

BRITISH TROOPS TAKE GUARDIA

Churchill Conferring With Canadian Chief; To Meet Roosevelt

QUEBEC, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Within the ancient battlements of an obsolete fortress, the prime ministers of Britain and Canada surveyed today the heartening success of Allied troops at the Axis and the strategy needed to expand them into assaults designed to attain a total victory.

London Expects Allied Victory Drive This Year

LONDON, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Prime Minister Churchill's journey across the Atlantic for his 25th wartime meeting with President Roosevelt stirred spontaneous and optimistic talk in London today of a "victory this year" assault on Europe.

Virtually unanimous agreement was expressed on all sides that the Allied chiefs were getting together to lay final plans for the grand offensive in theaters of war other than the Mediterranean where overwhelming Allied military might has already asserted itself.

The presence of Britain's top-flight military men with Churchill in Quebec led to one conclusion—that United States, British and Dominion forces would soon be storming the European continent from many directions in fulfillment of Churchill's own prediction of a combined action before winter.

The absence of Premier Joseph Stalin was noted by most commentators. Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden's newspaper, the Yorkshire Post, said, however, it was understood that he had been invited but was unable to attend. The Post added that Stalin was being informed of developments "almost hourly."

Declaring that the problems facing Churchill and Roosevelt are more than just military, the Post asserted, "the hour is at hand when it will be imperative for the United Nations to pursue a united course not only with regard to military operations but equally with regard to the political and economic spheres."

"It could hardly be expected that Marshall Stalin would be able to travel to Montreal or Washington at the present time; but it is nonetheless important that all steps be taken to secure a far-reaching agreement with Soviet Russia on these wider problems of war-winning and peace-making."

The attention given to the political side of the war was noted by the Post.

Baby Kidnaper Claims Pearl Harbor Injuries

ALBANY, Ore., Aug. 11.—(AP)—Police asked federal officers today to investigate the Pearl Harbor background of Mrs. Catherine Wright, the 26-year-old army wife they accuse of abducting baby Judith Gurney from a hospital crib last week.

Mrs. Wright, charged with child-stealing, is held under \$5000 bond in the Linn county jail. Her husband, Sgt. Jesse Wright of Camp Adair, Ore., is held as a material witness.

Police asked federal authorities specifically to check Mrs. Wright's story that she suffered numerous injuries, including three shrapnel wounds in the head, in the Pearl Harbor raid. She said she was working in an army administration building at the time.

District Attorney Harlow Weirick said the woman had lost a child in a birth a number of years ago, and, longing for a baby, had posed as an expectant mother for months before she abducted the 10-day-old gurney girl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Gurney.

A physical examination proved she had not borne a child recently, the district attorney said.

I SAW . . . A gift sent by that unconstructed Republican, Ray F. Barnes, former general manager of this newspaper, now publisher of the Elwood, Ind. Call-Leader, to an unconstructed Pampa Democrat. The gift was brought to Pampa by Wayne Phelps, former advertising manager of this newspaper, who has been at Bucyrus, Ohio, as manager of the newspaper there. It was a drinking glass, souvenir of Wendell L. Wilkie's acceptance speech of the Republican nomination for president, August 17, 1940, at Elwood, Ind.

Collective Farms in U. S. Flayed

LOS ANGELES, August 11.—(AP)—A four-man congressional committee named to investigate the Farm Security Administration declares it has found thousands of collective farms have been established in various states.

War Far From Won, Worley Tells Pampans

Worley was introduced by Frank M. Cullerson, who was master of ceremonies. Music on the program was by a band directed by Ray Robbins.

Worley's visit here was sponsored by the Pampa post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, who gave a supper in his honor at the Schneider hotel, preceding the congressman's trip to Pampa Field, where he saw a gas demonstration staged for the benefit of Company D, 14th battalion, Texas State guard.

The congressman will visit 14 towns in the next 10 days. Today, he was guest of the Rotary club at noon, made a trip through the ordinary division of the Coast companies west of Pampa, then went to Borger to see the rubber plant there this afternoon and for an outdoor meeting and barbecue in Borger tonight.

The remainder of his itinerary: Panhandle, Thursday night; Meador, Friday night; Clarendon, Saturday afternoon; Childs, Saturday night; Farwell and Friona, Tuesday.

Removal of Concrete From Normandie Near

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—(AP)—The former French liner Normandie tilted at an angle of 38.8 degrees at 9 a. m. today, the smallest degree of list since righting operations began.

Captain Bernard E. Manseau, the navy's supervisor of salvage operations, said that when the vessel reached an angle of 37 degrees raising operations would be suspended temporarily to allow removal of tons of concrete which were poured into the ship in the early stages of repair work. Already derricks were being used to remove parts of the superstructure.

The ship was a 73-degree list when mired in the Hudson river mud.

199 Jap Planes Downed in 10 Days

WASHINGTON, August 11.—(AP)—The navy boasted by 52 planes today the number of Japanese aircraft destroyed during the first 10 days of the present offensive in the Central Solomon Islands. The aggregate was raised from 147 to 199 Japanese planes shot down by United States air forces and anti-aircraft units.

The American fliers lost 34 planes but 16 pilots were rescued and the ratio of losses stood at approximately 6 to 1.

"That the attrition inflicted on the Japanese must have surprised them was indicated by the reduced intensity of the enemy air effort after the first four or five days of the offensive and the appearance in the air battles of newly aircraft types which were decidedly inferior to the war planes theretofore encountered by the American pilots," the navy report said.

WEATHER FORECAST Little temperature change this afternoon, tonight and Thursday forenoon.

6 a. m. Today 72  
7 a. m. 71  
8 a. m. 71  
9 a. m. 71  
10 a. m. 71  
11 a. m. 71  
12 Noon 71  
Yesterday's maximum 86  
Yesterday's minimum 57

Big Post-War Crime Wave Is Foreseen

DETROIT, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Col. Homer Garrison of the Texas department of public safety today forecast a gloomy picture for America after the war unless resistance of millions of individuals is channeled into a gigantic effort to stave off crime.

Public Help Asked In Sanitary Drive

Answering citizens who complain of alleged unsanitary conditions in general and alleged unhealthful conditions in places where food is sold, City Manager W. C. deCordova today made a strong plea for Pampans to give full cooperation to the city in seeing that menaces to public health can be removed.

Jones Against Buying Entire Food Supply

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Associate of Food Administrator Marvin Jones said today it may become necessary for the war food administration to buy more commodities to assure farmers ample prices, although they discounted reports that the government planned to buy and re-sell the entire food supply.

Kiska Invasion Believed Near

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The last reported action at Kiska was 12 days ago on July 26 when a naval force shelled defense positions for the eighth time of the month. The day before, a single army Flying Fortress made the 61st air raid of the month on the island.

Filipinos Will Hear Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, August 11.—(AP)—President Roosevelt is preparing a brief address for broadcast to the people of the Philippines next Friday on the 45th anniversary of American occupation of the islands.

TEXAS RANGERS MAP WAR ON CRIME



Six Ranger captains met at Austin with the state director of public safety, Homer Garrison, to plan for combating what Garrison characterized as a crime situation that is "steadily growing worse."

Allies Make Use Of Axis Planes

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, Aug. 11.—(AP)—The Allied air command said today that 999 Axis aircraft had been recovered from captured Sicilian airfields. Included in the booty were 232 Messerschmitt 109's.

War Far From Won, Worley Tells Pampans

"The war isn't over yet and this is no time for complacency" was the theme of a speech by Rep. Eugene Worley of Shamrock, who spoke last night to a crowd gathered in the 200 block on W. Kingsmill street, between the city hall and the court house.

"The first job is to win this war; all else is secondary," the congressman said. He declared this idea dominated congress and that this war was not a conflict in which the civilians had one enemy and the armed forces another, but one in which we are all fighting.

"Our men can't fight if we don't produce the equality of sacrifice," he said. Speaking of equality of sacrifice, he said the men on the fighting fronts and their parents, the mothers and fathers of America's fighting men, were sacrificing equally but that for the rest of us, we were making more money and living better than we ever had before.

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Light Rain Cools Off Pampa Some

A 28-inch rain early today brought relief to Pampans from sweltering temperatures that had ranged up to a maximum of 99 degrees yesterday.

Minimum temperature here Tuesday was 67 degrees. The thermometer was on the rise again today, however, with 86 degrees recorded here noon today.

The shower put the annual rainfall mark up to 8.66-inches, monthly to 42-inches.

RAF Officer, Cadet Killed Near Waco

WACO, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Flying Officer Angus E. Bades, 21, senior officer of the Royal Air Force and an instructor at Waco Army Air Field, and Aviation Cadet Marvin F. Lamphier, of Lake Orion, Mich., a lower class man, were killed yesterday in the crash of their basic training plane nine miles east of here at Hallsburg.

May Is Against Father Service

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Chairman May (D-Ky.) of the house military committee, which initiates legislation dealing with the draft, assumed leadership today of congressional forces bent on forbidding compulsory army service for fathers.

100 Villages Gobbled Up By Russians

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Japs Experiencing 'Bataan in Reverse'

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN THE SOUTHWEST PACIFIC, Aug. 11.—(AP)—Japanese forces with their backs to the sea in the Bairoko area of New Georgia island are confronted with a "Bataan in reverse," front line dispatches said today.

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Today's Best LAFF THE KIDS ALL CALL HIM MILWAUKEE—A 17-year-old recruit enlisted in the army air force with a career all mapped for him in a popular song. His name is Johnny Cero.

### Layette Shower Honors Mrs. Cox

A Layette shower honoring Mrs. Lyndell Cox was given recently in the home of Mrs. W. B. Murphy, 117 N. Gillespie, with Mrs. Raymond Palmister as hostess.

A pink and blue theme was carried out throughout the party decorations with streamers of pink and blue from the chandelier over the refreshment table tied to a large stork which was used as a centerpiece. Pink cake was served with punch.

Guests were: Mrs. Frank Malmiller, Mrs. L. D. Powell, Mrs. Hubert Sisco, Mrs. Neal Sparks, Mrs. Russell Rittenhouse, Mrs. Bell Wells, Mrs. J. W. Swink, Mrs. W. B. Murphy, Mrs. Betty Fisher and Miss Peggy Murphy.

Those sending gifts were: Mrs. E. L. Davis, Mrs. L. S. Gentry, Mrs. M. O. Porter, Mrs. M. C. Cox, Mrs. Vernon Hall, Mrs. Sally Williams and Miss Betty Jo Hilliard.

### Mrs. C. H. Chandler Is Hostess Monday To Royal Neighbors

Royal Neighbors of America met Monday evening at 9 o'clock with Mrs. C. H. Chandler.

Mrs. Fred Chandler was presented with a 25 year service pin by the Oracle, Mrs. G. W. Voyles.

Lemonade and cake was served by the hostess to the following members present: Mrs. G. W. Voyles, Mrs. O. G. Smith, Mrs. Edna King, Mrs. Alla Mae McElrath, Mrs. Fred Fisher, Mrs. Nellie C. Ford, Mrs. C. H. Chandler.

Gifts were given by secret pals.

### BUY VICTORY STAMPS The Social Calendar

**TODAY**  
B. and P. W. Executive Board meets. Order of Rainbow Girls will meet.

**WEDNESDAY**  
W. M. S. of the Central Baptist church will meet at the church at 10 o'clock for a covered dish luncheon.

**THURSDAY**  
Unity H. D. club will meet at 2:30. Rebekah Lodge will meet.

**FRIDAY**  
Garden Club will meet at 2:30 in the city club room.

**MONDAY**  
Ladies Auxiliary will meet. Pythian sister Temple 41 will meet.

**TUESDAY**  
Tuesday Bridge Club will meet. Royal Neighbors will meet.

### Mrs. Ellinor Howell Is Party Honoree Friday In Twitty

Special To The NEWS.  
SHAMROCK, Aug. 10—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lassater of Twitty, entertained with an ice cream supper at their home Friday night.

The affair was given in honor of the two sons and daughter of Mrs. Ellinor Howell who is at home for the first time in many months.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Howell are here from Philadelphia where he recently graduated from the Philco Training School, which is maintained by the U. S. Army Signal Corps. Pvt. Johnnie Howell is stationed at Jefferson Barracks at Saint Louis, Mo., and Mrs. Howell is associated with the Lubbock Army Flying School at Lubbock.

Their daughter, Mrs. S. H. Moorman and children, Betty and Jerry, are from Joaquin, Texas.

Others present were the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Lassater and Billy Bob Lassater.

### Announcement

L. Laimi R. Tommila has extended an invitation to members of the Business and Professional Women's club to attend open-house at the nurses quarters at the Pampa Air base Friday evening.

Members are asked to meet at the Liberty Bus station at 6:30 as open-house will be held from 7 to 9 o'clock.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**  
When completed, the Pan American highway will be the longest road in the world.

