes this afternoon, but did not complete their work in time, returning to the library of the department after luncheon, with Secretary Daniels. No committees to deal with special subjects had been appointed when the recess was taken.

### CHAVES SCHOOLS GAIN

Santa Fe, Oct. 6.—Rev. C. C. Hill, county school superintendent of Chaves, reports to the department of education a considerable gain in school population, that is persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years in Chaves county since last year. In Roswell, there are 1,291 males and 1,319 females, or a total of 2,610, indicating a population for Roswell of 8,000. Outside of Roswell, there are 1,668 males and 1,525 females, a total of 3,193, making a total for the county of 5,803, a gain over last year of 433, of whom 211 are in the county and 222 in the city. This would indicate a total population for Chaves county of 18,000. Lincoln and other eastern counties also show an increase, which means recurring growth and prosperity, probably as the result of New Mexico's publicity campaign at San Diego.

### ANOTHER STORM COMING

Washington, Oct. 7.—Another West Indian storm, headed apparently for the American coast, was reported today in the Gulf of Mexico. Storm warnings were ordered displayed on the gulf coast from Mobile to Cedar Key, Fla. The probable course of the present storm could not be determined by weather bureau officials from the meagre information at hand.

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## 20 INDICTMENTS BY THE GRAND JURY

### GUADALUPE COUNTY INVESTIGATING BODY TRANSACTING MUCH BUSINESS

Following is the report of the Guadalupe county grand jury to Judge David J. Leahy during the closing days of the fall term of court at Santa Rosa:

#### Report of Grand Jury

To the Honorable David J. Leahy:

We, the members of the grand jury having been duly selected, sworn and empanelled as the grand jury for the September term of the district court beg leave to submit this our final report:

We have been in session five days, during which time we have investigated 25 cases and we have returned 20 indictments and five no true bills—the evidence in the latter cases in our opinion not being sufficient to return an indictment.

We have examined all the different county offices and we find the records and papers are all kept in good manner and that the people of Guadalupe county are being well served by their county officers.

We inspected the jail and found that the prisoners are well treated and well cared for.

We recommend the following improvements in the court house:

That new linoleum be placed on the floors of the different offices.

That additional shelves should be installed in the county clerk and assessor's office.

That a heating plant should be installed in the court house.

That the walls of the different rooms in the court house should be renovated and calcimined, where necessary.

That a vault should be constructed in the sheriff's office or an iron safe should be supplied him in order to enable him to safeguard and keep the records of his office.

That the railing in the court room should be removed and a new one installed at least from 6 to 10 feet back from the place where the one at present is located. This should be done in order to give the petit jury, the witnesses and members of the bar more room in order to transact the court business.

We recommend that a new stove be purchased for the use of the county jail.

That the roof in the county high school building is in bad condition and should be repaired at once; that the yard of said school should be cleaned.

Having completed our labors, with thanks to the court and other county officials for courtesies extended to us during our labors, we respectfully ask to be discharged.

BENITO D. SANDOVAL,  
Foreman.

F. R. BACA, Clerk.

In accepting their report and discharging the grand jury for the term, Judge Leahy said:

"Gentlemen of the Jury:

"I endorse the recommendations you have made and now direct the clerk to present your recommendations to the county commissioners at their first meeting, and to state to them that I endorse your recommendations and respectfully request them to make the repairs and improvements you recommend, as I believe their spending the public money in that way will be a benefit to the entire county.

"In discharging you, I will say that from the report you have made it is apparent to me that you have worked diligently and I desire to thank you therefore in behalf of the people of this county and I especially desire to thank you, Mr. Foreman, for seeing to it that the grand jury has been busy while it has been in session. While I think you have conscientiously performed your duties, gentlemen, I must say that in one or two instances, from evidence that has been presented to me in these same cases, I did expect a different report. However, in the main, I think you have done well, and I believe that you have endeavored to conscientiously perform your duties and in behalf of the people of the court, as well as for myself, I thank you for the same."

It was thought that the court was referring to the testimony in the case of the State vs. Luis Aguilar, which was presented before the grand jury and in which the grand jury failed to return an indictment.

## LANSING GIVES ALL FACTIONS A HEARING

### MEXICAN LEADERS SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO SECRETARY OF STATE

Washington, Oct. 5.—Secretary Lansing said today he probably would confer with Elizeo Arrendondo, General Carranza's agent here, and that within the next two days he would see Enrique C. Llorente, Washington representative. As Mr. Arrendondo is the authorized representative of Carranza, Secretary Lansing will not discuss the situation with any other Carranza supporters. Mr. Arrendondo has full instructions from General Carranza to explain his viewpoint and

With respect to the Villa faction it is possible that Secretary Lansing will give audience to several leaders who are here, among them Manuel Bonilla and Roque Gonzales Garza, former president of the so-called convention government.

### MAY DROP PROSECUTION

Denver, Oct. 5.—Governor Carlson today stated that many Colorado citizens had appealed to him to urge a dismissal of the several hundred criminal charges now pending against former striking coal miners. He declared that the matter still was under consideration, and that no decision had yet been reached. Governor Carlson reiterated his statement of yesterday that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., had made no request that the strike cases be dismissed.

### AMERICAN SECURITIES

London, Oct. 5.—American securities on the stock market were idly steady.

## SCHOOL TEACHERS HELP PUT OUT FIRE

### ARIZONA PEDAGOGS LEAVE PICNIC TO ASSIST THE RANGERS

Milton said: "The mind is its own place, and in itself creastes a heaven or hell."

Forest rangers say that they not only agree with the great poet, but are inclined to forest forest fires in the same category, especially with respect to their ability to create for themselves their "own place" of the sulphur and brimstone variety. Forest Ranger Schoenberg of the Manzano forest cites an interesting example. One day during the hottest, driest part of the past summer, a fire started in Bear Canyon. When he reached it, the flames were being fanned by a terrific gale, and it was only after an all-day and all-night fight that he put it under control. Returning to his station, he phoned to Supervisor Mullen, and incidentally mentioned the gale of wind which had made the fire so difficult to extinguish. "Why, there has been no wind," said Mr. Mullen. "It's been dead calm for 24 hours." Further investigations showed that without question, the terrific gale had been confined to the immediate vicinity of the fire, and had, no doubt, been created by the heat of the fire itself. Thus does this arch enemy of the forest create his own weather to further his own evil purpose!

Another interesting incident of the past season's fire fighting work is related by Supervisor Zachau of the Chiricahua forest. One day a lookout watching from his tower spied a smoke near Barfoot Park. Immediately the reports was telephoned to the nearest ranger, who started at once for the fire. On his way, he passed a camp of eight school teachers who were up there for an outing, and incidentally mentioned that he was on his way to a fire. A little while after reaching the scene of action, the ranger was dumbfounded by the arrival of all eight of the ladies, armed to the teeth with shovels, rakes, and other equipment which they had secured from the government tool box. They fell to with a will, and in a little while the blaze was under control. The ranger is very insistent that without the voluntary and effective aid of these ladies, he would have had serious difficulty in heading off the flames, which had started in an exceptionally dangerous place. These ladies were Miss Brown, Miss Palmer, Miss Trout, Miss Larsen, the Misses Tole, and the Misses Erickson. In as far as known they all reside in Douglas except the Misses Erickson, who are daughters of Ranger Erickson of the Chiricahua forest.

Forest officers believe they are succeeding in gradually drawing a net around the forest fire menace. They cite a case on the Apache forest, where in 1910 a fire started on Bear of a Newton restaurant in which Wallow Creek in the center of the great wilderness of the Blue Range. It took two troops of cavalry from Fort Apache, a dozen rangers, and a year another fire broke out in the same place. The improvements in the detection and communication sys-

tem made since 1910 enabled the rangers to reach and extinguish this 1915 fire in half a day.

