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East Las Vegas, N. M., November 7, 1914.

Number 26

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES ARE OVERWHELMED BY AVALANCHE OF STRAIGHT G. O. P. VOTES

 * Thirty-six out of 54 precincts *
 * in San Miguel county give Her- *
 * nandez a plurality of 1,256. It is *
 * stated by election experts that *
 * this county, judging by returns *
 * already in, will return a plurality *
 * of 1,500 for Hernandez. *
 * *****

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 4.—More complete returns this morning indicate the election of B. C. Hernandez, republican, to congress by 2,000. The counties to be heard from are chiefly republican and probably will materially increase this majority.

Hugh H. Williams, republican, is elected to the state corporation commission, the only state office at issue. The republicans probably have elected a two-thirds majority to the lower house of the legislature.

Democrats Give Up

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 4.—Late this afternoon the democratic state headquarters admitted defeat in yesterday's congressional and legislative election. The voters have elected Benigno C. Hernandez to congress by about 2,800 to 3,500 votes. The lower house of the legislature will be republican by two-thirds. The three constitutional amendments carried.

A republican victory by fully 2,500 in the state and a plurality for Hernandez and the rest of the ticket in San Miguel county of not less than 1,200 was the result of yesterday's congressional and legislative election. Hugh H. Williams, republican candidate for member of the state corporation commission, to succeed himself, ran abreast of Hernandez in this county, while Secundino Romero, Fred O. Blood and Apolonio A. Sena, republican candidates for the lower house of the state legislature, ran ahead of the congressional aspirant.

As was to have been expected, judging from its solid republican expressions at previous elections, the West side gave Hernandez and his associates on the ticket a substantial majority of 239. In East Las Vegas,

which in 1912 gave Fergusson a plurality of 48 over Jaffa, republican, in yesterday's election the republican candidate received a plurality of 53. He got a plurality in Greater Las Vegas of 292. In 1910 Greater Las Vegas gave Jaffa a plurality of 78, while Taft received a plurality of 178.

The reports were exceedingly slow in coming in today. At noon 18 precincts reported the following vote on the congressional candidates: Hernandez, 1,290; Fergusson, 632; Hernandez's plurality, 658.

Precinct No. 37, El Cerrito, gave a straight vote for Hernandez, the vote being: Hernandez, 33; Fergusson, 0. Precinct No. 36, Hot Springs, gave 36 votes for Hernandez and one for Fergusson. This same ratio was given for all the candidates on the republican and democratic tickets.

Thirty-six precincts had reported up to 4 o'clock this afternoon, but it was impossible to get the figures tabulated for presentation in total. The returns for every precinct in the county will be published in detail tomorrow evening in The Optic.

Precinct No. 4—Ticolote—For congress: Hernandez, 65; Fergusson, 13; Hernandez's majority, 52.

Mora county will give Hernandez and the republican candidates for corporation commissioner and members of the lower house of the state legislature a plurality of 300 or more. Hernandez's pluralities in towns in Mora county are as follows: Mora, 11; Cleveland, 52; Wagon Mound, 123; Holman, 15. Roy gave Fergusson a plurality of 56, while in Nolan he got a plurality of 3.

In the county of Santa Fe the republican candidates will be shown to have received a substantial majority, when all the returns are counted. Hernandez's majority in the city of Santa Fe is 304, and his plurality in the county is expected to reach 700.

Raton gave Hernandez a plurality of 118. The county will go republican by 300 votes. Fergusson received a plurality of 449 in Albuquerque, but he lost Old Albuquerque by 214; Barrels by 142, Chilili by 10 and Del Rio

by 25. Fergusson took Roswell by a reduced plurality and Chaves county by his by a reduced plurality. Hernandez has carried Dona Ana county with ease. Returns from Guadalupe county are incomplete. Quay, Otero and Lincoln counties appear to be Fergusson's by small figures. In San Juan county, where Hernandez lost by 123, Palmer, republican candidate for the legislature, was elected by 11 votes.

Throughout the state, with few exceptions, the counties considered to be strong democratic bailiwicks have returned small pluralities for Fergusson, while the doubtful counties have voted republican and the republican counties have brought in unexpectedly large pluralities for Hernandez.

Hernandez's plurality in Bernalillo county is 774, according to a special message to The Optic this afternoon. Chaves county gives Fergusson a plurality of 810; Eddy gives him a plurality of 700; Grant county, incomplete, gives Fergusson's plurality as 900; Curry county gives Fergusson a plurality of 400.

The following additional returns of Mora county were received late this afternoon; in every instance the figures given are majorities:

San Jose, Fergusson, 14; Hill, 13; Colondrina, Hernandez, 5; Williams, 2; Ocate, Hernandez, 28; Williams, 14; Lucero, Hernandez, 23; Williams, 17; Coyote, Hernandez, 10; Williams, 8; Chacon, Hernandez, 113; Williams, 58; Abuela, Hernandez, 31; Williams, 22; El Carmen, Hernandez, 24; Hill, 12; Cerdillera, Hernandez, 4; Williams, 4; Tortilla, Fergusson, 11; Hill, 9; Watrous, Hernandez, 19; Williams, 21; Gascon, Fergusson, 4; Hill, 11; Naranjos, Fergusson, 5; Hill, 6.

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS

There are many times when one man questions another's actions and motives. Men act differently under different circumstances. The question is, what would you do right now if you had a severe cold? Could you do better than to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? It is highly recommended by people who have used it for years and know its value. Mrs. O. E. Sargent, Peru, Ind., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is worth its weight in gold and I take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by all dealers.—Adv

The labor unions of England declare their loyalty to the crown, despite the recent declarations of the Germans that a national weakness existed in the strong unions.

NEW MEXICO MAY GET THE REVENUE OFFICE

ARIZONA, IN GOING DRY, LIKELY TO LOOSE A GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT

Santa Fe, Nov. 6.—A determined effort to bring back the internal revenue office to Santa Fe or Albuquerque was inaugurated today because of Arizona going dry. United States Senators T. B. Catron and A. B. Fall, Congressman H. B. Fergusson, state officials and business men have been interested and feel if a concerted movement is made that the office will come back here, as a prohibition state, it is argued, is not the place for an office whose main business it is to collect revenue from intoxicants, especially since the office was taken from Santa Fe only a few months ago on the plea that Phoenix is more convenient to the interests that pay the internal revenue taxes.

However, Arizona has two democratic senators while New Mexico has just reaffirmed its faith in the republican party, and that is one reason the Arizonians will urge for keeping the office at Phoenix. More potent, however, will be the argument that Arizona paid a much larger income tax than New Mexico and that it also pays more internal revenue taxes on the manufacture of cigars and under the new revenue law than does New Mexico.

Colorado has gone dry, Oklahoma has been dry, and so have been several southern states but the internal revenue office is doing business at the old stands in those states and is taking in considerable internal revenue tax despite prohibition. It is also pointed out that New Mexico is rapidly growing dry, through local option and is likely to vote on statewide prohibition within another year.

A tight feeling in the chest accompanied by a short, dry cough, indicates an inflamed condition in the lungs. To relieve it buy the dollar size BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP; you get with each bottle a free HERRICK'S RED PEPPER POROUS PLASTER for the chest. The syrup relaxes the tightness and the plaster draws out the inflammation. It is an ideal combination for curing colds settled in the lungs. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

FINANCIAL SKIES BEGINNING TO CLEAR

IN SPITE OF THE WAR IN EUROPE, CONDITIONS HERE ARE ON THE MEND

New York, Nov. 3.—The financial situation grows brighter almost daily in spite of the heavy European war cloud. This week there has been marked progress in clearing up the foreign exchange situation, and the restrictions upon credit, foreign and domestic, are being gradually lessened. One of the most striking evidences of improvement has been in the recovery of our foreign trade, particularly in exports, from the effects of war shown in the September statistics. In that month it will be recalled our exports declined \$62,000,000 and our imports \$31,000,000, the loss in exports being largely in cotton and the loss in imports being chiefly in manufactured products. Our export trade during the past week, has been particularly active. The increase in raw products and war supplies has been very conspicuous. Cotton has been going forward very freely; and the announcement by Great Britain that cotton will not be considered contraband, even to Germany, insures a continued free movement of this staple. This of course will materially relieve the cotton situation, and will also serve to settle our foreign debit balance and check gold exports. To the south, which is largely dependent upon foreign buying of cotton, this movement will be particularly welcome, even if cotton does go out at a very low price. The proposed cotton loan of \$135,000,000 under the management of a committee of the federal reserve board has received considerable support, although there are some doubts as to its legality. The plan is meeting with much favor, particularly in the south, as a matter of expediency in a great emergency. The federal reserve banks will open about two weeks hence. This insures additional relief and ease in monetary situation. Barring any temporary local stringency which might accompany a transfer of funds to the federal institutions, it is estimated that the reduction in reserve requirements which will follow this operation will result in an expansion of possibly \$300,000,000 in loans. This should insure continued ease in money, and will materially facilitate the retirement of clearing house certificates and emergency currency which have already been withdrawn to a considerable extent.

These five conditions—easier money better foreign exchange situation, early opening of the federal reserve banks, improvement in our export trade and a good harvest—are the five brightest and most encouraging features in the American business situation, which in other respects is still very unsatisfactory and passing through a critical period. It is not desirable to dwell too strongly upon the

discouraging side of affairs, yet it would be dangerously foolish to ignore the many unsatisfactory conditions. Bank clearings are still running 25 per cent below a year ago, the decrease being greatly emphasized by suspension of the various stock and commodity exchanges. Railroad earnings are unsatisfactory, those reported for the month of September showing a loss of seven per cent, while for the first two weeks of October the losses have been from 12 to 15 per cent. Building operations are running about one-third below last year. Dividends have been cut or passed by an unusually large number of industrials. The railroads, it may be noted with satisfaction, have maintained their regular payments remarkably well. There has been a further increase in the number of idle cars, and also in business failures. The steel trade is now running less than 50 per cent of its capacity and prices continue weak. The textile industries were much deranged by the war and the fall in cotton, but are now showing greater steadiness and activity. Such facts as these are already too familiar. They chiefly reflect the shock of the European war upon the United States. Fortunately, there is good reason to believe that the first effects of that shock are already over. There is every encouragement for believing that the rebound has fairly begun. Recovery is already in sight. That our financial resources have been successfully placed on a war basis, and that the mobilization in this respect is almost complete, are demonstrated by the facts cited in the first paragraph of this review. We must not forget that this country will be affected less by the war than any other. We have this year been blessed with a bountiful harvest, including the largest wheat crop on record, for which we shall find a good foreign demand at profitable prices. Throughout the wheat belt prosperity is everywhere in evidence, in spite of the war. Optimism reigns supreme here. The south, moreover, has now less to fear from the effects of that catastrophe. Several million more bales of cotton have been raised than can be consumed, but it is quite likely that the foreign takings of cotton will prove considerably larger than at one time expected.

As for the war, its effects upon the world's commerce and finances are serious enough. Yet the blow has been met in all countries with greater fortitude and success than could possibly have been anticipated. As yet there are no signs of an approaching end, and the conviction grows that the struggle will be a long and exhausting one. What the effects of a long contest through a disheartening winter will be upon the temper of the combatants, remains to be seen. It should give opportunity for a return to reason on all sides. If continued indefinitely a grave economic crisis will be unavoidable. The financial and industrial exhaustion will be more complete to all concerned; and it would seem that if passion could be laid aside better terms could be obtained on all sides by an early truce and a resort to diplomacy and arbitration for adjustment than by continuing this awful carnage. Justice, and not force, will lead to the right.

Congress is now adjourned and the country is assured of rest from legislative agitation for some time to come. The election promises to be a quiet one, and no changes are anticipated that will be disturbing to business. The efforts of the railroads to secure the advance in rates from the interstate commerce commission, according to all accounts, do not promise very successfully. There are signs in the committee of a willingness to make concessions to the railroads. If this should be true an important factor of encouragement will disappear. There has been an increased movement in investments of the better class. Prices are exceedingly low and there is no lack of bargains to be obtained by buyers with ready money. Were the local exchange opened and values fairly tested by the conflict of opinion between buyers and sellers there would likely be considerable investment buying. Well selected investments should bring good profits at no very distant period. Strong efforts are being made for a reopening of the Stock Exchange, but much depends upon the action of London, where several plans have already been proposed that would seem to be near a solution of the difficulties at that center. The moratorium expires in London next week and is not expected to be renewed, the situation there showing daily and persistent improvement. Thus far Europe has financed the war, which is costing, it is claimed, at the rate of about \$50,000,000 a day, without for the time being any apparent serious difficulty, which is certainly a world's record experience.

HENRY CLEWS.

CONDEMNS BRITAIN

Santa Fe, Nov. 3.—The Irish World in its latest number prints two articles from the pen of Judge A. L. Morrison of this city in which he implores the young men of Ireland not to enlist in the British armies. Morrison is one of the few survivors of the Young Irelanders led by Smith, O'Brien, Mitchel and O'Meagher and is also a veteran of the war with Mexico. He was an active Fenian and Land Leaguer and 30 years ago was a member of the editorial staff of the Irish World. He says:

"I cannot think of any possible contingency which would justify Irishmen in fighting the battles of our accursed enemy, who struggled for long horrible centuries to exterminate our race, who robbed our ancestors of their homes and made us exiles and wanderers all over the face of the earth."

He says further on, quoting Joseph Chamberlain:

"In all seriousness, the extravagant welcome of the Sikhs and Parthians in Marseilles is a melancholy sign in the world's affairs. It strangely parallels the calling of Scythians, Avars and Bulgars to support of the Byzantine empire. Marseilles in the last six weeks has seen Kabyles from the African Atlas, Moors from the valleys of Oran, negroes from Senegal and now strange pagan Mussulman hordes from India pour through the streets and camp in its parks. If the allies had a brigade of Huron, Mohawks, Cree and Blackfoot Indians they would be glad of them today."

EVANGELIST POINTS THE ROAD TO HEAVEN

CRIMM SAYS THIS HIGHWAY WAS BOUGHT AND PAID FOR BY JESUS CHRIST

The fourth week of the revival at the First Baptist church began last evening with a goodly sized crowd and an interesting meeting. "It is being demonstrated in every service that Jesus still has power to save in this fast twentieth century," says the evangelist. Evangelist Crimm used for his subject, "The Highway to Heaven." He said in part:

"One thing about this way; it cost a great price. Every road in this world cost a great amount of money. The Santa Fe road which goes through this town cost somebody an immense amount of labor and money. You go to Texas and you will see great highways in the black land belt, and when you see them you know that those roads cost a vast amount of money. But you can put the cost of every railroad and highway in this world together and then you will have only a vague idea of the great cost to build this way to glory. It cost heaven its brightest jewel; it cost God His only Son to build this highway to glory. O! what a cost!

"Another thing about this highway: it has a good foundation. It is builded on Jesus Christ and there is no danger of a wreck on this way, for Jesus is the engineer and the Holy Spirit is the conductor. This road to heaven is a plain way. The scripture says, 'It is so plain that a way-faring man, though a fool, should not err therein.'

"On this highway to heaven you have good company. The book says: 'It is a way of holiness. Most all the good mothers of this earth are on this road; all about is God's nature to cheer you on the way; there is happiness every day on this way. If you want joy, peace, comfort and contentment, come get on this way and follow it home to glory.'

KILLING OFF GERMANS

Paris, Nov. 3.—A microbe causing gangrene to develop in bullet and shrapnel wounds has been discovered by Doctors James Scarlett and George Des Jardins of the American ambulance service. After much research and experimentation on horses and guinea pigs, a single bacillus has been discovered and isolated and the serum is now being prepared by Dr. Henri Weisberg of the Pasteur institute. The serum is being injected into patients on the battlefield in the early stages of infection, obviating amputations and preventing a great loss of life.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Cairo, Egypt, Nov. 3 (via London). All Egypt from today is placed under martial law. Major General Sir John Grenfell Maxwell, commanding the forces in Egypt, has published a proclamation to the effect that the British government has ordered him to take charge of the military control of Egypt and to insure protection.

MEXICAN CONVENTION ELECTS A SUCCESSOR TO CARRANZA, WHO THREATENS TO START TROUBLE

Provisional President Says Villa and Zapata Must be Deposed as Well as He

GUTIERREZ SELECTED TO HOLD JOB FOR 20 DAYS

He is Said to be Faithful to Villa, Though He Owes Political Preference Under the Constitutionalist Government to the "First Chief"—Hitches Arises Over the Evacuation of Vera Cruz, but the American Troops Will Remain Until Guarantees are Given

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 2.—The conference of revolutionary chiefs at Aguas Calientes has disregarded General Carranza's protest and elected Eulalio Gutierrez provisional president of Mexico, according to an official report reaching the border today.

Civil War Threatened

Washington, D. C., Nov. 2.—Latest official dispatches today from Mexico said Carranza was threatening civil war unless the convention complied with his demand to retire Villa and Zapata with his resignation. The Mexico City papers, by order of Carranza are publishing the correspondence with Washington over the conditions of evacuation of Vera Cruz.

The United States has addressed a note through the Brazilian minister in Mexico City to General Carranza reiterating its willingness to withdraw American forces in Vera Cruz, but insisting on a compliance with the original demands of the state department for certain guarantees.

A copy of the note was sent simultaneously to the American consular agent at Aguas Calientes, to be laid formally before the convention. The document sets forth that the United States has been ready and willing for some time to evacuate Vera Cruz, but has waited for the specific guarantees.

The note states that a proclamation giving the guarantees is desired by the United States from the central government in Mexico, and refers to the fact that the convention at Aguas Calientes recently instructed Carranza to comply with that request. The American government points out that inasmuch as Carranza officially referred the matter to the convention his compliance is still being awaited.

General Carranza has stated to American Consul Silliman that he is willing to give oral assurances, but he (Carranza) believes that an embarrassing precedent would be established by the issuance of a proclamation.

Capital Hears the News

Mexico City, Nov. 2.—A dispatch received here from Aguas Calientes says that General Eulalio Gutierrez was elected provisional president of Mexico shortly after midnight last

night. The election is for a period of 20 days only.

The Aguas Calientes convention voted to meet in Mexico City later.

