

THE PAMPA NEWS

VOL. 23, NUMBER 14.

(P)—Means Associated Press.

PAMPA, GRAY COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 28, 1928

(P)—Means Associated Press.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

SMITH IS NOMINATED

Three Men Badly Burned in Well Explosion at Sullivan Producer

ONE MAY DIE AS RESULT OF BODY INJURIES

Adam Brogdin and Two Sears Boys Are Victims

WELL IS STILL BURNING TODAY

Was Brought in Last September for 100 Barrels

Three oil workers were seriously burned late yesterday when the Navillus Oil company's No. 1 Sullivan, section 1, block 1, 3 miles east of LeFors, exploded and caught fire.

The injured men are Adam Brogdin, about 50, and two young men, Joe Sears and Cary Sears, who are brothers. All are burned about the face and limbs, and Joe Sears is so badly burned about the body that his recovery is problematical. He and Brogdin are said to be married.

The workmen were engaged in a fishing job when the explosion occurred. Ignition of gas and oil from the well presumably was from the gas engine used at the rig, but inasmuch as the men have been unable to talk and information comes only from oil workers on an adjoining lease, confirmation of the idea is impossible today.

The derrick was quickly consumed and the well, brought in last September for about 100 barrels and considerable gas, is still burning. Increasing gas pressure was reported early today. John L. Sullivan, owner of the well, is vacationing in Seattle, and steps to extinguish the blaze awaits telegraphic instructions from him.

The Malone ambulance brought the men to the McKean and Conner hospital last night for treatment. Owing to faulty instructions as to the location of the well, the ambulance made considerable extra distance before arriving at the lease.

Firecrackers Taboo City Manager Says

City Manager F. M. Gwin today made a statement that the city ordinance against shooting firecrackers and other explosives in the business streets of Pampa is to be enforced, and that officers are to arrest and collect fines from those found guilty of this offense. Firecrackers, toy torpedoes and other small explosives, thrown into the streets and sidewalks by small boys and some not so small, have been a source of real danger, as well as of great annoyance to both pedestrians and motorists in the business section of the town for the past several days; and it was found necessary for the city management to take steps to stop the practice.

SMITH HEARS DEMONSTRATION

ALBANY, N. Y., June 28.—(P)—Governor Smith was up until well into the early hours this morning listening over the radio to the demonstration staged at the Democratic convention when his name was placed in nomination for the presidency, and he made no attempt to conceal his satisfaction. He tuned in as soon as the evening session began and did not miss a word or a shout or a blare of music.

Monroe Tarvin, John Ribble, and W. H. Martin of Mobeetie were in Pampa Wednesday.

THE WEATHER

WEST TEXAS—Tonight and Friday generally fair.

Democratic Standard Bearer



ALFRED E. SMITH

DAMAGE SUIT TO REQUIRE ANOTHER DAY FOR FINISH

Final argument in the damage suit filed by Miss Della Todd against the city of Pampa was heard Thursday night by the jury and a large audience.

The case now rests with the jury. At the previous trial damages of \$1,500 were returned.

Out of a maze of conflicting testimony, the jury in the damage suit of Miss Della Todd against the City of Pampa will attempt to return a verdict in deliberations not likely to begin before tomorrow.

Yesterday afternoon the jurors heard Dr. A. Cole and Dr. W. Purviance concerning the extent of Miss Todd's injuries after the automobile accident, Ernest Medkief and T. J. Lomax concerning the repairing of the car involved, and Deputy R. W. Walker of Wilbarger county regarding his knowledge of the plaintiff and a purported prior accident in which she was hurt in 1926.

Today much recapitulation was taking place. Witnesses included Ruth Hill, C. J. Human, Lewis Cox, Dr. W. R. Monroe, and Mr. Conner, a drilling contractor. The main contentions were the depth of the ditch which is alleged to have caused the accident, the appearance of the car after the accident, and the physical condition of Miss Todd before and since the injuries were sustained.

Testimony concerning the depth of the ditch ranges from 4 inches to 2 feet. Physicians vary in their estimates of the extent of the girl's injuries following the accident. The defense is attacking the credibility of the plaintiff, and at noon today, when court adjourned until 1:40 p. m., Miss Todd had just completed another period on the stand, in which she was asked questions in relation to her testimony at the previous trial.

Despite Judge Willis' emphatic insistence upon uninterrupted sessions, many delays have arisen due to inability to have witnesses present.

Mrs. Barr sued for a separation in Manchester, N. H., last March, the complaint being dismissed as faulty. Later she was awarded \$140 a week alimony. Mr. Barr has a counter claim there for a divorce on the ground of cruelty. The Barrs were married at Bluefields, W. Va., in 1910, and both had been married and divorced before.

In Other Years

Here are the presidential and vice presidential nominees of Democratic national conventions held since Civil War days.

