

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

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## FIGHTING TURKS IS NOT FULL OF FUN

AN ENGLISH SERGEANT WRITES  
HOME, TELLING OF THE  
DESERT'S HARDSHIPS

London, Feb. 2.—Fighting the Turks and Arabs in the desert of Mesopotamia, where in places even camels cannot go; where after the Euphrates is left behind water is more precious than powder and the tribesmen show no quarter to the wounded is described by Sergeant A. Kingdom, of the Second Battalion Norfolk Regiment in a letter to his mother at Thetford.

"We came by ship (from India) up the river Euphrates," he writes, "and disembarked on a lovely landing, up to the waist in mud and water. Not a tree in sight nor a blade of grass, except on the river banks, which are covered with date palms. We marched all the next day through mud. Anything with wheels cannot be taken, and packs of mules and camels are no good, because their big feet pick up too much sand.

"We lay in the wet mud on the desert all night and moved away early again in the morning, to find enemy in position. They consisted of Turks and Arabs, about 1,400 yards to our front. The attack was pushed home under cover of our mountain batteries; the field artillery came up later. The artillery horses were so completely knocked out that they could not walk away from the guns when unhooked. The troops also were knocked out; and in the meantime the enemy's artillery was having it all their own way.

"Our rifles were absolutely choked inside with mud, and the bolt action and sights had to be made to work before an accurate fire could be effected. Some of the men, rather than drink the muddy slush from their water bottles, stood and emptied it in their bolt action, although water is so scarce, and slush worth a gold piece an ounce.

"I was more fortunate; my socks had shrunk so small that I was better able to march without one, so I cut off the toe and put it over my bolt action. So my rifle was fairly clean. We were caked with clay from head

to foot. When the sun did come out for a time and we saw a chance of cracking it off, a thunderstorm came over and softened it into a sticky paste.

"Our only transport is mules with ammunition, and they frequently fall down and have to be picked up. Anyhow, the enemy were in their trenches with a decided advantage and were delivering a murderous fire. But by a supreme effort after we got the enemy's range we kept our fire coolly delivered, and within half an hour the Turks were retiring, leaving the Arabs to cover their retreat. They remained another quarter of an hour, and meanwhile we had fixed our bayonets for the grande finale—but evidently they did not wish to prolong their stay.

"Everyone, especially the Indians, was anxious for a charge, but the birds flew before we reached their trenches. It is all right fighting the Turks, but the Arabs use big muzzle rifles with an enormous lead bullet which will smash anything, and not make a pretty little hole like the Turks' pointed bullet which will heal in no time. The black powder from the Arabs' rifles also causes so much smoke that it is impossible to see the actual firer. They are a blood-thirsty lot, these Arabs, and when the men lay wounded they will shoot you at a yard's distance. A sudabar of the natives was shot in this way. On the day after the battle we found the jackals had been at work."

## ELFEGO BACA GETS OUT ON BIG BOND

MAN ACCUSED OF MURDER PUTS  
UP \$7,500 FOR HIS APPEAR-  
ANCE

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 3.—Elfego Baca of Albuquerque, N. M., gave bond during the night in the sum of \$7,500 and is at liberty today. Tuesday afternoon he was given a hearing before Special District Judge Ware and his bond fixed at \$7,500 on the charge of killing Celestino Otero Sunday afternoon in El Paso.

EDITORS HEAR BRYAN

Indianapolis, Feb. 4.—The democratic editors of Indiana will hear Secretary William Jennings Bryan tonight. Whether he will follow the lead of his chief and unload his thought in Indianapolis is the subject of much speculation.

## SALARY PROBLEM HAS NOT BEEN SOLVED

JOINT REPUBLICAN CAUCUS FAIL-  
ED TO REACH AGREEMENT  
ON A BILL

(Special to The Optic.)

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 3.—After two days in almost continuous session, the joint caucus of republicans of the house and senate of the New Mexico legislature adjourned sine die at 1 o'clock this afternoon without having reached any definite understanding as to a county salary bill. The caucus adjourned with the understanding that a committee of 19 members, five from each house, was to be appointed this afternoon to continue consideration of the salary problem.

It was said after the caucus today that the house members have definitely abandoned their stand for the individual county salaries classification. They have concluded, it was stated, that it was unconstitutional. In the place of this bill a six-classification bill has been offered, but there is nothing to indicate that the members can agree on it.

Both National Committeeman Charles A. Spiess and Republican State Chairman R. C. Ely met with the caucus this morning.

The salary proposition is, if anything, more complicated than when the session opened.

Neither house got into action this afternoon until nearly 4 o'clock. There was nothing of especial importance on the senate calendar and in the house the principal bill up for action was the fifty-cent per horsepower motor vehicle law introduced by Dr. Veal of Roswell and reported for passage by the roads committee yesterday. Under this bill automobile owners will pay a tax of fifty cents per horsepower per annum to the state corporation commission. After deducting five per cent for administration, the remainder will be sent back to the county of origin. It is said the bill will realize next year, when it goes into effect, something like \$60,000 a year.

WANTS AN ACCOUNTING

Denver, Colo., Feb. 3.—Suit for an accounting was filed in the United States district court here today by

the administration of the estate of J. P. Morgan, Sr., against Colonel J. A. Owenbey, a coal operator of Colorado. The suit concerns the Wootton mine in Las Animas county, which has been operated by Colonel Owenbey. Morgan was Owenbey's partner.

## TAMALE TWINS A FEATURE OF SHOW

FAIRIES WILL INTRODUCE SOME  
NOVEL CHARACTERS AT  
THE MUTUAL

"The Tamale Twins," "Mlle. Trac Diefl," dancer de luxe; "Bronco Nell," "Legless Bob" and "Nipsy" are some of the characters in the Fairies' entertainment to be given at the Mutual theater next Tuesday night for the nursery of the Las Vegas hospital.

The little folks are practicing every day and they really have some big surprises for their many friends who will attend. For instance, imagine a little 8-year-old "shaver" stepping before the footlights and delivering a most acceptable violin solo or again—well, again we add that there will be some stunts even more startling than this mentioned.

A good children's entertainment, you must admit, is a joy for ever, but a bad one is, shall we call it, a tragedy. Certainly it is something closely akin. There will be no tragedy Tuesday night. It will be a season of great glee for the fairies, and a season of surprise and entertainment for those who invest 25 cents in a ticket to take them past the Mutual gates.

The Mutual people, by the way, have selected three reels of real pleasing pictures to augment the Fairies.

And lest you forget, it's all for a mighty good cause—the nursery of the Las Vegas hospital.

Your two-bits will mean added comforts, added life to the many babies who will be taken care of at the little hospital on the hill

ICE SINKS STEAMER

Chicago, Feb. 4.—The steamer Iowa, of the Goodrich Transit company was caught in the ice about three miles off the Chicago breakwater and sank today. The crew and passengers numbering about 50 took to the ice.

# LORIMER TRIAL WILL BEGIN MONDAY

FORMER UNITED STATES SENATOR IS CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

Chicago, Jan. 30.—The trial of former United States Senator William Lorimer and 13 bank associates on charges ranging from embezzlement to conspiracy has been set for Monday next. The 14 were indicted last October following the collapse of the La Salle Street Trust company and four allied banks that constituted the Lorimer-Munday chain. Following are the names of the indicted men and the charges they must face:

William Lorimer, Sr., president of La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

Charles B. Munday, vice president of La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

Paul Hazard, member of sanitary district board of trustees and president of Broadway State bank; charged with conspiracy.

Charles G. Fox, vice president of La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

Thomas McDonald, cashier of La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

John K. Seagrove, chief in state auditor's office; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

William Lorimer, Jr., president of William Lorimer & Co.; charged with conspiracy to loot.

H. W. Huttig, former director of the La Salle bank and president of Rosehill Cemetery company; charged with conspiracy, embezzlement and larceny.

Frank H. Novak, president of State bank at Calumet; charged with conspiracy to loot.

Charles W. Novak, secretary of the State bank of Calumet; charged with conspiracy to loot.

John H. Rife, vice president of the Broadway State bank; charged with conspiracy to loot.

Edwin J. Potts, vice president of Ashland Twelfth State bank; charged with conspiracy to defraud and with receiving deposits after bank, was known to be insolvent.

Abraham Levin, cashier of Ashland Twelfth State bank; charged with conspiracy to defraud and with receiving deposits after bank was known to be insolvent.

John B. Devoney, former president of International Trust and Savings bank; charged with conspiracy to loot.

The report of the grand jury which made a three months investigation is in substance as follows:

That 14 persons, named in the indictments voted by the jury, had looted the institutions of nearly \$2,500,000.

That forgery, thievery and embezzlement had been committed, involving nine banks and one other concern.

That practically every known bank-

ing law in the state had been violated.

That assets of the La Salle Trust and Savings bank had been stolen to organize other institutions in the chain, that checks had been "kited" in carrying out the program and that the "mother" bank had been insolvent some time prior to the collapse.

That securities of worth held by financial institutions in which the Lorimer-Munday "financiers" became interested were substituted by securities of known worthless character.

The collapse of the Lorimer-Munday banks created a sensation last year. The combined capital of the banks which closed June 12 was \$1,600,000 and the deposits were in excess of \$6,000,000. Scores of Chicagoans, many of them small merchants, who had been political followers of Lorimer, saw the savings of years swept away.

Friends of the bankers lay the expose to a woman. That it was the domestic troubles of James J. Brady, state auditor, that brought about the trouble is their belief. Mrs. Mary Quinlan Kuhns Brady, the Michigan wife of the state auditor was a witness before the grand jury. It is said the state depends largely on her testimony to convict some of the men. She was the wife of a telegraph operator, friend of Brady. She divorced her husband and married the state auditor. They parted shortly afterward.

## MUSEUM VISITORS

Santa Fe, Jan. 30.—Samuel V. Wolfe of Manchester, Tennessee, who is automobiling over New Mexico to find a location where he can ranch, spent part of his time at the museum of New Mexico and will from here go to the Mesilla valley. Charles Foyston of Pike, New Hampshire, who is a relative of one of the commanding officers in Custer's massacre, was an other visitor. Others who registered were A. A. Sena and Pedro L. y Montano of Park Springs; Seneca B. Garcia, Albuquerque; R. E. Farley, Mountainair; H. V. Parker, Dick Gilbert, Denver; J. W. Hickson, Denver; George McGregor, Detroit; Frank P. Falvey, Salt Lake City.

## KILLS HIS WIFE

Houston, Tex., Jan. 30.—Ward Snyder, the oil man who killed his wife, Lorena Beresford Snyder, in a sanitarium here yesterday, died early today from poison he swallowed after the crime. Snyder was the son of H. S. Snyder, a Pittsburgh, Pa., capitalist and oil man.

## AMERICANS OPEN HIGHER

London, Jan. 30.—American securities on the stock exchange today opened rather better. Erie changed hands frequently. Prices reacted a fraction in the afternoon and the market closed easier.

If a better cough syrup than Foley's Honey and Tar Compound could be found, we would carry it. We know this reliable and dependable medicine has given satisfaction for more than forty years; therefore we never offer a substitute for the genuine. Recommended for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchial and la grippe coughs. No opiates. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

# REPUBLICANS IN SENATE BREAK RECORDS

THEY HOLD THE FLOOR ALL NIGHT AND ALL DAY IN FIGHT ON SHIP BILL

Washington, Jan. 30.—After more than 30 hours' continuous session the senate just after 4 o'clock today, agreed to interrupt the spectacular fight on the ship bill with a recess from midnight until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Thirty hours of continuous session in the senate and prospects of another all night or deal, brought no break in the lines today when the republican and democrats fighting over the administration ship bill resumed their operations.

Republicans, disclaiming a filibuster, were keeping their best long distance speakers employed in their effort to hold the floor against a roll call, and the foremost parliamentary sharps of the administration continued their vigil for the opportunity to force a fall of the vice president's gavel and put the bill on its passage.

The democrats claimed the necessary votes and the republicans claimed they had speakers enough in reserve to hold the floor two weeks if necessary.

This promised the longest speech dragged on during the day, with republicans taking turns holding the fort after Senator Smoot had held on all night speaking 11 hours and 35 minutes continuously.

Prepared to fight, senate democrats and republicans were arrayed in the final stages of a spectacular contest over the administration ship bill. Not since the celebrated fight on the Cannon rules had such a fight been seen in the halls of congress.

After an all-night session, in which Senator Smoot led the republican filibuster by speaking continuously for 11 hours and 35 minutes and the democratic parliamentary sharps kept a vigil in vain for an opportunity to drop the gavel and order a roll call, the republican forces trooped into the chamber early today and Senator Sutherland took up the fight.

Shortly after noon Vice President Marshall took the chair, after Senators Lodge, Borah and William Alden Smith had appealed to him in conference to "preserve the integrity of the senate," and rule against what the republicans characterized as steam roller tactics.

The vice president told them he intended to be governed by the senate's established rule.

## PRACTICE FOR SUBMARINES

Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 30.—All arrangements have been completed by the navy department for the submarines, mine layers and aeroplanes to go through their paces off this port beginning on Monday. The submarine flotilla, reserve torpedo flotilla,

mine layers and airships will cooperate in a practical tryout of war time activities. The mine depot ships Baltimore and San Francisco are expected to arrive here tomorrow or Monday, with the flotilla. The naval experts will observe the maneuvers.

## BRYAN AT RALEIGH

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 30.—Secretary of State William J. Bryan is expected to address the North Carolina legislature today.

## ASTOR SELLS NEWSPAPER

London, Jan. 30.—William Waldorf Astor today dropped out of the newspaper world, when he turned over to W. Gardner Sinclair the Pall Mall Gazette and the Observer.

## PURE FOOD EXPERT RESIGNS

Westfield, Mass., Jan. 30.—Lewis B. Allyn, whose campaign for higher standard in food brought him into national notice as originator of the "Westfield standard," leaves Westfield State Normal school today. He is now on the staff of the McClure publications. In tendering his resignation, he wrote that he did not wish by his campaign to embarrass the state authorities.

## FIRE KILLS ENGINEER

Kansas City, Jan. 30.—Thomas M. Nall, a construction engineer, was suffocated in a burning hotel here today. He was dead when found by firemen. The home address of Mr. Nall could not be ascertained.

## BIG ARGENTINE WARSHIP

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—The Argentine government's new \$11,000,000 superdreadnought Moreno went into commission here today. It was built at Camden, N. J., and is a sister ship of the Rivadavia, recently completed at Boston. The crew of 1,000 men and 86 officers arrived here on two navy transports on January 17, and the Argentine government also sent on the transports its exhibit for the San Francisco fair. Indian relics, bronze art objects, grain and other products of Argentine were included.

## SKI CHAMPS MEET AT CHICAGO

Chicago, Jan. 30.—The annual ski tournament of the Norge Ski club will take place tomorrow at the Cary slide. Ragner Omtvedt, of the local club, who is the holder of the world's record for ski jumping, is confident he can establish a new record tomorrow.

## FAST RACQUET MATCH

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 30.—Harry Boakes, Jr., who recently defeated Arthur Stevens, former champion of Canada, is to meet Eddie Rogers of the New York Racquets and Tennis club in a three match series here today.

## AFTER MANY YEARS

J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ins caused by weak or diseased kidneys or bladder. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## PRESS AGENT IS SURPRISED TO LEARN

HOW BAD THAT NURSERY IS NEEDED AT THE LAS VEGAS HOSPITAL

It seems to be quite the proper thing nowadays in Las Vegas for every amateur performance to have what they call a press agent. The Elks started it; now everybody else has the habit. Of course the little fairies who are going to give their performance for the nursery of the Las Vegas hospital have one. Yes a press agent has been duly appointed, unaniously elected, the pencil placed in "its" hand and then told "to tear 'er off."

Now a press agent or a press agentess, just as you will, is a mighty inquisitive "guss" (person.) When "it" wants any information "it" wants it awful and—en gets it. The P. A. wanted to know, to be confidential, just what the functions and general idea of a nursery are. The P. A.'s education along this line has been muchly neglected, and so accordingly when no one was around the P. A. softly lifted the receiver from the telephone and called for Main 169.

"Hello, this is the Las Vegas Hospital," came the pleasant feminine voice over the wire.

Silence for a moment and then: "Please mam, I'm looking for information. Could you—I mean, will you, please tell me what kind of a thing—what sort of a (gulp!) a nursery is?"

"Why, yes," replied the hospital lady. "A nursery is that department of a hospital which takes care of babies."

"You mean little bits o' babies?" asked the P. A.

"Yes," came the pleasant reply, "probably from birth up to one year. There should be baby beds, baby clothes, baby—well everything for their comfort. Then there should be a sun room for the sickly little ones. You see we haven't a place for them now. We—"

"You haven't," broke in the P. A. "Well, where do you put 'em?"

"Just anywhere we can," came the reply, "sometimes in the operating room, sometimes in a spare room, sometimes, sometimes in the office."

"Well that's a shame," emphatically said the P. A., "it's a shame."

After a moment of thinking the P. A. then asked: "How much money have you on hand toward the nursery building and how much will the finished product cost?"

"We have about \$85," was the reply, "and to fully equip the nursery and build it, the cost will be about \$400."

"Phew," whistled the P. A., "then you've got to raise \$315. When do you expect to build it—next Christmas?"

"No," came the determined reply, "we are going to build the nursery this spring, simply because we've got to have it."

"Well, well where's the money coming from?" asked the P. A.