**YOU CAN'T BUY ASPIRIN**  
that can do more for you than St. Joseph Aspirin. Why pay more? World's largest seller at 10c. Demand St. Joseph Aspirin.

### If Feet Go on Sit-Down Strike, Wiggle Toes, Go Barefoot Often



NAN WYNN: Gives her feet exercise, air, sunshine.

By ALICIA HART  
NEA Staff Writer

This is the season when feet give you the most trouble. They swell and sting, burn and howl, and refuse to fit shoes they slip into with the greatest of ease when the weather is cool.

And it's no wonder they go on a sit-down strike, when you consider how little chance they have to breathe. All day long they're encased in stockings and shoes, and at night they're tucked under bed covers.

"Try going around barefoot part of the time at home," suggests attractive Nan Wynn, who is soon to be seen in "Right Guy," and make a habit of wiggling your toes for five minutes each day.

These are two simple solutions to the problem of relieving strain and tension in your arches and insteps, and should be a "must" on your list of ways to keep fit, especially now that everyone is doing ever so much more walking and standing.

### To Install Officers At Christian Church



Al Goodrich

Sunday, August 15, Al Goodrich will be in Pampa to install officers of two Christian Endeavor societies in the First Christian church, Pampa.

Next Sunday is also the last day of service for the Associate Pastor, Robert W. Pink, in the First Christian church before he leaves here for a brief vacation in California after which he will attend Phillips University in Enid, Okla.

Chaplain Beauford A. Norris, minister on leave of absence from First Christian church, has been recently transferred to the Pacific region for active duty. His new address is 58 Service Group, A. P. O. 4666, Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.



**By RUTH MILLETT**

Manufacturers are sending their part to make the unsettled life of today's bride easy. They are offering her specially-designed knock-down furniture that can be folded up for shipping whenever her husband is called into service, is ordered to a new post, or goes across the country to take a job in a war plant.

That will help her, certainly. But with every sale of knock-down furniture should go a pamphlet of friendly advice. It might read something like this:

"We've simplified the actual moving process for you. But that is just one of the problems that confronts the girl who marries not to settle down but to follow her husband from post to post or job to job.

"It will be up to you to meet these challenges. The problem of making a real home out of what you know may be temporary quarters. The way to do that is to put the thought of the next move out of your mind, and settle down to living as calmly as though you were going to live in the same place the rest of your life.

**DREAMS WILL COME TRUE**

"The problem of making the best of poor living conditions. Find the most suitable place you can to live, and then make the best of it. Don't keep complaining over the inconveniences or its drabness. Just take it in your stride. There will be plenty of time in later years for getting the house of your dreams.

"The problem of making friends. Don't think you can be as reserved and as slow to make friends as you were back home. Be friendly, gay and unpretentious. The people you meet might not measure up to all the standards you used to judge people by—but don't let that worry you. Accept them for what they are, and enjoy them. Don't feel you have to judge them.

"The problem of giving some stability to home life. Learn to be a competent housekeeper. You'll need to be. Become a good cook. Buy a few things that you and your husband mean to keep all your lives, like silver or a lovely painting."

That is the sort of advice a here-today, somewhere-else-tomorrow bride needs just as much as she needs the moving problem simplified for her.

### Bootlegging Feared If More Sugar Sold

DENVER, August 11—(AP)—Take sugar off the rationing list, add to it current whisky shortage, mix in America's apparently ever-mounting third and you've got a recipe for bootlegging that may outstrip that of prohibition days.

That's the opinion of the alcohol tax unit of the treasury department in Denver, from District Supervisor A. V. Anderson on down. They're officers who matched wits with the illicit distillers when the 18th amendment was in effect and will have to do it again if bootlegging flares up anew.

Right now, unlawful distilling is on a small scale, said J. L. White, investigator, and he wants the public's sugar supply somewhat controlled so bootleggers can't get a lot of it for their mash.

"If we allow sugar to be sold in unrestricted quantities, it will be just what the bootleggers are waiting for," he said today. "This doesn't mean we can't double sugar rations for the average consumer without running a risk of bootlegging, though. As long as some form of rationing is maintained, we've got a safeguard."

When Hitler sprang magnetic mines as a secret weapon, Britain equipped bombers with a hoop device, holding a magnetic coil charged with electricity. The magnetic field created within the ring is sufficient to explode the mines.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

### Sewing Your Own?



8487  
4-14 yrs.

Many school girls these days are making their own frocks! Here's a style to tackle with full confidence—you can see how easy it is to make and how effective it will be to wear.

Pattern No. 8487 is in sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 1/2 yards 35 or 39-inch material.

For these attractive patterns send 15c plus 1c for postage for each in coin, your name, address, pattern numbers and sizes wanted to The Pampa News Today's Pattern Service, 530 South Wells St., Chicago, Ill.

Imagine a pre-view of 102 new patterns, interesting news of colors, fashions and fabrics AND the problems of wartime wardrobe planning thoroughly discussed all in one entertaining publication. That's what you'll find in the new fall issue of "Fashion," out today. Price 25 cents.

### Trio Entertains At Watermelon Party For Beta Sigma Phi

Members and guests of Upsilon chapter of Beta Sigma Phi sorority were entertained at a watermelon party in the city park Monday night when Mrs. C. W. Henry, Mrs. Oscar Hinger, and Miss Zena Gierhart were hostesses.

The event was another in the series of informal social affairs replacing the regular programs during the summer.

Attending were Mrs. Arthur M. Teed and Mrs. Raymond W. Harrah, sponsors; Mrs. W. C. Gaskins, Mrs. Kermit Lawson, Mrs. C. A. Vaughn, Mrs. Fred Thompson, Mrs. Jeff Bearden, Mrs. W. B. Weathered, Mrs. Oscar Hinger, Mrs. C. W. Henry, Mrs. Jack Stroup of Oxnard, Calif., Mrs. Carl Gobler of Houston; Mrs. Gerdis Schmidt of San Francisco, California.

Miss Margaret Tignor, Miss Katherine Ward, Miss Ernestine Francis, Miss Zena Gierhart, Miss Dorothy Jo Taylor, and Miss Johnnie Davis.

### Yearbooks For PEO Are Received By Canadian Chapter 1

Special To The NEWS.  
CANADA, Aug. 10—The PEO Sisterhood of Chapter 1 of Canadian had their yearbooks for the 1943-1944 club season ready for distribution to members.

The books are printed on white paper with yellow cardboard covers. The books are bound in white and white. The date of organization of the National PEO group is given as January 21, 1869, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa. The local chapter which was the ninth in the state of Texas was organized December 18, 1922. Mrs. Ed D. Jones is the first president.

The PEO has 25 members in Canadian and six who live elsewhere, the latter are Maude Johnson of San Antonio, Mrs. Dale Nix of California, Miss Bess Simpson of Fort Worth, Mrs. Clara Goble of Hardisty, Okla., Miss Christine Stone of the W.A.C.s, Washington, D. C., and Mrs. T. J. Wright of Pampa.

Each member will have a special topic for individual roll call response at meeting the coming year. These topics, from current events, gardening hints, fashions in flowers, famous mothers, religious leaders, laws every woman should know to life under the sea, and miscellany.

The president, Mrs. W. D. Fisher, will be the opening speaker. When everyone will respond to roll call with something about their vacation. Following that, the by-laws of the Texas PEO will be studied.

The year's calendar includes the study of the history of the nations of the world such as Winston Churchill, Chiang Kai-shek, Stalin, Mussolini, Gandhi, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Adolf Hitler, Pierce Laval, DeGaulle. Also some of the more important military leaders are General Douglas MacArthur, Goering, Gobbels, Ribbentrop, and some of the Japanese leaders.

The program committee members, Mrs. E. H. Snyder, Mrs. John H. Jones, Mrs. Preston Hutton, and Mrs. P. D. Teas, the first named the chairman.

The educational committee consist of Mrs. Wiley Wright, Mrs. E. J. Cussens, Mrs. Jamie Spiller, and Mrs. Frank Stone. Those on the entertainment committee are Mrs. Dan Whit, Mrs. Calvin Isaacs, Mrs. W. J. Todd, Mrs. John Payne, Mrs. Carl Studer. War work committee, Mrs. Marion Karr, Mrs. Clyde Pinson, Mrs. George Carver, and Miss Vera Tepe.

Officers are Mrs. W. D. Fisher, president; Mrs. George Mathers, vice president; Mrs. John Payne, recording secretary; Mrs. W. J. Todd, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Wiley Wright, treasurer; Mrs. Malouit Abraham, chaplain; Mrs. Jamie Spiller, guard; Mrs. R. H. Stone, historian; and Mrs. E. J. Cussens, parliamentarian.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

### Governor Appoints Good Neighbor Group

AUSTIN, Aug. 11—(AP)—Governor Coke B. Stevenson has appointed a six-member, good neighbor commission to promote relations—especially human associations—between Texas and Mexico.

Serving on the new commission, named to further the governor's renewed policy of bettering inter-American affairs are: Dorrance Roderick, publisher of the El Paso Times.

Mathias de Llano, president of the Laredo chamber of commerce.

R. E. Smith of Houston, regional director of the office of civilian defense.

Horace Guerra, Rio Grande City ranchman.

Oscar Dancy, county judge of Cameron county.

Andres Rivera, San Antonio businessman and banker.

The commission, which probably will hold its first meeting this month, will act as a clearing house for all Latin-American activities in the state.

One of its functions will be to report on situations unfriendly to Latin-Americans, determine the truth of the circumstances and seek satisfactory adjustments.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

ODT emphasizes that truck and bus operators should have worn parts rebuilt before they reach the point where crystallization sets in, with resultant metal fatigue and breakage.

The War Department has re-issued that in January-February, 1943, 28,000 Army trucks and 5,000 trucks were completed, and in February alone 7,800 weapon-bearing combat vehicles came off the assembly line.

### Chinese Fired on by Jap Plane Studies to Be Bombardier in States So He Can Attack Tokyo



THE top of the coat is white crepe and everything else is velvet in this striking black and white hostess and dinner pajama ensemble, modeled in Hollywood by comely Muriel Roberts.

### 5,100 Soldiers Will Aid Dakota Harvest

OMAHA, Aug. 11—(AP)—A total of 5,100 soldiers from army installations in seven states are being sent into North Dakota to help in the harvest field, seventh service command headquarters announced.

The troops, under the command of Col. J. Schmidt, commander of district No. 1 of the seventh service command, represent all elements of the army—1,750 from the air forces, 3,250 from the ground forces, and 100 from the service forces. In addition Camp Maxey, Texas, is providing a medical detachment of 100 men.

Farmers will pay the troops prevailing wage rates, the command said.

"The troops will not be allowed to stay longer than 20 days after they arrive at work locations."

### Wac Has Good Alibi For Showing up Late

DALLAS, August 11—(AP)—Mrs. Mary Lee Nystrom reported here yesterday for active duty in the Women's Army Corps 15 minutes late, but she had some good excuses.

She received her orders for active duty while on vacation in Mexico City. To be in Dallas on time, she took a plane back to the border where she had left her automobile.

The plane came down with engine trouble at Monterrey. She took a bus—the bus was two hours late.

She picked up her automobile at Laredo and started north. Fifteen miles south of San Antonio she had a blowout. There was no spare tire so she rode into San Antonio behind a wrecker and caught a train.

The train was late getting to Fort Worth, Mrs. Nystrom's home town. She caught a bus to Dallas and the bus ran out of gasoline 10 miles from Dallas.

Mrs. Nystrom hitchhiked the rest of the way.

### 50,000 Believed Killed in Hamburg

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, August 11—(AP)—The record bombing of Hamburg by the Allies destroyed 11 of the city's 40 districts and is believed to have killed at least 50,000 persons, reports reaching Sweden said today.

The chief editor of the Hamburg newspaper Tageblatt told foreign correspondents in Berlin that the city was only "partly alive."

He described the bombardments as "so terrific nothing can compare with them in the world's history."

He declared that the "mind of the Hamburg population is unchanged despite the suffering."

Bodies of birds, first killed by electrocution, are fired at aircraft windshields in tests devised to discover a windshield that will protect pilots against collisions with birds—the cause of many airplane injuries.

### LAST TIMES TODAY WILLIAM SAROYAN'S HUMAN COMEDY Starring MICKEY ROONEY with FRANK MORGAN Produced and Directed by CLARENCE BROWN

Our Box Office Opens At 2:00 35c - 40c Lanora 9c

### NERVOUS, RESTLESS HIGH-STRUNG, BLUE FEELINGS

On "Certain Days" Of The Month?

Do functional periodic disturbances make you feel nervous, irritable, cranky, fidgety, tired and "draggled"—at such times?