A recent development in forest fire prevention is the use of aeroplanes. Wisconsin foresters are experimenting with an aeroplane at Big Trout Lake and their experience so far indicates that aeroplanes may prove to be a very successful means for detecting fires.

Three hundred and forty-six fires have occurred this year in the national forests of Arizona and New Mexico. District Forester A. C. Ringland of the Albuquerque office states that while the danger for this year is about over, the rains have been spotty and some hazard will continue until snow falls.

## SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR BIG LOANS CLOSED

### MORGAN MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT REGARDING FOREIGN TRANSACTION

New York, Oct. 5.—An important announcement indicating the success of the Anglo-French loan, was made today by J. P. Morgan and Company. It was to the effect that no subscriptions to the underwriting will be received after 10 a. m. tomorrow.

The statement of J. P. Morgan and Company follows:

"In behalf of the managers of the underwriting syndicate of the Anglo-French eternal loan, J. P. Morgan and Company announce that no subscriptions toward the underwriting will be received after 10 o'clock tomorrow (Tuesday) morning."

John D. Rockefeller was represented today to have subscribed to the \$500,000,000 Anglo-French bond issue. It was said that his subscription was among the largest taken by individual investors and approximated \$10,000,000. At the Standard Oil company's office here a number of the Rockefeller staff declined to comment on the report. Overtures looking toward Mr. Rockefeller's participation were made about two weeks ago by J. P. Morgan.

There is small likelihood that Mr. Rockefeller's participation ever will be officially announced unless he sees fit to state it. The syndicate managers have decided not to make public the list of large individual subscribers, on the ground that these subscribers are their clients and that to talk of their affairs would be a breach of confidence.

### FACES MURDER CHARGE

Boston, October 4.—Jealousy of a young woman with whom he was infatuated led to the arraignment of Charles E. Warren, a Boston chauffeur, in the court at East Cambridge today to stand trial on a charge of murder. Warren is accused of the killing of Walter E. Green, proprietor of a Newton restaurant in which the young woman in the case was employed as a waitress. On the day of the tragedy Warren visited the restaurant and following a dispute began firing a revolver at the young woman. Green was shot and fatally wounded while attempting to shield the girl from the bullets.

## CLIFTON MINERS PUT BUSINESS ON BUM

SEVERAL THOUSAND FORM IN  
METCALF AND PARADE  
INTO THE CITY

Clifton, Oct. 5.—A new demonstration by several thousand striking miners of the Clifton district today practically caused a paralysis of every line of business in this city. The miners formed at Metcalf, several miles from here, adding recruits as they came. When word was received of their approach, the stores, ice plant and other establishments of the Arizona Copper company, which remained, were closed. This completed the shut down.

There has not been an executive official of the operating companies on the ground, the general managers, Norman Carmichael, of the Arizona Copper company; J. W. Bennie, Shannon Copper company, and Milton McLean, Detroit Copper company, having avoided warrants charging them with inciting riot. Today not a clerk, bookkeeper or other employe is at work. An ice famine is threatened by the closing down of the ice plant.

The 48 militiamen are camped on the court house grounds. Major Downers said that Sheriff J. G. Cash is in charge of the situation. When Sheriff Cash received word that the column of several hundred miners had formed at Metcalf, he rode out alone to meet them. Up to noon the advancing column had not reached here. The company store was re-opened under guard, but the five city schools will remain closed until further notice, thus giving about 2,000 children a holiday.

Word came from Metcalf that the strikers were compelling everyone, store clerks and others, to join the union.

### Western Federation Dominates

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 5.—Dr. L. D. Ricketts of Warren, Arizona, former general manager of the Old Dominion Copper company at Globe and the Cananea Consolidated at Cananea, Mexico, arrived here early today, and conferred with the managers of the Clifton-Morenci-Metcalf mining properties, who fled to El Paso after demonstrations by strikers at Clifton last Saturday against them.

Dr. Ricketts declined to state the object of his conference. John Christy, member of the Arizona legislature from Clifton, who reached El Paso last night with a petition from the business interests of the camps affected by the general strike, presented his petition to the mine managers here today. It calls upon miners and managers to make an attempt to settle their differences, and asserts that "business is paralyzed" as a result of the strike at Clifton and Morenci.

The managers reiterated their declaration today that they will not return to the camps and that the mines will not make any attempt at resumption until the Western Federation of Miners has quit the field.

"The Western Federation is attempting to reach out and control, all of Arizona as it now controls the Clifton-Morenci district," asserted Normal M. Carmichael, general manager of the Arizona Copper company.

### Dynamite at Morenci

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 5.—Reports early today from Clifton, where copper miners are on strike, were that an unidentified man was beaten up and there was street fighting there last night. The strike is for recognition of the union and a new wage scale. Charges of dynamite were reported exploded at Morenci at the back of a concentrating plant, without much damage.

### WORLD'S INSURANCE CONGRESS

San Francisco, Oct. 4.—The World's Insurance congress, which convened in San Francisco today for a two-week session, bids fair to be one of the most important of the many conferences and conventions held here during the exposition period. The gathering has attracted an attendance of hundreds of the foremost representatives of the insurance world, including the executive officials of many of the leading life, fire, marine, accident and other insurance companies, together with the insurance commissioners of many of the states and some of the foremost actuarial and economic experts of America. The program of the initial session of the congress provided for an address of welcome by Governor Hiram Johnson and a response by Darwin P. Kingsley, president of the New York Life Insurance company.

## WARSHIP DAMAGED BY AN EXPLOSION

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYER CUMMINGS IS OUT OF COMMISSION

Newport, R. I., Oct. 5.—An explosion followed by a fire took place today on board the torpedo boat destroyer Cummings while she was engaged in war maneuvers off the coast. The Cummings was immediately headed for this port.

The explosion occurred this forenoon in the forward compartment of the Cummings, and two men were badly burned by oil flames. The fire was soon extinguished, but it was decided by her commander, Lieutenant J. C. Fremont, to start back for Newport. The Cummings is expected to reach here late today.

### GERMAN STEAMER SHELLED

Berlin, Oct. 5 (By Wireless to Sayville.)—"The German steamer Svlonia was shelled in the Baltic sea by a British submarine with warning," says the Overseas News agency today. "The submarine," adds the news agency, "first flew the German flag and then the British."

### OKLAHOMA BANK ROBBED

Shawnee, Okla., Oct. 5.—Two men blew open the vault of the State bank at Maud, Okla., 15 miles south of here, shortly after midnight, and escaped with \$4,000. A sheriff's posse pursued the men eastward through the Seminole country.

## BERLIN CONCEDES AMERICA'S POINT

DISAVOWS RESPONSIBILITY FOR  
SINKING OF THE STEAM-  
ER ARABIC

Washington, Oct. 5.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, gave Secretary Lansing today oral assurances with respect to the case of the Arabic that point to satisfactory settlement, according to official information obtained after their conference.

Satisfactory settlement of the issues between Germany and the United States growing out of the sinking of the steamship Arabic was forecast today in official quarters after a conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, in a brief conversation earlier in the day, gave Secretary Lansing oral assurances that his communication submitted last Saturday would be changed to conform to the wishes of the United States and an hour later a messenger from the German embassy brought the document to the state department.

In all quarters it was indicated that the wishes of the United States had been met to the extent that an arrangement has been made for the settlement of points in dispute.

The ambassador left no memorandum or document with Secretary Lansing, but made certain suggestions looking toward the amendment of the communication he presented in New York last Saturday. Until the document, in changed form, is received, and its phraseology examined by officials, it was indicated that they would not be certain whether the Arabic case could be considered as on the road to adjustment.

Admission of the mistake was conveyed last Saturday by the German ambassador, but the American government's construction of it was that error was valueless unless accompanied by reparation or the assumption of liability. On that point no word could be obtained from the embassy on the state department.