1864 George B. McClelland and G. H. Pendleton.

1868 Horatio Seymour and F. P. Blair, Jr.

1872 Horace Greeley and Henry Wilson. (Greeley died before election day and Democratic electors scattered their vote.)

1876 Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks.

1880 W. S. Hancock and William H. English.

1884 Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks.

1888 Grover Cleveland and A. G. Thurman.

1892 Grover Cleveland and A. E. Stevenson.

1896 William J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall.

1900 William J. Bryan and A. E. Stevenson.

1904 Alton B. Parker and Henry C. Davis.

1908 William J. Bryan and John W. Kern.

1912 Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall.

1916 Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall.

1920 James M. Cox and Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Normally charted as republican, especially in presidential election years. Only once in more than a quarter of a century of almost continuous public life has he been defeated for office. On that occasion, when Nathan L. Miller defeated him for governor—the year of the Harding Presidential landslide in 1920—he ran a million votes ahead of the democratic ticket.

Geniality is one of the outstanding Smith attributes and accounts for part of his immense personal following in his home city. But he has a rigid sense of public duty, with which his good nature is never permitted to interfere.

He has been called "The Happy Warrior." Fighting is something he has always had to do, commencing with his struggle to overcome poverty in his boyhood, when he helped to support his widowed mother. He repeatedly fought hostile legislatures in Albany and was successful in pushing through many important legislative measures.

He has had many fights with William Randolph Hearst, the publisher, and had a few tilts with the late William Jennings Bryan. His last important fight with Hearst, when he stubbornly declined to run on a ticket with publisher, marked the decline of the latter's influence with the state democratic party.

Smith's own attitude regarding fighting is shown in his speeches. In the 1926 gubernatorial campaign, when he defeated Ogden L. Mills, later under-secretary of the treasury, the republicans asserted that Mr. Mills would "get along with the legislature like a cooing dove." The governor said in reply: "It is known to everybody in the state of New York from Montauk Point to Niagara Falls that I am no cooing dove and what is more I never will be. Everything I ever got in this world I had to fight for. I did not have it handed to me on a gold platter."

In 1924 he was a contender for the democratic presidential nomination at Madison Square Garden in a memorable convention that finally named John W. Davis as standard bearer. In 1920 he was a "favorite son" at the San Francisco convention.

The governor, known to a legion of New Yorkers as Al, has led a charming political life in a state that is normally

GRAY COUNTY BOASTS 3,102 SCHOLASTICS

County Superintendent in Prospect for Next Term

JOHN B. HESSEY SEEKS OFFICE

Central High School Now Has 33 Units of Affiliation

Creation of the office of county superintendent will be mandatory upon the county commissioners if the annual report for Gray county, submitted about a week ago, is approved by the state department of education.

After checking the scholastic rolls of each district for illegalities and duplications, County Judge T. M. Wolfe submitted a list of 3,102 pupils for the entire county. These are distributed as follows:

Pampa Independent district, 1,852. Alanreed, 141. Rural, 537. McLean, 536.

The LeFors Independent district, recently created out of the LeFors and Sand creek areas, is planning a \$100,000 building and is awaiting approval of the project before employing all the teachers who will be needed.

John B. Hesse, the sole candidate for the prospective office of county superintendent, has lived in Gray county 21 years, six of which have been spent in teaching rural schools. He started efforts to consolidate the Grandview district, which last year completed a \$6,500 brick and tile plant. He was superintendent of the school.

Mr. Hesse has been of material assistance to Judge Wolfe in handling the records of the rural schools, and if he takes office he plans to spend two weeks in the state department of education familiarizing himself more thoroughly with the duties of county superintendent.

Central high school has a total of 33 affiliated credits. One credit was granted in vocational agriculture last February, and to this has been added half a unit in short hand, a unit in chemistry, and half a unit in commercial law. In other words, three additional credits have been granted this year.

The school, furthermore, was granted All-Southern affiliation, one of the outstanding achievements any system can attain.

Rev. Todd Begins Report on Recent Rotary Convention

Pampa Rotarians yesterday heard the first of a series of interesting talks by the Rev. James Todd, Jr., on the recent international convention at Minneapolis, which he attended.

Lynn Boyd presided at the luncheon. A budget committee composed of J. M. Dodson, L. N. McCullough and J. E. Murfee was appointed.

Next week's luncheon will be held on July 3, instead of on July 4, as it would regularly come.

Visiting Rotarians included C. H. McClellan of Wichita Falls, Fred E. DeCoster of Amarillo, and David M. Warren and Tal Jonz.

FLIER GOING GOOD

HORTA, Island of Fayal, Azores, June 28.—(P)—Captain Frank T. Courney, British aviator, who hopped off from Lisbon this morning for this place enroute to the United States, sent a wireless message to the Associated Press this afternoon reading: "Still going strong, expect arrive about 4 o'clock."

