

Livestock Show Has Large List of Entries

Although weather conditions on the opening day of the show were not conducive to good attendance, the annual Farmer County Livestock Show, held the past Friday and Saturday in Friona, drew one of the largest entry lists of all times.

Approximately 175 head of hogs were on hand for competition, in addition to a good list of dairy and beef animals. The school bus barn, where the show was held, was more than overflowing with entries in the various classes.

In the dairy animal division, competition was limited to Friona club boys, who exhibited stock recently purchased from Swisher county; but the hog division was open to any 4-H or FFA clubber in the county.

Raymond Schlabs, of Friona, exhibited the grand champion of the hog show, while the reserve grand champion honor went to a bred gilt owned and shown by Merrill Glen Rundell, of Oklahoma Lane.

Cash prizes were given all winners, and the complete prize list is as follows:

Swine Division

Fat Pigs—Lloyd Rector, Friona, 1st; Wendol Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 2nd; Doune Wylie, Friona, 3rd; Lloyd Rector, Friona, 4th.

Fat Litter—Lloyd Rector, Friona, 1st; Bruce Coleman, Friona, 2nd; Raymond Schlabs, Friona, 3rd; Jack Mosley, Friona, 4th.

Pen of Three—Lloyd Rector, Friona, 1st; Wendol Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 2nd; Lloyd Rector, Friona, 3rd; Bruce Coleman, Friona, 4th.

Open Gilts—Wendol Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 1st; Robert Leach, Friona, 2nd and 3rd; Smith Pope, Friona, 4th.

Bred Gilts—Merrill Rundell, Oklahoma Lane, 1st; Donald Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 2nd; Wendol Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 3rd; Everett Holner, Friona, 4th.

Sows—Raymond Schlabs, Friona, 1st; Bruce Coleman, Friona, 2nd; Emmitt Saxon, Friona, 3rd; David Johnson, Friona, 4th.

Boars—Lloyd Rector, Friona, 1st; Wendol Christian, Oklahoma Lane, 2nd; W. M. Donaldson, Oklahoma Lane, 3rd; Jack Mosley, Friona, 4th.

Sow and Pigs—John and David Smith, Friona, 1st; Jack Mosley, Friona, 2nd; Friona FFA 3rd.

Dairy Division

Yearling Heifers—Dwight Bynum, 1st; Johnny Roberts, 2nd; B. C. Harper, 3rd; Dwight Bynum, 4th.

Jr. Yearling Heifers—J. C. Mears, 1st; Harold Southward, 2nd; Leroy Johnson, 3rd; Elton Wylie, 4th.

Cows—Lloyd Messenger, 1st.

Beef Division

Bulls—Johnny Roberts.

Heifers—Ernest Brown.

MOVE TO LITTLEFIELD

The G. F. Hicks family moved to Littlefield the first of the week, where they will make their home. They had lived here the past two years, occupying the former J. H. Martin home, which they purchased shortly after moving here.

Praises Tribune Advertising

R. L. Brown "the land man" of Muleshoe, seems to think that his advertising in The Tribune has proven a paying investment. He writes to cancel his ad for the present, adding:

"The main thing with us now is trying to catch up with what we have already gotten through your paper in Farmer county."

Farwell To Elect Two Trustees Soon

Two new trustees of the Farwell school board will be elected on the first Saturday in April to fill the expiring terms of H. Y. Overstreet and Frank Phillips.

Taking cognizance of this forthcoming election, the Farwell board, in session Monday evening, named a committee of seven men to name candidates to appear on the ballot. Those named were John Armstrong, B. N. Graham, Sam Aldridge, D. K. Roberts, Dick Geries, Otis Branscum and J. P. Tate.

The board also granted Supt. J. T. Carter a six-weeks leave of absence to attend summer school at the University of Texas in June and July.

The board approved an application of members of the junior-senior classes to stage their annual prom in the senior room of the high school on the evening of March 30th.

Another Farm Home Destroyed By Fire

Another Farmer county farm home, the second to be destroyed by fire in recent weeks, burned to the ground early last Friday afternoon.

The new six-room home of Joe Simnacker, located 2 miles south of Lariat, together with practically all household effects, went up in smoke about one p. m. on that day. Mrs. Simnacker was alone at home when she discovered the fire and saved only a few personal belongings.

The cause of the blaze is not known, but it is believed to have started from a defective flue and was first discovered along the ceiling of the two-story structure. The house was built about two months ago. Some insurance was carried, it is understood.

The John Crim home in the Midway community was lost by fire only a few weeks ago.

DUNN TO HAVE SALE

Jack Dunn, living 3 miles north of here, has announced a general farm clean-up sale to be held on Tuesday, March 20th. Col. Dick Doshier, who has been engaged to conduct the sale, says it will be one of the biggest farm sales ever held in Farmer County.

A full list of the items to be offered will appear in The Tribune next week.

Parmer First In Area To Raise Quota

Thomas Rites Conducted Here Sunday

Funeral Services For W. L. Mansfield Today

Funeral rites for Walter L. Mansfield, 62, a pioneer of this area, will be held in the Steed Memorial Chapel in Clovis at three o'clock this (Wednesday), afternoon, with Rev. R. R. Calvin, Clovis Episcopal minister, in charge, followed by interment in the Clovis cemetery.

Mansfield died on Sunday morning, March 4, at 9 o'clock in a Wichita Falls hospital, where he had been ill for several years. The remains were brought to Clovis on Monday.

Coming to Clovis in 1907, Mansfield was for many years prominent in land transactions in this section, being engaged with Col. W. T. Knight, Wichita Falls independent oil operator, for some time. While in Clovis he served as one of the first aldermen of the city. Later he was connected with the Farwell Estate company, moving to Farwell in 1915.