Then start at once—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound is made especially for women. Taken regularly—it helps build up resistance against such distress. Thousands upon thousands of women have reported benefits. A grand thing about Pinkham's Compound is that it contains no harmful opiates. It is made from nature's own roots and herbs (plus Vitamin B.). Here's a product that HELPS NATURE and HER'S the kind to buy! Also a fine stomachic tonic! Follow label directions. Worth trying.

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

### Gasoline Complaints Ignored Unless Names Signed on Letters

Self-appointed investigators are still turning in their reports of alleged B and C gasoline rationing violations to the county rationing board.

The board's cooperative "volunteer assistants" are providing the board with a lot of allegations on ways the gasoline rationing order is being broken by motorists who use B and C privileges to take vacation trips.

Also, the "assistants" are turning in a lot of names, but as they did a week ago, the investigators remain secret operators and won't back up their charges with their own signatures.

Just as he said a week ago, Walter J. Daugherty, chief clerk, said the communications from "X" would continue to be filed under "X"—the nearest wastepaper basket.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**  
Too tight an adjustment on the differential of your car may cause a humming noise.

**TODAY and THURSDAY**  
DONALD O'CONNOR  
ALAN JONES—JANE FRAZEE  
In  
"WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME"  
22c - 9c  
CROWN OPEN 6:00 P. M.

**TODAY and THURSDAY**  
MELVIN DOUGLAS  
ANN SOUTHERN In  
"THREE HEARTS FOR JULIE"  
22c - 9c  
STATE OPEN 6:00 P. M.

**Wednesdays & Thursdays Are One Cent Days!**

**HYSTERIA REPEATS ITSELF!**

Clare Boothe Luce's "MARGIN FOR ERROR" (Twice as funny on the screen!)

JOAN BENNETT MILTON BERLE OTTO PREMINGER

2 ADULTS 29c  
2 CHILDREN 10c  
REX TODAY and THURS.

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WITH AN OUTSTANDING 'NAME' IN EVERY ROLE!

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"Switch and Save" SALE! Modess SANITARY NAPKINS 3 DOZEN IN SPECIAL SALE PACK 59¢ Limited Quantities

Here's my bargain chance to switch to better protection—Modess is Safer! Nurses proved Modess less likely to "strike through."

Now I'll get extra comfort—and save money, too! Modess is Softer! It's made with a special soft-pony filler—real comfort for busy war days.

What a break—to get softer, softer Modess at 3 boxes for 59¢!

Modess is the Buy! A real bargain—a month's supply—1 shopping trip!

YOU'LL SAVE OVER 10% IF YOU HURRY!  
Regular price 1 box of 12 . . . . . 23¢  
3 Boxes (on special sale pack only) . . . . . 59¢ Limited Quantities.

# MacArthur May Push West, Says Military Expert

By GEORGE W. WARNECKE  
(Institute of Pacific Relations  
Author)

An entirely new turn in the Pacific war is forecast by competent military observers in Washington. When Rabaul falls, as is expected in the not too distant future, General MacArthur will not jump north to the isolated fortress of Truk, according to these experts. Instead he will probably push west a thousand miles along the northern coast of New Guinea, thereby gaining a springboard connected by short hops with the Dutch East Indies and the Philippines.

Such a development would graphically illustrate the Southwest Pacific Commander's thesis that island warfare should be regarded chiefly as an air and land idea of seizing these scattered tracts by the primary use of warships and carrier-borne aircraft, in long ocean leaps. The MacArthur plan means charting our forward drive to Tokyo along a route which will permit the continuous employment of land-based aviation. That is to say, progress is being made in finding a string of islands close enough together to enable nonstop movement. This requirement is fulfilled only by the unique location of New Guinea.

Our South Sea front line, as it has existed for more than a year, with immediate contact between the belligerents—is being liquidated. When the foe is blown out of eastern New Guinea and the Bismarck and Solomon groups, he will have been forced back northward across a wide stretch of open water, devoid of stepping-stones.

Truk, the Rising Sun counterpart of Pearl Harbor, lies eight hundred miles north of Rabaul, the enemy's citadel in the Bismarck Archipelago. This span is beyond the range of effective land-based air bombardment and is too far for use of motorboats—the weapons on which General MacArthur relies to soften up his objectives.

Four separate sectors hitherto the Pacific theatre has consisted of four separate geographic sectors.

1. The weather-snarled Aleutians and Kuriles, which could provide a northern route to Tokyo in the opinion of some authorities.

2. An immense blue water area in the upper Pacific, with distances of one thousand to three thousand miles between ocean hedghogs, whether our own or the enemy's. These pin points include Hawaii and Midway (U. S. A.), and Thuk, Guam, Bonin, Wake and the Marshall group (all Japanese held).

3. A compact cluster below the equator including New Guinea, the Bismarcks and the Solomons. By seizing the northern portion of this network in their original cakewalk

# Passing the Bombs in the South Pacific



Munda-bound, or possibly headed for another Jap base in the Pacific, these 500-pound bombs are loaded with assembly-line precision into a Grumman TBF Avenger at Henderson Field, Guadalcanal.

Last year the Japanese gained a jumping-off place for short flights all the way to Australia and New Zealand. The specific purpose of General MacArthur's current campaign is to lift finally this menace from the Aztec countries.

4. The Dutch East Indies and Malaya, which comprise the oil, tin and rubber treasure house of Hirohito's swollen empire. On the map they seem to sprawl within a bayonet jab of General MacArthur's continental base. But the Timor Sea is actually six hundred miles wide at the narrowest point. Moreover the barren northern coastline of Australia restricts both antiaircraft. Since Java fell, action in this great section has been limited to long-distance bombing, mostly toward or from Darwin.

Once Rabul is captured the present Southwest sector disappears. The blue water "no man's land" of the upper Pacific will then stretch from Hawaii through Truk to the beaches of New Guinea.

But the vast jungle-clad island, the second largest in the world, will provide an extended front between the United Nations and the Nipponese.

General MacArthur's tactics will consist of infiltration similar to the procedure adopted by Tokyo's troops when they originally slid down the long Malay Peninsula through dense jungles to Singapore. United States and Australian soldiers, marines and airmen have better

the Bushido pattern, however.

MacArthur's Tactical Trick

Large-scale air transportation and bombardment, plus a mobile fleet of landing craft screened by dauntless MTBs—these are the master keys, to coastwise and close island progress, as revealed in practice by the Allied chief. His crowning tactical trick is the creation of airbases on virgin territory under the very nose of the enemy, thereby gaining command over hostile installations.

These methods, first tried in the Papan campaign last November, were applied successfully in the recent assault on Rendova, which put us within gun distance of Munda, and occupation of the Woodlark and Trobriand atolls, halving the jump from our Papan base to the Bismarcks.

Rabaul is the main feeder for four enemy strongholds along the northern littoral of New Guinea. In order of strength these fortresses are Wewak, Lae, Salamaua and Madang, but as approaching from our forward headquarters at Buna they run: Salamaua, Lae, Madang, Wewak.

Typical MacArthur stratagems have been employed in our onslaughts on the nearest of these positions. An Anzac detachment of tough bush fighters penetrates the steep mountains behind Salamaua. They received all their supplies by parachute from air freighters. Then a few days ago an American motorboat expedition surged into Nassau Bay, the Aussies cut their way down to the beach, and the combined forces established a new advanced springboard overlooking the foe.

However, at Nassau we are only at the start of the long coastal trek. We hold barely one-quarter of the northern shore of New Guinea; the Rising Sun flag floats over their three-quarters. After reaching Wewak, last of the bases supplied from Rabaul, General MacArthur must attack Hollandia, number one of a series of fastnesses at

the western end of the island, formerly owned by the Dutch.

Little is known of these remote stations except that they are serviced by the Japanese from Ambon in the Dutch East Indies, or from Davao in the Philippines. They will probably be strongly defended since the farthestmost peninsulas and bays lie actually inside the foe's main sphere of conquest.

However, General MacArthur has a second string to his bow. While driving along the top of New Guinea he can thrust simultaneously around the southern edge. In the latter maneuver his forces would have the advantage of shorter communications with the main Australian points.

Meanwhile our operations in the Solomons, and the preparations for capture of Rabaul are shaping up as a model performance. Preliminary bombing of airfields greatly reduced plane opposition, and our flyers' four to one combat superiority over Zeros gives us a further edge.

An important reason is given for Tojo's failure to pour in heavy reinforcements of aircraft and warships following our initial blow on June 29th. Long-range strafing of Rabaul harbor and airbase is believed to have seriously crippled the facilities of this key distribution center. Moreover, since the Nipponese lost an armada of twenty-two ships in the Bismarck Sea last February, as a result of Allied air blows, the Japs have been extremely wary of undertaking surface forays.

Some analysts place the number of Japanese in the New Guinea-Bismarck-Solomons region at more than one hundred thousand. It is calculated that General MacArthur would not have surged ahead unless he had at least an equal force available for deployment. The current battle therefore measures up as a major offensive, especially when the weight of naval formations on each side is taken into account.

Actually the scale of conflict is greater than that of any engagement since the Battle of December 7, 1941. The biggest previous clash, measured by the size of opposing armies, occurred in Malaya, when approximately one hundred thousand men faced one another. On that occasion, however, the Japanese possessed the air superiority, as well as a monopoly in the know-how of jungle creeping.

Aimed at Philippines General MacArthur undoubtedly hopes that an early conquest of Rabaul will ease his task in New Guinea by cutting off supplies from the Japs' garrisons. On that account it can be anticipated that immediate operations in the Solomons and Bismarcks will be pushed more vigorously than the New Guinea offensive. Fortunately, the newly established unity of command makes it possible to apply pressure as required at any point in the entire area.

In some quarters it is suggested that no final decision has been made in Washington regarding the course of Pacific strategy after Rabaul is taken. This opinion is largely founded on a revival of the pre-war naval theory that a majestic fleet of battleships, carriers and auxiliaries could recapture Guam and Manila, and then threaten Tokyo itself.

Responsible sources declare that confidence reposed in General MacArthur by President Roosevelt is bound to be renewed if the fighting now under way reaches a swift, triumphant climax. As supreme commander of American and Australian land, sea and air forces in the existing combat theatre, the Big Veteran will have proved his right to follow his own special plan for reaching the Philippines.

To leap from the western tip of New Guinea to Davao, by way of the spider-shaped island of Halmahera will be merely a repetition on a fiercer scale of today's events at Rendova and Munda. The all-important consideration is that repositioning of the Philippines will enable us to cut the life lines from Tokyo to the East Indies and Singapore besides giving us access to the China coast.

And so—the New Guinea program of General MacArthur looms as the guidepost to American victory in the Pacific.

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READ THE WANT ADS

# Retired Colonel Apparently Led Guerrilla Army Fighting Japanese on Island of Luzon

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11—(AP)—A short, stocky retired fighting man who battled through the jungles of the Philippine islands many years before the Japanese came, apparently has had another chance to fight for his beloved islands.

It was eight years ago that Lt. Col. Hugh Straugh retired after 30 years of service with the army, principally as an officer of the Philippine Scouts.

From the Tokyo radio word has come that a "Lt. Col. Hugh Strong" had been captured while leading guerrilla fighters on the island of Luzon—picking off one by one the Nipponese invaders who have swarmed over the Philippines.

There's apparently little doubt that it was "Daddy" Straugh, as the 61-year-old veteran was known to many old timers in the Scouts. Straugh didn't get a call back to active duty as a field officer during the gallant stand made by General Douglas A. MacArthur and his men against heavily overwhelming odds on the Bataan peninsula.

But, said one old friend, he probably went to Port McKinley near his home in Santa Ana, a suburb of Manila, and found at least some paper work to do to help out.

Then came the evacuation. Only a few Americans were taken from the islands. Straugh, so far as available records show, wasn't among them.

He stayed behind, on his islands, with friends of his old days with the Scouts.

"It looks as though some of the old timers, who followed a sort of feudal system and looked to him as their leader, probably went to Straugh and said 'look here, we've got to do something,'" said one officer who served in the Philippines through the Bataan campaign.

"And," he continued, "Straugh probably replied:

"O. K. by me, boys, I'm with you."

"Then, he continued, the old soldier probably put a pistol in his pocket, shouldered a rifle, gathered up ammunition and went into the hills with his scouts.

In those hills there would be no question of Straugh's ability to wage war against the Japanese—he had traveled through them for years with the Scouts.

"He knew the whole eastern coast of Luzon like most people know their own yards," said one friend, "and if he found a section he didn't know, there'd be some old Scouts who could lead the way."

Maybe it wasn't Lt. Col. Straugh, born in Iowa in 1882 who was caught by the Japanese—he's been a "sort of recluse" in recent years—but friends like to think it was, like to believe that "there was plenty of life left in the Colonel and plenty of guts, too."

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Keeps rubber tough, flexible. One pint treats ten tires.

