

Weekly Optic ^{and} **Live Stock Grower**

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Farming - Mining

ESTABLISHED 1882

Thirty-Second Year

East Las Vegas, N. M., August 8, 1914.

Number 14

MILITARY AUTHORITIES HOLD THAT TIME IS NEAR WHEN THE ARMIES OF NATIONS WILL CLASH

Churchill Explain Situation to Parliament and Proposes That State Take Over Harvest.

SOLDIERS OF FRANCE ADVANCE INTO BELGIUM

Figaro Make Impassioned Appeal to the United States to Interfere in the Violation of the Hague Treaties, and Asks That Pres- ident Wilson Head Board to Assume Task—Italy, Re- plying to Ultimatum of Germany, Restates Neutrality

London, Aug. 7--An exchange telegraph company's dispatch from Brussels says the German troops at Liege acknowledged the loss of 25,000 men. The agency says this statement is official.

Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, declared in the house of commons there had not been any fighting or losses other than had been announced officially. The statement ensued on reports of a naval battle between German and British ships received from several sources. The admiralty refused information. It was regarded as significant that the fishing fleets on the east coast of England were given permission to go out and fish.

Complete silence reigns as to military movements in both Germany and France, and it is assumed both armies are concentrating forces for decisive battles. No hint as to which powers will come into contact has been given.

Liege, Belgium, was again attacked by German troops last night, but was still holding out. The report of a German reverse there was denied in a dispatch from Berlin.

The German cruisers Goeben and Breslan were obliged, owing to Italian neutrality, to leave San Salvatore, Sicily, and have gone out to meet the British fleet. The commanders are said to have handed their wills to the German consul before departing.

A London newspaper report says the German crown prince has been seriously injured by an unidentified assailant.

A Finn sea captain on arriving at Stockholm reported the Russian navy bottled up at Helsingfors, and the Russian ports of Libau and Revel to be burning after an attack by German vessels. No confirmation.

Many German merchant vessels were brought into English ports today by British cruisers. The Holland Lloyd steamer Tubantia with \$2,500,000 from South America, for the Deutsche Bank of London was also brought in.

French warships also captured several German merchant ships.

The French premier appealed to the women of France to gather the wheat and wine crops.

Tokio reports the German squadron at Tsing Tau, China, hemmed in by British war vessels.

The British tank steamer San Wilfredg is reported destroyed by a mine off Cluxhaven, Germany, and the British steamer Craigforth was beached near Constantinople after contact with a mine.

Stories of discourtesy in Germany to the dowager empress of Russia are declared false by the German foreign office.

Paris and London send unconfirmed dispatches concerning the fighting at Liege, Belgium. The French telegram states that fierce fighting continues in the streets, while the London message reports the German attackers asking for an armistice of 24 hours.

London, Aug. 7--Persistent reports of an important encounter between the German and British fleets, manoeuvring for strategic positions in the North Sea, kept the British public in a state of agitation throughout the forenoon. The excitement was not allayed until the first lord of the admiralty made the official announcement in parliament that stories of fighting and losses other than those of the British cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koenigin Louise were unfounded.

News from the German side was extremely meager, owing to the interruption of direct telegraphic communication. Denials came from Berlin by way of other countries of the "repulse" of the German forces before the Belgian city of Liege, where Belgian sources declare their attackers to have been badly checked with heavy losses.

Movements of the great aggregations of troops which must by this time have gathered at their starting points along the German frontiers facing both the Russian and the French armies are kept from public knowledge.

Military authorities here, however, are of the opinion that preparations must be almost complete for a forward move which will give some indication of the plan of campaign to be followed out.

The French army authorities have also raised a heavy screen to hide the developments in their war movements. They seem entirely satisfied with the manner in which the men of the nation responded to the call to arms, and they declare every preliminary move to have been carried out according to the plans drafted by the commander in chief, General Joseph Joffre.

Minor Engagements Reported

From the far off portions of the world, where Germany, England and France have colonies, all of which are in a state of defense only, brief ris-patches trickle over the wires.

These indicate that small engagements have occurred, especially in Chinese waters, where French, German British and Russian war vessels are stationed. The most important news from that quarter is the report that the British squadron had hemmed in the German vessels at Tsing-Tau, which is strongly fortified and has a numerous garrison of German troops.

Churchill Explains Situation

Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, announced today in the house of commons that there had been no fighting and losses of any kind other than had already been officially made public. The first lord said:

"Apart from the loss of the small British cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koenigin Louise, there had been no other fighting and loss as far as we are aware.

"On Wednesday a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers was patrolling the upper reaches of the channel and found the Koenigin Louise laying mines. A destroyer pursued and sank her. About 50 of her crew, which was probably 120 or 130 men, were humanely saved by the crews of the British destroyers. The Amphion continued to scout with the flotilla and while on her return journey was blown up by a mine."

He also informed the house of commons that the government was considering the question of taking over the harvest throughout the British Isles.

Englishmen Anxious to Enlist

The response to Field Marshal Earl Kitchener's appeal for recruits for the British army surpasses anything in the memory of British men. Crowds of all ages and all stations of life, silk hatted men, and poorly clad laborers, stood in long lines all day in front of the recruiting stations, awaiting their turn to go before the medical officers.

PRESIDENT CALLS FOR LEVEL HEADS

DECLARES THAT UNITED STATES OWES IT TO MANKIND TO KEEP COOL

DON'T YIELD TO EXCITEMENT

DO NOT GIVE CURRENCY TO UN-VERIFIED RUMORS FROM ANYWHERE.

NO MONEY PANIC NECESSARY

COUNTRY AMPLY ABLE TO TAKE CARE OF ITSELF, AND OUTCOME SECURE.

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson today appealed to the people of the United States to remain calm during this war in Europe. He declared the United States owed it to mankind to help the rest of the world during the present crisis.

The white house authorized this quotation from the president's remarks to the Washington correspondents:

"It is extremely necessary, it is manifestly necessary, in the present state of affairs on the other side of the water, that you should be extremely careful not to add in any way to the excitement. Of course the European world is in a highly excited state of mind, but the excitement ought not to spread to the United States. So far as we are concerned, there is no cause for excitement. There is great inconvenience for the time being in the money market, in our exchanges,

and the temporary delays in the handling of our crops but America is absolutely prepared to meet the financial situation and to straighten everything out without any material difficulty. The only thing that can possibly prevent it is unreasonable apprehension and excitement.

"If I might make a suggestion to you, gentlemen, therefore, I would urge you not to give currency to any unverified rumor or to do anything that would tend to create or add to excitement. I think that you will agree that we must all at the present moment act together as a mass in seeing that America does not suffer any unnecessary distress from what is going on in the world at large. The situation in Europe is perhaps the gravest in its possibilities that has arisen in modern times, but it need not affect the United States in the long run. Not that the United States has anything to take advantage of, but her own position is sound and she owes it to mankind to remain in such a condition, and in such a state of mind that she can help the rest of the world.

"We want to have the pride of feeling that America, if nobody else, has her self-possession and stands ready with calmness of thought and steadiness of purpose to help the rest of the world. And we can do it and reap a great permanent glory out of doing it, provided we all co-operate to see that nobody loses his head.

"I know from my conference with the secretary of the treasury, who is in very close touch with the financial situation throughout the country, that there is no cause for alarm. There is cause for getting busy and doing the thing in the right way, but there is no element of unsoundness and there is no cause for alarm.

"The bankers and business men of the country are co-operating with the government with a zeal, intelligence and spirit which makes the outcome secure."

CERTIFICATES TO RELIEVE STRAIN

NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE DECIDES ON LARGE ISSUE IN CRISIS

New York, Aug. 3.—The clearing house at a meeting today decided to issue clearing house certificates to meet the currency situation brought about by the European war crisis.

Decision to enforce the 60-day clause before withdrawal of deposits was reached today by members of the New York State Savings Bank association. All savings banks in the state are affected.

The decision to issue certificates was reached after a general discussion of the foreign situation and its bearing on conditions here. It was the unanimous opinion that in view of the foreign situation every means should be adopted to protect the country's gold supply.

An additional resolution was adopted making available in payment of balances all forms of currency issued on authority of the national government.

This indicates the desire of the bankers to use freely the currency issued to the national currency association and to the fullest extent for the requirements of their correspondents and the needs of interior exchange. Between \$40,000,000 and \$50,000,000 emergency currency arrived in New York today from Washington and was loaded on 20 trucks to be hauled to the sub-treasury.

Stock exchange brokers reconciled themselves to the probability of a prolonged suspension of the market of New York. W. C. Van Antwerp, a member of the board of governors said that there was no thought of reopening the exchange in the immediate future.

DR. BOYD IN LAS CRUCES

Las Cruces, Aug. 3.—Dr. and Mrs. Nathan E. Boyd are in Las Cruces for a visit. Dr. Boyd was the promoter of the Elephant Butte dam idea but after interesting English capital and expending considerable of it, was knocked out by the federal government in the courts and now seeks to collect a large claim against the federal treasury.

GRANT COUNTY CONVENTION

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—R. P. Barnes, chairman, has called the Grant county republican convention for Silver City on August 15, at which time not only delegates to the state convention at Santa Fe will be named but two candidates will be nominated for the house.

New York, Aug. 3.—The enormous outflow of gold from the United States to Europe, one of the principal causes of the strained financial situation, appears to have come to an end. The outflow to Canada continued. Another engagement of \$1,000,000 was made today for the dominion, bringing up the total since the middle of last week to about \$6,000,000.

SERVICE AT SANITARIUM

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—Another innovation in the way of religious service was inaugurated yesterday by Rev. B. Z. McCulough of the First Presbyterian church, when at the twilight hour he took the church choir and a number of his parishioners, in automobiles to Sunmount sanitarium, which at present is crowded with healthseekers, and held a song service that was much appreciated by the population of that famous health resort.

NAVY FOR MAIL SERVICE

Washington, Aug. 8.—The senate today voted to authorize the secretary of the navy to establish naval lines to carry mail, passengers and freight to South America and Europe. The bill goes to the house.

POPE ASKS FOR SPECIAL PRAYER

Rome, Aug. 3.—The pope today addressed an exhortation to all the Catholics of the world, asking them to lift their souls toward Christ, who alone was able to aid. He called on the clergy to offer public prayers.

CLOUDBURST AT DENVER

Denver, Aug. 3.—Driven by a stiff wind and accompanied by a sharp display of lightning, a cloudburst swept Denver and vicinity late Saturday. Three boys and a woman were reported struck by lightning in west Denver.

McADOO IN CONFERENCE

Washington, Aug. 3.—Secretary McAdoo returned from New York late today and began a conference with Festus J. Wade of St. Louis, representing the clearing house association. No conference was held today with Chicago bankers.

RASH SPREAD OVER HANDS AND FACE

In Great Pain, Itched Terribly. Caused Disfigurement. Unable to Do Work. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Not a Scar Left.

Pennington, Cal.—"A few months ago I was poisoned. It came on my hands first in a rash and in two days it had spread all over my hands and face. It gradually got worse day by day and I was in great pain. My hands and face were a mass of running sores and itched something terrible. I did not dare to scratch as it pained me so. I could not sleep at night. The eruption caused disfigurement. I was unable to do my work at all, it pained me so.

"I tried medicine but it did not help me. I had been about four weeks since I got poisoned when a friend asked me why I didn't try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for some right away and began using them following directions. Inside of two days I could see a great change and in seven days after I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment there was not a scar left." (Signed) Miss Edna Rogers, Apr. 30, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

"Why should I use Cuticura Soap? There is nothing the matter with my skin and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate, emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."



"My Mamma Says — It's Safe for Children!"

"The Children's Children" are now using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and it is today the same safe effective and curative medicine that their parents found it. For all coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, hoarseness and tickling in throat, use it. It gives satisfactory results.

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

FOR Coughs and Colds

CONTAINS NO OPIATES

STATE EDUCATORS TO MEET AT SANTA FE

CONFERENCE CALLED FOR NEXT
WEEK TO CONSIDER LEGIS-
LATIVE MEASURES

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—What may prove to be the most momentous conference in the history of the state is to be held next week in connection with the summer school. The state board of education consisting of Governor McDonald, Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts of the Normal University at Las Vegas, President E. L. Enloe of the State Normal School at Silver City; County Superintendent Bonifacio Montoya of Sandoval county; Rev. C. C. Hill of Roswell, county superintendent of Chaves county and County Superintendent J. G. Swinney of Aztec, has been called for August 12, while on the day before the legislative committee of the New Mexico Educational association consisting of Superintendent J. S. Hoyer of Tucumcari, Superintendent J. B. Taylor of Deming, and County Superintendent L. C. Mersfelder of Clovis will meet together with the executive committee of the association consisting of State Superintendent Alvan N. White, Dean Frank Carroon of the Normal University, Professor J. B. Taylor and Rev. C. C. Hill. County Superintendent Miss Grace Goebel of Deming and other educators of the state have already announced their intention to be also present as a legislative program for the legislature as well as the New Mexico Educational association are to be outlined. The other subjects to be discussed include: "A New Course of Study for Common Schools;" "Kind and Distribution of Text Books;" "County Supervision of Schools;" "Needs of the State Department of Education;" "Blanks and Reports;" "Consolidation of Institutes;" and "Correlation of State Educational Institutions."

Besides those mentioned Superintendent Charles D. George of Silver City; President David R. Boyd of the University of New Mexico; Dr. E. P. Humber and President George Ladd of the State College will be in attendance at the conference.

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PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

"Within the Law" has invaded South Africa.

Fiske O'Hara will have a new Irish comedy this fall.

The title for Henry Dixey's new play is "Castle Romance."

Mme. Nazimova has withdrawn from the management of Charles Frohman for that of the Lieblers.

The revival of "Diplomacy," with William Gillette, Marie Doro and Blanche Bates in the cast, will be made in October.

Al Woods has obtained the American rights to the play, "Innocent" which George Broadhurst has adapted from the French.

Joseph and Frederick Santley will each head a separate company in Bartholomae's musical comedy, "When Dreams Come True."

John Drew will begin his season in New York September 7, in a new comedy from the French entitled "The Prodigal Husband."

Ethel Barrymore is to be seen late in the season in an original play in four acts called "The Bridge of Sigs," by Edward Sheldon.

Charles Frohman is to present Otis Skinner in a new play entitled "The Candle of Faith," of which Jules Eckert Goodman is the author.

"The Girl from Utah" is the name of the new musical comedy in which Julia Sanderson Donald Brian and Joseph Cawthorn are soon to be seen.

Richard Carle and Hattie Williams will begin their season in "The Girl" and later in the year they will appear in a new farce comedy.

Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, for forty odd years a New York favorite, is to make her farewell appearance this season in "The Beautiful Adventure."

Among the early Frohman productions will be the "Song of Songs", by Edward Sheldon, a play based upon the novel by Herman Suderman.

Ida St. Leon of "Polly of the Circus" fame has been engaged by Oliver Morosco to play the role of Gertrude Meyer, the stenographer heroine in "Help Wanted."

The Chester comedy, "Cornelia Blossom" is to be produced in August in the Gaiety theatre, New York. In the cast will be Burr McIntosh, Louise Dresser, Jane Grey and Lillian Lawrence.

BRIDGE CAMP ORDERED

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—State Engineer James A. French today ordered a camp established at the Rio Puerco bridge site on the Los Lunas-Gallup road, preparatory to the building of the 310 foot bridge across the river. It will be a pile bridge.

LINDERFELT ARRESTED

Denver, Colo., Aug. 4.—Lieutenant K. E. Linderfelt of the Colorado National Guard, famous for his part in the battle of Ludlow on April 20, was arrested here early today. Charges of drunkenness and disturbance were filed against Linderfelt and Betty Brown, a waitress, who told the police that the militia officer was attempting to force her to enter a rooming house.

NEW MINISTER TO GREECE

Washington, Aug 4.—Prof. Garret A. Droppers, of Williams College was nominated by president Wilson today to be minister to Greece succeeding George Fred Williams of Boston whose resignation was demanded because of his criticism of the powers in Albania.

CANADIAN CLUB CONFERENCE

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 4.—Vancouver is entertaining for two days the annual conference of the Association of Canadian clubs. Delegates representing clubs in nearly all of the large cities of the Dominion are in attendance.