Happy Warrior Named On First Ballot by an Overwhelming Vote

SAM HOUSTON HALL, Houston, June 28.—(AP)—Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York was nominated for the presidency tonight by the Democratic national convention.

More than the two-thirds needed to nominate toppled into his column at the very start of the balloting. The minority scattered its votes among a dozen favorite sons.

The new party standard bearer goes before the country on a platform reaffirming the traditional principles of the Democracy, promising "prime and immediate" attention to farm relief and pledging "the party and its nominees to an honest effort to enforce the eighteenth amendment, and all other provisions of the federal constitution and all laws enacted pursuant thereto."

These two planks, the most troublesome in the platform, were drafted after long debate in committee, and were accepted finally without protest by the principal disputants on both sides. The prohibition declaration was pronounced satisfactory by the official leaders of the national dry organizations.

The convention will meet tomorrow, at a final session, to select a nominee for the vice-presidency. The general expectation of party leaders is that this nomination will go to Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas.

SIDELINE TALK AT HOUSTON

(By The Associated Press)

"Mrs. Cornelius from New Jersey has lost \$48 from under her hat," astonished Democrats heard Senator Robinson read in stentorian tones from a pencilled slip of paper just after former Governor Nellie Taylor Ross had taken her seat.

"While holding the banner shortly after Mr. Franklin Roosevelt's address," he continued to read, "the hat was knocked off, with \$48, one \$20 bill, four \$5 bills and eight ones." "In view of the nature of the anecdote, I think I might add that Mr. Franklin Roosevelt had nothing to do with it."

Two sons of Thomas Farrell, chairman of the Pennsylvania delegation, surprised their parents by appearing unannounced at the convention. Mr. and Mrs. Farrell of Wilkesbarre, were greeted by Joseph, 15, and Michael, 13. The two boys had attended the New York convention four years ago and wanted to see another. After their parents and another brother left for Houston they took their savings and followed. They are regular arrendants at all sessions.

The old adage describing the hearings of the path of the peacemaker has been driven home to Houston policemen by the fist of democratic delegates.

One policeman who aided in quieting the disturbance about the North Carolina and Alabama standards yesterday rubbed his head gingerly last night and hoped for a peaceful session. "Somebody cracked me in the head with his fist in the fight today," he explained.

BY BYRON PRICE (Associated Press Staff Writer) SAM HOUSTON HALL, Houston, June 28.—(P)—With the prohibition tangle straightening itself out in committee, the Democratic national convention neared its end today with scarcely a threat of trouble left on its horizon.

By early afternoon tomorrow, at the latest, the convention managers expected to adjourn finally and go home, after having put before the country a ticket composed of Smith of New York and Robinson of Arkansas, and a platform promising, among other things, strict enforcement of the dry laws and a comprehensive program of farm relief.

Day of Speeches

Today's opening session was given to a continuation of the long interlude of nominating speeches begun last night. It was the tentative plan to adopt the platform during the afternoon, and to cast tonight the one ballot now considered certain to result in the nomination of Smith. An overnight adjournment is expected before the selection of Smith's running mate and the final windup.

Their whole performance today had about it a distinct air of anticlimax. There still was a lingering possibility of a floor fight over the platform, but most of the leaders were confident none would develop. The oratorical part of the day's program consisting of putting the names of half dozen favorite sons forward in nomination was a somewhat formal part of the day's program. The big convention hall resounded with the names of the candidates. The speeches made had a chance of nomination. The delegates and convention leaders were willing to let the names of the candidates be put in nomination and to let the delegates and convention leaders be greeted all

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Advertising Rates Upon Application

THERE IS WIDESPREAD COMPLAINT concerning the condition of the main thoroughfares of Gray county, particularly those serving the oil fields.

What ever blame exists, it is largely of omission, for there is little complaint about the methods in so far as they extend. The time has come, however, for not only the incumbent county commissioners, but those who aspire to the offices, to declare themselves upon this vital question.

It is true that usual difficulties have presented themselves. The old means and methods are not sufficient. It is not a question of doing the best one can according to old standards, but of rising to the occasion to meet the new needs.

The Pampa Independent school district had similar needs—and met them. The city had giant problems—and largely solved them. Gray county has problems—and steps to solve them—are far from satisfactory.

True, there are county dividing lines which hinder efficient work. But the means which increased valuations have placed in the hands of the commissioners give them the same tools that the other public bodies have at their disposal.

Within the Pampa district are valuations which make up a huge part of the county total. We believe that this district lacks the machinery to which it is entitled, and in the interest of equitable distribution of county money and credit, we express the hope that the commissioners will make necessary purchases at once.

The will of the people is not being carried out. There seems to be too much caution, too much false economy out of tune with the wishes of the people who pay the taxes—and the oil men who use the roads.

We believe Gray county needs a county agent. No revival of interest in poultry raising and dairying is going to be carried out as it should without this service. The State bears half the expense—out of funds to which the county is now contributing.