Gutierrez has been prominently identified with the revolution that resulted in the expulsion of General Huerta from the republic. He is a close friend of General Carranza and rose with Carranza against Huerta in Carranza's native state of Coahuila.

Commenting today on the action of the Aguas Calientes convention, Foreign Minister Fabela said:

"The high office of this government believes that this convention had no right to name a successor to Carranza. If General Villa and General Zapata refuse to leave the country with Carranza we will have war. The only way to guarantee peace is for these three chieftains to leave the field. General Gutierrez is a brave and honorable soldier, but the convention must live up to General Carranza's demands."

HOST OF CONVERTS PROFESS CHRIST

EVANGELIST CRIMM DECIDES TO PROLONG MEETINGS TO COMPLETE HARVEST

Two large congregations were present at the revival at the Baptist church yesterday. The services during the day were enthusiastic, especially was the singing at the evening service thrilling. The reaping time has come and the meetings Saturday and Sunday reaped 20 converts. The evangelists in charge had intended closing last night, but owing to the interest the meetings will run indefinitely.

At last night's service Evangelist Crimm spoke on "The Most Vital Moment in Life." He said in part:

"There are several vital moments in every life. You can look back over the past and see where you met the vital moment several times, but of all

moments the most vital is when a man stands face to face with Jesus Christ. We have three notable men in the Bible who met this vital moment, Saul of Tarsus, Felix the governor, and Agrippa the king. Saul was a highly educated man, being the youngest member of the Sanhedran court. He was popular with his countrymen. One day he came and asked permission to go to Damascus and there persecute the followers of Christ. I see him on his way to Damascus thinking he was doing a good service to his country and his religion by putting to death the Christians. Somewhere on his journey he met the Lord, and there shone round about him the spirit which spoke to him:

"Paul said, 'Who art thou, Lord?' The Spirit answered: 'I am Jesus whom thou persecutest.' Paul had met the vital moment as he stood there in the presence of the Lord. He then and there accepted the Lord and became the mighty Paul of the New Testament. Finally because of the mighty works Paul was doing for Christianity he was placed in prison. He appeared before Felix to plead for his release, but instead he told him about Jesus. As the great old man stood there in chains he made such an appeal that Felix was terrified and said: 'Go thy way for this time; at a more convenient season I will call for thee.' Felix went his way and turned down the call.

"Two years passed and Agrippa came to the throne. Again Paul was given an opportunity to plead for his release, and again he pleaded with his king about righteousness, self control and a judgment to come. O! what an opportunity to speak to his king. Finally Agrippa, like Felix, was troubled about his soul and said: 'With but little more persuasion you would have made me a Christian.' Felix and Agrippa turned down the most vital moment of life and have passed out of history and gone down to hell. Not so with Paul. He met the vital moment like a man and made the great Paul of the New Testament, and today he stands as an example to those who follow him, and his name is mentioned around the world.

"Some of you during this meeting have come to that same point and have turned it down, and others are coming there. What will you do with the moment when it comes? You are almost persuaded and you haven't enough stuff in your backbone to take a stand. There have been several vital moments in my life. Some of them I have not treated rightly, but I bless God when the most vital moment came and I stood face to face with Jesus I chose Him as my Savior. I stood that day a poor, lost, doomed, unhappy, sin-sick soul when Jesus came and found me. A number of you are facing that moment now. What are you going to do about it?"

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Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, sweet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

STRONG COMMITTEE TO PREPARE AN EXHIBIT

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION TO MAKE A GOOD SHOWING AT ALBUQUERQUE

Santa Fe, Nov. 4.—Miss Mannelle A. Myers, supervisor of industrial education in New Mexico today announced the following additional committees to prepare industrial exhibits for the Albuquerque educational meet this month:

Bernalillo county, Superintendent Atanasio Montoya, chairman; Mrs. Sarah H. Moore, Mrs. O'Connor Roberts, Dr. Marian F. Kyle, Selma Anderson
Chaves county, Superintendent C. C. Hill, chairman; Superintendent W. O. Hall, Roswell; T. N. Russell, Hagerman; Jesse Knox, Lake Arthur; Major J. W. Wilsson, Roswell; Mrs. E. Doolley, Elkins.

Lincoln county, Superintendent Mrs. W. L. Gumm, chairman; Superintendent C. L. Schreck, Capitan; Superintendent A. McCurdy, Carrizozo; G. E. Cardwell, Nogal; Mrs. M. L. Blanes, Oscuro; Miss Rebecca Livingston, Crona.

Curry county, Superintendent L. C. Mersfeler, chairman.

Dona Ana county, Superintendent Frank M. Hayner, chairman; Mrs. George Baumeister, Mesilla Park; C. E. Morrissett, Las Cruces; Mrs. M. L. Woodson, Mesilla; Pearl Miller, State College; F. M. Hatfield, Carlsbad.

Eddy county, Superintendent W. A. Pocre, chairman; Ruth Brainerd, Artesia; R. R. James, Lovington; S. J. Daley, Hope; George Brinton, Lakewood; H. G. Howard, Malaga.

San Miguel county, Superintendent M. F. DesMarais, chairman; Mrs. Lou Cobb, Las Vegas; Miss Papen, Las Vegas; Mrs. B. J. Read, East Las Vegas.

Sierra county, Superintendent F. I. Given, chairman; Mrs. Ida M. Beals, Lake Valley; Miss McLean, Lake Valley; Hodge Moore, Hillsboro.

Taos county, Superintendent Jose Montaner, chairman; E. R. Wischart, Questa; Mrs. E. M. Probert, Taos.

Union county, Superintendent H. H. Errett, chairman; Rita Ryan, Folsom; T. J. Perry, Des Moines; Luke Jackson, Clayton; Capitola Horton, Bueyeros.

W. T. Huchens, Nicholson, Ga., had a severe attack of rheumatism. His feet, ankles and joints were swollen, and moving about was very painful. He was certainly in a bad way when he started to take Foley Kidney Pills. He says, "Just a few doses made me feel better, and now my pains and rheumatism are all gone and I sleep all night long." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

METAL WORKERS GATHER

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—The metal trades department of the American Federation of Labor will hold its annual convention here tomorrow, Thursday and Friday. Matters of importance to the trade have brought together a big attendance of delegates. Following the metal trades meeting comes the annual convention of the Federation itself, which comes November 9.

SCHOOL CHILDREN ENTERTAIN THE PUBLIC

BOYS AND GIRLS SHOW TALENT AND TRAINING AT DUNCAN OPERA HOUSE

The entertainment given last night at the Duncan opera house by the children of the public schools of East Las Vegas proved a wonderful success. A large audience was present and appreciated the efforts of the youngsters.

The curtain rose about 8:15 o'clock on the children of the first grade of the Douglas avenue building. These were followed by Grades 2 and 3 in songs and folk games. Part one of the program concluded with the appearance of the third and fourth grades in a series of songs.

Part two was conducted by the children of the Castle building. Their portion of the entertainment took the form of a one-act operetta, "While Mortals Sleep." This was a pretty act, exceptionally well carried out. It represented a band of school children who accidentally wander among a band of fairies who are just about to celebrate the occasion of the new moon. The fairies, with the aid of the Brownies, entertain the children, introducing such well known characters as Mother Goose, Little Boy Blue, Bo-Peep and Santa Claus. Several birds made their appearance and scored a great hit with their impersonation of the children's feathered friends. The rainbow and the breezes did their part and in a grand finale Columbia appeared and greeted the audience. The king of the fairies conducted the entertainment and brought it to a successful climax.

The last part of the program was given by the Girls' Glee club of the High school. This is the organization that is to be sent to the teachers' convention in Albuquerque this month. The club showed its fitness to represent Vegas by its excellent rendering of the "Legend of Bregenz." Both the solo and choral work was superb.

During the intermissions excellent music was furnished by the Las Vegas Symphony Orchestra. Mrs. Kohn had ten musicians under her direction.

Great credit is due to Mrs. Adolphine Kohn, the musical directress of the city schools, for her patient endeavors with the performers of last night. It was due to her energy and resource that the affair was such a signal success.

The following persons participated in the entertainment of the evening:

Douglas Avenue School

Ruth Davis, Isabell Harris, Pauline Adler, Helen Leahy, Marie Nisson, Marie Louise Roach, Eunice Snelling, Nina Anderson, Ruth Tronsgard, Eleanor Westerman, Josephine Whitmore, Amy Lyster, Violet Hosten, Algodona Burns, Marie Legg, Pauline Sutzman, Madeline Harris, Lockie Hardin January, Amalia Garcia, Dorothy Marx, Alexander Romero, Garald Hughes, George Bierman, Louis Clevenger, Jessie Jones, Homer Keene, Tom Kirkpatrick, Richard March,

Bruce Norris, Francis Ringer, Reginald Reindorf, Walter Sackman, William Hanson, Monroe Graaf, Daniel Sundt, Melville Whitmore, Richard Green, Robert Greuter, Ramon Padillo, Lawrence Stuart, Barnett January, Henry Lucas, Alexander Speicher, George Sackman, Richard Hermann, Wray O'Neil, Alice Danziger, Willie Trague, Marie Ortiz, Gertrude Erb, Miriam Nahm, Elise Rosenwald, Makine Herford, Mildred Davy, Tony Jiminez, James Sisneros, Richard Stern, Jesse Beal, Dennis Trambley, Hugh Calaway, Narcisco Valdez, Milton Burns, Hope Davis, Bessie Hart, Elizabeth Padgett, Lucille Leahy, Mary Hunker, Evelyn Fleming, Juanita Black, Dorothy Coors, Francis Joquel, Robert Emmett, Merle Wilhite, Clifford Linberg, Mervin Heinlan, Jesus Gallegos, Jose Sandoval, Maurice Hoffman, Merle Stuart, Milton Burns, Freeman Black, Edna Green, Lenore Sundt, Emma Herrera, Helen Graaf, John Harris, Inez Maloney, Irene Keene, Eliza Salazar, Felouise Duran, Elsie Velasquez, Marguerite Creswick, Anna Grenier, Geraldine Burns.

Castle Building

One act operetta, "While Mortals Sleep."

CAST

Prince Goodwill leader of the wood-nymphs ----- Mr. Cecil Reed
Dawn ----- Miss Katherine Larkin
Santa Claus ----- Master Alva Fishburn
Harvest ----- Master Joseph Nahm
Star ----- Miss Norma Williams
Little Bo-Peep ----- Miss Lucille Swallow
Little Boy Blue -----

----- Master Lawrence Coors
Mother Goose ----- Miss Alta Fishburn
Liberty (Columbia) -----

----- Miss Violet Hoffman
Rainbow ----- Alice Sundt, Adeline Fisher, Bessie Baylis, Rose Hite, Esther Anderson, Eva Mortimer, Celia Apadaca.

Morning and Evening Breezes ----- Margaret Craven, Marguerite Carscalen, Flora Callaway, Dorothy Abbett, Helen Nelson, Olive Nisson, Magdalena Anderson, Grace Linberg.

Birds ----- Arthur Rensing, Milton Nahm, Nelson Miller, George Green, David Sullier, Earl Lewis, Paul Ehrlich, Kermit Parker, William Parker, Edward Luelling, Joseph Healy, Charles Nisson.

Fairies ----- Josephine O'Malley, Florence Heinlan, Dorothy Harvey, Corinne Kauffman, Viola Fishburn, Charlotte O'Malley, Augusta O'Malley, Letha Cook, Fern Hite, Vivian Green, Esther Horn, Natalie Adler, Maxine Whistler, Eva Marsh, Lillian Paulsen.

Brownies ----- Gerald Greencay, Walter Marrow, Charles Page, Ernest Abbett, Eugene Craven, Pablo Padillo, Oscar Stern, Julius Ogle, Leo Tronsgard, Joe Hart, Lawton Erb.

School Children ----- Daisy, Aileen Laird, pansy, Gretchen Marcelle, marguerite, Ethel Danziger, pearl, Bernice Wheeler, Juliet Kauffman, Violet Hayward, Lucile Hermann, Genevieve Calahan, Petra Trogstad, Gertrude Rosenwald, Robert Parnell, Clarence Keene Thomas Hughes, Alberta Greenberger, Ernest Ehrlich.

High School Girls' Glee Club

Soloists ----- Miss Elizabeth Coors, Miss Mary Dixon Lowry, Miss Eileen Trainer, Miss Ruth Neafus, Miss Rebe Sands, Miss Margaret Larkin.

Maryel Papan, Elizabeth Parnell, Grace Mahon, Ruth Nahm, Katherine Seelinger, Anna Mayer, Bessie Nissen,

Ruby Jones, Lillian Horton, Alta Craven, Ruth Craven, Juanita M. Burchette, Dorothy T. Hermann, Clara T. Rensing, Edith Tooker, Julia Sundt, Dewey Nisson, Ruth Swallow, Mabel Carpenter, Claribel Adler, Mr. Louis Ilfeld, Ethel Stewart, Grace Lord, Esther Springer, Julia Trogstad, Mary Sands, Essie Peppard, Alice Regensberg, Henrietta Kauffman, Ruth Seelinger.

Orchestra

Accompanist, Miss Loraine Lowry, Douglas avenue building; accompanist, Miss Ruth Conrad, Castle High school; Mr. James Cook, Mr. Walter Kolbo, Mr. Edward Hite, Mr. Philip Kolbo, Mr. Murray, Miss Ruth Seelinger, Mr. Louis Ilfeld, Miss Virginia Floyd, Mr. Robert Kasper, Mr. Henry Northrup, Mr. John Cook. Director, Adolphine Kohn.

RICH MAN'S SON ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

THE MYSTERIOUS KILLING OF A CHAUFFEUR IS BLAMED ON MALCOLM GIFFORD

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Malcolm Gifford, Jr., the 19-year old son of a wealthy manufacturer of Hudson, N. Y., will probably be retried here on the charge of killing Frank J. Clute, a chauffeur, on April 1, 1913. The case is expected to be set for the month's term of court. Gifford was tried early in the summer, but the jury disagreed.

Young Gifford, who was released a few weeks ago from the Albany penitentiary on bail, is recovering his health, and his friends state he has been sent to a private school.

Clute was shot to death while driving an unidentified man to Troy from here. The passenger shot Clute in the back of the head, robbed him, threw his body into a ditch and fled. The slayer was known to have worn a gray overcoat and a light fedora hat.

On the same night, April 1, 1913, Gifford, who had been expelled from a private school a month before, but had never gone home, left the house of a friend in Troy, ostensibly to attend a dance. He was garbed in a dress suit, a gray overcoat and a light fedora hat, it is said. But instead of going to the dance immediately, he disappeared. Gifford later appeared at the dance. Witnesses who testified before the grand jury stated that his clothing was soiled. The next day, it was testified, the youth put his overcoat in one friend's suit case, his hat in another, borrowed a cap and left for home.

The police found Gifford at Chatham, Mass., and brought him here to answer the charge. His parents were unaware of his predicament until his arrest. The boy bore a good reputation in Hudson, and a great deal of sympathy is manifested for his parents.

Subscribe for The Optic.

"MUTT" APPEARS IN DETECTIVE ROLE

WHILE JEFF IS HIS PRISONER IN THE PLAY COMING TO THE DUNCAN

To offer a fourth edition of that which has been acknowledged the greatest musical comedy success in theatrical history is something of an undertaking, in fact Gus Hill hesitates and is tempted to let well enough alone and stick to the old "sure fire" book that has made him upwards of a million dollars in the past three seasons, but the irrepressible Bud Fisher doesn't seem to hesitate at anything. He has taken his character creations through Turkey and Panama and patriotically tells that Mexico cannot be properly pacified without the assistance of "Mutt and Jeff." Mr. Fisher and Gus Hill have collaborated in writing a new book which is called "Mutt and Jeff in Mexico." A new musical score has been written with the result that the new "Mutt and Jeff" production will be bigger and better than ever before.

Gus Hill has expended a small fortune on scenic and electrical effects and mechanical illusions, saying nothing of the 20 changes of gorgeous costumes worn by the prettiest chorus ever gathered together under one managerial banner. The play is a typical sensational melo-drama, with musical and comedy embellishments. It is decidedly different from anything yet seen in musical comedy production and will without doubt prove pleasing. "Mutt and Jeff" will appear as a secret service detective and his troublesome prisoner, "Jeff," will of course be the "vicious villain" and contrary to their usual custom they will come out the winner of ten thousand "simoleons" for capturing a couple of foreign spies who have stolen the sealed orders. Scenically, the offering will differ from anything Broadway has yet seen. The third act will show a full rigged battleship.

"Mutt and Jeff in Mexico" will visit Las Vegas on November 10 at the Duncan opera house. If you are familiar with the business this attraction has done all over the country you'll take my tip and get reserved seats early.

Check Kidney Trouble at Once

There is such ready action in Foley Kidney Pills, you feel their healing from the very first dose. Backache, weak, sore kidneys, painful bladder and irregular action disappear with their use. O. Palmer, Green Bay, Wis., says: "My wife is rapidly recovering her health and strength, due solely to Foley Kidney Pills." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

HARVARD IS LOSER

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Cornell won the annual cross-country race with Harvard here today, defeating the Crimson by a score of 28 to 99.

BRITISH OFFICER SHOWS GREAT BRAVERY

TRIES TO SET OFF DYNAMITE
CHARGE IN A BRIDGE WITH
HIS REVOLVER

London, Nov. 6.—Many narrow escapes and deeds of wonderful bravery have been made by the injured British and Belgian soldiers now recovering in English hospitals. A young lance corporal of the King's Royal Rifles, who is recovering from a bullet wound in his knee owes his life to a crucifix which he picked up in an empty house where he was billeted. A strange impulse compelled him to pick up the crucifix and put it in his haversack.

During an engagement a few days later many of the corporal's comrades were killed by bullets which were almost spent. The young corporal was hit in the knee and later found when taken to a hospital that one of the spent bullets had also passed completely through his knapsack, but had been deflected from his body by the crucifix, one of the arms of which had been broken off by the bullet.

Private W. Hinton of the First East Lancers poses as the luckiest man in the army. He was hit by three bullets within a minute without serious injury. One bullet flattened five rounds of ammunition in his belt. Another smashed the magazine of his rifle and a third passed through his cap.