"We expect," came the confident reply, "that when the people of Las Vegas learn of the manner in which we have been forced to take care of our little patients that they will generously respond, as they always do, for any good cause. I hope you will pardon me—I have to go and attend to one of our patients. Good bye."

"Thank you for the information. I—I—" but the phone at the other end hung up with a polite bang.

The press agent thought for a long time and then turning to you, gentle reader, asks:

"Well, what do you know about that? What do you?"

A baby is about the biggest little thing in this old world of ours, and 25 cents is a mighty little amount to ask to provide for its comfort and doubtless prolong its life.

Let's buy tickets to the "Fairies" until we make them give their little play a dozen times if necessary—just so at one stroke we can build that nursery building at the hospital.

Buy a ticket whether you go or not—you'll be surprised how that'll help.

### FOUNDERS DAY

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 1.—The twenty-sixth anniversary of the founding of Clark University was observed here with special exercises. The students and faculty took part in the exercises this morning, and this evening the alumni will gather at the annual banquet. The principal speaker this morning was Dr. R. S. Lillie, professor of biology in the university. Incidental to the celebration, the sixty-ninth birthday of President G. Stanley Hall, which is today, brought him the congratulations of the visitors and many messages from educators throughout the world.

### A BRAVE CHAMPION

London, Feb. 1.—Frank Seaman Dymoke, J. P., the Honorable king's champion, whose duty it is at coronations to ride, clad in resplendent armor, into the coronation banquet hall, dismount from his charger, fling down his gauntlet and challenge to mortal combat anyone who should deny the king's right to the throne, was fined 20 shillings the past week for assaulting his cook.

According to the testimony given in the police court at Horncastle, the champion came home after stepping into four different bars on the way, and found his wife in an altercation with the cook, who had been discharged. Marion Noel, the cook, testified that the champion entered her bedroom and caught her by the throat, but was routed by an umbrella which she wielded with good effect.

### BRYAN DOESN'T AGREE

Washington, Feb. 1.—Formal opening of the San Francisco exposition February 20 probably will be celebrated in the capitol grounds, at which President Wilson is expected to speak.

When the bowels become irregular you are uncomfortable and the longer this condition exists the worse you feel. You can get rid of this misery quickly by using HERBINE. Take a dose on going to bed and see how fine you feel next day. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

## CATRON WINS AN IMPORTANT CASE

JUDGE LEAHY GIVES DECISION IN THE SUIT OF HILARIO MONTOYA

In the case of J. Hilario Montoya vs. T. B. Catron and the New Mexico Land and Live Stock company, involving title to several thousand acres of land at a place called Los Chupainas within the limits of the Antonio Ortiz land grant, Judge D. J. Leahy yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the court for San Miguel county, his findings of fact and conclusions of law, and gave the parties until February 15 in which to file objections and exceptions to the findings of fact, conclusions of law or decisions of the court. The findings, conclusions and decision cover 16 typewritten pages. Catron is the winner of the suit.

Briefly stated the facts in the case were that J. H. Montoya claimed title through Jose Rael y Luna, a son of Francisco Rael, who settled at Los Chupainas in the year 1856; built a house and cultivated a small tract of land on a small creek called the Chupainas arroyo, grazing his sheep upon lands adjacent to the stream. J. H. Montoya purchased whatever title Jose Rael y Luna had from his father in 1898, paying therefor the sum of \$200 and claimed that he had had possession of about 8,000 acres of the land from 1898 for more than ten years adverse to the defendants.

The title of defendants was based upon the patent to the grant, confirmed by congress in 1869; the heirs of Antonio Ortiz sold their interests in the grant to Wilson Waddingham and later the heirs of Wilson Waddingham transferred all their right title and interest in the Ortiz grant to T. B. Catron.

The court finds that the plaintiff is the owner and entitled to the possession of about 27 acres of land, being the land settled upon by Francisco Rael, and upon which he built a small adobe house and corral, and made some cultivation; that the defendant T. B. Catron is the owner of the remainder of the land, less the 27 acres adjudged to belong to J. H. Montoya.

It was stated that exceptions would probably be filed to the findings of the court by the plaintiff, and an appeal taken to the supreme court of the state.

Paris, Feb. 2.—Legal procedure in France has been disorganized by the war. Lawyers and witnesses in many civil suits are at the front; many of them have fallen in battle and no one can now anticipate the extent to which cases may be confused by the disappearance of parties as well as witnesses and attorneys.

Maitre Chenu, the eloquent attorney for the Calmette family in the Calliaux case, and former chief of the order of avocats of the Parisian bar, says that death certificates are

such an essential element in all legal procedure concerning inheritances, and there have been already, and will be so many more, unknown dead, that the number of probable tangled estates is incalculable.

"For the moment," Maitre Chenu adds, "judicial life in France is almost entirely interrupted and will continue to languish until the end of hostilities. We don't regret it. Legal quarrels would seem to us to be an attack upon the sacred pact of union that the war has sealed between all the citizens of France."

The business of civil courts is almost entirely confined to the sequestration of the property of German and Austrian subjects and the list, already long, grows every day, showing that the number established in business in France was far underestimated. Instead of the 20,000 sequestrations anticipated the number may reach nearer 50,000.

The practical suspension of court proceedings gives Maitre Chenu leisure to use his pen and in the Parisian press he is sparing no effort to defend the justice of the French cause.

### READY TO FIGHT

Akron, O., Feb. 12.—Everything is in readiness for the 12-round bout tonight between Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion, and Johnny Griffiths, holder of the Australian lightweight belt.

Thirty-one per cent of organized German workers are in the war. The German federation has contributed nearly \$4,000,000 to the relief of the

### GROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH

Mrs. T. Neureuer, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough." Foley's has a forty years record of similar cases. Contains no opiates. Always insist on Foley's. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

### JUSTICE PROCEEDS SLOWLY

Pueblo, Colo., Feb. 1.—The wheels of justice seem to be turning at ever decreasing speed in the La Veta murder trial, if today's session may be taken as a criterion. This afternoon only four talesmen had been examined and three were released after giving disqualifying answers. Only one peremptory challenge was accepted, and that was made by the defense. This is the fifth week of the effort to secure a jury to try eight former coal strikers charged with slaying a party of mine guards and a chauffeur in November, 1913.

### Colds and Croup in Children

Many people rely upon Chamberlain's Cough Remedy implicitly in cases of colds and croup, and it never disappoints them. Mrs. E. H. Thomas, Logansport, Ind., writes: "I have found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best medicine for colds and croup I have ever used, and never tire of recommending it to my neighbors and friends. I have always given it to my children when suffering from croup, and it has never failed to give them prompt relief."—For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

# CHILDREN HELP TO RELIEVE DISTRESS

AMERICAN YOUNGSTERS TO ASSIST IN BRINGING COMFORT TO SUFFERERS

New York, Feb. 5.—The enlistment of the 20,000,000 children of the United States in an army of helpfulness to relieve suffering both in this country and Europe is the purpose of a movement which is announced here by a committee of educators of nationwide reputation. It includes Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard university, David Starr Jordan, president of the National Educational association, and Richard Meisner, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

It is the belief of those interested in the plan that evil influences in the schools of the United States are arising from the war. "Influences of lying, hatred and murder are moulding the lives of America's 20,000,000 children," says an announcement of the committee's plans, "which tend to crush out truth, justice and love. As a nation we are evading our responsibilities in not seriously attempting to counteract these evil influences.

"In many of our schools we even forbid all discussion of the war. We cannot, however, hide this war from our children nor keep its destructive influences from their lives.

"With a nation-wide relief movement of our children we can turn their minds from destructive murder to helpful life-giving and build on the terrible need the strongest, most helpful race of men and women the world has ever known.

"The school children are organized and can begin immediately on relief work. They can raise at least \$1,000,000 without burden on any one as the funds will be raised in small sums—the people's gift through the children. They can make millions of needed articles of clothing and other things. Working shoulder to shoulder to offset the influences of organized murderous warfare they will feel the quickening helpful impulse of their great life-giving organization—a mighty impulse in their lives and a great example to the world. They will do more to establish international peace and good will based on kindly acts than years of diplomacy and peace conferences."

The plan announced is that each child earn or make what he gives, or give from what he has, that he may feel he has worked or sacrificed to help. The fund is to be known as the "Children of America's Fund," which boards of education, superintendents, teachers and others are urged to address at Oak Hill, Newton Center, Mass., for working details.

One half the fund is to be used to relieve local suffering and will be distributed through home charities as far as possible. The other half will be distributed to the sufferers in Europe by the national committee. Arrangements have been made for the

free transportation to Belgium of all gifts of non-perishable food or new clothing in packages weighing 20 pounds or more.

It is announced that the plans for carrying out the movement have been based on suggestions received from over 5,000 practical educators. They call for free use of the public school buildings for entertainment to raise funds; the co-operation of teachers in getting the children to earn small sums out of school hours; the manufacture of useful gifts by boys in manual training classes; and one day a week devoted by all girls in sewing as a part of their school work.

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**WOMEN OF THE WEEK**  
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New York—It is not generally known here that by her second marriage, to Prince Helie de Sagan of Paris, the former Miss Anna Gould, divorced wife of Count Boni de Castellane, became a German princess, but such is the case. The principality of Sagan is in Prussian Silesia, but passed by marriage in Napoleonic times to the Talleyrand Perigord family of France, of which the prince is the present head. It is a small district embracing 24 estates, a large forest and a castle, the whole constituting a fief of the German Empire entitling the holder to an hereditary seat in the Prussian house of lords. Though the French owners of the title have never tried to claim the political privilege attached to it, the war has now given rise to a vigorous movement toward dispossessing the French family of such an anomalous right, and an act of the Prussian parliament may soon dissolve the title, depose the Prince and seize the land. Particular interest attaches to the event, because by a family agreement, the young son of the former Miss Gould, Prince Howard de Sagan, named after Howard Gould, had been given the German principality as his share of the family possessions.

San Francisco, Calif.—The immigration and housing commission of California has issued a warning to women not to come to San Francisco looking for work during the big exposition. Investigation has shown that 10,000 have filed applications with the exposition for employment, while the number of positions open to women is only 1,000. The commission reports that there are between 15,000 and 20,000 women stenographers and office assistants out of work in the state.

St. Louis—Two women of warring nations will speak here Thursday night at the same gathering, the big peace meeting of the St. Louis equal suffrage league. They are Rosika Schwimmer, Hungarian patriot, who came to America as the representative of 1,000,000 women of Europe to urge President Wilson to offer mediation to the nations at war, and Mrs. Pe-thick Lawrence, the noted English suffragist, who is also touring the United States in the interests of peace.

Washington, D. C.—A monument taking the form of a statue designed by Mrs. Hoxie herself, will soon be erected in the Arlington national cemetery, to the memory of Mrs. Vin-

nie Ream Hoxie, the noted woman sculptor, by her husband, Gen. Richard L. Hoxie, U. S. A.

Burlington, Vt.—The annual meeting of the New England conference of state federations of women's clubs will be held Wednesday and Thursday in this city. Particular attention will be given to rural problems in the study of industrial and social conditions.

Atlanta, Ga.—A frail young woman with deep dark eyes and an earnest manner has been a figure of mystery around the courthouse for days, and will be for some time more, till the famous Frank case is solved to her satisfaction. She is Miss Lillian M. Schubel, girl investigator, until recently a modiste in Grand Rapids, Mich., who has come to Atlanta purposely to probe the Frank mystery. Her work is undertaken by her own volition. She intends to present her findings, whether for or against Frank, to the solicitor general. By special authority she recently interviewed Jim Conley, the negro held in the case.

## LONGER TERMS A BENEFIT TO PUPILS

ILFELD BILL, WHICH HAS PASSED THE SENATE, RECOGNIZED AS GOOD

Santa Fe, Feb. 3.—If the present legislature accomplishes nothing more than increasing the minimum term of the public schools from five to seven months, as provided in Senate Bill No. 75, passed by the senate yesterday afternoon, it will have more than justified the session. Those who have given the subject any study predict that it will revolutionize industrial as well as educational conditions in New Mexico and will eventually add enormously to the wealth of the state by fitting its boys and girls to cope with modern industrial demands.

The bill introduced by Teofilo Chavez y Luna and numbered House Bill No. 132, provides for a maximum rate of three cents a mile for passengers on New Mexico railroads. It also provides that within 30 days after the act goes into effect trains must be run on time unless prevented by act of God or the public enemy, must furnish sufficient cars for seating all passengers. A maximum penalty of \$1,000 is fixed for violations of the act.

Senate Bill No. 92 by Holt, prescribing the duties of secretary-treasurers of state institutions fixes the surety company bonds to be given by them as follows: State College, \$75,000; University, \$30,000; School of Mines, Normal University, Normal School, Military Institute, Insane Asylum, \$20,000 each; Spanish American Normal School, Blind Asylum, Reform School, Deaf and Dumb Asylum and Miners' Hospital, \$10,000 each, which amounts, however, may be increased by the governing boards of such institutions.

House Joint Resolution No. 7 by Bryant, providing for an amendment to the constitution, would reduce the salary of district judges from \$4,500

to \$3,000 a year. It was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Senate Bill No. 79 by Crampton, amending sections 64 and 72 of Chapter 79, Laws of 1915, relative to the formation and government of corporations for mining, manufacturing, industrial and other purposes, gives exclusive original jurisdiction to the district court of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is located, upon applications for receivership. Any creditor or stockholder may by complaint apply to the district court for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver or trustees, and the court may proceed in a summary way to hear the affidavits, proofs and allegations and it may issue an injunction to restrain the corporation and its officers from exercising any of its privileges or franchises and from collecting any debts or paying out any of its funds, etc., except to a receiver appointed by the court.

Senate bill No. 87, by Alldredge, relating to the liability of common carriers by railroad for injuries or death sustained by their employes, provides for compensation for injuries or death caused through negligence in whole or in part of any officer or employe or agent or by reason of insufficiency of equipment or defects in safety appliances, the carrier being presumed to have had knowledge of such defect, insufficiency or lack. Contributory negligence shall not be a bar to a recovery but may be plead to diminish the amount of damages. Employes shall not be held to have assumed the risk of their employment, nor can they contract away their rights to damages. All actions for damages must be commenced within three years from the date of the accident or when the cause of action accrued.

### HAD DISTINGUISHED UNCLE

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—E. O. Pite of Higgins, Texas, a nephew of Governor William A. Pile, who was New Mexico's executive in 1869 and was accused of selling New Mexico's archives for waste paper, later becoming United States minister to Venezuela, registered at the New Mexico museum today. Former Attorney General A. A. Goddard of Kansas also registered from Topeka, at the museum together with James G. Fitch of Socorro. C. H. Barnes of Colorado Springs was another interested guest as were Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Sindelar of St. Louis, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. West of Bland, Frank Lane of Denver; James Stancy of Little Rock, Ark., and Mr. and Mrs. Emory W. Clark of Detroit the latter two accompanying Ashley Pond to the Cliff Dwellings of the Pajarito Park where they will spend several weeks at the Pond cottage.

### NEW COUNTY SCHOOL

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—Today Otero county votes on the proposition to establish a county high school at Tularosa. The women will vote at this election which is a bitterly contested one because of opposition to locating a county high school at any other place than the county seat. The district getting the county school must furnish the building for the purpose. Yesterday a local option election took place at Willard, Torrance county.

## HEWETT PRAISED BY A COAST PAPER

LOS ANGELES TIMES COMMENDS  
WORK FORMER VEGAN DID  
IN SAN DIEGO

Santa Fe, Feb. 3.—How Dr. Edgar L. Hewett, director of the School of African Archaeology at Santa Fe, is keeping high ideals and art to the fore at the San Diego exposition, is evident from the following in Sunday's Times of Los Angeles:

"The exhibition is extremely interesting and in parts extremely attractive. It was most carefully planned by Edgar L. Hewett, director of exhibits throughout the whole exposition, and is the efflorescence, so to speak, of art native to American soil and American atmosphere. At least, this distinction is claimed for it, and I will not say that the claim has no foundation in fact. Other exhibits, in other buildings, show former phases of true blue American art, from the wonderful era of the Mayas 3,000 years ago, to that of the latter day Mojaves. The 11 modern American painters are here through a sort of process of natural selection, and not through sheer merit alone. Oddly enough, most of them live in New York—which must therefore be considered the most American city in the country. But is it? Here is the list of the 11: George Bellows, Ernest Lawson, Robert Henri, Childe Hassam, John Sloan, Guy Pene Du Bois, Carl Sprinchorn, William Glackens, Maurice B. Prendergast, Joseph Henry Sharp, George Luks."

Speaking of the New Mexico painter among those eleven, J. H. Sharp, whose studio is at Taos and who has presented two superb Indian heads to the New Mexico museum, this critic says:

"Famous Americans, most of them, you see, and as modern as they make them—all except one, J. H. Sharp, who has not flung good old traditions overboard, and who finds that they sustain him in some fine and strong and beautiful painting. There are excellent draughtsmanship, true feeling, tragic and lyric poetry to be found in Sharp's pictures of Indian life, 'The Stoic' (a horribly fascinating study of a Penitente), 'The Gamblers,' 'Grief' and the 'Broken Bow.' Of Robert Henri, who is to open a studio in Santa Fe this summer, the critic says: 'Vital, too, spirited and engaging are some of the portraits by Robert Henri. 'Irish Lad,' 'Pat,' 'Mary O'D.,' and the two Indians 'Po Tse' and 'Tom Po Kwi,' the first meaning Water Eagle, the other Water of Antelope Lake."