Pampa's special road district has money available for paving and the project for which no state aid is available could be rushed along if speed in all departments were insisted upon. There are times when extra effort is desirable. It is unfortunate that something similar to the city manager plan is not available to counties or road districts. In the absence of this privilege, the people must insist upon the part of those who hold public office.

A Warning

While we read a lot these days of reckless driving there is a prevalent form of reckless driving which is responsible for a heavy toll of human life. We read and hear a great deal of the reckless drivers—a conglomeration of growing so-called motorist lives. How many

times have you had to turn sharply to the right side or the wrong side in order to avert striking some careless individual who shuffles out into the path of traffic without looking where he is going—sometimes looking back and talking to someone on the sidewalk? How many times do we jam the brakes and pray while the car comes to a stop a bare inch from somebody who walks aimlessly or jauntily out from parked cars his eyes fixed on some silk stocking or else stargazing—with mind as far from danger as his gaze? There is no question, but we have one hundred percent too much reckless driving, but it is just as true that we need to cry aloud against the carelessness of hundreds of pedestrians who jeopardize their own lives and those of others by their heedless rambling across our streets and highways. Most of us are both motorists and pedestrians, therefore we take both lessons to heart and profit thereby. The warning heeded will mean longer life and fewer accidents for us all.—Clarendon News.

women better than the Republicans.

There are now something like 150 women delegates sitting in the Democratic national convention at Houston this year and about 260 women alternates. As was the case at Kansas City, there are fewer women seated than in 1924, a reduction from about 500 to 400 among some 2,000 delegates and alternates.

The Republicans had less than half as many feminine delegates and a few less alternates. Many of the ladies will split their votes with men, so that their actual voting power will be somewhere around 100 votes.

For some reason or other, the women at the Democratic conventions are considerably more independent than their Republican sisters.

An excellent example of Democratic feminine independence is the case of Mrs. Emily Newell Blair. Mrs. Blair was national committee woman from Missouri and for several years vice chairman of the national committee.

When Senator Reed wanted the Missouri delegation it would only have been smart politics for Mrs. Blair to chime right in. Instead of that, Mrs. Blair, a good Wilson Democrat, led the fight to prevent his endorsement. Mrs. Blair

of course, was eliminated from active leadership in Missouri politics as soon as the Reed faction gained ascendancy at the state convention. She will be succeeded as committee woman by Mrs. C. B. Faris, a Reed supporter and wife of a federal judge. Reed's other foes joined with his friends to endorse him and save their skins.

The nominee will select Mrs. Blair's successor as vice chairman, but she will be active at her headquarters here during the convention. She is regarded as the politically best informed woman among Democrats and retires after a brilliant administration of her position.

Nearly all the leading women's organizations will have representatives before the platform committee to urge their various pet programs. The platform, of course, will be dictated by the politicians, with such concessions as seem expedient.

A considerable number of widely known women are delegates. Indiana paid a neat tribute to widows of three of her distinguished Democratic sons by placing them on the at-large slate. They are Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, widow of the vice president under Wilson; Mrs. Samuel Ralston, widow of the late Senator and Mrs. John W. Kern, whose hus-

band was one of Bryan's running mates and a great progressive fighter.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is expected to attend the convention, but not as a delegate. It has been reported that Mrs. Wilson favors the Smith candidacy, possibly because Reed is Smith's principal opponent.

Among the anti-Smith women is Mrs. William R. Pattangall, national committee woman from Maine. But Mrs. Pattangall is not a delegate. She had the courage to oppose Smith, and met with defeat similar to Mrs. Blair's.

One hears, by the way, that quite a few Democratic women avoided posts as delegates in order to avoid the expected wet-and-dry fight.

TWINKLES

Like a bunch of small boys, we Democrats need only a shove into each other to start a fight.

The French, a reader informs us, have invented revolving houses. That's nothing new, for we go round and round in many of ours, too.

Many a globe trotter has few worlds to conquer except his own household.

You can't think of many things that cannot be insured. Wonder if the tongue can be insured, or rather the person against the results precipitated by that organ.

Broncho busting is in vogue at Houston, but the elephant seems to be ridden the most.

Peking has been changed to Peiping, which sounds like pingping but really means "Northern Peace". There may be something in the name, temporarily at least.

City Tailors Under New Management Alternations a Specialty Phone 460 HOLLOWAY AND HAWTHORNE Union Shop

When Caesar was a boy---

The Forum was the common market-place for all of ancient Rome. Today a few crumbling columns stand as mute reminders of its former grandeur.

In our present-day complex civilization, market-places have become scattered. It is no longer possible to visit them all in a morning—or even in a day.

Advertising, instead, has become the convenient Forum of modern buyers and sellers. If you are considering the purchase of a new car, you scrutinize the automobile advertising. Of if it's a razor or a talking machine that you want, you turn again to the advertising. Here is the national market-place for merchandise.