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CLEANER & WAX, 1 pint... 39c  
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PASTE AUTO CLEANER, 12 oz... 39c  
POLISHING WAX, 7 oz. can... 39c  
CHROMIUM POLISH, 1/2-pint can... 39c  
TAR AND ROAD OIL REMOVER, 1/2-pint can 39c

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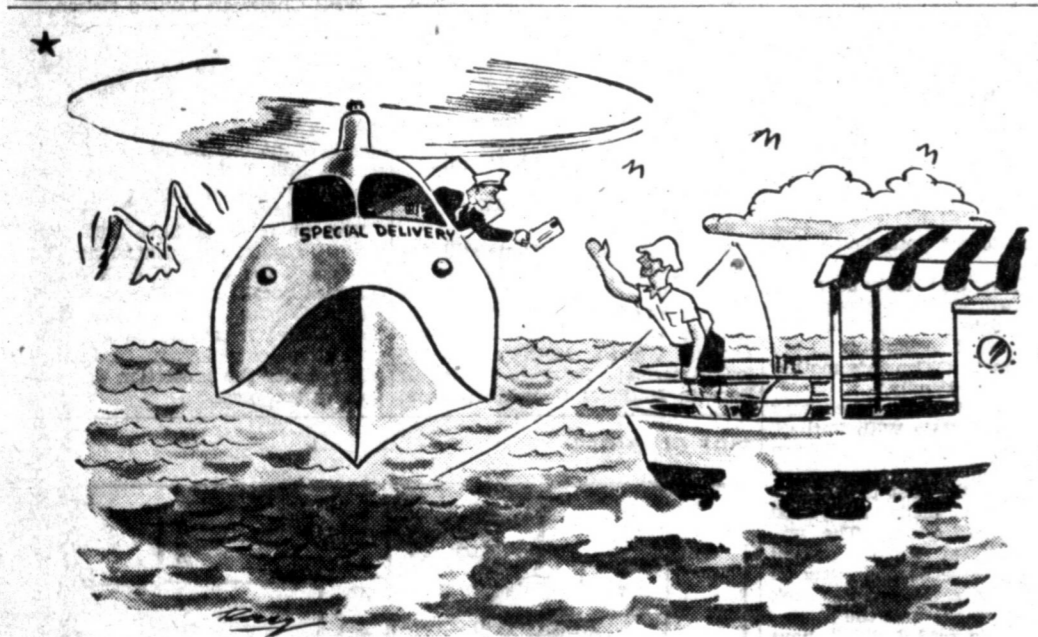
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THE GLOBE STARTS ON YOUR MAIN STREET



**Do you know a fellow like Joe?**

JOE'S my kid brother. We've always stuck together and I've sort of watched out for him these last few years.

Well, Joe's in Africa now. His wife gets her allotment from him, and I guess when that's taken out of his check he doesn't have much left. Privates don't get paid much you know.

I figure this way. Here I am, making more money than I ever did before. You bet I work for it! I work hard. But Joe's working hard too... and not just from 7 to 5, either.

We've been taking 10 percent out of my check every week for War Bonds... they're going to come in mighty handy when the War's over, we figure. But I got to thinking about Joe. What's he going to have after the War?

So we talked it over, my wife and I. We think Joe should get a cut of the bigger money, too. So now I'm buying an extra bond every month—in Joe's name.

Maybe you've got somebody in the War, too. If you have, couldn't you squeeze out an extra bond now and then, for your "Joe"?

**YOU'VE DONE YOUR BIT --- NOW DO YOUR BEST!**

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PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE - I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

Petroleum Shortage

From time to time somebody mentions a petroleum shortage—not just a bottleneck in high-octane aviation gasoline arising from refinery inadequacies, and not merely a shortage on the eastern seaboard attributable to transportation difficulties, but an absolute, overall deficiency in crude petroleum resources.

To the layman this seems peculiar. He knows that oil wells still are operating far below capacity, under quota restrictions which are rigidly imposed from Washington. If there is a shortage, why don't they take the caps off the wells and let the oil gush forth?

The answer, given by petroleum experts, indicates that the shortage is an artificial matter which probably can be remedied quite quickly, at any time we choose, but which nevertheless is likely to result in irrecoverable waste of one of our great natural resources.

When war broke out there were 20 billion barrels of oil "in sight," ready for exploitation. Because of restrictions, however, development of new discoveries to replenish this supply fell off. In normal times, when this happens the price of crude is shoved up a bit, which encourages wildcaters to go out and find new sources of oil.

As a result, we seem to be approaching a point where the United States may not be able to supply all demands made upon us by the United Nations without waste.

That is, we may be forced to open up all our wells, old and new, and speed their production. This shoots output up and provides oil immediately. But in the long run each well gives less oil than if the flow were kept under scientific control.

So the petroleum shortage comes down to this: There is plenty of oil now. We can get plenty of oil for the probable duration of the war, out of currently available sources. New resources can be discovered whenever incentive is provided for those who gamble in wildcatting.

But unless that incentive is made available soon, in all probability we shall be driven to wasteful use of our wells which, in the end, will hasten exhaustion of the nation's petroleum reserve.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

Overlooking Brains

Dr. Minnie L. Maffett, president of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, complains that the war is being slowed down because the government is not making use of women's brains.

Not to be bitter, and conceding that there are many exceptions—there are those who hold that the war is being slowed down because of the government's failure to use brains.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

The Nation's Press

COMMUNIZE U. S. MEDICINES? (The Chicago Daily News)

Senators Robert F. Wagner (D-N.Y.) and James E. Murray (D-Mont.) have introduced in the Senate a bill to broaden the Social Security Act. Now exempt from this act's old-age pension and unemployment insurance benefits are domestic and farm workers, sailors, employees of religious and charitable institutions, public servants, and several smaller groups.

But Senators Wagner and Murray go on from here to add to their bill a detailed plan for bringing State Medicine to the United States. Federal Government Medicine is the more accurate term for it, since the whole system would be run from Washington by the U. S. Surgeon General.

Social Security taxes on both employers and employees would be steeply increased, to begin with. They would go to 6 per cent of wages up to \$3000 a year from each of these parties, as against the present 1 per cent from employees and 4 per cent from employers. Add to that your 20 per cent withholding tax.

One-fourth of the revenue raised would go to finance the Federal Government Medicine system—an estimated \$3,000,000,000 a year.

With this money, the Surgeon General would be required to arrange for general medical, special medical, laboratory and hospital services for every one of the estimated 110,000,000 Americans covered by a broadened Social Security Act. He would be in effect the commissar of the U. S. medical profession, because of the powers this proposed law would give him.

These powers include: To enlist physicians for the services above described, and hospitals likewise; to fix fees of physicians rendering such services; to limit the number of patients to be cared for by each physician; to finance patients among available physicians; to promote medical education and medical research.

Out of his \$3,000,000,000 a year, it is believed the Surgeon General would spend \$600,000,000 for administration and would pay out \$2,400,000,000 in benefits. Under the "benefit" head he would be required to spend 2 per cent of the \$2,400,000,000, or \$48,000,000, on medical research and education. With this sum he could pretty thoroughly rip American medical education, as follows:

- Pay total cost of operating all 66 accredited U. S. Medical colleges, \$21,491,248
Subsidize 22,000 medical students at \$700 a year for four years per student 15,400,000
Spend for other research per year 11,108,752

Or if the medical schools and doctors objected to this, he could wreck them by spending his money in this way: Duplicate all existing medical teaching facilities in the U. S. A. . . . \$22,000,000
Pay 20,000 additional medical students \$700 a year apiece during their periods of training . . . 14,000,000
Spend in other ways as he pleased . . . 12,000,000

The bill also empowers the Surgeon General to muscle into the dental and nursing professions and "improve" them—something he would be well provided with taxpayers' money to do. What improvement any political control can bring to the medical, dental or nursing profession is another

Common Ground

"I speak the pass-word principle. I give the sign of democracy. By God I will accept nothing which cannot have their counterpart of on the same terms." -WALF WHITMAN.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND AND INFLATION

A reader writes to inquire whether I want to let prices run riot as they did in the first World War and have another boom and big burst that followed that way. He seems to get the idea that I prefer that rather than price ceilings. I prefer neither. And there is no need to have either if we will establish a sound banking and money system by taxing enough to pay our bills and not let the banks create credit out of the air.

The same reader seems to think that because we did not have so many price ceilings last war that our country followed the law of supply and demand. They did not. The government interfered with the law of supply and demand and caused the inflation by borrowing billions of dollars from the banks. Had they taxed consumers to get the money to pay for the war, there would have been no general inflation of prices. Some prices would have gone up but others would have gone down. The price of necessities would have gone up to increase production. The price of luxuries would have gone down because people would not have had enough money to buy luxuries. There would have been in fact few luxuries produced, had the government taxed consumption enough to pay their bills as they went along.

Yes, I want freedom. I want the law of supply and demand. I want neither inflation nor price ceilings, which is nothing eventually but complete regimentation. And regimentation means that things will become scarcer and scarcer.

Freedom is the law of supply and demand—government enacting no laws like fake bank credit, tariffs, discriminatory labor legislation. They all interfere with the law of supply and demand.

ROOSEVELT MUST DECIDE EVERYTHING

Roosevelt has brought about a condition that requires him to make all decisions. It is a natural result of centralization of power.

The case in point is that Pacific Electric employees at Los Angeles were only prevented from going on strike by Roosevelt's promise to review their demand for increased pay. They refused to accept the recommendations of the War Labor Board as to pay increases.

The President instead of backing up his own War Labor Board appoints another committee to review the decision of his first board.

Roosevelt of course will not back up any decision if it is questioned by union labor.

Did anyone ever hear of Mr. Roosevelt appointing another committee to review a decision at the request of the employer?

Of course the employer has fewer votes than the worker.

Roosevelt backs in laws and customs that give him the final say as to the relative value of all services. He never showed any ability in private life to know values. He was a lonesome man because his services were of so little value.

He will set down no impersonal rules by which wages or justice is to be done. He delights in making all decisions. He is the state; he is justice, if we are to determine his state of mind from his actions.

But where can the President ever get time, even if he had the wisdom of Solomon, to know the relative value of all the services in the country? The answer is that he can't do it, but tries anyway, just to satisfy his ego.

question, and we think a most dubious one. The excitement of the war is being taken advantage of by assorted theorists and fanatics to push their theories and fanaticism onto the national statute books.

It looks to us in this instance as if Senators Wagner and Murray have been sold a bale of extremely dangerous goods by some fanatic or other. It is to be hoped that Congress will scrutinize this bill from the ground up before it lifts a finger toward passing it or anything like it.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

The Third War Loan

President Roosevelt has called on every American to "back the attack" with war bond purchases in the Third War Loan Drive which is to open Sept. 9 in Pampa and throughout the nation.

The loan will be the most gigantic financial task ever undertaken by this or any other government and has its goal the staggering sum of 15 billion dollars. The figure in itself does not mean much to the average individual, because even one billion dollars is a sum so great that it is almost impossible of comprehension. However, to point out that if this bond sale were to be allowed evenly, each man, woman and child would have to subscribe \$115, gives a better idea of the scope of the job ahead.

No one assumes that each person in the country will be able to buy a \$100 bond. That means that millions of persons will buy many times the average. However, every wage earner should count himself in on the Third War Loan, regardless of how many bonds and stamps he owns now.

It is the earners, especially those with exceptionally good wages, who should most welcome the investment opportunity of the bond sale opening in six weeks.

This drive will differ from the record campaign of last December in which 12 billions were subscribed in that the main sales will not be to banks. The bonds will be offered only to non-banking institutions, to individuals, corporations, estates, trust funds, fraternal, religious and labor organizations, and foundations. Each community will have its patriotic volunteer sales force which has a big job ahead if the 15 billion dollar goal is to be reached.

The sales plan for the Third War Loan is an excellent phase of home front war effort planning. It will try for more bond sales out of current incomes. The money invested directly out of wages will take that much inflation pressure away from the commodity market, where there already is over-bidding for scarce goods.

The best place for war-time earnings is in good U. S. government war bonds. They pay dividends in dollars and cents, carry with them a share of stock in victory, and represent the most patriotic investment any American can make.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

A goodly knowledge not only of foreign psychologies but of the problems that beset foreign nations is the surest way of avoiding future wars—Joseph C. Grew.

There have been two periods in this war when the shipping situation was so serious as to threaten the whole issue of the war. Twice we have got out from the red by the efforts of the United States of America—Sir Arthur Salter in British Parliament.

BOWLES AND BOWLS

By R. G. HOILES



The National Whirligig

News Behind The News

MONETARY—NO recent government transaction has been shrouded in such secrecy as the issuance of special "invasion currency" for our forces in Europe. But the reasons behind the hush-hush attitude appear to be political and fiscal rather than "military," as Secretary Morgenthau declared in answer to widespread queries and complaints.