### CELEBRATION OF FREEDOM

Santa Fe, Feb. 3.—A plea for an appropriation by New Mexico for the exposition to celebrate the half century anniversary of negro freedom in the United States, was received today by Governor McDonald from the Illinois commission in charge of the celebration at Chicago. Illinois has voted \$25,000 and the governor of Iowa in

### TROTTING MEN DINE

Boston, Feb. 3.—The biggest gathering of trotting horse men ever assembled in New England will dine tonight at the City Club, when plans will be discussed by able sepaekers for the revival of the horse meets in old time glory.

a message has advocated an appropriation by that state. A bill for a \$5,000 appropriation for that purpose has been introduced in the New Mexico legislature. Says the governor of Iowa in his message: "Emerging from slavery almost helpless, penniless, homeless, ignorant, they now, about ten millions of them, are taxed on a billion dollars worth of property, thousands of them have good homes, illiteracy is reduced from a total to 35 per cent, many of them are succeeding in very many lines of business, professional and otherwise, and large numbers of them are excellent citizens."

### BERLIN VISITORS LESS

Berlin, Feb. 3.—The number of visitors from the provinces and abroad to the German capital has fallen off over 25 per cent since the outbreak of hostilities. In December only 73,000 persons came to the capital as compared with 103,000 in the same month the preceding year. Among the countries which Germany is at war with Britons and French totaled altogether only seven, Belgians 31, Russians 114, and Portuguese 2. There was an influx of 713 Swedes, 532 Danes, 94 Norwegians, 299 Dutch, 253 Swiss and 71 Italians, but other neutral countries were represented by very small groups.

### CHILDREN WASTE BREAD

Frankfort on the Main, Feb. 3.—The wasting of white bread by German school children is the subject of a letter in the newspapers of the Rhine province from a teacher, who points out that it is the duty of parents to bring this extravagance to an end and thus help the fatherland during its crisis. The writer says the children often leave their homes after a scanty breakfast and take a large package of bread and butter with them to school. He declares the scholars often are unable to consume the whole of the food and thereupon throw it away in the streets. He suggests the official prohibition of the practice of bringing food to school and also of the sale of all bread except of "war bread," made of rye and potatoes, to children for their immediate consumption. In this way he believes a great wastage will be prevented and at the same time the authorities will be helped to meet the marked shortage in wheat flour. He concludes that the children will also become more healthy if they are forced to consume a proper breakfast before leaving for school and that if they are kept from eating during school hours they will be ready to eat at their midday meal more of the vegetables they usually refuse and which are so abundant in Germany.

### SAN MIGUEL FIRST

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—San Miguel county was the first to remit its January tax receipts to Santa Treasurer O. N. Marron, \$2,313.76 being received today. Mora county came second with \$1,156.98.

## CERTIFICATES OF TEACHERS ARE ISSUED

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION BE-  
SIEGED BY APPLICANTS  
FOR POSITIONS

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 3.—Certification of teachers is the main work of the state board of education now in session at the capitol, and the applications of about 20 teachers were passed on yesterday afternoon and this morning. There are many more for consideration. All of the members of the board are present. Professor E. L. Enloe, of Silver City, was acting chairman at the morning session. The others present were Professor C. C. Hill, of Roswell; Bonifacio Montoya of Bernalillo, Sandoval county; J. L. G. Swinney, of San Juan county, and Alvan N. White, state superintendent of public instruction, who is the secretary. Governor McDonald is president of the board.

The board announced today the granting of the following certificates:

Miss Adella Bender, Alamogordo three year professional on removal of conditions; Miss Marguerite Louise Bernard, Las Vegas, five year professional on removal of conditions; Miss Carrie Boone, Hurley, first grade certificate, special case; Miss Bessie Cavanaugh, Hillsboro, life certificate; Mrs. Florence B. Clark, Acme, life certificate; Miss Emma C. Curtis, Sioux Falls, North Dakota, five year professional on removal of conditions; Miss Marie Espinosa, Albuquerque, five year professional on removal of conditions or life certificate on removal of conditions and one additional unit; Miss Martha Ede, Deming, five year professional; Miss Constance Fenton Boulder, Colo., three year professional on removal of conditions; Miss Pearl Fletcher, Alamogordo, three year professional on removal of conditions; Miss Jose Gooding, Deming, life certificate on removal of conditions; Miss Lillian Gertrude Huggett, Lordsburg, life certificate; Benjamin F. Kasler, Dayton, life certificate on showing proof of six years' teaching in high school or college above eighth grade; W. N. Kelsey, Artesia, three year professional on removal of conditions.

### Sale of School Books

A communication was received by the board from Albert Stern, representing Charles Ilfeld, who has had the contract to distribute the books for the schools of this state. He makes a statement concerning the total sales from June 15, 1911, to January 1, 1915, which amounted to \$116,629.42 for the books of the first eight grades. Deducting \$9,000 worth of books now on hand, the total sales amount to \$107,629.42 for that period. There are 61,167 pupils in the first eight grades to be supplied. As Mr. Ilfeld receives but 10 per cent of the sales, it is estimated that his gross income per year will not exceed \$2,600 to \$2,700. Out of this he must pay office help, it is claimed. No Fortune, Claimed

"The idea that a fortune is made each year distributing school books in this state is simply absurd," said one of the members of the board this afternoon. And yet that idea has gained credence in certain parts of New Mexico. Were it not for the sale of other articles, Mr. Ilfeld could not afford to handle the books at 10 per cent and pay clerk hire and office rent."

### TO SUPPRESS FRENCH

Berlin, Feb. 3.—The German military authorities in Alsace-Lorraine have just decided to take steps for the further suppression of the French language in business affairs in the Reichsland, and the substitution of German in its place. The commanders of the four army corps stationed there have issued a decree prohibiting the use of French on signs and placards posted on the streets, on the inner or outer walls of shops or other places of business. Bills, receipts, letterheads and other business forms must be in the German language; books must be kept exclusively in that language, and only in German money. Metz and several towns in upper Alsace are exempted from the decree.

### AID FOR WIDOWS SOUGHT

Newark, N. J., Feb. 3.—The State Association of Overseers of the Poor meet here today, and voted to ask the legislature to amend and simplify the laws governing relief of the poor. A change in the widows pension law is advocated, so that delay in relief will be lessened. It is also proposed to change the name of "overseers of the poor" to "commissioners of public charities."

### MUDGE'S FRIEND DEAD

Word was received here today of the death of Edward B. Bartlett a veteran employe of the Santa Fe railroad widely known in this city and all along the Santa Fe. He was a close friend of H. U. Mudge, president of the Rock Island system and former general manager of the Santa Fe. He was the man who trained Mudge in his first work as a railroader.

Bartlett was 75 years old and entered the service of the Santa Fe in 1870 as station agent at Carbondale, Kas. Two years later Mudge, then a boy of 16, became water carrier for a section gang operating in the Carbondale neighborhood. Bartlett was attracted by the boy, and taught him telegraphy.

Mudge learned rapidly, and before long he was made night operator at Carbondale. For several years he boarded at Bartlett's home. In 1900 Bartlett was made right of way man out of Topeka. In 1911 his headquarters was made Amarillo. He was a frequent visitor to this city.

With the first of the year Bartlett was retired on a pension. He had been in poor health for several months, but his condition did not become alarming until four days before his death. He underwent an operation from which he failed to rally. He was buried last Thursday at Burlington, Kansas.

### WYOMING DODGES IT

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 3.—The Wyoming senate today indefinitely postponed consideration of a bill for the submission of a statewide prohibition constitutional amendment.

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

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Senator Barth declares that the only reason he does not amount to a great deal in the state senate is because of Charles A. Spiess. This goes to show that there are various ways by which things may be explained.

## THE TIGHTWAD TIMES

The Springer Times objects to the accumulation of wealth—at least as much as a million dollars—by any man or set of men. The Times is perfectly safe in making such an assertion, for whoever heard of a newspaper making as much as a million dollars? Here is what the Times says:

We may talk of justice and her charms, but it is needless for us to hope to obtain any semblance to it so long as we permit one man or set of men to accumulate a million dollars. When we find a nation full of multimillionaires, we may rest assured that its economic structure is permeated with unsoundness and diametrically opposed to every law of right.

## CAN CARRANZA STICK?

And still the Mexican carousal continues to revolve. Each time it goes around it usually brings up another provisional president, who continues to provisionally preside in the capital for a few weeks and then does his provisional presiding in some safer section of the republic.

The carousal this time surprised everybody by bringing Provisional President Carranza back into the possession of the capital—at least his commanding general took the place, and Carranza announced that he would go there from Vera Cruz at once. With the rapidity with which provisional presidents have been assuming the chair in Mexico during the past few weeks, one may expect one or two to be seated and unseated before Carranza arrives in the capital. Just at present it looks as though the "first chief" was in the ascendancy, but as long as Francisco Ferocious Villa is alive and on the job, he is likely to have trouble in holding the supremacy.

The advent of the man in Mexico who is strong enough to keep order is greatly to be desired. If Carranza can do it let him have the support

and good wishes of everybody. If Villa can accomplish it, let him get control at once. Conditions in Mexico are deplorable and he who restores order and guarantee to every citizen protection in his property and personal rights and the privilege of worshipping according to his conscience will be welcomed, both by Mexicans and citizens of the United States who wish to see carnage and rapine in the southern republic come to an end.

## SAFETY IN MINING INDUSTRY

The report of the director of the bureau of mines for the year ended June 30, 1914, which has just appeared, shows a constant increase in the safety of workmen engaged in mining, though the loss of life is still great. During the year more than 3,500 men were killed and more than 100,000 injured in this industry. It is believed that one-half of the fatalities and three-quarters of the injuries were easily preventable, and much of the estimated twelve millions of money loss ultimately paid by the consumers should have been saved. Among the causes assigned for these casualties are mine explosions and mine fires, many of which were caused indirectly by electrical apparatus; the improper use of explosives and the use of improper explosives, directly or indirectly the cause of a large proportion of the fatal accidents, among which are accidents to shot firers; and injury to the health of the miners from poisonous gases given off by improper ventilation of the mines. The last is said to be true particularly of the metal mines, statutory provisions in regard to ventilation in the metal mining states being incomplete and inadequate, with no efficient system of ventilation generally in force. Although improvement has been made, there is still necessity for more extensive use of safety appliances. It is said that during the past five years through lack of such appliances more than 3,500 men have been killed and 20,000 seriously injured. To prevent injury to shot firers it is recommended that shots be fired by electricity from the outside of the mine and not in the present careless manner. The bureau has not only attempted to prevent coal

dust explosions, but also has devised means in the form of barriers loaded with stone dust for stopping such explosions after they have started, localizing them to the part of the mine in which they originate and thus saving miners in other parts. Improvements in explosives have also been made through the introduction of new types of low temperature, quick flame powders which may be used in the more dangerous mines. Instruction in mine safety and mine rescue work has continued, and the total number of miners trained by the bureau has now reached 25,000. First aid stations have been established at hundreds of mines. The report says the states spend more money than the government for improvement in mining conditions, and the bureau complains that its work is handicapped by insufficient funds.

## REPUBLICANS ADOPT NEW PLAN

Secretary James B. Reynolds of the republican national committee today announced that the new plan of representation in the next republican national convention, proposed by the republican national committee, had been approved by states representing 290 electoral votes, some 25 more than necessary under the conditions made by the national committee, and will be put in effect when the committee meets to arrange for the next national convention.

Secretary Reynolds' statement says: "At a meeting of the committee, held in Washington in December, 1913, it was decided that the basis of representation should be changed, if republican state conventions in states representing a majority of the votes in the electoral colleges, which would be equivalent to the majority of delegates in the national convention, should authorize the change. At that time the following resolution was passed:

"Confident that the action of this committee, representing, as it does, the practically unanimous sentiment of the republican voters of the various states, will be ratified and be made effective,

"Be it resolved, that this committee shall issue the call for delegates to the national convention, to be held in the year 1916, to nominate candidates for president and vice president, in accordance with the following basis of representation:

"Each state shall be entitled in such convention to four delegates at large;

"Two additional delegates at large for each representative at large in congress elected from any state entitled to one or more additional representatives in congress under the apportionment made in accordance with the last census, but in which state no new congressional district has been provided by law;

"One delegate from each congressional district;

"An additional delegate for each congressional district in which the vote for any republican elector in 1908, or for the republican nominee for congress in 1914, shall have been not less than seven thousand five hundred (7,500);

"Provided, however, that the total number of delegates to which any state is entitled shall be chosen from

the state at large if the law of the state in which the election occurs so prescribes; and

"Provided, further, that in the case of any state electing all representatives in congress from the state at large, such state shall be entitled to as many delegates, elected at large, as though the state were divided into separate congressional districts."

The resolution also provides for alternates; delegates from the District of Columbia, Alaska and the insular possessions; and the approval of the new system in such number of states as are entitled to cast a majority of the votes in the present electoral college.

Mr. Reynolds' statement further says: "The states that formally ratified this plan, and the electoral votes that they represent, are as follows:

"Arkansas, 9; California, 13; Colorado, 6; Connecticut, 7; Idaho, 4; Illinois, 29; Indiana, 15; Maine, 6; Massachusetts, 18; Michigan, 15; Missouri, 18; New Jersey, 14; New York, 45; North Carolina, 12; Ohio, 24; Oklahoma, 10; Rhode Island, 5; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Vermont, 4; Washington, 7; West Virginia, 8.

"There were, in addition to these, several states which were in favor of the plan, but which held no state convention during 1914."

The membership of the next national convention, in accordance with the above plan, has not yet been worked out in detail by states, as this requires a canvass of the votes in each congressional district, in order to determine the additional delegates to be allowed. The result by states will be made known later by the national committee.

The statement further says: "The official returns that have been compiled by the republican national committee show that on national issues the vote of the country in November was: Republican, 5,915,270; Democratic, 5,752,580; Progressive, 1,474,243."

This compilation was made on the vote for United States senators and Representatives in congress, and not on the vote for governors or other state officers.

## COAL IS DISCOVERED

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—That coal has been discovered in the Black range, Sierra county, is the report received here today. Ben Kinsey and P. H. D. Bendix are credited with the discovery of a coal vein that can be traced for two miles near Kingston. The strata ranges from a few inches to three feet in thickness and samples of coal taken from it burn freely in a stove. A dry concentrator is to be erected on the old smelter site at Kingston for the testing of ores. The Deadwood Mining company will start its mill on April 1, making the third mill in operation in the Mogollon district.

## OHIO FARMERS GATHER

Columbus, O., Feb. 1.—A five-day convention of Ohio farmers was opened here today for the discussion of crop conditions and rural subjects. Agricultural committees from chambers of commerce are co-operating, and a goodly representation was present from the rural districts. Lectures and exhibits have been provided, and many topics have been assigned to

# EQUALIZATION BOARD'S FIGURES FOR 1914 TO BE USED IN 1915

**House, by Adopting a Substitute for the Senate Measure, Sends the Act on Its Way to the Statute Books—Judiciary Committee of the Upper Branch of the State Legislature Reports on Thirteen Proposed Laws.**

(Special to The Optic)

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 2.—A lively debate occurred in the house of representatives yesterday afternoon upon the adoption of a majority report by the judiciary committee on Senate bill No. 3, introduced in the senate the second day of the session and designed to protect the state revenues, by extending through 1915 the assessed valuations established by the state board of equalization for 1914. The house committee brought in a house substitute for the senate bill, extending its provisions to include all classes of property and excepting only real estate and providing for the extension of the final valuation order for 1914, as established by the equalization board.

A minority report, signed only by Judge Swan, democrat, sought to amend the bill so as to make it include real estate, stocks of goods and specifically coal lands. Judge Hewitt, the minority leader, concurred in the majority report. This was finally adopted by a vote of 31 to 11, after an extended debate between Judge Mann, supporting the bill, and Judge Swan in behalf of his minority report. Judge Swan's contention was that in not specifically covering real estate, stocks of goods, etc., the bill left the 1915 assessment subject to the power of any assessor without restriction and was therefore dangerous.

Judge Mann contended and showed in his argument that the bill went as far as the legislature properly could, within its constitutional powers, it being his argument that the legislature had no power to equalize property values for taxation and that it could only go as far as the board of equalization had gone. He contended that the assessment for 1915 was as fully protected under the terms of the bill as it would have been had the state board of equalization itself extended its 1914 valuation basis to cover 1915.

The bill is on the house calendar for passage today and probably will pass without opposition. The senate probably will accept the house substitute thus providing for the assessment of 1915 or until a new taxation and revenue system has been provided.

## New Bills in the Senate

New bills introduced in the senate yesterday afternoon in their order are as follows:

Senate bill No. 76, by Mr. Holt and Mr. Ifield, an act to amend section 97 of the laws of 1901 relative to the compensation of official stenographers. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 77, by Mr. Holt, to amend sections 402 and 403 of the compiled laws, relative to the cancellations of bonds and coupons. Committee on finance.

Senate bill No. 78, by Mr. Alldredge,

to amend section 3224 of the compiled laws relating to the election of justices of the peace. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 79, by Mr. Crampton, to amend sections 64 and 79 of the laws of 1905 relative to the formation of mining corporations. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 80, by Mr. Crampton to amend sections 1, 3, 16, 19, 20, 34, 35, 41, 47, 52 of chapter 57 of the civil code adopted in 1905. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 81, by Mr. Crampton, relative to the selection of presidential electors. This is an act proposed in the senate in the last session and which failed to pass the house and which provides the manner of choosing presidential electors, similar to that in a majority of the states. Committee on privileges and elections.