Furthermore, as you leaf over those same pages of products, your mind is storing away for tomorrow a compact and valuable fund of information. Instinctively, you will remember those facts when you make your future purchases. Increase your store of knowledge by reading the advertisements regularly.

Advertising has become the market-place of this twentieth century

CAPITOL News

By RODNEY DUTCHER

WASHINGTON—June 28—The Democrats treat their

The Good Old-Fashioned Remedy



NAMED CHAIRMAN COMMITTEE!

Comic strip with four panels. Panel 1: 'FRECKLES and His FRIENDS' by Blosser. Panel 2: 'MOM'S POP' by Cowan. Panel 3: 'The Hook-Up' by Cowan. Panel 4: 'I WISH THAT CAKE EATER...' by Cowan.

(Continued from Page 3)

and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such land and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

This plaintiff says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

VI. Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

VII. That on or about the first day of February, 1928, the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said land to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be cited to answer this petition and that upon trial hereof this plaintiff have judgment for the title and possession of the above described premises and removing the cloud of title that the defendants have cast on said premises and completely divesting said defendants of any title or interest they have in and to the above described premises vesting the same in this plaintiff and for her damages and for cost of suit and for such other and further relief as she may be entitled to either in law or in equity.

Bullington, Boone, Humphrey & King.

Attorneys for the Plaintiff, Mrs. Mattie Parker.

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF WICHITA

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared T. R. Boone, attorney for Mrs. Mattie Parker, who after being by me under oath duly sworn, states that he is the attorney for plaintiff in the above entitled and numbered cause and that all of the defendants therein named are either non-residents of the State of Texas or are unknown to this affiant and prays that citation in this cause be had by publication in some newspaper in Gray County, Texas, where the land is situated or some newspaper published in the nearest County thereto.

T. R. BOONE.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of June, A. D. 1928.
GLADYS M. LAND, Notary Public
Wichita County, Texas.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Charlie Thut, Clerk of the 84th District Court of Gray County. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Pampa, Texas, this 6th day of June A. D. 1928.
Charlie Thut, Clerk 84th District Court, Gray County, by Louise Miller Deputy.

—CITATION BY PUBLICATION—
THE STATE OF TEXAS
TO THE SHERIFF OR ANY CONSTABLE OF GRAY COUNTY
GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford, and their unknown heirs, and the Public Trustee of London, England, as the trustee of the estate of John Eldon Gorst, George Hugh Charles Clifford and Charles William Clifford, as the Executors of the Estate of Charles Clifford by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in a newspaper published in the 84th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 84th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 84th District Court of Gray County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pampa, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in August A. D. 1928, the same being the 20th day of August A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of June A. D. 1928, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 329 wherein James E. Parker is Plaintiff,

and John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford and the Public Trustee of London, England are Defendants and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such land and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

This plaintiff further says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

John Eldon Gorst, and the unknown heirs of John Eldon Gorst; Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles Clifford; George Hugh Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of George Hugh Charles Clifford, and Charles William Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles William Clifford, and the Public Trustee of London, England, as the Trustee of the Estate of John Eldon Gorst and George Hugh Charles Clifford and Charles William Clifford, as the Executors of the Estate of Charles Clifford, herein-after called defendants, all of said parties being non-residents or the residence thereof being unknown to the plaintiff, and for cause of action plaintiff represents to the court.

1. That heretofore, to-wit, on or about the 2nd day of January, 1879 the State of Texas patented to Gunte and Munson, a partnership composed of Jot Munson and W. B. Munson, a section of land lying and being situated in Gray County, Texas, and being known and described as Survey No. 2-216 of the G. C. and S. F. Railway Co., lands in Gray County, Texas and containing 740 acres, and being Patent Number 342 recorded in Volume Number 39.

2. That on or about October 3, 1877, the State of Texas patented to William Nelson a certain survey of land lying and being situated in Gray County, Texas and being known and described as follows:

Survey No. 3, Block 2, on the water of McClellan's Creek, a tributary of the North Fork of Red River about fifty (50) miles North and Forty-one (41) miles West from the initial monument by virtue of Land Script Number 13-2640 issued to H. & G. N. Railway Co. and containing 640 acres.

3. That by different mesne conveyances said lands were transferred from the patentees thereof to one Alfred Sully of the County, City and State of New York, who is the common source between the defendants herein and the plaintiff herein. That thereafter the plaintiff and his vendors purchased and acquired title and possession to the above described properties and are now the fee owner of same.

4. That the plaintiff and his immediate vendors have for a period of more than five years prior to January 1st, 1928 had peaceful, continuous and adverse possession of the above described lands and tenements claiming, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and have paid all the taxes as same become due thereon and have had deed and deeds conveying said properties to the plaintiff and the parties through whom he claims title, duly registered conveying said above described tract of land for a period of more than five years before the commencement of this suit and after any kind or character of claim which the said defendants may have in and to said land or cause of action therein accrued and therefore plaintiff is not only entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the record title but that the plaintiff is entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the five year Statute of Limitations as prescribed by the laws of the State of Texas, as herein set forth.

