HELP US PUSH

If you think this paper is worth \$1, tell your neigh-bor and by so doing help us make it better

Volume Six

TEXAS SPUR

AND DICKENS ITEM

SPUR, DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS, APRIL 23, 1915.

this section of West Texas

A NEWSPAPER

For the Homes of Dickens

County, and the best advertising medium of

Number 25

NEW CITY OFFICIALS ASSUME DUTIES OF OFFICE

meeting the proposition of di son, Creed Hale, Carl Hale. viding the city into four wards was discussed. It is proposed that the town be thus divided into four wards or sections for the purpose of promoting fire protection as well as appropriating funds in progressive development. The ward lines will be Burlington, Avenue running WILL BUILD MODERN north and south, and Harris street running east and west. In establishing wards in case of fires the fire department can be signalled as to the exact location of the fire thus obviating unnecessary delays in arriving at the location. In matters of street and other public improve ments the funds can be disbursed in the several wards in accord with the amount of taxes paid, thus making it possible and practical for each part of the city to secure its just share of improvement.

The Texas Spur has always contended that in county affairs the road funds and other public improvement funds should be apportioned and spent in the several precincts in accord with the taxes derived from each precinct. Mr. West is one of the most sucand we heartily commend the cessful farmers of this whole city officers of Spur in thus beginning a new administration of city has paid for his farm, owes noaffairs upon the solid foundation body and has money in the bank of progress and in conformity with our ideas of equal and just ness principles and methods to representation to constituents his farming operations. and the town.

REPORT OF THE RAINFALL IN THE SPUR COUNTRY

During each month of the year 1915 the following amount of rain is reported by the weather bureau station in Spur:

January 11 inches February 2 19 March 118* April, to the 20th, ____4.12

The above report will indicate to the Eastern man that Western Texas is neither an arid nor semi-arid section, but has suffi cient rainfall to grow crops of every character. In the past 22 inches of rainfall each year has been the average. However, past conditions no longer exist, and among other things the average rainfall of this country has increased.

E. B. Shaw, of the Croton country, was in Spur this week and while here was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office. He reports every thing in first-class shape in his section.

SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENT.

Misses Robbie and Donnalita Standifer entertained Friday evening at their home on Hill Monday the new Commission E. F. Springer, A. W. Springer, out, 10 cents for any selection. | the optimist does but are fault- give daily service in hauling met in regular session and among Jim Mahon, J. M. Jones, Carl other items coming before the Patton, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Dick- Boys. Norfolk and plain styles. don't do anything.

> guests were entertained with songs by Misses Erma Baker and Trenholm Doyle. After enjoying ments. The evening was a very and are good. pleasant one from beginning to

R. C. Forbis and family moved last week from Spur to their ranch home north of Afton after spending several months here for the benefit of the Spur Schools. We understand that Mr. Forbis will build a fine residence in Spur probably this year and hereafter maintain a town home as well as his ranch home. citizens of the country and we will be glad to welcome him as a resident citizen of the town.

A BUSINESS FARMER.

F. W. West was in the city or gaven miles north of Spur country. He is one farmer who as the result of applying busi-

Shirt Waists and Skirts are ex- Buggy money at home. Street, with a dance. The fol- tremely good this season, and Over 36 inch rainfall here last Mayor F. W. Jennings and lowing were given programs: we have selected, we think, ex- year, and looks like for this year. In the absence of a railroad Commissioner T. A. Tidwell, Misses Hvacinth Grace, Louise ceptionally good values in both. that they have got the inches we consider a motor car line of elected to the respective city of- Cates, Ruth Hastings of Stam- Don't fail to get one of those and feet mixed, but we should the next importance to rural fices at the recent election, were ford, Erma Baker, Esther Mc- embroidered shirt waists, \$1.25 be very thankful i or every towns and communities, and in duly qualified by signing the nec Knight, Minnie Lee Springer, See the beautiful lot of Middie shower for they will certainly this connection we have wonderessary bond and oath of office Mable Young, Doris Attebury, Blouse and House Dresses. These add to the great harvest we are ed why the people of Dickens and assumed their duties as city Mary Towns, Ella Pierce, Creola are new lines we are carrying all looking forward to. Let's be and Afton did not get together officers last week, the City Com- Richbourg, Coleman. Barrett, this spring, and we are having a optimistic. There's no place in and organize a company for the mission now being composed of Flora Love, Ethel Fite, and Effie great business on them. One God's Great Universe for pessi-purpose of operating a motor F. W. Jennings as Mayor, Clifford Johns; Messrs Neil Holman, Jno. lot, about twenty pieces, Dress mists. Knockers never build truck in hauling freight and an B. Jones and T. A. Tidwell as Hardin, Harry Cates, R. B. Bart- Goods on our counter this week towns nor develop countries. automobile for hauling passenglett, C. E. Yates, Ted Brannen, 20 and 15 cent values, to close They can see the faults in what ers. Such a motor car line could

We have wire netting, shovels and spades 75c to \$100, spading forks \$100, rakes 50c, hoes 40 to 65c, garden plows, etc, Bear in mind when you get your eats out of the garden you are not spend ing your cotton money before it Mr. Forbis is one of the leading you want, we have them. See ple and the trade of that section. our catalogue.

Monday from his farm home six \$50.00 to \$100.00. Now, if it's more rapidly and substantially. with the business men of Dickcheap buggies you want, we are Come to Dickens county. offering a Standard Top Buggy for \$31.70 f. o b. the factory, FARM WORK PROGRESSING

you \$20 to \$50 a job when you buy from these Buggy peddlers. Give us the business; keep your

The real Palm Beach, not cheap | We are optimists this year, the year, and by forming a com-Aside from the dancing the imitations. Get ready for sum- We believe in a brighter future pany a line could be establised mer. Dress your boy for Sun- for this country. We are ex- from Spur to Afton at very small day in a Palm Beach Suit. Noth- pecting to do the biggest year's cost to the people, could be operevery dance on the program, the ing looks so well nor costs so lit- business we have ever done, and ated at little expense and thus guests were served with refresh- tle. They look good, feel good we know to accomplish this we give the people of Dickens and must give you good merchandise Afton daily access to a railroad Have you planted that garden? and service. - Bryant Link Co.

ESTABLISHED ON PLAINS

A new postoffice to be known is made or gathered. A few as McAdoo has been established more No. 75 John Deere Plant. in the Lee County settlement on ers on hand. Yes, also 60 tooth the plains. The postoffice is lo-Harrows, and a full stock of cated some distance from the Cultivators. You can't beat Prairie View School of that comthem-John Deere known the munity. We understand that world over for quality, and the the postmaster will also handle price is about the same as other a stock of general merchandise lines. If it's cheap implements for the convenience of the peo-

Surely and steadily Dickens Our shipment of Banner Bug- | County is developing in both comgies should arrive this week, and mercial and agricultural pursuits if you have any idea of buying a and as the years roll by this debuggy, see us. For Top Buggies | velopment progress will continue

we have the values in Buggies, part of last week from his home regular car lines. and can compete with any mail in the Red Mud country and order house in the business, while here was a very pleasant What we want is to get the peo- caller at the Texas Spur office. ple to know this. We can save Mr. Fuqua reported that farming write G. M. Carlton Bros. & Co. operations were progressing Walnut Springs, Texas. 29 3t. nicely in his section, the only draw-back being the continued HAIL AND WIND STORM rains.

COUNTY IN GOOD SHAPE.

B. B. Sims, a prominent citizen of the Afton country, was in However, the rains are advancing cattle interests as well as insuring good wheat and grain crops over the country.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS HERE.

D. B. Keeler and W. F. Sterley. of Fort Worth, and O. E. Maer, of Wichita Falls, were in Spur the latter part of last week looking over the Stamford & Northwestern line of railway and for the purpose of promoting their railroad interests in this section. They remained in Spur only a short time.

Mr. Hale, of Spur, is having a porch added and making other improvements on his residence.

ERATE MOTOR CAR LINE

Palm Beach Suits for Men and less themselves, because they freight and passengers, three hundred and sixty five days in point. By the organization of such a company not only would the towns and communities be given daily service in freight and passenger traffic but the whole country would benefit in that better roads would be built and maintained. The "jitney" car lines have been successful in competition with street car lines in cities, and by establishing a regular auto route from Spur to Afton by the way of Dickens we are convinced that it would be a paying proposition as well as a great convenience to the business men and the general public.

Although the Texas Spur is limited in funds we will take one hundred dollars of stock in such a company to start the organization. Other men of Spur will take stock and by cooperation ens and Afton a company should be easily organized. Think about this proposition, and if we can't you pay the freight. We know N. B. Fuqua come in the latter have railroads let us establish

CEDAR FENCE POSTS.

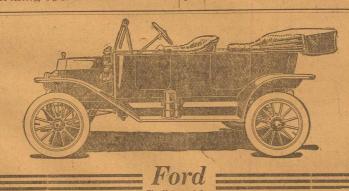
If you need car of cedar post,

IN THE AFTON COUNTRY

Wednesday night a hail and Spur Monday and called around wind storm visited the Afton at the Texas Spur office and had country, doing considerable damthe paper sent to his brother, J. age it is reported. It is said that W. Sims of Commerce, and also the hail damaged orchards. had the Dallas News sent to his knocking from the trees much of address at Afton. Mr. Sims re- the early fruit. The wind desports everything in good shape troyed a shed and barn on the in his section of the country and Luther Rucker place at Afton, that the rains continue to come, and probably did other damage in the commuity.

NEW PICTURE SHOW

Messrs. Jesse A. Rogers, C. Willard Smith, and Roy Turnbow. are now having a house built on Harris Street for the location of a new picture show to be known as the Airdome. Mr. Rogers returned this week from Dallas where he purchased the latest improved machinery which will be installed when the house is complete. The latest and most popular pictures will be shown, and since these gentlemen are not only experienced but expert moving picture men the Airdome will become a popular place of amusement.



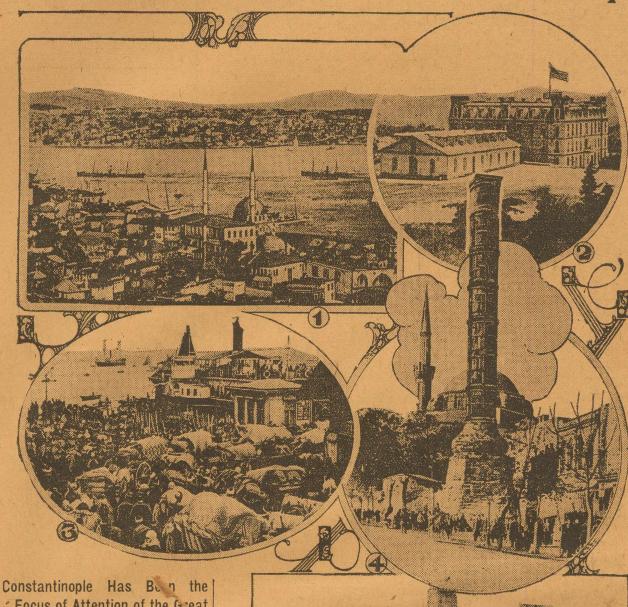
When the test comes, you want to know that your car will measure up to the requirements. Ford cars, with their light, strong, flexible frames, sturdy, powerful motors and simple design, meet all demands. In city or country, on good roads or bad, under all conditions, the Ford gets thereand gets back—at an average cost of two cents a mile for operation and maintenance.

Buyers will share in profits if we sell at retail 300,000 new Ford cars between August 1914 and August 1915.

Runabout \$440; Touring Car \$490; Town Car \$690; Coupelet \$750; Sedan \$975, f. o. b. Detroit, with all equipment.

W. F. GODFREY, Salesman, SPUR, TEXAS

The Bone of Contention of All Europe



Bosporus at Constantinople. 2.—Robert (American) college. 3.—Turks fleeing from Constantinople. 4.—Burnt tower at Constantinople. 5.— Fort protecting the city.

Focus of Attention of the Great Powers For Centuries - Russia Repeatedly Directed Her Forces Toward Its Capture In Quest of a "Window on the Sea."

O city in the world constitutes so difficult a problem as Constantinople. Since near five centuries ago its ultimate disposition has engaged the attention of the mightiest rulers and the greatest statesmen of Europe.