In recent years, failing health forced his retirement from active business, but he maintained his home in Farwell, where his wife continues to reside.

Survivors include Mrs. Mansfield, of Farwell, and one daughter, Mrs. Rouel Reeves, of Cleveland, Ohio, who is here for the services. He is also survived by three sisters.

Nephew Is Killed In Island Plane Crash

Mrs. Will Nittler, of Bovina, received a message the past Friday afternoon, advising that her nephew, Elmer Caldwell was killed in a recent plane crash in the Philippine Islands.

Young Caldwell is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Doug Caldwell of Roy, New Mexico. The family formerly resided in Parmer county, and have many friends in this area.

Paul Nittler Buried In Military Cemetery

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Nittler, of Bovina, received a letter recently from Chaplain Logan L. Kuhns, of the 41th Infantry Regiment, that their son, Paul, who was killed in France, was given "appropriate religious services by a minister of his faith and was buried at an American military cemetery".

Nittler met his death in action some time ago.

THREE ARE INDUCTED

Three Parmer county registrants have been inducted into the Army during the past few days. Barney Floyd Wood and Boyd Stenson Stalaker were transferred to other boards for induction and Wm. Marvin Sudderth went from here last week as a volunteer.

Perhaps the largest crowd ever assembled in Farwell to pay respects to a departed friend gathered at the Church of Christ, here, last Sunday afternoon to honor the memory of J. D. Thomas, who passed away in a Clovis hospital the past Friday afternoon, eight hours after he had been struck by a passing automobile on the local Main street.

The services were in charge of Minister Ebb Randol of this city, and Minister L. C. Cox, of Clovis, who served the local congregation as pastor for four years. The little church was packed to capacity with all available standing room taken; and the crowd overflowed the church yard.

The floral offerings were beautiful and profuse. Banked about the casket until all room was taken, the floral display extended to embrace the entire front of the building.

Minister Cox read from the scripture the Twenty-third Psalm, which was followed by a prayer by Minister Randol. Miss Evelyn Cox rendered a vocal solo, "In The Garden."

"J. D.", as the deceased was familiarly known to all friends, met his tragic death early Friday morning as he emerged from the local post-office and started to cross the main street, having left his automobile on the opposite side to be serviced while he was getting his mail.

No Eye-Witness

There were no actual eye-witnesses to the tragedy that took one of Farwell's most prominent and worth-while citizens, but those to reach the fallen figure first agreed that he was struck by a car driven by C. A. Cassidy, as he approached from the west directly into a low sun that had just begun to top the buildings. Blinded by the sun glare, Cassidy never saw the pedestrian until after he had struck him, and he has been held blameless.

All near-witnesses of the accident agree that Thomas was not run over by the machine, but was "clipped" by the car and spun around, with his head striking the body of the machine as it passed him. "He staggered around and slumped to the pavement," Bill Moss, who was standing only a few feet away, related.

He was picked from the pavement and rushed to a Clovis hospital immediately. The end came some eight hour later, without his ever regaining consciousness.

Born In Texas

John Dennis Thomas was born at Springtown, Texas, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lon Thomas, on Sept. 14, 1891. He grew to manhood and finished high school there. He attended the old Weatherford College, later going to college at Denton. Graduating from the University of Texas as a law student in 1921, Thomas moved to Fort Worth, after practicing a short time in Austin. In 1924 he moved to Muleshoe, where he met Miss Ethel Kistler, whom he later married. On Sept. 1, 1925, he came to Farwell and bought the abstract plant of the late A. B. Crain and was appointed county attorney of Parmer county, a position he held for seven years.

On May 14, 1926, he was married to Miss Kistler, and to the union were born two children, Norma Jean, 16, a senior in the Farwell High School, and Warlick, 13, a grade school student.

He had been a member of the Church of Christ for forty years, and since coming to Farwell had been one of the leading members of the congregation. Minister Randol, in speaking of the deceased at the last rites, characterized him as a "staunch supporter" of the local organization. Thomas was also a member of the American Legion, The Texas Bar Association, and for the past three years had served as Home Service Chairman of the Parmer County Chapter American Red Cross.

Active pallbearers were Aubrey Sprawls, Sam Randol, J. M. Holland, E. F. Lokey, Willis Magness and Howard Carlisle of Muleshoe. Honorary pallbearers, who sat in a body at the funeral services, were Earl Booth, W. H. Graham, D. K. Roberts, Roy B. Ezell, A. D. Smith, Judge Lee Thompson, J. C. Wilkinson, B. N. Graham, Judge John Aldridge, Leo Forrest, Jim Perkins, Bob Kyker, W. W. Vinyard, J. R. Thornton, (Continued on last page)



ACCIDENT VICTIM—J. D. Thomas, Farwell attorney and former county attorney of Parmer County, who died Friday from injuries received when he was struck by an automobile on Main street in this city.

Rogers Is Relected As School Superintendent

B. A. Rogers was reelected as superintendent of the Texico schools at the initial meeting of the newly-organized school board on last Thursday evening.

Supt. Rogers' election followed the recent re-forming of the school board, with Rupert Paul being retained as president; J. P. Macon, secretary; and Claude Curry, vice president.

The superintendent is now serving his second year as head of the school, after an absence of two years, while superintendent of the Grady school. Prior to going to Grady, he headed the local school for four years.

Meat Ration Values Tightened on Monday

The tightening of meat ration values which became effective Sunday, March 4, was necessary to bring them into line with restricted supplies of meats for civilian use resulting from heavy military requirements and the fact that hog marketings are running below previous estimates, according to OPA.