A letter from one of the royal engineers describes the remarkable pluck of Lieutenant R. Pottinger of Tedmouth. Pottinger and his section were attempting to blow up a bridge under fire. They laid the charge and the section retired. Lieutenant Pottinger and a sapper remained behind to light the fuse. The charge did not explode. The sapper then fired ten rounds of ammunition at the charge without success. Pottinger then said, "I'll make the thing go off." He shook hands with the sapper and walked to the bridge. There he put the muzzle of his revolver into the charge and fired all six cartridges. Even then the charge did not go off and the men had to flee, leaving the bridge intact. If the charge had gone off the young lieutenant would have disappeared completely, but the approaching Germans would have been robbed of an easy entry into the allies' territory.

One of the officers of the ill-fated Cressy which was sunk by the German submarines was severely injured on the head, had both his legs broken and his feet crushed as he was thrown into the air by the explosion. His body was sucked under the water by the sinking cruiser, but was picked up by one of the rescue ships. Twenty-four hours afterwards the injured officer regained consciousness and his first words were: "Are we down-hearted? No!"

A sergeant of the line was made adjutant for his coolness and bravery in one of the engagements in Lorraine. With three men the sergeant

was sent across an open field to attract the fire of the Germans so the colonel could tell where the enemy's trenches were and what their probable strength was. A hail of bullets was directed at the four men. They made their way to a small farm house and from the shelter of a chimney began firing at the Germans. Angered by the impudence of the four soldiers the Germans directed one of their batteries on the house and razed it.

"My smartest patrol leader is gone," the colonel remarked, as he saw the building crumble. The three privates were no more, but the little sergeant was soon seen running across the field toward his command. When the sergeant arrived breathless at headquarters the colonel asked with mock severity why he did not stay to continue the fire.

"Sorry, sir, but the pigs knocked my house down," was the reply.

AMERICAN LEAGUE MEETS

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Business of the utmost importance to organized baseball was taken up today when the magnates of the American league opened their annual meeting. President Johnson is keeping his plans and secrets closely guarded and the meeting is entirely behind closed doors.

It is believed by those closest in touch with the situation that the main subject of discussion is the attitude to be maintained by the league toward the minor leagues, who are threatened to break from the regular bad business during the past summer.

When the minors hold their meeting in Omaha next Monday, President Johnson will probably be present and may attempt to assuage the war-like conditions that are reported to exist there. The problem of the minors is a serious one, for several leagues have threatened to break from the regular combination and throw in their lot with the federals.

ROMANCE NOT LOST

London, Nov. 6.—Horrible as the experiences of the refugees from Louvain, Malines, Antwerp and Ostend have been, romance has not been entirely lost in the wave of agony and sorrow which the war has brought to English shores. Dulwich was the scene of a wedding two days after the fall of Ostend which joined the fortunes of two luckless wanderers who fled for weeks before the oncoming Germans.

When Brussels was about to be taken the bride became separated from her father and mother just on the eve of her marriage. The entrance of the Germans upset all wedding plans, but the young girl found her fiancé a few days later among refugees at Malines. They drifted with friends into Antwerp and finally found their way to England. Not being able to communicate with her parents, the young woman decided to marry even if her relatives could not attend the wedding. The mayor and mayoress of Camberwell honored the young couple with their presence at the wedding and the wedding guests were other refugees who had shared the hardships of the contracting parties in their flight from Belgium.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY HOLDS SECOND PLACE

IT HAS 110 TEACHERS AND 91
SCHOOLS; CHAVES COUNTY
IS FIRST

Santa Fe, Nov. 6.—That New Mexico has 1,791 teachers, 1,121 school buildings and 105,109 persons of school census age were the statistics this forenoon sent by Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund of the department of education to A. E. Koehler, Jr., for publication in New Mexico's official exposition book. That is one teacher for every 60 persons of school age, Bernalillo county leading with 10,372 census but only one teacher for each 100 persons of school census age and a total of 36 schools. In fact, the department of education is inclined to the belief that the school census for Bernalillo and Santa Fe counties is not as accurate as it should be, for if it is correct, both of those counties, admittedly at the head of education among New Mexico counties, make a most miserable showing in the percentage of school enrollment, school attendance, number of teachers and schools.

Chaves county leads with 116 teachers and 62 schools, although its school census is only 5,370 or more than a thousand less than Santa Fe county which has only 74 teachers and 52 schools.

San Miguel county is second with 110 teachers and 83 schools; Union 109 teachers and 91 schools; Bernalillo county has 108 teachers and 36 schools; Colfax 100 teachers and 62; Roosevelt 85 teachers and 70 schools; Eddy 82 teachers and 41 schools; Socorro 75 teachers and 54 schools, while Curry with only one-third the school census has as many teachers as Santa Fe county, 74 and two more schools, 54. Guadalupe and Rio Arriba also have 74 teachers each but Rio Arriba county has 72 schools and Guadalupe 49.

As the apportionment of state and county school funds is made on the basis of the school census returns, the department of education will make a thorough investigation, as it seems strange that Chaves county with a larger population than Santa Fe county should have a thousand less persons of school census age.

REGARDING SCHOOL FUNDS

Santa Fe, Nov. 6.—Attorney General Frank W. Clancy today handed down an opinion that school funds can not be taken from the custody of the county treasurer to that of the school districts. The opinion is in response to a letter from C. E. Cary of Melrose, Curry county.

POSITIVELY MASTERS CROUP

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cuts the thick choking mucus, and clears away the phlegm. Opens up the air passages and stops the hoarse cough. The gasping, strangling fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. Harold Berg Mass, Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store—Adv.

DEMOCRATS CLAIM AMENDMENTS LOST

CHAIRMAN PAXTON'S STATE-
MENT IS DENIED, HOWEVER,
BY THE REPUBLICANS

Santa Fe, Nov. 6.—The republican headquarters claim that the three constitutional amendments voted on at the state election were carried by substantial majorities. Chairman Paxton of the democratic central committee says he made telegraphic inquiry to every county in the state and his compilation of figures shows the amendments lost.

Close Senatorial Fight

Carson, Nev., Nov. 5.—Returns from 188 precincts out of 240 in Nevada give for United States senator: Newlands, democrat, 7,797; Platt, republican, 7,685. This gives Newlands a lead of 112 vote, with approximately 350 to hear from.

A Divided Delegation

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—California's delegation in the house of representatives will consist of four progressives, three republicans, three democrats and one independent, as follows:

Progressives: Nolan, Elston, Bell, Stephens; republicans: Hayes, Curry, Kahn; democrats: Raker, Church, Keitner. Independent: Kent.

This lineup represents the regular party affiliation of the 11 successful candidates, several of whom had received more than one party nomination in the August primary election.

Nebraska Democratic

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Official returns indicate that the Nebraska legislature in 1915 will be overwhelmingly democratic. In the senate the parties will be divided as follows: Democrats, 19; republicans, 14. In the house, democrats, 67; republicans, 33.

Besides re-electing Governor Moorehead the democratic party elected the state treasurer and one regent of the university. The republicans retain the other eight state officers except attorney general and state auditor, which are still in doubt.

Washington is Dry

Seattle, Nov. 6.—With only 200 small precincts unreported the vote on the prohibition amendment stands: For, 169,497; against 157,029; prohibition majority 12,468.

The majority of Senator Wesley L. Jones, republican, will be slightly over 35,000. The republican majority in the new legislature will be even larger than in the present body. Few progressive members were re-elected.

Thomas Re-Elected

Denver, Colo., Nov. 6.—With the re-election of Senator C. S. Thomas, democrat, practically assured today, according to returns with only three small counties missing, interest turned to the lineup in the state legislature. Republican headquarters claimed a majority of 17 in the house of representatives—41 republican and 24 democrats—and this was not disputed by the democrats.

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HOW IT HAPPENED

Well, it took place, just as The Optic predicted. Perhaps there is no more surprised bunch of men in the world than the New Mexico democrats today. They had confidently expected a great victory in yesterday's election, and indications are that they have been sadly disappointed. Hernandez, republican, has defeated H. B. Fergusson, democrat, for his seat in the national house of representatives. Hugh H. Williams has retained his place in the corporation commission, triumphing over Adolpho Hill, democrat. A big majority of republicans have been elected to the lower house of the state legislature.

All this was brought about in the face of the most bitter fight that ever has been waged against a republican ticket in New Mexico. The reason? The answer is easy. New Mexico normally is republican. Three years ago the democrats, taking advantage of a breach in the republican party, succeeded in inducing the so-called progressive republicans to support their ticket. Coupled with a vicious personal attack upon the republican candidate for the first governor of the new state, this move gave them control of the state house, and one of the two members in congress then allowed New Mexico, though the people refused to trust them with the legislature.

Two years ago, when the new state administration had been in office only a few months, by again appealing to the progressive and disaffected vote, the democrats were successful in re-electing Mr. Fergusson to congress.

It was not long, however, before the people of the state began to have the horribly sickening sensation of realizing that they had made a tremendous mistake in putting a democrat in the gubernatorial chair. Instead of being the governor for all the people, whom he had invited to vote for him on the plea that such a vote would rid the state of political domination, Governor McDonald proved to be a hide-bound partisan. Ignoring the progressive republicans and independent voters who placed him in office, the governor began distributing his patronage strictly to democrats, mostly of the reactionary school.

State institutions began to suffer and become less efficient, and taxpay-

ers were made to bear a heavy burden by the actions of the governor's board of equalization. The state was made to feel that it was being exploited for the sole benefit of the democratic party, which, in fact, owed its success, not to democratic votes, but to those of republicans whom it had drawn away from the fold by glittering promises. The governor was careful to entrust his political affections only to dyed in the wool democrats; in many instances men unpopular not only with the members of their party but with the community in which they lived. Progressive democrats of the type McDonald claimed to be were ignored, and naturally they grew lukewarm toward the leader of their party. The advice of men like the Veeders, who, despite their persistent talking, probably were unable to secure a single vote for the democratic ticket, was taken in preference to that of democrats of broader views and much greater popularity.

It was discovered, too, that Mr. Fergusson, when in Washington, was a standpat democrat of the most standpat type. In New Mexico he was willing to promise to vote for the best interests of the state, but in congress he was unable or unwilling to cast his vote for anything other than what was desired by the democratic president. He got "in bad" early in his second term by voting for several measures not for the best interests of this state.

The people bided their time and said nothing. They knew they had been deluded by false prophets, and at the first opportunity they took occasion to rectify their mistake. They decided to come back to the party of efficiency and forsake that of inefficiency. Had McDonald shown himself to have been competent and unpartisan, and had Fergusson shown that he had the will of his own and the courage to use it even at the risk of incurring the displeasure of the president, the result might have been different. But unfortunately for the democrats, their party seems to be suffering for the lack of men possessing those qualities which make efficient public officials.

And when the voters get a chance to register their opinion of the state administration, New Mexico will take no more chances with a democratic governor. McDonald has made a wreck of his party in this state and

has proved too little for his job as governor of this state. And he was the best man the democrats could produce.

A FARMING STATE

There are many who cling to the outworn superstition that New Mexico is not, never was and never will be a farming state. This tradition, however, is rapidly going the way of a few others of the same kind. The point is overlooked that while irri-gable areas may be but a fraction of New Mexico's land, yet the total which may be farmed exceeds in area that of many eastern states.

The following little item from the Portales, Roosevelt county, "Herald-Times" is one of many such that you may see in the small town newspapers in New Mexico these days:

"The enormous crops raised by the stock farmers in Roosevelt county this year are going to put this county in a more prosperous condition than it has ever been before. Those most successful in raising crops, however, have not forgotten the years when little grain was raised and the dairy and cattle business is steadily on the increase. The settlers for the most part have come from places where conditions were different and where farming was a different proposition from here. They had to learn and the experience was costly. Two years ago there was not a silo in the county and the dairy business was just beginning. At the present time there is perhaps a hundred silos and next year there will be one on every dairy farm. Most of them, except in the valley are underground and were made with little expense except the labor. As to the dairy business and the selling of cream, it has grown in this short time, in such proportions that Roosevelt county is one of the principal cream producing counties in the state. Ask many of the stock farmers and they will say, "If it had not been for my cows and my cream check coming in each month, I would have had to have left the country." Owing to the increase in live stock and hogs

a larger percentage of the grain raised this year, than ever before, will be fed. It is to be regretted that there is not stock and hogs enough here to consume every pound but with the increase of stock at the present rate the time is not far off when shipping grain will be a thing of the past."

Check Kidney Trouble at Once

There is such ready action in Foley Kidney Pills, you feel their healing from the very first dose. Backache, weak, sore kidneys, painful bladder and irregular action disappear with their use. O. Palmer, Green Bay, Wis., says: "My wife is rapidly recovering her health and strength, due solely to Foley Kidney Pills." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

AMERICANS ASSIST THE NEEDY

New York, Nov. 4.—Twenty millions of American dollars and ten millions worth of clothing and food is to be America's generous aid to wounded Belgium and to the relief of wounded and dying men on many battlefields. Ten thousand American women are giving their time in hospital tents and refugees' shelters, and a million more are weaving at their firesides bandages and articles of clothing for the stricken Belgians. Never did American greatness ever manifest itself more prominently in the world than now, when humanity calls. Despite the hard times that have hovered over the land, thinning pocketbooks and lowering bank accounts, there was yet something to spare in every section of the country for a nation of toilers in distress. Today the contributions are coming heavier than ever, and American generosity can be truly said to know no bounds. The funds actually raised in the big cities of the United States total \$1,500,000. Reports from smaller cities and towns show fully \$3,000,000 more actually in hand for relief purposes. Of the clothing values no estimate can be accurately made, but fully five million dollars' worth is already collected and on its way to Europe.

Weak, Inactive Kidneys Cause Much Trouble



Backache, rheumatism, and all kidney and bladder disorders are caused from weak inactive kidneys, which fail to filter out the poisons, and keep the blood pure. The only way to positively and permanently cure such troubles is to remove the cause. The reason why Foley Kidney Pills are the best medicine for kidney and bladder troubles is because they are made wholly of those healing, strengthening and restorative ingredients that nature needs to build up and renew these important and vital organs. See that you get Foley Kidney Pills for your kidney and bladder troubles. They are tonic in action, quick to give good results, and contain no harmful drugs.

GOOD WEATHER A FACTOR IN THE ELECTION

CLEAR SKIES AND WARM TEMPERATURES CAUSE HEAVY VOTE IN NATION

Colorado—Clear, crisp weather, brisk early voting for United States senator, four congressmen, full state and legislative tickets and 16 amendments, including state-wide prohibition.

New York—Fair. National and state issues combined to bring out lively vote for senators, congressmen and full state ticket.

Oklahoma—Fair weather indicated a heavy vote for senator, congressmen and state ticket.

Maryland—Weather ideal, but a light vote is anticipated. Electing congressmen.

Pennsylvania—Fine weather. Three-cornered fight for United States senator presaged heavy vote. Electing governor and congressmen.

Minnesota—Unsettled weather. Prediction for a heavy vote. Chief interest in the gubernatorial race.

North Dakota—Fair. Good early vote for senator, congressmen and state ticket.

Kansas—Fair. Voting for senator, congressmen, state ticket. Women voting first time.

Wisconsin—Fine weather. Early rush to the polls.

Massachusetts—Fair. Light vote expected. Senator chief contest.

Nebraska—Weather fine. Selecting state and congressional tickets.

New Hampshire—Clear, cool. Senatorial contest overshadows state and congressional voting.

Connecticut—Mild. Chief interest in senatorial election.

Indiana—Fair. Considerable early voting. Interest in the senatorial race.

Iowa—Clear and warm. Senatorial, congressional, state ticket.

Missouri—Fair and warm. Voting is slow on account of long referendum ballot. Senator, congressmen.

Illinois—Brisk early voting. Chief contests for senator and congressmen.

New Mexico—Fair. Congressman chief contest.

Michigan—Gubernatorial race holds first place. Heavy vote predicted.

Wyoming—Threatening. Early vote light. Chief interest in gubernatorial and congressional race.

Ohio—Fair. Promise of a large vote. Interest lies in the senatorial and gubernatorial contests and state-wide prohibition.

Nevada—Fair. Heavy balloting indicated. Senator, governor, suffrage.

Arizona—Clear and warm. Voting brisk at opening, but delayed by length of ballot. Choosing senator, congressman, state ticket.

Montana—Fair. Voting light, congressmen, minor state officers.

Oregon—Rains. Light vote predicted. Senator, congressmen, state ticket, women voting.

Washington—Rain. Big vote ac-

count statewide prohibition. Senator, congressmen, minor state officers.

California—Choosing state officers, senator, congressmen, voting on many limited initiated measures including prohibition.

Idaho—Clear. Contest close in the senatorial and gubernatorial races.

Kentucky—Fair. Heavy vote. Chief interest in the senatorial race.

"Solid South"—Generally fair. Tennessee center of interest in the gubernatorial race.

Texas voting on a reuction in cotton production. Voting generally heavy.

First Town Heard From

Boston, Nov. 3.—The first Massachusetts town to be heard from in the state election today was Norwell, which gave for Governor McCall, republican, 184; Walker, progressive, 17; Walsh, democratic 56. The same town in 1913 gave Bird, progressive, 93; Gardner, republican, 71; Walsh, democrat, 57.

It is expected that over a thousand delegates will attend the thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation, which convenes in Philadelphia on November 9 and will continue in session for two weeks. Sixty thousand will march in a parade.

VISITORS IN CAPITAL

Santa Fe, Nov. 3.—Among those who registered at the palace of the governors today were: J. R. Wersotick, El Paso; M. B. Holliday, Birmingham, Ala.; Jack Arnold, Whitney, Tex.; P. A. Lindenberg, Berlin, Germany; R. D. Hand, Rock Springs, Wyo.; Walter Taylor, Farwell, Tex.; Milton Reece, Clovis, N. M.; F. B. Laney, Denver, Colo.; Helen Houston, Checotah, Okla.; Elsa Kneekel, Vera M. Schroetter, Harry R. Schroetter, Oakland, Calif.

Doughnuts

That will remain moist.