Popes Sixtus V., Pius V. and Leo X. Kings Francis I. and Henry IV. of France, Peter the Great, Catherine the Great, Czars Alexander I., Nicholas I. and Alexander II. of Russia, Napoleon I. and Napoleon III., Emperors Maximilian I. and Joseph II. of Germany and well nigh every British ruler since the days of Queen Elizabeth have had the matter under discussion. Bismarck refers to it in his "Memoirs."

It finds a notable place in iniscences and biographies of most of those ministers of state who have been called upon to play a role in the history of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, and many years ago it formed the theme of a curious work, a sort of compilation of the various schemes suggested for dealing with the question, entitled "Cent manieres d'accommoder les Turcs" (a hundred different ways of dishing up the Turks), for naturally every one of these projects involved the transfer of the seat of the Turkish government from the European shores of the Bosporus to some city on the Asiatic side of the strait and as remote therefrom as possible.

It seems an irony of fate that Great Britain, which so often in the past three centuries, and more especially during the past ninety years, has intervened in behalf of the Turks and to protect them from the loss of Constantinople, should now be taking a leading part in wresting from them this wonderful city. In 1855 Great Britain even went to war to defend the Ottoman empire against Russian aggression, sacrificing blood and treasure in the most unstinted fashion for its sake. And in 1877 when the victorious Russian army had reached San Stefano-that is to say, was within actual sight of Constantinople, almost under its very walls-its further advance was stayed, it was compelled to retire and was robbed of what it had regarded as destined to be the chief fruit of its victories-namely, the possession of the Turkish capitalby a British ultimatum and the presence of a big British fleet in the Dardanelles and in the sea of Marmora.

That Constantinople should now be captured by an allied fleet, composed for the most part of British warships and under the command of an English admiral, must be a bitter pill for the Russians to swallow, all the more as Sir Edward Grey, the English secretary of state for foreign affairs, made it quite clear in the speech in the house of commons the other day that, while an agreement had been reached by the allied powers assuring Russia of free access to the Mediterranean from the Black sea, there is no intention of turning over to her the possession of Constantinople. It would be

Russians and cannot fail to subject their alliance with Great Britain and France to a very serious strain, all the more as their own foreign minister, M. Sazonoff, had a few days previously in a speech in the duma at Petrograd managed to convey the inference to the national legislature that the Musstantinople and of the substitution of the cross-the Russian orthodox crossin the place of the crescent on the dome of St. Sophia was on the eve of

Constantinople is to the Russian church and to its adherents what Rome is to the Roman Catholics, and for the last 200 years in particular it has constituted the principal object of all Muscovite religious and political aspirations. Without attaching any credence whatsoever to the purely mythical testament of Peter the Great about Constantipole, a document which was never heard of until the beginning of the years after his death, and which is a forgery concocted by the Pole Sokolniki and the Frenchman Lesueur at the instance of the first Emperor Napoleon, there is no doubt that Czar Pe ter had set his heart upon the acquisition of Constantinople and had impressed this idea upon his people as a national ideal.

Catherine the Great was equally bent upon transferring the capital of her empire from Petrograd and from Moscow to Stamboul, and when Napole on I. and Alexander I. planned together their sharing the dominion of the world the Muscovite ruler insisted upon the possession of Constantinople on political and religious grounds, declaring it to be "the key to the door of Russia." Napoleon would not and could not consent to this, giving utterance to his celebrated and historic phrase: 'No. The possession of Constantinople by Russia would mean the mastery of

It was this question about Constantinople that caused the break of the friendship of the two emperors and an enmity which resulted in Napoleon's disastrous invasion of Russia with his grande armee, in the destruction of Moscow by fire, in the coalition of Russia with Great Britain, Prussia, Sweden and Austria against France, in the invasion of the latter country by the allies, in the disastrous defeat of Napoleon at Leipzig and at Waterloo, in the loss of his throne and in his exile, first to Elba and then to St. Helena.

While it is an exaggeration, at any rate in these modern times, to ascribe idle to deny that this intimation must I the mastery of the world to the pos-I emperor of Greater Bulgaria.

come as a cruel disappointment to the | session of Constantinople it cannot be denied that the city occupies from a political, from a strategic and from an economic point of view, one of the most valuable and important sites in the world. It is a natural fortress of great strength, protected as it is in the rear by mountain and swamp, which make it difficult to attack by covite dream of raising the double land, and by those wonderful straits, headed eagle flag on the walls of Con- the Dardanelles and the Bosporus, which furnish a so matchless defense against any onslaught from the sea.

It lies at the very point where Europe and Asia meet, and which connects the Black sea with the Mediterranean and even with the Indian ocean by way of the Suez canal and the Red

Were England and France to lend themselves to the establishment of Russia at Stamboul and to the substitution of the Muscovite cross in the place of the crescent on the great dome of the mosque of St. Sophia they would incur the bitter resentment of all their Moslem lieges, a resentment nineteenth century, nearly a hundred which could not fail to become a source not merely of weakness, but even of grave peril to their respective nations. Moreover, neither of these powers is particularly anxious to exchange the military terrorism which Germany has for the last forty years exercised on the concert of Europe for the domination of the latter by Russia.

It must be borne in mind that there are other nations which are equally eager to secure possession of Constantinople and consider that they have quite as great a right thereto as Russia. To begin with, there are the Greeks, who yearn for the realization of their national dream of the restoration of the ancient Grecian or Byzantine empire, with its capital, not at Athens, but at Constantinople. They regard themselves as the lawful heirs of the Greek dynasties that reigned at Constantinople before it fell into the hands of the Turks in the fifteenth century, and have a popular prophecy, according to which the city is to pass into their hands when they are ruled by a Constantine and a Sophia, which are the names of their present king and queen. The Greeks at Constantinople form the richest, largest and most important element of the population, who have contributed in no small measure to its prosperity and development and who therefore look upon the city as to a great extent their property.

Then there are the Bulgarians, who are also bent on getting Constantinople. In fact King Ferdinand, at the outset of the first of the Balkan wars, made no secret of his ambition to be crowned in the ancient Bascilica of St. Sophiarestored to Christian worship-as the

************************* The Sunday School Lesson

SENIOR BEREAN *************************

Golden Text.-Jehovah is my shep- | caught on these forbidden grounds they herd (Ps. xxiii, 1).

The Lesson Explained. Verses 1, 2.-Happy experience.

The elements of romance and adventure which are found in David's career have made him one of the attractive heroes of history. His behavior under adverse circumstances, especially when he suffered owing to the jealousy of King Saul, points to the secret of his successful life. He was about fifteen years of age when he was anointed by Samuel. Another fifteen years passed before he was given the rule over a part of the nation. This was about the most critical period of his life, for he was treated by Saul as an outlaw, and his life was always in jeopardy. All this was to stand him in good stead in later life, and we cannot think of his successful administration without reminding ourselves of the harsh preparation which he underwent. This is the man who has been acknowledged to be the author of the confession of trust and faith which we are now to study. Dr. Alexander Maclaren has well said: "The world could spare many a large book better than this sunny little psalm. It has dried many tears and supplied the mold into which many hearts have poured their peaceful faith." The outstanding figure of speech was suggested by one of the commonest and most picturesque scenes in Palestine. It is a pastoral country, where the prevailing occupa-tion is that of shepherd. The character of this individual is happily drawn in this charming poem, and the writer's conception of God was suggested to him by his own knowledge of shepherd life. "The Lord is my shepherd." At the very outset he strikes the personal note and gives a vivid description of his religious experience which was at once comforting and encouraging. "Green pastures" are the rare patches of luxuriance in the midst of vast stretches of barren desert land where the rain falls only for a few months of the year. "Lie down"-during the glare and heat of the midday sun for refreshment and rest. "The still waters." The sheep are afraid of running water, and the shepherd has to go past the streams, few as they are, in search of a drinking place at some well or fountain. The troughs are here filled, and the thirsty animals after the day's wandering drink until they are satisfied. What a beautiful picture this is of the way in which God cares for the needs of those who rely on him!

Verses 3, 4.—Cheerful assurance. Food is not the only need of the sheep. These animals are of such a fitful character that they require confields and vineyards, and if they are shepherded.

are forefeited to the owner of the property. "He restoreth my soul" suggests how the shepherd rescues the sheep from danger and even death and restores it to safety. "Paths of righteousness"-straight paths which avoid the precipice or keep the sheep from places which confuse them so that they cannot get back, but which take them securely to their destined end. "He leadeth me." For this purpose the shepherd must go before his sheep. 'For his name's sake." Right guidance reflects on the character of the shepherd, but if the sheep deliberately wanders away it does so at its own "The valley of the shadow of death." The reference is to the dark ravines where the wolf, hyena and panther are found. "Fear no evil." If perchance the sheep must be taken through such dangerous glens, there is no need for alarm, since the shepherd himself is present. He is further securely armed with the "rod," or club, which he can use on the wild beasts, and with the "staff," on which he leans when climbing or which he uses to keep the sheep within the flock. How strikingly the relations between God and the soul are conveyed in these lines and how blessedly they impart courage and comfort to those who exercise faith in God!

Verses 5, 6.—Serene confidence.

"Preparest a table" means providing a meal by seeing that the pasture is clean. "In the presence of my enemies." Snakes are found in holes in the pasture ground, and if not driven away they bite the noses of the sheep as they nibble the grass. Hyenas and wolves are also found in caves near Thus does the shepherd guard his flock as God cares for the man who is exposed to the fierce temptations of everyday life. "Anointest my head with oil." At the close of the day the shepherd stands at the entrance of his fold and inspects each sheep as it enters. Out of his horn of olive oil he anoints the bruises of the wounded and bathes the face and head of the tired sheep. "My cup runneth over." The reference is to the full cup of water which is also offered to the weary sheep. One whose lot can be compared to these tender provisions may well confess. "Surely goodness and mercy," the twin benefactors of the eternal God, "have followed me" in ministering attendance upon my many needs. "All the days of my life." The loving kindness of God is a continuous benediction, and whoever enjoys it may well resolve to dwell "in the house of the Lord forever; not in the sanctuary merely, but in the stant watching. There are dangerous practice of communion with God for places where the sheep go, like private all time is the portion of those thus

For the Farmer's Eye

**** IN THE BARNYARD.

Oat straw makes a good roughage for idle horses when it is well saved, but feed a little hay along with it.

To groom the horse well after hard work does not only clean the skin, but prevents various parasitic diseases of

A horse that is hidebound will be benefited if given a little oilmeal (linseed meal). This must be begun in doses of not more than a tablespoonful at a feed and gradually increased to nearly a pint with the other food three times per day.

In feeding aged steers quality and type are not so essential as in feeding calves provided the purchase price is proportionate.

The busy bacteria gets busy in the milk almost at the moment it is drawn from the cow.

As a rule, a large flow of milk is associated with a low per cent of fat, as calf cholera or dysentery. Polywhile a small flow shows a higher test. valent dysentery serum injected into build up his soil than a dairyman if he in many instances or the cow may be uses wisely the forces at his command. The calf that is expected to develop into a strong and profitable cow should be given all the chance possible during its early period of growth.

It is a source of satisfaction to the progressive dairyman to be able to sum up at the end of the year just exactly what every cow has done.

When Hay Is Cured.

One of the methods of determining whether hay is fit to stack is to take a handful and twist it as hard as it can be twisted with the hands, and if no juices are forced out of the stems it is considered ready for the mow, of all the young turkeys and that sulas a rule. Where it is cured in the cock it should be spread out to the air birds and prevent lice. Sulphur is a and the sun from one to two hours before hauling to the barn.

Remember that the heifer is the dairy cow of the future. Feed her accordingly.

THE DAIRYMAN.

The dairy hog brings in the money faster than any other animal on the farm except the dairy cow.

Sunshine is necessary in the milk house in the winter time. One of the most important things in running a dairy successfully is brains. Brains must be applied to every branch of

No cow can produce her maximum unless she has the right kind of care and food, and if she does not produce her maximum she will not give the best profit.

work if the best profit is to fol-

<u></u> Scours In Calves.

The disease is contagious and known No man is in a better position to the calf at birth prevents the disease immunized by similar treatment so that her calf will not scour. Clean up, disinfect and whitewash the stable. Saturate the stump of the navel of the calf with tincture of iodine at birth and then dust with slaked lime twice daily until perfectly dried.