The meat allocation to civilians in March, Ely Fonville, of OPA district office said, will be five or six percent below February on an average weekly basis, and 13 to 15 percent under January. "It is likely that for the first six months of 1945 the supply of meat for civilians may be further below that of a year ago than the 15 percent we originally anticipated," he said.

Fonville also pointed out that the rationing of red-point foods for March will be stiffest since rationing began.

Retail Stores Will Get Group Ratings

Because there has been nearly a billion dollars in retail food sales during 1944, it is necessary that all food retailers determine, by March 29, the group in which their store belongs, district OPA director Howard R. Gholson announced today.

The annual gross sales of retail food establishments determine in which of four groups the store is classed, and this in turn determines the markups the store is permitted to use, Gholson explained. To the consumer this means the retail price they will pay.

The four store groups are: Group I, independent stores with annual gross receipts of less than \$50,000.

Group II, independent stores with annual gross receipts of \$50,000 and less than \$250,000.

Group III, chain stores with annual gross receipts of less than \$250,000.

Group IV, any store with annual gross receipts of \$250,000 or more.

GRADING ROAD

Commissioner T. E. Levy has one of the county graders working on the eight-mile stretch up the state line from Farwell this week.

Parmer County was the first county in the entire midwestern area to reach its quota in the current Red Cross War Fund drive.

This information was received in a telegram from the St. Louis office of the Red Cross by H. Y. Overstreet, county finance chairman, last Friday.

"This is quite an honor to Parmer county, when it is understood that the midwestern area embraces a total of 17 states," said Mrs. Wauwata Hutchinson, field director of the Red Cross, who was here from Plainview last Saturday, on a routine tour of her district.

Mrs. Hutchinson expressed her appreciation for the "swell job" the workers of the county had done in placing the county at the top of the list in not only raising, but over-subscribing, its quota.

Chairman Overstreet revealed today that a check to cover the portion of the funds that are sent to the St. Louis office went out of Farwell on Feb. 17, twelve days before the War Fund drive was scheduled to officially open.

Figures released by Overstreet today showed that subscriptions in the current drive had already reached a total of \$5,764.90 and expressed the belief that total contributions would surpass \$6,000.00 when all reports from the workers are in hand. The county's quota was \$3,800.00.

"One of the solicitors has made no report at all," Overstreet said, adding that "her community" always responds liberally to the Red Cross call.

He plans to release a tabulated report of all contributions by communities as soon as all workers have turned in their final reports.

Overstreet said the success of the drive was due to the willingness and generosity of the citizenship of the county. "Most of our contributors raised their subscription one-third above last year's donation," he said.

In 1944 Parmer County subscribed \$5,105.42 on an assigned quota of \$3,100.00.

Hall Receives Navy, Marine Corps Medal

By S-Sgt. Alvin M. Josephy, Jr., Marine Corps Combat Correspondent
SOMEWHERE IN THE PACIFIC (Delayed)—Pharmacist's Mate Second Class Raymond Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. William W. Hall of Farwell, Texas, a Navy hospital corpsman serving with the Third Marine Division, has received the Navy and Marine Corps Medal for heroism in treating wounded men while exposed to heavy enemy fire during the battle for Guam.

Hall advanced approximately 75 yards through heavy Japanese mortar fire at great personal risk to administer aid to the wounded Marines on the Asan-Adelup beach-head on last July 21. While he was administering plasma to one man, a mortar shell fragment struck and killed the man. Hall then moved on to other injured Marines and continued to render first aid until he collapsed from heat exhaustion.

The Corpsman joined the Navy in March, 1942, and has been overseas since September, 1943. He was with the Third Marine Division in action at Bougainville prior to the Guam assault. He attended Farwell high school and worked as a meat-cutter in his father's market before joining the Navy.

SIX PASS PHYSICALS

Six Parmer County selectees passed their pre-induction physicals at Oklahoma City the first of last week. They were: Willie Collier Hanna, Lewis Herman Bradshaw, Harvey Lee Hudnall, Wilbert Ernest Kalbas, George Daniel Magness, Devon Dewey Floyd.

Mrs. Bessie Lee Henneman board clerk, said that it was likely that other registrants also were found acceptable for service in the armed forces, but she had not received reports on them as yet.

HAS OPERATION

Dean, the 15-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. (Buck) Hawkins, underwent an operation for the removal of his appendix in a Clovis hospital last Friday. The family, which formerly lived here, now resides in Clovis.



GATHER WASTE PAPER—Farwell Cub Scouts aided in the recent waste paper salvage campaign, when they gathered more than two tons of scrap paper here. Part of the paper collection is shown in the above picture, with some of the Cubs who helped in the drive in the foreground.

Nazi Policy of Brutality

THE Nazi policy of deliberate brutality has been carried out systematically in every invaded country. That this is a coldly premeditated plan was stressed for Americans by the shooting down of more than 100 United States prisoners of war in the recent Von Rundstedt offensive. The policy, as openly defined in Nazi ideology, is one of intimidation through terror, plus the determination to liquidate great numbers of citizens of other countries in order to give Germany more proportional man power for generations to come. The Nazis have been as diligently bestial in advances as in retreats.

Allied documentary evidence shows the great scope of German atrocities, their complete lack of discrimination between combatants and helpless civilians. From survivors of mass killings, from photographs made in regained territory and from captured Germans themselves have come accounts of cruelties that compel the realization we are facing an enemy who not only murders, tortures and loots, but apparently gains actual satisfaction from his acts.

Conquered lands have known the horrors of towns reduced to ashes, mass executions by gas and machine gun, the beating, raping and enslaving of women and children, the planned starvation of whole peoples. Accounts of the mass atrocity worked upon American soldiers in the Belgian bulge first were given by soldier eyewitnesses who escaped. Those accounts were grimly confirmed, after the German retreat, by finding of the bodies on the snow-covered field where the men died.