Senate bill No. 82, by Mr. Crampton, to amend section 1 of chapter 31 laws of 1912, relative to interest to be charged by brokers. Committee on banks and banking.

Senate bill No. 83, Mr. Navarro, an act to provide for locating disputed boundaries between counties. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 84, by Mr. Evans an act to amend section 3225 of the compiled laws. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 85, by Mr. Barth, an act creating the hall of justice commission and providing for the erection of a hall of justice, the issuance of \$50,000 bonds therefor and for other purposes. Committee on finance.

Senate bill No. 86, by Mr. Alldredge an act providing for rewards for persons extradited to other states. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 87, by Mr. Alldredge, an act referring to the liability of common carriers on railroads. Committee on railroads.

Senate bill No. 88, by Mr. Walton an act relative to trial by jury in justice courts. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 89, by Mr. Walton an act providing for free text books. Committee on education.

Senate bill No. 90, by Mr. Ifield, an act fixing the fees to be charged by probate clerks and the keeping of probate court dockets. Committee on judiciary.

Senate bill No. 91, by Mr. Holt, to amend section 2 of chapter 67 of the laws of 1913 relating to the election of boards of education in incorporated cities and towns. Committee on education.

Senate bill No. 92, by Mr. Holt, defining the duties and providing the form and amount of bond to be given by secretaries and treasurers of all state boards for state educational and other institutions. Committee on finance.

Senate bill No. 93, by Mr. Holt, an act to prevent the spread of Johnson grass. Committee on live stock.

Senate bill No. 94 by Mr. Laughren, an act providing for the disposition and care of the funds received from the sale of state lands. Committee on public lands.

## Senate Judiciary Committee Busy

The senate judiciary committee, of which Senator Crampton of Colfax county is chairman, is easily the busiest committee in the legislature and is turning out more completed work. In its second long report, presented yesterday afternoon, this committee brought in 13 bills, with favorable reports on a majority of them. Senator Evans' three veteran measures providing for the regulation of corporations and trusts, for regulation of hours of employment of females and preventing marriage of negroes with whites, for the third time were killed by the judiciary committee. The bills reported favorably, and placed on the calendar included:

Senate bill No. 67, by Mr. Holt, relating to elections for bonded indebtedness in incorporated cities and towns, for school purposes.

Senate bill No. 56, making the state supreme court the governing board of the state library.

Senate bill No. 24, by Mr. Navarro further defining libel and relating to libels against religious orders.

Senate bill No. 58, changing a common law rule regarding contempt, a bill by Senator Hinkle.

Senate bill No. 61, by Mr. Holt amending section 34 of chapter 79 laws of 1905 relating to payment of dividends by corporations.

Senate bill No. 63, by Mr. Holt amending the road bond law of 1912.

Senate bill No. 64, by Mr. Holt, to amend the law relative to service of writs of venire.

Senate bill No. 65, by Mr. Holt, relative to the recording of seals.

Senate bill No. 66, by Mr. Holt, prohibiting the unlawful appropriation of electric current, water and gas or the tampering with meters.

Senate bill No. 68, by Mr. Holt, relating to the procedure in condemnation proceedings by cities and towns.

Senate bill No. 69, by Mr. Holt, relating to exemptions of property from taxation, subject to landlord's liens.

The senate yesterday afternoon passed a senate resolution, similar to that passed in the house, to provide the members of the senate with copies of the compilation of the Spanish archives, prepared by R. E. Twitchell.

## New Bills in the House

The following new bills were introduced in the house yesterday afternoon:

House bill No. 113, Mr. Martinez providing for the appointment of indigent students to state educational institutions.

House bill No. 114, Mr. Martinez and Mr. Trujillo, to further amend section 1555 of compiled laws, changing the minimum and maximum age for compulsory education. Judiciary.

House bill No. 115, Mr. Skidmore authorizing the corporation commission to regulate the manner of manning passenger and freight trains, fixing a maximum number of cars for each. Committee on railroads.

House bill No. 116, Mr. Skidmore making it unlawful for any person or persons to influence employees in their participation in politics. State af-

fairs.

House bill No. 117, Mr. Sandoval, an act regulating the duties of sheep inspectors. Committee on livestock.

House bill No. 118, Mr. Skidmore, an act to prevent the drinking of intoxicating liquors on passenger trains. State affairs.

House bill No. 119, Mr. Lucero, an act to amend section 15, chapter 7, laws of 1909, relating to common schools. Education.

House bill No. 120, Mr. Medina, an act for the teaching of the Spanish language in certain localities and providing that it shall be taught in one of the branches or normal schools. Education.

House bill No. 121, Mr. Sandoval, an act fixing fees of justices of the peace in certain cases. Judiciary.

House bill No. 12, Mr. Bryant, an act providing for the holding of elections to determine salaries of county officers. Finance.

House bill No. 123, Mr. Black, by request, an act to amend section 6 of chapter 120 laws of 1909. Judiciary.

House bill No. 124, Mr. Black, an act to require inspection and registration of stallions or jacks. Livestock.

House bill No. 125, Mr. Gallegos, an act to appropriate money from general funds for construction of a bridge near village of San Ildefonso, Santa Fe county, across the Rio Grande. Ways and Means.

House bill No. 126, Mr. Ortiz, an act to amend section 2 chapter 5 laws of 1909 relative to county seats, County and county lines.

House bill No. 127, Mr. Renehan, an act fixing salaries of county officers and deputies. This is the 26-county classification bill with salaries for each county left blank.

House bill No. 128, Mr. Renehan, an act classifying counties and fixing salaries. Mr. Renehan's four class salary bill.

House bill No. 129, Mr. Renehan, an act to supervise and regulate the sale and purchase of stock of corporations. Corporations.

House bill No. 130, Mr. Renehan, an act to amend section 2127, compiled laws, to impose on foreign insurance corporations the same burdens as their home states impose on New Mexico companies. Insurance.

House bill No. 131, Mr. Sena, an act to correct certain abuses. Judiciary.

House bill No. 132, Mr. Chaves y Luna, an act to better regulate railroad service and providing uniform charges for transportation of passengers and freight. Railroads.

House bill No. 133, Mr. Tharp, an act to amend section 3, chapter 36 laws of 1907. Judiciary.

House bill No. 134, Mr. Reinberg, an act to appropriate \$12,000 for expenses and maintenance of the National Guard and state armory. Military affairs.

## Bills Passed by the House

In addition to House bill No. 1, by Montoya of Bernalillo county, abolishing the \$3 head tax for road purposes, the house yesterday afternoon cleaned up its calendar by passing the following bills:

House bill No. 20, by Representative Black, was passed. This is an act to amend the twenty-sixth chapter, section 1, of the laws of 1909 relative to the sale of a portion of a stock of merchandise other than in the ordinary course of business.

## ALLEGED CATTLE THIEVES ARE CAUGHT

CHIEF OF POLICE COLES ARRESTS MEN AT THE MUZZLE OF SHOTGUN

Arrested at 1 o'clock this morning on complaint of Clemente Padilla for larceny of cattle belonging to his brother, Francisco D. Padilla, Jose Martinez and Tranquilino Baca were arraigned this morning before Justice of the Peace D. R. Murray at the city hall and held to await the action of the grand jury under \$2,000 bail each. It is not probable, it is said, that the men will be able to arrange bond. The men are charged with having stolen a black bull from Francisco D. Padilla, a resident of Hot Springs. When arrested they had in their possession a red and white spotted bull whose ownership is unknown to the police, it is asserted.

Clemente Padilla and Francisco Padilla missed several head of cattle a short time ago. The police have been on the lookout for them and for the persons who stole them. Chief Ben Coles of the East side police department got on the track of the missing cattle and discovered that they would be taken to the store of Sol Jacoby some time during last night. According to the story told by Coles, he went to the store at 7:30 o'clock last night and hid. Shortly after 12 o'clock, said the chief, Martinez and Baca approached the ranch with two bulls in their possession. They placed them in the barn, then went to the store, 1008 Sulzbacher avenue, entering the back door. Coles went to the front door and entered, meeting the men.

"Put up your hands," said the chief, emphasizing the request by aiming a doublebarreled sawed off shot gun at them. The men rapidly "reached" and Coles took them into custody. He relieved Martinez of a .44 caliber six-shooter that was loaded and ready for business.

In justice court today the men were defended by Rafael Gallegos and Luis Armijo. District Attorney Charles W. G. Ward appeared for the state. It is said that Rafael Gallegos has declared he would have Sol Jacoby, one of the witnesses for the state, arrested for conspiracy.

Chief Coles says that there will be more arrests in the near future, if the cattle belonging to the Padilla brothers are not returned. The chief wishes The Optic to announce that the owner of the red and white spotted bull should appear and lay claim to his animal.

### BOOK IS APPROVED

"Roberts' History and Civics of New Mexico," the new text book by Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts and Colonel Ralph Twitchell, fills a long felt want and meets with general approval of leading educators of the state.

Although on the market four months the entire first edition has been sold and the second edition is just off the press. The publishers have brought

the book up to date by making such changes as were made necessary by the recent amendments to the constitution.

### LUCKLY SLINGSBY

London, Feb. 3.—The probate court decided today that the son of Charles E. Slingsby is the legitimate heir to the \$500,000 baronial property of the Slingsby family in Yorkshire.

The judge said that after an exhaustive review of the evidence he had come to the conclusion that Mrs. Slingsby had given birth to this child on September 1, 1910, in McAllister street, San Francisco, and that the statement that she had put forth an other child as her own was untrue and invented for the purpose of the case.

### SOUTH AFRICANS SURRENDER

Pretoria, Feb. 4 (via London).—The rebel leader Bezuidenhout and the so called "prophet" Vankesburg surrendered to the British forces with Lieutenant Colonel Kemp, it was officially announced today.

The command which gave up its arms also included 48 officers and 500 burghers. The rebels capitulated at Vpington.

The announcement says additional surrenders are expected tonight, and that Lieutenant S. G. Maritz and his men probably will give themselves up before the end of the week.

### NORDICA'S LONESOME END

New York, Feb. 4.—One of the most complicated will cases in the history of the New Jersey courts is that of Lillian Nordica, who died on Thursday island, while on a tour of the world leaving two wills. In the second will made just before her death, she cut off her husband, who is seeking to have the first will recognized. Complication arises as to whether she lived legally in New York or New Jersey. And, further, it may be necessary to investigate the circumstances of the will which she made on Thursday Island just before her death.

The most pathetic letters that a great star has ever written are those of Nordica to her husband. The woman who for so many years had been idolized in America and Europe, passed much of her time in utter loneliness, facing the prospect of failure on her world tour. "They say hope springs eternal," she wrote, "but in my case I find I have lost heart and faith, and only can plod along day after day, only too happy when night comes, and I count one day less to live on this earth."

### BIG MASONIC FIESTA

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—Chief Justice C. I. Roberts, State Senator Crampton and other legislators are to be among the host that will take the higher degrees at the Scottish Rite reunion which begins at Santa Fe on February 22, the class being one of the most distinguished that ever gathered from every corner of the state for the occasion. Scores of Masons who already have the degrees are expected to attend from this and neighboring states, bringing with them their families. A banquet will be given each noon and on the evening of the last day of the reunion a dance and musicale will take place. An at home will be given for the visiting ladies on one or more afternoons.

## SCHOOL CHILDREN TO ENTER ART CONTEST

WOMEN OF SANTA FE ENCOURAGE ADVANCEMENT OF COUNTRY PUPILS

Santa Fe, Feb. 2.—Sixty-six prizes are offered by the Santa Fe Woman's club and local merchants for domestic science and manual arts exhibits at the display to be made this month in the National Guard armory by the rural schools of the county. Forty-three booths will be erected and not one district will be without an exhibit. Every article to be displayed must be useful and rigid censorship is being exercised as the space is insufficient for the exhibits already prepared, although the auditorium is one of the largest in the state. Every teacher of the county will be in attendance and the Santa Fe Woman's club plans a luncheon for them. They are to have the time of their lives and Santa Fe hospitality is to be forever a vivid remembrance to them.

The women of the state are imbued with the idea that the teacher is the most important person of the commonwealth, judged both by present attainments and future results and that the county school superintendent is their general, upon whose generalship depends very much whether the battle against ignorance, illiteracy, is to be won now or a decade hence. The general should have a general's pay and certainly as much as a mere county treasurer or county clerk, with nothing but clerical duties and ample allowance for deputies.

In Santa Fe county, for instance, it is due to the county school superintendent that 42 modern school houses were built the past year each equipped with domestic science and manual training rooms; it is he who is placing a public library in each school house, is arranging for night schools in every district so that the parents may learn to read, write and "figger," it is he who is increasing the earning powers of the coming generation by at least 100 per cent and who first advocated the minimum seven months school term. What other official, be it treasurer, clerk, sheriff, has done one-tenth as much for the people or the commonwealth? And why should he not be paid at least as much as these other officials? is the question that the women, the mothers of the school children are asking legislators.

### WHAT THACKERAY THOUGHT

New York, Feb. 4.—In a big collection of original letters and manuscripts of William Makepeace Thackeray, which were put up at auction here today, is an interesting letter written by the great author during his lecture tour of America.

"I received your kind letter at Washington, where I passed some three weeks pleasantly enough. I saw the two presidents (they came together to my lecture) and dined at the White House in the reign of the late

sovereign, Mr. Fillmore. Then I went away into Virginia, crossing the pretty Rappahannock (where you know the Esmond family had their large estates.) It gave me a queer sensation to see the place, and I fancied the story was actually true for a minute or two—and that one might ride over yonder hills and come upon the old Mansion House, where the little colonel lived with his jealous wife—I have come away from the south not so horrified as perhaps I ought to be with slavery, which in the towns is not by any means a horrifying institution. It is the worst economy, slavery, that can be, the clumsiest and most costly domestic and agricultural machine that ever was devised. Uncle Tom's Cabin and the tirades of the abolitionists may not destroy it, but common sense infallibly will before long. The luxury of New York is prodigious; and surely Solomon in all his glory or the Queen of Sheba when she came to visit him was not arrayed so magnificently as those New York damsels."

### CANADIAN PARLIAMENT MEETS

Ottawa, Ontario, Feb. 4.—When Canadian parliament today opened its session, the principal business on the minds of each of the members was the appropriation of additional war funds. Fifty millions have already been voted, and it is expected that \$100,000,000 more will be appropriated immediately. The session will be confined almost exclusively to legislation connected with the war, such as tariff changes to raise additional revenue, and appropriations for the expeditionary forces. It is believed that a stamp tax will be formulated and adopted to raise additional war revenue, patterned after the new tax now in force in the United States.

## NO. 7 TO CARRY THE WESTBOUND MAILS

POSTAL DEPARTMENT GIVES NOTICE OF CHANGE IN THE SERVICE

The East Las Vegas postoffice has received a communication from the postal department at Washington, stating that mail service on Santa Fe train No. 3 after February 7 will be transferred to train No. 7. On account of a change in the time card of the railroad, No. 7 will run ahead of the westbound limited, reaching Las Vegas at 5:10 o'clock in the morning. No. 7 will make mail connections with all points between Las Vegas and Albuquerque. The change will not have much effect on the local mails, the only difference being that the morning mail will arrive in town a little earlier.

### MODERN DANCES BARRED

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—The Woman's Board of Trade at its weekly meeting yesterday, decided to give the annual charity ball on February 11, at the Scottish Rite cathedral, preferably, providing that the board of directors of the cathedral, Supreme Court Justice R. H. Hanna, John W. Mayes, Harry S. Bowman, E. R. Paul and Melvin T. Dunleavy lift the ban on modern dances.



# GOLF WILL GET YOU IF YOU TRY IT

IF YOU WOULD NOT BE A DEVOTEE OF THE GAME, LEAVE THE CLUBS ALONE

Since the golf fever is beginning to take hold in Las Vegas the devotees of the links will be interested in the following dissertation on the game, by Frank G. Menke in the Denver Post:

Golf will getcha if you don't watch out. Spoof the game if you wish; call it senseless, childish and a lot of other things along the same line. But don't tempt Fate by clutching a club and taking even one swipe at the ball. If you do you are lost forever to the anti-golfing clan.

Golf is a game whose devotees are made up largely of men who used to think that of all the silly games golf was the silliest. They jeered at the golfers, they ridiculed the game. And then one day they got a club in their palms, took a swing at the ball—and now they are golfing fiends.

Golf is unlike any other athletic game. The golfing fever attacks you the very second that you take your first swing. Other games, like tennis, baseball, bowling, hockey, football, must be played often before it becomes something of a mania. But golf is different.

Why does golf ensnare with the rapidity of a drug? That's a question that no man ever has been able to answer satisfactorily. But it does.

When you take the first swing at the golf ball one of three things happens. You miss the ball altogether, you hit it a mile or so after meeting it squarely, or you "top" it and send it dribbling for a distance of only a few feet. In any case the fever attacks you and you are a victim.

If you should happen to get in a mighty drive you become all puffed up over your skill. "Luck?" Not a bit. That drive you made just shows that you knew what you were talking about when you said that it was a silly, childish game. What's that? The other fellows insist it was luck and that you can't duplicate that shot on your next try? Well, you'll show 'em. And you take another swipe.