5. Plaintiff further says that he is entitled to have the title to the above described tract of land decreed to him because he and his immediate vendors and these under whom he holds and claims title have had peaceful and adverse possession of the lands and tenements heretofore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and claiming the same adversely against the entire world for more than ten years before the commencement of his suit and after any cause of action that said defendants may have had in and to said land accrued to them and during which period of time this plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such lands and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

6. This plaintiff says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

7. Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

8. That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

cited to answer this petition and that upon final trial hereof this plaintiff have judgment for the title and possession of the above described premises and removing the cloud of title that the defendants have cast on said premises and completely divesting said defendants of any title or interest they have in and to the above described premises vesting the same in this plaintiff and for his damages and for costs of suit and for such other and further relief, as he may be entitled to either in law or in equity.

Bullington, Boone, Humphrey & King.

Attorneys for the Plaintiff, James E. Parker.

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF WICHITA

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared T. R. Boone, who after being by me under oath duly sworn, states that he is the attorney for the plaintiff in the above entitled and numbered cause and that all of the defendants therein named are either non-residents of the State of Texas or are unknown to this affiant and prays that citation in this cause be had by publication in some newspaper in Gray County, Texas where the land is situated or some newspaper published in the nearest County thereto.

T. R. BOONE.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of June, A. D. 1928.
GLADYS M. LAND, Notary Public
Wichita County, Texas.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Charlie Thut, Clerk of the 84th District Court of Gray County. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Pampa, Texas, this 6th day of June A. D. 1928.
Charlie Thut, Clerk 84th District Court, Gray County by Louise Miller Deputy.

—CITATION BY PUBLICATION—
THE STATE OF TEXAS
TO THE SHERIFF OR ANY CONSTABLE OF GRAY COUNTY
GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford, and their unknown heirs, and the Public Trustee of London, England, as the trustee of the estate of John Eldon Gorst, George Hugh Charles Clifford and Charles William Clifford, as the Executors of the Estate of Charles Clifford by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in a newspaper published in the 84th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 84th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 84th District Court of Gray County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pampa, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in August A. D. 1928, the same being the 20th day of August A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of June A. D. 1928, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 329 wherein James E. Parker is Plaintiff,

and John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford and the Public Trustee of London, England are Defendants and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such land and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

This plaintiff further says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in a newspaper published in the 84th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 84th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 84th District Court of Gray County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pampa, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in August A. D. 1928, the same being the 20th day of August A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of June A. D. 1928, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 329, wherein Donald G. Parker is Plaintiff.

and John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford and the Public Trustee of London, England are Defendants and said petition alleging No. 329
DONALD G. PARKER
Vs.

JOHN ELDON GORST, et al
In the 84th District Court Gray County, Texas.

Comes now Donald G. Parker, who resides in the State of Florida, herein-after called plaintiff, complaining of John Eldon Gorst, and the unknown heirs of John Eldon Gorst; Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles Clifford; George Hugh Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of George Hugh Charles Clifford, and Charles William Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles William Clifford, and the Public Trustee of London, England, as the trustee of the estate of John Eldon Gorst and George Hugh Charles Clifford and Charles William Clifford, as the Executors of the estate of Charles Clifford, herein-after called defendants, all of said parties being non-residents or the residence thereof being unknown to the plaintiff, and for cause of action plaintiff represents to the court:

I. That on and prior to January 1st, 1885, the State of Texas patented to A. W. Wallace one certain section of land lying and being situated in Gray County, Texas, and known and described as Survey No. 18, Block H, of the A. W. Wallace Surveys in Gray County, Texas, said patent being No. 486, recorded in volume 9, dated, April 25th, 1884, and containing 640 acres as called for in the field notes of said patent, but that survey as surveyed on the ground contains 650 acres.

II. That by different mesne conveyances said lands were transferred from the patentees thereof to one Alfred Sully of the County, City and State of New York, who is the common source between the defendants herein and the plaintiff herein. That thereafter the plaintiff and his vendors purchased and acquired title and possession to the above described properties and are now the fee owner of same.

III. That the plaintiff and his immediate vendors have for a period of more than five years prior to January 1st, 1928, had peaceful, continuous and adverse possession of the above described lands and tenements, claiming, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and have paid all the taxes as same become due thereon, and have had deed and deeds conveying said properties to the plaintiff and the parties through whom he claims title, duly registered, conveying said above described tracts of land for a period of more than five years before the commencement of this suit and after any kind or character of claim which the said defendants may have in and to said land or cause of action therein accrued and therefore plaintiff is not only entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the record title but that the plaintiff is entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the five year Statute of Limitations as prescribed by the laws of the state of Texas, as herein set forth.