RESOURCES OF GERMANY AND RUSSIA

GERMANY—	—RUSSIA
208,810 square miles.....Area.....	1,902,202 square miles
64,903,423.....Population.....	116,505,500
5,200,000.....Army.....	5,500,000
66,783.....Navy.....	52,463
\$879,656,000.....Revenue.....	\$1,674,038,000
\$1,177,418,000.....Debt.....	\$4,553,488,000
\$54,658,000.....Charges.....	\$207,421,000
\$60,500,000.....Wealth.....	\$40,000,000
\$2,544,567,000.....Imports.....	\$533,793,000
\$2,131,718,000.....Exports.....	\$734,905,000
\$205,700,000.....Gold on hand.....	\$946,300,000

GREAT WARS OF THE LAST CENTURY

- 1803-1815—France (under Napoleon) against England, Austria, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Sweden and other nations; France crushed.
- 1812-1814—United States against Great Britain; United States victorious.
- 1821-1829—Greece (allied with England, Russia and France) against Turkey and Egypt; Greek freedom won.
- 1831-1839—Belgium against Holland; Belgian independence won.
- 1845-1848—United States against Mexico; United States victorious.
- 1853-1855—Crimean war; Turkey, England and France against Russia; Russia routed.
- 1856-1857—Great Britain against Persia; Persians defeated.
- 1857-1859—Indian mutiny; Great Britain victorious.
- 1861-1865—Civil war in the United States; Confederacy vanquished.
- 1868-1899—Cuba against Spain; Cuban independence won.
- 1870-1871—France against Germany; Germans victorious.
- 1876-1903—Great Britain against the Boers; the latter crushed.
- 1877-1878—Turkey, Servia and Montenegro against Russia; Russians victorious.
- 1894-1895—China against Japan; Japanese victorious.
- 1898-1899—United States against Spain; United States victorious.
- 1904—Japan against Russia; Japanese victorious.

GERMAN STEAMER REPORTED MISSING

KAISER WILHELM II FAILS TO RE-
PORT BY WIRELESS AND MUCH
FEAR FELT

New York, Aug. 4.—The Kaiser Wilhelm II, of the North German Lloyd line due in this port this morning from Bremen had not arrived at 11:30. Neither has the vessel sent by wireless her position to Cape Race and Sable Island, as is customary.

The Kaiser Wilhelm II sailed from Bremen on July 28 and from Cherbourg on July 29. Since that time nothing has been heard from her. Two days ago she should have reported her position to the Cape Race wireless station.

The agents of the line here said they believed the steamer would arrive in the harbor today. It was probable, they added, that the captain failed to report by wireless because by so doing he would have placed his vessel in danger of capture.

EAGLES FLOCK TO KANSAS CITY

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 3.—Kansas City today began the entertainment of thousands of members of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the occasion being the annual national convention and reunion of the organization. Delegations from many of the principal cities of the country are here. The program for the gathering covers five days and provides for a big parade and numerous features of entertainment in addition to the customary business sessions of the national aerie.

LONDON BULLETINS

London, Aug. 4.—The house of commons today voted \$525,000,000 for emergency purposes and passed several bills in five minutes without a dissenting voice.

A special issue of the London Gazette this evening proclaims a state of martial law in the British Isles.

A proclamation by King George commanding the mobilization of the British army was read today from the steps of the royal exchange. A huge crowd cheered and sang the British national anthem.

An order was issued this evening giving the government control of all the railroads in Great Britain.

KING HAAKON'S BIRTHDAY

Christiana, Aug. 3.—Flags were displayed on all public buildings today in honor of the forty-second anniversary of King Haakon VII. During the day his majesty received messages of greeting from the rulers of nearly all the countries of Europe.

REVENUE CUTTERS CELEBRATE

Washington, Aug. 4.—Aboard all craft of the United States revenue cutter service, wherever stationed, ceremonies were held today commemorative of the birth of the service 124 years ago.

NEW NOTARIES APPOINTED

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—The following were appointed notaries public today, by Governor McDonald: B. Stephenson of Aztec, San Juan county; Anselmo Gonzales of Las Vegas.

CORN DANCE SEEN BY CROWD OF TOURISTS

THE UNIQUE INDIAN CEREMONY
DRAWS THROGS TO SANTO
DOMINGO

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—Two hundred people from Santa Fe Tuesday witnessed the corn dance at Santo Domingo. The Santa Fe ran an excursion train under the auspices of the summer school and many others went by automobile by way of La Bajada hill.

For Santa Clara day, next Wednesday, the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad company announced a round trip fare of \$1.25 to accommodate the students of the summer school, who wish to witness the annual fiesta at that interesting Indian village. The down train will be held at the pueblo until 4:30 p. m. thus giving the excursionists five hours to witness the dance and other ceremonials and exercises of the famous feast day.

Tomorrow, Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, will lecture on "Early School Days in New Mexico," recalling the patriarchal days preceding our present public school system. The secretary will be followed by Dr. Edgar L. Hewett with the first of his lectures on American archaeology. The last lecture of the forenoon will be by Dr. Calvin S. Brown on "The World's Great Epics." He will also give an illustrated lecture in the evening on "Masterpieces of Architecture." The musical program will include a solo, by Mrs. William J. Fouth; and "A Winter Song," by the male quartet.

The following have been added to the roll of the summer school: Alexander Janowski, Warsaw, Russia; Miss Myrtle Collatt, Darlington, Okla.; Calvin S. Brown, Biloxi, Miss.; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence M. Larson, Champaign, Ill.; C. A. Schlotterbeck, Dayton, O.; Miss Alice C. Fletcher, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Townsend, Iowa; Miss Miriam Cartwright, George and Edward Cartwright, Santa Fe; Mrs. John G. Worth, El Rito; Juan Rodriguez, Manuel Chavez, Galisteo; W. H. Neblett, Richmond, Va.; D. H. Simmons, Las Cruces; W. R. Henry, Montreal, Canada; Olive J. Bashford, San Rafael; Rev. B. Z. McCullough, Santa Fe; Miss Fannie Day, Kimball, Minn.; Elvina Luettge, Hartley, Ia.; Mrs. Florence Bartlett, Los Angeles; Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Wilson, Philadelphia, Pa.; in addition to quite a number of Santa Fe people who will attend only some of the lectures. The heaviest enrollment will fall in the last two weeks of the summer school, when teachers and employes of the Indian service will join the school.

SUBTREASURY DEPOSITORY

Chicago, Aug. 6.—The United States sub-treasury here today opened a department for the receipt of money for the benefit of Americans stranded in Europe. Depositors were required to give the name, age, weight and other distinguishing characteristics of beneficiaries.

LITTLE GIRL DIES BY HER OWN HAND

FOURTEEN YEAR OLD CHILD
TAKES POISON AFTER PRO-
LONGED DEBAUCH

Denver, Aug. 6.—Miss Florence Brown, 14 years old, died at the county hospital yesterday afternoon from the effects of poison, self administered while she was under the influence of liquor.

Mrs. Lucile Luker, reported to have been with Miss Brown when she drank the liquor last Friday night, has disappeared from her apartments at 1359 Cherokee street and cannot be found by Special Officer William Powell of the district attorney's office, who has been detailed on the case.

She is the most important witness in the case. One of the peculiar things about the case is that Mrs. F. E. Brown, 1349 Acoma street, the mother of Florence, is anxious to have the whole matter dropped and says she does not desire an investigation. Her daughter, only 14 years old, was forced to drink liquor, which the mother says was drugged, by two men who accompanied the girl to a resort and who kept her there until a late hour.

F. E. Brown, who is a traveling salesman, has been located in North Dakota and is on his way to Denver. He may insist upon a full investigation of his daughter's death. Deputy Coroner Bostwick this morning declared he would not hold an inquest in the case of Dorothy Brown, as there was no question about the cause of death. He said also that the coroner had discretionary power and did not have to hold an inquest unless he felt like it.

Acting District Attorney Sales, however, ordered an inquest and autopsy held, and the coroner will be forced to comply. Through the investigation conducted by Officer Powell he has learned that the liquor consumed by Miss Brown was sold to her in Jefferson county and that no prosecution can follow in this district on that account. But District Attorney Johnson of Jefferson and surrounding counties has taken the matter up and said this morning that if liquor was sold to a girl under age in his district and proof is furnished him, prosecution will follow.

"I have repeatedly warned the proprietors of resorts in my district that I will not tolerate the sale of liquor to girls under age, or boys for that matter, and that it must not be sold even to girls when there is any question at all as to their age," said Mr. Johnson this morning.

A peculiar angle in the case is the disappearance of a man's diamond ring, much too large for Miss Brown, but which she wore the night before she made the attempt upon her own life. She did not have it when visited at the county hospital by Officer Powell.

No date has been set for the inquest, but among the witnesses who

will be called, if they can be found, are Mrs. Luker, a Mr. Hudson and a Mr. Smith, who are said to be the male members of the party which Miss Brown was a member of; William E. Ward, who is alleged to have sold Miss Brown the poison with which she took her life; Fred Graham, to whom Miss Brown professed to be engaged, and Michael Burke of the Kelly & Burke undertaking establishment.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK

A. L. Fales of Roswell, state missionary of the American Sunday School union for New Mexico, has been spending a couple of days in the city in the interest of the Sunday school work of the county.

Since January 1, Mr. Fales has organized 19 Sunday schools in the state, having 52 teachers and 562 members, and has made 21 visits to these and other needy schools, and 730 visits to the homes of the people, leaving with them over \$60 worth of Christian literature and 136 Bibles and Testaments. He has delivered 87 sermons and addresses and 26 persons have publicly acknowledged Christ as their Saviour.

METAL MINING IN IDAHO

Washington, Aug. 6.—The mine output of gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc in Idaho, according to a report made public today by the United States geological survey, increased in value from \$21,466,521 in 1912, to \$24,149,049 in 1913. There were 384 producing mines in Idaho in 1913, against 408 in 1912. The total quantity of ore shipped and treated in 1913 was 2,451,592 tons, against 2,266,334 tons in 1912. The production of all the metals except gold increased. The Coeur d'Alene region, the main producing area of the state, had a greatly increased production, especially in silver, lead and zinc. All records were broken in the production of lead, which increased from 284,185,657 pounds, valued at \$12,788,355, in 1912, to 317,871,945 pounds valued at \$13,986,366, in 1913.

UNCLAIMED LETTER FROM GREE

A letter, apparently of some importance, is at the East Las Vegas postoffice. It is difficult to make out the address, but it seems to be Mrs. Kawgeri Freres (brothers). It comes from the Nacional Banque of Greece and was mailed at Rathanes. If this item comes to the attention of any of the Greek residents of this county it would be well for them to inquire at the East Las Vegas postoffice.

BUTTE BANK CLOSED

Butte, Mont., Aug. 6.—On the order of Governor Stewart and Attorney General Kelley the State Savings Bank of Butte was closed here today by Sate Examiner H. H. McGraw. It was reported suspension was only temporary and had been caused by the failure of the institution to obtain money from eastern corporations.

GOOD WEATHER FOR TENNIS

Boston, Aug. 6.—A clear sky promised favorable conditions today for opening at the Longwood Cricket club for the final matches to determine the challenging team for the Davis cup, the international lawn tennis trophy, now held by the United States.

FOR DEEPER WATERWAYS

New York, Aug. 6.—Indications point to a record breaking attendance at the forthcoming annual convention of the Atlantic Deep Waterway association. The association is interested in the improvement of rivers and harbors along the eastern coast, but its chief aim is to bring about the construction of a chain of canals that will form an inland or sheltered waterway along the coast from Massachusetts to Florida. Of this system the canal just opened across Cape Cod is to form a part.

The association holds its conventions alternately in the north and the south. Last year's convention was held in Jacksonville, Fla. This year the meeting is to be held in the three cities of New York, Troy and Albany. The first session will be held in this city on September 8, under the auspices of the Merchants' association of New York. An inspection will be made of New York harbor and the New York-New Jersey waterways. Two days of the convention will be spent on one of the Hudson river steamboats. Governor Glynn will welcome the delegates on their arrival in Albany and the following day they will be the guests of the citizens of Troy.

TYPOS TO MEET IN PROVIDENCE

Providence, R. I., Aug. 6.—All arrangements have been completed for the reception and entertainment of the hundreds of delegates and visitors who will be in Providence next week for the convention of the International Typographical union. It will be the sixtieth annual session of the organization and will be attended by representatives of local unions throughout the United States and Canada. The sessions will begin Monday and continue until the end of the week. A large amount of routine business is to be transacted and some proposed amendments to the constitution are to be considered. But so far as is known no matter involving any important change in the policy of the organization is to be brought before the convention this year.

TO REMOVE FRUIT STAINS

Alcohol softens most fruit stains, especially if it is warmed over hot water. Soaking in milk also helps. After softening the stain pour boiling water through the cloth. Dampened powdered starch applied instantly will take out almost any fruit stain from wash goods if left several hours.

Some fruit and wine stains, especially those of apple and pear, and some clarets are very difficult to remove. If they are boiled gently (after soaking) in soft strong borax and water, well rinsed, then hung out dripping wet in the sunshine, or during a frosty night, the stains will usually disappear.

A federal union to embrace the longshoremen employed in Montreal, New York, Boston, Portland, Halifax, St. John, Three Rivers and Quebec is being discussed.

NEW NOTARIES APPOINTED

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—Governor McDonald today appointed B. Stephenson of Artesia, Anselmo Gonzales of Las Vegas and Marion C. Spencer of Belen notaries public.

LIKE STORMY PETRELS, BOATS SEEK HARBORS TO EVADE THE SEA DOGS OF BELLIGERENTS

Two Great Passenger Liners Make Port of Halifax to Evade German Cruisers.

AT NEW YORK AMERICAN BATTLESHIP WATCHES

Hamburg-American Line Vessel, Vaterland, Loading with Provisions and Ammunition for the German Army, Cannot Pass Guns of the Florida—Kaiser's Cruisers Thought to Have Been Sunk by English while Pursuing Lusitania.

New York, Aug. 6.—The presence close to the American coast of warships of the warring European nations prepared to descend on and capture the merchant vessels of their opposing belligerents was evidenced today by news of great Atlantic liners arriving at Halifax, Nova Scotia, and by wireless reports of the warships' activities.

The fast Cunard liner Mauretania with 1,500 passengers from Liverpool, and the White Star liner Cedric from Queenstown today raced into the Canadian port to escape pursuit by two German cruisers believed to be hovering in the vicinity of the Grand Banks, for just such prizes. These two cruisers, in one report which came to the British consulate here from the captain of an incoming liner, were sunk by British warships, while pursuing the Lusitania yesterday but the report could not be confirmed.

Out of the confusion of many wireless message that the German cruisers had been sunk was picked up by the wireless operator of the steamer Uranium, whose captain it was that made the report to the British consulate.

In New York harbor lies the Hamburg-American liner Vaterland, apparently provisioning for service, but today the United States battleship Florida took position in the lower harbor and neither the Vaterland nor any other ship of a belligerent nation can pass her guns until the United States authorities have satisfied themselves that their departure will not violate the neutrality laws.

Captain Hessig of the Uranium liner, Uranium, announced at the British consulate today that he had intercepted yesterday wireless messages from the steamer Lusitania saying that two German cruisers which had been pursuing the Lusitania had been chased and sunk by two British warships. The Uranium reached port yesterday.

Uranium line officials who saw Captain Hessig after his arrival here said today that the captain had not reported intercepting such a message and that they were unable to confirm it.

The wireless station at Sayville, to

which the alleged message from the Lusitania was addressed according to Captain Hessig, said today that it had not received such a message.

The message, Captain Hessig said, contained the additional information that the Lusitania was continuing its trip to England. The Lusitania sailed from New York with darkened lights shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday morning.

Officials of the Cunard line here announced today that the Mauretania had put into Halifax under orders from the British cruiser Essex. They stated that she would be held at Halifax to await instructions from the British admiralty.

Seek Safety in Halifax

Halifax, Nova Scotia, Aug. 6.—The Cunarder, Mauretania, arrived here at noon today having been convoyed to the mouth of the harbor by the British cruiser Essex, which picked her up south of Sable Island. The Mauretania carried 1,400 passengers, all of whom probably will be landed here.

The Cedric of the White Star line has put into Halifax with passengers.

It was reported here, but not confirmed that the Mauretania, while at sea, had sent a wireless message to the British cruiser Essex asserting that a German cruiser was following her and that the Mauretania asked assistance. The report was to the effect that the Essex came up immediately and stood by the Mauretania until she came into port. It is believed here the Essex and possibly other British cruisers will enter the harbor today.

