

TEXICO-FARWELL NEWS.

A NEWSPAPER OF AND FOR TEXICO-FARWELL, AND CURRY COUNTY, N. M., AND FARMER COUNTY, TEXAS.

VOL. 3, NO. 35. TEXICO, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 7, 1920. Subscription Price \$1.50

CLUB WINNERS GO TO STATE COLLEGE

The annual Boys' and Girls' Club Encampment of the state will be held at State College next week. Curry County will send seven boys and girls to participate in the contests to be held there. These boys and girls were the winners of the various projects in the county contests and are as follows:

Bee Bohannon, Ranchvale, winner of the pig project; Henry Slatter, Frio, bean project; Eugene Gallagher, Pleasant Hill, row crop project; Irene DeLozier, Pleasant Hill, canning; Ophelia Hutchins, Texico, cooking project; Marie McDaniel, Texico, poultry project; Maurine Wright, Texico, sewing project.

Mrs. C. V. Steed, County Club Leader, will accompany the girls and boys to College Station. E. Peterson and Will F. Pattison also plans to attend the exercises there next week. Mr. Peterson goes as County Agent and will attend the state conference of county agents to be held there. Mr. Pattison goes as president of the Curry County Farm Bureau and will represent the county at the state meeting when a State's Farm Bureau will be organized to federate with the National Farm Bureau.—Clovis News

PERSHING INVITED TO SANTA FE WHEN STATE LEGISLATURE MEETS

General Pershing is asked to come to Santa Fe in February to receive the medal awarded him by the state legislature in a letter sent him today in care of the mayor of Kansas City.

Governor Larrazolo said in the letter that the legislature would be in session at that time and asked the former commander of the expeditionary forces overseas to so arrange his itinerary, if possible, to visit Santa Fe then. General Pershing has planned a long western trip that will bring him to El Paso on February 1. His itinerary calls for several days' stop at El Paso and he probably will be able to run up here then.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Don Hill has returned to Terrell, where he is attending the Texas Military College. Jimmie Nash accompanied him, and will enter the same school.

Miss Girdle Gerries entertained a number of high school girls at her home New Year's Day. All report a splendid time.

The different merchants have completed or are in progress of their annual invoice of stock.

MOUNCE NEWS

The farmers of this community are very busy, threshing, or getting ready to thresh.

Mr. Brison is threshing at his place this week.

Mr. Harry Waggner is helping Mr. Brison thresh this week.

Mrs. Thomas and son moved on the D. S. Martin place last week.

J. R. Johnson and sons, Wesley and Roy Lee, made a trip to Claud Sunday.

Mr. D. S. Martin and Helen Johnson motored to Melrose last week, where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Jake Martin.

Not many attended Sunday School Sunday on account of the rainy weather, but those who didn't send sure missed a grand sermon which was preached by Bro. Thompson.

There were several people from Clovis attended Mounce Sunday School Sunday.

Mrs. J. R. Johnson was in Clovis shopping Saturday.

We would like to know what has happened to "Shu-Fly." She must have gone to sleep and hasn't waked up yet. We haven't noticed any news from that booming Ranchvale in some time. Come on. We would like to hear your news anytime.

BRIGHT EYES.

90,000 ON JOB TO TAKE U. S. CENSUS: COST, 22 MILLIONS

The taking of "the greatest census the world has ever seen" was started last week when 90,000 workers began the task of enumerating the population, as well as the natural and industrial resources of the United States.

Sam Rogers, director of the census, who gave the word to start work on January 2, expects to be able to make his first estimate two weeks later.

Though no official prediction as to how many people are living in the United States are forthcoming, it was learned that the census bureau expects the final count will show at least between 100 and 105 millions.

Work of directing the census is divided up into 379 regions, with a supervisor in charge of each region. The districts are split up in conformity to Congressional districts, though in several instances, especially where there is a thick population in a small area, two or three Congressional districts are combined under the direction of one supervisor.

Cost of taking the census, Rogers said will be approximately \$22,000,000. The census will include Hawaii, Porto Rico, the District of Columbia, Alaska, Guam, Samoa and the Panama Canal Zone.

"The census will cover statistics on population, agriculture, manufactures, forestry and forest products, and mines and quarries," he continued.

According to the last census of 1910, there were 91,972,266 inhabitants of the United States, exclusive of Alaska and insular possessions. This has been increased by at least 10,000,000, according to an estimate made by the census bureau when it recently made an investigation on the country's man power. The result caused the bureau to estimate the country's population at more than 100,000,000.

Other work of the enumerators will include a census on how many farms there are in the United States, their value of manufactured and mineral products. The 1910 census placed the value of farms, manufactured and mineral products at more than \$60,000,000,000.

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AN AMERICAN LANGUAGE

That a purely American language has been slowly but sure developing in the United States, is a fact recognized by the literary societies of this country everywhere, from the schools and universities of cultured Boston to the more modern cities of the Pacific coast, and from the Canadian border to the Gulf of Mexico.

In every section of our country we are drifting away from the language of England to one of our own making, and one that is better understood and more in harmony with Americanism than the stiff, polished and unsocial language of England.

The native Indians have contributed much to our American speech, and the immigrants, who have come to America from every quarter of the globe, have added their mite to the linguistic evolution that is surely making for the United States a language that is distinctly American.

Already classic English is little understood or appreciated in this country; and it is the writings of American authors, written in the language of America, that are given the preference, and wholly because of their purely American style and humor; and, as the amalgamation of the races, that are making of the United States the greatest nation of the world, progresses the language will become more and more distinctively American, until English will no longer be recognized as our native tongue.