And from that time on golf ensnares you.

Probably, like thousands of others, you miss the ball completely on the first swing and plow up a yard of earth behind or alongside the ball. That fizzle is the means of enslaving you because, you argue with yourself, that your miss was a bit of bad luck—and nothing else. The game seems so simple in your mind that you can't figure out that it needs skill to meet that ball squarely and fully. So you lay it to bad luck—or to accident.

Missing the first swing puts you on your mettle. You take another swing to convince everybody, including yourself, that it's an easy matter to hit that ball and drive it over the hills and far away. Chances are that you'll "top" your ball. The second failure

exasperates you more. You keep on trying—and by the time that you've met the ball the way it should be met, the golf fever will be raging in your veins. You're a victim.

Golf looks like a simple game. To the outsider it seems like the simplest of tricks to soak that little ball of rubber and hammer it far off into space. But all things aren't as they seem to be. And golf is one of these.

## TAPIA TO TEACH

Manuel Tapia, an old-timer in Santa Rosa, who suffered a stroke of paralysis about a year ago, left this week for the home of Theodore Gonzales, about 12 miles north of Cuervo, where he will teach a private school. Tapia is a good Spanish scholar, and knows more of the English language than many whose mother tongue it is.—Santa Rosa Sun.

Tapia formerly was in the employ of The Optic several years ago, and was known as a remarkably good printer.

## PAPER CHANGES HANDS

Santa Fe, Feb. 3.—Announcement is made that the Carrizozo Outlook again changed management yesterday, Thomas O. Luster succeeding Denny & Osborn as manager, having bought the plant, real estate and good will from the owner, William Kahler, Sr.

## INTERESTING LECTURE

Last night at the Y. M. C. A. Dr. Edwin O. Jordan of the department of bacteriology of Chicago University, lectured on "Germs as Friends and Foes." This was the first Santa Fe railroad reading room entertainment of the season. About 75 persons were present. Dr. Jordan showed some interesting slides, depicting the discovery and growth of bacteria and their effect upon the start of disease. He discussed the methods of vaccination by the serum from an infected animal to render persons immune from the ravages of the more prevalent troubles. His talk was interesting and instructive.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mrs. Jordan gave an informal talk to the ladies. The Jordans spent the day here. They will leave tonight on train No. 9 for Winslow, Ariz., where they will appear tomorrow night.

## STOCK BREEDERS ORGANIZE

Sanford, Fla., Feb. 3.—The Seminole county fair opened here today, and so great is its success that it will be made an annual event. Four days will be devoted to the fair, and there are all sorts of attractions and a big number of visitors. The principal gathering for the fair is that of livestock men from all sections of Florida, who will meet tomorrow and organize the Florida Live Stock association. Tomorrow will be live stock day, and experts from the experiment station at Gainesville will speak.

## LOUISVILLE GAMBLERS IN COURT

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 4.—The first of the long list of trials of gamblers in Louisville to be tried this month, were called today by Judge James P. Gregory in the criminal court. The men are accused of making hard books on the horse races, and have been indicted by the grand jury.

# FIELDING GOT A WELCOME IN PHOENIX

THE MAYOR, THE BAND AND THE "PEEPUL" WERE AT THE STATION

The following account of the reception given to Romaine Fielding and his company of Lubin players upon their arrival at Phoenix, Ariz., will be of interest to Las Vegans. The clipping is from a motion picture magazine:

There was a welcome awaiting Romaine Fielding and his company of 21 Lubin people on their arrival at Phoenix, Arizona, the like of which perhaps, has never before been experienced by a film producing company entering a city for the first time. The Lubin folk were in a private Pullman and arrived over the Southern Pacific at 10 o'clock Friday morning. More than 500 Phoenicians were at the train to extend the glad hand. Among these were: Mayor George U. Young, Secretary T. D. Shaughnessy, of the state fair commission; Secretary Welch, of the board of trade; J. J. Sweeney, Wayland Wood and other important business and political men of the city and state. Dr. F. H. Redwell's regimental band, the most famous band in the state and one which will perform at the Panama exposition, was also at the station and played as the train pulled in.

Studios for the company will be established at the state fair grounds which have been donated for the occasion by the state fair commission. However, pictures will be taken at the state prison at Florence, the state asylum and other institutions and locations in this section. A two-reel feature, started around the railroad station in Philadelphia, will be completed in Phoenix at once. Written by Mr. Fielding, it is entitled "Wes, Two Thousand Miles." The company worked on the picture on the train en route to Phoenix and there will be incorporated in the picture both eastern and western scenery.

Phoenix is to be the first stop in the world tour scheduled for the Lubin's star producer and his company. The winter months will be spent here after which the company will move on to California and then to the Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Fielding feels particularly at home in the southwestern town in that he is a member of the local Shrine.

## FIRE IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Practically every piece of fire fighting apparatus in "the loop" responded today to an alarm from the Kaiserhof hotel, whose upper stories were attacked by a fire that routed guests from their beds. The flames were kept within the eighth and the top floor, and shortly afterwards were under control without having spread to adjoining buildings.

## NOYES AND GUNS AT PRINCETON

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 3.—Alfred Noyes, the noted English poet, will

not be detained in England on account of the war, but will take up this month his duties at Princeton as visiting professor in English. The university may have a course of military instructions during the coming term. The students have petitioned the faculty, and it is said the course will be begun this month.

## NINE MEN BURNED

King, Pa., Feb. 3.—Nine men were burned to death and six others were seriously injured in a fire which early today destroyed the sleeping house of the Tionesta Chemical company at Mayburg, Forest county.

## SCHUEBEL SAT UPON

Salem, Ore., Feb. 3.—By an almost unanimous vote the Oregon house today defeated a resolution introduced by Representative Chris Schuebel, providing that there be submitted to a vote of the people a constitutional amendment making it unlawful for aliens to own land in the state. The house killed another bill by Schuebel, providing for submission to the voters of an amendment repealing a constitutional provision giving white foreigners the same rights with regard to property as nativeborn citizens.

## NO LEPERS HERE

Santa Fe, Feb. 2.—Governor McDonald today was officially informed that the California board of health in its petition to congress for the establishment of a leprosorium, asks that such an institution take care of the lepers of California, Oregon, Washington, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona and Hawaii. However, New Mexico has no lepers. Its altitude, salubrity and general climatic conditions do not permit leprosy to develop. For that reason an effort was made some years ago to establish a sanitarium for lepers at Fort Stanton over the protest of New Mexico's delegate in congress.

## SCHOOLS NOT CHANGED

Berlin, Feb. 3.—War has made very little change in the aspect of the 310 public schools of Berlin, which continue their educational work without interruption. Of the 5,000 men teachers a large percentage was called to the colors and of them over 100 have been killed or have died of their wounds. Their places in the schools have been taken for the most part by temporary substitutes, many of them women, but in some cases it has been found necessary to unite classes. The high schools and the university have been more severely affected, as 1,500 university students were of military age and many high school boys enlisted as volunteers. The total number of students entered at the university for the current winter was 8,035 instead of over 10,000 as in times of peace. Women students number 900, about the same figure as usual.

An old-timer sends in a baseball lineup from the veterans of 12 seasons: Mathewson, Plank and Hess, pitchers; Bresnahan and Dooan, catchers; Lajoie, first; Evers, second; Wagner, short; Wallace, third; Callahan, left; Leach, center and Crawford, right.

In Ohio the cities are compelled to supply clothing to poor children, says the attorney general.

# SUPERINTENDENT TO GET LIBERAL SALARY

MOVEMENT IS ON FOOT TO SECURE GOOD PAY FOR EDUCATORS

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—The question of salaries for county school superintendents is creating trouble among the legislators. There are a few who maintain that it is the most important office of all and that salaries of superintendents should be the equal of those of the best paid county officials. The great majority, however, do not look at it in that way. As one politician voiced it today:

"The office of county school superintendent in our county does not bring us anything politically."

However, there is strong sentiment in favor of giving county school superintendents a liberal allowance for traveling expenses, safeguarded with a provision that there must be a sworn statement, itemized in the most minute way, for every cent expended, the penalty for a false expense account to be removal from office. There is also to be a small allowance for clerical hire so that when necessary the superintendent can hire clerical assistance to help in making out reports and answering correspondence.

The law is to provide that the superintendent must visit every school district at least thrice a year and must conduct parents' meetings upon every visit. In counties in which the superintendent has given all of his time and has visited the schools frequently, he has proved himself to be the most important official of all. This is the case in Santa Fe county, where an official like Superintendent John V. Conway has done more for the uplift of the people and their progress

than all the other officials taken together, where he has given every minute of his time, where he has paid almost his entire salary in visiting every school district and building school houses. It has been distinctly worth while, but to pay such an official only \$1,500 a year while other officials who hold on to their business, profession or every day job and deputize some one else to look after their official duties, are to receive \$3,000 a year, clerk allowance, office expenses and perquisites, seems like an injustice to some of the legislators.

### MUCH FOR NOTHING

Every newspaper does a large amount of free service for its community, sometimes on request, but always without thanks. Nevertheless, the newspaper is as much a private enterprise as any other manufacturing business. It is built up at great expense and by such hard labor, intense application, severe nervous strain and strenuous life as is unknown to any other calling, and no business in the world requires so much and so constant an investment in new material to keep it up to date. At the same time no other industry is solicited so often to contribute of its very life—advertising space—for public and private benefit, as the newspapers—Teluride Journal.

### FIVE MEN KILLED

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 1.—Five men were killed and several other persons injured here today by a falling wall at the ruins of the Brown and Sepler Implement Manufacturing company plant. Two of the bodies were identified. Three of the injured may die.

### BRYAN DOESN'T AGREE

Washington, Feb. 1.—Secretary Bryan made public today a reply to the recent German protest against the sale by an American manufacturer of hydro-aeroplanes to belligerents as an unneutral act. The state department dissents from the German view that "hydroaeroplanes must be regarded as war vessels."

# WOULD DROP THE CORPORATION BOARD

SENATOR HARTT INTRODUCES A MEASURE TO ABOLISH THE STATE COMMISSION

(Special to The Optic)

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Senator Hartt of Taos county introduced a joint resolution this afternoon in the senate to submit a constitutional amendment striking out Article 11 of the constitution. This act, if carried out, would abolish the state corporation commission. The resolution was referred to the committee on constitutional amendments without discussion. It was introduced just at the end of a long session of the senate, occupied chiefly with the reading of new bills and the presenting of committee reports.

The only bill passed during the session was Senate Bill No. 41, by Mr. Ilfeld, to prohibit the unlawful and indiscriminate distribution of samples of patent medicines and other deleterious substances.

A long list of bills was introduced, the most important being a bill by Senator Barth, to submit a bond issue of \$50,000 at the next general election for the erection of a hall of justice, to house the supreme court and the state library and to be erected just east of the executive mansion on land owned by the state. The bill provides for two issues of \$25,000 each of 4 per cent bonds, that the work shall be done by convicts and all material possible furnished by the penitentiary, and for the appointment of a commission of three by the governor to have charge of the construction.

The present crowded condition of the state capitol makes such a building seem necessary, and it is not unlikely that a similar bill, coming from the republican side, will be passed.

Mr. Walton introduced Senate Bill No. 89, a free text book bill. Under this bill it becomes optional with each school district whether or not free text books shall be furnished, the matter to be determined at a special election.

Among the committee reports from the judiciary committee this afternoon was Senator Laughren's bill taking away the control of the state library from the governor and placing it and the appointment of the librarian under the state supreme court as a board of control. A minority report filed by Senators Walton and Barth, was laid on the table and the majority report, recommending passage of the bill, was adopted 15 to 6. The judiciary committee reported some 25 bills today, recommending the majority of them for passage, with the exception of three bills by Senator Evans which the Roosevelt county man has introduced at each session of the legislature since statehood and which each time have been slaughtered. They were again consigned to the scrap heap.

The senate committee on education reported committee bill No. 75, the

seven months' school term bill, with the recommendation that it be passed. The senate adjourned until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Senator Ilfeld was excused from the sessions of the senate today for a period of ten days, during which he will be engaged in committee work examining the compilation of the New Mexico laws by Stephen B. Davis, Jr., of Las Vegas and Judge M. C. Mechem of Socorro. This compilation has been recommended to the legislature by the State Bar association for adoption as a revision should it be found satisfactory by a legislative investigating committee.

House Joint Resolution No. 4, Mr. Blood's resolution casting on the governor for the facts and the papers in the State Agricultural College-First State bank case, reached the executive office late this afternoon. There was no information available as to when the governor's reply would be forthcoming. From what information The Optic's correspondent can obtain this afternoon, a joint legislative investigating committee will be appointed regardless of what information the executive office may transmit. This action may be looked for some time during this week.

The joint committee on the individual county salary bill is to meet upon the adjournment of the house this afternoon. Senate leaders are stubbornly contending that the individual classification bill, as drawn, is unconstitutional and they have prepared to oppose it on that ground. It looks this afternoon as if the county salary proposition was as high in the air now as it was at the opening of the session, although most people appear to agree that the individual classification basis in some form is the only basis upon which even a temporary agreement can be reached.

### WANTS SUIT ADVANCED

Washington, Feb. 1.—Solicitor General Davis today asked the supreme court to advance the government's antitrust suit against the International Harvester company for argument during the present term. He suggested the first Monday in April and counsel for the company concurred.

### CONTEST ENDS TONIGHT

The prize idea contest of the E. Romero Hose and Fire company closed on Saturday night. Several suggestions were submitted to the committee in charge. These will be opened tonight and judged in the presence of the entertainment committee and a representative of The Optic. The most suitable idea will be chosen and used in connection with the annual Washington's birthday masquerade of the West side firemen.

The name of the successful contributor will be published in tomorrow night's Optic. The committee will meet tonight at the company headquarters at 8 o'clock.

### FIVE CENTS PROVES IT

A Generous Offer. Cut out this ad, enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., and they will send you our trial package of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds, croup, bronchial and la grippe coughs; Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale in your town by O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

"My Mamma Says—  
It's Safe  
for Children!"



**FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR**  
FOR  
**Coughs and Colds**  
CONTAINS NO OPIATES

"The Children's Children" are now using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and it is today the same safe effective and curative medicine that their parents found it. For all coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, hoarseness and tickling in throat, use it. It gives satisfactory results.

O. G. SCHAEFER, RED CROSS DRUG STORE.

## LONDON WOOL MARKET

London, Feb. 1.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 8,840 bales. The attendance was smaller but the demand was good and the market ruled firm, especially in fine cross breeds, which realized 1 s 4½ d. Merinos were well absorbed. A few lots of greasy and scoured Merinos were taken for America.

## BIG TEACHERS' MEET

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—The department of education received a report today that the Dona Ana teachers' meeting at LaUnion Saturday was not only well attended but a success otherwise. The teachers of Las Cruces went to the meeting in automobiles.

## COLLEGE TAKES TO ICE

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—The fair coeds, the faculty and the students of the University of Minnesota are taking part in an ice carnival today at the Hippodrome. The girls are competing in sprints and long distance races, and members of the faculty have been matched up for races and some of them will give fancy and figure skating exhibitions. The affair is copied after the winter carnival at St. Moritz, in the Alps.

## OREGON FARMERS MEET

Corvallis, Ore., Feb. 1.—Every phase of rural life in the state of Oregon will have its inning at the Oregon College conference, which opened here today and will extend through the week. The whole town and the college was today turned over to visiting farmers and homemakers. Lectures and practical demonstrations in husbandry, dairying, horticulture, home economics, poultry, animal industry and planting began today, and thousands of farmers were in attendance.

A heavy cold in the lungs that was expected to cure itself has been the starting point in many cases of disease that ended fatally. The sensible course is to take frequent doses of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It checks the progress of the disorder and assists nature to restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

## HE WAS WANTED

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—The body of the murdered man found in a mesquite brush near Lordsburg is reported to be that of Edgar Buelow of San Francisco, who jumped from a train at Bowie, Ariz., and for whom a reward of \$500 was offered. Buelow was quite wealthy.

## I Will Give \$1000 If I Fail to Cure

Any **CANCER** or **TUMOR**. No knife, no pain, no pay until cured. Any lump in woman's breast is cancer if hard; it always poisons deep glands under the arm and kills quickly. Any tumor, lump, or sore on the lip, face or body long is cancer. An Island plant plaster and blood specific make the cure. Written absolute guarantee. 120 page book sent free. Testimonials of 10,000 cured—see or write to some.

Our great success is in our approved legitimate advertising and finding cancers while small. Dr. and Mrs. Chamley & Co. Book sent free. Registered M. D. in California 25 years. 747 & 749 S. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL. KINDLY MAIL THIS to someone with CANCER.



## DENVER JUDGE TO HEAR STRIKE CASES

### MURDER TRIALS RESULTING FROM TRINIDAD STRIKE TO BE CALLED SOON

Trinidad, Colo., Feb. 1.—Judge C. C. Butler of Denver has accepted the call of Judge A. W. McHendrie of the Third judicial district to preside at the trials of the cases growing out of the coal strike disorders in Las Animas county.

This announcement was made at the opening of the court this morning when the cases scheduled to be called today were continued until February 3.

There are pending for trial more than 80 cases, in which officials and members of the United Mine Workers of America are charged with murder and arson on many counts growing out of the battles of Ludlow, Forbes, Hastings, Tabasco and in the Aguilar district, and more than 100 union defendants are involved in these cases resulting from grand jury bench warrants.