Vermin on Turkey.

Vermin are the greatest pests. They will breed in one night. If you go into the turkey house at night when the hen is mothering her young raise up the turkey's wings and sprinkle some sulphur lightly under them, writes a correspondent of Farm and Fireside. Then hen will perspire from the heat phur will spread all over the little good disinfectant, and this method is much the easier way to dust turkeys.

A STUDENTS LOAN FUND FOR COUNTIES OF STATE

passed both Houses of the re. and is now progressing nicely cent Legislature and will be sub- with work on this years's crops, for adoption by the several fine garden and truck doing and promoter of the Dickens counties of the state. This nicely. amendment is worthy the consideration of voters and taxelection day.

Legislature of the State of Texas: the year 1915. He reports plenty the Constitution of the State of along nicely in his section. Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as Section 3b, which shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 3b. The commissioners' court of each county in this State shall have the power, and is hereby authorized, when a majority of the qualified voters of such county shall vote to create such a fund, to create a fund to be known as a "Students" Loan Fund," for the purpose of enabling students of the public free schools of said county to borrow money to be used in their education and for the purpose of graduating from the county public schools and after graduation to continue their education in any higher State institution of learning, such fund to be created and administered by the commissioners' court of each county as may be provided by law.

Section 2, And the Legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied and collected within such county for the purpose of raising said students' loan fund, said tax not to exceed in any one year twenty cents (20c) on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) valuation of the property subject to taxation in each county; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters of the country voting at an election to be held for that purpose shall vote zen and one of the most prospersuch tax. Provided, that if the ous farmers of the Steel Hill tax is adopted, after it has been community, was in the city Monenforced for two years, an elec- day. tion may be held, on the order of the commissioners' court, to determine whether or not said tax shall be repealed; and provided, further, that it shall be the duty of the commissioners' court to order such election upon a petition so to do by twenty-five per cent of the qualified tax paying voters of the county.

NO HUNTING ALLOWED

The public is hereby notified that hereafter no hunting will be allowed in any of the Half Circle S pastures. All parties will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law for any hunting violations. - A. W. Hudson. 51-6m

JACKSON

ly attended to.

Lee Carpenter, of several miles west of Spur, was among the numer of visitors in the city the latter part of last week. He reports that he has finished gather-The following amendment ing his crops of the past year mitted to a vote of the people stating that he already has a

J. C. Stephens, one of the most prominent citizens of the Afton payers, and it is hoped that country, was in Spur Monday and every reader of the Texas Spur while here was a very pleasant will read it carefully and give it caller at the Texas Spur office due consideration before the and before leaving handed us two dollars which extended his BE IT RESOLVED, By the subscription to the paper up into Section 1. That Article 7 of of rain and everything moving

> I have long staple Mebane cotton seed for sale at 75 cents per bushel. I don't think it will pay farmers to plant Half-and-Half cotton. Spinners claim it is inferior and that they can't pay same price as for long staple. 22-tf. Geo. M. Williams.

Mace Hunter brought in a load of onions Monday from his place east of Spur and sold them to the townspeople. Mace Hunter is one of the most successful farmers and stockmen of the whole country and is one of our most prosperous citizens.

W. A. Smith, a prominent citizen and prosperous farmer of the Tap country, called in at the Texas Spur office Saturday and handed us a big silver dollar to be credited to his subscription account, and for which he has our sincere thanks.

C. F. Cates left Spur the latter part of last week in response to a message stating that his father was quite sick at Decatur. We hope to be able to report that the illness of his father is

W. J. Elliot came in Monday from his Spring Creek farm and ranch home and spent several hours here greeting friends and looking after business interests.

J. A. Neighbors, a leading citi-

We are informed that Messrs. Rogers and Turnbow are now preparing to establish another picture show in Spur to be known as the Airdome.

J. Carlisle came in Monday from his farm home in the Gilpin country and spent several hours here with friends and trading with the merchants.

Robt. T. Dopson, a leading citizen and prosperous farmer of the Dry Lake country, was among the number of business visitors here Monday.

M. C. West and daughters, of several miles south of Spur, were among the visitors in the city Monday.

ENTHUSIASTIC BOOSTER

Prof. Geo. T. Barnes, of the Croton country, spent Saturday and Sunday in Spur. Barnes is an enthusiastic booster County Fair organization and will contribute materially in having a successful and interesting fair here this fall. Every citizen of the whole country is urged to take a part in this fair organization, and every farmer and stockman of Dickens and adjoining counties is urged to begin now in preparing exhibits of livestock and farm produce for the fair this fall.

NOTICE

You will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law if caught hunting, fishing, shooting, trapping or tresspassing in any way in any of the 24 pastures.-Mrs. Boley Brown & Sons. By Bert N. Brown, manager.

Apples, Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and All Kinds of Fruits and Nuts, including the best Pecans, Almonds and Walnuts. Call and see me.

YOUR TRADE APPRECIATED

E. F. SPRINGER, SPUR, TEXAS

Murray

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WHITE CAPPERS ARRESTED AT BENJAMIN SUNDAY

Twelve men were arrested at Benjamin, Texas, last Sunday night on a charge of attempted white capping.

Notices warning all negroes to flee the country had been posted on two occasions and the officers learning of the plans of the men arrested went to a cemetery where they succeeded in placing under arrest twelve men armed with guns and masks.

The men waived examining trial and are awaiting the action of the grand jury. The number includes several men of prominence, while several of them are young men.-Reporter.

H. C. Garrett, a prominent citi zen of the Tap country, was in Spur Monday.

Mr. Offield, formerly of Spur but now of Lockney, was here this week on business.

JOSEPH DALY, M. D.

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"THE ACCOMPLICE" AGlance at Current Topics

By FREDERICK TREVOR HILL

A Unique Murder Trial as Described by the Foreman of the Jury, In Which Is Revealed the Most Astounding and Inconceivable Act of Rascality.

Copyright, 1905, by Harper Bros.

PROLOGUE.

Mr. Lambert becomes foreman of the jury in the trial of Alice Emory for the murder of her aged employer. In a series of adventures he meets the fair Barbara Frayne, friend of the accused, and helps to rescue the murdered man's housekeeper, Madeline Mapes, and Bethna Field, a maid, from Hunt, assistant to Barstow, the counsel for the defense. Lambert's interest in the case is noted by Dick Gilbert, the prosecutor, who calls him as a witness. This brings forth vigorous protest from Barstow, his utterances provoking the court. Barstow's tactics in trying to make out Madeline Mapes the murderess causes Alice Emory to demand a hearing, and she begins to tell her story.

A Rebuttal Witness.

HE silence of the courtroom was broken only by the ticking of the clock as Miss Emory

"I had been working with Mr. Shaw in his study," she continued at last, "and had found him more than usually nervous all the afternoon, but he gave me no warning of what was coming until he suddenly threw aside his papers and began urging me to marry him, using all sorts of arguments and making promises of various kinds. I steadily refused to consider the matter, and when I rose to leave the room he pulled a paper from his desk and insisted on my reading it. It was the will which has been shown here, leaving all his property to his wife Alice. Alice, he said, referred to me. I indignantly protested against his use of my name in such a connection, and he replied by showing me a list of property which he said he owned in Venezuela and which he declared I could have for the asking if I would be his wife. I told him I was not to be bribed and that I would leave his house the very next day. Then he drew a revolver and told me that I would not have to wait long before I became a widow, but that I must become his I thought he had lost his mind and was about to flee from the room when he pointed the pistol at my head and told me not to move. Then he suddenly laughed, threw the weapon aside and, darting forward, seized me in his arms and kissed me. I struck him across the mouth and managed to escape to Miss Mapes." "Then what occurred?"

Miss Emory paused and passed her

hand across her forehead as she heard the judge's prompting question.

'I found Miss Mapes in her room and told her what had happened," she continued. "She sympathized with me and offered to allow me to occupy her room for the night, as I was nerv ous about returning to my own, and I gratefully accepted her proposal. We parted about 8 o'clock, as she had some household duties to perform, and I remained in her room until about a quarter past 8, when I went to the library for a book. As I was returning through the front hall I saw Owen Hunt standing on the piazza, and, supposing he had rung the bell, I opened the door for him and let him in. We exchanged greetings, and, knowing that he had an appointment with Mr. Shaw, I told him to go to the study. He started up the stairs, and I returned to Miss Mapes' room, went to bed about 10 and slept soundly all night. Miss Mapes came to me soon after I was dressed and told me of Mr. Shaw's death. Of course I thought he had committed suicide, and it was not until about noon that I heard what the physicians had discovered." 'Who told you of that?"

The judge was leaning over his desk, his hand behind his ear as he interrupted, and the defendant, turning, no error, Miss Emory, tell us how he found herself face to face with her questioner

"Mr. Barstow." she answered calmly.

The judge nodded comprehendingly. "I remember." he answered lightly. advise you not to talk too much. That re-entering the door. is what Miss Mapes said, I believe?"

"Mr. Barstow told me at our first in- ingly. terview," she continued, "that every in- | Thank you." mate of Mr. Shaw's house would be under suspicion and advised me to say nothing without consulting him. Later, when he learned that Miss Mapes | stow?" he inquired.

and I had exchanged rooms, he asked to see her, and explained the situation to us both, telling us of the blue threads which the detectives had discovered in the candle grease, and questioning us about our gowns. I had owned a blue skirt, but when I looked for it after our talk I could not find it, and Miss Mapes finally confessed that she had burned it in the furnace fearing it might subject me to suspicion. Of course I was indignant, but I knew she had intended to do me a service, and when I saw how frightened she was I tried to make light of her indiscretion. Mr. Barstow, however, took a very serious view of the matter when he learned that Betty Field had come into the cellar just as Miss Mapes was thrusting the garment into the furnace and insisted that she should not speak another word or do another thing without his permission. She promised to obey him, and he warned me not to tell her anything. When the authorities began to suspect me I wanted to make a frank statement of everything I knew, but he would not permit it, and when I insisted he told me that I would do him a great wrong if I talked, for I would convict his friend and client, Owen Hunt."

For a moment I did not realize the purport of her words, and I do not think any one in the audience fully comprehended them.

"Do you mean to say Mr. Barstow confessed to you that Owen Hunt killed Mr. Shaw?

The judge leaned excitedly over his desk, and his tone expressed astonish-

ment and incredulity. "He did, and he begged me not to betray a man who had once saved his Miss Emory answered steadily. "He told me Hunt was innocent, that Mr. Shaw had attacked him in a burst of rage and that Hunt had stabbed him in self defense. If the man had only made a clean breast of the matter, he explained, instead of trying to conceal the facts he could easily have been acquitted. But as things were nothing could save him if I confessed that he was in the house. Even after he saw I might be indicted Mr. Barstow begged me not to speak, and I agreed to keep silence. I knew Mr. Hunt was a brave man to whom Mr. Barstow was under deep obligations and who had once saved his life, and I felt perfectly safe in Mr. Barstow's hands. He attacked Miss Mapes because he found the testimony against me was stronger than he liked, and when he persisted in protecting me in this manner I repudiated my promise

Miss Emory paused and leaned back wearily in her chair.

"That is all I have to tell," she con-

The pentup excitement of the audience found vent in a wild burst of applause, a spontaneous tribute which the judge did not try to repress, and as I watched the exciting se Gilbert standing near the door earnestly whispering to Barbara Frayne and her father. Before I recovered from my surprise, however, the prosecutor wrote a few words on a slip of paper, shoved it into the girl's hand and, hurrying her and the colonel from the court, slipped quietly back to his place

Finally the judge hammered the audience to order and addressed Barstow, who still sat watching the defendant. "Do you wish to cross examine, Mr. Barstow?" he inquired.

"No, sir. My own statement will be forthcoming at another time and place. I move that the jury be instructed to

The lawyer did not look up, and his lips scarcely moved as he muttered the

"I will reserve decision on your motion until the prosecutor finishes his examination," his honor answered. 'Have you any further questions, Mr. Gilbert?"

The prosecutor was already on his feet as Judge Dudley spoke.

"Miss Emory," he began, "did any one except you know of Hunt's presence in the farmhouse on the night Mr. Shaw was killed?"

"No one, I think, but Hunt."