The principles of Americanism can be expressed in the true American language, a type of speech that inspires patriotism and love for American institutions and the flag that is today, and which will forever be the emblem of freedom, justice and philanthropy.

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The Texico Power and Transportation Co. will begin the construction of their garage and terminal station at Tatum, New Mexico, about January 10. This will be a fire proof structure of concrete and brick. Clyde Rhodes will be in charge of the construction work.

THE SNOW STORM WILL BENEFIT WHEAT

The Texico country has been visited by a real snow storm this week that put a sudden end to the almost spring-like weather that has prevailed for the past several weeks. The snow coming at this time will be of real benefit to the wheat crops and helps to insure a bountiful yield again for next year. The bad weather will do little damage to stock for all are in good shape and there is an abundance of feed in the country.

AMERICAN LEGION HAS 6,561 POSTS

American Legion posts in the United States and foreign countries now total 6561, it was announced at national headquarters at Indianapolis. France, England and Canada each have one post; Alaska four; Hawaii, five; Cuba, one; Panama, one; Mexico, one; and the Philippine islands, one. Ten states have more than 200 posts each.

New York leads the states with 777 posts.

BAND NAMES OFFICERS

At the regular meeting of the band Friday night the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

G. A. Jenkins, President.
Mike Engram, Vice President.
W. J. Lindquist, Sec. and Treas.
James McDowell, Director.
G. A. Jenkins, Asst. Director.
Trustees—Mrs. Overstreet and Mrs. Aldridge.

ARM BROKEN

Mr. Sherman of Oklahoma City, who had come here as expert truck driver, had both bones in his left arm broken Monday morning. It will be several weeks before he will be able to do anything with the trucks. This is to be much regretted, both on account of the misfortune, and for the reason that he is badly needed to keep the trucks in order.

HATCH NAMED AS REVENUE COLLECTOR

Carl A. Hatch of Clovis has been nominated by President Wilson to be Internal Revenue Collector for the district of New Mexico. This is one of the best appointive positions in New Mexico and carries with it much responsibility. The headquarters of the office are at Albuquerque. Mr. Hatch's many friends in Clovis as well as other parts of the state are pleased to learn of his appointment. There were a number of applicants for the position, among them being some of the most prominent democrats of the state. Mr. Hatch is a member of the law firm of Patton & Hatch and has served the state as Assistant Attorney General.—Clovis News.

YUMA IS SUNLESS FOR FIRST TIME IN 45 YEARS

Yuma, Ariz., Jan. 5.—The sun failed to shine on Yuma Saturday for the first time in 45 years, according to persons who have lived here that long. Rain fell throughout the day. A local hotel which for a quarter of a century has prominently displayed a sign offering free board every day the sun fails to show itself here prepared to do a rushing business, which failed to materialize, the management reported.

WILL SELL TRUCKS

Mr. F. H. DeNise of Oklahoma was here the first of the week enroute to Roswell, where he with Mr. DeWitt, have opened up a Master truck agency for the State of New Mexico. They unloaded a car of trucks here this week, and will drive them thru. They will have a carload of Grant Six's in a soon, and will drive them thru. In fact all their trucks and automobiles will be unloaded here and driven to Roswell.

B. E. Nobles was a business passenger for Clovis Saturday.

ANNUAL FARMERS' STOCKMENS' AND HOMEMAKERS' WEEK

The annual Farmers', Stockmens' and Homemakers' week will be held at the Agricultural College, State College, New Mexico, during the week, January 12 to 17. A complete program has been arranged for the men, women and club members so that the entire family can attend for a profitable week.

The program this year has been arranged somewhat different than it has been in previous years. From 9 to 10 each morning a general session will be held in the Hadley Hall, at which members of the faculty and speakers from a distance will talk on subjects of general interest. During the remaining two morning hours classes will be held in different subjects. The two afternoon periods from 1 to 1:30 and from 1:30 to 4 will be devoted to demonstrations and laboratory work such as stock judging with all classes of livestock, seed selection, seed testing, pruning, spraying, etc.

The women's work will be handled in much the same way. The morning periods will be given over largely to class and lecture work while the afternoon sessions will be devoted to such work as demonstrations of food preservation and preparation, remodeling of clothing and household conveniences.

A number of speakers who are authorities in their special fields have been secured for the occasion. Among them are John M. Evvard, who is in charge of the experimental work with livestock in the Iowa State College; Earle G. Reed, Agriculturist of the Colorado & Southern R. R.; L. E. Foster, a successful cotton grower of the Pecos Valley; W. H. Olin, Agriculturist of the Denver and Rio Grande R. R.; Mrs. Edith Salisbury and Miss Gertrude Warren, of the United States Department of Agriculture. In addition to these members of the faculty will assist in the work of the week. The meetings are varied sufficiently so that there should be something of interest to everyone.

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EPWORTH LEAGUE SOCIAL

Mrs. Overstreet was hostess to the members of the Epworth League on New Year's Eve. The party met at Mr. Wulfman's residence and was taken from there to the home of the hostess. There everyone took great pleasure in the games that were played and the music that was rendered, until near the time for the departing hour of 1919, when each one was served with a plate of delicious refreshments. After watching the old year go out and the new year come in, the guests went to their respective homes feeling that they had had the most enjoyable time of the year.

The readers of the News will be able to form some idea of the growth and development of the United States in considering the fact that 650 were employed in taking the first census and that 90,000 will be employed in taking the next. Not only does this indicate growth but the perfection of a system that for usefulness and statistical information is unsurpassed in any country of the world.

POINT ENTERPRISE

We are still enjoying the beautiful weather, most of the farmers are through harvesting.