Battleship Guards Harbor

Washington, Aug. 6.—The battleship Florida has orders to watch the German liner Vaterland until it is determined whether a load of reservists or munitions of war, if any, are aboard, in violation of the neutrality laws.

The Pannonia, which arrived in port during the night, left Gibraltar July 25 and until she approached this coast the officers had no knowledge of the situation in Europe. Several hundred miles out she received a mes-

sage from a British cruiser warning her to beware of capture. All lights except those necessary to the navigation of the ship were immediately extinguished.

Early yesterday the Pannonia passed the Lusitania. The ship was dark except for her running lights and was being driven along at high speed. Soon after the Pannonia was in communication with a British warship, which informed her that she might go ahead without fear, as there were several British ships within wireless call. Later the Pannonia's wireless operator heard German cruisers in communication with each other.

The Hamburg American line emphatically denied today reports that the steamer Vaterland was being lifted out here as a cruiser or that she would sail on any mission whatever.

Officials of the Cunard line disclaimed all knowledge of such a wireless message.

No Word of Several Liners

Montreal, Aug. 6.—The Allan liner Sicilian, which sailed from Montreal for London last Sunday morning, has abandoned the attempt and is returning to Quebec.

Five liners sailed from Montreal the day before the Sicilian left. Nothing has been heard of them since. They are the Megantic, to Liverpool, the Grampien, and the Athenia, to Glasgow, the Manchester Corporation to Manchester and the Lake Manitoba to Liverpool.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON ANSWERS LAST CALL

AFTER LINGERING ILLNESS WIFE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIES AT WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States died at the White House at 5 o'clock today from a complication of diseases.

The end came after two sinking spells. The president and her three daughters and Francis Sayre were at the bedside at the end.

The president was completely prostrated when his wife died and broke down entirely. When Secretary Tumulty entered the executive offices to tell waiting newspaper men his cheeks were bathed in tears.

Months of constant illness, which began with a nervous breakdown then a fall on the White House floor with an injury to her spine, and, following that, Bright's disease so weakened the patient that the White House physicians, with whom some of the ablest specialists were called into consultation, admitted they had little hope and feared it was but a question of days and possibly hours.

Mrs. Wilson was conscious this morning and her condition was better than that of last night. She appeared very brave. The president went to her room before going to the executive offices. She greeted him with a smile, patted him on the arm and said she passed a good night.

At 1 p. m. Mrs. Wilson was being sustained by oxygen and other artificial stimulants but her condition was about the same.

Dr. Grayson said just after 2 p. m. that Mrs. Wilson had two sinking spells this morning but rallied under stimulation. She was conscious but growing weaker.

Sympathy for President Wilson and hope for the recovery of Mrs. Wilson was expressed in a resolution passed by the house immediately after it convened. The resolution was presented by Representative Kinkead of Nebraska and was passed in silence.

Throughout the day members of the diplomatic corps called in a steady procession at the White House to leave their cards and express their sympathy.

Mrs. Wilson's pet measure before congress, a bill for the reclamation of pest spots in the slums of Washington, was hurriedly reported today by the house District of Columbia committee. Every effort will be made to have it passed as soon as possible. Last night while the president was sitting at Mrs. Wilson's bedside she recalled her interest in the slums and mentioned that it would add much to her happiness if the pending bill could be passed.

The president mentioned the matter to Secretary Tumulty and today action by the committee resulted.

Brother Hurries to Bedside

Portland, Ore., Aug. 6.—Dr. Stockton Axson, brother of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson passed through Portland today on his way to Washington. Dr. Axson said he had not known of the serious nature of Mrs. Wilson's condition until he received a telegram last night from President Wilson. He is visiting in Eugene, Ore.

REPUBLICANS TO MEET AUGUST 15

CALL ISSUED FOR COUNTY CONVENTION TO BE HELD AT COURT HOUSE

A convention of the republicans of the county of San Miguel and state of New Mexico is hereby called for the 15th day of August, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, in the court house in the town of Las Vegas, New Mexico, to choose twenty-six (26) delegates to the republican state convention which will be held in the city of Santa Fe on the 24th day of August, 1914, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of the Sixty-fourth congress of the United States of America and one member of the State Corporation Commission, to be voted for at the general election to be held on the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1914, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

KANSAS PRIMARY OUTLOOK

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 6.—While Chas. Curtis, former senator, continues to hold a lead over Senator Joseph L. Bristow for the republican senatorial nomination in Kansas, returns from Tuesday's primary left the result in doubt, and early today it was believed Bristow has a chance. Hugh P. Farrelly was still ahead of Congressman George A. Neeley in the democratic party.

ARCHDUKE CARL POPULAR IN AUSTRIA

FERDINAND'S SUCCESSOR AND
HEIR TO THRONE LOVED
BY PEOPLE

Vienna, Aug. 3.—In the month since the tragedy by which the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir apparent to the Austro-Hungarian throne, was removed by an assassin in Bosnia, a remarkable phase of the changed conditions is the wave of popularity now raging about this young nephew who suddenly finds himself confronted with the prospect of soon being emperor of Austria and king of Hungary. With the venerable Emperor Francis Joseph now in his eighty-fourth year, it is certain the actuary cannot allow him a very long lease of life.

As the new heir apparent, Archduke Carl Francis Joseph appears already to have won a more affectionate regard from his people than his uncle had, and quite as warm a place in the hearts of many as his great uncle enjoyed. Everybody seems proud of him and confident of his future success as a ruler.

At 27 years of age he finds himself with little more than military training. He was only a junior regimental officer when the news of his uncle's death reached him. Now he will turn to statecraft and in the time that may be allowed him, try to acquaint himself with foreign and domestic affairs.

Archduke Carl Francis Joseph is described as an officer through and through. In his army work there has been nothing of the archduke about him. He has worked and studied and learned and observed and done his duty in every way without for one moment claiming or desiring any special consideration on account of his high rank. Indeed he would have been very much surprised if anybody had suggested that he should be shown any extraordinary favors or preference.

He began as a cavalry lieutenant and was most popular among his comrades who never felt that an imperial highness and future monarch was in

their corps. He performed his duties with the utmost exactness and was just as punctilious in his behavior to the senior officers as any young subaltern. No duty was too small. He carried out his routine work most carefully and when he heard of his young comrades grumbling would merely say "what do you expect—orders are orders."

Going later into the infantry, the archduke has always looked back on his service in the cavalry as the most delightful time in his life. He was proud to ride into a new garrison at the end of his squadron and it was generally said in the regiment that the officers in his squadron had the best time of any. He was hospitable to a high degree and none the less so after his marriage with the Princess Zita of Parma, who is just as well liked as her husband.

When she accompanied him to his garrison she came as a simple junior officer's wife and not as an archduchess. She went and called upon the wives of all the officers senior in rank to the archduke instead of waiting for them to call upon her. She took the greatest interest, not only in regimental affairs, but also in the inhabitants of the country districts where the regiment was stationed and became greatly beloved by the Jews in one of the small garrisons in Galicia. She went out among the people there and talked to the children and gave them little gifts such as no officer's wife had ever done before.

But so long as Francis Ferdinand was living the young couple were left in the background. With two small babies to look after the archduchess Zita was quite content that it should be so, and was not at all anxious to become involved in the intrigues apparently inseparable from the daily life at most courts, and certainly at the court of Vienna. But under the changed circumstances it is expected that she will assume her rightful place as the first lady at court, a position now held by the Archduchess Maria Annunciata.

The emperor intends that the new heir shall lose no time in taking his place. In all probability the Archduke Carl Francis Joseph will be advanced rapidly in the army, while spending most of his time in familiarizing himself with political and administrative affairs. Special instructors, including highly placed officials, already have been nominated to inform the new heir apparent in technical matters re-

lating to the government and he will be gradually initiated into the most important affairs of state.

SANTA FE SUMMER SCHOOL

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—Dr. and Mrs. L. W. Wilson arrived tonight from Philadelphia to attend the summer school. They are domiciled at the McBride home on Grant avenue.

Mrs. W. H. Bartlett of Los Angeles arrived this afternoon to attend the summer school. She is a guest at the Walter home, 405 East Palace avenue.

A. L. Hull, court stenographer at Oklahoma City, is a guest of his brother-in-law and sister, Judge and Mrs. W. H. Pope, 397 East Palace avenue, and will enroll in the summer school.

C. A. Schlotterback of Ohio today enrolled for the summer school session.

Hon. Frank Springer of Las Vegas, one of the directors of the summer school, will leave tomorrow for the cliff dwellings of the Rito de los Frijoles, being accompanied by Artist Carlos Vierra and Santiago Naranjo of the Santa Claras.

Captain J. C. Troutman of Roswell, who has enrolled for the summer school, has gone to Cuara, to take part in the archaeological field expedition.

E. H. Parker of Phoenix, Ariz., who came here for the summer school, left yesterday for the Cuara field excavations.

Miss Myrtle Collatt of Darlington, Okla., has enrolled for the summer school, as has also Professor Alexander Janowski of the University of Warsaw, Poland.

Professor Calvin S. Brown of the University of Mississippi arrived Saturday evening for the summer school.

The Santa Fe Railway company announced today a special train and a \$2 special rate for the round trip for the Santo Domingo corn dance on Tuesday of this week, for the benefit of the summer school and the Denver & Rio Grande announced a similar reduction to \$1.25 for the round trip to the Santa Clara dance on Wednesday, August 12.

PRIMARIES IN MISSOURI

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 3.—Interest in tomorrow's primaries in Missouri is confined almost wholly to the contest for the Democratic nomination of United States senator. Friends of senator William J. Stone predict today that he will be nominated by a substantial majority. Senator Stone is opposed for the nomination of Judge William H. Wallace of Kansas City. Polite Evans, former member of congress and until recently chairman of the republican state committee, is expected to be the republican nominee for United States senator. Missouri does not elect state officers this year, but sixteen candidates for congressmen, judges of the circuit court and many members of the legislature are to be nominated at the primaries. Indications point to the renomination of nearly all the present representatives in Congress.

FOR OKLAHOMA SENATORSHIP

Oklahoma City, Aug. 3.—One United States senator, eight congressmen, governor and other state officers, justices of the supreme court and the

criminal court of appeals and the members of the 1915 legislature are to be nominated in the Oklahoma primaries tomorrow. Most interest centers in the contest for the United States senatorship. Senator Thomas P. Gore, whose term will expire next March, is a candidate for renomination on the democratic ticket. His opponents on the democratic side include Sidney Suggs of Ardmore, C. I. Stewart of Enid and former Supreme Court Judge Samuel W. Hayes of Chickasha. John Buefor of Guthrie has been indorsed for the senatorial nomination by the republicans in state conference.

UTICA HONORS VON STEUBEN

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Utica's "old home week" celebration, for which preparations have been making for nearly a year, was ushered in today with the unveiling of a statue of Baron Von Steuben, "the drillmaster of the revolution," who is buried near this city, on the estate presented to him by congress. The unveiling was accompanied by interesting exercises. The German ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, delivered the oration. Another of the speakers was Dr. Hexamer, president of the German-American Alliance.

STEWARDS MEET IN BOSTON

Boston, Mass., Aug. 3.—Six hundred stewards from all sections of the United States and Canada are to be in Boston this week in attendance on the annual convention of the International Steward's association. The sessions will begin tomorrow and continue through Thursday. Jacob Miller of Chicago, president of the organization will preside. The convention will conclude Thursday night with a banquet at which Governor Walsh, Mayor Curley and others of prominence will deliver addresses.

VETERINARY CONGRESS

London, Aug. 3.—The latest discoveries and methods in the prevention and treatment of animal diseases are to be unfolded before delegates representing the leading countries of the world at the tenth International Veterinary congress, which met in London today for a five days' session. America is represented at the gathering by a large delegation, headed by Dr. Adolph Eichbone of the United States department of agriculture.

CHILD NARROWLY ESCAPES

Roy, N. M., Aug. 3.—Lillian, the 3-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Nugen picked up a bottle filled with strychnine pills. She tried to eat some of them but the bitter taste detained her from partaking of a fatal dose and a physician speedily brought her around again.

ASSASSIN IS IRRESPONSIBLE

Paris, Aug. 3.—Allenists who today examined Raoul Villiaan, the assassin of M. Jaures, the socialist leader, declared him abnormally mentally and partially irresponsible. The miners of Albi, a town in M. Juares' constituency, ceased work today as a mark of respect in his memory.


One and a half million workers in Germany have wage agreements with their employers.

KC

The Best at Any Price

No other baking powder will raise nicer, lighter biscuits, cakes and pastry, none is more pure and wholesome

Then Why Pay More?



KAISER ACKNOWLEDGES STATE OF WAR EXISTS WITH FRANCE WITHOUT FORMAL DECLARATION

United States to Look After German Interests in France and French Interests in Austria.

GERMAN ARMY AVIATORS DROP BOMBS IN FRANCE

Paris Announces Increase of National Note Issue to \$2,400,000,000 and Berlin Parliament Appropriates \$1,250,000,000 to Conduct War—Flurry of Excitement and Anxiety That Pased Over America at First Report Gradually Abates.

Great Britain sent a virtual ultimatum to Germany demanding a reply by midnight tonight on the subject of Belgian neutrality.

King George today proclaimed the mobilization of the British army and the reading of the proclamation was cheered by large crowds in London.

Germany is reported to have declared war on Belgium and threatened to annex the Belgian-Congo. Germany today invaded Belgian territory.

A Russian warship went aground on the Aland Islands after a naval battle between the Russian and German fleets.

Viscount Morley is reported to have resigned from the British cabinet.

The German "Whitebook" throws responsibility for war on Russia and France.

German troops have penetrated French territory near Mars-La-Tour, scene of a bloody battle in 1870. General Joffre, French commander-in-chief at once left for the front.

The United States Embassy in Paris is to look after German interests in France and after French interests in Austria.

Austrian troops are reported to have been defeated with heavy loss by the Serbs.

German army aviators dropped bombs last night on the French fortresses of Luneville, causing little damage and no loss of life.

Japan officially declares she may join the war if England is forced in the far east.

The North German Lloyd liner Kron Prinzessin Cecelie returned to American waters at Bar Harbor, Maine, allaying anxiety as to the fate of the large amount of gold on board.

A German cruiser bombarded a French naval station in Algeria and then retired.

London, Aug. 4.—A second ultimatum sent by Germany to Belgium declared that Germany was prepared to carry through by force of arms if necessary any measures she considers essential. The British government was officially informed by Belgium today that German troops had invaded Belgium and that the violation of that country's neutrality, which the British foreign secretary guaranteed must be followed by action on the part of the British, had become an accomplished fact.

In the meantime John Burns has resigned from the British cabinet and Viscount Morley's absence from its meetings today indicated that this strong peace advocate also had determined to leave his colleagues.

Diplomatic relations had already been severed last night between Germany and France and the German ambassador in leaving Paris informed the French premier that Germany regarded herself as in a state of war with

France, which required Germany to hand the French ambassador in Berlin his passports.

The open breach between France and Germany was rapidly followed by the appearance of German troops on French territory and by an incursion of bomb hurling German aeroplanes which attacked the fortified town of Luneville without doing anything more than damage a roadway. French airmen and outposts also were reported to have made raids on German territory.

Encounters Reported

A more tangible occurrence was the bombardment of the French naval station at Bona, Algeria, by a German cruiser, which, however, retired before doing much damage, and is cruising around the Mediterranean sea where a considerable number of French warships are looking for such marauders.

What the British admiralty intended to do was not ascertainable, and no

news was made public of the movements of British war vessels. British ships bound for continental ports north of Calais were advised by the admiralty to divert their course to ports in the United Kingdom in the interest of the national welfare.

As to the fighting between Austria and Serbia, the original combatants in the war which has spread over the greater part of the European mainland, reports came from Nish, Serbia, that the Austrians had suffered a sharp repulse and heavy losses at the hands of the troops of the Balkan nation.

In diplomatic quarters in London it was reported without confirmation that the Turkish army, which is being mobilized, will, if it participates in the general conflagration, remain under the command of General Linan Von Sanders, the Prussian officer who acts as instructor.

Premier Asquith in the house of commons confirmed the sending to Germany of a request that she should give the same assurance of the neutrality of Belgium as France had done and that her reply should be sent to England before midnight.