"Describe him, please." "He was a tall, clean shaven man with dark hair and eyes. His face was thin and his nose rather sharply pointed. Oh, what is the use of going into all this!" she burst out hysterical-"Bring Hunt here. I will identify

"Yes-yes-of course," answered Gilbert soothingly. "But so there can be was dressed when you saw him in the hall that night."

"He wore an alpine hat, a black

overcoat, gray trousers, and"-Gilbert glanced across the courtroom "He heard of the trouble and called to and nodded as he saw Abel Corning

"Gray trousers?" he repeated mean-"That is all, Miss Emory.

The end came so suddenly that the judge himself was startled. "Any further questions, Mr. Bar-

The defendant's counsel mopped his face with his handkerchief and muttered. "No."

"Then, as I understand it, both sides rest?" continued the justice.

"Pardon me, your honor," interrupted Gilbert. "I desire to call a witness in rebuttal." "In rebuttal? You mean to contra-

dict the last witness?" For the only time during the trial the judge's voice reflected something

of the excitement of the audience. "Yes, sir. I mean to contradict her." Gilbert's answer was steady, confident and decisive, and the judge nod-

ded acquiescently "Very well, sir," he responded. "Call

your witness." "Owen Hunt!" announced the prosecutor calmly.

The audience turned expectantly to the courtroom door as Gilbert spoke, and a deathlike silence followed, the jurors glancing at one another in utter bewilderment and the judge himself staring with strained intensity at the calm, resolute face of the public prose-

Suddenly Barstow staggered to his feet and broke the silence with a burst of violent protest against continuing the trial. It was preposterous, he asserted, to begin rebutting testimony at such an hour. There was no necessity for crowding the work of two days into one night. The situation demanded an instant adjournment.

A disturbance in the back of the room interrupted the speaker, and as he glanced over his shoulder two men entered the door supporting a third, whom I instantly recognized as Owen Hunt, and before Barstow could resume his argument the judge curtly interposed.

"I shall hear this witness, Mr. Barstow," he announced. "Take an exception and preserve whatever rights you think infringed. Mr. Gilbert," he continued, "is your witness mentally and physically equal to the examination you propose?" The prosecutor whispered to his as-

sistant and glanced up quickly. "He is equal to all demands which

will be made upon him, your honor,' he answered firmly.

"Then let him take the stand," directed the justice.

"Mr. Hunt, are you aware that you do not have to answer any questions which may tend to incriminate or degrade you and that you cannot be compelled to testify against yourself in any way?"

The witness glanced up and nodded. "I understand," he answered.

"Are you likewise aware," continued his honor, "that you have been accused in open court of the crime of murder - the murder of Gregory

"That is what I am here to answer." "In whose employ are you?"

"Until today I was in Ferris Bars

"You mean Mr. Barstow-the counsel for the defense?"

Hunt nodded affirmatively. "How long have you been in his em-

ploy, Mr. Hunt?" "About six years."

"Were you in Mr. Barstow's employ when he first had business with Gregory Shaw?" "Yes."

"Do you know what that business was?"

The witness started to reply, but Barstow instantly smothered the answer with a flood of objections which had to be diverted and bridged in a dozen different ways before the story proceeded.

Barstow had chanced upon a clew to Gregory Shaw's defalcations, Hunt at last responded and had followed it up so closely that Shaw had to retain him to avoid exposure.

"Do you mean to charge that Mr. Barstow blackmailed Mr. Shaw into retaining him as his counsel?" demand-

ed Gilbert. Hunt met the question with an expression of low cunning and a shake

of the head. "I guess the other side would have paid him as much to talk as Shaw paid him to keep quiet," he answered. gave his client good value for his mon-

ey, and kept him going longer than any other lawyer could have done." "Was Mr. Barstow known as Shaw's attorney?"

The witness smiled grimly as Gilbert put the question. "Of course not," he answered. "It

was an absolute secret." "Why?"

"Because Barstow was in close touch with the people Shaw was fleecing, and if it had been known that he was Shaw's advisor some one might have become suspicious."

"Were you the only person who knew of their relations?" "No; his secretary, Miss Alice Em-

"Was she aware of the sort of business which was transacted between Shaw and Barstow?"

"I don't know. You can ask her." [To be continued.]

Salt Lake City, April 12.—The re-

cent uprising of the Piute Indians at Bluff, Utah, in which several men were killed, has caused Governor William Spry to order an inquiry into the affair. Although the affair comes under the supervision of the federal authorities, the governor is determined to probe the killing of Joe Akers by the Indians on his own account too. Governor Spry is a native of England, fifty-one years of age, and came

to this country when a boy of eleven.



William Spry, Probing Piute Trouble on His Own Account.

was educated in Salt Lake City and affiliated with the Mormon church. For many years he was engaged in stock raising and farming, is president of the Farmers and Stock Growers' bank, Salt Lake City, and a director in various other institutions. He was president of the state board of land commissioners in 1906 and later served two years as United States marshal for Utah, from which office he resigned. He has always been active in politics and has been a prominent member of the Republican state organization, serving as chairman for several years. In 1909 he was elected governor for a four years' term and on the expiration of his term of office was elected for four years more.

Gary Speaks on Success.

Pittsburgh, April 12.—Judge Elbert H. Gary set forth for the edification of young America the following requisites of success as he sees them:

First.-A young man should be thoroughly honest, frank and sincere. When he says anything he should tell

Second.-He should be considerate of

good morals and good business. Third.—He should have a good education. First of all, he should be educated in the fundamentals, including particularly grammar, rhetoric, spelling, arithmetic, geography and history. The more he knows in other lines, including the classics, so much the better.

Fourth.-He should be consistent and careful in looking after his health, both physically and morally.

Fifth.-He should be ambitious to succeed in every respect that is honorable. He should be energetic, persistent, studious, thoughtful and faithful to all the interests he represents.

Virginia to Sue For Washington Will. Washington, April 13.-The state of Virginia, through its attorney, General John G. Pollard, filed a petition in the supreme court of the United States for leave to file a bill in equity against J. Pierpont Morgan of New York, requiring him to show cause why he should not be required to deliver over to the commonwealth the last will and testament of Martha Washington. The con-

troversy is one of long standing. The complaint sets out that the document was admitted to probate and record before the county court of Fairfax county, Va.; that it bore date of Sept. 2, 1800; that the testatrix was the wife of George Washington, and her will was the property of the state.

The complaint also says the document disappeared from the county clerk's office during the civil war and that the defendant, J. P. Morgan, has no legal title to it as against the right of the state of Virginia.

The complaint further states that repeated demands have been made on Mr. Morgan for the return of the document, but that he has failed to comply with them and denies the right of the state of Virginia to its possession.

\$1,000,000,000 Spent Here by Europe. New York, April 12.—It is estimated today that at the end of the first year of the war \$1,000,000,000 will have or more.

been paid manufacturers in the United States for arms, ammunition and war supplies for the allies. Because of Great Britain's control of the seas it has been impossible for Germany to get war materials from the United The British, French and Russian gov-

ernments have made contracts with American manufacturers that still have from nine months to two years to run. During the past six months the allies have bought from the United States \$400,000,000 worth of war supplies. Practically all of this material is shipped by the manufacturer to Can-

ada, whence it is sent in British ships to England and from there distributed to the allies. Of the four hundred and odd million

dollars already spent or contracted for the following industries have secured the bulk: Arms, ammunition and explo-

 sives
 \$107,000,000

 Iron and steel
 66,000,000

 Textiles, hosiery, sweaters, etc.
 32,000,000

 Automobiles
 32,000,000

Total to date\$412,250,000

Rockefeller's Health Crusade In China. New York, April 13.-The improvement of medical and hospital conditions in China is the newest undertak-

ing of the Rockefeller foundation. This purpose, it was announced, is based upon the report of a special commission which studied public health and medical practice in China. The commission was composed of Harry Pratt Judson, president of the University of Chicago; Dr. Francis W. Peabody of the medical school of Harvard university, and Roger S. Greene, then consul general of the United States at

The commission reported there are some 140 foreign nurses in the country and these are distributed in about 100

All Neutral Wireless Route. Chatham, Mass., April 12.-Direct

wireless communication between the United States and a neutral nation of the old world is possible for the first time since the outbreak of the war through stations now virtually completed on Cape Cod and the coast of

These stations have been established by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, but the new plans of the company have not been officially announced. The impression has been given that the service might not become effective until the close of hostilities. It is generally reported, however, that it is intended to meet the situation arising from the war.

Trebles Production of Gasoline.

should seek to protect and promote his was made at the department of the inown interests, but never to the undue | terior that the two processes discoveror unfair prejudice of others. This he ed by Dr. Walter F. Rittman whereby will find wise from the standpoint of the output of gasoline from petroleum can be increased 200 per cent and whereby toluol and benzol can be manufactured from crude petroleum for use in the dye industry, have been patented by Dr. Rittman for the benefit of the American people.

It is claimed that the Rittman process is more economical than the Ger-



Photo by American Press Association. Dr. Walter F. Rittman, Youthful Dis-

coverer of Valuable Processes. man method of obtaining these products from coal tar.

"Just as soon as persons want to avail themselves of the Rittman discoveries," said an official of the bureau of mines, "the bureau under proper safeguards and regulations will

place them at their disposal." The first of these processes promises to enable the independent refiners in this country to increase their output of gasoline from petroleum 200 per cent If This Paper Meets

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it fails to do so.

Tell Your Neighbor.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4.

A joint resolution of the Legislature of the State of Texas proposing and submitting to a vote of the people of Texas an amendment to Section 9, Article 8, of the Constitution, authorizing the levy and collection of a special road tax not to exceed fifty cents on the one hundred dollars of valuation of property in any county, subdivision or subdivisions, or defined district thereof, when same has been authorized by a majority of the qualified electors voting at an election held for that purpose, and making an appropriation for carrying out the provisions of this resolution. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. That Section 9, Article 8, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows, to wit: SECTION 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and of the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation; and no county, city or town shall levy more than twenty five cents for city or county purposes, and not exceeding fifteen cents for roads and bridges, and not exceeding fifteen cents to pay jurors, on the one hundred dol-lar valuation, except for the payment of debts incurred prior to the adoption of the amendment, September 25, 1883; and for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, water works and other permanent improvements, not to exceed one dollar on the one hundred dollars valuation in any one year, and except as is in this Constitution otherwise provided; and the Legislature may also authorize an additional annual ad valorem tax to be levied and collected for the further building and maintenance of the public roads; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax paring voters of the county or of any political subdivision or subdivisions of the county, or of any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within any county, who has been assessed a property tax and paid said tax for the next year prior to the time he offers to vote, voting at an election held for that purpose, shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property subject to taxation in such county, political subdivision or subdivisions, or described or defined district. And the Legislature may pass local laws for the maintenance of the public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws.

SEC. 2. The foregoing amendment to Section 9, Article 8, of the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for adoption or rejection at an election to be held on the fourth Saturday in the month of July, 1915. All voters on this proposed amendment at said election who favor its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "For amendment to Section 9, Article 8, of the Constitution, authorizing the levy and collection of a special road tax not to exceed fifty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property in any county, sub division or subdivisions, or defined district thereof, when same has been authorized by a majority of the qualified electors at an election held for that purpose." Those voting against its adoption shall have written or printed on their ballots the following: "Against the amendment to Section 9, Article 8, of the Constitution, authorizing the levy and collection of a special road tax not to exceed fifty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property in any county, subdivision or subdivisions, or defined district thereof, when same has been authorized by a majority of the qualified electors at

an election held for that purpose. SEC. 3 The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue his necessary proclamation ordering this election, and have same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. The sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of publishing and proclamation and printing of tickets and necessary blanks

to use in said election,

(A true copy.)

JNO. G. MCKAY, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 18.