Mrs. Struble returned Thursday from a visit with her daughter in Dallas.

Claudia Meador spent from Thursday until Saturday in Clovis.

Mrs. D. P. Bohannon and family have moved to Farwell, Texas.

Miss Jessie Clark entertained some of her friends Wednesday night.

Mr. C. C. Dorris has bought a new Ford car.

Mr. Tommie Jenes is expected home from California next Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Cox returned Sunday after spending the holidays with home folks at Hope, N. M.

Mr. J. R. McGregor, who is working at Bryan, spent Saturday night at home.

BLUE EYES.

CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT TO MEET

Washington, Jan. 6.—Prospective candidates for the democratic nomination for president will meet each other and publicly declare their views on public questions at the Jackson day banquet which is to conclude the meeting of the democratic national committee here Thursday. A dozen speakers are on the program, made public today, and they include most of those who have been prominently mentioned as presidential possibilities. Besides there will be read a message from President Wilson, possibly touching on a third term and on the peace treaty, and a letter from William G. McAdoo, former secretary of the treasury, discussing some of the issues likely to enter into the campaign.

Interest in the banquet, particularly with regard to the positions to be taken by President Wilson and Mr. Bryan greatly overshadowed among the assembling committeemen tonight the real purpose of the meeting here, which is to select a time and place for the national convention. No further light was shed during the day on the probable contents of Mr. Wilson's letter or Mr. Bryan's speech, and it was indicated that the intentions of both would be kept under cover until Thursday night.

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GRADY TO HAVE A BANK BY APRIL 1

A stock company has been formed for the purpose of putting in a bank at Grady, application here will like made for a charter for the next thirty days.

turns the News and hopes to be ready April 1st.—Clovis News

AMARILLO'S

The Tribune, Amarillo newspaper will make early in February, an announcement this week. The Tribune will start with a circulation of \$100,000 and will have some of the best known men in the state of Tex

Miss Maude Boone and Alton, who had been spending the holidays at the home of T. J. Randol and family, returned to their home Saturday.

LOCUST GROVE

Several of the farmers of this place celebrated New Years, by hauling corn to town.

Mrs. Walter Myers of Wellington, Kansas is visiting her father, Mr. Boss, this week.

Mrs. Leona Osborne and Mr. and Mrs. Ebb Randol spent New Years Day at Mr. T. J. Randol's.

Mrs. J. E. Randol and Miss Maud Boone visited Mrs. Bob Moore at Texico, Wednesday.

Mrs. Daisy Belle Gray of Colorado is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. H. Engram.

Mr. Thomas Vaughn and bride and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vaughn spent New Years at Mr. T. S. Randol's.

Mr. Black is living on Mr. Blair's place, and two of his children started to school Monday.

Ira Taylor Jr., is working north of Texico.

There was a dance given at the home of T. S. Randol Thursday night.

Miss Maud Boone and brother, Alton, after spending a two weeks visit with relatives, left Saturday morning for their home at Trent, Texas.

Mrs. John Russell and children visited Mrs. Ebb Randol Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Randol went to Muleshoe Saturday.

There was a party given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Russell Friday night. Flinch and forty-two were the leading games. At a late hour delicious cake and coffee was served and all had a splendid time.

CROSS EYED JANE.

SERVICE!

We are after the account of farmers and stock farmers in the eastern part of Curry and Roosevelt Counties particularly and assure you we are still living up to our reputation of taking care in the proper manner of all our customers. You may need small loans to run for a short time or, you may need large loans which you will expect to be renewed from time to time. We assure you we will be glad to handle your business along these lines as long as general conditions will permit well regulated institutions to do so.

When you have money, deposit it with us, and when you need money we will be glad to assist you.

Texas State Bank of Farwell
The Guaranty Fund Bank

Texico-Farwell News
 ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY --
 TEXICO NEW MEXICO
 C. A. ROBERSON, Publisher.
 JAMES McDOWELL, Editor and Manager.

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 Less space 17 1/2 c to 20c.

Reading notices in local columns, or Cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, obituaries, etc., other than the usual news mention, charged for at regular advertising rates.

THE LEAGUE AND CANDIDATES

Presidential candidates are discovering that the people are quite anxious to learn where each candidate stands on the league of nations proposition.

Senator Borah started the new year by writing a letter to Governor Lowden, an announced candidate, asking the Illinoisian these two things:

Whether as president he would maintain, abandon or modify the "traditional policy" of the nation to enter no entangling alliances or would participate in partnerships with European nations?

Whether he would work for any "alliance, league or partnership," under the terms of which Americans might be sacrificed in military participation in foreign quarrels, as the lives of American soldiers have been sacrificed in Russia, "at the behest of the European alliance," but "in violation of the constitution of the United States."

As may be seen, Senator Borah lost no opportunity in his letter to put the question as to whether he has chosen to term the "bad league" foremost and to answer it in the affirmative or in the negative.

TRYING GERMAN PRISONERS

Germany started an offensive against the peace treaty terms long ago, an offensive directed toward public sentiment in the entente nations. As has been her carefully developed custom Germany does not come out claiming any determination to refuse to do the big things demanded by the allies. She will pay the reparation sums and indemnities. She will turn over what ships are still due the allies. She will send more railroad rolling stock to be parceled out among her European enemies. But there is more importance than some observers have noted in the campaign on the part of Germany to oppose the giving up of Germans accused of war crimes.

The German government is already putting semi-official printed propaganda in the form of inspired "appeals" to the Allied public, calling attention to what she considers to be a "serious injustice". Instead of wanting to turn over German war criminals to the allies Germany would try German war offenders in Germany in a German court and before a German jury.