A simple recital of the mechanism of the arrangement suggests the international and home complications which may result from liquidation of the scheme. Our men will be compensated in this medium and will use it to buy goods in Italy, eventually in Germany and lands now overrun by Hitler—France, Belgium, Holland, Poland, Norway, the Balkans etc. In each instance we fix the exchange rate as if the United States were banker for all nations.

Foreigners who accept these notes, or their governments, must ultimately be reimbursed with something more than flat money. This settlement can be in the form of commodities and materials shipped during the reconstruction era, which may upset trade balances and cause shortages here. Or the U. S. treasury can redeem its emergency issue in whatever cash unit each country adopts after the final peace conference. That is, we shall pay it off in its postwar coin on an agreed basis of comparative value.

In that event London and Washington, the sponsors of this experiment, will become final underwriters of all the monetary systems of Europe, and possibly other parts of the world. To get our bait back and keep faith with the recipients, we must guarantee the stability of whatever structure is established in the states we have liberated and financed.

Nothing like this happened in the Great War. The French struck off francs for our troops and we gave Paris credit for an equal amount. A similar procedure was followed in North Africa. The present plan makes it look as if we had at last discovered a method for exporting our "planned economy" or fifty-nine-cent dollars.

BITTERNESS—Henry Agard Wallace is meeting terrific sales resistance in his personal effort to resell himself to the politicians and the people as the logical candidate for the vice presidential nomination next year, whether or not the ticket is headed by Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Democratic bigwigs in Michigan were noticeably cool toward him on his recent speech-making tour to Detroit. Several leading state and federal officials virtually ran from the scene when it was proposed that they be photographed with the V. P. As this was the Iowan's first major trip outside Washington since he was spanked for his attack on Jesse H. Jones, it suggests that the squabble did not improve his partisan status.

The local firemen's attitude is understandable. With the voters bitter about food scarcities and other inconveniences, the man who once advocated a policy of scarcity and pig-killing is naturally unpopular with the boys who must seek reelection. The less they have to do with him, the better it will be for them at the polls.

FINEST—Canadian Prime Minister Mackenzie King has been a sort of Peck's bad boy in the councils of the United Nations. But he has finally won out in his contention that more publicity should be given to the role the gallant troops from his dominion are playing in the war.

His series of protests to Washington and London explains why our northern neighbor's soldiers are receiving so much notice in Allied communiques from Sicily, where they are breaking through the center of the line in the windup attack on Axis divisions concentrated at "coffin corner."

But Mr. King has accomplished more than big headlines for the sons of the North—for himself and for us. The premier insisted from the start that Japanese occupation of Aitua and Kiska was a more serious threat to Canada than it was to the United States. He demanded that large contingents of his own armed forces be employed in the attempt to dislodge the Nips

Around Hollywood

By ERSKINE JOHNSON

AFTER 30 YEARS, Hollywood again is interested in the screen's first great star—Lillian Gish. But she hasn't been able to interest Hollywood in Hollywood.

To Lillian Gish, and a lot of other people, Mr. Hollywood is Mr. D. W. Griffith, the producer and director of "The Birth of a Nation," "Intolerance," "Broken Blossoms" and "Hearts of the World" films that made the name of Gish, and Hollywood, household words throughout the world.

Under the title, "Silver Glory," and with the help of Author Myron Brinig, Miss Gish has written the story of D. W. Griffith, which she says is the story of Hollywood.

"It's a better story than George M. Cohan's," she says. "A cavalcade of the screen with a terrific nostalgic appeal."

For three years Lillian says she has been trying to interest Hollywood in the story, in which she would play herself.

"Producers tell me, 'Yes, Lillian, it is a great story. Maybe some day.' And then nothing happens. I talked to Myron Selznick (the film agent) about it once. He said, 'It is a great story too. Then his brother, David, produced "A Star is Born." I sent them a kidding telegram about using my idea and their attorneys replied, in a three-page letter, saying there was no similarity. I guess there wasn't."

Office Cat . . .

May biossons . . . A model husband is any husband that happens to be doing the talking . . . If you are not opportunity, don't knock . . . There are more "shoulds" than "dids" in our daily lives . . . Some people can find fault here none has been lost . . . A woman can never be called the silent partner . . . The proof of the pudding is also the indigestion following its eating . . . You can't play "hokey" in the school of experience . . . You can live a long time if you don't do much else . . . Once they kissed and made up. Now they kiss the make up . . . Court trouble and you'll marry disaster.

THANKS FROM MAYER

Lillian says she talked to Louis B. Mayer about it once, too. "It is a great story," he said, and then he thanked me for starting him. He said he was a small-town exhibitor when "The Birth of a Nation" was released. He knew the picture was a hit. So he pawned his wife's wedding ring and mortgaged an insurance policy to buy the picture for his theater. The film made him a small fortune.

"Now I hear Mr. Mayer is about to glorify motion pictures in a film called "The First Fifty Years." But they tell me it isn't the story of D. W. Griffith."

And not until Hollywood sees the picture for his theater, says Lillian, will Hollywood capture the real, romantic story of motion picture. "A Star is Born" and "Hollywood Cavalcade" both failed, she says.

At 47, Lillian Gish looks so young the picture studio makeup department had to pencil lines on her face for her first screen role in ten years as Donald O'Connor's mother in "Man of the Family."

It was a combination of her work on the stage in "Life With Father" and the war which brought Lillian back to the town where she reigned for 15 years as the first lady of the screen. "Life" made Hollywood "Gish-conscious" again. The war stopped her from making annual trips to Europe between seasons on the Broadway stage, where she's been ever since she quit the screen.

"Some people said I didn't have the voice for talkies. I still have the same voice. Now they say it's good. Which proves I was right. Voice recording—not the voices—were bad in those days."

VERSATILE LADY

Back in Hollywood, where she started 30 years ago, Lillian Gish still remains the only woman who ever wrote, directed, produced and cut a motion picture. The film was "Remodeling Her Husband," starring sister Dorothy, in 1921. It cost \$58,000 and earned \$300,000. In fact, Lillian cut most of her own pictures.

She's slated to play several other screen roles soon. But most of all, Lillian Gish wants to play Lillian Gish in the story of Hollywood as seen through D. W. Griffith's eyes. "And some day," she says, "it will be filmed."

BUY VICTORY BONDS

READ IT OR NOT—Franklin D. Roosevelt has broken more precedents than any other President of the United States.

Jasper—Aren't you afraid your creditors will see you eating in this expensive restaurant? Jessup—It's the safest place. They can't afford to come here.

Uncle Sam Fights Sedition-as-Usual

By PETER EDSON Pampa News Washington Correspondent

Convicted and sentenced to George Sylvester Viereck, alias J. B. Hamilton, after his third trial on charges of failure to register as a German agent gives a new lease on life to Department of Justice efforts to bring to book on charges of sedition 20 residents of the U. S., including Viereck, Court Asher of Chicago, William Griffin of New York, Robert Noble of Los Angeles, William Dudley Pelley of Noblesville, Ind., Gerald W. Winrod of Wichita and 25 others.

All these defendants have been indicted on charges of conspiracy to cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny and refusal of duty in U. S. military service. The Viereck conviction was on an enemy agent charge which had nothing specifically to do with the sedition cases, but the mere fact that conviction and sentencing from one to five years was obtained in the Viereck case, after the supreme court had reversed an earlier conviction and a second trial ended in mistrial, sets the stage for further action in the sedition cases.

O. John Rogge was appointed to prosecute the 33 sedition cases last March, succeeding William Power Maloney, who was relieved of the assignment by Attorney General Francis Biddle after Maloney had been repeatedly attacked by isolationist bloc congressmen who accused him of persecuting them for their anti-administration views. Maloney obtained the original indictment of 28 individuals before a federal grand jury in the fall of 1942.

These were reindicted, with five others, in January of 1943, on two counts. The first dealt with acts committed before Pearl Harbor, the second with acts afterward. First count charges were later knocked out in court for technical reason, leaving only the post-Dec. 7, 1941, cases to be dealt with.

VIERECK VERDICT SPURS NEW ACTION

Rogge has been proceeding slowly, waiting first for outcome of the third Viereck trial, but of much more importance, re-examining all the evidence at his disposal. Indications are now that he will soon move for presenting to another federal grand jury all the old evidence and some additional evidence.

After that there will in all probability be new indictments, charges against some of the 33 being dropped, but new charges being made against others whose names have not thus far been indicted.

Interest in these cases has lagged considerably since they have dragged through the 20 months since Pearl Harbor. The Viereck trials attracted little attention, all out of proportion to their importance, and it is possible that if the sedition cases ever end through protracted grand jury investigations, the apathy will increase.

No one, now, can get excited about something that has had a long time ago. The grief is, however, that seditious activities are still going on, today.

The list of names of the 33 individuals now under indictment doesn't begin to tell the story. It is not the work of the individuals that is important, but their more than 40 publications and 35 organizations, many of which still flourish. Making lists and membership lists are for the most part secret, though a few have been seized, but the millions of names on these lists represent the real danger that the Nazi party line may still take hold in the United States, spread its war feeling and weaken the home front.

The pattern for all this propaganda is much the same as it was before Pearl Harbor. It masks under a name of patriotism and 100 per cent Americanism slogans with a pseudo-religious background.

SEDITION AT THE SAME OLD STAND

Among the organizations still doing business at the same old stands, in spite of America's entrance into the war and in spite of indictments, are the Constitutional Educational League; We, the Mothers, Mobilize for America; Patriotic Research Bureau; National Council for Civil

Today's War Analysis

By DeWITT MacKENZIE Associated Press Writer

For once Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill are going into conference without employing the customary smoke-screen of secrecy, and as a matter of fact haven't even attempted to conceal the approach of what is likely to be one of the most momentous meetings of the war.

The trend of events indicate that there are at least two major problems with which the conference will be concerned, and they are these:

1. The opening up of that much and warmly debated front in western Europe, so as to capitalize to the full the amazing success of the Red offensive.

2. The post-war policy which will bring the best cooperation among the United States, Russia and Britain in particular, and the other Allies in general. This encompasses the probability that the Muscovites are likely to emerge from the war as the dominant power both in Europe and the Orient.

These questions would seem to be urgent because of the unexpected speediness of the Allied successes both in Russia and in the Mediterranean theater. Plans which were made at the last meeting of the Allied chiefs presumably need bringing up to date.

From the military standpoint the question would seem to be what we do when we have finished with Sicily. There has been considerable talk of a quick invasion of the Italian mainland, to take advantage of the patent weakness there. However, the more one contemplates the task of invading and subduing the peninsula as the first step toward the less attractive it appears—a lot of labor for a return of doubtful value. The conquest of Italy has lost much of its fire, what with the deflation of Mussolini and the reintegration of Fascism to the ash-can.

But we want to crack in Hitler, and we want to get at him the quickest way possible. The Russians again are urgently pointing out that the speedy way to smash the Fuehrer is to open up the new front in France, while the Red armies with Moscow sell the rump in the east. This would place the Boche between two mighty millstones.

Invasion of the Balkans next wouldn't bring against Hitler from two sides the quick and heavy pressure which Moscow sells the rump in the east. This would place the Boche between two mighty millstones.

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Recognition For French Expected

ALGIERS, August 11—(AP)—Recognition of the French Committee of National Liberation by the United States and Britain as the de facto government and trustee of French interests overseas is expected shortly, reports circulating in Algeria said today.

The reports anticipated a joint statement on the recognition of the French movement headed by Generals Henri Giroud and Charles de Gaulle would be forthcoming as one of the results of the impending meeting of President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Winston Churchill, who is now in Canada.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

We are still a hell of a way from Berlin—and that's where we're headed. —WPB Chairman Donald Nelson.

Liberties; Women Investors In America; American Women Against Communism Inc. and so on.

The Bund and the Silver Shirts may be dead, but the more subtle, less militant but no less dangerous outfits still thrive, and new ones are apparently springing up from time to time.

The publications have such appealing names, for suckers, as The Cross and the Flag, The Defender, America Speaks, The Broom, America in Danger. Only a few have been barred from the mails. The rest go merrily forward, masquerading under the protection of freedom of the press.

SIDE GLANCES



"Tony was a good barber, but we're getting better service since he went in the Army—his wife isn't as talkative as he was!"

# Lightning First Proved Itself Just Year Ago

By VERN HAUGLAND  
SOMEWHERE IN NEW GUINEA, Aug. 2, (Delayed)—A year ago this month the Lockheed Lightning—the P-38—made its debut in what was to be the testing ground of the hard-to-handle, twin-bodied fighter in the Southwest Pacific.

Results of the initial test—in their first 12 days of combat the P-38's shot down 54 Japanese planes with a loss of two aircraft. And the pilot of one of these two was saved.

Conflicting operational reports had preceded the P-38 to this area. It was sensationally fast and maneuverable, some fliers said, but its radical design was impracticable. It was hard to land and risky to take off, said others; it had promise, but it was full of "bugs."