A Joint Resolution proposing and submitting to a vote of the people of Texas an amendment to Section 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds for public improvements, and levying of a tax to pay the interest and sinking fund on same, and for maintenance.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: SECTION 1. That Section 52, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as hereafter to read as follows,

SECTION 52. The Legislature shall have no power to authorize any county, city, town or other political corporation or subdivision of the State, to lend its credit or to grant public money or thing of value in aid of, or to, any individual, association or corporation whatsoever, or to become a stockholder in any such corporation, association or company, provided, however, that under legislative provision any county, any political subdivision of a county, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property tax pavers voting thereon, who are quali fied electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts may issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory; except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never ex ceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this constitution; and levy and collect such taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof as the Legislature may authorize, and in such manner as it may authorize the same, for the following purposes, to-wit:

(a) The improvement of rivers, creeks and streams to prevent overflows, and to permit of navigation thereof, or irrigation there-

from, or in aid of such purposes. (b) The construction and maintenance of pools, lakes, reservoirs, dams, canals and waterways for the purposes of irrigation.

drainage or navigation, or in aid thereof. (c) The construction, maintenance and operation of macadam

ized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof. Provided, however, that under legislative enactment any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, which may be formed for the purpose of reclaiming and improving overflowed and swamp lands in this State, and maintaining the improvements thereof, may, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property tax payers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory, in addition to all other debts, issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed fifty per cent of the assessed valuation of the real property in such district or territory.

Provided, further, that where a county, district or other political subdivision has issued bonds for improvements for the purposes named in this Section, the Legislature may authorize the levy and collection of taxes for the maintenance of such improvements, not to exceed fifty cents on the hundred dollars valuation in any one

tors of this State for its adoption or rejection, at a special election hereby ordered for the Fourth Saturday in July, A. D. 1915, the same being the ______day of said month. All same being the ... voters on this proposed amendment at said election who favor its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "For amendment of Section 52 of Article 3, of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds for levee, drainage, road and other public improvements, and for taxes therefor." voting against its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "Against the amendment of Section 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds for levee, drainage, road and other improvements, and for taxes there-Previous to the election the Secretary of State shall cause to be printed and forwarded to the county judge of each county, for use in said election, a sufficient number of ballots for the use of the

SEC. 2. The foregoing amendment of Section 52 of Article 3, of

the Constitution of Texas, shall be submitted to the qualified elec-

voters in each county, on which he shall have printed the form of ballot herein prescribed, for the convenient use of voters.

SEC. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue his necessary proclamation ordering this election, and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. The sum of five thousand dollars (5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of publishing said proclamation, and printing and distributing the necessary tickets and blanks for use in said election.

(A true copy.)

JNO. G. MCKAY Secretary of State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding thereto a provision authorizing a qualified voter to vote for State officers, or on any proposition submitted to the voters of this State in a precinct other than the precinct of his residence under certain conditions, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: SECTION 1. That Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution of the tale of Texas be so amended as to hereafter read as follows: SEC. 2. Every male person subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in this State one year next preceding an election, and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector, and every male person of foreign birth, subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have become a citizen of the United States in accordance with the Federal naturalization laws, and shall have resided in this State one year next preceding such election and the last six months in the county in which heoffers to vote, shall also be deemed a qualified elector; and all electors shall vote in the election precinct of their residence; provided, that electors living in any unorganized county may vote at any election precinct in the county to which such county is attached for judicial purposes; and providing further, that any voter who is subject to pay a poll tax under the laws of the State of Texas shall have paid said tax before he offers to vote at any election in this State, and holds a receipt showing his poll tax paid before the first day of February next preceding such election. Or, if said voter shall have lost or misplaced said tax receipt he shall be entitled to vote upon making affidavit before any officer authorized to administer oaths that such tax receipt has been lost. Such affidavit shall be made in writing and left with the judge of the election. If any qualified voter in this State shall have personally paid his poll tax in the county and precinct of his residence, or secured an exemption certificate showing that he is exempt from paying a poll tax, he shall be permitted to vote in the county in which he may be on election day on any proposition which may have been submitted to the voters of the entire State, and for any office to be filled by the voters of the entire State; also for members of either branch of the Legislature and Congress and judicial officials; provided, no voter shall vote for members of either branch of the Legislature, Congress, or judicial officials outside the legislature congressional, or judicial district of such voter's residence, and nothing herein shall permit a voter to vote at any place other than his residence, if he be within the county of his residence on election day. Any person offering to vote in any county other than the county of his residence shall deliver to the election managers his poll tax receipt or exemption certificate, who shall retain same until the following day, and then mail same to the person depositing same to any address he may name; and in addition to depositing the poll tax receipt or exemption certificate, such person so offering to

(1) That he is absent from home, and it will be impossible for him to return to the precinct of his residence in time to vote; (2) that he has not voted at any other election precinct on that day, and will not offer to vote at any other precinct in this State: that he personally paid his poll tax within the time provided by law, or personally secured the certificate of his exemption from the payment of a poll tax.

SEC 3. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the fourth Saturday in July, 1915, the same being the twenty-fourth day of July, 1915, and the Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election, and have same published, as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For amendment to Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution, authorizing qualified voters to vote in precincts other than the precinct of their residence under certain conditions." Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against amendment to Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution, authorizing qualified voters to vote in precincts other than the precinct of their residence under certain conditions.

SEC 4. No legislation shall be necessary to put into effect this article of the Constitution, but when adopted same shall be selfenacting.

SEC. 5. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of such proclamation, publication and election.

(A true copy)

vote shall make an affidavit;

JOHN G. MCKAY. Secretary of State.

ONE DOLLAR FOR THE YEAR.

House Joint Resolution No. 34.

A Joint resolution proposing an amendment to Article 7, Section 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, pro viding for the establishment and separate maintenance of the University of Texas and fixing its permanent location in Travis County providing for the permanent location of the medical branch of the University of Texas in Galveston County; providing for the establishment and maintenance of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas as an independent college, and providing for its permanent location in Brazos County; providing for the establishment and separate maintenance of the College of Industrial Arts and fixing its permanent location in Denton County; authorizing the establishment of junior agricultural college subsidiary to and under the government of the Agricultural and Mechanical College Board; establishing the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, and declaring it a branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and fixing its permanent location at Prairie View, in Waller County; making an equitable division of the State permanent endowment fund between the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College; making an appropriation to defray the expenses A proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, amendof advertising the Governor's proclamation and submitting same to a vote of the people.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: SECTION 1. That Section 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, Article 7, of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows: SECTION 10. The University of Texas is hereby established and permanently located in Travis County, and shall be a university of the first class. The Legislature shall provide for its organization and for its development, maintenance and permanent improvement shall make by appropriation and otherwise such provision as may be necessary for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences, pure and applied, in a university of the first class. The affairs of the University of Texas shall be administered by its own governing board as provided by law. The present members of the board shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms. The location herein made of the University of Texas shall in no way affect the location of the medical branch thereof situated in Galveston County.

and its branches, except the lands transferred by Section 13 of this qualified, and shall each receive an annual salary of five thousand dol-Article to the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and to the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, shall together with the proceeds of the sale of such lands, constitute the permanent cancy until the next general election for said officers; and at such genuniversity fund. All the income derived therefrom shall be the available fund, and shall be applied to the support and development of the University of Texas and to meet its obligations. The proceeds from the sale of University lands shall be invested as authorized by law for the investment of the permanent school fund. The one-tenth of the alternate sections of lands granted to railroads, reserved by the State, which was set apart and appropriated to the establishment of the University of Texas by an act of the Legislature of February 11, 1858, entitled "An Act to establish the University of Texas" shall not be in-

cluded in or constitute a part of the permanent university fund.

SEC. 12. The Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas is hereby established and permanently located in Brazos County and separated from the University of Texas and constituted an independent college. The Legislature shall provide for the organization of said college and for its development, maintenance and permanent improvement, shall make by appropriation and otherwise such provision as may be necessary to accomplish the purpose of said institution, which, without excluding classical and cultural studies, shall be to teach and develop those branches of learning which relate to agriculture and the natural sciences connected therewith, the various branches of engineering, the mechanical arts and military sciences and tactics. The affairs mation and of holding said election. of the Agricultural and Mechanical College shall be administered by its own governing board as provided by law. The present members of the board shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms. The Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for Colored Youths is hereby established and its government and control shall continue under the governing board of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas. Provided the Legislature may establish Itural colleges subsidiary to the Agricultural and Mechanical College and under the control of the Agricultural and Mechanical

SEC. 13. Of the land heretofore set apart to the University and to the University and its branches by the State of Texas, and remaining unsold, there are hereby transferred to and made a part of the permanent fund of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, six hundred thousand acres of land of average value; there are hereby transferred as a permanent fund to the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College one hundred and fifty thousand acres of land of average value; and all of the remainder of the said land shall constitute a part of the permanent fund of the University of Texas. The Legislature shall provide for the division of the land as specified herein. The land herein set apart to the University, the Agricultural and Mechani- county public schools and after graduation to continue their education cal College of Texas and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial in any higher State institution of learning, such fund to be created and College may be sold under such regulations, at such times and on such terms as may be prescribed by law. The Legislature shall provide for vided by law. the prompt collection at maturity of all debts due on account of the

proceeds of the sale of such lands, shall constitute its permanent fund. the sale of the Agricultural and Mechanical College lands shall be in-

SEC. 15. The College of Industrial Arts for White Girls located at voters of the County. Denton, in Denton County, Texas, is hereby established and recognized as an independent college, and the Legislature shall provide for its effect this provision of the Constitution. organization, maintenance, development and permanent improvement and shall make, by appropriation and otherwise, such provision in addition to that heretofore made as may be necessary for the establishment and maintenance of a first class college, for the education of white girls in the literary branches, the arts and sciences and the practical industries of the age. The college shall have its own governing board, which shall designate the officers of administration and instruction, and hereby directed, to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission other employees, determine their salaries, establish departments, sub- of this proposed amendment to the qualified electors for members of the division, libraries and laboratories and other agencies of education con- Legislature. At such election all persons favoring such amendment sistent with the objects of the college and perform such other duties as the Legislature may prescribe.

SEC. 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation and have same published as required by the Fund," and those opposed thereto shall have written or printed on their Constitution and the laws of this State. The sum of five thousand ballots the words, "Against the Amendment to Section 3 of Article 7 of (\$5,000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby the Constitution, adding thereto Section 3b, authorizing the Commisappropriated to defray the expenses of publishing said proclamation sioners' Court to create a Students' Loan Fund.' and the expenses of submitting this resolution to a vote of the people.

13, 14, and 15 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, shall be sub- not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of advertising and mitted to the qualified electors of this State for its adoption or rejection holding the election provided for above. at an election to be held on the fourth Saturday in July, A. D. 1915, the same being the twenty-fourth day of said month. All the voters voting

on this proposed amendment at said election who favor the adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots, "For amendment to Article 7, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, proving for the separation of the University of the State of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College and an equitable division of the university lands.' All voters voting on this proposed amendment at said election who op- underneath) on left side, two pose its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "Against Amendment to Article 7, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for the separation of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College and an equitable division of the university lands." Previous to the election the Secretary of State shall cause to be printed and forwarded to the County Judge of each county for use in said election a sufficient number of ballots for the use of voters in said county, on which shall be printed the form of ballot herein prescribed for the convenience of the voters.

(A true copy.)

JOHN G. McKAY, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 3.

ing Article 5, Section 2 of the Constitution of said State, so as to provide that the Supreme Court of this State shall consist of a Chief Justice and four Associate Justices, describe their qualifications, tenure of office and compensation.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 2, of Article 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and four Associate Justices, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three judges shall be necessary to the decision of a case. No person shall be eligible to the office of Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court unless he be at the time of his election a citizen of the United States, and of this State, and unless he shall have attained the age of thirty years, and shall have been a at a big bargain and for less practicing lawyer or a Judge of a Court, or such lawyer and judge together, at least seven years. Said Chief Justice and Associate Justices SEC. 11. All lands and other property granted by the Republic of State of Texas to the University of Texas, or the University of Texas, or until their successors are elected and lars until otherwise provided by law. In case of a vacancy in the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Governor shall fill the vaeral election the vacancy for the unexpired term shall be filled by election by the qualified voters of the State. The Judges of the Supreme Court who may be in office at the time this amendment takes effect shall continue in office until the expiration of their term of office under the present Constitution, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Immediately after the adoption of this amendment the Governor of this State shall call an election for the purpose of electing two Associate Office Over The Spur National Bank Justices of the Supreme Court, one of whom shall, when elected, hold said office for four years and one of whom, when elected, shall hold said office for six years, and the question of which of them shall hold for four years and which of them hold for six years shall be determined by

lot, as now provided by law.
Sec. 3. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation, ordering an election to determine whether or not said Constitutional amendments will be adopted, and have the same published, as required by the Constitution and the laws of this State. Said election shall be held on the fourth Saturday in July, 1915, and the sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as necessary, is hereby appropriated from any fund in the State Treasury not otherwise oppropriated to defray the expenses of printing said procla-

(A true copy.)