The chief argument used in this connection is that if German war criminals are tried by the allies there will result "inevitably" a civil war throughout Germany. Active propaganda is being carried on to oppose the yielding of Hindenburg, Ludendorff and other military and naval persons. The Reichswehr group in Berlin, and this group has much standing and leadership, has published in its official organ a statement that the new army will not lend itself to arresting and delivering these Germans to the allies even if the army was ordered to do so by the government. Government leaders in France and Britain and Italy are convinced that Germany will work to her limit in attempting to break this part of the treaty.

The significance of this campaign of propaganda lies in the fact that if Germany succeeds in breaking some part of the treaty she will have leverage with which to pry off some more planks or sections. Germany learned long ago that with a lever and a fulcrum it is possible to do lots of work and she is apparently eager to get started so that she can save herself from other treaty griefs that are sure to come later.

DEPORTING RADICALS

While government officials and heads of patriotic societies have been theorizing about dangerous radicalism and while they have been attempting to solve the problem with books and tables and reports, dangerous radicalism has increased.

A Red says about as much attention to some theorist as he does to a reaction principle.

But the government has at last found a course which promises to lead to a solution of the Red problem. While the Davey bill has been worked over in order to come to some definite definition of sedition and in order to define punishment for sedition, the department of justice has been conducting the greatest round-up of radicals in the nation's history.

Tuesday night of last week the federal dragnet was in operation in thirty-three of our largest industrial centers. Reports indicate that more than 1,500 members of the communist and communist labor parties were apprehended. In New York more than 300 radicals had been arrested before midnight and sent to Ellis Island. Raids were also conducted in Baltimore, Buffalo, Chicago, Cleveland, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Hartford, Indianapolis, Jacksonville, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Louisville, Milwaukee, Newark, Omaha, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Me.; Portland, Ore.; Providence, San Francisco, Sacramento, Scranton, Spokane, St. Louis, St. Paul, Springfield, Mass.; Syracuse, Toledo and Trenton.

The good ship Buford, with its good crew and its cargo of anarchism is doing much to establish a route to better Americanism. The Buford, now almost to Russia, where its cargo of anarchists is to be unloaded, is sending out other information that the daily wireless reports of its progress. It is telling, in ways which we cannot describe, considerable advice to would-be radicals in America. Unless we are mistaken, it is informing dangerous radicals in our country that if they know what is good for them they will stop spreading sedition and begin hunting for a job.

The cargo on the Buford was not shipped away from this country without giving each individual a legitimate and fair trial. The men and women who were sent away on that ship proved to be anarchists—mostly by their own testimony. The fifteen hundred or more, men and women who were arrested last Tuesday night will not be hurried off to Russia or to some other foreign country without trial; but when they are tried and found guilty of attempting to overthrow the government they will make cargoes for other Bufords.

THE NEWSPAPER OF THE FUTURE

Here is an editorial from the Fargo Forum that is of interest to newspaper publishers and workers and that has in it matter of interest to the public, both buyers of advertising space and readers of newspapers. The editorial is entitled, "The Newspaper of the Future." It follows:

St. Louis, Mo., a city of nearly 1,000,000 inhabitants, has now but one morning paper.

Within the last few days the St. Louis Republic, the oldest paper west of the Mississippi river, was taken over by the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and the latter is now the only morning paper in the field.

The Republic was first published as a weekly more than 100 years ago, appearing 1808. It was changed to a daily eighty-three years ago, and has been continuously published since that time. It was controlled by David R. Francis, former American ambassador to Russia, and for many years has been a staunch democratic organ.

The passing of a newspaper with a record of more than 111 years of continuous publication is most significant of conditions in the newspaper world. Newspaper costs have mounted so rapidly during the last two or three years that only virile dailies are able to survive. Weaker papers are being sold, merged, or are passing out of the field entirely. The day has passed when any man with a hand press and a desire to see his ideas in print can start a newspaper.

This gradual restricting of the field is working an evolution in American newspapers, and that evolution must continue. Daily newspapers must become less and less party organs or organs of some particular faction, and must serve the whole community.

No newspapers in the world are freer from the influence of advertisers than American newspapers. There have been a time when advertisers controlled the editorial and news columns of otherwise reputable newspapers but that time has passed in America. It is partly to the credit of publishers and partly to the credit of advertisers themselves that this condition has been brought about. The advertiser today, who has a message to give to the public, buys space and issues the message frankly over his own name. The campaigns of "truth in advertising" have shown him the advantage of frankness in dealing with the public.

Newspaper owners and workers of the future must set for themselves ever higher standards of frankness and fair play. More and more they must realize that theirs is a public trust. Newspapers must attract to themselves the best brains of their communities. They must insist upon a better background of general education, in their workers, a longer apprenticeship, and be prepared to pay higher rewards for them.

In brief, if we are to have fewer newspapers, only the best, the fairest, the most intelligent, and those with the highest standards should survive.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE BEST ENQUIRE FOR

"The Modern"

LARGE COOL DINING ROOM, APPETIZING MEALS
 OR SHORT ORDERS
 CLEAN SLEEPING ROOMS

JUST ACROSS THE STREET FROM THE DEPOT

Mrs. K. W. Jones, Proprietress

MORE ATAVISM

Agas and agas ago, before mankind had developed what we call civilization, men who suffered the extreme penalty for one crime or another were supposed to die within sight of the people of the community in which their crime had been committed.

As far as we can learn, the procedure had no special significance. It was apparently a habit brought down from the even earlier times when lawless tribes were little else than brutes.