A squadron of daring young pilots who had been flying other fighter planes in this area took over these untamed, capricious new planes and flew them into their first test of fire.

Several members of that first group of pilots to fly P-38's in real combat, such as Maj. Thomas J. Lynch of Catsasqua, Pa., and First Lt. Richard Bong of Poplar, Wis., are still flying in this theater.

The original P-38's squadron now is a top-ranking fighter unit with 109 enemy planes to its credit.

"When General (H.E.) Arnold, the air force commander, was out here a year ago," says 2nd Lt. Jack C. Barry of Denison, Texas, "he told us he was anxious to know what the P-38 would do. General (George C.) Kenney, commander of the 5th air force, said he was confident the planes would be all right, but his confidence was based on faith and not on accomplishments.

"This squadron did a hell of a lot to convince the war department that the P-38 was a good deal. This squadron is tied up more than any other with the success of the P-38 in this war."

From August until January, this squadron was the only one flying P-38's in the Southwest Pacific area.

"Our squadron," adds Barry, "was the first to dive-bomb with P-38's. We dive-bombed Lae for the 1st time November 25. Capt. Bob Faurer's bombs destroyed a Zero just taking off.

"All along, we had expected most of our fighting to be at high altitudes where the Lightning was without question superior to the Zero. But our first fights all ranged from 8,000 feet to water level.

"Our first real scrap was on December 27, when we shot down 13 Japanese planes. The fight lasted 45 minutes. After we had shot down

# Female Ferry Pilots



All set for a solo hop at Avenger Field, Sweetwater, Tex., Ginger Disbrow of Schenectady, N. Y., gets good luck wishes from two fellow students at Sweetwater, Tex., ferry pilot training center.

54 planes in our first 12 days, we noticed that the Japs were getting reluctant to tangle with us. Several times, 10 or more Zeros have given us and turned tail after a little fighting with two or three of our planes."

The squadron has lost but four pilots in combat.

Most decorated man in the squadron, and one of the great heroes of the war, is Major Lynch.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**You Can't Scare This Woman**

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—(P)—A tall, blond youth entered Mrs. Claudia Fishel's jewelry store, surreptitiously slipped his hand into a showcase and came out with a \$300 diamond ring.

But, Mrs. Fishel saw the act. She gave chase and caught up with the man several blocks away. "I'll shoot," he warned.

"Go ahead," retorted Mrs. Fishel who calmly reached into a trouser pocket and retrieved the ring.

The would-be thief then broke away and disappeared into the crowd.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Standley Lauds Red War Plants**

MOSCOW, Aug. 11.—(P)—Russian war plants "compare favorably" with those in the United States, according to Admiral William H. Standley, U. S. ambassador, who has just completed a four-day tour of inspection of Soviet tank factories and steel mills in the Ural mountains industrial region.

Standley said that "very effective work is being done" and that he was "very much impressed" by Russia's eastern war industries.

The trip was Standley's first to the Urals and one of the few such visits authorized by the Kremlin for foreigners, although former Ambassador Joseph E. Davies was extended similar privileges. Standley's trip was made in a special plane placed at his disposal by the U. S. Navy.

Three of Russia's greatest war plants, the first two producing tanks and the third steel, were on Standley's itinerary. One plant was almost entirely self-contained, producing in its shops everything that goes into a tank, from rubber to guns. Tanks roll away from the assembly line under their own power, Standley related.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Arnall Satisfied With His Job**

ATLANTA, Aug. 11.—(P)—Georgia's youthful Gov. Ellis Arnall, often mentioned as a prospective candidate for offices ranging from congress to the vice presidency, today vowed he had no further political ambitions and pledged his support to re-election of U. S. Senator Walter F. George (D-Ga.), in '44.

"I don't want to go to the senate, to congress, to the president's cabinet or any other political place," he asserted.

His statement came in a departure from a prepared address before Atlanta civic clubs.

During the Georgia gubernatorial campaign Arnall repeatedly declared he would return to his law practice after serving as governor.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Strikes One**

THIS AXIS YAP HAS BEEN SHUT!

WHO'S NEXT?

Trio of airtroys are combined neatly by Sergt. Jerome Leige at Atlanta ordnance depot to present a picture of current events.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**U. S. Wheat Crop Of 834,894,000 Bushels Forecast**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—(P)—The agriculture department today had forecast the corn crop at 2,874,711,000 bushels and wheat production at 834,894,000 bushels, based on August 1 conditions.

The corn crop was forecast a month ago at 2,706,552,000 bushels. Production was 3,175,154,000 bushels last year and the ten-year, 1932-41, average production was 2,349,267,000 bushels.

Wheat production was forecast a month ago at 790,823,000 bushels. The crop last year was 981,327,000 bushels, and ten-year average production was 738,412,000 bushels.

The winter wheat crop is placed at 533,857,000 bushels, compared with 519,190,000 bushels forecast a month ago. 703,253,000 produced last year, and the ten-year average production of 550,181,000 bushels.

Spring wheat production is forecast at 301,037,000 bushels, compared with 271,633,000 bushels a month ago. 278,074,900 bushels produced last year, and 188,231,000 bushels, the 1932-41 average production.

The oats crop is forecast at 1,189,946,000 bushels, compared with 1,242,255,000 forecast a month ago. 1,358,730,000 bushels produced last year, and a 1932-41 ten-year average production of 1,013,783,000 bushels.

Potato production is forecast at 443,067,000 bushels, compared with 434,942,000 bushels forecast a month ago. 371,150,000 bushels produced last year, and a ten-year average production of 363,332,000 bushels.

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BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Valley Growers Ask Higher Cabbage Price**

WESLACO, Aug. 11.—(P)—Rio Grande Valley cabbage growers and shippers have renewed their appeal to war food administrator Marvin Jones for an increase in the ceiling price of the office of price administration has imposed on that vegetable.

An average acre of cabbage in South Texas costs \$64.50 to produce. Under the present ceiling the farmer can expect to receive \$62.02 less, president of the Texas citrus and vegetable growers and shippers, informed Jones. Earlier, Jones in a telephone conversation with Austin E. Anson of Weslaco, executive manager of the grower-shipper group, said a one-cent-per-pound increase in the ceiling would be ordered "if the figures justify it."

Anson had estimated that growers could expect to receive \$18 to \$21 per ton for their cabbage under the ceiling which took effect July 20. The one-cent adjustment in the ceiling would increase the per-ton price to growers by about \$20, making it about \$40. Anson said this would be acceptable.

The ceiling price now stands at 4.4 cents per pound or \$2.20 per 50-pound bag, the association said, on Texas cabbage marketed in December, January and February.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Davis Says Bombs Are Not Enough**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—(P)—Director Elmer Davies of the Office of War Information is convinced, after a three-week tour of the European war theater, that it will take more than mass air poundings to beat Germany.

"The German land forces have got to be beaten decisively before the war will be over," he told a new conference.

"Until the German army is good and licked," he added, "the war won't be over."

In that connection the OWI chief predicted the opening of a "third front" by the Allies in western Europe—he termed the fighting in the Mediterranean area a "second front"—but he wouldn't venture to guess when or where.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Musso Admitted Italy Wasn't Forced in War**

BERN, Switzerland, August 11.—(P)—Benito Mussolini in his last interview with a correspondent of the Corriere del Ticino of Lugano June 6—six weeks before his downfall—admitted Italy could have remained out of the war.

Describing his visit to Il Duce in the spacious hall of the Palazzo Venezia, the correspondent said he found him lean but bearing his 60 years well "despite stomach ulcers from which he has been suffering."

He said Mussolini appeared "calm."

"Times are hard," Mussolini told the correspondent, who reported that he spoke of the difficulty of feeding the Italian people; the hardships under the bombs whose "number and weight are a prodigious thing," he said.

Mussolini said, would be long; many nations until now out of it—Sweden, Spain and Turkey—would probably be forced to enter.

The German soldiers, Mussolini was quoted as saying, dominated the Russian the Briton is a hard fighter, while the American "the latest arrival in the field, might in a year or so become an excellent soldier."

Asked if Italy could have kept out of the conflict, Mussolini replied promptly, "certainly," the correspondent said, and then added:

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# Navy Clarifies Authority In Pacific Zones

U. S. HEADQUARTERS IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC, Aug. 9.—(Delayed)—(P)—The names of top admirals and generals responsible for planning and executing the victorious New Georgia campaign were released for the first time today by Admiral William F. Halsey's headquarters.

Plans for the New Georgia campaign were drawn by Halsey as South Pacific commander, in collaboration with the staff and army men under him in this area, including Lt. Gen. Millard F. Harmon, commanding army forces in the South Pacific.

The plan of operations was then submitted to General Douglas MacArthur who has been designated overall commander for both south and southwest Pacific areas. The blueprint for action in both areas was then correlated and received final approval in Washington from the chiefs of staff of both army and navy—the American high command.

When the plan was approved, Admiral Halsey was responsible for its execution in the South Pacific.

Halsey also responsible to Admiral Chester W. Nimitz who as commander-in-chief of the Pacific fleet is in command of all forces, including army and marines in the Pacific ocean area, but not including MacArthur's Southwest Pacific command. Halsey thus was tactical commander of the South Pacific area while MacArthur and Nimitz collaborated through the joint chiefs of staff in Washington.

This is the latest interpretation of commands in the Pacific which have been somewhat a puzzle as to spheres of influence.

BY VICTORY STAMPS  
**Strike One**

THIS AXIS YAP HAS BEEN SHUT!

WHO'S NEXT?

Trio of airtroys are combined neatly by Sergt. Jerome Leige at Atlanta ordnance depot to present a picture of current events.

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# Market Briefs

## WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(AP)—The stock market today partly overcame its recent lull to roll up a large number of gains ranging from fractions to around 2 points.

Volume continued relatively low at about 700,000 shares for the five hours.

Buying in various leaders was encouraged by the idea the recent selling of the Italian news might have its course. On this theory it was figured prices could add a bit more to the recovery of last Tuesday and Wednesday but market followers still were undecided as to how the list would respond to further important war developments.

Most pivotal groups were well ahead in the final hour. Prominent gainers included U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, Chrysler, General Motors, Montgomery Ward, Sears Roebuck, Case, Harvestor, United Aircraft, Eastern Air Lines, Pan American Airways, Westinghouse, Western Union, Homestead, McIntire, Forenline, Pullman, Santa Fe, Southern Railway, Great Northern Standard Oil (NJ), Pure Oil, Pepsi-Cola and American Locomotive.

## NEW YORK STOCK LIST

By The Associated Press			
Am Can	2 84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Am Tel	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am Woolen	5 7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Anacostia	18 25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Arch 7 & S	19 69	69	69
Barnhill Oil	10 17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Chrysler Corp	16 77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Cont Motors	10 33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Cont Oil Ind	8 33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Curran Wright	4 3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Gen Elec	3 35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Gen Motors	1 130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
Homestead Corp	18 17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Houston Oil	18 17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Int Harvester	24 66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Miami Copper	3 22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Mid-Cont Pet	3 22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Mo Kan Texas	2 2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2