Every housewife who bakes her own bread knows that if a little potato is added to the sponge, the bread will not dry out as quickly. In this recipe potato is utilized to make doughnuts that will remain moist and fresh for several days.

K C will be found to have distinct advantages over any other Baking Powder for doughnuts. K C is a double acting baking powder with which a large batch of doughnuts may be mixed and fried a few at a time. The last will be as light and nice as the first.

K C Potato Doughnuts

By Mrs. Nevada Briggs, of Baking School fame.

3 1/2 cups flour; 2 eggs; 1 cup sugar; 4 level teaspoonfuls K C Baking Powder; 1/2 teaspoonful salt; 1/2 teaspoonful mace; 1 cup cold mashed potato; 1/2 cup milk, or more if needed.



Sift three times, the flour, salt, spice and baking powder. Beat eggs with rotary beater, then still using rotary beater, gradually add sugar, then work in the mashed potato with a spoon and alternately add milk and flour mixture. Make a soft dough, roll into a sheet, cut into rounds, pinch a hole in the center with the finger and fry in deep fat.

Fat for frying should not be hot enough to brown the doughnut until it has risen. When the doughnut is dropped into the fat it sinks to the bottom. As soon as it comes up it should be turned and turned a number of times while cooking. This recipe is excellent as they do not take the fat in frying and will stay moist for days.

LEGISLATION ON IMPORTANT POINTS

NEXT SESSION OF CONGRESS WILL ADD TO EMPLOYEES' STATUTES

Washington, Nov. 4.—The sixty-third congress will be prepared to take another step toward regulation of the relations of employers and employees, when it convenes in December, as it will have before it for consideration a lengthy report from the commission on industrial relations created last year to investigate the subject and recommend legislation.

The report will be merely a statement of what the commission has done; of the evidence presented to it and of the research work it has conducted in many fields covering the period from October 22, 1913, when the appropriation became available, until October 22, 1914. Further hearings will be held this winter in New York, Washington, Chicago and Atlanta, and in its final report next year the commission will present the bills which it hopes will result in extensive reform of industrial relations.

Every effort was made by the commission to complete its preliminary report in time for presentation to the last session of congress. The force at field headquarters in Chicago was kept busy night and day but it was found impossible to complete the task.

Over 500 witnesses have been heard by the commission's representatives in Washington, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Paterson, N. J., Lead, S. D., Butte, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco and Los Angeles. In addition to this exhaustive investigation much has been conducted independently by the field force under the direction of Dr. Charles McCarthy, of the legislative library of Wisconsin. The subjects considered were employment, vocational training, violence in labor disputes, interstate employment and agricultural labor. Among those who aided in this task were Professor George E. Barnett of Johns Hopkins university, who devoted himself to a study of economic conditions; Miss Marie L. Obenauer of the bureau of labor statistics, investigating woman and child labor; Robert F. Hoxie, professor of political economy, University of Chicago; William Leiserson, formerly superintendent of employment agencies, Wisconsin; John L. Parkinson, an expert special agent of the census bureau; Thomas I. Parkinson, chief of the legislative drafting division, Columbia university; B. S. Warren surgeon of the public health service, and W. J. Lauck of Washington, D. C., formerly superintendent of industrial investigation, United States immigration bureau.

Public hearings were held under the direction of the B. M. Manley, Washington, D. C., and Commissioner Walsh also paid particular attention to planning these hearings so that every phase of the subject might be

given due attention. Among the witnesses heard have been federal, state and municipal officials, labor leaders in all parts of the country, social workers and philanthropists, employers of labor in many classes and noted economists, surgeons and educators.

From each witness, in addition to evidence as to labor conditions with which he was personally familiar, suggestions as to remedial legislation was obtained. In arriving at its conclusions and the final expression of the commissioners' opposition will be embodied in bills to be drafted only after a minute inspection of every similar law, state and federal. Expert assistance in formulating the bills will be rendered by men who have made a life study of that work and it is designed to make the measure proof against technical objection as finally presented.

ROSWELL PICTURES SHOWN

Santa Fe, Nov. 4.—Chase Bell, the moving picture operator of the exposition commission, has completed development and printing of the films recently taken at the Military Institute and the Roswell Products exposition. The films prove to be first class and the exposition board is especially proud of them.

The Cuari model is also nearing completion under the master touch of J. P. Adams. It is the most ambitious of the landmarks of the Pueblo village and the beauty of the mission church, the model is an especially elaborate and attractive one.

NATIONAL RECEIPTS FALL

Washington, Nov. 4.—Government receipts from ordinary sources were nearly \$20,000,000 less during October than for October last year. Customs receipts were off about \$14,000,000, and internal revenue nearly \$6,000,000. The figures were in contrast with the showing for September, when total receipts fell off only about \$4,000,000 with customs below the same month in 1913 about \$9,500,000 and internal revenue receipts increased about \$6,000,000. The effect of the new revenue war tax will not noticeably swell the treasury's total for several weeks to come.

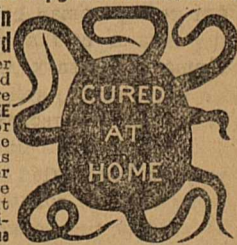
STOCKYARDS CLOSED

Washington, Oct. 31.—The department of agriculture today quarantined the Union stockyards at Chicago to prevent shipments of cattle except for immediate slaughter, because of foot and mouth disease.

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I treat before it POISONS deep glands or attaches to bone Without Knife or Pain No PAY Until Cured No X Ray or other swindle. An island plant makes the cure WRITTEN GUARANTEE A Tumor, Lump or Sore on the lip, face or body 6 months is Cancer but never pains until last stage 120-PAGE BOOK sent FREE, 10,000 testimonials. Write to some



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WIFE SHOULD BE ABLE TO EARN MONEY

EDNA FERBER DOESN'T BELIEVE LOVE IN A FLAT IS POSSIBLE

Is love in a cottage, love in a flat, a success or a failure today?

Two men writers have just offered strikingly dissimilar answers to that question. In his comedy, "And So They Were Married," Jesse Lynch Williams paints remorselessly the disillusionment that awaits the modern young man and woman who marry and set up housekeeping in the traditional way on a small income. The woman, he declares, becomes a superior servant in an inferior home, a home that will prove a stumbling block to her husband's usefulness and a hollow sphere for her own. Their very love is destroyed under the combined pressure of her drudgery and his hampered development.

On the other hand, Henry Kitchel Webster, by means of a short story appearing in a current magazine, explicitly indorses love in a cottage. From the title, "The Absurdity Is—Just That It Should Be Absurd," is a rebuke to the skeptics who may doubt Mr. Webster's recipe for felicity—an electrical engineer with a salary of \$1,200, a girl graduate from an expensive finishing school and a tumble-down two room cottage, five miles away from the man's work. He would not mind that, however, but would arise briskly every morning and do farm work for two hours before starting for the office. As for his wife, she would do all her grandmother used to do, from cleaning to chicken feeding, and like it better than wearing pretty clothes.

"She wouldn't," contradicted Miss Edna Ferber. "Every time she saw a woman with a new tango sash she'd weep into the dishpan. And her husband wouldn't chop the wood and milk the cow and do gardening and shovel snow every morning. He'd wake up at 7:50, rush his breakfast and bolt into town, saying things all the way because he had to live so far out. Or, if he did chop wood and the rest of it, he'd be an angel and his widow would collect the insurance at the end of the first year and live happy ever after."

Miss Ferber is a distinctively modern young woman herself, and she is the creator of that up to date soul, Emma McChesney, whose adventures we have joyfully followed through the pages of "Personality Plus" and "Roast Beef Medium." Therefore I went to her to find out if the girl of today may be counted among the opponents or the defenders of the love in a cottage theory, which in practice is usually love in a flat.

Miss Ferber's is a compromise verdict. She believes in love in a flat if the wife has a latch key as well as the husband, and if there's a nice little maid in the kitchen.

"I can't imagine anything more disagreeable for the man of intellect

than to come at 5 or 5:30, or whenever men of intellect do return to their 5-room flats, and to hear a baby crying the minute the door is opened," she said slowly. "That's not because I dislike children, for I have two small nieces that are the love of my spinster soul. But I can understand how a man whose work is mentally and nervously exhausting must feel when he is shut up in a few small rooms with a little baby. And how is he going to get rest and stimulation from the wife who has been taking care of the baby all day and doing the housework? Under such circumstances I do think that his development is likely to be checked.

"But the situation is no easier for the wife, especially if, like an increasing number of modern girls, she has been used to some mental activity before her marriage. Housework, when you can't get away from it, is drudgery. There's only way of washing dishes, one way of sweeping the floor, one way of dusting the piano. You have to do this same thing day after day, with no illusion of progress or of definite accomplishment. It's maddening to a woman who has ever led a different sort of life.

"I simply can't imagine keeping house and doing all the work myself, even for a man whom I loved terribly!" exclaimed Miss Ferber, her thick, level, black brows drawing together. They seem startlingly dark in the wide, white, oval of her face, darker even than her curly hair, parted boyishly on one side, or her intent black eyes. "If I cooked him a course dinner every day—"

"With your own hands," I supplied, and at once she twinkled an agreement. "If I did that—and I could do it, too, you know—well I'd simply want to run away from him and from the dinner."

"But what's the answer?" I asked. "Take the situation in Mr. Williams' play, where the young scientist who wants to marry his laboratory assistant is earning a small salary and will earn no more after his marriage."

"You say the girl was his assistant," said Miss Ferber quickly. "Then why shouldn't she keep right on being the assistant? With her salary added to his they could afford a large and more comfortable flat and a competent maid."

"But the girl's brother insists that only the personal effort will give her husband the right sort of home," I submitted.

"Why," argued the modern young woman.

"A business man doesn't sweep out his office, dust the filing cabinet and wash the office boy's face. He pays some one \$6 a week to attend to these duties and devotes his energies to important creative work. Why shouldn't the woman running a home follow his example?"

"But even your own Mrs. McChesney seems to take a savage joy in domestic work when she gets a chance at it. I always thought you meant to prove that the self-supporting woman is tired of her shop and ready to drop it for the care of a home."

Miss Ferber smiled a bit shamefacedly.

"There's something in us," she declared, "probably the inheritance from

several hundred years of houseworking women, that makes us long, now and then, for the old tasks. I like nothing better than to take the insides out of a chicken—singe the feathers off—I'm very fussy with my chickens—and cook a Sunday dinner. And I think making a cake, preferably with a new recipe and a new oven, is one of the most sporting propositions in the world.

"But the girl or woman who has an atavistic passion for doing what her grandmother used to do should take an occasional day off and cook. She mustn't persuade herself, though, that she would like to do it every day. She wouldn't!

"Of course I think every girl should be trained to do something. It's too bad that some of the parents oppose their daughters working. But if the latter are persistent, the parents usually capitulate when the first pay envelope is exhibited at home. Every woman, rich or poor, married or single, has a right to work. Even if she does no more, I should think she'd want to earn the money to pay for her own clothes after she is married. I can't imagine her saying, 'John dear, I need some shoes!'

"Emma McChesney and her daughter-in-law are coming up against this very problem," admitted Miss Ferber in conclusion. "And I'm pretty sure they will continue to do at least some of their old work after marriage. Husbands are getting over their prejudices on this point. Indeed, they are frequently attracted to the girls they marry through an admiration for the business or professional achievement of these girls."—Marguerite Mooers Marshall in the New York Evening World.

CITROLAX CITROLAX CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed sweet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

GERMAN OFFICERS HELD

Washington, Nov. 5.—Two German officers and two men of the crew of the German cruiser Geier, now at Honolulu, who have been held for some time at San Francisco, will be paroled, but must remain in the United States until the end of the war. The German embassy was so informed today by the state department.

Best Cough Medicine for Children

"Three years ago when I was living in Pittsburgh one of my children had a hard cold and coughed dreadfully. Upon the advice of a druggist I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it benefited him at once. I find it the best cough medicine for children because it is pleasant to take. They do not object to taking it," writes Mrs. Lafayette Tuck, Homer City, Pa. This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. Sold by all dealers.—Adv.

MINERS DESTROY PRAIRIE CREEK BUILDINGS

BUILDINGS INTENDED FOR UNITED STATES TROOPS ARE BURNED DOWN

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 5.—Reports were received at the United States marshal's office shortly before noon today that miners or their sympathizers burned a number of houses at Prairie Creek early today. The burned buildings are said to include the big boarding house, which has been the scene of numerous disturbances.

Federal troops from Fort Sheridan near Chicago who were ordered here to enforce the federal court injunction prohibiting the strikers and sympathizers from interfering with the operation of the Bache-Denman mines, were expected to arrive here tonight.

Major N. E. McClure, who will command the troops, arrived last night and announced today that the soldiers probably will remain here tonight upon the arrival from Chicago, going to the Prairie Creek district tomorrow.

The federal grand jury will meet tomorrow to take up strike troubles. More than 50 witnesses have been summoned. It is expected they will testify regarding attacks on the Bache-Denman mines since last April when that company placed its operations on an open shop policy.

Five mines have been dynamite and burned and two mine guards are said to have been killed in riots since that time.

Later reports confirmed the rumor that the 18-room frame building, formerly used as a miners' boarding house, but unoccupied for several months, was one of the buildings burned. The house had been designated as quarters for the officers of the United States troops, now on their way here. The fate of the 25 cottages near the burned building were not known.

Reports from the Prairie Creek district were to the effect that the fire was caused by a gang of small boys who were playing about the building, owned by the Cherokee Construction company. It was stated there were no miners about the building at the time of the fire.

SIX MEN PERISH

New York, Nov. 5.—Six men were burned to death in a fire which swept through a four story lodging house at 352 Eighth avenue this morning. Fifty men were sleeping in the structure when the fire was discovered.

W. T. Huchens, Nicholson, Ga., had a severe attack of rheumatism. His feet, ankles and joints were swollen, and moving about was very painful. He was certainly in a bad way when he started to take Foley Kidney Pills. He says, "Just a few doses made me feel better, and now my pains and rheumatism are all gone and I sleep all night long." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

HERNANDEZ GETS PLURALITY OF 1,516

FIFTY-TWO OUT OF 54 PRECINCTS
IN THE COUNTY GIVE HIM
A LONG LEAD

In 52 out of 54 precincts in San Miguel county Benigno C. Hernandez has a plurality of 1,516 over his democratic opponent for New Mexico's seat in congress, Harvey B. Fergusson. Few votes were cast for the progressive or socialist candidates in any precincts other than the city and town of Las Vegas, and Hernandez has an actual majority over the combined votes of his two adversaries of probably more than 1,200.

Reports from authentic sources in various parts of the state this afternoon make it possible for The Optic to state that Hernandez probably carried New Mexico by not less than 4,000. Exact figures will not be known for several days, owing to the slowness with which the returns are coming in.

Hugh H. Williams defeated Adolfo Hill, democrat, for a place on the corporation commission by about 1,800. There was considerable scratching of Williams in favor of Hill, who is extremely popular with the Spanish-American people. The republicans have elected more than a two-thirds majority in the lower house of the state legislature.

According to an estimate made today, Fergusson lost to Hernandez by 2,832. The figures by counties show the following majorities for Hernandez: Bernalillo, 700; Colfax, 500; Dona Ana, 261; McKinley, 200; Mora, 400; Rio Arriba, 1,500; Sandoval, 200; San Miguel, 1,510; Santa Fe, 815; Socorro, 720; Taos, 700; Torrance, 400; Valencia, 1,350. Total, 9,175.

The figures show the following majorities for Fergusson: Chaves, 850; Curry, 600; Eddy, 770; Grant, 1,025; Guadalupe, 200; Lincoln, 85; Luna, 365; Otero, 150; Quay, 500; Roosevelt, 450; San Juan, 135; Sierra, 125; Union, 100. Total, 5,344.

The vote on Williams and Hill, candidates for corporation commissioner, was as follows: Williams, 5,931; Hill, 4,573. These figures are not official.

Following are tabulated returns from several precincts of the county. Complete returns arrived so slowly today as to make it impossible to publish the entire list.

Precinct No. 29, East Las Vegas—For congress: Hernandez, R., 318; Fergusson, D., 265; Wilson, P., 6; Metcalf, S., 26. Hernandez's plurality, 53. For corporation commissioner: Williams, R., 374; Hill, D., 211; Welsh, S., 5; McTeer, P., 24; Williams' plurality, 163. For legislature: Romero, R., 353; Sena, R., 370; Blood, D., 354; Gallegos, R., 344; Baca, D., 210; Lujan, D., 213; Russell, D., 253; Clancey, D., 244. Majority for republicans. Precinct No. 3, Las Vegas South—For congress: Hernandez, 111; Fergusson, 39; Hernandez's majority, 72. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 94; Hill, 56;

McTeer, 1; Williams' plurality, 38. For legislature: Romero, 106; Sena, 102; Blood, 96; Gallegos, 103; Baca, 50; Lujan, 44; Russell, 47; Clancey, 48. Majority for republicans.

Precinct No. 5, Las Vegas North—For congress: Hernandez, 163; Fergusson, 88; Hernandez's majority, 75. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 154; Hill, 95; Williams' majority, 59. For legislature: Romero, 163; Sena, 157; Blood, 137; Gallegos, 162; Baca, 103; Lujan, 92; Russell, 91; Clancey, 88. Republicans get majorities.

Precinct No. 6—Las Vegas central—For congress: Hernandez, 168; Fergusson, 74; Hernandez's majority, 94. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 152; Hill, 88; Williams' plurality, 64. For legislature: Romero, 165; Sena, 163; Blood, 148; Gallegos, 166; Baca, 81; Lujan, 79; Russell, 79; Clancey, 77. Republicans get majorities.

Precinct No. 8—Upper Las Vegas—For congress: Hernandez, 55; Fergusson, 15; Hernandez's majority, 40. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 40; Hill, 23; Williams' plurality, 17. For legislature: Romero, 54; Sena, 50; Blood, 44; Gallegos, 50; Baca, 21; Lujan, 17; Russell, 24; Clancey, 18. Majorities for the republicans.