The application for a change of judge, introduced by Attorney H. N. Hawkins for the defense, was granted last September, but some difficulty has been experienced by Judge McHendrie in securing an outside judge. Among those indicted were John R. Lawson, international board member from district No. 15; International Organizer William Diamond, and Robert Uhlich.

## ANOTHER TRIUMPH

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Miss Sarah Reynolds, daughter of Joshua Reynolds, and a New Mexico girl, scored another triumph as a prima donna on Friday evening at Los Angeles. It was in the leading role in Ray Blas. The big audience that gave Miss Reynolds an ovation braved one of the heaviest rain storms in the history of Los Angeles. Says the Los Angeles Times:

"They sat for hours, for the most part soaked to the skin; they applauded appreciatively, and were even cheerful between acts. One wag, during an intermission, whispered loud enough so that he could be heard for a dozen rows, that it was quite appropriate that Sarame Raynoldi (Miss Reynolds' stage name), he called it 'rain all day' should head the cast, and the sally spread like wildfire all over the house. So the stars had a splendid audience after all and instead of giving the lackadaisical performance one could have reasonably expected, fairly outdid themselves in the unfolding of that adroit tale of the Spanish court in which De Bazan, after being banished by the queen because he refused to wed one of her maids whom he had betrayed, turns the tables on her majesty by causing her to fall in love with his valet, disguised as a nobleman. Miss Reynolds portrayed the queen and it proved to be by far the most satisfactory role she has yet presented. She takes to royal robes more naturally than to the vestments of

bondage and lent to the part a regal grace that was utterly captivating. As for her singing it was superb, the audience going into ecstasies over her love duet with Ray Blas."

## \$65,000,000 RAILWAY STATION

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Work will be begun soon on the new \$65,000,000 Union Station, for it is reported that Chicago bankers stand ready to finance the five million loan necessary to start work. Some 25,000 men will be employed, and the work will extend over several years. The contemplated station will be the largest in the world.

## MUNICIPAL RAILROAD STATION

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 1.—Hearing is set for today before the state railroad commission of the project to build a municipal union station in Minneapolis, on the most approved lines. The designs submitted by the city engineering department are for a huge structure to cost \$1,000,000.

## "The Best Laxative I Know of"

"I have also sold Chamberlain's Tablets for several years. People who have used them will take nothing else. I can recommend them to my customers as the best laxative and cure for constipation that I know of," writes Frank Strouse, Fruitland, Iowa. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

## HELD FOR FORGERY

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Fred O. Alexander of Roy, Mora county, was remanded to the federal grand jury at Los Angeles on Friday under \$500 bail on the charge of forging the signature of James Tipton on a money order for \$45 sent by Tipton's wife at Roy to Terra Bella, Cal., to pay for his passage back to New Mexico.

## How to Prevent Bilious Attacks

"Coming events cast their shadows before." This is especially true of bilious attacks. Your appetite will fall, you will feel dull and languid if you are subject to bilious attacks take three of Chamberlain's Tablets as soon as these symptoms appear and the attack may be warded off. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

## MUST LEARN ENGLISH

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—County School Superintendent John V. Conway takes emphatic issue with those who advocate the bi-lingual idea in the rural schools "We have tried both methods," he said today "and there is not the least doubt in my mind that the only method is for the teacher to speak English and insist upon English being spoken even on the playground even in the ultra-Spanish districts. There is no satisfactory middle course. To have the teacher use Spanish in the school room would mean setting back my own people, would keep them in a secondary position for years to come. The only way they can hope to cope with existing problems and to surmount the conditions that hamper them is to learn to speak English right from the start. I believe in giving them all the instruction possible in Spanish after they have mastered English, but they must get English first and the only effective way to get it is to have the teacher use only English and use it all of the time."

## ELFEGO BACA IS HELD FOR A MURDER

### PROMINENT NEW MEXICO POLI- TICIAN SHOT CELESTINO OTERO IN EL PASO

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 1.—Elfeego Baca, attorney and prominent Mexican-American politician of New Mexico, was held here today on a charge of murder in connection with the death by shooting last night of Celestino Otero, also known as Dr. Pedro Abeyta, an itinerant physician. Otero received his death wound after a pistol duel, in which Baca said he first shot through the coat.

The shooting occurred in a lonely part of El Paso's Mexican quarter. Baca said that Otero had visited him at an uptown hotel and asked for an interview at a certain saloon. He said that Otero was accompanied by a man whom he recognized as a former officer under General Salazar, now an independent operator in northern Mexico.

Baca had been representing Salazar legally until Salazar's escape from a New Mexico jail and his flight across the line into Mexico, where he has organized a small band in the Casas Grandes district.

Baca was a republican candidate for congress. He resides at Albuquerque. His present sojourn in El Paso was understood to be in connection with the case of his son, George Baca, who, when a student at the New Mexico College of Agriculture, disappeared after his Christmas holidays.

Baca was charged with murder before a justice court today. He waived preliminary examination and asked to go immediately before the grand jury. This was granted.

A scald, burn, or severe cut heals slowly if neglected. The family that keeps a bottle of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT on hand is always prepared for such accidents. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

## SUES THE RAILWAY

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Suit for \$10,000 damages has been brought against the El Paso & Southwestern railroad for the alleged injury to the health of R. M. Kenman. The plaintiff alleges that while traveling between Tucumcari and Alamogordo he caught a cold because of an open window in the passenger coach in which he was riding.

## SEVENTY SEVEN YEARS OLD

George W. Clough, Prentiss, Miss., who had suffered greatly with kidney trouble, writes: "Foley Kidney Pills are the only remedy that ever did me any good at all." Just think of the relief and comfort that means to him. Foley Kidney Pills are recommended for sleep disturbing bladder troubles, pain in sides or back, rheumatism, and kidney and bladder ailments. O. G. Shuaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

# SUPREME COURT GIVEN CONTROL OVER THE STATE'S LIBRARY

THE SENATE PASSES MEASURE TO THAT EFFECT YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, AFTER A WORDY DEBATE—CHANGE IS DECLARED TO HAVE BEEN MADE TO PROMOTE EFFICIENCY IN HANDLING OF INSTITUTION'S AFFAIRS—MANY NEW BILLS IN BOTH HOUSES.

(Special to The Optic.)

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 3.—The senate yesterday afternoon passed the state library bill, Senate bill No. 56, placing the state law library and the appointment of the librarian, under the state supreme court, and taking it out of the hands of the governor, after Senator Walton had characterized it as an assault on the governor, and after Mr. Crampton had pointed out that it had no political motive, but was a matter wholly of efficiency, the library being the workshop of the state supreme court and that body being its proper custodian. The vote was a party vote one; 14 to 5.

Four bills were passed by the house yesterday afternoon and 11 by the senate, but none of them is ready for executive scrutiny, as each house merely passed bills introduced by its own members.

The bills passed by the house are:

House bill No. 20, by Black, amending section 1, chapter 26, laws of 1909, relating to the sale of a portion of a stock of merchandise out of the regular course of trade.

House bill No. 58 by Davies, by request, an act relating to appeals from justices courts in criminal cases. Passed by a vote of 43 to 3.

House bill No. 75, by Skidmore, an act requiring railroads to equip locomotives with headlights. Passed unanimously.

House bill No. 77 by Montoya of Bernalillo, to provide for the publication of delinquent tax lists in both English and Spanish, in Spanish-speaking districts. Representative Swan opposed the bill, asserting that it entails an expense of \$60,000 annually. Swan referred to the measure as newspaper graft and said he was opposed to the bill unless the newspapers agreed to publish the delinquent tax list free of charge. Montoya asked whether Swan thought newspaper publishers could live on air. Fleming opposed the bill because there is no Spanish paper in McKinley county, and Montoya of Sandoval county because there is no paper whatever in that county. The bill passed 36 to 9, Tharp, the socialist, voting for the bill. Speaker Romero explained his vote in casting it for the measure, deeming publication a mere matter of justice to the delinquent taxpayer. A motion to table the bill was lost by a much closer shave, 24 to 22.

## House Tables Bills

The house tabled the following bills:

House bill No. 44, by Skeen, amending section 1, chapter 56 of laws of 1912, relating to service of process in civil cases.

House bill No. 43, by Skeen, amending sections 3336 and 3337, compiled laws of 1897, relating to the taking of depositions in civil cases.

Action on House bill No. 31 by Tay-

lor, an act to amend sections 2362 and 2363, compiled laws 1897, relating to renewal of record of chattel mortgages. was postponed.

House bill No. 59 by Gonzales, an act providing for the establishment of "no fence" precincts, was recommended to the committee on livestock.

House bill No. 103 was recommitted to committee on judiciary. It is by Gonzales and Reinburg, an act to amend section 2267 compiled laws of 1897, providing for waiving of juries.

House bills Nos. 106 and 107, as well as Senate bills Nos. 13, 32 and 43, which were on the calendar, went over until printed copies could be obtained.

House bill No. 59, the Gonzales bill, had practically passed the house, when a wave of opposition swept over the house and member after member changed his vote, so that finally the measure was recommitted.

## Senate Passes Bills

The following senate bills were passed:

Senate bill No. 67, as amended, by Ilfeld and Holt, providing for elections on school bond issues, by a unanimous vote.

Senate bill No. 56, as amended, by Laughren, providing for the government of the library, placing it in custody of the supreme court which instead of the governor, is to appoint the librarian, fix the salary, etc. The amendments provide for an assistant librarian and for a surety bond of \$2,000 to be paid by the state.

Senate bill No. 24, by Navarro, an act to protect religious and fraternal associations against libel. The vote was 17 to 2.

Senate bill No. 53, by Hinkle, changing the common law rule relating to contempt proceedings. Passed unanimously.

Senate bill No. 61, by Ilfeld, amending section 34, chapter 79, laws 1905, providing that no dividend shall be paid by corporations unless out of earnings or surplus. Passed unanimously as amended.

Senate bill No. 64, by Holt, relating to service of writs of venire. Passed unanimously as amended.

Senate bill No. 65 by Holt, relating to the recording of seals. Passed unanimously.

Senate bill No. 66 by Holt, prohibiting the unlawful appropriation of electric current, gas, water, etc. Passed unanimously.

Senate bill No. 68 by Holt and Ilfeld, relating to condemnation by municipalities. Passed unanimously with amendments.

Senate bill No. 69 by Ilfeld, relating to exemptions on property subject to landlord's lien. Passed 17 to 2.

Senate bill No. 75, by committee on education, amending chapter 57, laws 1912, extending minimum school terms

from five to seven months. Passed unanimously.

Action on senate substitute for senate bill No. 11, by Sulzer, defining pedlars, was deferred until today.

The committee on livestock reported favorably Senate joint Memorial No. 1, asking congress to appropriate \$300,000 to exterminate carnivorous wild animals, and Senate bill No. 29 by Pankey, reducing the maximum of the tax levy for the cattle sanitary fund. Both bills went on today's calendar.

House bill No. 1 by Montoya of Bernalillo county, abolishing the \$3 per capita road tax, was referred to the senate committee on highways. House bill No. 2, by Montoya, of Bernalillo, the \$200 exemption measure, was referred to the senate committee on finance. House bill No. 19 by Gallegos, defining pedlars, was referred to the senate committee on judiciary.

The senate education committee bill for the 7 months school term, also passed that body yesterday afternoon by a vote of 19 to 0.

## New House Bills

The following bills were introduced in the house:

No. 135, by Speaker Romero, an act limiting the compensation per mile to be charged by railroads companies for the transportation of any person with ordinary baggage. State affairs.

No. 136, by Medina, an act to establish a state industrial school at or near the town of Wagon Mound in the county of Mora. Education.

No. 137, by Sandoval, an act declaring the punishment to Indians of any tribes who try pass as citizens of the United States. State affairs. This bill was provoked by the punishment of Sandoval county saloonkeepers who were convicted of selling liquor to Indians, although the Indians passed themselves off as native citizens and resembled such in appearance.

No. 138 by Medina, an act to amend section 1549 of chapter 1, laws 1897 relative to poll tax payers. Education.

No. 139 by Ortiz and Montoya of Bernalillo county, an act relating to community ditches. Irrigation.

No. 140, by Skeen, an act to amend sections 6 and 27 of chapter 81 of the laws of 1912, approved June 12 1912, approved June 12, 1912, and providing for the supervision of ditches and the closing of wells. Irrigation.

No. 141, by Sena, an act prohibiting railroad companies, section foremen or railroad agents, from maintaining commissaries in places where they have workmen in coal sections. Railroads.

Sena introduced House Joint Resolution No. 8, asking the state corporation commission to explain why it has not secured a three cent a mile railroad passenger rate for New Mexico. Corporations.

## New Senate Bills

In the senate the following bills were introduced:

Senate Bill No. 96 by Walton, amending Section 1972, compiled laws 1897, relative to compensation of administrators and executors. Judiciary.

Senate bill No. 97 by Crampton, amending section 48, chapter 53, laws 1909, relative to disbarments and costs connected therewith. Judiciary. Instead of the costs coming out of the

supreme court fund it is to be charged up against the court fund in the county in which the proceedings originated; to be collected from the accused attorney if found guilty.

## CHINESE STEAMER LINE

Philadelphia, Feb. 3.—Dispatches received here from Peking state that a Chinese corporation has been formed to operate a steamship line to American gulf ports, New York and Philadelphia. American and Chinese capital will be involved, and the dividends will be guaranteed by the Chinese government, in return of advantageous freight rates on certain exportable products.

## ENGLAND EATS PACIFIC FISH

Montreal, Feb. 3.—The famine in the British fish market, due to the closing of the North Sea to the fishing fleets, has led to the exportation of Canadian fish in large quantities. A remarkable fish route has been established, for it is mainly Pacific ocean halibut that is being sent. From the fishing grounds off Prince Rupert the fish is being transported across the continent and loaded on refrigerator boats for the long journey across the Atlantic. Fully 6,500 miles is traveled by the iced fish before it reaches the London consumers. It is believed that the trade will continue after the war, and will prove a big boon to the Pacific fishing industry.

An incident of the fish famine is the dispensation granted to Catholics of Great Britain by Cardinal Bourne, by which decree meats can be used on Fridays and fast days, on account of the scarcity and high prices of fish.

## SIFTING THE CROOKS

San Francisco, Calif., Feb. 3.—By a chain of outposts encircling San Francisco to meet the army of crooks and hoboes expected to make this city their gathering place to "work" the exposition crowds, the police and detectives agencies expect to keep undesirables away from the fair. The railways will cooperate, and the police of other cities will sift the travelers for known crooks. Sleuths from all parts of the country, who know the crooks when they spot them, are on the job. It will be a hard thing for the "bumper tourists" to gain entrance to the fair, and polished crooks will also meet enemies at every turn.

## CRIME IS DECREASING

Dresden, Feb. 3.—Criminality has diminished in Saxony during the war to a remarkable degree, according to the police commissioners' reports. In Dresden the number of frauds has been reduced by 40 per cent and burglaries by 70 per cent. This occurrence is not attributed to the calling up of the members of the habitual criminal classes among the men drawn to take their places in the ranks of the army, but is due to psychological reasons, in the opinion of the noted criminologist, Dr. Robert Heindl.

Former President Taft's speech at New Haven stating that labor is injuring its own advancement by seeking "class legislation" was given wider publicity than any vindication of labor.

**LOCAL NEWS**

William Whalen, of the Las Vegas Auto and Machine shop has purchased a Ford car from F. J. Wesner, the Las Vegas agent. Mrs. Ben Coles, wife of the East Las Vegas police chief, also has bought one of the "Henries."

During the absence of Rev. Father Paul Gilberton, pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, who has gone to Texas to spend several days, the church will be in charge of Rev. Father Joseph Ainen.

On account of the death of Mrs. W. G. Ogle, the meeting of the Missionary society of the First Methodist church, which was to have been held this week at the home of Mrs. J. C. Schuott, has been postponed.

Miss Adella Fridenstine, heir of John Fridenstine, who died in this city some time ago, has received the sum of \$1,000 from a lodge of which Mr. Fridenstine was a member. The money was sent from the headquarters at Aurora, Neb.

Jose Ignacio Lujan, a resident of Sabinoso, has applied at the court house for \$16 bounty on seven coyotes and one wild cat killed by him recently near his home. Pablo E. Vigil of Mineral Hill has applied for \$6 bounty on two coyotes and one wild cat that he killed near San Geronimo.

On account of the prevalence of sickness in the city, especially among the children, the J. E. Rosenwald lodge, I. O. B. B., announces that it has postponed the dance to have been given tonight at O. R. C. hall. The affair will be given at a later date, which will be announced through the columns of The Optic.

"Who Gets the Credit?" is the title of an interesting article by Romaine Fielding in a recent number of "The New York Dramatic Mirror." Mr. Fielding goes into the technical side of motion picture production in this article. Fielding, in addition to being an excellent producer, is an actor and writer of unusual ability.

Rev. J. H. Whistler has arranged for regular services, every Sunday morning, at the Christian Tabernacle, instead of every two weeks, as heretofore. He will supply the Central Christian church at Raton, on Sunday evenings, until a minister can be secured for the Raton church. The subject next Sunday morning, at the Christian tabernacle, will be: "True Christianity," based upon the text,

The office of the county clerk has issued three marriage licenses. One was to Catarino Martinez, aged 20, of Sabinoso, and Rosita Trujillo, aged 26, of Sanchez. Another was to Fritosa Padilla, aged 20 and Luis Sandoval, aged 23, both of Las Manueltas, and the third was to Eumelia Montoya, aged 15, and Guadalupe Lobato, aged 19, both of Las Manueltas.