## CHICAGO GRAIN TABLE

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—(AP)—Wheat			
Open	High	Low	Close
Sep. 1.43-1.43 1/2	1.43 1/2	1.43 1/2	1.43 1/2
Oct. 1.41-1.41 1/2	1.41 1/2	1.41 1/2	1.41 1/2
Nov. 1.40-1.40 1/2	1.40 1/2	1.40 1/2	1.40 1/2
Dec. 1.39-1.39 1/2	1.39 1/2	1.39 1/2	1.39 1/2
Jan. 1.38-1.38 1/2	1.38 1/2	1.38 1/2	1.38 1/2
Feb. 1.37-1.37 1/2	1.37 1/2	1.37 1/2	1.37 1/2
Mar. 1.36-1.36 1/2	1.36 1/2	1.36 1/2	1.36 1/2
Apr. 1.35-1.35 1/2	1.35 1/2	1.35 1/2	1.35 1/2
May 1.34-1.34 1/2	1.34 1/2	1.34 1/2	1.34 1/2
Jun. 1.33-1.33 1/2	1.33 1/2	1.33 1/2	1.33 1/2
Jul. 1.32-1.32 1/2	1.32 1/2	1.32 1/2	1.32 1/2
Aug. 1.31-1.31 1/2	1.31 1/2	1.31 1/2	1.31 1/2
Sep. 1.30-1.30 1/2	1.30 1/2	1.30 1/2	1.30 1/2
Oct. 1.29-1.29 1/2	1.29 1/2	1.29 1/2	1.29 1/2
Nov. 1.28-1.28 1/2	1.28 1/2	1.28 1/2	1.28 1/2
Dec. 1.27-1.27 1/2	1.27 1/2	1.27 1/2	1.27 1/2
Jan. 1.26-1.26 1/2	1.26 1/2	1.26 1/2	1.26 1/2
Feb. 1.25-1.25 1/2	1.25 1/2	1.25 1/2	1.25 1/2
Mar. 1.24-1.24 1/2	1.24 1/2	1.24 1/2	1.24 1/2
Apr. 1.23-1.23 1/2	1.23 1/2	1.23 1/2	1.23 1/2
May 1.22-1.22 1/2	1.22 1/2	1.22 1/2	1.22 1/2
Jun. 1.21-1.21 1/2	1.21 1/2	1.21 1/2	1.21 1/2
Jul. 1.20-1.20 1/2	1.20 1/2	1.20 1/2	1.20 1/2
Aug. 1.19-1.19 1/2	1.19 1/2	1.19 1/2	1.19 1/2
Sep. 1.18-1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2
Oct. 1.17-1.17 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.17 1/2
Nov. 1.16-1.16 1/2	1.16 1/2	1.16 1/2	1.16 1/2
Dec. 1.15-1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2
Jan. 1.14-1.14 1/2	1.14 1/2	1.14 1/2	1.14 1/2
Feb. 1.13-1.13 1/2	1.13 1/2	1.13 1/2	1.13 1/2
Mar. 1.12-1.12 1/2	1.12 1/2	1.12 1/2	1.12 1/2
Apr. 1.11-1.11 1/2	1.11 1/2	1.11 1/2	1.11 1/2
May 1.10-1.10 1/2	1.10 1/2	1.10 1/2	1.10 1/2
Jun. 1.09-1.09 1/2	1.09 1/2	1.09 1/2	1.09 1/2
Jul. 1.08-1.08 1/2	1.08 1/2	1.08 1/2	1.08 1/2
Aug. 1.07-1.07 1/2	1.07 1/2	1.07 1/2	1.07 1/2
Sep. 1.06-1.06 1/2	1.06 1/2	1.06 1/2	1.06 1/2
Oct. 1.05-1.05 1/2	1.05 1/2	1.05 1/2	1.05 1/2
Nov. 1.04-1.04 1/2	1.04 1/2	1.04 1/2	1.04 1/2
Dec. 1.03-1.03 1/2	1.03 1/2	1.03 1/2	1.03 1/2
Jan. 1.02-1.02 1/2	1.02 1/2	1.02 1/2	1.02 1/2
Feb. 1.01-1.01 1/2	1.01 1/2	1.01 1/2	1.01 1/2
Mar. 1.00-1.00 1/2	1.00 1/2	1.00 1/2	1.00 1/2
Apr. 99-99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
May 98-98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Jun. 97-97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Jul. 96-96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Aug. 95-95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Sep. 94-94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Oct. 93-93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Nov. 92-92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Dec. 91-91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Jan. 90-90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Feb. 89-89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Mar. 88-88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Apr. 87-87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
May 86-86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Jun. 85-85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Jul. 84-84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Aug. 83-83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Sep. 82-82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Oct. 81-81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Nov. 80-80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Dec. 79-79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Jan. 78-78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Feb. 77-77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Mar. 76-76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Apr. 75-75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
May 74-74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Jun. 73-73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
Jul. 72-72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Aug. 71-71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2
Sep. 70-70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Oct. 69-69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Nov. 68-68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Dec. 67-67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Jan. 66-66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Feb. 65-65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Mar. 64-64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Apr. 63-63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
May 62-62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Jun. 61-61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
Jul. 60-60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2
Aug. 59-59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Sep. 58-58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Oct. 57-57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Nov. 56-56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Dec. 55-55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Jan. 54-54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Feb. 53-53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Mar. 52-52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Apr. 51-51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
May 50-50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Jun. 49-49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Jul. 48-48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Aug. 47-47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Sep. 46-46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Oct. 45-45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Nov. 44-44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Dec. 43-43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Jan. 42-42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Feb. 41-41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Mar. 40-40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Apr. 39-39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
May 38-38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Jun. 37-37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Jul. 36-36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Aug. 35-35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Sep. 34-34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Oct. 33-33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Nov. 32-32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Dec. 31-31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Jan. 30-30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Feb. 29-29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Mar. 28-28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Apr. 27-27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
May 26-26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Jun. 25-25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Jul. 24-24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Aug. 23-23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Sep. 22-22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Oct. 21-21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Nov. 20-20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Dec. 19-19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Jan. 18-18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Feb. 17-17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Mar. 16-16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Apr. 15-15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
May 14-14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Jun. 13-13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Jul. 12-12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Aug. 11-11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Sep. 10-10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Oct. 9-9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov. 8-8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
Dec. 7-7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Jan. 6-6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Feb. 5-5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Mar. 4-4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Apr. 3-3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
May 2-2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Jun. 1-1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2

## PORT WORTH LIVESTOCK

PORT WORTH, Aug. 10.—(AP)—Cattle, 4,300; calves 2,200; slaughter cattle sold steady; calves steady to strong with good to choice strong.

Higher: common to good slaughter steers and yearlings 9.50-13.00; three loads of common steers at 10.00; good beef cows 10.00-11.00; butcher 8.50-9.75, canners and cutters mostly at 4.50-8.25; bulls 7.50-11.75; good fat calves 12.00-13.00; common to medium calves at 8.75-11.75; stocker or steer calves 12.50; common to medium calves 9.00-12.00; stecker cows 10.50 down.

190-200 lb butchers' heifers 14.00; few sales to packers at 13.75; good and choice 160-180 lb butchers' heifers 13.25-15.75; sows and pigs 13.00 down.

## KANSAS CITY LIVESTOCK

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 10.—(AP)—(WFA)—Hogs: 4000; steady to strong; lower than Monday's average; top 14.15; good and choice 13.20-14.15; 140-170 lb 13.20-14.15; sows 12.10-13.10.

Cattle: 7800; calves 1100; largely steady market; slaughter steers, heifers and cows; bulls steady to weak; western firm several load choice fat steers 15.50-16.00; most sales common and medium grassers 10.50-13.00; heifers and mixed yearlings mainly medium and good 12.50-14.50; common and medium cows 12.50-11.00; good and choice calves 13.00-14.00.

## CHICAGO PRODUCE

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—(AP)—Potatoes, arrivals 72; top truck 320; medium 220; small 170; supplies moderate; demand light, market slightly weaker; Idaho russet Burbanks 3.75; Nebraska red warblers 2.90-3.10; Nebraska obblers 3.00.

## BUY VICTORY STAMPS

Now let us get on with the job. We will now drive the Germans out of Sicily. Into battle with stout hearts. Good luck to you all.

—General Montgomery to British 8th Army.

## Arrest of Sailor Precipitates Riot

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 11.—(AP)—Some 700 persons rioted in the uptown business district Monday night when a shore patrol chief petty officer attempted to arrest a sailor for appearing in public with his sleeves rolled up and carrying a liquor bottle.

City police, responding to the riot call with naval shore patrolmen, cornered the sailor after a two-block pursuit, which was impeded by the crowd which attempted to free him from the patrol wagon and pursued it to the jail with threats to storm the jail if the sailor was not released.

They jeered the officers when the sailor, booked as Alfred De Angeles, 31, held up his manacled hands and yelled "this is what I get for joining the service!"

Witnesses said the trouble started when De Angeles refused to obey orders of Chief Petty Officer C. H. Brown to get rid of the bottle and adjust his sleeves according to regulations.

## State Printing Plant Suggested by Auditor

AUSTIN, August 11.—(AP)—The state auditor and efficiency expert today suggested in his report to the governor and the office of the Board of Control that it might be worthwhile for the state to consider establishing a printing plant.

The auditor also suggested that the board should follow a more stringent policy in collecting from patients confined in state eleemosynary institutions, who are able to pay for their keep.

"A patient's financial status may change from year to year and the possibility exists that some collections from this source are being missed," the report said.

## BUY VICTORY STAMPS

Now let us get on with the job. We will now drive the Germans out of Sicily. Into battle with stout hearts. Good luck to you all.

—General Montgomery to British 8th Army.

## LAB GIRL

By Rene Ryerson Mart  
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think you'd enjoy it—I mean the party. You see it will be just for Ned's friends—you wouldn't know anyone."

"Don't worry about me, it doesn't take me long to get acquainted." Ken argued good-humoredly. Then as he fell into the implication of her statement he frowned upon him. "Say, what is this—you mean you don't want me there, is that it?"

Barbee tried to smooth it over. "Don't be silly, Ken. It's just that a party is never a success if you try to mix strangers. I'm sure Ned would like to meet you, too—some other time." It was a poor excuse, but the best she could think of on the spur of the moment.

Some strong emotion swept a tide of red right up to Ken's eyes and hair line. For a moment he stared hard at Barbee as if determined to read the mind behind that pretty embarrassed face.

"I see," his voice sounded thick and strange.

Barbee's hand stole toward his arm in an impulsive comforting gesture, almost betraying her. Then she drew it sharply back.

Why try to smooth it over? Ken would like to meet you, too—some other time. She didn't want him at the party. He wouldn't fit in with Ned's friends. She'd be ashamed of him.

The ride to Barbee's home was finished in stony silence.

"Thanks," she said, getting out. His eyes were heavy, but she smiled proudly. "I really want you to meet Ned before he goes back," she went on awkwardly. "We might all have dinner together some evening."

"Don't bother," he said curtly. "All right." She lifted her slim shoulders to shrug to show that she didn't care. He had no right to feel hurt because he wasn't invited to Ned's homecoming, she told herself angrily. But that didn't keep her heart from sinking when he drove off without saying goodby.

## THE PARTY

CHAPTER IX  
BARBEE shook herself, tried to snap out of the strange spell the music had cast over her. Just imagining herself in Ken Carter's arms had sent a strange thrill over her, a warm glow of happiness which the thought of no other man had ever given her. Just for a moment she had thought she was in love with him.

But her good sense at once came to her rescue. How could she be in love with the man? She hardly knew him. And the little she did know of him didn't build him up in her imagination. He was a factory foreman. He probably had little or no education. His tastes were crude—he always laughed at Sue Keller's jokes.

Barbee had had a number of boy friends, she had been mildly in love a time or two, and with that experience she was quite, quite sure of her own control over her emotions. When she fell in love it would be with someone quite suitable from every standpoint, someone—Charles Mowry, maybe. She laughed indulgently at her queer fancy of a moment before and went to bed.

Even if she had been inclined to worry about the incident she would have forgotten it in the surprise the next day brought to her. Her father called her at the laboratory to say Ned was coming home on furlough.

SHE was almost too excited to work. Plans buzzed around in her head all afternoon, plans for making Ned's homecoming a comparatively happy one. She talked it over with Ken on the way home.

"We'll have to have a party

### Jack Teagarden Is Native Texan Who Made Good

Jack Teagarden, the Vernon, Texas, musician who made good in the big time, comes back to his home state this week to make three personal appearances with his orchestra at Pampa Army Air Field.

Known as the "King of the Blues Trombone," Teagarden will lead his organization in three programs at the field, one on Saturday evening and two on Sunday.

On Saturday night aviation cadets will swing and sway to his music at a dance in the post recreation hall. Members of Pampa's "Wilco Club" will be present as hostesses, and invitations have been extended to local girls on their guest list.

"Jackson T. and Company" will spend Sunday afternoon entertaining the enlisted men of the post at a special swing concert, also at the recreation hall. In the evening, the band will play for an officer's dance.

The Teagarden Trombone Choir, as well as Dottie Reid, Jack Teagarden, Jr., and Phyllis Lane, vocalists, will be featured with the orchestra.

Teagarden got his first job as a musician when he was 15 years old and a resident of San Antonio. Jack continued to work around Texas for the next three years, playing in more bands than he can ever hope to remember. At 18 he summoned his courage and went to Chicago, almost immediately getting his first name job.

It was with Red Nichols, who was very near the top of the musical ladder at the time. With the band were Benny Goodman, Pee Wee Russell and Gene Krupa, and Jack attracted national attention for the first time with his trombone solos on records made by Nichols, notably "Dinah," "On Revival Day"—one of Jack's big specialties today—"The Sheik," "Basin Street Blues" and the tune which is now Jack's signature, "I've Got a Right to Sing the Blues."

It was while he was with Nichols that Jack's blues singing abilities were discovered. Shortly after he joined Red, the band's vocalist failed to show up at a recording. Since the tune was a blues, and Jack had always liked singing the blues, he volunteered for a try, and made a hit. Since then his pleasant voice has become nearly as well known as his trombone.

In 1927 Jack went to New York and joined Ben Pollack, replacing another trombone player who has also done pretty well, one Glenn Miller. Benny Goodman was in the Pollack band, too, and Jack stayed with Pollack for five years, making more recordings during this period than any other musician ever has, with Bix Beiderbecke, Bing Crosby, Johnny Mercer, Goodman, Tommy and Jimmy Dorsey, Artie Shaw, Louis Armstrong and many others.