Precinct No. 13, Rociada—For congress: Hernandez, 44; Fergusson, 10; Hernandez's majority, 34. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 32; Hill, 22; Williams' majority, 10; for legislature: Romero, 31; Sena, 33; Blood, 32; Gallegos, 31; Baca, 23; Lujan, 21; Russell, 22; Clancey, 23. Majorities for republicans. No returns on amendments.

Precinct No. 14, Sapello—For congress: Hernandez, 34; Fergusson, 27; Hernandez's majority, 7; for corporation commissioner, Williams, 14; Hill, 45; Hill's majority, 31; for legislature: Romero, 28; Sena, 36; Blood, 12; Gallegos, 29; Baca, 46; Lujan, 33; Russell, 24; Clancey, 35; Sena, Baca and Lujan carried the precinct. For amendment to article 5, 52; against 4; majority for amendment, 48.

Precinct No. 15, Las Manuelitas—For congress: Hernandez, 48; Fergusson, 22; Hernandez's majority, 26; for corporation commissioner, Williams, 45; Hill, 24; Williams' majority, 21; for legislature: Romero, 50; Sena, 49; Blood, 37; Gallegos, 48; Baca, 22; Lujan, 24; Russell, 21; Clancey, 22; majorities for republicans. For amendment to article 5, 48; against, 22; for amendment to article 10, 48; against, 21; for amendment to Article 8, 49; against 21; all amendments carried.

Precinct No. 16, Union—for congress: Hernandez, 47; Fergusson, 12; Hernandez's majority, 35; for corporation commissioner: Williams, 35; Hill, 22; Williams' majority, 13. For legislature: Romero, 39; Sena, 40; Blood, 36; Gallegos, 39; Baca, 19; Lujan, 20; Russell, 19; Clancey, 19. All three amendments carried by average majority of 22.

Precinct No. 17, San Patricio—For congress: Hernandez, 32; Fergusson, 5; Hernandez's majority, 27; for corporation commissioner: Williams, 33; Hill, 5; Williams' majority, 28. For legislature: Romero, 31; Sena, 34; Blood, 33; Gallegos, 32; Baca, 7; Lujan, 7; Russell, 5; Clancey, 5; majorities for republicans. Majorities for amendment of Article 10. No vote on other amendments.

No. 26, Los Alamos—For congress: Hernandez, 19; Fergusson, 11; Hernandez's majority, 8; for legislature: Romero, 19; Sena, 22; Blood, 19; Gallegos, 21; Baca, 7; Lujan, 9; Russell, 9; Clancey, 9; majorities for republicans. The three amendments to the constitution carried by an average majority of 9.

Precinct No. 35, Las Gallinas—For congress: Hernandez, 61; Fergusson, 16; Hernandez's majority, 45. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 51; Hill, 21; Williams' majority, 30. For legislature: Romero, 58; Sena, 57; Blood, 49; Gallegos, 58; Baca, 19; Lujan, 20; Russell, 18; Clancey, 18; majorities for republicans. Constitutional amendments carried by an average majority of 71.

Precinct No. 33, Los Vigiles—For congress: Hernandez, 39; Fergusson, 22; Hernandez's majority, 17. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 31; Hill, 30; Williams' majority, 1. For legislature: Romero, 34; Sena, 30; Blood, 33; Gallegos, 33; Baca, 31; Lujan, 26; Russell, 28; Clancey, 26. Romero, Blood, Sena and Baca get majorities. All three constitutional amendments carried.

Precinct No. 36, Penasco Blanco—For congress: Hernandez, 58; Fergusson, 10; Hernandez's majority, 48. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 43; Hill, 24; Williams' majority, 19. For legislature: Romero, 42; Sena, 43; Blood, 42; Gallegos, 45; Baca, 21; Lujan, 22; Russell, 31; Clancey, 22. Republicans got majorities. Constitutional amendments carried 68 to 0.

Precinct No. 37, El Cerrito—For congress: Hernandez, 33; Fergusson, 0; Hernandez's majority, 33. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 33; Hill, 0. For legislature: Romero, 32; Sena, 32; Blood, 32; Gallegos, 32; Baca, 9; Lujan, 0; Russell, 0; Clancey, 0. Thirty-two majority for all republicans. Constitutional amendments carried unanimously.

Precinct No. 40, Bernal—For congress: Hernandez, 26; Fergusson, 14; Hernandez's majority, 12. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 24; Hill, 15; Williams' majority, 9. For legislature: Romero, 24; Sena, 27; Blood, 22; Gallegos, 26; Baca, 13; Lujan, 17; Russell, 12; Clancey, 14. Majorities for republicans. Constitutional amendments carried, 33 to 2.

Precinct No. 32, Romeroville—For congress: Hernandez, 51; Fergusson, 1; Hernandez's majority, 50. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 8; Hill, 44; Hill's majority, 32. For legislature: Romero, 24; Sena, 26; Blood, 24; Gallegos, 36; Baca, 26; Lujan, 17; Russell, 28; Clancey, 28. Majorities for Gallegos, Russell, Clancey. Baca and Romero tied. All three amendments carried 51 to 0.

Precinct No. 44, Ojitos Frios—For congress: Hernandez, 50; Fergusson, 7; Hernandez's majority, 43. For corporation commissioner, Williams, 41; Hill, 16; Williams' majority, 25. For legislature: Romero, 45; Sena, 45; Blood, 45; Gallegos, 45; Baca, 12; Lujan, 12; Russell, 12; Clancey. Majorities for republicans. Constitutional amendments carried.

Precinct No. 46, Emplazado—For congress: Hernandez, 34; Fergusson, 15; Hernandez's majority, 19. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 34; Hill, 15; Williams' majority, 19. For

legislature: Romero, 33; Sena, 35; Blood, 34; Gallegos, 36; Baca, 15; Lujan, 12; Russell, 15; Clancey, 13. Majorities for republicans. All three constitutional amendments carried by majority of 44 to 4.

Precinct No. 47, Hot Springs—For congress: Hernandez, 36; Fergusson, 1; Hernandez's majority, 35. For corporation commissioner: Williams, 36; Hill, 1; Williams' majority, 35. For legislature: Romero 36, Lujan, 34; Blood, 32; Gallegos, 35; Baca, 2; Lujan, 1; Russell, 4; Clancey, 2; majority for republicans. All three constitutional amendments carried 37 to 0.

Precinct No. 54, Hillside—For congress: Hernandez, 7; Fergusson, 12; Fergusson's majority, 5. For corporation commissioner: Williams 16; Hill 20; Hill's majority, 4. For legislature: Romero, 18; Sena, 18; Blood, 16; Gallegos, 17; Baca, 18; Lujan, 18; Russell, 19; Clancey, 19. Majority for Russell and Clancey, with Romero, Sena, Baca and Lujan tied. Constitutional amendments all carried by a vote of 20 to 9.

SOLDIERS REACH PRAIRIE CREEK DISTRICT

SPECIAL GRAND JURY ALSO SITS
TO HELP BRING ABOUT
PEACE

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 6.—The arrival of federal soldiers to preserve order in the Prairie Creek mining district, the convening of the special federal grand jury and the burning of two more buildings at Hartford, marked the events today in the efforts of the judicial and military departments of the federal government to bring peace to the Hartford coal mining valley. According to telephone reports from Hartford, two stores were burned there early today, with origin of the fire unknown.

The court called special attention to the fact that there was no question of jurisdiction between the state and federal authorities; that action violating the federal statutes also violated the state laws. The soldiers' camp will be located near the Bache-Denman mining properties, about 25 miles south of Fort Smith.

Little trouble is expected now, despite the fact that several buildings have been burned in the mining region since the news spread that soldiers had been ordered into the field. Those sporadic acts of violence, it is said, are merely the aftermath of hasty disorders and not the result of any plans or plots of the union miners who control the entire field.

You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels, and give a wholesome, thorough cleaning to the entire bowel tract. Stir the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sweet. Constipation, headache, dull, tired feeling never affect those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. Only 25c. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

THE ALLIES OPEN HOSTILITIES ON TURKEY

London, Nov. 3.—Great Britain and Turkey are at war; Germany has recruited an ally in the east. After 24 hours of uncertainty, during which hope was expressed that The Porte might make amends for the incidents in the Black sea, the British admiralty announced shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon that a British warship had bombarded and had destroyed the Turkish barracks at Akabah, on the Turco-Egyptian frontier.

It was at Akabah that Turkish cavalry patrols were reported yesterday preparing to move into Egypt. There the British found soldiers apparently under Germans serving as quasi-Turks much in the same manner as the German officers remaining in charge of the cruisers Breslau and Goeben, and British officials say, there was no course but to open hostilities.

Turkey's formal entrance into war with the allies—for France cannot but follow Great Britain—came at a time when the Turkish ambassadors still at London and Paris were uncertain what next was to come. An apology from the grand vizier for Turkish attacks on Russian ports and doubt as to who held the whip hand in the sultan's government, together with the attitude of the Balkan states, were factors which seemed to carry such weight as to make Turkey hesitate.

The London press was ever conciliatory in tone, hoping to the last that the matter would be adjusted. The newspapers maintained this tone, notwithstanding the reported Turkish activity in Egypt. The British all along have claimed that Germany was responsible for the Turkish unrest and if it proves true that the Akabah garrison was German or part German the charge of a widespread conspiracy in the east, Englishmen say, will seem to be sustained.

The British statement concerning the engagement there, the first in the latest phase of the great war, was brief, not giving the extent of the enemy's loss, but adding that there were no British casualties. This engagement doubtless will be followed quickly by others in Egypt, while the former German cruisers Goeben and Breslau are likely soon to be heard from in the Black sea or elsewhere.

Great Britain has long anticipated such a contingency and has made preparations to check an invasion of Egypt.

Meanwhile it is announced that Germany has been pouring officers and men into Turkey. Many of them speak Turkish and will command Turkish detachments equipped with modern weapons which the Germans are said to have supplied.

A dispatch reaching London today from Constantinople says that several hundred more German officers have just arrived, though a majority of them are familiar with Turkish army organization, having been employed at the Ottoman capital before.

While these developments are breaking in the east the Germans relentlessly are maintaining pressure on the allied line in West Flanders where for more than a fortnight, in the face of the heaviest losses of the war, they been trying to drive through to the French coast.

Fierce Fight in Flanders

The fight there has not assumed a stage where the invaders, military observers say, soon must begin to fall back on entrenched positions unless some progress be made. No man, however, can predict how many more troops the Germans stand ready yet to sacrifice in an endeavor to accomplish what is said to be the German emperor's supreme wish—to get Calais.

Some dispatches say that the emperor himself has been with the troops recently in their assaults in the vicinity of Ypres. Others say he is coming soon.

That the Germans have not lost their moral is generously attested in today's accounts from the British headquarters at the front, penned by Colonel E. D. Swinton, the author of all these descriptions of the operations in which the British forces have participated.

"It seems," he writes "that success will favor the side which possesses the most endurance or can bring up and fling fresh forces into the fray."

Germans Fill up Gaps

The British have suffered heavily, he admits, which means that recruiting in England must go on unabated, if the gaps in the British ranks are to be filled. Of the Germans, Colonel Swinton says that despite enormous losses, they "have so far been able to fill the gaps in the ranks and turn to the charge."

The London newspapers today print long accounts of the heroism displayed by the London Scottish regiments, the first British territorials under fire, and the hope is expressed that their record will inspire other young men to enlist.

No Islamic Movement

Berlin, Nov. 3 (Via wireless)—Turkey, according to an official announcement made in Berlin today, has pledged her word not to attempt an Islamic movement in Libya, and therefore there is no cause for Italian uneasiness regarding Tripoli.

Turkish Troops in Egypt

Reports reaching Berlin from Athens declare that 15,000 Turkish troops already are in Egypt and that the Turkish soldiers marching against Russia are alleged to number 300,000. The foregoing information was given to the press in Berlin today.

The Mattino, published in Rome, says it has received reports from Egypt to the effect that the sentiment of the local population is strongly anti-British and that the Indian troops in Egypt sympathize with the natives.

Greek Vessel Sunk

According to information given out to the press in Berlin today British cruisers have sent a Greek torpedo boat to the bottom, mistaking her for a Turkish vessel. The German submarine, which destroyed the British Hermes has returned safely to its base of operations.

Turkey Detains Aliens

Washington, Nov. 3.—The Turkish minister of war ordered detained a special train bearing British and French subjects from Turkey which Ambassador Morgenthau had arranged on Sunday to leave Constantinople.

The minister of war declared that until Turkish subjects in Egypt as well as England and France were given assurances of protection and permitted to leave the country all British and French subjects would be held in Turkey.

Ambassador Morgenthau cabled the American government that before the British ambassador left he had given Mr. Morgenthau assurances that all Turkish subjects in the British empire would be permitted to leave.

Mr. Morgenthau's latest dispatch, dated 5 p. m. Sunday, said he had been informed by a member of the Ottoman cabinet of the sinking of two Turkish vessels by the British fleet in the port of Smyrna and of the crossing of Russian troops on the frontier of Erzerum.

The cablegram from the American ambassador revealed that the British, French and Russian ambassadors finally got away from Constantinople on a special train at 12 o'clock midnight Sunday.

Aga Kahn Regrets

London, Nov. 3.—Aga Kahn, who is known as the spiritual head of the Mohammedans in India, East Africa and central Asia, has sent a cablegram from London addressed to the Moslems in India and other British dominions, in which he expressed his deep sorrow that Turkey has joined hands with Germany in the war.

In his message Aga Kahn says:

"This is not the free will of the sultan, but the will of the German officers and other non-Moslems, who have forced them to do their bidding."

He declares further that Turkey has now lost her position as the trustee of Islam. She has drawn her sword in an unholy cause and the duty of the Moslems is to remain loyal and faithful to their temporal and secular allegiance.

Turk Ambassador Talks

Petrograd, Nov. 3 (via London).—The Turkish ambassador to Russia, before he left the capital today on his return to Constantinople, made the following statement:

"I tried with all the force at my command to convince the Russian minister of foreign affairs that Turkey was not actuated by hostile feelings against Russia, and that if untoward events had taken place we were not at fault.

"I am firmly convinced that the war will be of extremely short duration and that Turkey will assume the position maintained before German influence became paramount at Constantinople."

It was learned in Petrograd today that the Turkish consul at Batum on the Black sea, suddenly disappeared a week before the bombardment of the Crimean city. The Petrograd authorities, acting on instructions already received, have begun the registration and arrest of all Turkish subjects. This measure is taken previous to the expulsion, which will occur November 7.

Germans Abandon Yser

Paris, Nov. 3.—The French official announcement given out this afternoon says the Germans would appear to have completely abandoned the left bank of the Yser below Dixmude and that troops of the allies have re-occupied points on the river without great difficulty.

The text of the communication follows:

"On our left wing the enemy seems to have completely abandoned the left bank of the Yser down stream from Dixmude, and reconnaissances which the troops of the allies have undertaken on the highways in the inundated regions were successful in re-occupying points of passage across the river without great difficulty.

"To the south of Dixmude and in the direction of Gheuvlt our advance was particularly perceptible.

"In the region to the north of the Yser, in spite of determined attacks by the Germans in considerable force, our front was everywhere maintained or re-assembled by the end of the day.

Fresh attacks by the Germans on the environs of Arras and against Lillers and Lequesnoy-en-Santerre resulted in failures.

"On the center, in the region of the Aisne to the east of forest of Aigue, we have made some progress. To the east of Vailly, according to the latest news, those of our troops who held the positions on the slopes of the plateaus to the north of the villages of Chavonne and Soupir had been compelled to draw back into the valley to the east of this locality. We have maintained our positions at Amont on the right bank of the river.

There was violent cannonading during the day between Rheims and the Meuse, as well as on the heights of the Meuse.

"Further efforts on the part of the Germans in the forest of Argonne have been checked.

"We have continued to make progress to the northwest of Pont-a-Puison.

"On our right wing there have been some engagements favorable to our arms along the River Selle."

Germans Are Retreating

Havre, Nov. 3 (via Paris).—An official communication given out by the Belgian general staff and dated November 2, 9:15 p. m., says:

"The enemy has fallen back toward the east, abandoning his dead and wounded. Our troops are holding the positions occupied yesterday. Our advance forces, which moved towards the Yser, are finding everywhere signs of precipitate retreat."

Germans Not Revengeful

Berlin, Nov. 3 (by wireless).—The information given out to the press from official circles today includes the following:

The correspondent of the London Times at Warsaw, after visiting the battlefields of Poland, declares that the Germans have not taken revenge for the Russian atrocities in east Prussia.

"A Danish physician named Thorson after a visit to the German lines praises the organization of the German ambulance corps. The Germans, he declares, in contradiction to the French, do not make any difference between their own wounded and the wounded of the enemy.

HISTORIC ROAD'S OLD ROUTE IS RESTORED

AT LEAST IT WILL BE IF SANTA FE ROAD COMMISSIONER HAS HIS WAY

Santa Fe, Nov. 4.—To restore the old Santa Fe trail as it originally ran from the Arroyo Hondo to Canyoncito is the work undertaken by Arthur Seligman, chairman of the road board. Although only \$200 was at the disposal of Marcelino Garcia, who had charge of the work, a road of wondrous scenic beauty has already been constructed between Pena Negra and Escondido and by a similar expenditure each year for the next five or six years, the old picturesque road will be completely restored. It hangs on the slope of the foothills the entire distance, winding in and out all the way to and up the Canada de los Alamos and just before reaching Apache hill, penetrates a narrow canyon, bursting out upon a view of magnificent distances. For many miles it lies through a park of cedar and pinon and just before emerging from the Canada de los Alamos, passes the historic spring at the first stage station out of Santa Fe, where horses were changed.

The road board has set a precedent by adopting a budget for the coming year, outlining how much is to be spent on each road in the county and on new construction. This innovation by Chairman Arthur Seligman is in accordance with the principles he has consistently maintained that the bulk of the money available each year should be expended for permanent road building. The new roads which have been constructed are therefore carefully graded with drainage secured by galvanized iron pipes and concrete drainways, the roadway being made wide enough for the heaviest auto trucks to pass.