Mr. Asquith said that a telegram had been sent early this morning to Sir Edward Goschen, British ambassador in Berlin, to the following effect:

"The king of the Belgians has appealed to his Britannic majesty's government for diplomatic intervention on behalf of Belgium. The British government is also informed that the German government has delivered to the Belgian government a note proposing friendly neutrality pending a free passage of German troops through Belgium and promising to maintain the independence and integrity of the kingdom and its possessions on the conclusion of peace, threatening in case of refusal to treat Belgium as an enemy."

The premier continued:

"We understand that Belgium categorically refused to assent to a flagrant violation of the law of nations.

"His majesty's government was bound to protest against this violation of a treaty to which Germany was a party in common with England, and must request an assurance that the demand made on Belgium by Germany be not proceeded with and that Belgium's neutrality be respected by Germany, and we have asked for an immediate reply.

"We received this morning from our ministers in Brussels, the following telegram.

"The German minister has this morning addressed a note to the Belgian minister for foreign affairs, stating that as the Belgian government has declined a well intended proposal submitted to it by the imperial German government, the latter deeply to its regret will be compelled to carry out if necessary for force of arms, the measures considered on the view of the French menace."

Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, requested an answer within 12 hours.

Premier Asquith then read a telegram from the German foreign minister which the German ambassador in London had sent to Sir Edward Grey today. It was as follows:

"Please dispel any distrust that may subsist on the part of the British government with regard to our intentions

SIR EDWARD GREY



British secretary of state for foreign affairs who made the first move toward conciliation.

by repeating most positively the formal assurance that even in case of armed conflict with Belgium, Germany will under no pretext whatever annex Belgian territory."

A Personal Narrative

Arriving today on what probably will be the last boat for some time from a port in Holland, W. T. Meberath of New Brunswick, N. J., reported that the harbor at the Hook was being mined and that countless Americans were stranded in the Netherlands. He said:

"At Hanover, Prussia, where I stopped while on my way to Berlin, I saw a woman and her two children with \$250 in checks but without any cash. The American consul was unable to aid her.

"Americans, however, are showing a splendid spirit and are dividing their last crust. We traveled from 24 hours, without food, locked in the cars all night in cramped positions. There was great suffering, but the children and the women remained game.

"The Germans," he continued, "are enthusiastic for war; the men and women participating in patriotic demonstrations. A rumor that Russia has decided on peace was received with regret. One German said to me, 'It is a bad thing; we want to have it out now.'"

There was a big line of people in the streets in front of the American Express company offices in London today waiting to cash checks. Great crowds also thronged about the steamship offices.

The United States embassy was filled with Americans making the usual requests for money and for ships to take them home. A few asked for passports, some hoping to rescue relatives on the continent.

RESTORED TO CITIZENSHIP

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Governor McDonald today restored to citizenship Robert Swan of Lincoln county, who had served his term in the penitentiary for larceny.

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Farming - Mining

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NAPOLEON'S PROPHECY

A hundred and some odd years ago Napoleon, the second Julius Caesar—a mere nobody, by ancestry—forced his rule upon France, which willingly bowed her neck to his sovereignty, a sovereignty welcome because it brought relief from the despotic tyranny of her own Bourbons.

But when Napoleon usurped the throne of Naples and put first his brother Joseph in authority, and then his sister Caroline and Murat; when Joseph was made king of Spain, and Louis king of Holland; the sovereigns of Europe—among them the great powers of Russia, Austria, England and Prussia—all felt their thrones tottering beneath them, and with mighty armies combined they crushed him. Mind—it took all Europe combined to do it.

Looking back upon the ruins of his once overwhelming splendid dominion and seeing his enemies returned once more to their absolute rule Napoleon yet had the vision of the seer in looking into the future. He said, "In a hundred years Europe will be either all Cossack or all republican." Is that prophecy about to be fulfilled?

The suggestion of General Miles that an international board of arbitration be used in settling the disputes of Europe is not so much a matter for laughter as might appear. We will go the venerable general one better and suggest that a good stiff jolt of the Golden Rule forced down the unwilling throats of the contestants would be the quickest and safest way to settle the muss.

A socialist leader, borrowing a slightly threadbare garment, says "War is hell. If the rulers want hell give it to them." Unfortunately the prescription works on the ruled as well as on the rulers.

American naval officers have been called from Switzerland, but so far as known no corresponding summons has been issued for Swiss naval officers in this country. Bulletins may be expected later.

The silence in Italy about notes, ultimatums and mobilizations is eloquent of the nation's sympathies in

the matter, whatever it may do under its obligations to the Triple Alliance.

"Food prices soar in Britain." But when War is getting up an appetite what is the hunger of a few million plain people?

Spain watches the proceedings from a comfortable seat in the grandstand. It was different in the good old days.

Our army worm is a trifling pest beside the army worm of Europe.

NO PANIC

We have already had something to say about the rumors of financial panic following on the heels of the closing of the stock exchanges throughout the world and the bank holiday in England. All of this drawing down of the lid does not mean panic. The measures adopted are purely preventive and not provocative.

The president's appeal to the country yesterday for level heads and cool judgment is particularly timely. Rumors are bound to spring up, and gathering volume as they spread, become in time the basis of most harrowing reports. But it is a fact worth memorizing, that the United States is no more involved in a money crisis than it is included in the war crisis. Certain contingencies might arise that would draw this country into the quarrel, and, though the possibilities are extremely remote, the government is displaying its real wisdom in preparing for those contingencies. The situation in the money world is practically identical. There is a combination of eventualities which might produce a panic. It is not likely, but possible. Therefore it behooves the government of finance to be ready.

That is all there is to it. There is nothing alarming in the issuance of bank certificates. They represent cash just as much as a private check does, with this advantage over the check, that their promise to pay is a real guarantee.

THE RESULTS OF OBSTRUCTIONS.

No fault can be found with the use of certificates by the New York clearing house and by others throughout

the country. There can be no criticism of the issue of emergency currency under the Aldrich-Vreeland act. The application of the 60 day rule by savings banks is fully justified. Everything that national and private bankers here and elsewhere have done to safeguard credit and protect gold has been warranted by an extraordinary situation.

Yet the conditions which have necessitated this resorting to the desperate expedients born of obsolete banking and a chaotic currency might never have arisen if the federal reserve banking system had been in operation in time to meet the emergency.

And, strange to say, the reason why has been because of the obstructing methods of certain democrats; not only the reason why but the pity, too, since a democrat of noble ideals and the highest purposes inaugurated the movement. No hard shell, uncompromising republican of the stand pat kind would ever have done so much to kill meritorious legislation as has been done by these followers of the party in power. That personal feeling and localized politics should blockade any vital movement is the curse of our political organization. That men should narrow the perspective of their vision to a peep hole of personal aggrandizement seems to be inevitable under the present dispensation, but its mere inevitability does not compensate for the regret that it is so.

It was reported yesterday that a crowd of bull necks in Vancouver tore the German eagle from over the door of the consulate there and otherwise gave a d. f. demonstration of concentrated assinnity. And yet we English speaking people call ourselves civilized. There is no dignity in any kind of warfare, but least of all in this sort of kid stuff.

The invasion of Belgium makes it appear to be German strategy to accumulate as many adversaries, and as speedily, as possible. As it happens, Belgium keeps 220,000 men to defend her "guaranteed" neutrality, and it rather looks as if, after hanging around so long in hope, they have gotten on the job regularly.

It is especially gratifying to note that in this day of strife and bloodshed abroad the railroads and their operatives at home have come to their senses and will arbitrate wage differences.

The kaiser's speech recently to his counselors sounds well as a mere accumulation of words, but his ethics are all wrong.

With the price of meat soaring into the clouds what a chance for the breakfast food companies. This will be a good time to contract the habit of eating excelsior.

The movement to "See America First" should be very popular these days.

The demand for the American mule shows that something of the pomp and circumstance of ancient war still survives the aeroplane and machine guns.

SHAKESPEARE ONCE MORE

All this controversy about Shakespeare that is being indulged in at the Santa Fe summer school is rather amusing—rather indeed. Comes first a gentleman from Mississippi and says he wrote trash, much trash, more trash than is to be found in a city dump. Poor misguided gentleman from Mississippi! Arrives now Dr. Brown with a word-beautiful panegyric, "Aristophanes plus Aeschylus and Sophocles," etc. And the funny part of it is that, despite a multitude of gentlemen from Mississippi and elsewhere,—quite an army of doubting Thomases,—in spite even of centuries of Bacon-Shakespeare discussion, and a much doubted existence, the work of this man-god by whatever name he may be called, will stand imperishable and sublime, so long as time shall last. Destroy the work of all other writers,—leave only Job, Shakespeare and Hugo,—and the world will still have its incomparable triumvirate of literary masters.

In the name of humanity, Governor McDonald has passed on to the press of the state an appeal from the National Red Cross society. Wherever the demon of war is to be found the angels of mercy, as typified by the nurses and doctors of this organization, are on hand ministering to the wounded and distressed. There is no worthier cause in existence. Let New Mexico do its best.

Just at this time when history is making so fast that it is almost impossible to keep up with it, the word of Mrs. Wilson's death that flashed over the wire late yesterday afternoon, comes with appalling weight, and the big heart of the nation goes out to the desolate husband in the White House with a sympathy too deep for words.

Germany has run amuck. There is no other explanation of the kaiser's policy in forcing a general European war.

The price of sugar has advanced \$1.00 a sack. The sweets of peace come high in war times.

What has become of the Barnes-Roosevelt libel suit in these strenuous days?

FOREST FIRES IN CANADA

Quebec, Aug. 7.—Forest fires were raging today in the woods around Quebec and the Valcartier military camp, where 20,000 men are expected to mobilize within a few days.

INDIANS BAY THE MOON

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—The Indians at Santo Domingo last evening performed another ceremonial, which though following closely upon the corn dance, attracted no attention. They went out into the fields in groups, chanting apparently to the moon, singing antiphonally, the winter people taking up one line and the summer people responding. The ceremonial was witnessed only by one tourist party and that from Chicago.

Batting in the American league has taken quite a brace, 15 players in that circuit now being able to sting the pill for .300 or better.

PERSONALS

From Tuesday's Daily.

Sabino Garcia of Wagon Mound is visiting in the city today.

R. Regenburgh passed through here yesterday evening en route from his home in Los Angeles to New Jersey. Mr. Regenburgh stated that the roads were in very bad condition.

Mrs. Charles Adams and daughter are visitors from Watrous today.

Paul M. Nutter of Raton is in the city today attending to business interests.

J. M. Anderson of Amarillo is among our visitors from the southern part of the country.

H. B. Roeder of the Duke City is in town on a business visit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Strong are visiting this city. They reside in Albuquerque.

Blas Sanchez of Wagon Mound is in the city on a short business visit.

Mrs. C. M. Straussen and daughter, Isabelle, left this evening for their home at Raton.

Frank H. H. Roberts left this afternoon for Mountainair, where he will speak before the chautauqua.

J. D. Powers returned this afternoon from La Junta, where he has been on business for a few days.

Mrs. Charles Greenclay and daughter, Leona, and son Gerald returned today from Denver.

W. L. Crockett left today for Chicago on a business trip.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Miss Loriada Sena came in this afternoon from her home at Santa Fe and will remain in this city for several weeks visiting with her cousin, Mrs. Lino Romero.

Mrs. L. D. Alexander of Englewood, Kas., is a visitor in the city.

Miss Helma Vollmer left yesterday evening for Trinidad, where she will spend her vacation visiting with friends and relatives.

Mrs. Elsie Drace left for her home in Germany quite unexpectedly the other night. She will go to Michigan and from there to the fatherland.

S. L. Chambers and wife of Clovis are visitors in this city.

Elias Spear is a visitor from Albuquerque.

Mrs. W. G. Walden of Englewood, Kas., is spending a few days in this city.

Mrs. John Malouff is in from her home at Lamy. She will remain in this city several days before returning.

Miss Anna Reeva is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Johanna Vollmer. Miss Reeva formerly lived in this city and taught in both the schools of the West side and in the New Mexico Normal University.

Mrs. Helena Rosewald of Albuquerque is visiting Mr. Emanuel Rosenwald and family.

James D. Davidson is among the visitors in this city from Albuquerque.

J. A. Miller is another Duke City man visiting Las Vegas.

Dr. F. A. Lawson of Santa Fe came in this noon and will spend a few days on business in this city.

Miss Bertha Frank of Detroit and Miss Mae Fanning came in this afternoon from the east and will spend two

weeks at the Y. M. C. A. camp.

Miss Bessie Cavanaugh returned yesterday evening from Clayton, where she has been visiting for several weeks.

Dr. C. C. Gordon left this afternoon for Denver.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Root left this afternoon for the south on their honeymoon.

Miss Cora Duncan will leave tonight for her home at Manson, Iowa.

Mrs. Harnett left last night for Enid, Okla.

Louie Lloyd left this afternoon for England. Mr. Lloyd has been in New Mexico for several years and is returning to his former home.

From Thursday's Daily.

L. C. Leonard of Endicott is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. H. Zellers is a visitor from Rociada.

W. C. LaSell is registered at a local hostelry. He comes from Racine, Wis.

J. P. Talli of Springer is visiting the city today.

M. T. Legthner and wife of Monte Vitas, Colo., are visiting Las Vegas.

Robert Prewitt is a visitor from Denver.

J. R. Laney of San Francisco is visiting friends in the city.

Douglas Hoskins came in last night from the San Joaquin valley and will spend several weeks in this city visiting with his father and friends.

Secundino Romeor and Lorenzo Delgado made the trip to El Porvenir today.

L. Burk and J. I. Burk passed through here today enroute to Trinidad from Gilbert, Ariz. They were traveling in a racing Ford.

Mildred Eastman leaves tomorrow for Rowe where she will spend her vacation.

E. G. Murphey left this afternoon for Denver on a short business trip.

Martin and Thoralf Sundt left yesterday evening for Del Norte, Colo.

F. L. Myers is expected to return this evening from La Junta.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Lyons, formerly of this city, are intown on their way to Albuquerque from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Myers came in this afternoon from Silver City. Mr. Rogers was recently elected head of the mathematics department at the New Mexico Normal University.

Charles Chadwick of Albuquerque is a visitor in Las Vegas.

Ex-Governor William J. Mills returned today from Detroit. Judge Mills has been visiting in the east for several months.

T. Hawley of Boston is spending a few days in this city.

From Friday's Daily.

Marshall Turner and family left this morning for Harvey's where they will spend the coming week.

F. M. Lyons and wife left this morning for Albuquerque after spending a few days in this city visiting with old friends.

Miss Mary Harris and Mrs. J. W. Grove left this morning for Harvey's on a vacation trip.

T. J. Tipton of Sanchez is visiting the city on business.

John H. Hicks of the Bar Y ranch is in town on a short business visit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Viles are in town from Holman on a short visit.

P. L. Watson of Trinidad is spending a few days in the city.

H. J. Eppstein of El Paso is a business visitor in the city.

J. A. Reynolds of Terra Haute, Ind. is a business visitor in the city.

The camping party that left Sunday for the Mora mountains returned last evening. The four boys complained of the wet weather. Fred Lujan, Nick Cordova, Vincent Montoya and Bernardo Montoya made the trip.

T. E. Waggoner of Nolan is a visitor in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry McDonald came in last night from their home at Mora.

George Forbes left this afternoon for his home in Trinidad after a visit here of six weeks with his sister, Mrs. Ed Maxwell.

Miss Ruby Jones left this afternoon for Watrous, where she will spend the remainder of her vacation.

SUITS IN DISTRICT COURT

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—In the district court today suits were filed by Carl Bishop against F. S. Donnell on a note for \$100; by F. T. Blandy against Cleofes Romero et al, for \$168; by Felix Brunswick & Company against Clara D. True for \$70.

District Judge E. C. Abbott today heard the suit of Thomas W. Hanna vs. the estate of Francisco Lopez, being an action on account. The judge also approved the bond of the Santa Fe Bank and Trust company for \$5,000 as a depository of county monies.

United States Judge McPherson has held the workmen's compensation act of Iowa to be constitutional, and "a vast improvement over the old system."

NEW NOTARIES APPOINTED

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—Governor McDonald today appointed Marion C. Spicer, Belen; Joseph Y. Latham, Elk; Leonard Molinar, Dona Ana, and Edgar O. Carson, Eunice, notaries public.