In 1932 Jack joined Paul Whiteman, and remained with the Whiteman orchestra for six years as featured trombonist and vocalist, until he left late in 1939 to start rehearsing his own orchestra.

Jack has been away from Texas a long time, but he still has that Texas drawl, and the slow, easy amiable manner of the Southwest. He's five feet 11 inches, weighs 174 pounds, and has jet black hair and brown eyes.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**  
WANT ADS GET RESULTS.

### The Intelligentsia



Meet the nation's top spy chasers: Maj.-Gen. George V. Strong, chief of U. S. Army intelligence; J. Edgar Hoover, director of the FBI, and Rear Admiral Harold C. Train, chief of Naval intelligence.

### Mainly About Pampa And Her Neighbor Towns

**Yes—The Belvedere Cafe—has Beer**  
Mr. and Mrs. E. S. (Jack) Stroup have returned to Oxnard, Cal., after visiting here with Mrs. Stroup's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Thomas, and Mr. Stroup's parents in Quitaque.

**Beer—for Dancers only—Belvedere**  
Warren Huffine, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Huffine left Sunday for Miami Beach, Fla.

**Dances—Where? Beers at Belvedere.**  
Mrs. James Glascock and young Mrs. Douglas left last night for a visit with her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. C. Epperson, at Alpine.

**Dance every night—Beer—Belvedere**  
Guest of Mrs. E. Snyder are her sons, T. J. and W. Snyder, who have been stationed 13 months overseas, and Sgt. John H. Snyder, who is stationed in Ft. Benning, Ga.

**FOR SALE—16x20 sheetiron building.** Practically new. 540 South Harbor, Phone 1439R.

**Mrs. Paul D. Hill and children,** Marjorie and Jimmie, returned yesterday from Long Beach, Calif., where they have been visiting the past two months.

**Pampa's jail is holding its own** clean-up week. Entire interior of the city jail, floor, walls, bars and doors are being repainted a silver gray. The work started yesterday, is due to be completed this week.

**Belvedere Cafe—Has the Beer for** its dancers, who may enjoy all they desire in their private booths on the newest, smoothest and best dance floor in the Panhandle.

**Another in the V. F. W.'s "Speak Up for Democracy"** radio speeches will be delivered by Paul D. Hill at 6:15 tonight over Radio Station KPND, The Pampa News station.

**PART-TIME Bookkeeper wanted.** Must be capable. Call 9538.

**CANADIAN—Mrs. Deane E. Alexander** of Amarillo is spending this week in the Dr. E. H. Snyder home. Her 6-year-old son entered the Canadian hospital Tuesday for medical treatment.

**DR. K. W. HULINGS office at 304** East Foster will be open beginning Monday, Aug. 9. By appointment only. Phone 1624.

**CANADIAN—John Knox and** family of Borger were in Canadian the first of the week to visit his parents. His father, W. B. Knox, who has been ill for several weeks, is showing considerable improvement.

**HAVE JUST Received a complete** supply of bicycle parts—Will sell to you or do your repair work. Roy and Bob's Bike shop, 414 W. Brownling.

**BEAUTICIAN wanted. Will pay 60** per cent. Call 2962 or 99 at Canadian hotel.

**BOYS WANTED for Pampa News** Routes. Apply at office at once.

**Adv.**

### Field Plans Regular Excursions to Lake

Enlisted personnel of Pampa Field will have an opportunity this Sunday, and each successive Sunday until fall, to spend a day at Lake McClellan, according to Capt. Willis Covan, special services officer.

Army vehicles will leave from the bus station in front of post headquarters at 9 a. m. for Lake McClellan. At 6 p. m. the vehicles will leave the main beach site at the lake for the return trip.

A sandwich lunch will be served at the picnic grounds at 1 p. m.

Soldiers who intend to make the trip should list their names with their squadrons first sergeant by the Wednesday preceding the Sunday they wish to go, as accommodations may be arranged only for a limited number of men.

**BUY VICTORY BONDS**

### CRIMES

(Continued from Page 1)

"We shall stand helpless before the tide of radical revolution unless and until the great body of real Americans jerk themselves awake and realize that our way of life is in actual danger of partial or total destruction from within."

"Nothing short of a mighty flood of national resistance, composed of the resistance of millions of individuals, will turn this revolutionary tide into constructive channels."

"Don't expect the sociologist, the policeman and the jurist to do this job for you. Theirs is only part of the job, and they are definitely limited by the support which you give them. Don't desert your schools, churches, social and fraternal organizations, press and radio to bear the burden. They, too, are limited by the support which you give them."

"If this ugly future becomes a reality, it will be because you, the people, either wanted it to be so or negligently failed to prevent its being so."

"The decision is yours to make. If you would become a part of this flood of national resistance to chaos, let this be your challenge: First see that your own house is in order, and then go forth to be your brother's keeper."

Garrison was one of four nationally known authorities who spoke on a panel discussion of "Effects of War on Social Standards."

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

### BRITISH

(Continued from Page 1)

railway junction for movement of German troops south into Italy, and a large manufacturing center.

Swiss reports said the Germans were rushing troop trains into Italy, and that the Nazis apparently had gained the time they needed to strengthen Italian defenses below the Brenner pass.

The land advance in Sicily was slowed measurably by desperate German defenses of mountain positions, air mine demolitions and road blocks, and by the pressing in of the German defenders into an ever-narrowing arc.

The Italian communique reported heavy defensive fighting in Sicily and intensive bombings of Messina yesterday.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

### F. S. A.

(Continued from Page 1)

has been repaid. After a fight over FSA appropriations for the 1944 fiscal year, congress agreed to \$20,000,000 for administrative purposes and \$60,000,000 in borrowing authority for making new rehabilitation loans.

"Much of the expenditure was not authorized by provisions of the act, and \$10,000,000 of expenditures have been suspended for this reason," Cooley added. "We are convinced that many, many millions will also be found to be unauthorized."

The congressman declared that the colon law, almost without exception, left authority of law, and that the committee has found the "rainbow" is honeycombed with all kinds of corporate schemes and is a maze of astounding land purchasing, land settlement and land leasing projects."

He implied that for some beneficiaries the "rainbow" was not without its pot of gold.

"We found families making up to \$250 a month living in FSA houses rent-free, and some families making \$400 a month paying the government \$1.75 or \$2 a week rent, with all medical attendance and utilities included," Cooley declared.

In Texas, the chairman went on, a project was established as a self-perpetuating "charity" corporation with three FSA men on the payroll as officials.

"This corporation, which had no provisions for the payment of dividends to the tenant farmers, acquired 26,000 acres of rich farm land, and as a consequence was enabled to borrow huge sums," Cooley said.

**BUY VICTORY BONDS**

### WORLEY

(Continued from Page 1)

day; speech at Bovina, Tuesday night; Dimmitt, Wednesday afternoon; Hereford, Wednesday night; Amarillo, to take part in Jaycee jallopy (scrap drive) parade, Thursday morning; Canyon, speech, Thursday night; Amarillo speech, Friday night; Tulla, Saturday afternoon; Silverton, speech, Saturday night.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

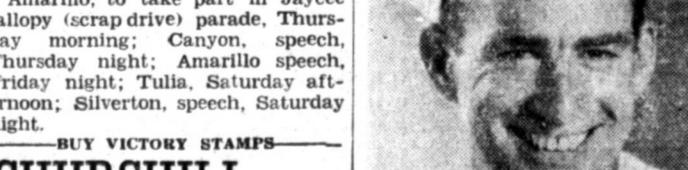
### CHURCHILL

(Continued from Page 1)

Canadian parleys here or the scheduled British-American meetings.

To avoid giving the Axis any pointers on commanders in specific war theaters brought here for the war deliberations, only the names of the British chiefs of staff who always accompany Churchill to such meetings were announced.

They were Admiral of the Fleet Sir Dudley Pound, first sea lord; Air Chief Marshal Sir Charles Portal, chief of air staff; Sir Alan Brooke, chief of the imperial general staff; Vice-Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, who commands the renowned Commandos, and Lieut. General Sir Hastings Ismay, chief of staff to Churchill in his capacity as minister of defence.



Jim Stroup of Pampa, ship fitter, second class, arrived at Parks, Calif., for further naval training after receiving initial instruction at Richmond, Va., and Providence, R. I.

A graduate of Phillips High school, he was with Phillips Petroleum company for five years and their youngest employe to be awarded a five-year service badge.

His wife and daughter at present are making their home in Pampa. He is the son of Mrs. Jessye Stroup.

### Oil Union Renews No-Strike Pledge

PORT WORTH, Aug. 11—(AP)—Renewal of the no strike pledge for the war's duration and full support of president Roosevelt's administration and conduct of the war has been voted by the oil workers international union (CIO) in convention here, O. A. Knight, Port Worth, union president, announced today.

Union members voted also to donate one hour's pay each month to the national war relief committee, which has raised \$13,000,000.

**BUY VICTORY STAMPS**

### KISKA

(Continued from Page 7)

gathering their forces for a final campaign to reconquer Kiska. Another is that any operations which might now be in progress preliminary to such a campaign are

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**AT PENNEYS**  
August is the Month for School Outfitting

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**The Toughest of 'Em All!**  
**WOODWARD ELKS**  
**14th Annual Rodeo**  
**AUGUST 20 - 21 - 22**  
**2:30 P. M. Daily**  
**WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA**  
**Admission Prices**  
**FRIDAY AND SATURDAY**  
Admission, including Grandstand ..... \$ .75  
Admission, including Box Seat ..... 1.00  
**SUNDAY**  
Admission, including Bleacher ..... 1.25  
Admission, including Grandstand ..... 1.50  
Admission, including Box Seat ..... 1.75  
Members of Armed Forces ..... .55  
(State and Federal Tax Included.)  
—Only Box Seats Reserved—  
**WAR BOND PRIZES**  
Two \$25 war bonds will be awarded each day, as follows: one to the family coming the farthest distance; the other, to the largest family in attendance. Winners not eligible for second and third day bonds. Net profit of rodeo goes for maintenance of the Elks Fraternal Center, and for the purchase of war bonds.

**At PENNEYS**  
August is the Month for School Outfitting

**It's Family Coat Time—Be Prepared for Winter!**

**Your Most Important Coat! FLEECE CHESTERFIELD 24<sup>75</sup>**  
The Number One coat hit of the year! So practical and easy to wear that everyone wants it! The Fleece Chesterfield shown is of fine, durable nylon with the gay touch of a velvet collar. Warmly interlined.

**Warmth Without Weight! CUNAPAC TOPCOATS 22<sup>50</sup>**  
Cunapac—the Best blend for cold weather COMFORT! Wool, mohair, alpaca promise warmth and beauty, and the cotton knit backing makes the whole fabric amazingly light yet TOUGH! Fly front models.

**Warm Woven Fleece! BOYS' FINGERTIP COATS 13<sup>75</sup>**  
Deep pile fleece—a PRACTICAL cool! Fly front model with railroad stitching.  
**Juvenile Corduroy Coats 3.87**

**CHILDREN'S SHOES 1<sup>98</sup>**  
Expert, sure fit for growing feet! Rugged, first quality leathers.

**Pretty and Practical TWEED COATS 10<sup>90</sup>**  
Adorable little princess style coats with pretty velvet collar. Soft, durable tweed, warmly interlined.

**Hard-Wearing, Good-Looking! TWEED COATS 12<sup>75</sup>**  
Herringbone tweed with detachable tie-belt, convertible collar. For school or dress. Warmly interlined.  
**Girls' Warm Coats 9.90**

**Perfect For School, For Work, Or To Wear at Home! TWO-PIECE CORDUROY DRESSES 4<sup>98</sup>**  
The kind of casual, carefree dress you always feel so right wearing... with slim, trim skirt... tailored acket gait with novelty buttons, clever pockets! Short sleeves. Bright and dark colors. 12 to 20.

**Make Your Own Dresses RAYON PRINTS 59<sup>c</sup> Yd.**  
It's so simple and thrifty to make your own dresses. Large or small florals, medium backgrounds for Fall!

**Start Sewing For Fall Now! FINE WOOLENS 1<sup>29</sup> Yd.**  
Make your own smart Fall dresses, skirts, suits and checks to take you to school, work or play! New Fall shades.

**Save 20% On Easy-to-Use 4c-8c SEWING NOTIONS**  
All the handy sewing aids to give your new Fall clothes a really professional look... at a saving that keeps your sewing thrifty!

**LUNCHEON CLOTH In a Brilliant Poppy Design 1<sup>98</sup>**  
Creamy cotton sateen or sailcloth bright with poppies. Grand or entertaining or for every day use! Size 52"x68"

**Roomy And Handsome! FABRIC BAGS 1.98**  
Good-looking handbags to complement your new Fall clothes.