Until Germany's intentions with respect to liability are fully made clear, however, officials were not inclined to be too optimistic, though they admitted that the German ambassador's conversation indicated a favorable adjustment of the difficulties.

## MINERS FAVOR ROCKEFELLER PLAN

TEN TO ONE IS THE RATIO REPORTED FROM MANY POLLING PLACES

Denver, Oct. 5.—Miners employed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company are voting at the rate of 10 to one in favor of the Rockefeller industrial plan. With returns from eight camps reported, the vote today stood 1,192 for the plan and 106 against it. Other camps voted today, and it was expected that the last polls would be taken Wednesday. The votes for and

against the industrial plan so far reported are as follows:

Berlin 150—9; Taosco 138—25; Rouse 139—6; Lester 97—9; Ideal 88—0; Cameron 128—0; Walsen 276—45; Primero 186—22.

The Rockefeller party planned to start late today for Sunrise, Wyoming, to inspect an iron mine operated by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company. Mr. Rockefeller probably will depart for New York Friday night.

### SURGEONS ARE NEEDED

Young medical men between the ages of 23 and 32 will be given an opportunity on November 1, 1915, according to a circular just issued by Surgeon General Rupert Blue, to demonstrate their fitness for admission to the grade of assistant surgeon in the United States public health service. There are several vacancies in the government's mobile sanitary corps, which is now in the 118th year of its existence, but in order to be recommended to the president for a commission, a physical and professional examination must first be passed. As the tenure of office is permanent and the public health officers are liable to duty in all parts of the world, they are required to certify that they believe themselves free from any ailment which would disqualify them for service in any climate. Boards will be convened at Washington, Boston, New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville, New Orleans and San Francisco, but permission to take the examination must first be obtained from the surgeon general. The examination is searching and includes, in addition to the various branches of medicine, surgery and hygiene, the subjects of the preliminary education, history, literature and the natural sciences. Commissions will be issued as assistant surgeon and, after four years of service, the young officers are entitled to examination for promotion to the grade of passed assistant surgeon, and after 12 years of service to another examination for promotion to the grade of surgeon. The annual salaries are: Assistant surgeon, \$2,000; passed assistant surgeon, \$2,400; surgeon, \$3,000; senior surgeon, \$3,500; assistant surgeon general, \$4,000. When the government does not provide quarters, commutation at the rate of \$30, \$40 and \$50 a month according to grade is allowed. All the Philadelphia Nationals and the Boston per cent in addition to the regular salary for every five years until the maximum of 40 per cent is reached. When officers travel on official duties they are reimbursed their actual traveling expenses.

### CHARLTON TRIAL BEGINS

Cómo, Italy, Oct. 5 (Via Paris.)—Almost the entire morning of the first day of the trial of Porter Charlton, the young American on the charge of wife-murder, was taken up with the formalities of procedure. Charlton, who is a son of ex-Judge Paul Charlton of the Porto Rican courts, is being tried for the murder at Lake Como five years ago of his wife, who was formerly Miss Mary C. Scott of San Francisco.

The prisoner was brought into court by a guard of carabinieri, and was placed in an iron-barred dock. He looked worn, but youthful. Baron Scaicca presided at the trial, and the case for the prosecution was directed by Crown Prosecutor Mellin.

Heavy hitting has cut very little figure in the winning of pennants this year. Speaker, of the Red Sox, and Luderus, of the Phillies, are the only regular .300 stickers with the top-notch teams. On the other hand the trailing Giants boast of three pastimers—Doyle, Merkle and Roberston—in the select circle.

#### For Indigestion

Never take pepsin and preparations containing pepsin or other digestive ferments for indigestion, as the more you take the more you will have to take. What is needed is a tonic like Chamberlain's Tablets that will enable the stomach to perform its function naturally. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

#### ONLY NEGRO SUMMER RESORT

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 8.—A summer resort for negroes only is to be established next year on the shores of Crooked lake, near White Cloud. The location is one of the most desirable for the purpose in northern Michigan. Leading negro business and professional men of Chicago and other cities are behind the movement. According to the promoters fourteen thousand lots have been platted and half of them already sold. A hotel and casino, golf links and tennis courts will be among the features of the only negro summer resort in the United States. "Idlewild" is the name selected for the resort.

When your rood does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

The Chicago White Sox have been invited to do their spring training at De Leon Springs, in Florida. The Brooklyn Dodgers are expected to train at Sreabreeze, and with the Sox nearby, it would be an easy matter to arrange a series between the two teams.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

If the records at hand are correct, Pitcher Ritter of the Giants has no kick coming when it comes to opportunities on the firing line. He has been sent in 23 times, winning four games and losing one.

#### When Baby Has the Croup

When a mother is awakened from sound sleep to find her child who has gone to bed apparently in the best of health struggling for breath, she is naturally alarmed. Yet if she can keep her presence of mind and give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy every ten minutes until vomiting is produced, quick relief will follow and the child will drop to sleep to awaken in the morning as well as ever. This remedy has been in use for many years with uniform success. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

#### BIG TAX REDUCTION

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—A tax rate of 22 mills within the city and 15 mills in the rural districts of Santa Fe county has been fixed by the board of

county commissioners. This means a substantial reduction in taxes paid by those who have been returning their property honestly in the past, while for a few whose assessment has been raised, of course, the taxes will be higher. In the tax rate is included a levy for a \$15,000 addition to the Sena high school building.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

#### NEW GAME WARDEN

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Game and Fish Warden T. C. deBaca today appointed Emmett Lindsey of La Union, Dona Ana county, and Neil H. Bigger of Capitan, Lincoln county, deputy game wardens and license collectors, and Henry C. Beesing of Carlsbad, deputy game warden.

#### Chronic Constipation

"About two years ago when I began using Chamberlain's Tablets I had been suffering for some time with stomach trouble and chronic constipation. My condition improved rapidly through the use of these tablets. Since taking four or five bottles of them my health has been fine," writes Mrs. John Newton, Irving, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

#### SANTA FE SHIPS EXHIBIT

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—The Santa Fe county committee headed by Superintendent John V. Conway today shipped the county exhibit to the state fair. The exhibit includes six superb paintings of Santa Fe landscapes by Sheldon Parsons, a fine display of blankets woven at Chimayo, a splendid mineral exhibit, the Old Santa Fe architectural exhibit, in addition to hundreds of cases of fine fruit and specimens of vegetables, grains and grasses. Conway goes to Albuquerque tonight to receive the exhibits and to place them.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

#### SEEKS MOTHER'S GRAVE

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Carrie Morton McKnight of Libby, Mont., has gone to Silver City to search for the grave of her mother, who died during a smallpox epidemic when she was a little girl. Mrs. McKnight at that time was taken out of Silver City on a stage and the stage was attacked by the Apaches, escaping only after a running fight with the red skins.

#### Preacher was Laid Up

Rev. C. M. Knighton, Havanna, Fla., writes: "For three months I suffered intense pain in the kidneys and back which at times laid me up entirely. I used 1½ bottles of Foley Kidney Pills and all the pain disappeared. I feel as if 20 years had been added to my life." Relieves rheumatism, backache, sore muscles, stiff joints. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### WILL CHECK OFFICIALS

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Traveling Auditor A. G. Whittier and Deputies Paul Hall and Earl Wiley, left today for Union, Quay and Guadalupe counties to check up the county officials.

#### Two Children Had Croup

The two children of J. W. Nix, Cleveland, Ga., had croup. He writes: "Both got so choked up they could hardly breathe. I gave them Foley's Honey and Tar and nothing else and it completely cured them." Contains no opiates. Cuts the phlegm; opens air passages. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### A NEW BUILDING

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell appeared before the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce last evening and presented plans for a Chamber of Commerce building to be erected on Washington avenue. The board ratified the proposition and dirt is to fly within two weeks, and the building is to be completed by New Year. The structure is to be Old Santa Fe style, and will have sufficient office room to pay the interest on the investment.