German Silesia

German Silesia, a province of Prussia recently captured by the Russians, is one of the most important industrial regions of the Reich, with iron ore, coal, oil, timber, and fiber for textiles. Industrially it ranks next in importance to the German Ruhr and Saar regions. It is also an important area from the food standpoint because it contains fertile lands that produce grains and feed livestock for dairy products, meat and wool.

Silesia is an area some 200 miles in length from northwest to southeast, and from 50 to 75 miles in width, projecting between pre-war Poland and Czechoslovakia. It is a region of mountains, hills and fertile valleys, with the Oder river running through its center and extending on to where it passes

some 50 miles to the east of Berlin. Highways and railways follow the valley to the German capital, Breslau, with a pre-war population of over 600,000, is its most important city. The area of the province is about 14,000 square miles.

Silesia has been a battlefield many times during the past centuries. In the Thirty Years' War (1618-1648) its lands were almost ruined, nearly three quarters of its population lost their lives, and trade and industry practically ceased. A century later so-called Silesian Wars were between Austria and Prussia for the possession of Silesia. The first, and second wars just 200 years ago, were a part of the war of the Austrian Succession. The third was part of the Seven Years' war.

Japan Loses Face

Phillip Simms, noted Scripps Howard columnist, says:

"The fall of Manila is hailed as the most important, most significant and most puzzling development since Pearl Harbor. It alters the whole aspect of our war against Japan.

It is vitally important, because our honor and prestige were at stake there. When the Japs hauled down our flag, we were humiliated before every man, woman and child in the Orient.

The loss of Manila is a corresponding blow to Nippon. Half the population of the globe lives in Asia and the Pacific. It was in this area that Japan carved out her new empire—her "co-prosperity sphere." Here her bandy-legged warriors boasted of their superiority over Occidentals.

When General MacArthur took Manila back from them, the Japanese lost more "face" than they had gained by its capture. Today their prestige is dragging in the dust from one end of Asia to the other.

Manila's fall is significant because, from here on out—barring major reverses—the United States can face the war in the Pacific from an altogether new angle. And this is tremendously important."

Chemicals easily processed from cotton burrs could open a "new and limitless" industrial field in Texas and Oklahoma in the near future, C. G. Rook, research engineer at Texas Tech, Lubbock, predicted.

In Fort Worth to attend an executive committee meeting of the Texas Chemurgic Council, the Tech chemist described recent successful experiments conducted at his college by which chemicals used in leather processing, medicinal drugs, photographic supplies, ethyl

are taking new drugs heretofore not used on humans to aid search for a more effective weapon against malaria, which has incapacitated many troops in the tropics, Warden Joseph E. Ragen reported.

The project is supervised by the University of Georgia department of medicine. The national program is directed by the board for the co-ordination of malarial studies, including representatives of the Army, Navy, and the United States Public Health Service.

Live mosquitoes infected with malarial parasites originally brought from New Guinea are used to transfer the parasite to the prison volunteers. Many will have recurrent attacks of malaria unless one of the new drugs proves to have curative properties not possessed by quinine and atabrine, a synthetic compound more effective than quinine.

An entire floor of the penitentiary hospitals has been set aside for those volunteering to undergo the acutely uncomfortable tropical disease. Specially trained Army medical officers and university experts watch carefully the effects of the drugs and chemical blood analyses.

Russia Key to Early End of War

It is generally believed in military circles that Russia is going to join the fight against Japan—sooner or later.

All agree that Russia is the key to an early victory over Japan. Top American military authorities have said repeatedly that it will be necessary to defeat Japan's well-equipped battle-toughened army on the Asiatic mainland in order to bring about final conquest of that country. Some have said this would hold true even if the home islands of Japan were conquered first.

Once the war in Europe is over, Russia would be in a more favorable position than the United States immediately to cope with Japan's army in China. Russia already has a huge army in Siberia. Additional troops could be readily transferred by rail from Europe.

Even now, with Japan at peace, the big Red Army in Siberia has forced the Japanese to keep the Kwantung Army, their most seasoned, toughest force, in Manchuria and Korea—an estimated 20 to 35 divisions.

Elsewhere in China, the Japanese are believed to have 18 to 20 other divisions. If Russia were to go to war against Japan she would at once engage most of Japan's mobilized fighting strength.

What the United States would gain from Russian participation in the Pacific war include:

1. Possible use of air and naval bases in Siberia for the attack on Japan proper.
2. Access to weather information vital to military operations against Japan.
3. Possible use of the Russian transportation system to supply China with lend-lease weapons and other materials.
4. Aid of Russia's Siberian-based submarine fleet against enemy shipping in the Japan Sea.

500-Mile-an-Hour Speed

The sentry of the jet-propelled plane into aerial combat on both sides might very well revolutionize sky fighting. The speed of the new craft is now said to be around 500 m.p.h., and already there is talk of 700 m.p.h.

This tremendous increase of speed, coupled with the jet plane's extraordinary rate of climb, would appear to give it a vast advantage over the propeller-driven ship. However, the jet has a definite weakness—lack of maneuverability.

The extreme high speed of the jet plane prevents it from making a turn in anything like the short distance possible to the average fighter plane. The pilot, if flying at top speed when confronted by a foe, must either go into a long glide or zoom suddenly.

What will happen when jet meets jet in the skies is problematical. Possibly the aerial dogfight will revert from a horizontal to a vertical plane



Out on the Well-Known Limb

alcohol and durable plastics are readily diverted from cotton seed burrs.

In the South Plains area alone, he pointed out, more than 350,000,000 pounds of burrs are accumulated annually at gins. Heretofore their only known value was their potash content, Mr. Rock said.