S. Sprague Davis, agent for the Kansas City Lumber company of Kansas City, Mo., is here selling lands in

Mississippi that have been cleared of timber by his company and found to be excellent for agricultural purposes. Mr. Davis is exhibiting lemons larger than grape fruit, figs and other fruits raised on these lands. He also has some pecans grown there that contain meats as large as those English walnuts.

Advertisements in The Optic's classified section will deliver the goods if anything will. Kenneth White, a carrier for this paper, found a diamond pin recently in the neighborhood of the Browne and Manzanare offices. He put an advertisement in The Optic's classified section, with the result that the pin was restored to its owner, Mrs. McNair. Mrs. McNair lost the pin some time before Christmas.

The office of the county clerk has issued a marriage license to Fidel Garcia, aged 28, and Filomena Gallegos, aged 15, both of Trujillo.

Epitacio Urtado, a resident of Ribera, has applied at the court house for \$8 bounty on four coyotes killed by him recently near San Miguel.

On account of the resignation of William Hasty, car barn man of Las Vegas Light and Power company, a few changes have taken place on the street car service. Hasty's place has been taken by Eugene Thornhill, formerly a motorman. Melvin Matthews, an extra man, has been promoted to a regular car in Thornhill's place.

Soi Jacoby, at whose home occurred the arrest of two alleged cattle thieves Tuesday night, desires The Optic to make it clear that he was in no way connected with the theft of the Padilla cattle or any other cattle. He says it was he who laid a trap for men he believed to be cattle rustlers and that it was he who asked Chief of Police Ben Coles to be ready to nab the men when they walked into the noose. Jacoby said he thought there was some talk going around town of an unkindly nature, and he wishes to be set right with the public.

The few sporadic cases of whooping cough, the disease that has been prevailing in the city for some time, have caused the board of health to investigate, for it has been discovered that parents have allowed children suffering from the malady to attend school, knowing that the disease is contagious. The schools have been notified that whenever a pupil has a severe cold to a degree that he vomits or whoops after coughing he must be eliminated from school attendance for 20 days or more.

**ADVERTISED LETTER LIST**

Letters remaining uncalled for, for the week ending January 31, 1915:

Mr. Paul Brownlee, Mr. F. C. Brown, Mr. H. L. Bendon, Mr. E. W.: Las Vegas, N. Mex., Miss Isabell Fernandez, Miss Nattie Kirchner, Margarita L. Lucero, Mr. F. D. Laurance, Mr. H. E. Ward.

When calling for the above letters please ask for "Advertised Letters." E. V. LONG, Postmaster.

Remember, the Want Columns of The Optic are result getters.

**FIREMEN READY TO FURNISH MASQUES**

**P. D. McELROY WILL SUPPLY THE WANTS OF THE FEBRUARY 22 REVELERS**

P. D. McElroy, chairman of the costume committee for the E. Romero Hose and Fire company's annual masquerade, has received a catalogue from Denver, showing all sorts and varieties of classy costumes. The prices charged in the catalogue are the same as are current in Denver. He wishes The Optic to announce that any person desiring a special costume, should see him and pick out of the catalogue, the masquerade desired. All such inquiries will be kept confidential, says Mr. McElroy.

A special arrangement has been entered into between the costuming house and the E. Romeros whereby anybody wishing a \$5 costume may obtain it for \$3.

There will be a change made in the prize winning costumes this year. Instead of following out the conventional custom of giving prizes for the same class of masquerades year after year, the West side boys will award the presents in a distinctly unique way.

There will be four prizes given for the ladies, one for the best representation of a flower, and one each for the most handsome black, white and red gowns. The gentlemen will come in for their share of the prizes, as there will be an award for the best representation of Abraham Lincoln, William McKinley or Theodore Roosevelt. To lend humor to the occasion there will be a prize to the person best representing in dress, racial characteristics, carriage and every other way, some well known Las Vegas character.

A list of prizes, to be announced later, will be awarded to the most graceful dancers.

Arrangements are proceeding steadily for the ball, giving promise that it will be the finest affair ever attempted in Las Vegas. The firemen are going to "do themselves proud."

**CLARK AND KITCHIN TO LEAD**

Washington, Feb. 4.—A caucus of the democratic members of the house of representatives is scheduled for this afternoon, when the ceremony of endorsing Champ Clark to succeed himself as speaker of the Sixty-fourth congress will be the main business. It is believed the speaker will accept the chair in the next congress. Claude Kitchin of North Carolina will get the place of floor leader of the majority, now held by Oscar Underwood who goes to the senate in March.

The caucus will have its contentions, however, for there are several big fights for places on the ways and means committee, which is the tariff making and steering body of congress. There are six vacancies and many candidates, and it will take some clever picking to satisfy all sections.

**SIX CLASSIFICATION BILL AGREED UPON**

**REPUBLICAN JOINT COMMITTEE DECIDES UPON SALARY QUESTIONS**

(Special to The Optic)

\*\*\*\*\*  
 Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—The republican members of the legislature will meet in joint caucus tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock for the report of the joint committee on the county salary bill. The committee has reached an agreement to present the senate salary bill with amendments. These provide for classification of counties according to the valuations of 1914. Counties with over \$14,000,000 are in the first class; \$11,000,000 second class; \$8,500,000 third class; \$6,600,000 fourth class; \$4,750,000 fifth class; less than \$4,000,000 sixth class.  
 In the first class there is a maximum salary for the best paid officers of \$4,000. The second and fourth class counties are also unchanged. In the third class the maximum is \$3,150 and in the fifth and sixth \$1,500. The senate met this afternoon at 2 o'clock and adjourned immediately after the reading of the journal until tomorrow at 2 o'clock.  
 \*\*\*\*\*

Santa Fe, Feb. 4.—The joint republican committee of the two houses on county salaries has been in almost continuous session since its appointment yesterday afternoon and has practically arrived at a basis of agreement upon a six-classification salary bill, which it is now expected will be ready to write and introduce tomorrow. The sixth classification is said to satisfy the extreme low salary advocates in the house and was the first class to be agreed upon.

After fixing the fifth class, the committee transferred its attention to Class 1, which it was said had been completed this afternoon on the basis of the senate finance committee bill, which has a maximum of \$4,000. This leaves three classes for agreement, and members of the committee expect confidently this afternoon that they will finish with these before night. The prospect is that when this bill is introduced it will have the united support of the majority members of both houses and will go right through.

The new Colorado governor starts off right in calling off gun play in future strikes. Miners are rough men, but they have hearts that will meet any honest dealings. They have been taught that force was the best means.

A million American sympathizers will dig down and pay that Danbury Hatters' fine. The hat makers were poor men and many of them have died. The decree imposed by the court is respected, and all honest workmen concur in the finding.

The little old grips are being packed up on many a farm for the southern training trip. Many fly south, but few are chosen.

## NORMALITES WIN AND THE HIGHS LOSE

RATON BASKETBALL TEAMS DIVIDE DOUBLEHEADER WITH LOCAL SCHOOLS

From Monday's Daily.

In their second consecutive evening of competition with the Las Vegas school basketball teams, the court artists from Colfax County High school on Saturday night secured one victory and one defeat. This made three losses out of four games for the Gate City bunch. In the game between the girls from Las Vegas High school and Raton, the visitors secured an easy victory, the score being 23 to 8. The Normal boys trimmed the Ratonites handily in the windup event, winning to the tune of 35 to 11. A large crowd attended the games, and, as on Friday night, kept things humming with their yelling. The Raton girls put up a good game, but the boys were totally outclassed.

The first half of the girls' game was a hairraising affair, the score at the end of the initial period being 6 to 4 in favor of the visitors. The Castle High bunch were playing a great game, and were worrying their opponents with a classy exhibition of team work. However, they showed a deplorable inability to throw the ball anywhere near the basket. Time after time, by clever pass work, the Las Vegas brought the ball far into their opponents' territory, only to lose it by shooting wildly. The Raton bunch played a steady game, and in the second half ran away with the Castle school girls. In the final period Raton made 17 points to Las Vegas' four. Captain Hunt of the visitors starred, making 16 of Raton's 23 points.

The second game, between the New Mexico Normal University boys and the Raton boys, started out with a rush. The Gate City aggregation seemed to have found themselves after their drubbing at the hands of the Las Vegas High school the previous evening. But they soon gave evidence that they had played themselves out, and before many minutes of the half had expired, the contest settled down to a question of whether the Normalites could win by a larger margin than the Castle bunch. The wearers of the purple played a remarkably good game, every man on the team playing his position as though his life had depended on it. Brown at forward, played a phenomenal game for the Normal, making 23 of the state institution's 35 points. Brown made 10 goals shooting the ball in from all angles of the floor. Some of his shots earned loud and merited applause. Reed and Ilfeld at guards both recently placed on the team from the ranks of the substitutes, gave a classy exhibition of basketball, sticking to their men like glue. The score at the end of the first half was 21 to 8 in favor of the Las Vegas aggregation. In the second half the Normal made 14 points to Raton's three. Long

before the game ended the visitors had really quit playing, and were merely waiting for the whistle. The Normalites outclassed the Gate City boys, putting up a fine exhibition of team work and basket shooting.

### Good Game Coming up

It appears from the Raton games that the boys of the Normal and High school are evenly matched. The Castle school boys beat the Ratonites by a score of 40 to 15, a margin of 25 points. The Normalites beat the same team, after it had become more accustomed to the floor, by a score 35 to 11, a margin of 24 points. It is probable that the game between these two old rivals, which will occur at the end of the season, will be a "hum-dinger."

### The lineups:

L. V. H. S. (Girls) Position C. C. H. S.  
M. Papen ..... R. F. E. Hunt Capt.  
R. Jones ..... L. F. .... F. Denton  
R. Neafus ..... J. C. .... M. Hart  
R. Nahm ..... R. C. .... L. Beayon  
A. Craven, Capt. .... R. G. .... N. Denton  
L. Horton ..... L. G. .... B. Davis  
Goals—Hunt, 8; F. Denton, 1; Jones 1; Papen, 3. Free throws—F. Denton, 5. Referee—Miss J. P. Hutchison, N. M. N. U. Umpire—J. H. Dowden, C. C. H. S.; timekeeper, Dr. Roberts, N. M. N. U. Scorer—Miss Hobart, L. V. H. S.

N. M. N. U. Position C. C. H. S.  
Meloney (Capt.) ..... R. F. .... Howe, Smith  
Brown ..... L. F. .... G. Gillespie  
Condon ..... C. .... F. Gillespie  
Reed ..... R. G. .... Dowden, Denton  
Ilfeld ..... L. G. Bowen (Capt.)  
Goals—G. Gillespie, 2; Howe, 1; Bowen, 1; Meloney, 4; Brown, 10; Condon, 2. Free throws—G. Gillespie, 1; Howe, 1; F. Gillespie, 1. Brown, 3. Referee—Ringer, L. V. H. S. Umpire—J. H. Dowden, C. C. H. S. Timekeeper—Dr. Roberts, N. M. N. U. Scorer—Miss Hobart, L. V. H. S.

### SUES 100 MILLIONAIRES

New York, Feb. 1.—Trial will be reached this month of the suit brought by Captain John Fish of the British army against 100 American millionaires. Frank A. Vanderlip, Adrian Iselin, Jr., James L. Laidlaw and Samuel Sloan will be the first defendants. The captain seeks to recover \$150 from each of the 100 millionaires, \$15,000 in all, the amount for which the schooner yacht Senta was insured when she was burned in October, 1910 at Edgartown, Mass. Insurance was granted by Lloyds, and the policy provides that each of the company's subscribers shall be responsible. The company contended that the yacht was burned intentionally, but Captain Fish expects to recover from the millionaires.

### HUNDREDS OF WOMEN

nowadays are entering the professions or business world and go to work day after day in bad health, afflicted with some female ailment, dragging one foot wearily after the other, working with an eye on the clock, and wishing for closing time to come.

Women in this condition should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs. It has brought health and happiness to more women in America than any other remedy. Give it a trial.—Adv.

## "STRAW HAT DAY" AT SAN DIEGO TUESDAY

ANNUAL EVENT OF MIDWINTER WILL BE OBSERVED BY THE FAIR CITY

San Diego, Calif., Feb. 1.—Straw Hat day, San Diego's annual winter celebration of the remarkable climate which has made possible the holding of the exposition here throughout the year 1915, will be celebrated on February 2, when thousands of San Diegans in summer clothing and wearing straw hats will parade through the streets to the exposition grounds where carnival will be held during the evening and late into the night.

Of all the celebrations held in San Diego, Straw Hat day probably attracts the most attention from the easterner who is accustomed to passing the winter months in a steam heated flat or wearing a warm overcoat to protect him from the icy winds. Persons living in other districts along the Pacific coast also find something unique and attractive in the midwinter straw hat festival, for, although they escape the bitter cold of more eastern points, they must contend with winter rains and fogs which make the straw hat look out of place.

When the Straw Hat Brigade, in shirtsleeves and straw hats, marches through the streets of San Diego, there will be thousands of visitors from all parts of the country who will line the curbing and cheer the procession. In the past, there have been a large number of visitors come to this city for the celebration and with the exposition as an added attraction, it is expected that there will be many more this year.

In addition to the civilian marchers, there will, of course, be military and naval features in the parade. The Second battalion, Fourth regiment, of marines with the Fourth regiment band, who are all camped on the exposition grounds, will take part in the celebration, as will coast artillerymen from Fort Rosecrans, which guards the entrance to the harbor, cavalrymen from the detachment camped in the exposition park, and sailors from warships in the harbor. Besides the marine band, there will be the First cavalry band, the Thirteenth band coast artillery corps, and the exposition's Spanish band. Of course, there will be a number of civilian bands.

### MUST STAND TRIAL

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Holding that the federal government has jurisdiction over election machinery, Judge A. B. Anderson, in the United States district court here, today overruled the demurrer filed by D. M. Roberts, mayor of Terre Haute, and 26 others to the indictment charging them with conspiring to corrupt the election of November 3, 1914, in Terre Haute. March 8 was the date fixed for the trial after 27 had been arraigned and all pleaded not guilty.

## RASH SPREAD OVER HANDS AND FACE

In Great Pain, Itched Terribly, Caused Disfigurement, Unable to Do Work, Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Not a Scar Left.

Pennington, Cal.—"A few months ago I was poisoned. It came on my hands first in a rash and in two days it had spread all over my hands and face. It gradually got worse day by day and I was in great pain. My hands and face were a mass of running sores and itched something terrible. I did not dare to scratch as it pained me so. I could not sleep at night. The eruption caused disfigurement. I was unable to do my work at all, it pained me so.

"I tried medicine but it did not help me. I had been about four weeks since I got poisoned when a friend asked me why I didn't try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for some right away and began using them following directions. Inside of two days I could see a great change and in seven days after I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment there was not a scar left." (Signed) Miss Edna Rogers, Apr. 30, 1914.

### Samples Free by Mail

"Why should I use Cuticura Soap? There is nothing the matter with my skin and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate, emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

### VASSAR'S YOUNG PRESIDENT

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Henry Noble McCracken, one of the youngest college presidents in America, today took office as president of Vassar college. He is a native of Toledo, and his brother and father are also college heads. Although only 34 years old, he has had a notable career and has written extensively on English composition. The girls of Vassar gave him a rousing welcome.

### A WOMAN PREACHER

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Because of the illness of Rev. B. Z. McCollough, his wife was called into the pulpit at the vesper services at the First Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon. Although the call was unexpected she delivered an excellent though brief talk to the congregation. For next Sunday afternoon a rally of all the young people of the city, irrespective of denomination, has been called for the Presbyterian church.

### NOTABLES IN CAPITAL

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—District Judge M. C. Mechem arrived in Santa Fe today to hear several cases this afternoon. Former Attorney General A. A. Godard of Kansas is also here from Topeka to appear in the cases. He is a close friend of State Senator B. F. Pankey.

Hundreds of health articles appear in newspapers and magazines, and in practically every one of them the importance of keeping the bowels regular is emphasized. A constipated condition invites disease. A dependable physic that acts without inconvenience or griping is found in Foley Cathartic Tablets. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## FATAL SHOOTING REPORTED FROM GALLUP

R. CLORE IS SHOT BY MAN WITH  
WHOM HE HAD BEEN  
FRIENDLY

Gallup, N. M., Jan. 30.—J. H. Crawford yesterday shot and probably fatally injured R. Clore. The incident took place out on a lone country road, about five miles from town. Crawford and Clore are said to have been the best of friends, both working in a small private mine that hauls its coal to town by wagon and sells it to the citizens here.

Clore was driving a load of coal to town and Crawford was on the wagon riding with him, but was not working for the mine this day. According to the only witness of the affair, a small Mexican boy, the two men got into an argument about the manner in which Clore was driving the team. Clore finally forced Crawford off the wagon. It is said he "pushed him off the wagon." When Crawford gathered himself up from the ground he was extremely angry and pulled his six-shooter and fired four shots. He did not aim the first shots at Clore, but the third was fired directly at Clore and the bullet struck him on the right chest, piercing the lung. The shooting took place about a mile from the Allison mining camp, and the injured man was taken to the hospital at that place. Physicians say that he cannot recover.