#### Our Jitney Offer—This and 5c

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### ALABAMA STATE FAIR OPENS

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 8.—The development of the natural resources of Alabama is the keynote of the state fair that opened here today. All the counties have exhibits that are in every way representative of the agricultural and industrial interests of the state. Twenty-five thousand dollars will be distributed as premiums in the various departments of the fair. A program of harness races and numerous other features of amusement and entertainment have been provided by the management.

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

#### BIG APPLE CROP

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Santa Fe, together with the rest of the world, will celebrate Apple Day on October 19. The apple crop in the Santa Fe valley is the most bountiful in its history.

#### HONDO WANTS PHONES

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Clement Hightower appealed to the state corporation commission today asking that a direct telephone wire be given the people of Hondo with a service station, the telephone company demanding a guarantee of \$15 worth of business a month before establishing the station. General Superintendent F. C. Fox of the A. T. and S. F. promises the corporation commission that he will give serious consideration to the request for stopping westbound train No. 9 at stations in northern New Mexico,

although he maintains that train No. 1 gives all the local accommodation business justifies. J. D. Groves, son of corporation Commissioner M. S. Groves, leaves Saturday for Clovis to take a position in the freight department of the A. T. and S. F.

#### Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

"Last winter I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a bad bronchial cough. I felt its beneficial effect immediately and before I had finished the bottle I was cured. I never tire of recommending this remedy to my friends," writes Mrs. William Bright, Ft. Wayne, Ind. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

#### SANTA FE CITY TAX

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—The tax levy for Santa Fe for the ensuing year is divided as follows: State .00345; county .004; city schools .00475; bonded indebtedness .0025; city .00730; a total of 22 mills. A road levy of one-tenth of a mill is included.

#### Tailor says, "Most Delightful"

Most tailors suffer from constipation. G. W. Roberson, Wichita Falls, Tex., says: "I find Foley Cathartic Tablets the most delightful, cleansing cathartic I have ever taken." They keep the stomach sweet and liver active, and drive away billousness, bloating, headache, dullness and other results of clogged bowels. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### TO HAVE BIG "DRY" PARADE

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 8.—Fifty thousand Napoleon hats have been distributed among 50,000 men and women to be worn in the "dry Chicago" parade tomorrow. The women will wear their hats in true Napoleonic fashion, with the broad front with the rosette ends coming down over the ears. The parade promises to be the biggest prohibition demonstration ever held in Chicago. Every church and Sunday school in the city and suburbs will take part.

#### CLARK IN ROSWELL

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—A number of Democrats who still look upon Champ Clark as a presidential possibility, plan to go to Roswell to hear him speak there on October 15. The idea of a special train, first advanced by E. C. Wade, Jr., however, has been abandoned.

#### How to Be Efficient

Nothing saps the vitality like kidney trouble. It causes backache, headache, stiff joints, sore muscles, "always tired" feeling, rheumatism and other ills. To be efficient, you must be healthy. Foley Kidney Pills strengthen the kidneys, help them do their work of filtering out from the system the waste matter that causes the trouble. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### BANQUET FOR RIPLEY

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Beautifully engraved invitations to the seventieth birthday anniversary celebration of President E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fe system, at the Blackstone Hotel Chicago, on October 30, are out, and one was received today by Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell, one of the veteran members of the system's legal staff. A banquet will be given by the directors and officers of the railroad on that occasion.

## YOUNGEST AIRMAN WAS REAL HERO

CAPTAIN MAPPELBECK RETURN-  
ED TO SERVICE AFTER SEV-  
ERE INJURIES

London, Oct. 7.—An accident ended the career of the youngest air squadron commander in the royal flying corps when Captain Gilbert W. R. Mapplebeck, D. S. O., was dashed to earth recently while testing a new French monoplane.

Captain Mapplebeck, a Liverpool boy, had not yet attained his twenty-third year, and received his commission only about six months before the outbreak of the war, after finishing a course at Hendon.

It was on August 13 of last year that young Mapplebeck flew over to France to join the newly arrived British expeditionary force. He was the first British airman to make a reconnaissance of the German lines, and later the first to drop bombs. During the retreat at Mons, he scouted above the advancing Germans and by his reports kept the British troops from being overwhelmed. On September 29, he was shot in an air duel 6,000 feet above the German lines, yet managed to reach the British lines, although he was unconscious when found. He was shot through the abdomen. His mother came over to France and nursed him back to health. She has now received a letter of condolence from the king. The airman's Distinguished Service Order medal was received in the king's new year's honors.

On leaving the hospital, Captain Mapplebeck declined to return to England or take work less hazardous, and was soon back in his machine. On March 11 he took part in the first aeroplane raid to be made in the night against the Germans. Of the three airmen raiders, one was killed and another brought down within the British lines, while Mapplebeck was compelled to land near Lille. Setting fire to his machine, he escaped into the woods, where he hid for three days, subsisting on the chocolate he had carried with him. Then he found shelter in a French peasants' family, and later worked his way to Holland and then to England as a French peasant.

## KELLY POOL, EDITOR NOT GAMBLING GAME

MISSOURI PUBLISHER IS PRESI-  
DENT OF STATE PRESS AS-  
SOCIATION

Probably no publisher has had to stand more good-natured joshing about his name than has Mr. J. Kelly Pool, publisher of the Centralia Courier, who was elected president of the Missouri Press association at the recent meeting held at St. Joseph. Mr. Pool is one of the best known and most popular publishers of the state. On the adjournment of the meeting the editors went by special train to Kansas City where they were entertained by the Commercial club. The entertain-

ment included a splendid dinner and the hit of the affair was the distribution of the Missouri Press Association Review, a newspaper of one issue, gotten out by the club as a sort of dinner favor for the guests. A dozen newsboys burst into the dining room at the second course.

"Wuxtray, Wuxtray," they yelled. "All about the editor!" The Review was a four-page newspaper written and edited by members of the staffs of the Kansas City daily papers. Its contents were the story of the day and a various assortment of "brick bats and bouquets."

Among the notices which appeared was this one in bold-face type:

IN JUSTICE TO J. KELLY POOL.

As we go to press we learn that there is a general impression that the lately suppressed game of chance, called "Kelly Pool," was invented by and named for J. Kelly Pool, editor of the Centralia Courier and president of the Missouri Press association.

The report is false and is believed to have emanated from some of Mr. Pool's political rivals. We take pleasure in saying that Mr. Pool didn't invent Kelly pool and would not know a game of Kelly pool if he saw one.

At the dinner Mr. Pool received this telegram:

"If you are the Kelly Pool with whom my husband spends his evenings at the club, I hope that your new duties as president of the Missouri Press association will keep you so busy that my husband will have time to stay at home of evenings.

(Signed) "A LONELY WIFE."

## GREAT FOOTBALL GAME AT THE STATE FAIR

STATE UNIVERSITY AND MILI-  
TARY INSTITUTE TO CLASH  
NEXT MONDAY

Albuquerque, Oct. 7.—School and college athletes all over the state are watching with liveliest interest the result of the football game here Monday afternoon, October 11, between the New Mexico Military academy and the University of New Mexico. It will be the first important game of the season in New Mexico, and it probably will be witnessed by the largest crowd that ever attended a football game in the state, since it will be played on the fair grounds field the opening day of the state fair. The entire cadet corps of the state military school will be here to root for its team while the University, with a student body just one hundred per cent larger than in any previous year, will be on the ground to the last student, trained to the limit in the gentle art of whooping it up.