IV. Plaintiff further says that he is entitled to have the title to the above described tract of land decreed to him because he and his immediate vendors and those under whom he holds and claims title have had peaceful and adverse possession of the lands and tenements heretofore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and claiming the same adversely against the entire world for more than ten years before the commencement of this suit and after any cause of action that said defendants may have had in and to said land accrued to them and during which period of time this plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such lands and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

V. This plaintiff says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

VI. Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in a newspaper published in the 84th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 84th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 84th District Court of Gray County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pampa, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in August A. D. 1928, the same being the 20th day of August A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of June A. D. 1928, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 329, wherein Donald G. Parker is Plaintiff.

and John Eldon Gorst, Charles Clifford, George Hugh Charles Clifford, Charles William Clifford and the Public Trustee of London, England are Defendants and said petition alleging No. 329
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I. That on and prior to January 1st, 1885, the State of Texas patented to A. W. Wallace one certain section of land lying and being situated in Gray County, Texas, and known and described as Survey No. 18, Block H, of the A. W. Wallace Surveys in Gray County, Texas, said patent being No. 486, recorded in volume 9, dated, April 25th, 1884, and containing 640 acres as called for in the field notes of said patent, but that survey as surveyed on the ground contains 650 acres.

II. That by different mesne conveyances said lands were transferred from the patentees thereof to one Alfred Sully of the County, City and State of New York, who is the common source between the defendants herein and the plaintiff herein. That thereafter the plaintiff and his vendors purchased and acquired title and possession to the above described properties and are now the fee owner of same.

III. That the plaintiff and his immediate vendors have for a period of more than five years prior to January 1st, 1928, had peaceful, continuous and adverse possession of the above described lands and tenements, claiming, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and have paid all the taxes as same become due thereon, and have had deed and deeds conveying said properties to the plaintiff and the parties through whom he claims title, duly registered, conveying said above described tracts of land for a period of more than five years before the commencement of this suit and after any kind or character of claim which the said defendants may have in and to said land or cause of action therein accrued and therefore plaintiff is not only entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the record title but that the plaintiff is entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the five year Statute of Limitations as prescribed by the laws of the state of Texas, as herein set forth.

IV. Plaintiff further says that he is entitled to have the title to the above described tract of land decreed to him because he and his immediate vendors and those under whom he holds and claims title have had peaceful and adverse possession of the lands and tenements heretofore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and claiming the same adversely against the entire world for more than ten years before the commencement of this suit and after any cause of action that said defendants may have had in and to said land accrued to them and during which period of time this plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such lands and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

V. This plaintiff says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

VI. Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in a newspaper published in the 84th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 84th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 84th District Court of Gray County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pampa, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in August A. D. 1928, the same being the 20th day of August A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of June A. D. 1928, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 329, wherein Donald G. Parker is Plaintiff.

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Comes now Donald G. Parker, who resides in the State of Florida, herein-after called plaintiff, complaining of John Eldon Gorst, and the unknown heirs of John Eldon Gorst; Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles Clifford; George Hugh Charles Clifford, and the unknown heirs of George Hugh Charles Clifford, and Charles William Clifford, and the unknown heirs of Charles William Clifford, and the Public Trustee of London, England, as the trustee of the estate of John Eldon Gorst and George Hugh Charles Clifford and Charles William Clifford, as the Executors of the estate of Charles Clifford, herein-after called defendants, all of said parties being non-residents or the residence thereof being unknown to the plaintiff, and for cause of action plaintiff represents to the court:

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II. That by different mesne conveyances said lands were transferred from the patentees thereof to one Alfred Sully of the County, City and State of New York, who is the common source between the defendants herein and the plaintiff herein. That thereafter the plaintiff and his vendors purchased and acquired title and possession to the above described properties and are now the fee owner of same.

III. That the plaintiff and his immediate vendors have for a period of more than five years prior to January 1st, 1928, had peaceful, continuous and adverse possession of the above described lands and tenements, claiming, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and have paid all the taxes as same become due thereon, and have had deed and deeds conveying said properties to the plaintiff and the parties through whom he claims title, duly registered, conveying said above described tracts of land for a period of more than five years before the commencement of this suit and after any kind or character of claim which the said defendants may have in and to said land or cause of action therein accrued and therefore plaintiff is not only entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the record title but that the plaintiff is entitled to have the title decreed to him by virtue of the five year Statute of Limitations as prescribed by the laws of the state of Texas, as herein set forth.

IV. Plaintiff further says that he is entitled to have the title to the above described tract of land decreed to him because he and his immediate vendors and those under whom he holds and claims title have had peaceful and adverse possession of the lands and tenements heretofore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same and claiming the same adversely against the entire world for more than ten years before the commencement of this suit and after any cause of action that said defendants may have had in and to said land accrued to them and during which period of time this plaintiff and his immediate vendors under whom he claims and holds title have had such lands and tenements actually enclosed within a good and sufficient fence in pastures and enclosures of less than five thousand acres and therefore this plaintiff is entitled to have said land decreed to him by virtue of the ten year Statute of Limitations.