In addition to the \$200 to be spent next year again on the Santa Fe trail, three bridges are planned and \$210 is to be expended on the Santa Fe canyon branch of the scenic highway. On the road to Lamy 20 culverts are to be constructed and \$300 appropriated for that road. On the Cerrillos road a concrete runway is to be built across Nine Mile arroyo. On the road to Buckman and the cliff dwellings \$500 is to be expended under the direction of Ashley Pond. On the road to Albuquerque one bridge, five miles out of Santa Fe is to be built, two culverts 12 miles out of Santa Fe. Work on the Santa Cruz or Taos road is to be continued in a manner similar to the fine piece of roadway just built on the northern slope of the Tesuque divide. This road is to get the biggest appropriation, \$3,000. It also serves as a picturesque road to the cliff dwellings, passing through the Indian villages of Tesuque and San Ildefonso and the quaint settlements of Cuyumungue and Jacona. On the Nambe-Chimayo road \$250 is to be spent. On the Cerrillos, Madrid, Golden and San Pedro road the cut-

outs are to be widened and \$1,000 is to be expended. Three culverts are to be built on the Santa Fe-Galisteo road and \$200 is to be expended in grading. On the Cerrillos-Madrid road an old abandoned well is to be filled. It is 40 feet deep and 12 feet across and therefore quite dangerous. Over the Tesuque a pile bridge is to be built and a runway constructed across Santa Fe arroyo. The bridge across the Arroyo Atresco near Galisteo, which collapsed several months ago, is to be reconstructed at an expense of \$1,800.

Thus every portion of the county is to be benefited but permanent construction according to a systematic plan is to be the rule.

QUAY HAS MONEY

Santa Fe, Nov. 4.—Quay county reports a balance of \$3,456.19 in its general school fund as against \$3,096.80 the year before. The expenditures amounted to \$12,757.59, of which \$10,213.80 was apportioned to the school districts; \$1,500 went to the county school superintendent; \$129.33 to his expenses; \$75.65 for supplies; \$350 to county institute; \$300 to county superintendent's traveling expenses; \$25.20 election expenses and \$50 to survey of district. Of the receipts \$6,723.01 came from the three mill county levy; \$3,888.59 from the county appropriation; \$1,008.59 delinquent taxes; \$1,459.44 from licenses.

The town of Socorro reports to the department of education receipts last year for the schools of \$5,112.64 and a total of expenditures of \$5,800 of which \$4,275 went for teachers; \$230 janitor; \$230 for fuel; \$800 for interest on bonds and \$115 for school supplies and repairs. The school property is valued at \$20,300; the bonded debt is \$15,000; the library has 200 volumes; average salary of the six teachers \$60 a month.

ONLY ONE DRUNK

Election day was an orderly occasion, perhaps the most orderly that San Miguel county has ever passed through. There was no disorder during the day and during the evening there was only one fight, which, however, was nipped in the bud.

At about 8 o'clock Juan Garcia and another man got into a wordy political argument outside the polling place of precinct No. 3. It is said that Garcia had been imbibing large quantities of "juice" and as a result was somewhat uncertain as to his actions. The discussion waxed warm and the voices of the contestants rose in excitement. Finally they got to a point where they disturbed the election judges inside. Marshal Esteban Gutierrez, who happened to be on the ground, told the debaters to desist. The sober man vanished, but the other attempted to continue his argument with the marshal. He attempted to convince the officer first by argument and then by force. Just when he had reached the point where Gutierrez was about to pull his club, friends of Garcia induced him to quit.

Carl Pearsons, accused of murder in the Illinois Central R. R. strike, has been acquitted. His self-defense plea was accepted by the jury, and is receiving many words of appreciation on his manly stand.

AVOIDED ARREST BY CHANGING TICKETS

D. H. HEATON ELUDED ALL THE OFFICERS UNTIL HE HIT COLES' TERRITORY

The Albuquerque Herald has the following interesting account of the clever stunts performed by D. N. Heaton in an attempt to avoid arrest on Santa Fe train No. 2:

D. N. Heaton for whom the county police and railroad officials here were notified to watch the day before yesterday, was arrested yesterday on a Santa Fe train at Las Vegas, according to word received by officials. Heaton is wanted in Los Angeles, it is said, for forgery. Four times on the way from the coast other men were spotted by officers in mistake for Heaton. He was enabled to escape arrest here by one of the mistakes.

Heaton brought about the confusions in identity by changing tickets as he made his way across the country. He made his first change with a fellow-passenger in California, and the man with whom he swapped was picked out as Heaton. Another swap led to the singling out of another innocent passenger by officers in Arizona while Heaton blithely went his way.

When the train got here a man whose ticket indicated he was the quarry sought was corralled by officers. He promptly denied Heaton was his name and explained that he had changed tickets. That put too doubtful an aspect on the case for the local officials and they let the train, with Heaton aboard, go on. But information was telegraphed to Chief Ben Coles of Las Vegas, and the chief had men on hand to help the railroad officials nab the evasive Heaton.

They got the wrong man on the first attempt. Heaton, it is said, found a man who not only consented to swap tickets, but exchanged clothes with him. When the officers went into the car Heaton had gone into his berth. With the aid of the conductor, Heaton's identity was established, and the man with Heaton's ticket was released while the slippery fugitive was made fast.

OPTIC'S RETURNS MADE A BIG HIT

THIS PAPER KEPT HUNDREDS OF LAS VEGAS INFORMED ON ELECTION LAST NIGHT

The reports concerning the elections from all parts of the United States which were given out by telephone and bulletin by The Optic last night, undoubtedly scored a hit with the interested election fans who were watching for results. Favorable comments concerning this service were heard on the streets today.

The Associated Press wires at The Optic office were buzzing the official news in until midnight and all during the evening reports were given out over the telephone to a large number of inquirers.

The reports from all parts of this state and from all over the United States were received and although some of the bulletins offered only minor details on which to base forecasts, yet from the majority of them the probable result of the election could be obtained.

An aged gentleman eagerly watching all reports concerning Indiana, ventured the remark to bystanders that it was not so long ago that people waited a week for returns that were being received last night only a few minutes old. Young men hearing the remark were prone to consider it a joke, but the truth cannot be doubted by those who have resided in country districts and watched election reports several years ago. The service given by The Optic last night shows the trend of progress and also shows that Las Vegas obtains the same official reports that are received in cities many times its size. Also that The Optic always is on the job.

SELL RAILROAD AT AUCTION

Richmond, Va., Nov. 4.—The Richmond & Henrico railway is to be sold tomorrow at auction by the receivers. A year ago the company was forced to assign. The rails cover only a small part of the city, but it is more than paying expenses. It is said that had the money been forthcoming for extension of the line the promoters would have made the road a big financial success.

HAIR FELL OUT BY HANDFULS

Also Had Itching Burning Scalp, Hair Thin, Dry and Lifeless. Could Not Sleep on Account of Itching. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Healed.

Kalkaska, Mich. — "My hair began falling out about five years ago and I also had itching and burning of the scalp. My hair fell out by handfuls and it was thin, dry and lifeless. I could not sleep well on account of the itching. My hair became so thin I commenced using 'rats' and switches until I had lost so much hair there was not enough remaining to cover the 'rats.'"

"I used _____, also quantities of _____ and _____ which did not relieve the torture which at times was almost unbearable, especially at night. I was obliged to bathe my head in soda water in order to get any rest. I then tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment, rubbing the Cuticura Ointment into the scalp at night and washing it out in the morning with Cuticura Soap. It was about four weeks when I was entirely cured." (Signed) Mrs. Henry Frisk, March 21, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

The itching, burning, suffering and loss of sleep of eczemas, rashes, and irritations of the skin and scalp are at once relieved and permanent skin health restored in most cases by warm baths with Cuticura Soap followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment when all else fails. Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold everywhere. A single set is often sufficient. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

REPUBLICAN GAIN IN CONGRESS GROWS

DEMOCRATS ANNOUNCE THEY
WILL BE CONTENT WITH
SCANT MAJORITIES

New York, Nov. 5.—With four congressional districts uncertain, results of Tuesday's election show that the democrats elected to the house 228; republicans, 194; progressives, 7; socialists 1; independent, 1.

This would give the democrats a majority in the lower house of 25. Republicans claim the election of James J. Britt over J. M. Cudger in the Tenth district of North Carolina; N. M. McLean repub-progressive, in the Third Colorado district, and C. B. Timberlake in the Second Colorado. The democrats claim the election of G. T. Helvering in the Fifth Kansas. In that event there would be a democratic representation of 235.

In the senate, late returns left somewhat in doubt the elections in Colorado, Wisconsin and Nevada. The election of E. Johnson, democrat, over Charles H. Burke, republican, in South Dakota, was a gain for the democrats, which offset the defeat of Roger C. Sullivan, democrat, in Illinois, by Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman.

Latest reports from Nevada showed Francis G. Newlands, democrat, leading Samuel Platt, republican, by a little more than 200, with about two-thirds of the precincts heard from.

Democrats claim the election of Senator Charles F. Thomas over Hubert Work, republican, in Colorado and the election of Senator Newlands. The republicans claimed the election of Francis E. McGovern over Paul Husting in Wisconsin. The result, if carried out, would make the next senate 55 democrats, 40 republicans and one progressive, a democratic majority of 14.

Women Claim Montana

Helena, Mont., Nov. 5.—Scattered returns from 70 precincts of the state show the woman suffrage amendment at noon today ahead by 100 votes. All of the big cities have been heard from. Miss Jeanette Rankin, chairman of the state committee, claims the state by 5,000 votes.

Cummins Will Win

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 5.—Senator Cummins is in the lead over Maurice Connolly for the senatorship, his margin being increased today. His plurality was estimated at near 40,000. Precincts reporting gave him 163,125, and Connolly 128,705, an actual lead of 31,420.

For governor, 1,748 precincts in the state reported 154,307 for Governor Clarke, and 135,521 for John T. Hamilton, his democratic opponent.

Daniels' Hopeful Dope

Washington, Nov. 5.—Secretary Daniels today found ground for democratic optimism in the election returns.

"To have held its own in the senate and to have been able to organize the house by the slenderest margin under the prevailing conditions, shows the confidence of the people in the Wilson policies," said he. "No party before has revised the tariff and shown such a victory in an off year. But for the demoralization of business caused by the war in Europe, conditions would have been so good this fall as to have given the republicans no opportunity to come back. The party in power must take the blame for all financial and industrial disturbances occasioned by the temporary troubles caused by the frightful foreign war. But this will pass."

A Republican Won

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 5.—Almost complete unofficial returns from the Fourth Congressional district today indicate that James Britt, republican, has defeated Congressman J. M. Duger, democrat, by a majority of approximately 1,000.

Suffrage Is Lost

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 5.—Returns from 541 precincts out of 1,650 in Nebraska give 27,130 for woman suffrage and 30,186 against the amendment. This includes Omaha and Douglas county complete, which gave a majority of 971 against suffrage.

Washington Goes Dry

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 5.—Fifteen hundred and eight-five election precincts give for prohibition 137,214; against, 123,930, a prohibition lead of 13,284. The returns now straggling in, even from the "wet" counties, are slowly increasing the prohibition majority.

Whitman Is Leading

New York, Nov. 5.—With 80 districts missing Whitman has a plurality of 136,019 for governor. The vote for all candidates: Whitman, 674,231; Glynn, 538,212; Davenport, 4,919; Sulzer, 119,037.

Moosers Take California

Los Angeles, Nov. 5.—Returns from 109 out of 325 precincts in the Ninth congressional district give: Bell, progressive, 11,543; Randall, democrat, 9,994; Roberts, republican, 7,976.

Returns from 117 precincts out of 438 in the Tenth district give: Stephens, progressive, 15,914; Osborne, republican, 12,093; Newby, democrat, 5,319.

Sullivan Loses Illinois

Chicago, Nov. 5.—With only 152 sparsely settled precincts of Illinois to hear from returns this morning confirmed the re-election of Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman, republican, to the United States senate. His plurality in the 4,431 precincts heard from is 10,021 over Roger Sullivan, democratic candidate.

The state, without the missing precincts, follows: Sherman, 365,877; Sullivan, 355,856.

RAVA IS DISPLACED

Rome, Nov. 5.—Luigi Rava, minister of finance, who held over in the new cabinet, announced yesterday, was replaced today by Signor Daneo, until now minister of public instruction. In the latter office Daneo was succeeded by Signor Grippo.

CARRANZA AND VILLA FORCES IN A BATTLE

AGUAS CALIENTES CONVENTION
APPARENTLY DID NOT STOP
BLOODSHED

Del Rio, Tex., Nov. 5.—There was fighting yesterday near the American border between Carranza and Villa troops about 15 miles up the Rio Grande from here, according to American hunters arriving here today. Attempting to hunt in Mexico, they were ordered back by Mexicans, who informed them there was a battle in progress.

The approach of Villa troops toward the Texas border, with Nuevo Lareda and Piedras Negras as their objectives, has been reported several times in the last few days. The location indicated for yesterday's fighting was near Piedras Negras.

Fighting at Magdalena

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 5.—Fighting is now in progress near Magdalena, Sonora, between 400 of Governor Maytorena's Villista troops and 350 men which General Benjamin Hill, the Carranza leader in Sonora, sent south last night from Naco. Hill's men burned bridges and stopped north-bound trains. Maytorena hurried men to Magdalena on a special train.

Mexicans Arrested

Washington, Nov. 5.—All of the prominent Mexicans who signed posters calling upon the people to rise and drive the American forces from Vera Cruz have been arrested, according to a dispatch from the Brazilian minister at Mexico City to the state department.

COLORADO GOES DRY: CARLSON IS ELECTED

RETURNS FROM 80 PER CENT OF
THE VOTE CAST INDICATE
THESE RESULTS

Denver, Nov. 5.—The approval of statewide prohibition, the election of George Carlson for governor, together with four other republican state officers; the re-election of Fred Farrar, democrat; attorney general, and practical election of democratic candidates for supreme court judge and state superintendent were the outstanding facts of the returns from Tuesday's election. These facts were based on returns from approximately 80 per cent of the election vote of 240,000 cast.

The race for United States senator remained close, with Senator Charles S. Thomas, democrat, leading Hubert Work, republican, by approximately 1,600 votes.

The outcome in the Second and Third districts for congressmen still was undecided, owing to the closeness of the race and the slowness with which returns from several counties filtered in. On the figures available C. B. Timberlake, republican, led H. H. Seldomrige, democrat, in the Second, while Edward Keating, democrat,

held the advantage over N. M. McLean, republican, in the third.

The success of statewide prohibition seemed assured, but with a majority considerably under the early claims of its supporters.

State democratic headquarters stated that the republicans probably would have control of the house of representatives in the state legislature, but declared that the division in the senate would be close with an advantage of one, but whether for the democrats or republicans still was undetermined.

With Deaver complete and with returns from practically every county, some still incomplete, the vote today stood:

Governor: Carlson, 111,582; Patterson, 77,913.

Prohibition: For, 100,593; against, 94,375.

United States senator: Thomas, 84,929; Work, 82,641.

Supreme court judge: Campbell, republican, 89,065; Teller, democrat, 91,681.

Lieutenant governor: Lewis, republican, 73,459; Tobin, democrat, 68,259.

Secretary of state: Brake, democrat, 67,500; Ramer, republican, 93,254.

Auditor: Leckenby, democrat, 69,296; Mulnix, republican, 82,173.

Treasurer: Kenehan, democrat, 68,357; Stocker, republican, 76,689.

Attorney general: Farrar, democrat, 76,879; Gobin, republican, 49,806.

State superintendent: Bradford, democrat, 63,414; Craig, republican, 52,916.

HERNANDEZ RECEIVED A MAJORITY OF 1,621

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY ROLLED UP
BIG TOTAL FOR REPUBLICAN
CANDIDATE

With returns from all 54 precincts available, Hernandez's majority over Fergusson in this county is 1,621. This is the best republican majority returned in the state, and shows that San Miguel county is still solid for the G. O. P. and the principles it espouses. Romero, Blood and Sena were elected to the lower house of the state legislature, while Gallegos, was elected representative from San Miguel and Guadalupe counties. All are republicans.

WOMEN TAUNTED THEM

Walsenburg, Col., Nov. 6.—The taking of testimony in the trial of four mine guards charged with the murder of three strikers during the Seventh street riot of October 24, 1913, began at 9:30 o'clock this morning in the Huerfano county court house. Of the 150 witnesses subpoenaed for the trial, one for the state, Mrs. Albert Pisarski, completed her testimony. Fred Richards, a negro, was on the stand when court took its noon recess.

Mrs. Pisarski testified in a general way to the condition of the riot and directly that the guards had begun the firing and shot down the three strikers without provocation. She denied that the mob had begun the shooting and claimed that the mob's activities had been confined to the epithets of the women directed against the guards.

PERSONALS

From Monday's Daily.

O. F. Notteman of Albuquerque came in last night.

A Mensch of Santa Fe came into town yesterday for a few days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Viles came in from Holman yesterday on a shopping trip.

Leopold Meyers of Albuquerque, who has been visiting here with friends for the last few days, left yesterday for his home.

A. A. Schlegel put up at one of the local hotels last night. Mr. Schlegel is traveling from La Sueur, Minn., to Nodles, Cal., with his wife and family in an automobile.

Donald Hart, a clerk in the First National bank, returned last night from El Paso where he has been for a short vacation. While in El Paso Mr. Hart saw several former Las Vegas including Walter Hoke, H. C. Smith, J. G. McNary and others.

After a two days' visit with Professor M. R. Gonzales, farm expert for San Miguel and Mora counties, Professor A. C. Cooley of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Art, left yesterday for Washington, D. C. Professor Cooley has been making a visit to the men engaged in the college extension work—of whom Professor Gonzales is one—in all parts of the state. The following expert farmers' advisers have been placed so far, and more will be given work as soon as occasion demands: Luna county, P. D. Southworth; Colfax county, V. L. Martineau; San Miguel and Mora counties, M. R. Gonzales; Chaves county, J. W. Rigney.

W. Elmer Hoget of Onava arrived here yesterday to spend a few days transacting business.

L. G. Harris came in today from Raton for a few days' visit while looking after business affairs.

Mrs. Erle Choate of Watrous came into town yesterday. Mrs. Choate is well known here as a singer.

William O. Tufts of the United States geological survey arrived in Las Vegas late yesterday afternoon.