JNO. G. MCKAY, Secretary of State

House Joint Resolution No. 9

A joint resolution to amend Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding thereto Section 3b, authorizing the Legislature to provide by law for the creation of a student's loan fund in each county in connection with the public schools thereof.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: SECTION 1. That Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Texas

be amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 3b,

which shall read and be as follows, to-wit:
SEC. 3b. The Commissioners' Court of each county in this State shall have the power, and is hereby authorized, when a majority of the qualified voters of such county shall vote to create such fund, to create a fund to be known as a "Students' Loan Fund," for the purpose of enabling students of the public free schools of said county to borrow money The to be used in their education for the purpose of graduating from the administered by the Commissioners' Court of each county as may be pro-

SEC. 2. And the Legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem sale of said lands, and in no event shall any relief be granted to any tax to be levied and collected within such county for the purpose of raising students' loan fund, said tax not to exceed in any one year SEC. 14. All lands and other property heretofore granted or herein twenty cents (20c) on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) valuation of granted to the Agricultural and Mechanical College, together with the property subject to taxation in each county; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters of the county voting at an All the income derived therefrom shall be the available fund and shall election to be held for that purpose shall vote such tax. Provided, that be applied to the support and development of the Agricultural and if the tax is adopted, after it has been enforced for two years, an election Mechanical College and to meet its obligations. The proceeds from may be held, on the order of the commissioners' court to determine whether or not said tax shall be repealed; and provided, further, that it vested as authorized by law for the investment of the permanent school shall be the duty of the Commissioners' Court to order such election upon a petition so to do by twenty-five per cent of the qualified tax paying

SEC. 3. The Legislature shall pass the necessary laws carrying into

That the above and foregoing proposed amendment shall be SEC. 4. That the above and foregoing proposed amendment shall be duly published once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three (3) months before a special election to be held for the purpose of voting upon such proposed amendment, on the fourth Saturday in July, 1915, in one weekly newspaper of each county in the State of Texas, in which such newspaper may be published. And the Governor shall, and he is shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article 7 of the Constitution, adding thereto Section 3b, authorizing the Commissioners' Court to create a Students' Loan

SEC. 5. That \$5,000.00, or as much thereof as may be necessary be SEC. 3. The foregoing amendment to Article 7, Sections 10, 11, 12, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury

JNO. G. MCKAY.

Secretary of State.

(A true copy.)

\$10 REWARD.

I will pay the above reward for the return of one little brown cow, branded BT (with bar stripes on left hind leg, to Collier's Stable.-L. C. Wolt-24-4t.

NOTICE

You will be prosecuted to the tullest extent of the law if caught hunting, fishing, shooting, trapping or tresspassing in any way in any of the 24 pastures. - Mrs. Boley Brown & Sons. By Bert N. Brown, manager.

NOTICE

You will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law if caught hunting, fishing, shooting, trapping or tresspassing in any way in any of the pastures controlled by me. - Sam White.

A pair of Standard Computing Scales, good as new, will be sold than half cost. Call at the Texas Spur office.

B. G. WORSWICK Attorney-At-Law

Practice Solicited in District and Higher Courts

County Attorney's Office Dickens, Texas

B. D. GLASGOW

Attorney-At-Law

J. H. GRACE, M. D. Prompt response will be given to all calls, city or country, day or night.

Office at Spur Drug Store Both Res. Phones No. 96

W. D. WILSON LAWYER

Practice in all Courts with W. F. Godfrey Realty Co. Spur Texas

T. E. STANDIFER

Physician and Surgeon

COUNTRY CALLS ANSWERED NIGHT OR

J. E. MORRIS

All calls answered promptly, day or night. Diseases of Women and Children

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Office Over Spur National Bank Highest Class Work And All Work Guaranteed Telephones: Luzon 61, Southwestern 3

F. P. WATSON DENTIST Office At Spur Drug Co.

R. E. BRANNEN

EXPRESS & BAGGAGE To All Parts of Town Phone No. 24

J. O. YOPP

BAGGAGE AND EXPRESS Phones: Residence 30, Business 61

YOU WILL EVENTUALLY HAVE US DO **That Work**

Why Not Now?

GILPIN.

L. W. Bilberry made a trip to

Items Over Dickens County BY CORRESPONDENTS

DICKENS ITEMS.

Boon Hyatt was in town Saturday. He is not afraid of mud.

Mrs. W. C. Ballard has been

Mr. Gaddy, from the Plains, was in town Friday of last week.

J. P. Koonsman, Lee Payne and Grundy Crego visited our city last had business in Roaring Springs Saturday and Sunday. week.

Mrs. P. H. Miller and Mrs.

O. O. Love, prominent merchant

Miss Shepherd, assistant teacher of the Croton High School, visited Worswick and Bill Dodson are vis- lisle. friends here last week.

J. F. Speer, F. C. Gipson and ley county. Frank Speer left Dickens the first of the week for Oklahoma.

north of Dickens, is in town this week visiting Mrs. B. F. Hale. Ed Lisenby, of Matador, has been

down to his camp near Dickens J. D. Rash and family are here the past week looking after his cat- on their way to New Mexico where in Ada, Oklahoma.

ter, Miss Jessie, who has been attending Simmons College at Abit ander recently underwent an oper- her home near Jayton.

Joe Arthur, of Afton, is in town this week visiting his father, P. N. Arthur, Mr. Arthur has been very sick for some time but at present is resting better.

Our school closes Friday, 23rd. We will have a good program Friday and Saturday night. Every boys old home, and ye scribe know- evening. They said they caught body come.—Reporter.

DRAPER.

How it rains! But let it slosh.

E. B. Shaw planted cotton last

to Dickens Sunday. Billie Waldrup is very busy these days looking after his cattle.

J. E. Wright and family spent Sunday with C. C. Haile.

J. A. Murchison and wife spen Sunday with Tommy Hobson. Owing to the rain, our Sunday

School and singing was postponed

Lee Murchison and W. T. Lovell went to Spur last Friday, return-

Misses Nettie Murchison and Lottie Rogers spent Sunday with appointment here Sunday. A large Miss Edith Lovell.

Ye scribe was in Spur the other day and noting a great improvement in the looks of the streets en- night. - Kid-a-lude. ired the cause. An obliging kept them beaten down gathering brighter. Spur Drug Co. will tell the maize heads that fell from the you about LIV-VER-LAX. 22-4t. farmers wagons as they brought LIV-VER-LAX! Better than caltheir maize to market. Verily, omel. No bad effect. Ask Spur Spur is lucky in having such a cit- Drug Co. izen.—Rambling Bill.

30 8:15 o'clock.

basis to all.

AFTON.

visiting her daughter at Dallas.

quite sick but is able to be up now. in the Prairie Chapel neighborhood. J. H. Reynolds was out at his weeds.

Rip Saw Valley Farm Wednesday. W. R. Dismuke and A. L. Smith last week.

Farmers are getting ready to Barnes came over from Spur Fri- plant, and will probably begin in a few days.

> James Hodge has moved to Roarhim up there last Saturday.

iting friends and relatives in Mot- It takes all of Cecil Bennett's

Miss Emma Buchanan, from elected W. M. Vaughn Supt. and his crop. Mrs. Vaughn Sec. Mr. Ragland is leader of the choir.—Oat Meal

· TAP.

ation at the Standifer Hospital. to return home.

Merle and John Rash an ye scribe | before. Also more hogs. spent Sunday with friends in the there for the boys went along to Just joking we guess. bring them back, and came very Rambling Bill, we are sorry inano and sing-oh, my!

ing today, so I will write a few time or two for you will never see Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Rogers went lines to pass the time away. We any more peace with "Mariah" till don't hear anyone complaining of he is slain. Teach her to be glad

> If anyone has any outlaw horses man' is complimented. they want rode talk to Merle Rash. when I get married and some girl He rides different from anyone I brags on my hubby I'll-good

Tom McArthur has his new residence completed which is a nice home and second to none in this

I. C. Cravey passed through our community this week en route to the Swenson ranch on Tongue river.

Elder Stephens filled his regular crowd attended.

The young people enjoyed a singing at J. H. Sparks' Sunday

end told me that R. L. Collier VER-LAX makes the sun shine

LIV-VER-LAX relieves all ills See "The Mouse Trap"—April of the Liver and Stomach. Get it 25-2t. from Spur Drug Co. 22-4t.

Roy Thomas made a flying trip to Jayton Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hawkins

Mrs. Chas. P. Smith has been made a trip to Girard Tuesday.

We girls are wondering what F. F. Henry was elected trustee makes J. T. Bilberry look so sad. More rain, more grass and more My, but the farmers are

> Rev. W. B. Bennett filled his regular appointment at Midway

> Willie Hagins and Ben Simmons were out driving bronchoes Tuesday. They landed in Spur and returned all O. K.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Hagins and of Roaring Springs, was in Dick- ing Springs. James Askins took children made a trip to Girard Tuesday, and while there took din-Misses Bessie Dodson, Mary ner with Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Car-

> time washing the mud off his new The Methodists began their Sun- buggy. We are uneasy about him. day School the first Sunday and We are afraid he is going to lose

Mrs. M. J. Bennett, who has been visiting her son, Rev. W. B. Bennett, for the past several months, has returned to her home

Mrs. Kelly McCalister, who has Ed Lisenby went to Spur Satur- Mrs. Rash and daughter, Miss Mil- been a guest in the home of her day afternoon to meet his daugh- dred, have the care of Mrs. J. H. mother, Mrs. J. H. Parnell, the Alexander's children. Mrs. Alex- past two weeks, has returned to

> It is reported that the farmers She is reported doing nicely, and here have reduced the acreage of we hope that she will soon be able cotton one-half, and that there will

> Messrs. D. D. Hagins, Cecil Steel Hill community, returning Bennett, Ben Simmons and Luther Monday. Steel Hill is the Rush Hawkins went fishing Tuesday ing there were some attractions some fish but nobody saw any.

near having to be sent for himself. deed that the "Green-eyed Mon-W. D. Thacker was in Spur Fri- Those girls can sure play that pi- ster" has entered your home. Put out his eyes with a fence rail, and It rained last night and is rain- tap him over the head with it a instead of mad when her "good gracious! it's school time right now.—A School Girl.



Old Abe, the famous War Eagle of Wisconsin at one time, sold this bird for a bushel of corn. The eagle was christened "Old Abe" in honor of the man on whom was centered the heart and mind of all the people. Old Abe was in thirty six battles and, like the great Napoleon, Old Abe died out of battle, but had the honor of witnessing the saddest war in history. Today he is known and revered throughout the world as a sign of peace and plenty, the sign of industry. Business men know him because

Case Machines BEAR HIS PICTURE

We will give you the full story of "Old Abe" by asking for it at the

THE CASE AGENCY Spur, Texas

LIV-VER-LAX is purely vegetable. Just what you need to tone JUST RECEIVED SOME

IN CONGOLEUM ART SQUARES

Just the thing for Dining Rooms, Bed Rooms and Bath Rooms!!

> 9 x 12 for only \$7.50 6 x 9 for only 3.75

SPUR, TEXAS

L. COLLIER & SON

Dealers in All Kinds Livestock

We try to keep Cattle, Mules and Horses on hand all the time. When you want anything in livestock phone or write us, and when you are at Spur be sure to call at the Conner Wagon Yard and tell us what you want. We are putting in a side-line to our business and will buy your poultry, eggs and hides. We handle more hogs than any one in Spur.

W. C. BOWMAN Lumber Com'y.

LUMBER, SASH DOORS, AND...

All Kinds of Building Material

THE ORIGINAL Cream Dealers OF SPUR

Bring us Your Cream, We Want It!!

Buy your GROCERIES from us---we need the business and appreciate it. Just unloaded a car of Stock Salt. See us before buying.

QUALITY ABOVE --- PRICE BELOW

Luce & Brannen Bros.

Little Miss Dick Stafford is H. T. Garner was among the up your system. Ask Spur Drug spending the week in Afton with number of visitors in the city 22-4t. relatives.