No one appears to have any very accurate line on the relative merits of the two teams, but information is that the cadets are somewhat heavier in the line than the University team, and that if anything their early practice indicates faster teamplay and cohesion. Coach Hutchinson of the

University, however, says his team will win. "Hutch" says it quietly and conservatively, but with apparent confidence. The University coach for the first time has a majority of his last year's team back in the game this fall. Also he has had the pick of a likely looking freshman squad of nearly 60 youngsters, a majority of whom have had some athletic training in high school, and a few who have made creditable records on the gridiron. As a result the coach has had the best working squad since he came to New Mexico four years ago. Hutchinson spent all summer with old friends and former associates on the coaching lines of Princeton and Yale. He has brought back with him some advanced ideas about football drill and has been putting these ideas into his men at a furious rate. It is really the first time the University coach has attempted to develop a winning team. It is, as a matter of fact the first time he has ever had team material to justify him in the effort. Hutchinson is realizing this year on the University policy of required physical instruction, inaugurated when President Boyd took charge of the institution. Every student who enters the state university now must take the course in physical education, whether he or she wants to do so or not. Unless the student is a cripple there is no excuse, and even cripples have special courses made for them. Hutchinson's title is not "coach," but instructor in physical education, and he works at it like a whirlwind.

When the student enters the university now he or she is subjected to a thorough physical examination, the women by Dr. Evelyn Frisbie, president of the state medical society, and the men by Mr. Hutchinson. Careful chart records are made with a view to determining the student's weakest points. From the vision to the reactivity of the great toe nothing is overlooked and when the measurements and charts have been completed each is made the subject of painstaking study to determine on that particular student's weak points. Thereafter the individual student is educated physically to overcome those weak points.

The result of this physical education policy has been a marked improvement not only in the physical tone of the university student body, but it is believed in better mental tone and improved study results in class and lecture room. Both men and women are kept physically fit and while the result up to this time has been a general physical development of the whole student body, instead of developing individual or team prowess, at the expense of the mass of the students, it has brought up to Coach Hutchinson this year material fit for football that in its freshman year would have been a football joke, not to say menace. It may be, therefore that Hutchinson has more than the weight of his men to justify his confidence that his team will win the big game here Monday. It promises to be a rooting contest without an equal in the history of the state, for the iron lungs of the Roswell cadet corps are famous, and the cadets have absolute confidence in the winning power of their team, while the University students, men and women have been holding campus cheer drills for weeks in preparation for the occasion.

## STOCKOWNERS TO PRESENT THEIR VIEWS

PRESIDENT RIPLEY IS PREPAR-  
ING FOR ANNUAL MEETING,  
ON OCTOBER, 28

Topeka, Kans., Oct. 7.—E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, has addressed a letter to the company's 45,000 stockholders, asking them to make suggestions regarding the management, or offer any criticism which, in their judgment, would be to the company's advantage.

It is believed that this is the first time a railroad president has gone so far. Mr. Ripley used the call for the annual meeting of Santa Fe stockholders in Topeka October 28 as the medium for expressing some new views regarding the privileges and duties of those who own shares in corporations. He said:

"The fact that stockholders of large corporations seldom attend meetings, or otherwise exercise their right to criticize the management, or otherwise express opinion, is often commented on unfavorably, and is sometimes claimed to be responsible for instances of mismanagement resulting in disaster. Your directors, in soliciting your proxy, do so because it is necessary that a quorum be present, either by representation, or in person. Any stockholder has the right and is hereby requested to make either at the meeting or in writing such suggestions or criticisms as may appear to him for the advantage of the company."

"The officers here do not know whether any considerable number of stockholders will avail themselves of the opportunity offered to attend the meeting, or write their views. We have not yet received any expressions, but there is plenty of time," said E. L. Copeland, secretary and treasurer. The stockholders' meetings usually are attended by a dozen or more officials, including President Ripley and some of the directors, who vote all the stock, as owners, or proxy holders. Only once in 20 years has a stockholder outside of the official family been present. At the meeting a year ago a stockholder from South Dakota—a farmer participated by voting his stock, and making a speech. He was passing through Topeka, and stopped over for a day.

"I just wanted to see how the job is done," the farmer said. "I am satisfied," he added.

If a fraction of one per cent of the stockholders should attend the forthcoming meeting, Secretary Copeland would have to hire a hall. This, however, is not likely; but it is highly probable that an expression of opinion will be received from a large number of stockholders. It is this opinion that President Ripley has called for.

As the Santa Fe is one of the few western railroads which has been paying dividends regularly for several years, it is probable that President Ripley will be satisfied with the opinion he gets.

Al Sharpe, the Cornell football coach, is finding some difficulty in filling O'Hearn's place at end.

Cyclone letter files at Optic office.

## ARROW ROCK DAM TO WATER GREAT AREA

GREAT RECLAMATION PROJECT NEAR BOISE, IDA., IS DEDICATED

Boise, Ida., Oct. 4.—Arrow-Rock dam, just completed near Boise by the United States reclamation service, and dedicated here today is 348.5 feet high, measured from the low point of the foundation to the top of its surmounting crest, and is said to be the highest dam in the world.

To anchor this structure, it was necessary to blast through 91.5 feet of volcanic rock, down to solid granite. Approximately 600,000 yards of concrete, besides a large quantity of steel and rock were used in the dam's construction, the cost being \$5,500,000, or \$2,000,000 under the original estimate. Work was begun five years ago.

Back of the dam, the channel of the Boise river is converted into a reservoir extending 18 miles into the mountains, with a storage capacity of eighty billion gallons, enough to water 234,000 acres adjacent to Boise and other towns, in what is known as the Boise Irrigation project. The installation of the system cost the government \$12,000,000, which is to be repaid by settlers in 20 years. The water storage this year has saved the crops on 100,000 acres, the value of which is estimated to be about equal to the cost of the dam.

A feature of the dam is a device at one end for lifting logs from the reservoir into a concrete chute, landing them in the river below, for the convenience of sawmills. Loggers estimate that there are three billion feet of timber to be lifted over the dam.

A standard gauge railway, 17 miles long, operated by the government, an electric plant generating 3,000 horsepower, and a telephone system extending to every part of the irrigation system, are features.

### ACCUSED AS DYNAMITER

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 4.—The term of the higher court which convened at Sandwich today promises to be made notable by the trial of William Respa, the Detroit who was arrested several weeks ago by Canadian provincial authorities on the charge of conspiring to blow up the armories in Windsor and an ammunition factory in Walkerville. The case against Respa is based largely on the statements of William Lefler, who has identified the accused as the ringleader of a group of German sympathizers and as the man who placed the dynamite in some Windsor and Walkerville buildings. Lefler is now serving a ten-year term in Kingston prison for simplicity in the same offense. It is expected that counsel for Respa will endeavor to prove that he was not in Windsor or Walkerville on the night of the explosions.

Goshen, Ind., Oct. 4.—Half a dozen township and city officials who were indicted last June on charges of extortion are scheduled to be tried at the fall term of court which convened today. Among the accused are Rev. John A. Wood and Milton M. Galentine, justices of the peace, and Edgar J. Vesey, chief of police.

## ARIZONA STRIKE SITUATION IS DELICATE

GOVERNOR HUNT SENDS MILITIA TO CLIFTON TO PRE-SERVE ORDER

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 4.—Messages today from Clifton, where several thousand copper miners are on strike for improved conditions of labor, said that John Christy, a representative in the state legislature, was prepared to leave for El Paso, Texas, bearing a petition to three mine managers who fled the strike zone Saturday night asking them to return.

The petitions are signed by business men of Clifton, and are said to have been circulated at the suggestion of officials of the Western Federation of Miners, who want the strike settled.

Norman Carmichael, J. W. Bennie and Milton McLean, the men who went to El Paso are managers of three of the large mines of the district. The 48 militiamen ordered to Clifton by Governor George W. P. Hunt were expected to arrive late today.

### Situation is Delicate

Clifton, Ariz., Oct. 4. (By Telephone to Phoenix.)—Peace officers of Clifton faced a delicate situation here today in their efforts to preserve order among hundreds of striking copper miners. Adjutant General Harris, of Arizona, who left El Paso Sunday, was expected today to visit the districts in the copper section.