FOUR NEAR DEATH CHAIR

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 6.—Four negroes are under sentence to die in the electric chair at the state penitentiary here tomorrow. They are Tom and Meeks Griffin, Nelse Brice and John Crosby. The four were convicted in Chester county of the murder of John Lewis, a prominent planter.

Cwnie Bush holds third place among the leading run-getters and sixth among the leading base stealers in the American league. He leads the Detroit Tigers in both departments.

Without a .300 hitter, a leading run-getter or a prominent base runner in the lineup, the Boston Braves climbed from the cellar to the first division in the National league race.

EAGLES IN CONVENTION

Kansas City, Aug. 6.—A sharp fight for the 1915 convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles is being waged here today by representatives of Minneapolis, Minn., and Spokane, Wash.

REGISTER APPOINTED

Washington, Aug. 7.—President Wilson today nominated Shober J. Rogers of Fallon, Nev., to be register of the land office at Carson City, Nev. C. D. McKay declined the appointment after having been confirmed.

GOOD ADVERTISING

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—That the road building by the county of Dona Ana was a good advertising stunt if nothing else, is apparent from the immense amount of publicity it has received and the incidental praise of the public spiritedness of the county in voting bonds for the work. The latest illustrated article on the subject is that in Good Roads, for August, the article being illustrated and the first feature in the magazine following the editorials. Due credit is given Francis E. Lester in the article.

CIGARETTES SEIZED

El Paso, Aug. 7.—A consignment of 23,350 cigarettes was seized at the international bridge Wednesday afternoon. The cigarettes were claimed by G. W. Morrow of Juarez, who declares that the smokes were brought across the river by mistake. He says he had instructed an employe of his store to come to the American side on an errand and he had driven over the border without knowing that the cigarettes were in the buggy. Morrow is now in a quandary as to how to get the cigarettes back. He says if he takes them across the river, the Mexican custom officials will force him to pay duty on them. If he leaves them on this side, he will also have to pay a high duty.

ALL HE ASKED

The young man and the girl were standing outside the front door having a final chat after his evening call. He was leaning against the door post talking in low tones. Presently the young lady looked around to discover her father in the doorway clad in a dressing gown.

"Why, father, what in the world is the matter?"

"John," said her parents, "you know I've never complained about your staying late, and I'm not going to complain of that now, but for goodness sake stop leaning against the bell push, and let the rest of the family get some sleep.—Denver Post.

TWO DIE IN WRECK

Rich Hill, Mo., Aug. 7.—Andy Eastly, 60 years old, and James Miller, 35, of Foster, Mo., are dead as the result of a motoring accident three miles west of town at 5 o'clock this evening. Mart Biggs of New Home, Mo., is injured, probably fatally, and Bigbert Watson, the driver of the car, escaped with slight injuries. The party had spent the afternoon in this city and were returning home when their car skidded and turned over.

Manager Herzog of the Cincinnati Nationals and Eddie Collins of the Philadelphia Americans are holding their own as leading base stealers in their respective leagues.

ASSISTANT APPOINTED

Washington, Aug. 6.—President Wilson today nominated Representative Andrew J. Peters of Boston, to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

Captain Tommy Leach of the Cubs, who is playing his sixteenth year in the National league, was the first National leaguer to gather 100 hits this season. And it was said that Tommy was "through" when Pittsburgh traded him several years.

 * MONTEZUMA MEGAPHONE *

From Monday's Daily.

It beats all: Yes, sir, no matter how much a fact is advertised and readvertised some folks never will learn. When the camp opened, in fact several months before this time, it was announced that the location would remain the same but that the name would be changed from "Y. M. C. A. Camp" to "Camp Montezuma." Despite this fact just after the camp was opened one of our prospective guests while visiting with one of our local merchants told the merchant that he expected to go to the camp and was looking forward in particular, to the fine fishing they reported having up there. Straight way Mr. Merchant informed Mr. Guest that there was no fishing up at the camp and whoever told Mr. Guest so, had grossly misstated the truth, etc. Well, the tradesman didn't mean to knock. He just didn't know. He had seen the name "Camp Montezuma" and immediately jumped at the conclusion that the camp was located at the Hot Springs. We would respectfully add to our phrase, "See your own scenery first," "Know your own country first before you talk to strangers." He might be "an angel unawares" and if he hears such talk as above quoted, he might fly away.

Then there's the other side of the question. Not very long ago a family dropped off at Las Vegas and made inquiry at one of the offices down town as to a good place to spend a vacation. They were told of Harvey's, El Porvenir and the Camp. The camp happened to appeal and the folks came up and are still there and expect to stay in this part of the country until October 1.

On Thursday last W. F. Newcomb and Secretary LeNoir made the trip up to Harvey's and back. Mr. Newcomb like a lot of other people, said it was the finest trip he had ever taken.

On Wednesday Miss Mae Fanning and Miss Frank, both of Chicago, will arrive at Las Vegas and go out to the camp to spend two weeks there.

August 10 Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Prout of Topeka, Kan., will arrive in Las Vegas and go straight to the camp, expecting to spend a month.

In about a week Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hervey and son of Roswell are expected at the camp.

Last Saturday Mrs. Susie Dabney and her son Robert of Dallas, Texas, accompanied by Mrs. P. H. LeNoir arrived at the camp for an indefinite stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Lily of Kansas City, friends of W. F. Newcomb, now at the camp, are expected to spend their vacation at the tented city.

The camp is beginning to look like a sure enough tourist point. Every tent is labelled according to the state from which the dwellers come. Already we see Kansas, Missouri, New Mexico, Kentucky, Texas, Illinois and even one from far off Canada.

As a compliment to Mr. Margarito Romero the new hall just finished, was named "La Casa de Romero." Mr. Romero, through his many kindnesses

and courtesies has been a large factor in the success of the camp.

You never can tell! We fellows who are continually and gladly advertising Las Vegas are liable to land some big man yet who will take the interest in our town that we feel and see things big enough to invest his money with us. A month before camp opened Secretary LeNoir received a letter from Chicago asking about the camp from one "Ira Nelson Morris." Mr. Morris seemed to be impressed with the camp and said he would very likely bring his whole family. On July 10 a letter was received from Mr. Morris that there had been a change in his summer plans but that he still expected to come and "doubtless would be very comfortable and happy at the camp, etc." The sequel and the reason for the above mentioned change of plans is found in this month's Review of Reviews as follows: "Mr. Ira Nelson Morris of Chicago, formerly secretary and assistant treasurer of Morris and Company the Chicago packers, but since retired, was appointed by President Wilson as our new minister to Sweden. Mr. Morris has traveled extensively and was appointed as a commissioner to Italy for the Panama-Pacific exposition."

It may be that on account of the troubles in Europe that we will yet have the pleasure of a visit from Mr. Morris and we guarantee that he will see everything of our country that is seeable before he goes back to Chicago.

Nope, you never can tell!

FLAX DECLINES

Duluth, Aug. 3.—September flax declined 15 cents to \$1.54. October declined 16 cents to \$1.55 and November 10 cents to \$1.62 in the first ten minutes of trading on the Duluth board of trade today. The clearing house then suspended all trading on flax until further orders.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Mosquero, Aug. 3.—Francisco B. Sanchez, a well known citizen of Union county, was killed by lightning at his home. His children were with him at the time but none were injured. The death is specially sad since Mrs. Sanchez, wife of the dead man, died only last week.

FIREMEN MEET AT HALIFAX

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 3.—Halifax was in gala attire today for the opening of the big firemen's tournament. Companies of fire fighters are here from all the principal cities and towns of the maritime provinces, together with several from New England points. A program combining numerous prize competitions with the business sessions will carry the gathering through the greater part of the week.

CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY

Meriden, Conn., Aug. 3.—Surrounded by the members of his family and numerous friends, Dominick Belleville, who is supposed to be the oldest resident of Connecticut, celebrated his 101st birthday anniversary today. For many years before coming to Meriden Mr. Belleville was engaged in the lumber trade on the Mississippi river. He has seven children living, together with 17 grandchildren and 14 great-grandchildren.

GREATEST PROSPERITY IN STATE'S HISTORY

OUTLOOK BEST EVER IN AGRICULTURE AND ALL DEVELOPMENT MATTERS

Albuquerque, N. M., Aug. 3.—"I am convinced that the present year is to be the most prosperous in the history of New Mexico," said Ralph C. Ely, president of the New Mexico state fair commission, who returned here today after a trip in the interest of the October fair which has taken him into almost every county in the state. Mr. Ely has come back from this trip with space reservations for 1½ county exhibits, and innumerable reservations for space reservation for 16 county exhibit farm products and livestock sections. He says the people of New Mexico will have more money in their hands this fall than they have ever had at one time before, all due to a year of providential rainfall. The unprecedented July rainfall, varying from 4 to 10 inches throughout the state, he says, has insured the favorable maturing of every crop.

"The July rains have done some damage," said Mr. Ely, "but the good results are so enormous as to make the damage insignificant. For instance, there are vast sections of central and western New Mexico ranges, overgrazed for years and for years practically barren. On these grass is growing knee high and re-seeding is certain over enormous areas. No stockman will have to be told the value of this.

"I have been literally astounded at the development of the livestock and dairying industry in the dry farm sections of the state since my last trip over these sections two years ago. Then a whiteface steer was so rare as to excite comment and to cause your guide to point him out. Now every farmer has a few animals of good breeds and the number of important dairy herds is astonishing. These dry farmers have learned how to get results out of what at one time seemed a hopeless proposition. They have learned the use of the silo; the Russian thistle, long looked upon as an unmitigated nuisance, has filled many a silo in eastern New Mexico this season with sound all winter feed.

"Results of this practical farm development are going to be seen at the state fair this year in a series of exhibits likely to astonish even the men who have been doing the developing. They have astonished me, and I have kept reasonably familiar with the progress of the state."

The attendance at the fair this year is going to be record breaking, and since the people come not only to be edified by exhibits and evidences of development, but also to be entertained, the commission has closed contracts for an amusement program ranging from aviation to automobile racing, and from a very modern carnival aggregation to a good old fashioned wild west, or frontier day celebration in which broncho busting, goat roping and Indian dancing will have parts. We are even going to pull off a stage robbing spectacle which one of the

motion picture companies is going to use as the background for a three reel sensation. We have arranged, I think, not only a splendid exhibit department, but an amusement program which will more than balance it."

Mr. Ely is taking a lively personal interest in encouraging the educational features of the fair which this year will include a boy's corn growing contest, conducted by the state agricultural college, a stock judging contest and several poultry growing contests for boys and girls. He is especially interested in the promotion of garden products limited to boys of Spanish-American parentage. One of the chief objects of the state fair, Mr. Ely holds, should be the encouragement of interest in modern farming and stock growing among the native people, who, he points out are, while a pastoral people by ancestry and training, behind the times in methods.

THREATENED FATHER

Roy, N. M., Aug. 3.—Anacleto Gomez had his son Vicente, arrested for threatening him with bodily harm. The young man was placed under peace bond.

CHASE BELL BUSY

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—This will be a busy week for Chase Bell and his assistants of the moving picture department of the New Mexico exposition commission's activities. Beginning at the corn dance at Santo Domingo, wheremotion pictures are to be taken with the sanction of the Indian bureau, the motion picture outfit will continue to Portales to finish up the Roosevelt county pictures, including the educational rally and will thence go to Mountainair and to the pueblo and mission church ruins where the School of American Archaeology is in camp.

LONDON SUSPENDS PAYMENTS

London, Aug. 3.—The house of lords passed without discussion the bill to suspend temporarily the payment of bills of exchange and giving the government power to declare a moratorium.

The moratorium bill immediately received the royal assent. The Marquis of Lansdowne said the opposition was willing to support the government in any difficulties in which it might find itself.

CARMI CELEBRATES CENTENNIAL

Carmi, Ill., Aug. 3.—Following several months of preparation Carmi today entered upon a week of festivities in celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of its founding. The program has been arranged on the order of an "old home week," though the celebration will be much more elaborate. Historical exercises, parades and pageants, band concerts and outdoor sports are to be included among the features.

DAMAGE SUIT FILED

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—Suit was filed against the Santa Fe by James R. Colman of Raton for \$10,000 damages, which the plaintiff alleges he sustained on June 12, while trying to board a freight car. The handle broke and he was thrown to the ground.

Subscribe for The Optic.

STRAY TOPICS FROM LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 3.—A new idea in this city for increasing the safety of traffic and pedestrians is found in the plans of the committee on street safety, recently appointed by Police Commissioner Woods. The committee will study all phases of street safety, the number and character of accidents, their possible prevention, the matter of public playgrounds and the new traffic rules concerning the use of streets for one-way traffic, and the closing of others for playgrounds. The committee's reports are expected to form the basis for new ordinances to be passed by the board of aldermen.

Friends of the late Madame Nordica have enlisted the aid of prominent musicians and music lovers in a plan to erect a heroic statue of the diva in Central park. Should a statue of Madame Nordica be erected it will be the only one of a woman in a park in New York, and according to a recent investigator, one of four of women in the United States. According to this authority the only statues of women in the country are those of Frances Willard, in the national capitol at Washington; of Hannah Dustin, in Haverhill, Mass., and of a noted philanthropist in one of the public squares in New Orleans. Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, it is understood, will be asked to design the Nordica statue.

Several prison officials and criminologists of Germany are to arrive in this city next week to spend a month or more inspecting the leading penitentiaries and reformatories in the eastern and central western states. Dr. Karl Minkelmberg, director of German prisons, will be in charge of the commission, and accompanying him will be Professor Darmstaedter of the University of Berlin, and several members of the German parliament. Dr. O. F. Lewis, general secretary of the prison association in this country is at work arranging an itinerary for the commission.

'Tis an old saying that the world never knows the amount of a man's wealth until he dies. The late Timothy L. Woodruff, once lieutenant governor of New York and afterward progressive leader in Brooklyn, was supposed to have made an immense fortune in the manufacture of typewriters and in numerous other big industrial and financial enterprises in which he was known to have been heavily interested. At the time of his death he was rated as several times a millionaire, but it now develops that investments in business enterprises a short time before his death drained his resources heavily and that his fortune had shrunk to a little more than \$300,000.

Columbus Circle, one of New York's finest civic centers, will no longer be disfigured by double decked billboards

around the triangular vacant lot on the north side. This building site, fronting on the Circle, Central Park West, Broadway and Sixtieth street, is owned by William R. Hearst, and plans have been filed for its improvement with a business block. The building will be three stories high, with a facade of limestone, and will contain 21 stores. The foundations will be of sufficient strength to permit of carrying the structure up to a height of 30 stories.

With pageants, festivals, and song, the New York Commercial Tercentenary commission, incorporated by the legislature in 1913, with an appropriation of \$100,000 to begin its work, will start a two months' celebration the week after next. For a city the size of New York, the committee decided that one "Old Home Week" would not suffice, so the "Old Home Week" for the five boroughs will last from August 15 to September 1. In that time the 200 school and 100 park playgrounds and the ten recreation piers will be the scenes of pageants, games and festivals by the boys and girls. Sewing bees are to be arranged to make costumes for these events, particularly for a pageant depicting the 300 years of educational and commercial progress of the old "Isle of Manhattan." This pageant is to be a land and water affair and will take place in Central park.

So great are the crowds of sightseers who want to see the big ships of the Hamburg-American line that the officials have been obliged to restrict visitors to the largest vessels on sailing days to relatives and friends of passengers. To this end special passes are now in use. Four of these are issued to each passenger on the sailing list, and no one is admitted to the vessel on sailing day without the special pass. Sightseers from the inland states may still have the opportunity to inspect the vessels while they are lying in port, but no more can they come down and straggle on with those who have to speed the departing travelers.

A new trade school for girls, where dressmaking, millinery, and the making of white goods will be taught has been opened in this city. The chief aim of the school is to fit the girls for work in the factories at the highest wage, instead of having them start in the factories as beginners. There is a steady demand for skilled labor in the dress industries and manufacturers pay as high as \$7 to \$9 a week for trained girls. If the girls learn the trade in the factory they can only earn \$3 as beginners. The course of instruction in the new school lasts six weeks and nearly 200 girls have been enrolled. They are either immigrants or daughters of immigrants.