The other day in Chicago, Raffalio Durrage was hanged on the gallows to expiate a vile crime he had committed. Instead of hanging the convicted man in the manner prescribed by society, witnessed only by a few, Durrage was hanged in full sight of 200 prisoners in the Cook county jail. Objections made by Governor Lowden to this almost public hanging were overruled and the Cook county sheriff made involuntary witnesses of the prisoners, supposedly for the "moral effect."

There are enough reasonable objections to capital punishment in these days without associating capital punishment with curiosity, display and without compelling fellow prisoners to look on.

If any good can come from this atavistic procedure we are not aware of it.

WHERE THEY STAND

Americans like men who are out in the open, who have convictions and express them, who have thought themselves out, along various lines and who are not afraid to let the people know what their thoughts are.

Roosevelt was admired not only because he was virile and because he knew the psychology of the mob and because he was primarily and fundamentally American—but he was admired because he was big enough to form sensible conclusions on various and varied subjects and because he was not afraid to let these conclusions be known.

It is recalled that Roosevelt, during his campaigning days, answered practically every question put to him. He even stated his belief on infant-baptism. He announced his standing regarding college fraternities, foreign missions, temperance, tariff, foreign policies, the habits of the chipmunk, the dangers of senate control, and it was a rare query that would not draw from him a definite statement. If he had not formulated an opinion on some issue, he was usually big enough to say so. If he had formulated an opinion that was plainly at variance with the majority of the people, he usually expressed it just the same. And the people had the greatest respect for him because of this trait and because of the ability and capacity for studying various subjects.

Americans do not demand that every public character agree with them on the league of nations, on the Davey bill, on prohibition, on the tariff, on foreign policies—but Americans do demand of any man who is seeking presidential honors that he makes some definite and plain and square statements. The man who is not big enough or brave enough or broad enough to have convictions and express them is not big enough and brave enough and broad enough to sit in the chief executive's chair at Washington.

A man can shut up his conscience when he has done something wrong. But he can't handle his wife that easily.

ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL PRINTS INTERVIEWS ABOUT FUTURE FINANCES

The Albuquerque Journal last week published a series of interviews from men from all parts of the state touching on the financial condition of the various portions of the state and prospects for the year 1920. Without many exceptions these men all look for good times during 1920. Among the interviews published was the following from C. W. Harrison, president of the First National Bank at this place, as follows:

"Your telegram of the 27th, inst., asking for statement for publication, regarding the financial outlook for 1920, received.

"From the observations and study I have given this matter my views are more optimistic than would ordinarily be termed "good sound business." We may expect a slight tightening of funds for speculative investments and without a doubt stiff interest rates throughout the entire year, but there is no reason to believe anything very alarming will develop regarding the financial situation.

"Our stock market has been very much disturbed of late on account of railroad and other announcements, but as few throughout the great southwest gain or lose by the fluctuations of unknown quantities, which has in the past effected but little of our money source, I feel that the business of the stock exchange will be taken care of by those who are responsible for it.

"There is no question but the federal reserve act, with all its imperfections, is the greatest piece of financial legislation ever contemplated and through the channels of this gigantic organization, will continue to

flow the safe, sane and conservative business of 1920. We shudder when we think of what might have happened in the great world crisis if we had not had the federal reserve system established and in working order. If we had been told at the beginning of the world war in 1914 that we would be called upon to pay four million dollars, being the balance in trade due Europe, that almost four and one-half billions of the securities of our country owned abroad would be dumped upon our exchanges for immediate sale to replenish the exhausted treasuries of the federated nations and in addition were told that besides we would have to furnish ten billion dollars more to the allied nations besides the twenty billion dollars necessary to arm and equip the armies of America, there is not a citizen of this nation who would have dared to say we could have done it, yet this tremendous task has not only been accomplished, but we stand today the great creditor nation of the world. If an amount of money equal to all the money on deposit at the present time in England, France, Germany, Norway, Italy, Sweden, the Netherlands and Japan were withdrawn from the present amount on deposit in the banks of the United States there still would be more on deposit in the banks of America than there was in the year 1914. Yet some people say in the face of the fact that we have three billion dollars in this country at the present time, there is danger of over-expansion of our currency, they are not counting as they should upon the recuperative power of this great republic.

"Taking into consideration the great debt we have placed upon our country to assist our European neighbors, the United States of America is only in debt eight per cent of her resources. Then why shouldn't we look to 1920 as the banner year of the greatest country under the face of the sun. Feeling that the same influence that averted the great catastrophe as planned by our astronomers has a part in taking care of the building up of the resources of our great nation, which has been so instrumental in preserving democratic principles with christianity as their foundation, in the language of the great revivalist, I think I can make the statement without fear of contradiction that the indications of the financial situation in 1920 could not be better."

AUCTIONEER
 ALL WORK GUARANTEED
O. C. SNYDER
 HURLEY, TEXAS

Make Dates with the News Office or Muleshoe Bank.

DR. G. A. FOOTE
 General Practice and Surgery
 EYES TESTED
 Glasses Fitted Correctly
 Office: Red Cross Drug Store
 Phone 20 Residence 16

CANNON BALL HOTEL
 When in town stop at the Cannon Ball Hotel, close to the Depot

V. TATE, AUCTIONEER
 "I Guarantee My Work."
 Clovis New Mex.

Are YOU Tired of Re-papering?

You can't blame a man for being provoked when it's the same yearly expense for re-papering and re-plastering. No wonder 10,000 people are thankful for

UPSON-BOARD
 (Most dependable board made in America)
 Re-papering the home—what a relief! No more plastered ceilings with unsightly cracks and danger of falling—no more tedious selecting of wall paper patterns and a littered-up house. Use it all through a house in place of cracking plaster.