The most serious trouble here occurred during Sunday, when a mob of angered strikers assaulted Engineer Thomas Simpson and Fireman Mike Penn, who were in charge of the engine which took Norman Carmichael, J. W. Bennie and Milton McLean, the three mine managers, to Lordsburg, N. M., on Saturday night.

### Flynn's Contradictory Orders

Simpson and Penn were severely beaten before making their escape in an automobile. Several hundred miners visited the home of Superintendent Flynn at the Clifton smelter Saturday night. Some of the men ordered him to leave the district at once, while others demanded that he remain to represent the mining companies. Flynn told the miners he was ready to comply with their orders as soon as it was decided which he should do. He then suggested that the men obtain instruction from the president of their union. While the miners were seeking these instructions Flynn went to a local hotel, where he was placed under the guard of a deputy sheriff. The escape of the three mine managers Saturday on a locomotive which they chartered occurred while strenuous attempts were being made to stop them.

As the managers were preparing to depart, a Mexican laborer swore to a complaint charging them with inciting a riot. The warrant was given to Sheriff Cash, who tried to stop the engine at Duncan, 30 miles from here. The engine passed through Duncan at high speed.

Joe Larriou, a deputy sheriff who was at Lordsburg then was notified to stop the three men. He obtained a complaint charging them from being fugitives from justice. The charge, however, was dismissed.

### Lordsburg Expels Organizer

Lordsburg, N. M., Oct. 4.—A. Tribulet, an organizer of the Western Federation of Miners who arrived here from Clifton yesterday, was given 24 hours in which to leave town. It is reported that Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, and A. A. Miller, an organizer, have left Clifton and are coming here.

### Managers Feared Bloodshed

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 4.—E. E. Ellinwood, Arizona attorney for the Phelps-Dodge interests, issued a statement today from temporarily-opened offices in El Paso regarding the flight Saturday to this city of the managers of three mining companies affected by the Clifton strike. The statement says:

"The incident of last Saturday and the temper of the strikers was such that the managers and disinterested observers were of the unanimous opinion that there would be bloodshed within 24 hours if the managers did not withdraw themselves from the district; that their presence was a constant and increasing source of irritation to the strikers, just as the presence of the non-resident agents of the Western Federation of Miners was an irritation to the managers; that the managers took the unquestionable position that one human life was worth more than the mines of the Clifton district.

"Notwithstanding that the sheriff is carefully guarding with some 90 deputies the property of the companies, the district is in absolute and complete control of the Western Federation of Miners. Therefore, there was nothing left for the managers to accomplish by remaining."

## CHINA MAY TAKE A MONARCH AGAIN

NEW REPUBLIC MAY GIVE UP FRUITS OF RECENT REVOLUTION

Peking Oct. 5.—Regulations governing the election of members to a people's conference which shall decide whether China shall adopt monarchical form of government, have been passed by the state council, acting in the place of a legislature.

The primaries are to be completed on November 5, and the final vote cast in the provincial capitals 10 days later. If the vote favors a monarchy the restoration of that form of government will be promulgated.

Dispatches from Peking on September 22 said the council of state had advised President Yuan Shi Kai to call a citizens' convention to act on new legislation which would decide the monarchical question. Today's dispatch indicates the giving of such authorization and shows that definite steps for the election of members of the body which will make the decision have been taken.

## TWO BOYS HELD FOR SHOOTING COMPANION

DEATH OF DOMINGO MESIAS IN DEMING CAUSES AN INVESTIGATION

(Deming Graphic)

Domingo Mesias, 7 years old, son of Querino Mesias, was shot in the abdomen Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and died in the Deming Ladies' Hospital early Monday morning, after an exhaustive effort had been made to save his life.

It appears that the unfortunate boy and a small companion about his own age were standing near Chacoma's place in the Mexican quarters when two young boys were seen coming toward the Mexican lads. Suddenly Domingo threw up his hands and ran to his companion screaming that he had been shot. Doctors found him walking around, not knowing how serious the injury was. He was taken at once to the hospital, where he was operated on, the physicians finding that the bullet from a .22 caliber rifle had perforated the intestines in 17 different places. The boy rallied from the operation, showing wonderful vitality, but the wound was so desperate that a fatal ending was inevitable.

The dead boy's companion nor no one else in the neighborhood could tell who had done the shooting. Coincident with this shoot, it is remembered that a Deming boy was shot by a Mexican boy about a year ago at the same spot.

Henry Leffler, 11 years old, and Jimmy Coryell, 15 years old, have been arrested in connection with the shooting and are being held pending investigation.

### WORLD'S HIGHEST DAM

Boise, Ida., Oct. 4.—In the formal dedication today of the Arrowrock dam, the highest in the world, there has been added to agricultural America one of the biggest irrigation projects ever undertaken by the reclamation service of the United States. The total area is 243,000 acres, an empire in itself, tributary to and in close proximity of this city. The big dam is located on the Boise river about 20 miles from the city of Boise. It is 1,100 feet long, 351 feet high, 240 feet wide at the base and tapering to 16 feet at the top. It was constructed at a cost of \$5,000,000. The dam serves to form an artificial mountain lake nearly 20 miles long and with a depth of 200 feet. Through a vast network of canals the impounded waters will be distributed over the rich, fertile lands of the Boise River valley, whose reclamation the Arrowrock project has made possible.

### NORTHWESTERN ROAD CONGRESS

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Oct. 4.—The Northwestern Road congress, for which preparations have been making several months, assembled here today with a large attendance of delegates from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and North and South Dakota. Logan W. Page, director of the federal department of public roads, and other good roads experts of national prominence will be heard during the four days' sessions.

## How to Keep Well

By Charles G. Percival, M. D.  
Cigaret Output Gains

United States internal revenue figures for February, issued recently, show that the production is still gaining, while that of cigars is steadily falling off. The month's production of cigarettes amounted to 1,096,550,368, a gain of 23,813, 656 over the corresponding month last year. Cigars were turned out to the number of 456,195, 213, or a loss of 75,365,576. A drop of more than 25,000,000 was also shown in the month's output of little cigars, which totaled 70,059,200. Snuff gained 169,140 pounds, while manufactured tobaccos declined in total by nearly 2,500,000 pounds. Nearly 2,500,000,000 cigarettes were manufactured between January 1, to March 1, 1915.

### To Remedy Bad Breath

To remedy a tainted breath one must look closely to the condition of the stomach and the teeth as well. In the province of the physician lies the remedies for the former, aided by the use of common sense in eating and care of the intestinal tract by internal bathing. The care of the teeth, however, is largely in the control of the owner, aided by timely visits to the dentist. I do not believe that all of us realize the importance of caring for our teeth as they should; true, the desire to have white, even teeth is almost universal. All seem unwilling to give the time necessary to attain this object. Time was when many of the tooth washes and powders on the market were more destructive than beneficial, but of late years there has been a decided improvement in this respect. The base of all tooth powders is chalk; both prepared and precipitated chalk is being used. The prepared chalk has superior cleansing properties. One of the best formulas for tooth powders consists of the following: One ounce of precipitated chalk, one-half ounce of powdered borax, one-quarter ounce of powdered myrrh and one-quarter ounce of powdered orris root. This powder is not only cleansing, but soothing and curing in its properties; hence most excellent for use on tender gums. For a tainted breath, the mouth wash will be found most effective, although it will by no means take the place of the treatment and care of the teeth and stomach. No better mouth wash was ever used than the simple one made by dissolving half a teaspoonful each of fine table salt and common baking soda in a teacup full of tepid water; use freely after each meal, before retiring and again on rising in the morning.