New York city is the leading market

for common brick in the United States hundreds of millions of brick being used here annually. The principal source of this supply is the Hudson river region, extending from New York to Cohoes on both sides of the river. This region produced 1,025,368,000 bricks in 1913, valued at \$5,636,061. Large as these figures are, they show a decrease of 207,879,000 bricks and \$1,497,116 in value compared with 1912. The average price obtained for brick last year \$5.50 a thousand. Notwithstanding the fact that the expenditures for building operations in New York City decreased about 36 per cent in 1913 compared with 1912, the number of brick marketed decreased less than half as much thus showing that the use of brick in building is expanding, and that they are also being used more extensively than ever before for other purposes, such as sewers and subways.

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REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

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From Monday's Daily.

Warranty Deeds

U. S. A. to Trivinio Ramirez, October 4, 1913, 160 acres in section 27 twp. 15 R. 23.

U. S. A. to Filiberto Sanchez, July 7, 1913, 160 acres 26 and 27, 15, 23.

U. S. A. to Nicanor Archuleta, September 3, 1907, 160 acres sec. 26 twp. 15 R. 23.

Andrea de Casias to Juan Casias, July 21, 1914, property in Las Vegas, lot 2 blk 14.

Clinton A. Browning et ux to Mutual Bldg and Loan Assn' December 31, 1913, lots 21, 22, 23 blk 20, San Miguel Town Co. Add. Consideration \$1.

Nestor Hoffman et ux to Julia D. Hoffman July 2, 1914, lots 6 and 7 blk 40 Hillside Town Co. Add.

Martin Delgado to Ana Maria A. de Delgado, October 17, 12, house and lot in Las Vegas. Consideration \$325.

Nels C. Kier et ux to James T. Bigley et al July 14, 1914, land in San Miguel county.

Donaciano Bustos to Ramon Lujan April 7, 1891, one piece of land 68x250 feet and one 66 ft.x73 ft. Consideration 55 cents.

Antonio Baca to J. Ramon Lujan, November 12, 1906, piece of land in San Miguel county. Consideration \$10.

Elias Romero et ux to Fidel Ortiz, July 11, 1913, land in Pct. 3. Consideration \$100.

Wm. Shillinglaw et ux to Thos. W. Hayward, July 18, 1914, lots 1 and 2 blk. 36 Hillside Town Co. Addition. Consideration \$1.

Blanche O. Calhoun et ux to Etta E. Reed, July 11, 1914, lot 21 N 1/2 of 20 blk. 37 Hillside Town Co. Addition. Consideration \$1.

Board of Trustees Las Vegas Grant to Gabriel M. Montoya, July 5, 1909, acres Sec. 32 twp. 15 R. 19.

M. L. McManua et ux to Edward Malone, July 15, 1914, 160 acres Sec. 25 twp. 15 R. 17. Consideration \$2,000.

Sarah Westerman to E. E. Gehring June 10, 1914, 560 acres Las Vegas Grant. Consideration \$1.

A. A. Prichard et ux to T. M. Chaves July 8, 1914, 160 acres Sec. 33, twp. 13 R. 24.

Nicanor Archuleta to Melecio Cha-

vez, March 15, 1912, land in Sec. 26 twp. 15 R. 23. Consideration \$240. Filiberto Sanchez et ux to Melecio Sanchez, April 9, 1913, land in Sec. 26 and 27 twp. 15 R. 23. Consideration \$200.

Mortgage Deed

A. H. Harris et ux to Mutual Bldg. and Loan Association, July 14, 1914, property in Precinct No. 29. Consideration \$1,000.

YACHTS TO RACE ON LAKE

Madison, Wisconsin, Aug 3.—Many of the fastest yachts in the middle west are to be seen in competition on Lake Mendota this week in the annual races of the Northwestern Regatta Association. The entries are more numerous than ever before and promise the best sport in the history of the association. The winning yacht in class A will be awarded the Northwestern championship cup, valued at \$750. The trophy is now held by R. W. Oak of Chicago, whose Geneva 3 won it at Delhaven last year.

OF GENERAL INTEREST

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—After threatening to peter out altogether in its flow in the Mesilla Valley, the Rio Grande suddenly increased its flow at Leasburg yesterday to 5,080 second feet, an increase of 678 feet in 24 hours.

In the Apache arroyo, two automobiles from Silver City were completely wrecked by a flood. The occupants of the cars were compelled to flee for their lives. The autos were the property of the C. and G. Sales company of Silver City and the loss is \$3,000.

While Santa Fe had less than four inches of rain in July, Silver City reports 7.10 inches, breaking all July records.

BATTLEGROUND CAMP MEETING

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 3.—The annual summer assembly of the Northwestern Indiana Methodist Episcopal conference opened on the grounds of the Battleground Camp Meeting association today and will continue until the end of the week. Bishop Anderson of Cincinnati, Dr. Frank Gunsaulus of Chicago and President Grose of De Pauw university are among the scheduled speakers.

OPEN GOLF TOURNEY

New York, Aug. 3.—Arrangements have been completed for the ninth open championship tournament of the Metropolitan Golf association, which is to take place on the links of the Scarsdale Golf and Country club during the three days beginning tomorrow. Because of the conditions which recognize no territorial limits, the tournament will be favored by prominent players from many localities. Some of the foremost professionals of Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and Pittsburg are among the entries.

DENTAL CONGRESS

London, Aug. 3.—With delegates present from more than 20 countries of Europe and America the sixth international dental congress assembled in London today and will continue in session through the week. The United States is officially represented at the congress by a delegation headed by Dr. Charles W. Rodgers of Boston.

FLEETS ON LEASH IN NORTH SEAS WAR DOGS OF THREE GREAT POWERS

GREAT BRITAIN'S FLEET

Battleships, 29; Iron Duke (flagship.)

First Squadron—Collingwood, Colossus, Hercules, Neptune, St. Vincent, Superb, Marlborough, Vanguard.

Second Squadron—Ajax, Audacious, Centurion, Conqueror, King George V., Monarch, Oriop, Thunderer.

Third Squadron—Edward VII, Africa, Britannic, Commonwealth, Dominion, Hibernia, Hindustan, Zealandia.

Fourth Squadron—Dreadnaught, Belleophon, Agamemnon, Temeraire. Battle cruisers (4), Lion, Queen Mary, New Zealand, Princess Royal. Armored cruisers (13), Second Shannon, Achilles, Cochrane, Natal.

Third Squadron—Antrim, Argyll, Devonshire, Roxburgh.

Fourth Squadron—Suffolk, Berwick, Essex, Lancaster, Hermione.

The British armada here included comprises only the first fleet, which sailed from Portland Wednesday under sealed orders.

The second fleet, which is also ready for action, includes 15 battleships and eight cruisers.

WAR DOGS OF GERMANY

Battleships, 25; Friedrich der Grosse (fleet flagship.)

First Squadron—Ostfriesland, Thuringen, Heligoland, Oldenburg, Nassau, Rheinland, Posen, Westfalen.

Second Squadron—Preussen, Schleswig-Holstein, Pommeru, Hannover, Hessen, Schleisen, Lothringen, Deutschland.

Third Squadron—Kaiser, Kaiserin, Konig Albert, Prinz Regent, Luitpold.

Reserve Squadron—Wittelsbach, Braunschweig, Elsass, Zabringen.

Battle cruisers (4), Seydlitz, Goeben, Von der Tann, Moltke.

RUSSIA'S DEFENSE

Battleships (4), Andrei Pervozvannyi, Imperial Pavel, Slava, Cesarevitch.

Armored cruisers (5), Rurik, Gromoboi, Admiral Makaroff, Bayan, Palada.

INDIANS BUILD EXPOSITION STRUCTURE

SANTA FE'S HALL AT THE SAN
DIEGO FAIR PRAISED BY
CALIFORNIA PAPER

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—The Santa Fe's exhibit at the San Diego exposition looms up so magnificently, that the Sunday San Diego Union gives five columns to it including a group of five pictures that are mighty good advertising for Santa Fe. Jesse Nusbaum of the School of American Archaeology, is in charge of the construction, which is a replica of the painted desert and Zuni pueblo and will be one of the wonders that will draw millions of tourists to San Diego next year and from there to New Mexico to see the original of the things that will be featured in the New Mexico as well as the Santa Fe buildings and exhibits.

One of the remarkable features of the Santa Fe structure is that it is being actually constructed by Pueblo Indians of San Ildefonso, 18 miles north of Santa Fe.

"Doors without nails or hinges, ladders without joints or screws, rough edges, unfinished surfaces, crude lines, everything for outward appearance just as the modern workman would not do it, and just as the Indian did. Am I right, Julian? Beginning to look like a home?" says the article.

Jesse Nusbaum, who is superintending work on the remarkable Indian ex-

hibit while the Santa Fe is building for the Panama-California exposition, was explaining some of its details. Pausing, he turned to Julian Martinez, one of his Indian helpers for approval. The picturesque Julian, who speaks English to his friends, smiled an eager, sensitive smile, and murmured:

"You bet."

They were standing on the fourth or fifth floor (the elevations elude count) of the Zuni pueblo, a nearly exact reproduction of the famous pueblo of that name in New Mexico, overlooking another great pueblo to the right and the wide plaza between them, around which stand, either finished or in course of construction, the kivas, trading post and other buildings of this inspiring group, for inspiring they are, even in their present state in the pure sunlight and deep, rich shadows of a San Diego afternoon.

It is almost as if the spirit of Montezuma had visited the place and left a blessing there. It is beginning to feel like a pueblo. If attributing this atmosphere to the spirit of Montezuma is unconvincing, there can be no shadow of doubt about its human author, Nusbaum. When the Santa Fe people were ready to begin the actual work of construction, he was chosen from among the assistants to Dr. Edgar L. Hewett, director of the School of American Archaeology at Santa Fe and of the exhibits of the exposition to take charge.

When he arrived here, Nusbaum was given a plaster model and a few specifications and told to build a pueblo, not an exposition pueblo, nor a miniature pueblo, nor yet a part of a pueblo, but just such a pueblo as Indians build themselves, only a little better and more typical.

POTATOES FACTOR IN MAINE'S ELECTION

CANADIAN SPUDS ADMITTED FREE
UNDER DEMOCRATIC TARIFF
START MUDDLE

Augusta, Me., Aug. 6.—The straw which indicates the direction of the political wind in the coming elections will be first in the state of Maine. The earliest indication of the sentiment of the country toward the present democratic administration at Washington will be received from the state on the fourteenth day of next month, on which date the regular election of state officers, representatives in congress and legislative and county officials will be held. Scarcely less important than the test of the popularity of the democratic administration will be the test of the virility and longevity of the progressive party.

Governor William T. Haines, who was elected on the republican ticket two years ago, is a candidate for reelection. His democratic opponent is Oakley C. Curtis, the present mayor of Portland. The ticket of the progressive party, the first they have had in this state, is headed by Harold Gardner as candidate for governor.

In his campaign for reelection Governor Haines find himself deeply involved in the agitation over the liquor traffic. Mr. Gardner, the progressive candidate, has been pursuing him from stump to stump with charges of bad faith as to the governor's claim that he is doing his best to enforce the prohibitory law. Governor Haines has claimed credit for the removal of those sheriffs who were nullifying the prohibitory law by allowing it to be followed at will. Mr. Gardner denies credit to the governor for the removal of these men by asserting the method of removing them by the legislature was not the governor's idea at all, and that if the method which the governor recommended of dealing with these men had been adopted, they could not have been removed.

Though the liquor question continues to permeate the campaign in every county and district, as it has done in the state of Maine for many years, there are national questions that are figuring to a considerable extent as issues in the contest. The democratic tariff which has admitted potatoes to this country from Canada free of duty is not to the liking of the voters in Aroostook county, where more potatoes are raised than in any other locality in the country. The republican and progressive speakers have endeavored to make the most of this issue, but the democrats have come back with the reply that no matter how many barrels of potatoes may have come across the border, potatoes are, nevertheless, just as high as they ever were, and Maine farmers are getting just as much for them as they ever received.

The question of free tolls for Ameri-

can ships in the Panama canal is also an issue in the present campaign. For years Maine has been a great ship building state, and she is much interested also in the coastwise trade.

There are indications of some very close contests in the congressional districts. All of the present representatives, three republicans and one democrat, are candidates for re-election. Most interest centers in the Second district, now represented by Daniel J. McGillicuddy, democrat. Ordinarily, it is believed, Congressman McGillicuddy would have an easy re-election, but his vote on the toll question and certain dissections among the democrats of his district, have given his opponents considerable hope. Alden J. Wheeler, an active and able campaigner, is opposing him on the progressive ticket. The republican candidate is Harold Sewell, a son of the late Arthur Sewell, who was the democratic candidate for vice president in 1896 with Bryan. The son became a republican, at the time his father was nominated for vice president.

In the First district, Asher Hines is the present republican congressman. For some time Mr. Hines has been in poor health and it was only at the earnest request of his friends that he consented to accept a renomination. Because of the state of his health he has not been able to make a very active campaign. Both his democratic and progressive opponents feel confident they can defeat him for re-election.

John Peters and Frank E. Guernsey, representing the Third and Fourth districts, respectively, are candidates for re-election. Both are republicans. Each has active opponents on both the democratic and progressive tickets, but as the districts are strongly republican it is generally believed that the two present members will be returned by substantial majorities.

HANDY ESTIMATES

To find the number of gallons of water in a cistern or tank:

If rectangular, multiply the three dimensions, in feet, together and multiply the result by $7\frac{1}{2}$.

If cylindrical, multiply the square of the radius of the base by 3.1416 and that result by $7\frac{1}{2}$.

To find the number of bushels in a bin:

Multiply the three dimensions, in feet, together and divide the result by $1\frac{1}{4}$.

To find the number of bushels of shelled corn equivalent to a given number of bushels of corn in the ear:

Divide the number of bushels of corn in the ear by 2.

In measuring grain, seeds, or small fruits, the measure must be stricken, (even full.)

In measuring corn in the ear, coarse vegetables or large fruits, the measure should be heaped about six inches.

The standard gallon of the United States contains 231 cubic inches, and holds a fraction over 8 1-3 pounds of distilled water.

The standard bushel of the United States is the Winchester bushel and contains 2150.42 cubic inches.

The Browns may be able to climb a little nearer the leaders now that several of Branch Rickey's cripples are able to play again.

MOURNING WORLD EXPRESSES SORROW

MESSAGES OF SYMPATHY POUR
INTO WHITE HOUSE FROM
EVERYWHERE

INTERMENT AT ROME, GEORGIA

SERVICES AT EXECUTIVE MAN-
SION WILL BE STRICTLY
PRIVATE

GREAT MAN BOWED WITH GRIEF

PRESIDENT FACES LONELY FU-
TURE WITH THE FORTITUDE
OF FAITH

Washington, Aug. 7.—Funeral services for Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president, will be held at the White House at 2 p. m. Monday, after which the body will be taken by special train for burial at Rome, Ga.

Tentative plans for Mrs. Wilson's funeral provide for private services at the White House Monday afternoon, with burial Tuesday in Myrtle Hill cemetery, Rome, Ga., the burial place of her parents. These plans were made late today but are subject to change following the arrival of Professor Axson, Mrs. Wilson's brother, who is due here Sunday night or Monday morning.

Messages from every part of the United States and from aboard poured into the White House today bearing sympathetic expressions of thousands for President Wilson and his daughters on the death of Mrs. Wilson.

Bearing up well under his grief, the president went to his desk to sign a few important papers, but returned immediately to the White House where the flag fluttered at half mast and the shades at the windows are drawn.

Formal announcement was made at the White House today that the funeral services in the White House will be strictly private.

Mrs. Wilson's body was kept today in the room where she died, in the southwestern corner of the White House on the second floor.

The president went into the room at midnight last night and again several times today and sat alone. He was left undisturbed. Every effort was made by his friends to divert the president's mind from his grief.

The scene at the deathbed was recalled today by one of those present. As the last hour drew near the president sat on the bedside, clasping Mrs. Wilson's hand, while Mrs. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Wilson knelt on the floor, their eyes on their mother's face.

Dr. Garson and a nurse came and went silently and the president looked beseechingly to the doctor for a sign of encouragement. No words were

spoken. Mrs. Wilson's breathing grew fainter and fainter and Dr. Garson realized that the end was only a matter of minutes.