## HOUSE LEAGUE TO PROVIDE FUN AT Y.

MEN NOT FAST ENOUGH FOR  
FIRST TEAM PLAY ON SE-  
CONDARIES

From Monday's Daily.

Physical Director Dowden of the Y. M. C. A. announces the organization of a house basketball league consisting of eight teams. Beginning with Monday night a doubleheader will be played on the Y gym floor twice a week. The present schedule calls for 28 games and may be extended at the close of the series if there is a demand for a post tournament series. Regular basketball nights will be Monday and Friday evenings, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. No admission will be charged and the gallery will be open to spectators.

The director has felt for some time that the attention devoted to basketball in the association while commendable, has been devoted to the minority and that the rank and file of Y. members, while interested in the sport and equally entitled to at-

tention along this line, have been neglected, owing to the inability of more than a few to make the regular team. Consequently an effort has been made to give every member interested a chance to play in at least one match game a week, and incidentally the director hopes to develop more material for the regular Y. squad, which represents the association against out of town teams.

Starting at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening will occur the first two games of the tournament series. In the opening contest the "Kandy Kids" will play the "Speenorts," and in the second game the "Wise Gazelles" will play the "Tough Guys." Forty-two men and boys are enrolled on the various teams, and it is the wish of the director to raise the number to at least 48 in order that each team may be provided with at least one extra man. Any one interested in entering the league should see the physical director at once and be assigned to a team.

The teams and players are:

Kandy Kids—C. Hite, Capt.; Hendin, Dougherty, Lujan, J. Gallegos, Hunter. Wise Gazelles—F. McCoullough, Capt.; E. Sena, G. Hite, Unger, Emmer.

Chorus Girls—Mackel, Capt.; C. Stewart, L. McCoullough, Paice, S. Pinctel.

White Hopes—Reed, Capt.; Condon, Moore, Beatley Armijo.

Speenorts—Meloney Capt.; Poulson, H. Brown, T. Roybal, P. Turner. Tough Guys—Montano, Capt.; Cordova, F. Toreiz, R. Gallegos, J. Lucedo, Rendon.

Wearie Willies—B. Madrid, Capt.; Jaramillo, L. Madrid, Larrazolo, H. Baca.

Rough Necks—Robb, Capt.; Young, M. Ilfeld, E. Hite, G. Brady.

### THE WOOL MARKET.

Boston, Jan. 30.—The Commercial Bulletin said today:

"The wool market has been fairly active and stronger this week. Demand has covered about every grade and class of wool to be obtained in the market, and both fine and medium wools are higher.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Secretary Garrison has refused the Free Masons of Yuma, Ariz., permission to place a memorial tablet in the Washington monument, as a regulation adopted in 1907 limits such permits to sovereign states of the union and foreign countries.

"Advices from the foreign primary markets and from London tell of higher prices both in fine and medium wools, with American buyers operating keenly, both in Australia and London.

### Recognized Advantages

You will find that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has recognized advantages over most medicines in use for coughs and colds. It does not suppress a cough but loosens and relieves it. It aids expectoration and opens the secretions, which enables the system to throw off a cold. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

## TUCUMCARI MAN HAS ROTTEN LUCK

IS BITTEN BY A DOG AND LATER  
IS PINCHED FOR DRAWING  
A GUN

(From the Tucumcari News)

A young man was bitten by a dog. He went to the city office to swear out a complaint against the owner and have the dog killed. He flourished a gun and swore that he would shoot the dog if the authorities didn't. He then went to Judge McElroy's office and asked for the city ordinance to see what could be done. He again pulled his gun and told the judge what he intended to do. Sheriff Ward and Deputies Winter and White happened to be present and arrested him for carrying concealed weapons. He pleaded guilty and was given the minimum fine, which is \$50. This was hard luck to be bitten by a dog and have 50 plunks extracted from his bank account just because he pulled a gun while in the presence of three officers, but such is life in the far west.

### WRECK ON MILWAUKEE

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 30.—Several passengers were injured when train No. 5 on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, northbound from Chicago to Minneapolis, left the track near Oakwood, about 10 miles south of Milwaukee, today.

The wreck was said to have been caused by a broken wheel. Railway officials said only three persons were seriously injured, although several others received minor hurts. Among the injured were: Rev. F. A. Steven, London, Canada, Paul Ballwanz, Portage, Wis., and Mrs. Charles Feiges, residence unknown.

### LAST OF NOTORIOUS DEAL

Clinton, Mo., Feb. 1.—The last of the Henry County debt of \$555,000 for the construction of the Tebo and Neosho railroad which proved a fizzle in the 70's, was paid off today, when \$14,000, the last of the bonds, were redeemed. The payment recalls the notorious financial deal which cost the county some \$750,000, but which was finally compromised for \$550,000. The Clinton-Springfield branch of the Frisco is built on much of the old survey.

### FREE SUGAR SUSPENDED

Washington, Jan. 3.—Representative Broussard of Louisiana today carried out his announced intention of introducing a resolution to suspend the free sugar clause of the tariff law, which would abolish duties after May, 1916. He conceded its consideration was unlikely at this session of congress, but put it forward as a means of increasing the government's revenue.

### PAWNBROKER ROBBED

New York, Jan. 30.—Between \$40,000 and \$50,000 worth of diamonds

were stolen today from the pawnshop of Adolph Stern on the upper East side, by four men who drove up to the store in an automobile, held up the three clerks with revolvers, bound and gagged them, threw the jewels into three suit cases and escaped in the car.

## COUNTY TRAINING SCHOOL IS URGED

EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO HAVE  
SUCH INSTITUTION FOR SAN-  
MIGUEL COUNTY

A large crowd yesterday afternoon attended the meeting called by Dr. M. F. DesMarais, superintendent of education of San Miguel county, for the purpose of making an effort to obtain a manual and industrial training school in this county. The meeting occurred at the court house. The attendance was not confined to townspeople alone, many coming in from the country to attend. Dr. Des Marais presided.

A resolution was passed to the effect that the community saw the need of establishing a manual training school in the county. A committee, consisting of Dr. M. F. Des Marais, chairman; Eugenio Romero, Margarito Romero, O. A. Larrazolo, Roman Gallegos and Anselmo Gonzales was appointed to draw up a bill authorizing the establishment of the school, and to go to Santa Fe and urge its adoption.

During the meeting several speeches were made, the most important speakers being O. A. Larrazolo, Eugenio Romero, Margarito Romero and Dr. Des Marais.

### AN ARIZONA MUSEUM

Santa Fe, Feb. 1.—Because of the success of the Museum of New Mexico Henry Jaasted of Tucson has drawn plans for a \$30,000 building for a museum to be erected at Tucson by the state. Plans call for a main rotunda with wings, the plans being such that wings can be added as room is needed. The rotunda is to cost \$30,000 and \$20,000 a year will be asked for the maintenance of the institution.

### KANSAS QUARANTINED

Washington, Feb. 1.—The entire state of Kansas was quarantined today by the department of agriculture against foot and mouth disease, because of infection found at Winfield, brought by cattle from Wisconsin.

The year 1915 promises big things for American workers.

## NOW READY 1915 Catalogue Dry Climate Seeds

Bulbs, Trees, Rose Bushes, etc. Gives valuable information of what to plant and when to plant in Dry Climates. Send for a copy today. A postal will do.

TUCSON SEED CO.

TUCSON, ARIZONA

## PERSONALS

From Monday's Daily.

The Colfax County High school basketball teams left yesterday afternoon for Raton, after playing four games in this city.

F. M. Hughes drove into town last night from Salinas, putting up his car at the Las Vegas Auto and Machine Shop's garage. He left this morning for Mora to attend the meeting of the commissioners of Mora county.

F. P. Kahnt, representing the J. S. Brown Grocery company of Denver, was in Las Vegas today calling on the trade.

J. B. Merritt, a Santa Fe railroad employe of Trinidad, was in Las Vegas yesterday to visit old friends. Mr. Merritt is a former resident of this city.

H. A. Lane, representing Wilson Brothers of Chicago, was in Las Vegas today calling on the trade.

Miss Agnes Norman, Miss Lucille Finlay, Miss Gertrude Norman and Miss Helen Wilson, all of Raton, left on train No. 2 last night for their home in the Gate City. They have been in the city for a few days to witness the basketball games between the Raton teams and the local schools. During their short stay here they made many friends.

J. T. Rogers, Jr., and R. C. Van Houten, both of Shoemaker, were in Las Vegas today.

Miss Katherine Drake of Hodges arrived in Las Vegas on Saturday afternoon for a visit with Mrs. H. W. Kelly.

A. A. Gallegos of Villanueva, arrived in town last night. He will stay here a short time to attend the meeting of the board of commissioners of San Miguel county, of which he is a member.

Jose Ortiz, a rancher from the neighborhood of Galisteo, was in town today on personal business.

Ros Gonzales of Wagon Mound was in Las Vegas over the weekend on business.

Henry Donsher of Pueblo was in Las Vegas today to attend to some business affairs.

John Henning of Raton was in Las Vegas over the weekend.

W. S. Watson of Denver was a business visitor in this city today.

J. B. Lawd of El Paso was in Las Vegas today to attend to some personal affairs.

B. W. Wenzel, a Denver business man, was in town today.

W. B. Warner of Denver arrived in Las Vegas yesterday. He will make a short stay here to attend to some business affairs.

R. C. Limerick, in the Santa Fe railroad employ, left last night for Raton.

Robert J. Taupert, accompanied by Mrs. Taupert, will return tonight on train No. 9 from a trip to Terre Haute, Ind., Kansas City and Topeka.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Roach and daughter, Marguerite will leave tonight on train No. 2 for an extended visit in the south for the benefit of Mr. Roach's health. They will spend the greater part of their absence in Florida.

J. Frank Curns, an attorney from Wagon Mound, was in Las Vegas to-

day to attend to some professional business.

Fidel Ortiz, chairman of the board of commissioners of the county of San Miguel, arrived in Las Vegas last night from Santa Fe, where he has been for several weeks.

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, president of the New Mexico Normal University, left last night for Santa Fe to attend the sessions of the state board of education, of which he is a member.

W. E. Carpenter, superintendent of the Colorado-New Mexico division of the Wells Fargo Express company, passed through Las Vegas on train No. 1 today bound for Albuquerque. Mr. Carpenter is making arrangements to meet the changes brought about by the new Santa Fe railroad time card.

Mrs. Adolphus (Annheuser) Busch, widow of the famous brewer, passed through Las Vegas on train No. 3 this morning in her private car. She is bound from St. Louis to Los Angeles.

F. W. Fisher of Albuquerque was a business visitor in town this afternoon.

N. F. La Suer of Albuquerque arrived in Las Vegas on train No. 10 this afternoon for a short business visit.

Harry Fisher, formerly in the employ of the Santa Fe railroad here, left yesterday for Tucumcari, where he will be employed in the office of the El Paso & Southwestern railroad.

J. A. Torres, a revenue inspector who has been here for some time, left today for Trinidad.

Dr. J. M. Cunningham left yesterday evening for Santa Fe, where he will spend a short time.

Clarence Iden, of Gross Kelly & Company, returned today from a short trip to Rowe.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Vicente Mares of Wagon Mound was in Las Vegas today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hile of Watrous, were in Las Vegas today for a short visit.

George S. French of Denver was a business visitor in town today. He is connected with several technical magazines.

R. V. Pugh, a rancher from the neighborhood of Onava, was in Las Vegas today to make some purchases.

O. F. Landis of Albuquerque was in Las Vegas today for a short business visit.

John Gandert of Mora county came in last night from Holman. Mr. Gandert is postmaster and notary public from that town.

Mose Bean and his brother of Deerfield, Kan., are in Las Vegas looking over this part of the country with a view of locating.

Ed Hixenbaugh of Ocate, left Las Vegas for Mora county yesterday evening after a short stay here.

C. C. Lewis of Wagon Mound arrived in Las Vegas yesterday afternoon. He left today for Kansas.

R. K. Odell, surveyor of Mora county, came in last night from his home at Wagon Mound.

J. A. Conley, master mechanic of the New Mexico division of the Santa Fe railroad, was in town today in the interests of the company.

A. R. Stubbs, a resident of Denver arrived in Las Vegas last night on a short business trip.

Charles Fraker, Jr., recently elected justice of the peace of precinct No. 12, Mora county, came into town last

night from his home at Wagon Mound.

J. H. McSwain, representing the Belknap Hardware company of Fort Worth, Tex., was in Las Vegas today calling on the trade.

John R. Strong, treasurer of the county of Mora, was in Las Vegas today from his home at Mora.

Charles Clay, a former resident of Las Vegas, passed through here last night on his way from Albuquerque to St. Louis.

N. V. Gallegos, former United States land receiver at Tucumcari, left Las Vegas this afternoon for Santa Fe, where he will spend some time.

H. G. McGinn of Denver was a business visitor in town today.

H. Alex Hibbard arrived on train No. 1 this afternoon from Denver for a short business visit.

F. E. Osborne, representing the Runkle Cocoa and Chocolate company of New York city, was in town yesterday afternoon calling on the trade.

George E. Rusby of the H. O. W. ranch near town, was in Las Vegas today on personal business.

A large party of county officials left on train No. 1 today for Santa Fe, where they will be occupied on business with the legislature. In the party were Roman Gallegos, sheriff of San Miguel county; Eugenio Romero, county treasurer; Fidel Ortiz, chairman of the board of county commissioners; Antonio A. Gallegos, county commissioner; Adelaido Tafoya, judge of the probate court; Manuel A. Sanchez, county assessor.

From Wednesday's Daily.

H. C. Cotton of Denver was a business visitor here today.

John D. W. Veeder will leave on train No. 2 tonight for Albany, N. Y.

P. R. Bierer of Denver was in town today to attend to some personal affairs.

John F. Harvey of Denver arrived in Las Vegas last night for a short business visit.

Pablo Baca, a rancher from the neighborhood of Blanca, was in Las Vegas today to make some purchases.

W. M. Pittard and Al Redmon, both of Albuquerque, were in Las Vegas today to attend to some personal affairs.

W. H. Rafe, a Santa Fe railroad man of La Junta, was in Las Vegas today to attend to some company affairs.

Mrs. Charles Wagner came in last night from Montoya to visit here. Mrs. Wagner was formerly Miss Amelia Lujan of Las Vegas.

George V. Hanlon, tie inspector of the Santa Fe railroad, arrived in Las Vegas last night to attend to some business for the company.

Jesus Remusz of Aztec arrived in Las Vegas yesterday afternoon in the custody of W. T. Dufur, sheriff of San Juan county. Remusz was committed to the new Mexico Hospital for the Insane last Saturday. He became violently insane after a long illness.

Lorenzo Edigado, clerk of the county of San Miguel, left last night on train No. 9 for Santa Fe.

O. A. Larrazolo left this morning for Santa Fe, where he will spend the rest of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Marshall arrived on train No. 1 this afternoon from Denver for a short visit.

A. W. Pollard, an attorney from

Deming, was in Las Vegas today to attend to some professional business.

from Thursday's Daily.

Mrs. C. B. Barnes of Ribera, was in town today.

Max Krause came in last night from Mora for a few days' business trip.

W. W. Williams and E. L. Midley, both of Pueblo, Colo., were here today on business.

O. W. Kramer arrived in Las Vegas last night from Denver for a short business visit.

H. B. Roeder of Albuquerque was in Las Vegas today to attend to some business affairs.

J. R. Craighead and C. B. McDaniel, both of Denver, were in Las Vegas today on business.

L. J. Hand, a rancher from Watrous, was in Las Vegas today to attend to some personal affairs.

Jose D. Gutierrez, a rancher from the neighborhood of Canon Largo, was in Las Vegas today to make some purchases.

F. T. Woodard, a Santa Fe railroad man from Colorado Springs, Colo., was in Las Vegas today in the interests of the company.

M. C. Irby of Albuquerque, was a business visitor in Las Vegas today.

Paul Zaup, came in last night from Trinidad on a short business trip.

A. F. Meyers of Denver representing the Columbia Graphophone company of New York City, was in Las Vegas today calling on the trade.

W. G. Rupp, a former resident of Las Vegas, came in last night from his home in Trinidad, for a visit with old friends.

James Leonard of Trout Springs was in Las Vegas today to celebrate his sixty-eighth birthday. Mr. Leonard is hte overseer at the Nordhaus ranch at Trout Springs.

W. E. Gortner, stenographer for the Fourth judicial istrict court of New Mexico, left this afternoon on train No. 7 for Santa Fe, where he will spend a few days.

Antonio Archuleta, a merchant from Watrous, was in Las Vegas today on business.

Ed Springer of Koehler, N. M., was in Las Vegas today on business. He is a son of Frank Springer of this city.

Pat Walsh, general baggage agent of the Santa Fe, arrived this morning from Topeka, Kan.

James D. Davidson, manager of the Finnigan-Brown company of Albuquerque, was in Las Vegas today in the interest of his concern.

M. J. Bell of Trinidad arrived in Las Vegas on train No. 1 this afternoon for a short business visit.

Mose Biehn and J. D. Biehn, who have been in this city for some time, left last night for their home at Deerfield, Kan.

## WOMEN TO VOTE?

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 4.—The woman suffrage resolution passed by the legislature in 1913 was adopted in the senate today by unanimous vote. Previously it had been adopted in the assembly. The voters of the state will now be given the opportunity to vote for the constitutional amendment giving women the right of suffrage.

Frank Gotch has found a wrestling wonder, he claims, and he is putting him through a course of sprouts.