### Schools Furnish Lunch

At the present time there are in New York 20 schools registering 32,000 pupils, where the lunch system is operated. The need for such a service was naturally most urgent in districts where the people were impoverished, where mothers worked in factories by day, and where the children depended for food on the few pennies which purchased candy from the vendors about school houses. An experiment was tried in the equipment of a kitchen in a school building, where soup, sandwiches, puddings and cocoa were provided at the rate of one cent a portion—the child being

first required to purchase a bowl of soup. The caloric aggregate of some of the typical trays of food provided, the price of none of which exceeds a total of three cents are given and these are samples.

Lunch No. 1—Vegetable soup, egg sandwich, rice pudding. Lunch No. 2—Bean soup, bread, two slices, prunes. Aside from its other advantages, the school lunch system affords an admirable opportunity to teach the children the science of feeding, including the purchase, preparation and hygiene of food. Fundamentally, the work is devoid of any mark of poor relief. During the last school term, 1,249,489 portions of food were sold.

I have light hair but a dark sallow complexion and am habitually constipated and if you would help me I'd be very grateful to you. Do you recommend the use of cold water as a drink, if so, how much a day M. A. L.

You can never regain your complexion until you banish this trouble. Do not resort to drugs. Omit breakfast entirely or take only the juice of an orange and lemon mixed, in a little water. Drink at least two glasses of water. Sip it slowly, as it is more agreeable to the stomach. For the constipation resort to internal bathing to cleanse the lower intestinal tract of toxic materials, simple plain diet, whole wheat and grit breads, and avoidance of fried greasy foods. Use a body massage roller over the abdomen. This will churn the water around and cleanse the colon. Study your diet. Drink all the water you can during the day between meals. Contract regular habits. These simple measures have cured many a woman of a condition which, if not obviated will wreck health and beauty.

### Toilet Water for the Bath

I am anxious to procure a good toilet water to add to my bath. Can you recommend?

There are any number of good toilet waters for the bath. I give you a formula which makes a delicious emulsion that leaves the skin very soft and velvety: Rose water, 900 grams; tincture of myrrh, 10 grams; tincture of opopanax, 10 grams; essence of citron, 4 grams; tincture of quillata, sufficient to make an emulsion.

### For Freckles

Have just come home from my vacation covered with freckles. Also have a shiny nose. Ethel W.

Peroxide of hydrogen will remove freckles in some cases. Use it clear. Apply it to the face with a little sponge. Do not let it get into the hair, eyebrows or lashes, as it will certainly bleach them.

Try this lotion for a shiny nose:

Take one drachm of boracic acid and mix it with 4 ounces of rose water. Apply to the nose and it will remove the appearance of grease.

### EDUCATION FOR CITIZENSHIP

Pittsburg, Oct. 4.—A department devoted to training for citizenship was added today to the Pittsburg public school system. Sessions will be held five nights of the week for a period of 20 weeks. Special attention will be given to the English language and American history and civil government. An arrangement with the federal authorities provides that the names of all persons applying for naturalization will be filed with the school authorities who will then invite them to attend the school.

# LABOR LEADER IS DISAVOWAL ILLST INCLINED TO PUT OFF BY SCOFF GERMANY

THE ROCKEFELLER PLAN IS DIS-  
SECTED BY AMERICAN FED-  
ERATION MAN

LATEST NOTE ON THE ARABIC  
CASE IS UNSATISFACTORY  
TO WASHINGTON

Washington, Oct. 4.—Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor today made this statement commenting on the announcement of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company's plan for dealing with its employees:

"Mr. Rockefeller's plan is significant. In his alleged collective bargaining plan he yields more than any other employer hostile to the trade union movement. Great corporations have been using every device that can be conceived by their ablest representatives to prevent employees from organizing in trades unions financed and controlled by the workers.

"Mr. Rockefeller says he acknowledges the principle of collective bargaining and to enforce his conception of this theory creates a union and evolves a comprehensive plan that, the press states, is financed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company. We are told these workers will be permitted to present their grievances.

"Organized workers present their grievances through the power of their organization. They enforce their rights to have a voice in the disposal of their labor power. Mr. Rockefeller's plan provides that workers will be permitted to present grievances. If one dissects this theory he sees that the power that 'permits' can also withdraw it at any time he elects.

"Herein is the fundamental difference between the Rockefeller plan and that of the trade union. One develops independence, the other relies on the graciousness and good will of the employer. There can be no compromise between the two theories, for if working men are to be really free, their right to regulate their own lives must be acknowledged.

"Mr. Rockefeller's welfare plan contains nothing new—it is only a repetition of efforts made by employers to keep their workmen under control. I am sure that time will demonstrate that the plan prepared by Mr. Rockefeller for his employees in Colorado will prove a full cousin to the other schemes of like character inaugurated for the sole purpose of preventing organization of employees that will enable them to secure improved conditions."

### PASSENGER AGENTS MEET OPENS

Boston, Oct. 4.—The forty-third annual convention of the American Association of Travelling Passenger Agents opened today at the Copley Plaza, Samuel W. Manning of the Santa Fe, presiding. The attendance included representatives of all the prominent railroad and steamboat lines of the United States and Canada. At the close of the convention Friday the members will be taken on an educational tour of New England and eastern Canada.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Although Germany's new note on the Arabic case is not entirely satisfactory to the United States, the situation is not considered critical at this time. This was stated today on high official authority. The view held by President Wilson and state department officials on the note handed to Secretary Lansing in New York Saturday by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, is that it was not specific enough on the point insisted on by the president. These are a disavowal of the sinking and assurances that the act would not be repeated.

Careful reading of the note delivered by the German ambassador had convinced the administration officials that further negotiations on the question are possible, and that there is still reason to hope that Germany will in the end accede to the wishes of the United States.

The note will not be answered formally, but Secretary Lansing at a conference later this week with the German ambassador will inform him of the point the United States wants cleared up. After the conference, the ambassador is expected to communicate to his government the views of the United States.

Germany's position now, however, more nearly approaches the stand of the United States than it did in the previous note on the question. It is understood the note gives satisfactory assurance that Americans traveling on unarmed liners will not be endangered by submarine attack in the future, but a satisfactory disavowal of the sinking of the Arabic is not given.

### MEXICANS USE DUM DUMS

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 4.—Captain A. V. P. Anderson, Twelfth United States Cavalry, who is at Fort Sam Houston hospital recovering from a dum dum bullet wound received in the fighting with Mexican bandits at Progreso, will return to his regiment within 10 days, it was announced today at the post. The bullet penetrated Captain Anderson's arm with a minute puncture, but emerged in a tear two and a half inches across.

Officers on the border are forwarding to southern department headquarters other evidences of the use of dum dum bullets by the Mexicans, including many unfired cartridges with the noses of the bullets crossfiled and nicked.

### LABOR BODY MEETS IN FRISCO

San Francisco, Oct. 4.—Better organization and improved working conditions are to be considered by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Stable Employees at its annual convention which began in this city today. Delegates from many parts of the United States and Canada are in attendance.

# PRESIDENT WILL BE MARRIED SOON

ENGAGEMENT OF MRS. NORMAN  
GALT AND MR. WILSON  
ANNOUNCED

Washington, Oct. 7.—President Wilson and Mrs. Norman Galt, whose engagement was announced last night at the White House, will be married, probably the first week in December. The ceremony will be private, only a few close friends being invited, and will take place at the home of the bride.

Plans for the honeymoon have not been completed, but it was indicated today that the trip might include a visit to the San Diego exposition.

The San Francisco exposition, to which the president has been invited many times, closes December 4.

### Third President to Marry

For the third time in American history, a president of the United States will take a bride. In choosing to have the ceremony performed, not in the White House, but at the home of the bride, Mr. Wilson follows a precedent set by President Tyler, who was married in New York in the Church of the Ascension.

President Cleveland, the only other executive to be married while in office, was married in the White House.