His thoughts seemed to be communicated to the family and they moved nervously. At exactly 5 the soft chimes of a clock could be heard from the executive office. As Dr. Garson leaned over his patient he realized that the end had come, and he murmured a word to the president. Mr. Wilson's head fell forward in silent grief, while the daughters sobbed.

The Rev. Sylvester Beach of Princeton, N. J., an old friend of the Wilson family, who performed the marriages of Mrs. McAdoo and Mrs. Sayre will probably officiate at the funeral.

PRIMARY FORECAST

Alamogordo, Aug. 7.—The democratic primaries indicate that William Rutherford of Alamogordo will be the democratic nominee for the legislative house. J. I. Bailey is to be the progressive nominee.

INSANE DENTIST RUNS AMUCK

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Dr. Olaf Lange, a dentist of this city, last night while insane killed his wife and 3-year-old son and committed suicide. He stabbed Mrs. Lange and the child and then beat in their heads with a hammer. He completed the tragedy by climbing into the bath tub and cutting his own throat.

MEXICO CANNOT STAY AT PEACE OVER NIGHT

CARRANZA DENIES CARBAJAL'S AGENTS "EVEN SCANT COURTESY"

Washington, Aug. 7.—General Carranza and Provisional President Carbajal have failed to agree on transferring power in Mexico and trouble is expected in Mexico City, where the population is reported terror-stricken. The constitutional forces are marching on the capital. This was the official explanation of events in Mexico City.

The United States government sent a strong protest to General Carranza, urging that he give the Carbajal delegates an opportunity, but the envoys already left Saltillo and are now on their way to Vera Cruz. Official reports to the state department say General Carranza did not accord the Carbajal delegates "even scant courtesy." When the envoys presented what they termed six suggestions the Carranza representatives flatly rejected them and declared the conference at an end.

Chagrin of administration officials at the course of Carranza was apparent and it was predicted that the United States not only would keep its military forces at Vera Cruz indefinitely, but would consider further the question of recognition and moral support for the constitutionalists when they did reach Mexico City.

GRAND RAPIDS RACES

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 6.—Chief interest in today's grand circuit card centered in the \$3,000 Comstock stake for 2:11 class pacers, in which a large field had been named to start.

VALUATIONS TELL OF STATE'S ADVANCE

TEN MILLION INCREASE PLACED BY ASSESSORS INDICATIVE OF PROGRESS

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—A total valuation of \$259,006,925 as against \$249,341,702 last year is placed by the assessors of 25 counties upon the wealth in their jurisdictions. The missing county is Santa Fe, whose wealth as appraised by the assessor, reaches \$10,000,000. In these 25 counties, the exemptions this year, according to the traveling auditor, amount to \$6,015,427 as against \$5,785,205 last year, leaving a net valuation of \$252,591,498 as against \$243,556,455 last year. The taxable valuation in those counties is \$84,197,166 as against \$81,185,485 but for which the state board of equalization had placed a tax duplicate of \$88,638,430.

Losses in Dona Ana

The Dona Ana county tax roll received today makes a poor showing, in fact is a loss over last year, which means that the county instead of being as prosperous as it is represented to be by the boosters, is actually losing in wealth. Last year it was valued at \$16,507,834 by the assessor and this year only \$16,329,219, a loss of \$178,615, although the exemptions increased from \$148,600 to \$189,000, leaving a net valuation of \$16,140,219 as against \$16,359,234, a loss of \$219,015 or almost a quarters of a million dollars. The taxable valuation this year is \$5,380,073, as against \$5,453,078 last year, a loss of \$73,005. This loss is accounted for by a reduction of \$28,923 on corporate property and \$44,082 on property assessed by the county authorities. The loss on lands and improvements is \$60,858, on other classes of property, a total of \$100,494, while live stock shows a gain of \$56,412. The state board had placed a valuation of \$5,434,199 on the county last year, so that the loss is \$54,126 from that sum.

Taxes Collected

Dona Ana county today also reported \$2,642.26 of 1913 taxes collected last month, \$248.90 of 1912, \$13.64 of 1911 and \$63.70 of 1910 and prior taxes. Mora county reported \$2,588.38 of 1913 taxes collected last month, \$271.80 of 1912 taxes, \$249.27 of 1911 taxes and \$611.04 of 1910 and prior taxes.

SEVENTY-FIVE SEEDS

One of the most unusual cases of which the X-ray has ever been put in St. Louis, and which is attracting the attention of many physicians in the city is that of Miss Lena Bearan of 4743 Russell avenue, who began swallowing plum seeds when she was a small child, and now, at the age of 17, is beginning to cough them up. The physicians who are attending the young woman have 63 plum stones in their possession and know that there are at least a dozen more which the girl coughed up before medical attention was called to the case.—St. Louis Times.

*
* LABOR WORLD NOTES *
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The Order of Railroad Telegraphers gained 718 members in June.

A workmen's compensation law is being advocated in Indiana.

Wages of plasterers throughout the country are 1 per cent higher than last year.

Washington desires to entertain the 1915 convention of the International Typographical union.

The Minnesota State Federation of Labor is agitating for a minimum wage of \$10 for girl workers.

Saturday half holidays although a quarter of a century old in America, and even more ancient in England, are still unknown in Germany.

The annual convention of the National Association of Machine Printers and Color Mixers of the United States will meet in Philadelphia next week.

Union carpenters of Duluth, Minn., have closed an agreement with their employers by which they will profit to the extent of \$25,000 a year in increased wages.

The San Francisco labor council has declared in favor of the proposed \$1,000,000 bond issue for the establishment of state sanitariums for tubercular patients.

The Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor advocates a law to exclude from employment in tobacco factories in that state all girls under the age of 18.

The National Association of Garment Manufacturers has launched a campaign for the elimination of the prison contractor and the tenement labor system.

Philadelphia unions are preparing elaborate entertainment for the delegates to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor to be held in that city in November.

At a recent conference of the National Union of Journalists, held in Liverpool, England, a proposal to affiliate with the British trade union congress found only two or three supporters among the one hundred or more delegates.

PAINTER 80 YEARS OLD

Boston, Aug. 6.—Darius Cobb, the famous painter, celebrated his 80th birthday anniversary today at his home in Newton Upper Falls. The occasion was marked by a large gathering of friends.

Darius Cobb, and his late twin brother, Cyrus, who attained wide prominence as a sculptor, were born in Malden, Mass., August 6, 1834. The twins served through the civil war in a regiment of Massachusetts volunteers, and at the close of the war they married sisters. Cyrus Cobb died in 1903, after producing many notable works.

Among the well known paintings of Darius Cobb are "Christ Before Pilate," "Washington on Dorchester Heights," now in the Memorial Continental hall at Washington, and "The Last Comrade's Final Tribute," showing the last surviving union veteran placing a flower on a departed comrade's grave.

WAR WOULD COST GREAT POWERS \$54,125,000 A DAY

War between the nations comprising the Triple Alliance and the Triple Entente will cost approximately \$54,125,000 a day, according to Dr. Charles Richet, statistician of the University of Paris. Dr. Richet bases these figures on the assumption that 20 million men will be called to arms, of whom at least one-half will be sent into action. His detailed figures of daily expenses are:

Provisioning of troops	\$12,500,000
Feeding of horses	1,000,000
Pay	4,250,000
Wages, arsenals and harbors...	1,000,000
Mobilization	2,000,000
Transportation	4,000,000
Ammunition—	
Infantry	4,000,000
Artillery	1,250,000
Ship artillery	375,000
Fitting out of armies	4,000,000
Ambulance service	500,000
Movement of ships	500,000
Deficit in taxes	10,000,000
Support for Population without means	6,750,000
Damages to towns, bridges, etc.	2,000,000
	\$54,125,000

CORPORATIONS INDICATE GROWTH

CATTLE, WATER AND RANCH COMPANIES FILE ARTICLES SAME DAY

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Prosperity among the livestock men is indicated by the incorporation today of four livestock companies, the charter being filed with the state corporation commission.

One of the companies has its headquarters in the Cromwell block in Albuquerque, the statutory agent being Walter M. Connell. The capitalization is \$25,000 divided into 25,000 shares. Each of the incorporators has subscribed to 5,000 shares, the incorporators being: Frank Bond of Espanola; R. C. Dillon of Encino; J. H. McCarty of Taos; A. W. Wiest of Wagon Mound and Walter M. Connell of Albuquerque. The company is known as the Bond-Connell Sheep and Wool company.

Roswell Ranching Company

The Roswell Ranching company of Roswell with R. B. Pruitt as statutory agent, incorporated with \$100,000 capitalization divided into 1,000 shares of which the incorporators E. A. Cahoon, A. H. Pruitt and R. B. Pruitt of Roswell each subscribed 50 shares.

Water Users Association

The Fifth South Spring Water Users' association of Roswell incorporated with capitalization of \$20,000, the incorporators and directors being Melville R. Summers 398 shares, J. M. Hervey and Leonard McKee, one share each.

Holley Land and Cattle Company

Incorporation papers were filed by the Holley Land and Cattle company, capitalized at \$300,000 divided into 5,000 shares of which 1,500 are preferred. The incorporators and directors are U. G. Holley, J. A. Holley and C. J. Michaus of Rio Blanco county,

Colorado. The New Mexico headquarters are at San Marcial, Socorro county, with Charles N. Crossman, statutory agent.

PYTHIANS MEET IN WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Aug. 4.—With nearly 1,000 delegates and visitors in attendance the supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias opened the first session of its ten days' convention here this morning. Owing to the fact that a number of important questions of policy are to be discussed and acted upon at the present meeting the attendance is larger than usual, delegates being present from every section of the United States and Canada. Many members of the Pythian Sisters, the womens auxiliary of the order, are also attending the gathering. An elaborate program of entertainment has been outlined. Dinners, receptions, sight seeing trips and theater parties will be provided, the Winnipeg lodges and the civic authorities acting as hosts.

STATE FUNDS DISBURSED

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—The following is the allotment of state land office income for July to various state institutions: common school fund \$2,365.18; University of New Mexico \$17.89; Agricultural College \$64; Silver City \$136.94; Las Vegas \$136.95; El Rito \$58.60; Eastern Normal school \$72.54; School of Mines \$101.30; Military Institute \$87.20; Miners' Hospital \$63.04; Irsane Asylum \$21.51; heritable and Reform Institutions \$20.80; Blind Asylum \$125.46; Deaf and Dumb School \$34.57; Water Reservoirs \$121.60; Rio Grande Improvement \$20; Public Buildings \$23.60 and Railroad Bonds \$45.

CATHOLICS TO FIGHT LIQUOR

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 4.—A conference of Catholics of the United States and Canada favorable to the prohibition of the liquor traffic was opened here today in the assembly hall of the Cataract House. The meeting, according to the official call, is for the purpose of shaping a movement that will enlist the active service of Catholic men and women in the work of obtaining legislation to eliminate the liquor traffic.

SAN MIGUEL FIRST TO REMIT TAXES

JULY COLLECTIONS AMOUNTING TO \$1,349 SENT TO AUDITOR'S OFFICE

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—San Miguel was the first county to remit to State Treasurer O. N. Marron its taxes collected in July, the state receiving \$1,349.62. Mora county remitted \$1,158.17. Quay sent \$2,89.56 and McKinley \$242.02.

There were also other sources of revenue, Land Commissioner R. P. Ervien depositing \$4,806.90; the state corporation commission \$2,294.35 for corporation fees which is doing rather well for July but it is due to one \$1,000 fee paid in by Francis C. Wilson. The commission also paid \$294 for insurance fees. Rio Arriba county remitted \$150 toward the salary of the district attorney for the First district and Mora county \$125 for the district attorney of the Fourth district. Game Warden Trinidad C. de Baca deposited \$62 to the credit of the game protection fund and Warden John B. McManus enrolled the state treasury with \$345.45 of convicts' earnings.

McKinley county reports a total of \$787.83 of 1913 taxes collected in July and Quay county \$7,612.25 of 1913 taxes, \$725.53 of 1912 and \$27.29 of 1911 taxes.

YOUNG WOMAN FOUND SLAIN

New York, Aug. 4.—The body of a well dressed young woman was found by children today beneath a heap of clothing and a mattress in an unoccupied flat on East Sixteenth street. A towel was wrapped about her neck. The police began a search for two men who rented the flat two weeks ago, and were heard by neighbors moving about the premises late Thursday night.

CHAMPION OF AUSTRALIA

Sydney, Australia, Aug. 4.—Jimmy Clabby, the American middleweight, knocked out Dave Smith Saturday night in the first round. The fight, which was billed for 20 rounds, lasted just 60 seconds. A heavy punch to the jaw did the work. By his victory, Clabby becomes middleweight, light-heavy, and heavyweight champion of Australia. Smith outweighed him ten pounds.

OFFICIAL BREVITIES

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Attorney General and Mrs. Frank W. Clancy leave tomorrow wfor an outing on the upper Pecos.

Major Fred Muller of the state land office has returned from an official trip to Portales, Roosevelt county.

State Engineer James A. French went to Albuquerque yesterday on road matters.

WILL TAKE DEPOSITIONS

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—District Attorney Alexander Read went to Espanola today to take depositions in a land contest case.

GARFIELD IN SANTA FE

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Former secretary of the interior, James R. Garfield, one of the national progressive leaders will be present at the meeting of city and county progressives called to gather at progressive headquarters on San Francisco street this evening. This is to be the most important progressive meeting of the campaign so far and all persons interested in the things for which the party stands are invited to be present. Mr. Garfield is in Albuquerque today and was met there by Francis C. Wilson of this city, promising Mr. Wilson to come to Santa Fe today and address the meeting.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4.—Members of the order of Knights of Columbus have arrived here in considerable number to take part in the annual meeting of the supreme council. This morning the delegates marched to the cathedral to attend a special high mass. The business of the convention will occupy several days. The delegates will be the guests of the St. Paul and Minneapolis branches of the order during their stay here and the arrangements for their entertainment have been made on an elaborate scale.

POPE OBSERVES ANNIVERSARIES

Rome, Aug. 4.—In observance of the fifty-sixth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood and the twelfth anniversary of his election to the papal throne, Pope Pius X today celebrated solemn pontifical mass in St. Peter's. In attendance were all the members of the Sacred College resident in Rome and a large number of bishops, clergy and lay pilgrims.

CITY MANAGERS CONFER

Springfield, O., Aug. 4.—The first conference of city managers ever held in the United States met here today and will continue in session until Friday. The city manager is an outgrowth of the commission plan of municipal government. It is declared by its supporters to be the most effective system yet devised for taking the control of city affairs from the hands of politicians, as well as the best method for the economical administration of the business of the municipality.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT

Wayne, Neb., Aug. 4.—Several score of the foremost tennis players of Nebraska are entered in the annual tournament, for the state championship which opened here today. Omaha, Lincoln, Hastings and Grand Island are among the cities represented. The play will continue through the remainder of the week.

FIRE COMPANIES PAID

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Fire companies all over the state will be made happy this week by the receipt of their annual warrant by the state. Auditor W. G. Sargent mailing them out today. Under the statute Albuquerque receive \$2,250; Ratno and Santa Fe \$1,200 each; Roswell \$1,000, Silver City \$700; Las Vegas \$800; Carlsbad \$600; Alamogordo \$600; East Las Vegas \$400; and the following \$500 each. Gallup, Artesia, Las Cruces, Socorro, Tucumcari, Clayton, Springer and Deming.

AMBASSADOR OF WILLIAM STILL IN PARIS, BUT FRENCH HOLD INVASION CONSTITUTES WAR

Field Marshal Earl Kitchener To Be Made British Minister of War.

MOBILIZATION IN GERMANY CONTINUES QUIETLY

Many Raids Reported by Russian, French and German Troops Along Frontiers, and German Warship Said to Have Taken Russian Baltic Port—Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz to Take Command in the Field.

German troops invaded Russian Poland today and occupied the town of Kalisso.

The German army violated the neutrality of Belgium, of which Great Britain is protector. German troops occupied the Belgian town of Arlon.

Belgium had previously refused to consider an ultimatum offering certain agreement with Germany in case Belgium agreed to facilitate movement of German army.

So grave is the situation regarded that a coalition government of all parties probably will be formed in the British Isles, while it is expected that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener was to be appointed minister of war.

Dowager Empress Maria of Russia was stopped by the Germans in Berlin on her way to Russia and told to return to London or go to Denmark.