Prisoners to Risk Disease for Troops

Four hundred prisoners in the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, volunteering to risk disease or even death,

Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY
Winnboro, Texas.

March, the meanest month, is here again, with its notorious weather. Last year March was responsible for killing most of the fruit crop and some of the corn and oat crops. The calendar says March is a Spring month, but gardeners know March as a Winter month, a killer of fruits and vegetables. Beware the Ides of March when you plant that Victory garden and don't plant all your seed at one time.



"The rabbits kicked the scarecrow down and gnawed a hole in its face."

Last year I made the mistake of planting all seed at one time in my Victory garden. Result: late freezes and cottontail rabbits destroyed most of the garden. I tried to be far-sighted and planted a few extra rows of English peas for the rabbits to eat. They ate the few extra rows and all the other rows. Moral—don't underrate rabbits; don't try to fool 'em with a scarecrow. A neighbor told me he put up a scarecrow in his garden and the rabbits kicked it down and gnawed a hole in its face.

Earl Carroll, producer of Vanities, brought his show to Fort Worth, and while there picked what he proclaimed the prettiest girl in Texas. There is no prettiest girl in Texas. We have thousands of prettiest girls, any one of which is as pretty as the other one. The same can be said for Oklahoma. Billy Rose, who has made millions with his Broadway shows, once said that the most beautiful women in America were in Texas. Many of the girl performers in Rose's New York shows come from Texas and Oklahoma.

Manila fell and great was the fall thereof. MacArthur kept his word. He said he would some day return to Manila and avenge the death of the men who bravely defended Bataan. Yes, Mac kept his word and the word of all America. We did not choose to fight Japan. As a matter of record,

we tried to avoid this war, but Japan was hell-bent on war and she got it. For years previous to Pearl Harbor, America was Japan's friend. We were her best customer and helped her to become a great nation. What we got in return was a slap in the face and a stab in the back.

Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson says the Senate was postponing victory by not passing the Work or Else bill. The Senate is not alone in postponing victory. Workers in our war plants who loaf on the job are postponing victory. Workers in war plants who go on strike are postponing victory. Food hoarders are postponing victory. People who do not salvage critical war materials are postponing victory. People who do not buy war bonds are postponing victory.

Swedish reports from travelers who but recently left Berlin said that the Germans are terror-stricken, that thousands are choking the highways out of Berlin, fleeing from the doomed city. It was all foretold in the Bible ages ago: "Pride goeth before destruction and a haughty spirit before a fall." "They that take the sword shall perish with the sword." "I have seen the wicked in great power and spreading himself like a green bay tree, yet he passed away, and, lo, he was not." But the Germans burned their Bibles and neutralized their churches.

There is sorrow in our home. Tom, the family cat is dead, run over and killed by a speeding auto. Tom knew instinctively that he was a member of the family but he also knew he was a cat and hence kept his place and respected his superiors. Although a pet and welcomed in the house, he preferred to live outdoors in the backyard with the chickens and turkeys. At night he bedded down near the chicken house and protected the flock from rats and other prowling vermin. No rat was ever too big for Tom to tackle and kill. He was a cat of charac-

ter, loyal and trustworthy. His human intelligence enabled him to understand and respond to the spoken word. He liked to love and be loved—his affection for every one of the family was deep and sincere. Good-bye, Tom. May you rest in peace. If there were a Heavenly Kingdom for cats you would go there.

America paid a huge toll—94,000 lives—for accidents on the home front, the National Safety Council reported. In addition, 9,750,000 persons were injured, and the mishaps cost \$4,850,000,000. However, fatalities dropped five per cent below 1943. There would be fewer home front accidents if people quit hurrying. We hurry to work. Hurry from work. Hurry to eat. Hurry to go somewhere. Hurry to go anywhere. Hurry to go nowhere. It's hurry, hurry, hurry, day and night.

Gloria Vanderbilt reached her 21st birthday February 20th, and thereupon became heiress to a \$4,500,000 fortune. Her millions come from a trust fund set up by her grandfather, Cornelius Vanderbilt, who made his money in the railroad business half a century ago. Big inherited fortunes are often bad for the recipients. They are spoiled by too much of everything, and too much idleness. The inexorable laws of compensation demand that we work and earn in order to be happy. We are happiest when we earn the food we eat, the clothing we wear, the house that shelters, the rest that follows a hard day's work. Yes, indeed, we must earn, even earn love, for love is tender and fragile and can be lost by neglect.

America had a big thirst last year, spending \$7,000,000,000 for alcoholic beverages, a half billion increase over 1943. It's none of my business how much liquor any man drinks—this is a free country—but I wonder at the staggering cost. Seven billion dollars is a lot of money to spend and have nothing to show for it. If research laboratory men had a fund of seven billion dollars they could find cures for cancer, infantile paralysis, rheumatism, respiratory diseases, including the common cold, and other complicated ailments. It is not generally known, but the few medical research institutions in the United States do not have money enough to carry on extensive experiments to find cures for destructive human diseases.

Wasted Manpower

A recent issue of Grit Magazine says, editorially:

The administration at Washington has requested, and will get, some form of national service legislation. The government in return owes it to the people to correct many glaring examples of manpower waste that have been coming to light recently.

The over-manning of government Navy yards, with resultant loafing, time-killing, and non-production, is fast developing into a national scandal. As Senator Mead told Congress, "We found instances where so many men were assigned to one job they could not all squeeze into the place where the job was to be performed."

Senator Ball, of Minnesota, a Roosevelt supporter in the recent election, refused to vote for national service legislation because of the present waste of manpower, "much of it government sanctioned," he says. "In Detroit automobile and plane factories," he declared, "union shop stewards vie with each other to set the lowest production quotas for individuals."