President Wilson and Mrs. Galt will make their first appearance together in public since the announcement of their engagement tomorrow in New York, at a house party given by the president's close friend and unofficial advisor, Colonel E. M. House. Tomorrow evening they will attend a theater party in New York, and the next day on the return toward Washington, will see the second game in the world's baseball championship series at Philadelphia. The party will include Colonel and Mrs. House, Mrs. Galt's mother, Mrs. Bolling; Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, the president's cousin; Secretary Tumulty and the president's personal physician and naval aide, Dr. Grayson.

Early today a messenger carried a great bouquet from the White House conservatories to Mrs. Galt's home, in a portion of the residence district known as the hub of the social section, the scene of many brilliant affairs in national society. Mrs. Galt, herself besieged by friends, coming to offer congratulations and interviewers, denied herself to all but her closest friends, and declined to add anything to the simple announcement, formally issued at the White House, saying only that she and the president of the United States were to be married.

### Many Parties Planned

Tomorrow's party given by Colonel House will be only the first of many events which are being planned for the presidential party before the time of the wedding. Invitations and congratulations began pouring into the White House offices today in such volume that, as on previous occasions when the White House had a wedding on hand, a special staff of clerks was prepared for assignment for social

work only for the next two months. Colonel House, who knew of the president's coming engagement with a few other intimates, long before the news was permitted to reach the public, planned his house party some time ago. Other close friends are planning pre-nuptial affairs, and the White House, which for more than a year had been observing a period of mourning, will begin to take on its old aspect of social activity and again become a center for many of the best known people in the American social circle.

### President at Work Early

President Wilson went to his desk early today as usual and was greeted with congratulations by the White House staff and callers who began arriving. He received congratulations with smiles and words of thanks, and evidently was a happy man. His first caller was Assistant Secretary Phillips of the state department. Secretary Lansing followed, and then Senator Saulsbury of Delaware. All the members of the cabinet sent their congratulations early in the day, and some of them called later.

President Wilson is a Presbyterian and Mrs. Galt an Episcopalian, and no decision has been reached as yet as to which service will be used at the wedding. Mrs. Galt is a member of St. Thomas Episcopal church here.

### No Engagement Ring

The president has given Mrs. Galt no engagement ring, and one may be purchased on the trip to New York tomorrow. While the president is in New York he will stay with Colonel House, but Mrs. Galt, her mother and other members of the party, will stay at a hotel. Colonel House occupies an apartment which is not large enough to accommodate the entire party.

## KILLS HIS COUSIN, THEN SHOOTS SELF

SAN JOSE MAN COMMITS MURDER AND SUICIDE LATE THIS AFTERNOON

The offices of the sheriff and the district attorney are investigating a murder and suicide which occurred late this afternoon at San Jose, when Crescenciano Segura shot and killed his cousin, Mrs. Rosa Segura de Blea, and then killed himself.

None of the details of the affair is known here, according to District Attorney Charles W. G. Ward. Sheriff Roman Gallegos left this afternoon on delayed train No. 1 for San Jose, which is about 20 miles south of Las Vegas.

### Labor Department Takes Action

Washington, Oct. 7.—Joseph F. Myers, formerly Texas state labor commissioner, has been directed by Secretary Wilson of the labor department, it was announced today, to proceed to Phoenix, Arizona, immediately for a conference with Governor Hunt of Arizona on the labor situation in that state.

His instructions direct that he make such investigation of labor conditions as is necessary, and take any steps with relation to the miners' strike in the Clifton district as may be agreed upon at his conference with the governor.

## FEDERATION MEN OFFER TO GET OUT

MOYER MAKES PROPOSITION FOR  
REMOVAL OF HIS ORGANIZERS FROM CLIFTON

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 7.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, arrived here today from Clifton, and announced that all federation organizers would leave the Clifton district if their presence obstructed a settlement of the miners' strike there. He added that in his opinion the union could not be eliminated from a peace conference.

The strike is for union recognition and higher wages.

"There is little that stands in the way of a settlement," said Moyer. "While I am not here for that purpose, I will probably call on Governor Hunt to discuss the Clifton situation. I'm just passing through, and will go from here to Jerome. As far as the strikers are concerned, they will do anything reasonable to bring about a settlement, and the Western Federation will do everything possible to bring about peace.

"As far as the elimination of the Western Federation from the district before negotiations are entered into is concerned," he continued, "I don't see how that can be done, since there are 5,000 members there now and if they are eliminated, how are the mines going to be operated? Whether I will return to Clifton depends on developments."

### More Troops for Clifton

Company F of the state militia, composed of 70 Indians, the only Indian company in the state, was ordered today to leave at 7:30 o'clock tonight for Clifton to join the 40 militiamen now on duty in the strike district. They will take along a regular field equipment. Unless a special train is chartered, the reinforcements will not arrive until tomorrow. Governor Hunt, Adjutant General Harris and Major Donkersley will decide late today whether more troops are to be sent.

### Governor Offers Aid

Clifton, Ariz., Oct. 7.—With Governor C. M. P. Hunt offering his services as mediator and expressing a willingness to go to El Paso and confer with the mine managers, conditions were regarded as more favorable for an early settlement of the strike of the copper miners in the Clifton-Morenci district. Governor Hunt suggested that a conference with the mine managers be held, but evidently fearing their arrest if they returned to Arizona, they were not inclined to accept the proposal.

The 54,000 Mexican, Italian and American miners are said to be ready to meet the mine managers half way, being willing to press their demands only for the new wage scale and an eight-hour day and not demanding recognition of the union.

Mines of the Arizona, the Shannon and Detroit Copper companies are affected by the strike.

### Three Thousand Men Parade

Strikers of the three copper camps combined today in a demonstration of several thousand men at Morenci. There was no sign of disorder. In fact there has been no open disorder beyond an attack made on the plate glass windows of the Arizona Copper

company office and store windows and on some deputy sheriffs guarding property of the three operating companies.

Conflicting reports are current concerning the proposed conference between Governor Hunt and the managers of the mine companies at Phoenix. Undersheriff Hill received a telephone message from Phoenix today that the governor still expected the conference. This was contradicted in information last night that the mine managers intended to "stand pat." The latter report was not confined to the strikers, who so far seem to regard the struggle as a frolic.

### Moyer is Threatened

Charles H. Moyer was threatened with violence on his way to Phoenix yesterday, announcing to railroad men who reached here today that non-union men driven from the Clifton district, boarded the train at Guthrie, the railroad junction point, backed him in a corner of the coach and were threatening to beat him when the conductor interfered.

Union traders here said today the stores of provisions for the strikers and their families had been largely increased by donations of cattle and produce by ranchers. Posters were printed and distributed today announcing that business men of Miami, Ariz., had offered to donate one day's profits to the strike funds. Also it is expected the Western Federation and United Mine Workers will furnish funds to be raised by assessments and donations from members throughout the country.

### Non-Union Men Gather

Santa Rosa, Calif., Oct. 7.—Telegrams from Phoenix read here today at the state federation of labor convention said that a force of non-union miners had gathered in southern Arizona to break the copper strike in the Clifton-Morenci districts.

## GERMAN WARCRAFT IN SOUTH ATLANTIC

ENGLISH STEAMER SANMELITO  
IS ATTACKED BY AN UNKNOWN VESSEL

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 7.—The British freight steamer San Melito arrived here today from Tuxpam, Mexico, and reported that she had been attacked by an unknown vessel.

The captain reports that soon after leaving Tuxpam his vessel was attacked in the night and that eight projectiles exploded against her side. One sailor was killed and six were wounded. The vessel was damaged, but managed to escape.

Since the internment of the last of the German auxiliary cruisers at Newport News, there have been no reports indicating the presence of German war craft in the Atlantic.

### Dutch Steamer Sunk

London, Oct. 7.—The Dutch steamer Texelstroom has been sunk, according to present advice there were 20 survivors. The Texelstroom was launched last year and was of 1,601 tons gross.

With the varsity training table in operation and football practice behind closed gates, Harvard's gridiron season is now on in full blast.