The Russian naval port of Libau on the Baltic was bombarded by a German cruiser, which also engaged with a Russian cruiser.

The German fleet was reported sailing into the North sea, where the British fleet is said to be concentrated. The German ambassador has not yet left Paris today.

Fighting between Russian and German cavalry patrols on the frontier resulted in slight losses.

French officials are reported to have attempted to cross the Dutch frontier into Germany, but unsuccessfully.

French airmen are said to have made daring flights over German territory.

German cavalry is reported to have crossed the French frontier near Belfort and tried to command other sections.

Martial law was proclaimed throughout France, where the mobilization and concentration of the various armies have been carried out satisfactorily.

The Germans accuse the French of violating neutrality and of crossing the frontier before the declaration of war.

Neutral Luxemburg is occupied by 100,000 German troops.

England Prepares for Action

London, Aug. 3.—Violation of neutral territory by Germany along the frontier, raids by the German, Russian and French troops, clashes between outposts, the seizing of a Russian Baltic port by a German war ship, and the seizure of merchandise ships by Russia and Germany constituted the striking features today of the war on which virtually the whole continent of Europe has started.

The position to be taken by the British empire remains still to be defined, but it was feared that Germany's seizure of Belgian territory would be a deciding factor which would lead Britain to take the sword, as under the treaty of London of 1839 Great Britain stands pledged to maintain Belgium's neutrality. Evidences were not lacking of the grave view of the situation taken by all

classes in the United Kingdom.

The leaders of the opposition parties were called into council and it was reported that the recalling of Field Marshal Earl Kitchener from Egypt was a prelude to his appointment as minister of war.

It was asserted in authoritative quarters that due warning had been intention of the British navy to take instant action in case a German soldier should set foot on Belgian soil. In spite of this and of the prompt refusal by the Belgian government to accept the agreement offered by Germany as the price of the violation of Belgian neutrality, German forces penetrated the little buffer state at two points on their way to the French frontier.

Germany Asks England's Neutrality
Dr. R. Von Kuhlmann, councillor of the German embassy here, today is-

sued a remarkable appeal for the neutrality of England in the European turmoil. He said, in part:

"The maintenance of British neutrality would in no way injure France. On the contrary it might be argued that by remaining neutral, Great Britain would give France exactly as much strategic assistance and a good deal more effective diplomatic help as according to all reliable information there is no intention of sending given to Germany yesterday of the British troops to the continent and as a few British divisions, considering the enormous numbers engaged, could hardly alter the balance of power.

"All England can do for France is to protect her northern coast from invasion and prevent the neutral ports of Belgium and Holland being used as bases for armed aggression against France.

"Germany would be disposed to give an undertaking that she would not attack France by sea in the north or make any warlike use of the sea coast of Belgium and Holland if it appeared that Great Britain would make this understanding a condition of her neutrality for the time being.

Ambassador Page Sends Appeals

Walter H. Page, American ambassador, on the urgent representations of his compatriots here, has asked the American government to furnish as soon as possible transportation home to the thousands of Americans marooned on the continent of Europe and in London.

Mr. Page has also asked the state department at Washington to take such steps as are necessary to insure that letters of credit and travelers checks are recognized by American consuls at all points in Europe, so that all Americans may be supplied with money.

A meeting of Americans in London has been called for this afternoon to hear the reply from Washington to these requests. A committee of Americans asked the co-operation of the press in America in bringing about adequate assistance for the marooned Americans and to urge the bankers of the United States to insist on their letters of credit and travelers checks being honored so far as possible by the agents in Europe on whom they are drawn. The Americans who left London on Saturday for Switzerland to bring back a young American girl were unable to get beyond Paris and they returned to London today.

Tourists under Surveillance

Travelers from Cologne said that flash lights were operated from the tops of the hotels all night searching for aeroplanes. Machine guns had been mounted on the famous Cologne cathedral.

They also reported that tourists were refused hotel accommodations at Frankfurt because they were without cash. Men, women and children sat in the streets all night. The trains were stopped several miles from the German frontier, and the passengers, especially the women and children, suffered great hardships, being forced to continue their journey on foot.

Passengers arriving at London today from Montreal on the Cunard line steamer Andania, reported that the vessel was met at sea by a British torpedo boat and ordered by wireless to stop. The liner then was led into

Plymouth as a matter of precaution against mines. Plymouth was found filled with soldiers and searchlights were seen constantly flashing about the harbor.

German Ambassador Still in Paris

Paris, Aug. 3.—The German ambassador was still at his post in Paris today and there was no indication of his intention to leave.

Throughout the night aeroplanes had flown hither and thither over the city watching the horizon toward the eastern frontier, while searchlights swept the skies and made it almost impossible for any hostile air craft to approach.

The streets of the French capital today presented a deserted aspect. All the motor omnibuses and most of the taxicabs had disappeared, having been requisitioned by the army, while a large proportion of the men had gone to join their regiments.

Special trains have been reserved by the authorities for the transportation to Paris of foodstuffs. Severe measures are threatened if any one attempts to raise the prices of food.

In the neighborhood of the American embassy crowds of Americans gathered seeking passports or identification papers.

The ambassador gave all of them certificates bearing a large red seal declaring that the bearer was an American citizen and giving his home address and profession.

The invasion of French territory by German troops is regarded in official circles here as making war between the two countries start automatically without a formal declaration.

MINUTE BOOK NEEDED

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Deputy District Clerk A. A. Senecal of the federal court, went to Albuquerque today with an exhibit in the case of Walter D. Hough vs. The Northwestern Colonization and Improvement company which wants to hold a directors' meeting at Albuquerque and needs the minute book, which is one of the exhibits in the case. Clerk Harry F. Lee would entrust no one else but his deputy with it.

METROPOLITAN GOLF TOURNEY

New York, Aug. 4.—The ninth annual open championship tournament of the Metropolitan Golf association began auspiciously today on the links of the Scarsdale Golf and Country club. The play will continue three days and prizes aggregating nearly \$600 will be distributed among the winners.

ASK INVESTIGATION

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Marron & Wood, attorneys of Albuquerque, today filed a petition with the state board of bar examiners asking for a fair investigation of the firm's connection with the strictures made by Judge W. H. Poye in the federal court, in his opinion on the famous Elias Garcia case.

BOOTLEGGER RELEASED

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—United States Commissioner Melvin T. Dunleavy today released George F. Montgomery from custody, he having served 30 days for retailing liquor without a license at Lovington, Eddy county, and 30 days for costs, he taking the oath of poverty.

POSSESSIONS OF NATIONS AT WAR

ENGLAND, GERMANY, FRANCE AND
ITALY GIRDLE GLOBE WITH
COLONIES

Four out of the six powers of Europe which are engaged in warfare have colonial possessions, protectorates and dependencies scattered all over the world.

Austria-Hungary and Russia have no colonial possessions, though the Russian empire stretches through the continents of Europe and Asia and presents a long coast line on the northern Pacific. Of the others, Great Britain has colonies and protectorates the world over; France has colonies and protectorates in Africa, India, China, in South America, in the West Indies, in the north Atlantic, and in the Pacific and Indian oceans. Germany has colonial possessions in Africa, in China and in the Pacific ocean, and Italy has dependencies in Africa and a concession in China.

England's vast empires, India, Canada, and Australia; her holdings in the Mediterranean, Gibraltar and Malta, put her at the head of the colony-holding nations of the world.

Many of the minor holdings of the four powers with colonial possessions to defend are themselves without military strength. In many cases the protecting power has only very small garrisons on shore, amounting to nothing more than local police forces. This is particularly true in Africa, outside of the French and British colonies, in the Pacific ocean and in American waters.

The continent of Africa presents a notable picture of the juxtaposition of protectorates and colonies belonging to Great Britain, France and Germany.

France has a protectorate over Morocco, and her Algerian possessions, facing the Mediterranean, are bounded on the east by Tripoli, a dependency of Italy. Then comes Egypt, where British interests are paramount. On the Red Sea and contiguous to Egypt, is the Italian dependency of Eritrea. Coming down the east coast are British Somaliland, Italian Somaliland, British East Africa, German East Africa, Portuguese East Africa, and then British South Africa, embracing Rhodesia, the Transvaal, the Orange river colony, Natal, and the Cape of Good Hope. On the west, contiguous in the order named, are German Southwest Africa; Portuguese West Africa, the Congo state, belonging to Belgium; the French Congo; Kameru, belonging to Germany, the Niger territories, a protectorate of Great Britain; French West Africa; Togoland, belonging to Germany; the Gold Coast, a British colony, and the Ivory coast, annexed by France 20 years ago.

The following is a list of the colonies, protectorates and dependencies of four countries involved:

Great Britain

Gibraltar—At the entrance to the Mediterranean Sea; area, two square

miles; military force 3857.

Malta—In the Mediterranean Sea; area 117 square miles; military force 7647.

Cyprus—Island in the Mediterranean 60 miles from the coast of Asia Minor; area 3584 square miles; military strength 121 men.

Empire of India—Area 1,800,000 square miles; population 295,000,000; military strength, British troops, 75,887; native troops, 163,836, with 35,700 reservists.

Ceylon—Off the southeast coast of India, area 2533 square miles; military strength 1282 men.

Maldive Islands—In the Indian ocean 400 miles southwest of India; area 115 square miles; population 50,000; a group of 12 coral islets.

Federated Malay States—On the Malay peninsula; area 28,000 square miles; population 678,000; military strength, 851 natives, under 11 European officers; also a native constabulary.

Borneo—In the East Indies; area 76,000 square miles; population 550,000.

Hong Kong—East coast of China; area 400 square miles; population 400,000; military strength 4,270.

Wei-Hai-Wei—In the province of Shantung, China; area 285 square miles; population 150,000. Not far from the German possession of Kaiu Chau.

Bahrein—Or Aval Islands, in the Persian gulf, near the coast of Arabia, area 230 square miles; population 68,000.

Straits Settlements, (Singapore).—On the strait of Malacca; area 1500 square miles; population 572,000; military strength 2504.

Union of South Africa—Comprising Cape of Good Hope; Natal, the Transvaal, and Orange river Colony, area 473,000 square miles; population 6,000,000; military strength, British imperial troops, 6,800, and local organizations.

Other British Possession in Africa—British East Africa, with an area of 275,000 square miles, and population of 5,000,000 is left almost wholly to the natives for defense. The same is true of British Central Africa, Somaliland, Zanzibar, Basutoland, the territory of Bechuanas, Rhodesia, Nigeria, the Gold Coast, Lagos, Sierra Leone and Gambia.

In the Indian Ocean—Scattered British possessions or protectorates are St. Helena, Ascension, Thistan, Acumla, Mauritius, the Seychelles, Chogos and other island and the islands of St. Paul and Amsterdam. All told these islands have a population of about 400,000; but their military strength is practically negligible.

British Colonies in North America—Canada, with an area of 3,600,000 square miles, population 5,500,000, has a military strength of permanent and reserve forces amounting to about 80,000 men. Newfoundland and Labrador have an area of 50,000 square miles and a population of 200,000. Off the coast of Florida are the Bermuda Islands, with an area 20 square miles and a population of 17,000, whose military strength is given at 1,340 men.

In the West Indies—British possessions comprise Jamaica, Turks, and Saitos Islands, the Cayman islands, the Windward Islands, the Leeward islands, Trinidad and Tobago, with a total area of 12,000 square miles and a population of about 1,600,000. Of these

the most important are Jamaica, with a military strength of 1,064 and with strong fortifications at Port Royal.

In Central and South America—British Honduras and British Guiana, the former with an area of 7,562 square miles and a population of 37,500, and the latter with an area of 104,000 square miles and a population of 300,000.

In the Pacific Ocean—The commonwealth of Australia, comprising New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania, with a total area of about 3,000,000 square miles and a population of about 5,000,000. The principal ports are protected by fortifications and the military forces of the commonwealth show a total of 174,060 men. Sydney is a first class naval station and the headquarters of the British fleet in Australia.

Pacific islands of lesser importance are the Fiji groups, British New Guinea, the Tonga islands, Fanning, Phoenix, the Gilberts, Ellice, the Solomons, Pitcairn and Ducie.

French Possessions

Colonies and Dependencies

Morecco—In northern Africa; area 220,000 square miles, population 4,000,000. The effective total of the French army of occupation is given as 75,000 men, while the native troops number 18,000.

Algeria—On the northern coast of Africa; area 343,500 square miles. European population 750,000, native 5,000,000. Garrisoned by the Nineteenth French army corps and six regiments of native troops.

French India—(Pondicherry). On the southeastern coast of India, 80 miles south of Madras. Area 196 square miles. Population 276,500.

French Indo China—East of Siam, north of Singapore, south of Honkong. Area 256,000 square miles, population 17,000,000. Military force consists of 10,681 Europeans and 13,068 native troops commanded by a French general of division. Naval forces, one gunboat, three destroyers, several torpedo boats and two submarines.

Equatorial Africa—Or the French Congo. West coast of Africa, between Kamerun, a German colony, and the Belgian Congo, area 669,000 square miles; white population 1200; native 9,000,000. Military force 530 Europeans, 7,145 natives.

Madagascar—Off the east coast of Africa; area 228,500 square miles; French population 10,000; native 3,500,000. Military forces 2411 Europeans, 6,376 natives.

In the Indian Ocean—The Mayotte Islands and Camoro Islands, between Madagascar and Africa, and the Islands of Reunion, St. Paul, Amsterdam and Kerguelen.

French Somali Coast—Western coast of Red Sea, opposite Aden; area 5,790 square miles; population 208,000.

French West Africa—Comprises Senegal, French Guinea, the Ivory coast, Dahomey, and Mauritania, Senegambia and Nigeria, area 1,500,000 square miles; European population 9,000,000, Africans 10,000,000.

Tunis—On the northern coast of Africa; area 50,000 square miles; population 1,800,000, military force 17,500 men.

French Gulana—West of Venezuela;

area 30,500 square miles, population 50,000.

Martinique—West Indies; area 385 square miles, population 144,000.

Guadeloupe—West Indies; area 688 square miles; population 212,000.

St. Pierre and Miquelon—South of Newfoundland. Area of both islands, 93 square miles; population 4,652.

SMUGGLERS HELPED BY ARMY

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 7.—Soldiers of the United States army have been assisting ammunition smugglers to get guns and cartridges across the line for the Mexican rebel army, according to charges that have been made by army officers. Monday night a guard was placed on the river front near Fabens to prevent the crossing of a quantity of ammunition for the rebels. A soldier of the border patrol was suspected of having arranged for the shipment to cross.

CANTALOUPE SHIPMENTS

Roswell, N. M., Aug. 7.—The Pecos Valley Distributors' association has shipped five cars of cantaloupes to Denver, Chicago and New York markets. The melons were from Pecos, Lake Arthur and Artesia. This week the shipments will average from 10 to 15 cars a day and will go east attached to a special green fruit train.

The Valley Fruit and Storage company has shipped its first car of apples to Texas points, where the fruit will be sold in small lots from the car. The apples were the choice of the early crops.

LUCKY SUNNY

Albuquerque, Aug. 7.—Sunny Shelton didn't have to answer to the charge of flourishing a deadly weapon when arraigned before Justice of the Peace Craig today on his wife's complaint. Mrs. Sunny wouldn't testify. Neither would Sunny's mother-in-law, who was said to be included in the hostile zone described by the hereinbefore mentioned flourish. Whereupon Judge Craig dismissed the complaint. Mrs. Sunny paid the costs. All the persons involved, except the justice, are colored.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION

Albuquerque, Aug. 7.—The New Mexico Poultry association has become affiliated with the American Poultry association. The state organization will be granted a charter at the national convention to be held in Chicago August 9. L. E. Thomas of 1116 East Hazeldine avenue is secretary of the state association.

WRECK IN MISSOURI

Joplin, Mo., Aug. 6.—Thirty-nine known to be dead, eight still missing and 25 dangerously injured was today's revised toll of last night's wreck between a Kansas City Southern passenger train and a Missouri & North Arkansas railroad gasoline motor car at Tipton Ford, Mo., 10 miles from here. A coroner's inquest into the wreck will be held at Neosho today.

LOSES FOOT

Columbus, N. M., Aug. 7.—The accidental discharge of a rifle in the military camp here resulted in Private Patrick Motshc of Troop M, Thirteenth Cavalry losing his left foot. The amputation was performed at Columbus and Match was then taken to El Paso.