There is a tremendous amount of wasted and hoarded manpower, of enforced loafing, of job-stretching, of just about everything else that makes for restricted production. This forms the biggest leak in our manpower barrel, a leak which the government itself must plug. As Senator Ball says: "If the government could and would devise some system to get every man to give an honest day's work in this war effort, we wouldn't have any manpower shortage in this country—in fact, we would double our manpower capacity over night." So that's the government's job.

Biggest Landlord

Biggest landlord in the country today is your Uncle Sam. He owns more than 380 million acres of land, the exact figures being hard to determine because of the various ways in which the land is held. Through the Defense Plant Corporation, he holds title to war plants valued at \$6,630,000,000. Add to this the numerous Army camps, air fields, naval bases and other establishments, together with many odd bits of property essential for war purposes, and the aggregate value comes to a staggering total of more than 26 billion dollars.

The land holdings alone make Uncle Sam a potent figure in our national economy. Probably never before in the world's history, outside Soviet Russia, has so great an amount of land been held by one corporate body or group.

The land holdings of the United States Government, if put together in one piece, would equal in area all the States of the Atlantic Seaboard, plus four or five of the Midwestern States. It is, in fact, about one-fifth of all the land area of Continental United States.

Not all this land was acquired because of the war, although the greater proportion was. Much of it is government-owned land in national forest areas; another large proportion is land in Western States which has never been homesteaded, and other lands in the public domain. Some of it was acquired for governmental projects such as the Tennessee Valley Authority. Some has been in use for a long time as the sites of Army posts and Naval establishments.

His Opinion

Oscar Wilde, after attending the opening of one of his dramatic plays, happened to meet a friend who immediately inquired as to how the play had gone over.

"The play was a success," Wilde replied grandly, "but the audience was a failure."

FOLKS in Uniform



"This flamethrower sure beats shoveling."

The State Line Tribune

Entered as a second class mail matter at Farwell, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

W. H. GRAHAM, Editor and Owner

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

Per Year \$1.50

OUR PLEDGE

We pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States, and to the Republic for which it stands; One Nation, indivisible, with Liberty and Justice for all.

BOVINA NEWS

Robert Blalock, who is in the navy and has been stationed at Great Lakes, Ill., is here on furlough visiting his wife and daughter.

Troy Free, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Free arrived here last week for a 30-day furlough. He had been overseas for the past 18 months.

Mavys Womack, who formerly lived here and graduated from the Bovina high school and is now in the Army, visited friends here the past weekend. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Womack, are now living in Friona. Mavys has been overseas for the past 34 months.

Tollie Caldwell, who is in the Army and stationed at San Angelo, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Caldwell the past weekend.

George Trimble bought the hotel from Fred Carson this past week, and Mrs. Charlie Jefferson is manager.

Joe Langer and Ray Davies left Tuesday for Hot Springs, N. M.

Bob Johnston made a business trip to Clovis, Tuesday.

Miss Dessa Fern King of Canyon, spent the past weekend with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Davis King.

George Harold Trimble, who is attending military school in Roswell, is reported to be ill. His mother, Mrs. George Trimble, visited him this past weekend.

Mrs. Bill Venable returned Monday after spending the past two weeks in California visiting her daughter, Opal.

Mrs. Opal Bowen visited her sister in El Paso, this past weekend. Her sister is in a hospital there and is reported as doing nicely.

Christening Held

On Sunday, February 25, Baby Sharon Kay Whetstone, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Whetstone of Dallas, was christened. The beautiful and impressive ceremony took place in the home of the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Pesch.

Rev. Roscoe Trostle was in charge. The crystal fount was placed on a small table by the fireplace and Rev. Trostle baptized the baby with a white carnation dipped into the water.

Little Sharon Kay was dressed in a hand-embroidered snow white christening dress, trimmed in pink ribbons and lace insets. She was held and name given by her grandmother, Miss Dottie Dell Quickel of Farwell. Ike Quickel, of Bovina, acted as proxy for Sharon's godfather, Wilford Quickel, who is in the Navy, stationed in the East.

The grandparents stood with the god-parents and the mother during the ceremony. The room was decorated in lovely pink and white carnations and sweet peas. Mrs. Whetstone wore a rose faille dress trimmed in white eyelet embroidery. Mrs. Pesch wore a navy dress trimmed in white lace. The godmother, Miss Quickel, wore a dress of light blue.

Other than the christening party, the guests were Mrs. Ike Quickel, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Charles and Mark, Mrs. George Roberts, Mrs. Clifford Leake Mrs. Arnold Hromas, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hastings, Mrs. Trostle and Misses Donalita Hastings and Mary Elizabeth Charles.

Following the ceremony, tea was served. The table was set in crystal and silver on a beautiful lace cloth and a decorated cake with the baby's name in pink, surrounded in roses and lillies on a white cake, with a pink and white sweetpea centerpiece. Mrs. Whetstone presided assisted by Mrs. Pesch.

Today's man without a country is the rescued European.

TEXICO CAFE

Under New Management
Regular Meals and Short Orders
CHICKEN DINNER ON SUNDAY
Texico Hotel Bldg.
Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Hunter

AT FIRST SIGN OF A
COLD
USE 666
Cold Preparations as directed



FOR SALE

320 acres, 8 miles Texico, 246 ac. in cultivation, 4-room concrete dwelling, well and mill. \$15 per acre. Some terms if desired.

If you have anything to sell, farms or town property, list it with me.