Upson Processed Board is not like other boards. It is harder-stiffer—and \$1.50 per room cheaper to paint. Looks, feels and works like lumber. Every panel, too, is scientifically processed—Kills-cure, Water-proof-d and surface-filled.

Visit us and get all the facts. It will pay you.

R. H. KEMP LUMBER CO.

Farm and Ranch Lands

The AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., of Galveston, Texas, makes loans on Farms and Ranches. Buy, take up and extend Vendor's Lien Notes or other Land Notes. Rates and terms liberal and attractive.

Only one Deed of Trust required. Interest payable at end of year; no red tape or long delays in closing loans.

You run no risk in doing business with a reliable company like the American National.

E. S. IRELAND, Inspector
 and Representative of Loan Department.
 DIMMITT, TEXAS

RAY H. KUNCE
 GENERAL AUCTIONEER

Will arrive in this vicinity about the middle of February and solicits any sales to be held after that time.

Leave all orders at the News office.

We Treat You White!
 Both You and Your Laundry Work

SENDS US.

She's pillow top work of all kinds done up with the fresh, cleanly appearance and embodiment of good thorough work.

Men's wear: collars, shirts and so on have the precision of well starched and pressed spotless which makes it a pleasure for him to know that his laundry has arrived.

No see-saw collars or accordion pleated cuffs and no spots left in flat work which may by any mean be removed.

The Clovis Steam Laundry
 Phone 48

SHIP BY TRUCK

The Texico Power and Transportation Co. will move your freight by truck anywhere, any time.

Being the biggest operator of trucks in the State of New Mexico, we are prepared to render the quickest and A-1 service to our patronage.

Beginning with January 15th we will render daily freight service between Texico and Grady, N. M., and between Texico and Lovington, N. M., via Portales and Tatum.

We will render service to the farmers of any vicinity, in the movement of their grain or any other farm products, to any point or place which they find market.

We Guarantee Prompt Delivery

For further information, address

Texico Power & Transportation Company

A PATRIOTIC RING

The opposition of the American Legion to the bringing home of the bodies of American soldiers seems to have the true American ring.

It is plainly the duty of the American government to bring them home, if near relatives so desire, but how much greater the honor to lie where they fell in making their supreme sacrifice for human liberty; where, in national cemeteries, a grateful nation will erect monuments to their honor, inscribed with testimonials of glory and appreciation for the part America has taken in the liberation of the world from the curse of autocracy and the burdens of militarism.

Then why not let the bodies of our soldiers lie beneath the soil that their blood has made sacred, where loving hands will plant beautiful flowers, and where stern men and devoted women, with hearts overflowing with gratitude, will bow their heads in tearful sympathy for the mothers of America, who offered their sons in sacrifice to save France and the world from the domination of the cruel Huns?

America will never forget them, and France will cherish their memories and tenderly care for their sepulchres as long as time shall last.

How better can we honor them than by permitting their bodies to lie where they are, to which hallowed ground a grateful people will make pilgrimages from every quarter of the globe to pay them homage.

Census takers are commencing the big job of tabulating the men, women and children of America. We will soon know just how much we have grown during the last ten years of our national life. It is going way past a hundred millions, that is certain.



ECZEMAN
MONEY BACK
Will cure your skin...
For Sale by Red Cross Pharmacy.

2nd Saturday Trades Day

O. K. Wagon Yard

Saturday, Jan 10th

Those wanting to buy some necessary farm or house needs are invited to attend these sales, as well as those wishing to sell any surplus articles of any kind are asked to bring them in, in plenty of time, and list them with either Dr. Michael or M. L. Rogers.

LOCAL MENTION

Heb Smith, formerly of this place, renewed old acquaintances here last week.

Mr. V. L. Thurston has been quite sick the past ten days but is some improved this week.

D. D. Singleterry is back from the oil fields, reporting every thing on the boom.

R. A. Hawkins has sold his farm just east of Farwell for \$75.00 per acre to Mr. Stovall of Dickens County.

FEELS SORRY FOR FOLKS IN HIS NATIVE STATE

(Clovis News.)
D. L. Moyer returned the first of week from a visit to his old home in Kentucky. He says he had a fine time but feels sorry for these folks

back there because they do not realize what a fine country Eastern New Mexico is. Mr. Moyer says farms in the section where he visited sell for from \$75 to \$200 per acre and they do not produce as much as our farms do. On practically every farm the farmer uses fertilizer in order to produce as good crops as he does. He says if those folks would visit New Mexico this year and see the bountiful crops we have raised on cheap land, the land out here wouldn't be cheap very much longer.

TAX ROLLS READY

The tax rolls were turned over to County Treasurer J. S. Morgan this week and he is now issuing tax receipts for this past year's taxes. His office will likely be a busy place for the next thirty days.

C. A. Roberson Brokerage Company

Stocks, Bonds and High Grade Securities

Texico, N. M.

To Electric and Water Customers

Farwell-Texico

We regret that we are forced to announce an increase in rates as follows: effective December 1st, 1919

Electrical rates, residence and commercial	\$.18 per K. W. H.
Electrical rates, motors	\$1.00 per horse power, plus .08 per K. W. H.
Minimum charge, business or residence	1.50 per Month
Water rates, residence and commercial, minimum	2.50 per Month

This for one hydrant, and one consumer only.

With both or sewer connection, same	3.25 per Month
Outside hydrant for irrigation, May to Sept.	4.00 per Month
Outside hydrant for irrigation, Oct. to April.	1.00 per Month

This based on 1000 square feet irrigated area. Larger areas in proportion.