Your patronage appreciated. SPRINGER

I have started my Ice Delivery, and am prepared

to serve the public with the best of service.

The business will be conducted on a strictly cash

WHY WE ORDER GOODS BY PARCEL POST

We want to tell our merchants and Our anxions grocers too Why we order goods by parcel post In bundles not a few. It isn't our fault-not at all-We'd rather buy from you.

But the big mail order houses send Us catalogues galore, Telling how they'll send us "free" Right to our very door The "greatest bargains ever seen," They tell us o'er and o'er.

Just how this "rare lace dress" will look, Also "this lovely waist." We gaze upon the tempting things, Then seize our pen in haste. And with an eager, anxious heart An order soon is traced.

"If it doesn't suit, just send it back. We'll pay the cost both ways,' We read, and on the pictured things With longing eyes we gaze, Now can't you see with half an eye That advertising pays.

And now dear merchants, one and all, And grocerymen take cheer: Tell us about your "bargains" and Quote prices somewhere near Their prices, and we'll patronize Our home town, never fear. The editor of the Texas Spur Will gladly help you out:

Just give to him a weekly ad And tell us all about Your "bargains," and the parcel post Will soon be put to route.

-Contributed

Sure Corn Cure—Will remove corn for 50 cents, bunyon on foot for \$1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. No cure, no pay.-L. G. Gar-23-5tp.

Buggy and harness for sale or trade. See R. L. Collier.

Liver. A harm ass regetable com- and spent several hours here on city Monday on business. pound any hild can take it business and greeting his friends safely Ask Sour 7 g Co 22-4t

If you appreciate The Texas Spur tell somebody about it.

Saturday Specials!

COME EXPECTING MORE THAN YOUR MONEY'S WORTH!

Two lines of Ladies Wash Skirts on sale at 95c and they are worth much more money. 10 doz. Mens Soft Collar Shirts, in two ranges of prices, sale price 50c and 95c.

FROM 2 O'CLOCK TO 3 O'CLOCK!!

We will sell to any Woman 10 yards of Lawn for 25c Only One Pattern to the Customer. Be on time as we only have a Limited quantity of this line.

DRY GOODS COMPAN

"Where Cash Goes Further" SPUR, TEXAS

County Commissioner W. A.

Steel Hill community.

Johnson was in the city Satur farmer and stockman of several and one of the most prosperous LIV. TER-LAX stimulates the day from his Dockum Stock Farm miles west of Spur, was in the farmers of the Dry Lake com

> J. H. Farmer, a leading citizen in town Tuesday.

J. J. Rogers, a prosperous J. A. Davis, a leading citizen munity, was in Spur Tuesday.

G. J. Stearns was in the city of the Spur country, was among day from his farm home north will be prosecuted to the full exthis week from his home in the the number of business visitors of Spur and spent some time in tent of the law for any hunting town greeting friends.

BROTHER WILL.

They say he was a thoughtless boy And wayward as could, be; erhaps it might have been the truth But he was good to me. He took me nutting in the woods And fishing in the pool, And often when a little child I rode him home from school. He took me skating on the ice And coasting down the hill.

I went to brother Will. They said he was a reckless lad And careless as could be, Perhaps it might have been the truth But he was good to me. He helped me out of lots of scrapes, He always took my part;

For when I wished to see some fun

My bold defender staunch and true, My champion hand and heart. And he loved to help me with my books The memory cheers me still, For when I stood in need of help, I went to brother Will.

They say he was a fast young man And wild as he could be, erhaps it might have been the truth But he was good to me. For when I wished to take a trip He saw that I got to go; He helped me entertain my friends, He helped me with my beau. I told him secrets that he kept-Secrets he's keeping still,

For when in need of confidence I went to brother Will. They say he's not a Christian man-Not apt to ever be. Perhaps-perhaps it may be true, But he is good to me. He always greets me with a smile, He helps me all he can;

And I believe with all my heart That he's a noble man. And though he's never joined the church Fond hopes I cherish still, That over on the other shore

I'll walk with brother Will.

Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

NO HUNTING ALLOWED

The public is hereby, notified that hereafter no hunting will be allowed in any of the Half Fred O. McFall came in Mon- Circle S pastures. All parties violations. - A. W. Hudson. 51 6m

Why will a man order from mail order houses when he can get equally as good and frequently better goods at Sol Davis' Store for the same or less money?

Why will a man be so unthoughtful and ungrateful as to send his cash away and then have the nerve to ask his home merchant for credit?

Whu will a man farm the same old way his grandfather used to when there are so many modern improvements? Why will a farmer plant all his farm in cotton and buy feed? Why not plant more maize, feterita, kaffir corn and cane, raise more hogs, cattle and poultry? Why not let Texas feed herself?

Why not cut your cotton acreage down and plant better seed so that what you do raise will net you a profit?

Why will a farmer continue to plant common cotton and have to hire 1500 to 1700 lbs. of seed cotton picked in order to get a 500 pound bale of lint when he could plant the genuine Mebane Triumph Storm Proof Cotton and get a bale out of 1300 lbs. of seed cotton, and save about \$2 on the picking of each bale, besides increasing his crop from say 20 to 25 bales?

IT PAYS TO PLANT THE BEST COTTON SEED!!

That Genuine

PURE MEBANE COTTON SEED

That I have been telling you I would get for you direct from Lockhart, Texas,

HAS ARRIVED

Why

Wait till the day before you get ready to plant to come for your seed

COME TODAY!

Fashions and the Household

Handsome Georgette Crape Blouse



There are very handsome spring models for the separate blouses, as will be seen by the illustration. The material used is the very popular Georgette crape, in this case in a deep cream color. Clusters of very fine pin tucks regulate the fullness. A directoire collar and revers open over a vest and high collar of cream colored net tucked and braided. The buttons which effect the closing are covered with the material.

SILK LEADS IN FAVOR.

Though Cotton Is Talked About, Other New Ones Have Bright Flower, Which Fabric Is Prominent.

While the attention is centered upon date woman. All dresses intended for afternoon functions are made of silk. Delicate voiles or ottomans, soft taffetas, silk velvets and wool velours are all used in developing these dressy frocks. Distinctive effects may be obtained by combining these materials with gold embroidered chiffon, jet or

rials, such as silk and fine cottons, in black, black on brown terested in these hard times, a dance considered the correct thing.

THE FASHIONABLE VEIL.

Will Come Over One Cheek.

One of the new veils, of the volumicotton, one must not lose sight of nous sort, has a small embroidered silks. They occupy a very prominent flower in bright color placed so that it place in the wardrobe of the up to will come over one cheek. Another big veil is unusually voluminous and is a big, irregular circle, with a circumference of almost three yards. It is thrown over the hat so that the center of the veil and the center of the hat crown coincide and the wide edges hang unevenly down over the arms and back and chest. This sort of veil is edged with two narrow bias folds of To go back to the less costly mate- silk of a contrasting shade-white on

New crocheted scarfs are being done frock of bordered organdie, taffeta silk, with irregular patterns which suggest striped voile or cotton crape is now the art nouveau designs that come

SHORT COATS THE GO.

Long Garments of Winter Superseded In Favor.

As was expected, the pendulum of fashion has swung back to the short coats for spring. This was looked for after the vogue of the long coats of winter. However, the long coat is not entirely invisible, as some of the new linen suits have coats which are long. but only in points, the edge of the coats being uneven in length.

Some of the smart suits have the coat in Eton effect-that is, reaching only to the waist line. Other suits have coats which extend several inches below the waist, the lower section of these made to flare.

The Norfolk style, somewhat modified, and the short waisted style are very much in evidence in the spring

The military influence is noticed in many of the new coat suits.

While there are two distinct types of suits the strictly tailor made and semitailored, there is a preference for the simple tailored suits for early spring. Authorities have given two reasons for this tendency. One is the fact that military styles call for severe lines; the other is the fact that American women like the strictly tailored suit, and so long as they are made by American tailors they are sure to have the plain tailored lines.

SILK STOCKINGS.

Lengthen the Life of Your Hose by Good Care.

With a little care and attention silk stockings may be made to wear two and even three months. If before wearing they are washed through lukewarm water they become more glossy and also strengthened, as silk takes very kindly to water.

After each wearing, also, the stockings should be washed in lukewarm water and white soap.

If the stockings are white, they should be put in a dark room to dry. Never dry white or colored stockings in all white silks in a dark closet to dry. This will absolutely keep them from yellowing. The use of hot water, according to those who know, is prohibited in the washing of silks. Also avoid rubbing.

And now as to the wearing of silk stockings. They absolutely must not be worn tight. If the stocking is pulled to its full length and caught at the hem there will be few, if any, 'runners" occurring within a reasonable time. Wear your stockings comfortably, not too loose or too tight. One extreme is as bad as the other A stocking with a lisle top and foot

will wear better than an all silk one

Don't forget that children, like plants, suffer seriously from want of sunlight.

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teen years of age, by the way.' death of first her father and a few months later her mother, found herself responsible for the support of herself and several brothers and sisters very much younger than herself. What should she do to feed and clothe her little ones? She had shown some talent in private theatricals for histrionics and had been told that she would achieve success on the stage. An old friend of her mother offered to advance a certain sum by which she might receive some education as an actress, and Helen availed herself of it, taking lessons of an elocutionist.

Her instructor did not encourage her. He told her that her enunciation was peculiar to herself and that it was unattractive. As for her action, especially her facial expression, it was all that could be desired. But she could not hope to please with that alone, and her enunciation would so repel an audience that her valuable qualities would not be appreciated.

Helen's friends told her that this was rubbish. She had pleased private audiences and she would with the same gifts please the public. Helen believed them because she preferred to believe them. She did not know that intimate friends, even if competent critics, will seldom give an unbiased criticism. As for professional critics, while they may judge as to what is artistic, when it comes to judging what the public will fancy they are as much at sea as any one else.

Helen, encouraged by her friends, persevered. After a hasty preparation she attempted, with the assistance of friends, to get an engagement. She was offered parts in which she would have but a few words to say, but she felt that they would give her no opportunity to show what she could do, and she pushed on for something better. the sun. The Japanese are said to put | Finally, at the earnest solicitation of a friend, she was given a trial. It was arranged that she should understudy for a part that would test her powers, and the person whom she was understudying agreed to give way to her as soon as she was ready to make the

> In due time she appeared in the role she had been preparing for. She made a dismal failure. She felt her part, acted her part, but she could not speak her part. As her preceptor had warned her, her enunciation spoiled the whole.

> 'What shall I do?" she moaned. have spent the money furnished me to study and have failed.'

"I have heard," said her instructor, "that these men who show moving is done, while her competitors on the photographs are beginning to give little stage are obliged to work on for every plays. If you are in need of money cent they receive.

ELEN WARFIELD when nine- | you might make something in that

Helen's heart sank within her. What-give up her dreams of having her name posted in enormous letters as a famous actress, to be photographed for a ten cent show! Horrible! Nevertheless, going home to a lot of hungry children, with nothing to buy food for them, sent her the next day to a studio where a picture play was just beginning to be made ready for presentation to the public. Although the manager had no experience at that early date in producing such plays, it occurred to him that the chief feature in them was the acting, especially the facial expression. Beauty was also an advantage, and Helen was comely.

"Let me see you look like a thief caught red handed," he said. Helen obeyed.

"Good! Now laugh. Good again! Look at me with haughty contempt. Excellent! You are condemned to death. You are an innocent girl listening to the first words of love. That will do. You have the power of expressing by your face what you feel. In your case words are not needed.

What salary do you expect?" "Whatever you choose to pay." "I will start you at \$25 a week, but I am sure you will soon be worth more

than that." Helen was surprised. How easy was the getting of this situation compared with her efforts to secure a trial at which she had failed! The manager advanced a week's salary, anxious to bind the bargain and fearing some other manager would get her away from

He gave her a part in the play that he was about making photographs for, and it was at once evident that she would make a great success. And she

Helen Warfield within a few months was receiving \$100 a week and is now a prime movie favorite. She has seen the day when famous actors and actresses are proud to perform by photograph. She has a genius for interpreting humanity by expression, though she has no gift whatever for rendering it in speech. The plays selected for her are such as may be rendered in this way. She has acted the title role in some of the famous plays, but they are those in which the strength lies in the acting rather than the speech.