G. M. Hanson and wife and Mrs. A. A. Weigle, all of Dawson, came into Las Vegas today for a visit.

Miss Josephine Murphy of Dawson arrived here last night. Miss Murphy was in attendance at the Normal summer school this year.

L. S. Steere, Mrs. H. A. Bunyon and Charles Wilson and wife passed through Las Vegas today on their way from Cooperstown, N. Y., to Los Angeles.

Morris Regensberg came in Saturday night from Colmar, N. M., to visit his parents in this city. He left this afternoon for Colmar.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Jaffa passed through Las Vegas this noon on their way from Santa Fe to North Dakota. The Jaffas reside in Roswell. Mr. Jaffa is the brother of Mrs. Joseph Danziger of this city.

Colonel R. E. Twitchell came over from Santa Fe to visit Vegas today. Mr. Twitchell formerly was a resident of this city and still owns property here, though he spends much time in the capital.

O. J. Ogg came in from Raton on train No. 10 today.

From Wednesday's Daily.

M. B. Moore of Commerce, Texas, was a business visitor here today.

Frank Clays, the road master of the Santa Fe railroad, went to Albuquerque today.

Santa Fe Superintendent F. L. Myers went to Albuquerque yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Kirk left today for a visit to Kansas. Mrs. Kirk is the wife of J. R. Kirk, an engineer on the Santa Fe railroad.

M. S. Provine came in from Mora last night. He will be here on business for a few days.

J. K. Blair came in last night from Albuquerque to look after some business interests in this town.

J. A. Conley of Raton arrived in Las Vegas today. He will spend a few days here on railroad business.

Simon Garcia and Pablo Bone, sheep ranchers from Las Ventanas, came in to town this morning on business.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hairn and valet of Cimarron arrived in town today from the east. They will stay for a few days.

Mrs. James Finn arrived yesterday from New York City for a visit with her brother-in-law, Morris Greenberger of this city.

A. R. Davis, an automobile dealer of Roswell passed through here today on his way to Raton. Davis traveled in a Buick roadster.

Mr. Roberts came in today from Mineral Hill to purchase apparatus for a domestic science department that is being installed in Mineral Hill public school.

E. H. Evans and his son left today for Phoenix, Ariz. The Evans came to Vegas from Boston, for the boy's health.

Clarence Iden of Gross, Kelly & Company, went overland to the vicinity of Rowe today. He expects to be absent a few days.

Mark Foster came in yesterday for a short business visit. Mr. Foster is representing the Simmons Hardware company of Denver.

From Tuesday's Daily.

A. T. Rogers, Jr., left on train No. 1 today for Santa Fe.

Mrs. E. W. Neal came in for a few days' visit from Shoemaker.

Al Deatz, Jr., of Albuquerque, arrived in town today for a short business visit.

Mrs. L. H. Kroenig came in yesterday from Watrous for a short visit.

Dr. A. E. Northwood, a well known Wagon Mound physician came in today for a short business visit.

Judge D. J. Leahy returned last night from Pagosa Springs, where he has been spending a few days.

M. Paltenghe arrived from Wagon Mound this morning for a brief stay, while looking after business affairs.

Walter M. Connell arrived today from Albuquerque for a few days' stay. Mr. Connell is an automobile dealer of the Duke City.

W. C. Dennis of the Las Vegas Undertaking company left last night on train No. 2 for Raton where he will spend several days on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Kline have returned from Seneca Falls, N. Y., where they have been visiting relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Kline are old residents of Las Vegas. Mr. Kline is employed at the grocery store of J. H. Stearns.

A. B. Young of Albuquerque was a visitor here today.

Filadelfo Baca came in yesterday from Santa Fe on business. Mr. Baca is well known here, having visited Las Vegas several times in his capacity of assistant superintendent of education. He maintains a legal residence in this place.

Dorset Tolman has returned to town and will enter the employ of the Santa Fe railroad. He will be engaged in the office of Superintendent F. L. Myers. Mr. Tolman formerly was a resident of this city but left last winter for Texas.

G. M. Taft came in from Albuquerque today.

Harry Cutler, the local insurance man, will leave tonight for Santa Fe where he will sit on the federal grand jury that will reconvene tomorrow. The jury was dismissed a few days ago to enable the members to go to their homes to vote. Mr. Cutler expects to be absent from Las Vegas for a few days.

From Thursday's Daily.

L. E. Waggoner arrived from Nolan last night.

Ed Borgett came in from Sapello on business today.

W. H. Lloyd of Boulder, Colo., was a business visitor here today.

C. C. Gregory and wife were visiting in Las Vegas today from Nolan.

Murray Carleton, Jr., was in from Watrous yesterday for a short visit.

N. W. Earl came in today from the upper Gallinas for a brief visit to the local markets.

Frank Fisher and Harry Hoskins drove down from Trinidad today on a brief business visit.

S. A. Taylor, general merchandise dealer of Nolan, came in last night for a business visit.

James Cropp came in today from Red River for a brief visit and to transact business.

C. W. Wesner left for Arkansas last night. He will be gone several weeks on a business trip.

Jack Fair from London, Ontario, arrived in Las Vegas yesterday. He will stay a few days.

C. H. Kapple, an Albuquerque furniture dealer, arrived in Las Vegas last night on a short business visit.

George W. W. Usen has arrived from El Paso for a few days' stay.

W. A. Moore arrived this morning from Albuquerque to spend a short time looking after business affairs.

Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Gallegos and Mr. and Mrs. N. T. Baca came in today from Logan, N. M., for a brief shopping visit.

Matt J. Culley left this afternoon for Wagon Mound. Mr. Culley is a former resident of Las Vegas, having attended school here for several years.

K. T. Lamb and L. M. Carpenter drove through today in their automobile on their way from Oberlin, O., to Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack McGreavy left last night for Chicago. The McGreavys are well known here, having made Las Vegas their headquarters for the past year. They have accepted an engagement at the Palace theater, Chicago, commencing their act Monday. It is said the McGreavys will revisit Las Vegas later in the winter, to stay several months. They are highly talented actors of the vaudeville stage.

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts expects to go to Albuquerque on Saturday. Dr. Roberts will attend the meetings of the Bernalillo County Teachers' association and will address the gathering. Topic will be "Health in Relation to Education."

Mrs. W. E. Banks has returned from a visit with friends in Kansas City and Oklahoma. She was met at Wichita, Kan., by her husband, who accompanied her home. Mr. Banks left last night for Santa Fe on a short business visit.

From Friday's Daily.

A. C. Wagner of Montoya, N. M., was a visitor in town yesterday.

L. A. Nohr, a rancher to the west of here, arrived in town today.

Mrs. J. Malouff came in from Lamy last night and will stay a few days.

C. D. Hamilton of Trinidad came in last night to spend a few days here on business.

A. Van Houten and wife came in today from Shoemaker for a short business visit.

B. Leatherwood returned to Watrous last night after a short business visit here.

C. E. Cox of the Florsheim Shoe company of Chicago was a business visitor here yesterday.

B. Baum representing Voss and Stern of New York, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Charles R. Keyes, a hardware dealer of Wagon Mound arrived in Las today on a business trip.

A. J. Kinderdale of Philadelphia was in town on business yesterday. Mr. Kirkendale represents the Kirshbaum Clothing company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Henderson, Mrs. O. C. Samuel and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lawler arrived today from Trinidad for a few days' stay.

George H. Smith, Jr., and Charles Hedgcock, a lawyer, left for their homes in Santa Rosa today. They traveled in their machines.

Charles Springer, president of the Cimarron Valley Land company, drove into the city last night. He will be here for a short time on business.

Eugenio Romero, a leading merchant of Mora, came into town this morning. Mr. Romero is a member of the board of regents of the New Mexico Normal University.

A. O. Wheeler of Denver was in town today. Mr. Wheeler was formerly proprietor of the Las Vegas Steam Laundry of this city. His many friends claim that he left Colorado because it went dry. They say that it looks suspicious that he should leave his own state the day after election.

Dan T. Hoskins, the local banker, left today for a business visit to Larned, Kas.

Mrs. Mary Bainter and Miss Helen Bainter stopped off in Las Vegas on their way from Prince Rupert, B. C., to their home at Mount Vernon, Ohio. Mrs. and Miss Bainter are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Frank H. H. Roberts.

Mrs. E. P. Harton and Miss Gertrude Luce of East Tawas, Mich., arrived today for a visit with friends.

Mrs. Henry Goldstein arrived today in Las Vegas from Mora. Mrs. Goldstein, who is well known here, will spend a few days with friends.

Colonel M. M. Padgett and Judge David J. Leahy drove down to Santa Rosa today. Judge Leahy will hold court in that town until Monday night.

INDICTMENTS FOR NEW HAVEN'S OFFICERS

TWENTY-ONE DIRECTORS AND
FORMER DIRECTORS ARE
ACCUSED

New York, Nov. 2.—Criminal indictments were returned today by the United States grand jury against 21 directors and former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad company, including William Rockefeller, Theodore N. Vail, George F. Baker, William Skinner, Charles F. Brooker and John L. Billard.

The indictments charge conspiracy in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law to monopolize commerce. Under Section 2 of the law, under which they were returned, the maximum penalty upon conviction is one year imprisonment and \$5,000 fine. The complete list of those indicted is as follows:

William Rockefeller, George Mac Culloch Miller, Charles F. Brooker, William Skinner, D. Newton Barney, Robert W. Taft, James S. Elton, James S. Hemingway, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Charles M. Pratt, A. Heaton Roberson, Frederick F. Brewster, Henry K. McHarg, Edward D. Ribbins, former general counsel of the road; Alexander Cochrane, John L. Billard, George F. Baker, Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Theodore N. Vail, Edward Milligan and Francis T. Maxwell.

The amount of bail was fixed at \$5,000 each by Federal Judge Foster.

Of the 21 men indicted only five are now on the New Haven directorate. They are Messrs. Cuyler, McHarg, Milligan, Brewster and Maxwell. These 21 men are charged, in the language of the indictment, as follows:

"With having combined and conspired with numerous other persons to monopolize commerce consisting in the transportation business."

The indictment enumerates a large number of corporations (approximately 160), whose business, it is charged, was to be monopolized.

The late J. P. Morgan is named in the bill as one of the conspirators. Among the officers and former directors of the New Haven also mentioned as conspirators but not indicted were Edward N. Reed, Charles H. Clark, Chauncey M. DePew, Lucius Tuttle, Charles S. Mellen, Royal C. Taft, Richard A. McCurdy, S. McK. Twombly, Alexander J. Cassett, Timothy E. Byrnes, Edward G. Buckland, Oakleigh Thorne and Marsden J. Perry, and "divers officers, agents, attorneys and employes of the New Haven company, whose names are to the grand jurors unknown."

After naming 160 corporations the indictment charges that the conspirators used certain of them, including the New England Navigation company, the Boston Railroad Holding company, the Billard company and the New England Steamship company, through their influence, credit and funds, to impose upon the other concerns contracts and working arrange-

ments which would insure monopolization of commerce "in harmony with the designs of such conspirators."

"Said conspirators," reads the indictment, "were to induce and compel such sales of capital stock, such leasing properties and facilities, and such making of contracts and working arrangements and such engaging in combination by using and threatening to use the advantage possessed by said New Haven company and the accumulation of power arising from the control of some of the said other common carriers, to grasp the commerce rightfully and normally belonging to said other and remaining common carriers and to drive such other common carriers out such commerce, except as they might engage in it in combination with the subordination to said New Haven company."

The commerce, which it alleged was monopolized by the defendants, consisted of water, steam and electric railroad transportation in all the New England states, New York, New Jersey, "and every other state of the United States."

The conspiracy is alleged to have extended from July 2, 1890, the day the Sherman anti-trust act became a law, until "the day of the finding and presentation of this indictment." The men indicted include some of the foremost financiers and railroad men in the United States. William Rockefeller is a brother of John D. Rockefeller and one of the chief figures in the Standard Oil company. George F. Baker is chairman of the First National bank of New York, one of the wealthiest men in the United States and until recently a director in more than 60 railroad and industrial corporations.

Cass Leddy was formerly attorney for J. P. Morgan, Sr., one of the most distinguished attorneys in the United States. Theodore N. Vail is the head of the American Telegraph and Telephone company. Edward D. Robbins, former general counsel of the road and closely associated with Charles H. Mellen in the administration of the New Haven affairs, is the only defendant named who was not a director of the road.

Charles F. Brooker of Ansonia, Conn., is a director in some 20 odd banks and industrial corporations.

John L. Billard is a banker of Meriden, Conn., who has figured in New Haven financial transactions in the "Binnard company" through which, it is alleged the control of the Boston and Maine railroad was kept in the hands of the New Haven.

Henry D. McHarg is a director in nine other roads and industrials. Thomas DeWitt Cuyler is one of the wealthiest men in Philadelphia and has banking and railroad interests.

Robert W. Taft of Providence, R. I., a director in several other New England corporations, and Royal C. Taft, who was mentioned in the list of conspirators not indicted, was a former governor of the state of Rhode Island. Mr. Taft died in 1912.

Francis T. Maxwell of Rockville, Conn., is a member identified with several other corporations in Hartford, Conn. William Skinner of Holyoke, Mass., has large interests in New England manufacturing enterprises and in other railroad corporations and insurance companies.

NO MORE MORTGAGES

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—It will be more difficult to mortgage homestead entries under important amendments to the general reclamation circular just received by the federal land office. One of the changes is that the relinquishment of a homestead or a desert land or part thereof, within a reclamation project, and upon which final proof has been submitted, where the record shows the land to have been mortgaged, will not be accepted or noted unless the mortgagee joins therein. Nor will the assignment of such homestead entry or part thereof, under the act of June 23, 1910, nor an assignment of a mortgaged desert land entry, where the record shows the land to have been mortgaged, be recognized or permitted, unless the assignment specifically refers to such mortgage and is made and accepted subject thereto.

Another change is that, to comply with the provisions of the reclamation law requires the reclamation of one-half of the irrigable area of an entry, the land must be cleared of brush and trees, provided with sufficient laterals for its effective irrigation, graded for irrigation and crop growth, planted, watered and cultivated. A satisfactory crop during any years shall be one of the following: A crop of annuals producing at least a half yield; a substantial stand of alfalfa; clover or any other perennial grass; a season's growth of orchard trees or vines of which 75 per cent shall be in thrifty condition.

VALUABLE STEERS DIE

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—Within one hour after unloading 84 high grade bulls from Arizona at Clovis, W. H. Dough ton lost 23 of them. They died so suddenly that 15 dropped and died within a radius of 50 feet. The stock died of pneumonic chills, was the verdict of a veterinarian who was called in. Alexander Shipley and brother of Curry county took 63 head of white face calves and 500 head of steers and heifers last week to their ranch. The Shipley brothers have the past two years shipped \$370,000 worth of cattle.

NEW MEXICO "CHIPS"

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—New Mexico banks have made their first remittances for stock in the federal bank at Dallas, which is a first step toward putting into effect the new currency system.

TAOS MAN KILLED

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—Word was received today from Taos that Fidel Gallegos, a well known citizen of La Madera, was crushed to death under a wagon load of wood he was driving. The horses ran away and he was thrown under the wheels. He was 41 years of age and leaves a wife, four children, his parents, and six brothers.

The scope of the government's employment bureaus for laborers and home seekers has been extended by the establishment throughout the country of distributing zones with headquarters in 18 cities. Information on conditions and needs will be gathered and furnished to all interested.

KI-YI PLEADS GUILTY TO SMUGGLING CHARGE

LAS VEGAS CHINAMAN TELLS
THE COURT HE WAS A
"DAMN FOOL"

Santa Fe, Nov. 3.—Foo Fong, alias Hop Lee, alias Quang Fong, yesterday entered a plea of guilty in the federal court to the charge of conspiracy to smuggle Chinese into this country. Judge Pope did not pronounce sentence.

After Fong had left the court room he said to one of his friends: "Me sucker; me dam fool Chinese." Then he explained that he "did not get any money out of the smuggling."

Attorneys H. W. Clark and S. B. Davis, Jr., of Las Vegas, represented Fong.

Judge Pope overruled the demurrer in the case of Lee Sam Hee, alias Sam Hee, alias Tang Yick, alias Fong Rick, also charged with conspiracy to smuggle Chinese into this country. He entered a plea of not guilty. Attorneys Renahan and Wright of this city and W. A. Muir of Rock Spring, Wyo., represented the defendant, who hails from Rock Springs.

Lew Moir of Montpelier, Idaho, also entered a plea of not guilty to conspiracy to smuggle Chinamen into this country.

Damage Suit Against Fuel Company

Alleging that he has been made lame for life by the negligence of the company that employed him, George Sares, aged 21, a Greek, brought suit in the federal court today for \$7,500 damages against the Stag Canyon Fuel company. The suit is brought through Attorney Elmer E. Studley of Raton. Sares alleges that a roof of one of the company's buildings was rotten and fell on him, breaking his left leg above the ankle.

A special venire of 20 jurors was drawn in federal court today to complete the panel.

True-Bryan Case Continued

The case of Mrs. Matilda Cox Stevenson vs Clara D. True and M. T. Bryan for libel and damages, has been postponed in the district court until the March term.

Hung Jury in Morris Case

After being out 38 hours the jury in the case of the United States vs. B. F. Morris, charged with selling liquor to Indians, failed to agree. The jurors were discharged.

OCTOBER WAS WET

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—The report of the United States weather bureau for the month of October shows that the month just past was much wetter than the normal. In some sections of the state the precipitation exceeded four inches for the month. In Curry county the rainfall since new year has been 21 inches. The temperature for October has been higher than the normal, while the sunshine record, with the exception of a few days, was up to the standard, there being many more days than during the previous month on which the sunshine average reached the 100 per cent mark, while there was not a day without some sunshine.

REPUDIATES THE FEDERAL TROOPS CONVENTION'S ACTION SENT TO END STRIKE

**CARRANZA DOES NOT RECOGNIZE
APPOINTMENT OF HIS
SUCCESSOR**

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 3.—General Carranza, in a message received here this afternoon, declared that he would not abide by the action of the Aguas Calientes convention in naming another provisional president. He announced what support he would receive in his fight against the Villa element as represented at the conference.