Restaurants, barber shops, and small boarding houses	5.00 per Month
Boarding houses, based on 6 rooms or less, with additional charge of 40c for each additional room	5.00 per Month
Garages, no cars washed	3.00 per Month
Garages, for washing cars, extra	.80 per M gallons

These advances are necessary because cost of electrical current has advanced 78 percent, and cost of furnishing water has materially increased and we have never had a rate sufficiently large to pay expenses. Larger towns like Roswell, Carlsbad, Santa Fe, etc., have long gotten 18 cents for electricity and Clovis gets \$2.40 for first hundred cubic feet of water. It costs a small plant more per unit than it does the larger one.

A little reasoning will convince you that we are entitled to this small increase in rates.

Southwest Utilities Co.

REPUBLICANS MAY NOMINATE COUNTY TICKET

(Clovis News.)
The News gets its authority from leading local Republicans that in all probability a full county ticket will be nominated by the Republicans this year. Last election this party did not put out a county ticket.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

State Corporation Commission of New Mexico.

Certificate of Filing

United States of America, State of New Mexico, ss.

It is hereby certified, that there was filed for record in the office of the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico, on the fifth day of December, A. D. 1919; at 11:00 o'clock A. M. by the

SOUTHWEST UTILITIES COMPANY,

a corporation organized under the laws of New Mexico, a duly executed consent in writing that said corporation be dissolved; and this Commission being satisfied that all of the requirements of Section 919, New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Codification 1915, relating to the voluntary dissolution of corporations have been duly complied with;

Now therefore, upon the filing with this Commission of an affidavit showing that this certificate has been published as required by law, the said corporation shall be dissolved.

The principal office of the said corporation in this state is at Texico, New Mexico, and the name of the agent in charge thereof and upon whom service may be served is J. Ray.

(No. 9312)

In testimony whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 5th day of December, A. D. 1919.

HUGH L. WILLIAMS,

(Seal) Chairman.
Attest: A. F. MORRISON, Clerk.

Subscribe for the News.

Looks like there is to be plenty of prospective presidential material to select from.

Old Hi Cost of Living doesn't seem to bother the people of this section. All seem to be prosperous and are buying freely of what they need.

Subscribe for the News.

ITCH!
HONEY BACK
without question if Hunt's Salve falls in the treatment of Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Itch, etc. Don't become discouraged because other treatments failed. Hunt's Salve has relieved hundreds of such cases. You can't lose on a Money Back Guarantee. Try it at our risk TODAY. Price 75c. For sale locally by

For Sale by Red Cross Pharmacy.

Paint Your Auto Buggy, Carriage or Motorcycle



Lowe Brothers Automobile Varnish Colors

are especially made for the repainting of automobiles—truck or pleasure car. Easy to use and dry hard with a rich, lustrous finish. Sold in standard automobile colors to suit your taste.

Ask for color card

R. H. KEMP
LUMBER CO.

NOT HURT BY WARM CLIMATE

Writer Denies That Life in the Tropics Is Enervating to Whites Dwelling There.

The opinion is widespread in northern climes that a continuously warm climate, unbroken by sharp periodic changes, is enervating and detrimental to the white man. This opinion is substantiated by a considerable variety of evidence. Exception, however, is taken by Vaughan MacCaughy, writing in Science.

Hawaii is sub-tropical. The significant fact is that the "white" population lives "American style."

The hours of labor for business men, professional men and laborers are just as long as in northern regions. The holidays and vacation periods are no more numerous. The lunch period is one hour at noon, and there is no siesta.

A white laboring class does not exist in Hawaii. This is due, however, not to climatic conditions, but to the economic competition of cheap oriental labor.

It must be acknowledged that the change from a northern to sub-tropical climate does not always agree with the white man. Some suffer from poor health and more or less profound functional derangement. However, the problem is an open one as to whether this is directly due to climatic maladaptation.

FRENCHMAN'S WORK OF ART

Beauvais Cathedral Clock a Remarkable Example of Ingenuity in Its Construction.

The clock of Beauvais (France) Cathedral is said to be composed of 92,000 separate pieces. One sees on the 52 dial plates the hour, the day, the week and the month; the rising and setting of the sun, phases of the moon, the tides; the time in the principal capitals of the world, together with a series of terrestrial and astronomical evolutions. The framework is carved oak, eight meters by five meters, or 26 feet by 16 1/2 feet. When the clock strikes all the edifice seems in movement. The designer wished to depict the Last Judgment. This wonderful work recalls the clock of Strassburg, and is of modern construction. It is the work of M. Verite, who was in the engineering department of the Nord railway, and who died in 1887. The cock crows, angels sound a trumpet at the four cardinal points, imitation of flames appears from the openings of little steeples right and left. A soul, that of the impatient thief, appears before the supreme Judge. It is condemned, "a" infer, and a demon armed with a pitchfork seizes it and casts it into the abyss. Next comes the soul of the just. The angels advance and conduct it to the realms of day, sacred strains being heard.

Spread Love of Good Music.
The greatest factors that exist at the present time in the spreading of music and the inducement of a love for it, are the music-reproducing machines of all kinds. What these have done to promote general musical knowledge cannot be overestimated.

Why, you meet people who, a few years ago, would not have known the name of one great musical composition, who now are familiar not only with the composers, but with their foremost interpreters and the ways in which these interpretations have been conceived. These people know every note of works they hadn't even heard a few years ago.

It is not enough for a composition to be great to help the world, apparently; it must be known to be great. With a man it is a different matter. Do your work well, and you will be judged by it. There are always those who can judge if one's work is good; let them judge.—Exchange.