It is needless to add that Helen Warfield is making money, and feeding, clothing and educating her charges is a very simple matter. When she has acted her parts sufficiently to be photographed successfully in them her work

A Place For the Boys and Girls

WHO CAN DRIVE NAILS BEST? "BE PREPARED," IS THE SCOUT MOTTO

Have a Contest and Try Out the Skill of Your Friends.

For each contestant provide a hammer, a block of wood and a supply of eightpenny or tenpenny nails. When all contestants are ready give the signal for the nail driving to begin. The object is to drive in the nails in the shortest possible time, and the first one to drive home ten nails is the win- and he should be prepared for what ner. The head of the nail must be ever opportunity presents itself. A flush with the surface of the wood before it is considered in. This contest who later became a millionaire, who may be for either men or women, or for both. Any number may enter, but too many contestants scatter the attention. Usually most fun results with three contestants from each side. For those who are not expert soft wood may be provided, while hard, seasoned wood and long nails will tax the skill of the most experienced. This game, by the way, will almost certainly dispel the superstition that women cannot drive nails straight. Variation may be secured by having contests for boys, girls, married women, and so on. -Country Gentleman.

Spanish Boys' Game.

Spanish lads have a game which they call "hobbybull," and it has something on the American kiddies' hobbyhorse, according to those who have seen it. The boys of Malaga and other Spanish cities find an immense amount of excitement and amusement in mock encounters with the hobbybull, which is merely a framework mounted on wooden wheels and has a pair of horns lashed to its forward end. Armed with a scarlet cloth, one of the boys ilfuriates the hobbybull, while another operates the "animal."

Why is a dog's tail like the heart of

How One Boy Became a Millionaire by Grasping an Opportunity When He Saw It.

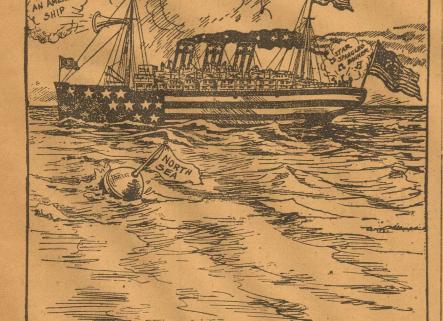
The scout's motto is "Be prepared," Chicago scout master tells of a boy began his career by taking advantage of an opportunity that came to him as he was passing an auction shop. He saw several boxes of a kind of soap which his mother was accustomed to buy from the family grocer. Hastening to the grocery store, he asked the price of the soap. "Twelve cents a pound," was the reply. On being pressed for a lower figure, the shopkeeper remarked in a bantering tone that he would buy all that the boy could bring to the store at 9 cents a pound. The boy hurried back to the auction and bought the soap at 6 cents a pound. It was in this way that he made his first money in trade and laid the foundation of his fortune.

Game of Elements.

All seated around the room, one of the company holds in his hand a soft ball, to which should be fastened a string, so that it may be easily drawn back again. Sometimes a ball of worsted is used, with a yard or two left unwound. The holder of the ball then throws it to one person and this to another, naming at the same time one of the elements (fire, air, earth, water), and each player as the ball touches him must before ten is counted mention a quality of that element. a tree? Because it is farthest from the | Should any one speak when fire is mentioned he is out of the game.



Photo by American Press Association. Little German Boy Scout In a Real Uniform Like His Father Wears.



Paint Them Like This

-Wisconsin State Journal.

- J. W. Young, a leading citizen friends.
- J. R. McArthur, of Tap, was in town one day this week and reported that he intended to begin planting his crops this week. On account of continued rains crop plant-
- C. M. Buchanan, an old timer and for which we extend our sincere thanks and will do our best to worth in the course of a year.
- C. L. Hamilton, of Anson, was in Spur this week looking after his property interests here. He had his name added to our subscription list. Rapidly and substantially the list of Texas Spur readers is growthe "honor roll."

Spur Saturday of last week and and greeting friends. spent some time here on business. Mrs. W. R. Stafford and daughter, Miss Gladys, returned with him and spent several days in Afton with Mr. and Mrs. Hale.

prominent citizens of Dickens, had her mother and other relatives in business in Spur this week

Jim Thompson was a very pleas and prosperous farmer of the Afton ant caller at the Texas Spur office country, was in Spur this week and this week. Jim Thompson is not while here was a very pleasant call- only a fine printer but one among and while here called around and eral hours here greeting friends. er at the Texas Spur office. Mr. the best men we know following had his name added to our growing Young is not only a substantial cit- that trade. We are glad to know subscription list. During the past izen but is one of the most prosper- that he will again be a citizen of ous farmers of the country and we Dickens county, he having secured names to our subscription list, and are glad to number him among our employment from County Clerk | every one of which we appreciate Crawford Cobb who, we understand, will also engage in the printing business in connection with his official position.

Pitchfork Ranch, were in Spur Dickens county. ing has been somewhat delayed. Thursday. Mrs. Bryant and little However, bumper crop prospects child left on the afternoon train for have been enhanced. Come to Mineral Wells where she will re-Dickens county and the great Spur main on an extended visit with relatives and friends of that city.

Judge E. J. Cowan, who has been and one of the most substantial spending some time in Mart, Austin citizens of Dickens county, was in and other cities of the eastern part Spur this week and while here of the state, returned this week to handed us a dollar for this paper, Spur and is again greeting his friends here.

Judge Blaine Speer and wife, of give him more than his money's Dickens, were in Spur Thurnday. Mrs. Speer left on the afternoon train for Peacock where she will and friends.

Leonard Joplin came down this week from Roaring Springs and spent several days in Spur with his ing. Tell your neighbor to get on parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Joplin.

Billy Stovall came over from Otho L. Hale, a leading citizen Dickens one day this week, and and business man of Afton, was in spent some time here on business

> Witt Springer made a business trip this week to Jayton and other points down the Stamford & Northwestern railway.

Mrs. J. E. Morris returned this A. S. Jackson, one of the most week from a visit of several days to

NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

E. R. Rogers, a prominent citizen of Dickens, was in Spur this week southeast of town and spent sevtwo weeks we have added many new and which encourages and assists Dickens county. Again we say that we want to include on our list W. H. Bryant and wife, of the the name of every good man in family.

DOG NOTICE.

All parties within the corporate limits of the City of Spur who desire to protect their dogs are warned to pay the necessary dog tax and secure tags before the 1st day of May, 1915. All dogs not properly tagged after that date will be killed. -G. L. Barber, City Marshall.

J. Anderson Davis was in the city one day this week from his farm home northeast of Spur and hauled out lumber and material zen of near Spur, was among with which to build hog pens, he the number of visitors in town spend some time visiting relatives stated that he would try the hog Monday. business in connection with his farming business, with a view of increasing his income.

> Jess Norris, a leading citizen, Monday. ranchman and merchant of Wake, was in Spur last week on business friends. He reports his section of the country in the very finest shape with respect to both farming and cattle interests.

Frank Hastings, wife and two childrenr, eturned last week to their home in Stamford after spending some time in Spur. The two children underwent operations at the Standifer Hospital.

I. E. Counts has our sincere thanks this week for three big, silver dollars on subscription. It is just such subscribers who make it possible for a newspaper man to live and publish a paper.

itorium the Music and Expression ent at 2:30 o'clock.

Miss Creola Richburg, Messrs. appear in "Her Superior Intelligence" April 30, 8:15 p. m. H. S. Auditorium. Come!!

Music and Expression recital Friday afternoon at H. S. Auditorium complimentary to friends and patrons. April 30 2:30 o'clock. 25-2

H. C. Draper, a successful and prosperous farmer of several miles west of Spur, was among the number of business visitors in town this

T. H. Gilmore was in town recently from the Spur ranch headquarters and spent some time here greeting his many friends.

Best comedy ever presented! "The Mouse Trap" and "Her Superior Intelligence." April 30th. 8:30 p. m. Admission 15 and 25c.

The little five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Car, of the Steel Hill country, is reported very sick this week of pneumonia.

J. C. Davis came in this week from his ranch home north of Afton and spent some time here on busi-

Wanted to Buy a good, secondhand wagon. See Dr. Standifer at the Standifer Hospital.

W. T. Lovell came in last week from the Draper country and spent some time in Spur on business.

Mat Howell, of the Cat Fish country, was in Spur this week on

April 30th for an evening of fun. 15 and 25c.

W. F. Walker came in Monday

Lost. - Baby's cloak, white, cream lace around collar. Finder return to Texas Spur office and get reward.

J. V. McCormick and family, Sunday in Spur visiting Mrs. A. T. Odeneal and J. W. Reams and

about town this week on crutches that section again this year. as the result of injuries sustained in falling from a step-ladder.

has a position.

- J. W. Johnson, of a mile or two call. east of Spur, was among the number of business visitors here ly for an extended visit to remain Monday.
- J. L. Curry, a prominent citi-
- S. P. Odam, of several miles south of Spur, was among the number of business visitors here

Jno. C. Stephens was in the city Monday from the Tap counand spent some time here greeting try and spent several hours here on business.

W. F. Cathey was among the number of visitors in the city Monday from the surrounding country.

Hamp Collett came in Saturday spent some time here on busi-

W. F. Shugart came in Monday from his home east of Spur and spent some time here on

days of this week in Dallas vis-Friday, April 30, at School Aud- iting his brother of that city.

classes will render an afternoon pro- city Monday from their homes and while here was a very pleasant gram. You are invited to be pres- eight or nine miles west of Spur. caller at the Texas Spur office.

Ovid Conner, of the Lee counfrom his farm home two miles ty settlement on the plains, was in Spur Tuesday and while here was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office. Mr. Conner came to this country three years ago from Indiana and is now considered one of our most substantial citizens.

Wyatt Taylor was in town us in publishing a better paper for of Afton, spent Saturday and Tuesday from his Lake Home farm on the plains. He reports everything in good shape and prospects continue the verv C. A. Bobo has been going brightest for bumper crops in

> J. H. Sparks, an old ex-Confederate Soldier and one of the Neil Holman, who has been most prominent citizens of the spending some time in Spur, left Tap country, was in Spur Tuesthis week for Amarillo where he day and while here paid the Texas Spur office a very pleasant

> > Mrs. Murray left Spur recenttives at Rotan, Hermleigh, R and other points before returning to Spur.

> > Mrs. Witt Springer, of Aspermont, spent Saturday and Sunday in Spur with E. F. Springer and family and Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Rogers.

> > Mr. Pearson, of Waco, who will have charge of the Miller Lumber Company at Jayton, spent several days of this week in

Mebane Cottonseed for sale at 65 cents a bushel, from first year's planting in this country -J. L. Karr at Old Espeula. 24 2tp.

Bill McArthur was in town this from his home north of Spur and week from his home in the Tap country.

> Jeff D. Harkey and son, Earl Harkey, were in Spur one day this week on business.

W. F. Foreman, a prominent citizen and farmer of several miles Clif Lovelace spent several north of Spur, was among the visitors to town this week.

T. S. Lambert was in town Jeff and Jim Smith were in the Thursday from the Tap country

The War in Europe is Making the Prices High on Necessaries of Life MY PRICES ARE ABOUT THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR

I Sell as Cheap, and Many Things Cheaper

Than You can Buy Elsewhere.

CHAS. JAYE, DICKENS, TEX.

THE SPUR HOTEL

F. R. HARRINGTON, Prop.

We serve the Best Meals, Have the cleanest and Best Beds, and solicit the patronage of the public with the understanding that in every instance we give value received for your money.

We Have Just Received a Full and Complete Line of

SYI VANIA & FIRESTONE TIRES

Tubes & Automobile Supplies

GAS STATION AND FREE AIR

Fill Your Tires at Our Station

We also carry a full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Implements, Vehicles, Leather Goods, Pipe and Pipe Fittings, Windmills and Tanks

Tin Shop in Connection

WE EARNESTLY SOLICIT AND APPRECIATE YOUR BUSINESS

RITER HARDWARE

We have what you want in the sporting goods line

Our sporting goods will "make a hit" with you We have all the proper curves on the kinds you want. But we give you a SRTAIGHT DEAL on our sporting goods and everything else you buy at our drug store.

Red Front Drug Store

We give you what you ASK for.