S. C. HUNTER
Texico, N. M.

FOR SALE—Registered P. C. black boar pigs, weaned Also few young Jersey milk cows, fresh, Bangs tested, Verney Towns, 5 north, 1 east and 1/2 north of Farwell. 16-3tp

WANTED—50 applications immediately for PROPANE GAS storage tanks for farm use. C. R. Elliott Co. Bovina, Texas. 16-tfc

FOR SALE—Team of big, bay horses. See Edward Engram, 3 miles south Texico. 16-3tp

FOR SALE—Natural gas range, bedroom heater, dining room heater, six chairs, one 9x12 wool rug. Stanley Hillhouse, Apt. 49, Clovis Army Air Base, after 7 p. b. 15-3tp

FOR SALE—Attractive home in Farwell. See Nelson C. Smith, rural carrier, Farwell. 15-3tp

FOR SALE—Atlas sargo bundles with some grain. 7c bundle at my place 2 1/2 miles southwest of Texico. Roger Grissom. 15-3tp

FOR SALE—Registered Hereford bulls, coming 1 and 2 year olds. Elmer Langford, 7 1/2 miles north Farwell. 15-4tp

FOR SALE—Four or five thousand red kaffir bundles, \$10 per ton. B. A. Rogers, Texico. 26-2tp

FOR SALE—Half section farm, 26 1/2 in cultivation, rest in grass; modern, practically new home with basement; all other improvements good, on mail and school bus routes. Possession at once. George Neugebauer, 1 1/2 north Oklahoma Lane school, 4 east and 1 north. 16-3tp

FOR SALE—'37 Chevrolet truck in good condition, fair rubber, good grain bed. Also pair of mules and harness; one single row cultivator. J. D. McMillian, 7 miles E Farwell. 17-3tp

FOR RENT—6-room house and small pasture, located at Hub in Parmer county. F. L. Wenner, 7 mi. north 3 east Muleshoe. 17-3tp

FOR SALE—Milking Shorthorn young bulls and heifers. F. L. Wenner, 7 mi. north, 3 east of Muleshoe. 17-3tp

FOR SALE—Produce and ice business in Farwell; buildings, ice house and 1944 Chevrolet truck go in deal. Business and equipment A-1—owner in A-1. See me at once. Elton Malone. 17-3tp

FOR SALE—Sudan seed, 1st year, from certified, re-cleaned and state tested, germination 73, purity 99.44, no Johnson grass. H. T. Edwards, 4 miles east Lariat. 17-3tp

FOR SALE—6 Collie and Sheppard puppies. Males \$5, females, \$2.50. They are ready to take now. See Charles Don Phillips, 5 mi. southeast Farwell. 17-1tp

FOR SALE—6-foot hog feeder, with partition in center. Also, electric Hawaiian steel guitar. Travis Poet, Farwell. 17-1t

The man who is down on everything is usually up on nothing.

WE REPAIR SHOES

Keep your shoes in good repair by bringing them to us regularly.

Fair Prices—Prompt Service

Electric Shoe Shop

Next Door to Texico Postoffice

Deferment Procedure Changes Announced

New occupational deferment procedures for employees of transportation and related industries were announced today by Nettles F. Nelson, of Lubbock, district manager of the Office of Defense Transportation.

In a recently approved plan of the Office of War Mobilization for retention of key workers in essential industries, the ODT was named as claimant agency and certifying authority for deferment of indispensable workers in the transportation and related industries.

As claimant agency for deferments, ODT is asking transportation employers to submit lists of key workers in the order of their value, placing those whose loss would be the most serious first on the list.

The district manager explained that no man may be certified for deferment if he is not doing work classified as indispensable, if he can be replaced by someone doing less essential work, if another recruit or transferee can be trained to do his work in three months, or if he is doing any work connected with postwar production.

In order to have employees certified by the ODT for deferment, employers in the transportation industry must submit, in addition to lists of employees under 30, two sets of selective service Form 42-A special (revised) and a certification that lists and forms are submitted to only one certifying agency. A fixed percentage of those on the list may then be certified by ODT to Selective Service local boards for deferment. Final decision as to whether a man will be deferred still rests with the local board.

The lists (in quadruplicate) should include names of all men under 30, years of age on January 1, 1945, who were classified at that time as 2-A or 2-B and should not include any part-time worker. Other information includes the total number of employees as on Jan. 1, 1945, exclusive of part-time employees.

Procedures in filing lists vary slightly for different branches of the industry. Employers in railroad, airline, tank car leasing, inland waterways, and warehousing industries are asked to submit required lists to various regional and national offices not later than March 10. Addresses may be obtained from ODT district offices.

Application for deferments of essential employees of automotive maintenance, and highway and local transport companies, however, will be handled locally by district offices of ODT highway transport

department. Included in the list of essential activities for which the district offices may make deferment certifications in these industries are operation and maintenance of over-the-road bus, over-the-road trucking and tank-trucking, pick up and delivery local trucking to and from line haul carriers, local transit, rapid transit, and interurban electric railway services and repair and maintenance of all automobiles, buses, trucks, tractors, farm equipment and tires. Lists should be submitted to ODT district offices as soon as possible.

SANTA FE CARLOADINGS

The Santa Fe System carloadings for week ending March 3 were 22953 compared with 24,791 for same week in 1941. Cars received from connections totaled 15,075 compared with 14,110 for same week in 1944. Total cars moved were 38,028 compared with 38,901 for same week in 1944. Santa Fe handled total of 36,851 cars in the preceding week of this year.

Cleveland's auditorium, seating 12,500 persons, is believed to be the largest concert auditorium in the world.

Don't tolerate loafing hens with feed prices like they are. Bring them in and we'll give you cash for them!

FORD PRODUCE COMPANY

Ritual...