V. This plaintiff says that the defendants are claiming some interest in said land owned by the plaintiff, the exact nature of such claims being to the plaintiff unknown but that the same constitutes a cloud on the title of the plaintiff herein.

VI. Plaintiff further says that he has acquired the title and possession of the above described tracts of land through different mesne conveyances from Alfred Sully, the common source of title between plaintiff and defendants and that therefore he is the owner in fee simple of the above described tracts of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas heretofore described.

That on or about the first day of February, 1928 the defendants unlawfully entered upon and dispossessed this plaintiff from such premises and withholds from him the possession thereof by reason of a cloud of title upon the said land, and therefore they are depriving this plaintiff of the full possession, authority and use of said lands to his damage in the sum of One Thousand Dollars per year.

Wherefore, premises considered plaintiff prays that the defendants be

Texas, this 6th day of June A. D. 1928. Charlie Thut, Clerk 84th District Court, Gray County.
By Louise Miller, Deputy. 11-12-13-14

NOTICE OF RECEIVERSHIP SALE
As receiver for the Adam & Kraker Men's Furnishing store and estate, I offer for sealed bids the foregoing estate to the highest bidder; reserving the right to reject all bids submitted. Bids will be accepted until July 2, 1928. The store will be kept open for stock examination to those who are to make a bid.

The stock consists of good and clean nationally advertised men's wearing apparel of all kinds with hats and luggage, worth approximately \$15,700; A list follows; store fixtures, \$8,800; bills receivable \$5,000; one store building, brick construction \$10,000; 1 business lot at Stinnett, \$1,000.

Inventory of the foregoing stock of merchandise will be furnished upon request. Merely leave bid at the store.
W. H. Bates, receiver, Adam & Kraker, Borger, Texas. 13-14

Repairing A Specialty
Armature Re-winding, Batteries Charged, Generator and Starter Repairing.
Radio Repairing
PHONE 218
KIRK'S BATTERY SHOP

REX THEATRE
Sunday—Monday
Harold Lloyd in
"SPEEDY"
A new Lloyd means a New Laugh
Also special mid-night preview Saturday night.

Business and Professional DIRECTORY

GRAY COUNTY ABSTRACT CO.
Notary In Office
PAMPA, TEXAS

G. C. MALONE
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND
LICENSED EMBALMER
Phone 181 Pampa, Texas

O'NEAL ABSTRACT CO.
Abstracts of Title
Prompt Service
Panhandle, Texas

HENRY L. JORDAN
Lawyer
Phone 354 Pampa, Texas

Osgood Monument Co.
Manufacturers of Distinctive
Granite and Marble
MEMORIALS
"MARK EVERY GRAVE"
Write us for prices
800 Taylor Street Amarillo Texas

CLASSIFIED ADS
Rates for Classified Ads: One and one-half cents per word per week, minimum twenty-five cents. Strictly cash in advance.

WANTED
WANTED—To buy used furniture and oil stoves. G. C. Malobe Furniture and Undertaking Co. 3-12a

DOLLAR DAYS FRIDAY AND SATURDAY!

CRISP NEW MERCHANDISE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF THIS LARGE STORE AND JUST THINK EVERYTHING GOES IN THESE TWO DAYS DOLLAR DAY FESTIVALS. EVERYTHING FOR SUMMER

25c PERCALE, 8 YARDS FOR \$1.00	1.95 CELANESE VOILES, THE YARD \$1.00	35c FRENCH VOILES, 5 YDS. FOR \$1.00	29c CRETONE, 6 YARDS FOR \$1.00	25c CURTAIN SCRIM, 7 YDS. FOR \$1.00	MEN'S \$1.50 SILK TIES 3 A LIMIT \$1.00
CHILDREN'S SILK SOX, 39c VALUE, 4 PAIR FOR \$1.00	75c TISSUE GINGHAM, 2 YARDS FOR \$1.00	50c QUALITY ENGLISH PRINTS, 4 YDS. FOR \$1.00	50c LINGERIE MATERIAL, 3 YARDS FOR \$1.00	\$1.50 VALUE SEAMLESS SHEETS, 3 PAIR LIMIT \$1.00	MEN'S 50c SILK SOX, 3 PAIR FOR \$1.00
\$1.50 SILK BLOOMERS AND STEPPERS, CREPE GOWNS \$1.00	SILK DRESSES, HATS, MEN'S APPAREL— ALL FOOTWEAR REDUCED FOR THE CELEBRATION.			\$1.75 SILK CHIFFON HOSE Square or Pointed Heels. Special \$1.00 3 pair limit	

JULY 4th!
ADAMS DRY GOODS CO.
WEST FOSTER AVENUE — PAMPA, TEXAS