Carranza's statement, as received by officials of the constitutionalist consul general's office here was telegraphed from Puebla. It said:

"The convention having not complied with the conditions that I fixed regarding my retirement from the duties I am performing as first chief, I have taken into consideration the resolution of the said convention in their appointment of a president who should take my place, and therefore I still continue to be in charge of my office.

"This resolution of mine has been supported by the governors of the states. Among the officials joining in this action are Generals Moises P. Sanchez, A. Gonzales, Ernesto Santos Coya, Pablo Gonzales and all leaders of the division of the northeast.

"I have no doubt that the balance of the leaders, when they know of this resolution of mine, will support my attitude and will ignore the convention.

(Signed) "V. CARRANZA."

Washington Hears Reports

Washington, Nov. 3.—Official dispatches to the state department today from Aguas Calientes said the selection of Eulalio Gutierrez as provisional president yesterday resulted in an outburst of enthusiasm by the delegates. The Carranza, Villa and Zapata adherents alike greeted the choice with cheers.

The term of the new executive was limited to 20 days, the official dispatches said in order to give the Zapata delegates time to receive their credentials, after which the convention would re-assemble and ratify the selection of Gutierrez, continued thereafter for a longer term.

Stop Those Early Bronchial Coughs

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stops coughs and colds, heals raw inflamed throat, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store. —Adv.

They say Willie Lewis is to retire. He gave George Carpentier a hard go two years ago, and showed well with other tough ones.

**GOVERNMENT ORDERS SOLDIERS
TO GO TO HARTFORD VALLEY,
ARKANSAS**

Washington, Nov. 3.—It has been decided to send federal troops into the Hartford Valley, Arkansas, strike zone. Orders have been prepared at the war department, and Secretary Garrison later today will make a public statement of reasons for the action.

Federal troops are being held ready to be ordered to the Hartford Valley, Ark., strike zone. Secretary Garrison said today he would formally announce the war department's intentions before night.

The situation was such that all that was needed to move the troops was the department's order. Officials of the department were fully prepared for its issue, confident that only an eleventh hour development could change the plans.

Federal Judge Youmans has reported that he is unable to enforce his orders in the strike zone where mining properties are in the hands of receivers appointed by the United States court and that the deputy marshals have been unable to cope with the situation. It is the first time in many years that the judicial branch of the government has called upon the military to assist in enforcing its orders.

Officials Are Powerless

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 3.—Federal officers here were about ready today to admit that they cannot enforce the injunction issued by Federal Judge Frank Youmans prohibiting union miners and sympathizers from interfering with the operation of the Bache-Denman mines, which have been placed in the hands of the government through receivership proceedings.

United States Marshal Parker today said he had done all in his power to keep the mines running, but that his small force of deputies "cannot cope with a body of men numbering 2,000 to 3,000, armed with high power rifles."

Judge Youmans had not been officially advised late this afternoon of Secretary Garrison's order for the sending of federal troops into the district to enforce the injunction.

Trouble in the Hartford valley began last April, when the Bache-Denman company endeavored to operate its mines on an open shop policy. At that time a crowd of miners and sympathizers marched to the company's mine on Prairie Creek, assaulted the guards, drove off non-union employes and pulled the fires from beneath the boilers.

The injunction was then granted and later the court appointed Franklin Bache receiver for the company. On July 17 the mines again were attacked, the tipples of five mines were burned and two company employes were killed. Although hundreds of shots were fired none was injured in

last Thursday's clash between the union men and those in charge.

No attempt has been made to operate the mines since. Mr. Bache said today it was not likely that another attempt would be made to operate the mines until the government action had been taken. The valley was quiet today.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO PUT ON THE SHOW

**THE ENTERTAINMENT TOMORROW
NIGHT INCLUDES MANY
YOUNGSTERS IN PROGRAM**

Following is a list of those who will take part in the musical entertainment of the Las Vegas public schools at the Duncan opera house tomorrow evening, under the direction of Mrs. Charles Kohn:

Douglas Avenue School

Ruth Davis, Isabelle Harris, Pauline Adler, Helen Leahy, Marie Nisson, Marie Louise Roach, Eunice Snelling, Nina Anderson, Ruth Tronsgard, Eleanor Westerman, Josephine Whitmore, Amy Lyster, Violet Houston, Algodona Burns, Marie Legg, Pauline Stutzman, Madeline Harris, Lockie Hardin January, Amalia Garcia, Dorothy Marx, Alexander Romero, Gerald Hughes, George Bierman, Louis Clevenger, Jesse Jones, Homer Keene, Tom Kirkpatrick, Richard March, Bruce Norris, Francis Ringer, Reginald Reindorf, Walter Sackman, William Hanson, Monroe Graaf, Daniel Sundt, Melville Whitmore, Richard Green, Robert Grenier, Ramon Padillo, Lawrence Stuart, Barnett January, Henry Lucas, Alexander Speicher, George Sackman, Richard Hermann, Wray O'Neil, Alice Danziger, Willie Trague, Marie Ortiz, Gertrude Erb, Miriam Nahm, Elise Rosenwald, Makine Herford, Mildred Davy, Tony Jiminez, James Sisneros, Richard Stern, Jesse Beal, Dennis Trambley, Hugh Calaway, Narcisco Valdez, Milton Burns, Hope Davis, Bessie Hart, Elizabeth Padgett, Lucille Leahy, Mary Hunker, Evelyn Fleming, Juanita Black, Dorothy Coors, Francis Joquel, Robert Emmett, Verle Wilhite, Clifford Linberg, Mervin Heinlan, Jesus Gallegos, Jose Sandoval, Maurice Hoffman, Merle Stuart, Milton Burns, Freeman Black, Edna Green, Lenore Sundt, Emma Herrera, Helen Graaf, John Harris, Inez Maloney, Irene Keene, Eliza Salazar, Felouise Duran, Elsie Velasquez, Marguerite Creswick, Anna Grenier, Geraldine Burns

Castle Building

One act operetta, "While Mortals Sleep."

CAST

Prince Goodwill, leader of the wood-nymphs.....Mr. Cecil Reed
Dawn.....Miss Katherine Larkin
Santa Claus.....Master Alva Fishburn
Harvest.....Master Joseph Nahm
Star.....Miss Norma Williams
Little Bo-Peep.....Miss Lucille Swallow
Little Boy Blue.....
.....Master Lawrence Coors
Mother Goose.....Miss Alta Fishburn

Liberty (Columbia) -----

-----Miss Violet Hoffman
Rainbow—Alice Sundt, Adeline Fisher, Bessie Baylis, Rose Hite, Esther Anderson, Eva Mortimer, Celia Apadaca.

Morning and Evening Breezes—Margaret Craven, Marguerite Carscalen, Flora Callaway, Dorothy Abbett, Helen Nelson, Olive Nisson, Magdalena Anderson, Grace Linberg.

Birds—Arthur Rensing, Milton Nahm, Nelson Miller, George Green, David Sullier, Earl Lewis, Paul Ehrich, Kermit Parker, William Parker, Edward Luelling, Joseph Healy, Charles Nisson.

Fairies—First fairy, Josephine O'Malley; second fairy, Florence Heinlan; third fairy, Dorothy Harvey; fourth fairy, Corinne Kauffman; Viola Fishburn, Charlotte O'Malley, Augusta O'Malley, Letha Cook, Fern Hite, Vivian Green, Esther Horn, Natalie Adler, Maxine Whistler, Eva Marsh, Lillian Paulsen.

Brownies—Gerald Greencray, Walter Marrow, Charles Page, Ernest Abbett, Eugene Craven, Pablo Padillo, Oscar Stern, Julius Ogle, Leo Tronsgard, Joe Hart, Lawton Erb.

School Children—Daisy, Aileen Laird; pansy, Gretchen Marcelle; marguerite, Ethel Danziger; pearl, Bernice Wheeler; Juliet Kauffman, Violet Hayward, Lucile Hermann, Genevieve Calahan, Petra Trogstad, Gertrude Rosenwald, Robert Parnell, Clarence Keene, Thomas Hughes, Alberta Greenberger Ernest Ehrich.

High School Girls' Glee Club

Soloists—Miss Elizabeth Coors, Miss Mary Dixon Lowry, Miss Elleen Trainer, Miss Ruth Neafus, Miss Rebe Sands, Miss Margaret Larkin.

Maryel Papen, Elizabeth Parnell, Grace Mahon, Ruth Nahm, Katharine Seelinger, Anna Mayer, Bessie Nissen, Ruby Jones, Lillian Horton, Alta Craven, Ruth Craven, Juanita M. Burchette, Dorothy T. Hermann, Clara T. Rensing, Edith Tooker, Julia Sundt, Dewey Nisson, Ruth Swallow, Mabel Carpenter, Claribel Adler, Mr. Louis Ifeld, Ethel Stewart, Grace Lord, Esther Springer, Julia Trogstad, Mary Sands, Essie Peppard, Alice Regensberg, Henrietta Kauffman, Ruth Seelinger.

Orchestra

Accompanist, Miss Loraine Lowry, Douglas Avenue building; accompanist, Miss Ruth Conrad, Castle High school; Mr. James Cook, Mr. Walter Kolbo, Mr. Edward Hite, Mr. Philip Kolbo, Mr. Murray, Miss Ruth Seelinger, Mr. Louis Ifeld, Miss Virginia Floyd, Mr. Robert Kasper, Mr. Henry Northrup, Mr. John Cook. Director, Adolphine Kohn.

AMERICA TO ACT

Washington, Nov. 3.—Norway today formally asked the United States to take the Norwegian consulate at Batoum, Russia, in the Black sea. The Norwegian vice consul has left and has placed the archives in the hands of the American consul.

BITTEN BY SNAKE

Santa Fe, Nov. 2.—Denver Willis, a Curry county rancher, was bitten by a large rattlesnake, which managed to escape by crawling into a prairie dog hole. Willis' arm and hands are badly swollen, but he will recover.

LOCAL NEWS

Charles Doll, the steeplejack, is painting the smokestack of the Las Vegas Roller mills. Doll is the "climbing kid" and flies have nothing on him when it comes to sticking to an aerial roost.

Robert J. Taupert, road commissioner of San Miguel county, has received word that E. P. Mackel has started work on widening and improving the Romeroville -ap road. Mr. Mackel has a force of men and he will work as the joint employe of the county and the state, on the Santa Fe trail.

The county clerk has issued a marriage license to Isabelita Sandoval and Vidal Zamora both of Encinosa.

The pictures of the Normal University Glee club which were taken a few days ago have been received at the school and are considered satisfactory. One of the pictures may be enlarged and displayed in Albuquerque as an advertisement for the club.

The treasure hunt held by the Y. M. C. A. Saturday was won by Ronald Appel and Ernest Ehrich. About 15 boys participated in the contest and a lively time ensued. The association is contemplating another contest soon.

Thomas Lamb has received a letter from Andover, England, informing him that his brother, Bruce Lamb, is serving in the Wiltshire yeomanry in the European war. Bruce Lamb is a member of the firm of Lamb & Son, solicitors of Andover.

ADVERTISED LETTER LIST

Letters remaining uncalled for, for the week ending October 31, 1914:

Bernardo Baca, Mrs. Amanda Britton, Mr. A. L. Cochran, E. M. Davis Scap Co., Mrs. Domitilla U. Jaramillo, Mr. Damacio Maes, Mrs. W. T. McNeal, C. H. Mooney, Esq., Mrs. Pite Mondragon, Miss Minnie Omings, Harry Siverly.

When calling for the above letters please ask for "Advertised Letters."

E. V. LONG, Postmaster.

Herman Henry Krenz and Margaret Slack, both of Watrous have taken out a marriage license.

The county clerk has issued a marriage license to Cleopatria Padilla and Eduardo Montoya, both of Las Manuelitas.

The exterior of Hoffman and Graubarth's store on the West side is being treated to a new coat of paint. Peter P. Mackel is doing the job.

The verdict in the case of Arthur Staab of Santa Fe against the administration of the will of his brother, the late Julius Staab of Albuquerque, which was returned Sunday morning, was against the Santa Fe man, the jury holding the will to have been valid. Arthur Staab will endeavor to secure a new trial. Many Las Vegas people were interested in this case as all the parties to it were well known here.

The sum of \$200 was donated last week by members of the Jewish community as their contribution to the sufferers in the war zone. The collection was made by Dr. J. H. Landau and David Winternitz. With their usual generosity and charity the Jewish people here at a later date will make a second contribution of a similar or larger amount.

The road commissioners announce that the stretch of road above the Arriba stock yards is being put in good shape. This piece of road was in bad condition.

Emile Clement has installed a handsome new cigar case of the latest pattern in his curio store. The case opens in front, allowing the customer to make his selections from the boxes. It is much more convenient both for dealer and purchaser than the old style cigar case.

The report of Miss Bessie Cooley, librarian at the Carnegie library, for the month of October, shows that 1,273 people availed themselves of the accommodations of the institution. Seven hundred and eleven books were loaned to patrons and 27 new cards were issued. Twelve new books were purchased. The number of monthly magazines on file is 18, while there are five weekly periodicals and five daily papers on the files. The library, as is customary in the winter months, is enjoying a heavy patronage.

The senior class of the New Mexico Normal University is contemplating the giving of a large statue of Abraham Lincoln to the school this year. The class has a large amount of money on hand as a result of the plays it gave in June, last. Mr. Felix Martinez of El Paso has promised the school a companion statue of George Washington.

The deer hunters have been disappointed this year on account of the extreme dryness of the weather. As yet few deer have been killed, and, inasmuch as the season closes on November 15, indications are not many of the animals will fall before the guns of the local sportsmen.

The engagement of Edith Weil of Ocate and Isidor Bernheim of Pueblo, Colo., has been announced. No definite date has been set for the wedding, but it is thought that it will occur in the spring. Miss Weil has several relatives in Las Vegas.

Several trainloads of coal have been passing through Las Vegas this week, bound for Mexico. The coal is destined for the use of General Villa's forces.

J. A. Davis, who has rented the Suhr ranch on the mesa is planning on moving into town for the winter with his family. Mr. Davis expects to make the change on Monday.

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

CARRANZA FORCES DEFEATED BY VILLA

THE PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT'S TROOPS FORCED TO MAKE A RETREAT

Washington, Nov. 6.—Conditions on the battlefield around Naco, Sonora, reported today by Brigadier General Bliss, were summarized in this statement by Secretary Garrison:

"General Hill is entrenched in a semi-circle about Naco, Mex. He has about 1,800 men, well armed with plenty of ammunition, and about 100 cavalry, 14 machine guns and one small field gun. After the recent engagement, Maytorena withdrew and now has about 1,000 men at Villaverde, about 18 miles southwest on the railroad to Cananea. He also has 500 men at Cananea and 900 Yaqui Indians about seven miles north of Villaverde, but not on the railroad. He has also 250 at Sancedo, between Del Rio and Nogales.

It is rather thought that Maytorena will not attack Hill in his present position unless he can assemble larger forces than he now has, but there may be long range firing."

Villa Will Retire

General Villa has formally notified the national convention at Aguas Calientes of his willingness to resign command of his troops and retire to private life if that is necessary to bring about the elimination of General Carranza.

Villa is Praised

The convention, according to official reports received here today, received Villa's communication with a tumult of applause. No action was taken on it, pending the report of a commission which went to Puebla to notify Carranza of the selection of General Gutierrez as provisional president.

Villa's statement is in answer to the stipulations of General Carranza that with his own retirement, Villa and Zapata should be eliminated from military authority.

Reports of American Consul Silliman say resistance by Carranza of the convention's order will depend on the attitude of General Pablo Gonzales, commander of the division of the east. He is at Queretaro with several good troops and indications are that he will remain loyal to Carranza.

Carranza's visit to Obregon, commander of the division of the northwest, it is believed by officials here, may have an important bearing upon the situation, as Obregon has declared his loyalty to the convention and will endeavor to persuade Carranza not to plunge Mexico into another civil war.

Five thousand Villa troops were invited to Aguas Calientes by the convention to guard the city, according to today's dispatches, when General Gonzales had assumed a threatening attitude at his headquarters a hundred miles south of Aguas Calientes. No fighting had taken place when the report was dispatched, both sides

awaiting the outcome of the conference at Puebla.

Gutierrez will Guarantee

Gutierrez as stated to American agents that as soon as he is sworn in as provisional president he will issue a proclamation giving the guarantees desired by the United States, before withdrawing its forces from Vera Cruz. Villa has agreed to support Gutierrez in enforcing the proclamation, which Carranza declined to issue.

High officials here, however, said today that such a proclamation would not be sufficient to bring about the American evacuation while the forces of General Aguilar, who is loyal to Carranza, are in command of the state of Vera Cruz. Should Villa send a force to that vicinity, and demonstrate that his troops are able to back up the guarantees American troops then might be withdrawn.

Carranza Troops Retire

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 6.—The Carranza troops have retired before an advance of 10,000 Villa soldiers after fighting 20 miles south of Aguas Calientes, according to an official Villa report today. General Leon commanded the Carranza forces.

Despondency Due to Indigestion

It is not at all surprising that persons who have indigestion become discouraged and despondent. Here are a few words of hope and cheer for them by Mrs. Blanche Bowers, Indiana, Pa. "For years my digestion was so poor that I could not eat the lightest foods. I tried everything that I heard of to get relief, but not until about a year ago when I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and got a bottle of them, did I find the right treatment. I soon began to improve, and since taking a few bottles of them my digestion is fine." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

The child labor law in Arkansas will be effective January 1, despite the wrangle over the referendum vote. The attorney general has handed down a decision.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

GERMANY HAS PETROL

London, Nov. 6.—Failure of Germany to exhaust its supply of petrol is attributed by writers in the London press to a supply of oil supposed to be shipped from the United States to Germany by way of Norway, Denmark and Sweden. According to Albert Lidgitt, who contributed an article on this subject to the current issue of a prominent motor journal, Germany has planned to get its petrol in ships flying the Danish, Swedish, and Norwegian flags and carrying the oil in barrels.

In damp, chilly weather there is always a large demand for BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT because many people who know by experience its great relieving power in rheumatic aches and pains, prepare to apply it at the first twinge. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.