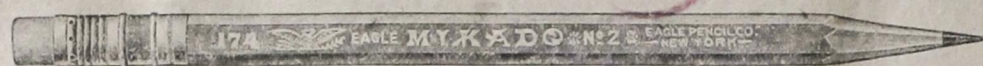
Change of Ownership.

A poorly clad stranger had been gazing for such a long time with interest at a mansion, with its spacious, stately carriage drive and well-kept grounds, that a policeman at the corner grew suspicious and walked up to him. "Nice house," said the officer genially. "Yes," was the reply. "It's a very nice house, and it cost money, too." "I did that!" said the officer. "I built that house," said the stranger. The officer looked at the seedy individual and smiled. "What did yer do it with," he said—"a spade and hoe?" "No," replied the man sadly, "with money left me by my uncle. It is not exactly as I would have designed it, nor had I seen it before—" "You never saw it before," said the officer, "and it ain't just as you'd like it, but you built it with money left you by your uncle; that's a good joke." "It's all true," said the seedy stranger; "the owner was my lawyer!"

England and America.

The language and traditions common to England and America are like other family bonds; they draw kindred together at the greater crises of life, but they also occasion at times a little friction and fault finding. The groundwork of the two societies is so similar that each nation, feeling almost at home with the other, may instinctively resent what hinders it from feeling at home altogether. Differences will tend to seem anomalies that have slipped in by mistake and through somebody's fault. Each will judge the other by his own standards, not feeling as in the presence of foreigners, that he must make an effort of imagination and put himself in another man's shoes.—George Santayana in Landmark.

Eagle "Mikado" Pencil No. 174



For sale at your dealer Made in Five Grades. Conceded to be the Finest Pencil made for general use.

Eagle Pencil Company, New York

CALIFORNIA ACTS

While congress has been killing time considering and re-considering proposals for aiding returned soldiers California has been acting. That western state has the honor of establishing the first soldier settlement in the states. This is under the direction of the California Land Settlement board which has bought 8,000 acres in Merced county for the purpose of providing farms for soldiers. The one chief objection to the California program is that it will accommodate only 300 soldier families, while the board has 1,000 applications for allotment. It is the plan of the board to follow the general plan of the well known Dnrham colony which is now completely settled and which appears to be a distinct success.

California is not a pioneer in the world of this work, but she is a pioneer in the United States. Canada has long since made provisions for her soldiers. She is even now raising a Victory Loan of \$600,000,000 and nearly \$60,000,000 of this amount will be set aside for furthering the work of providing farms and homes for soldiers.

America is the richest nation on the face of the earth. She distances Canada in wealth, per capita wealth, population, industry, farming and practically every other line of activity—except for the great work of providing aid for the returned fighters. And it might be added that neither Canada nor California has any intention of donating a farm to each soldier. The plan is to loan the

soldiers the money with which to buy a farm, build a home and stock the place ready for agricultural or stock raising purposes.

No wonder California is telling the rest of the American people to "Go west" in order to find real progress and practical appreciation.

LODGES

I. O. O. F.

Texico Lodge, No. 27, meets every Friday night in Taffinder Hall. Visiting brothers welcome.
F. J. Doose, N. G.
W. J. Linquist, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.

Farwell Lodge, No. 977, meets Tuesday night, or before full moon.

J. J. DeOLIVEIRA, W. M.
G. EADS, Clerk.

O. E. S.

Farwell Chapter No. 566 meets second Saturday in each month.

WOODMEN CIRCLE

Meets second and fourth Monday nights at 8:30 p. m.

MATTIE BLAKE, Guardian.
MARY S. HINER, Clerk.

W. O. W.

R. D. Williams, C. C.
J. L. Walling, P. C. C.
F. J. Doose, A. L.
C. H. Haber, E.
M. A. Brown, Clerk.

Preaching service at 8:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting and choir practice Wednesday night at 8:30.

Ladies Aid 8:30 p. m., Thursday.

You will find a cordial welcome to all our services.

G. C. Martin has moved to Granger, Texas.

ITCH-ECZEMA FREE TRIAL

(Also called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus, Milk Crust, Weeping Skin)

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED TO STAY, and when I say cured, I mean just what I say—C-U-R-E-D, and not merely patched up for a while to return worse than before. Now I do not care what all you have used, nor how many doctors have told you that you could not be cured—all I ask is just a chance to show you that I know what I am writing about. If you will write me TO-DAY, I will send you a FREE TRIAL of my mild, soothing, guaranteed cure that will convince you more in a day than I or anyone else could in a month's time. If you are disgusted and discouraged, I dare you to give me a chance to prove my claims. By writing me to-day you will enjoy more real comfort than you ever thought this world holds for you. Just try it, and you will see I am telling you the truth.

Dr. J. E. Cannaday, 666 Park Square, Sedalia, Mo.

References: Third National Bank, Sedalia, Mo.

Could you do a better act than to send this notice to some poor sufferer of Eczema?

We Have Put In A Line Surpassing Anything We Have Ever Had Before.

Complete assortment of Ladies' Waists and Suits

Men's and Boys Suits a new and complete line

We can Save You Money on Dry Goods of all lines

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

Come in and investigate before going elsewhere

Groceries Groceries Groceries

Triplett Brothers

How's This?

I will give a discount of 5 per cent on all bills of goods bought at my store on Trades Day, Saturday, January 10th, which amounts to

\$5.00 or over

I will also serve a free lunch about 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Can You Beat It?

A full line of Groceries, Queensware, Knives and Forks, and Men's working clothes.

Bring me your eggs and butter.

M. L. ROGERS