In our homelike chapel we are prepared to meet the ritual requirements of any creed, benevolent order, patriotic organization or other group. Our staff is thoroughly familiar with these observances and you may be sure that every detail is carried out exactly as you wish them to be.

BYRLE W. JOHNSON FUNERAL HOME

Phone 1000—Clovis, N. M.

DANCE

EVERY FRIDAY & SATURDAY NIGHT

8:00 Till 12:00

—MUSIC BY—

WAYNE SMITH

And His Rambling Cowboys

Skating Every Wednesday Night

PRIBOTH ROLLER RINK

Muleshoe, Texas

Weather Forecast

WARNING—Snowy, sleety slippery winter driving ahead. Dangerous for smooth tires!

RECAP NOW

Don't wait—let us put new, thick treads on your tires. It's good insurance!

QUALITY RUBBER
Be sure you get the best. We use only top grade synthetic rubber—the finest.

EXPERT WORKMANSHIP
Our skilled tire men use the approved B. F. Goodrich method. Let us do your recapping.

6.00-16
7.00

No Certificate Needed!

C. & L. TIRE CO.

5th & Main Clovis, N. M.

B.F. Goodrich TIRES

FRANK SMITH

PLUMBER

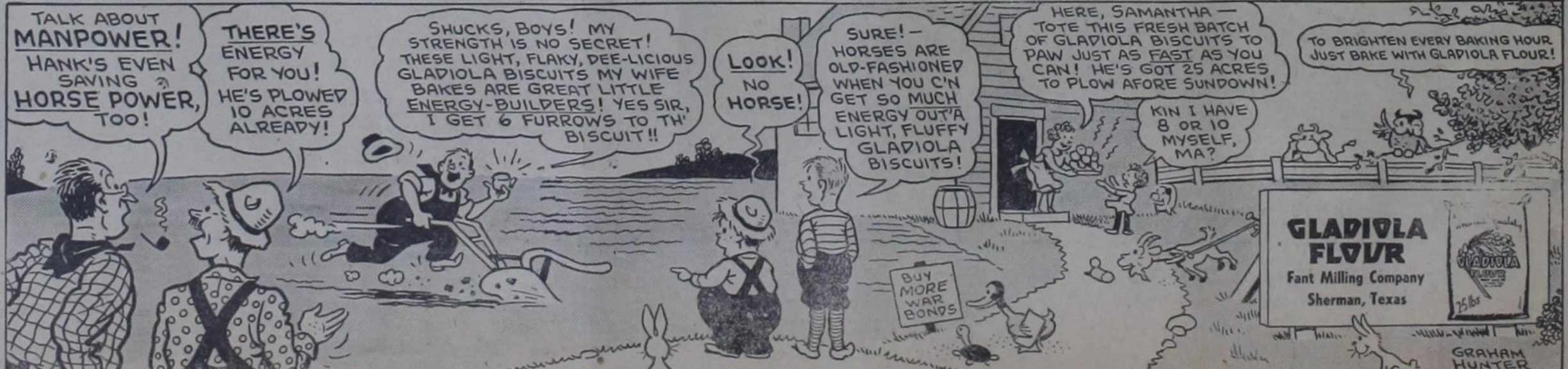
—AND—

GAS FITTER

See Me at Sikes Motor Co.

Farwell, Texas.

POSSUM FLATS... MANPOWER-PLUS!



You have to make allowances for son when he's off to college. Cultivation of cotton first began in the South about 1621.

SANDY

Registered Palomino Quarter Horse, will stand to a limited number this season. I invite you to look this animal over.

A. C. GREEN, TEXICO, N. M.

YARD AND GARDEN TOOLS SHOVELS—RAKES—HOES

BARRY HARDWARE CO THE STORE THAT STAYS

Get Set—Ready to Go! SPRING REPAIRS

It's real economy to keep farm buildings and machinery in good repair... each dollar invested in improvement will come back in the form of higher production. Let us help you modernize your farm... better farms will bring victory sooner.

We invite you to inspect our new line of wall papers. Give the inside of your home a new tuning up during this idle season.

Houston Bros. Inc.

Formerly Panhandle Lumber Co., Inc. E. M. ROOP, Mgr. Texico, N. M. Phone 3721

Certified Seed

All our No. 351 certified sweet Sudan is sold. We have only a limited amount of W. P. Martin & Sons Certified Milo left for sale.

We can book orders for Certified Martin, Plainsman and Quadroom Milo, Hegari, Black Hull Kafir and Red Kafir.

Henderson Grain & Seed

Phone 3501 Farwell, Texas

Raise Some Vegetables You Can't Buy



—Photo Courtesy Perry-Morse Seed Co.

The only way you can be sure of having certain delicious vegetables for your table is to raise them in your own garden.

Take Swiss chard, for example. Those appetizing greens have been widely grown in Victory Gardens these war years. The reason you don't see them in the markets is because the delicate foliage wilts quickly after picking. To enjoy Swiss chard at its best, you should use it shortly after cutting. The same planting will furnish many a "mess o' greens" over a long period if only the outside stalks are cut each time, allowing the center leaves to go on growing. (See illustration).

Savoy is a type of cabbage not at all improved by being hauled from place to place... the crinkly brittle leaves bruise so easily. By growing a few heads in the garden, you can have this tender, delicately flavored, nearly odorless variety at its finest. It takes no more exertion and care than raising plain cabbage. Chieftain is the variety which has become a universal favorite.

Friends who come to dinner will exclaim over edible pod peas from your garden vines. This is a type of pea which is cooked and eaten like snap beans, pod and all, when the young peas have barely begun to form. The liking for this mouth-

watering dish may have originated in France or Holland. Folks of Dutch ancestry are the ones most familiar with edible pod peas in our own land. Once grown in anyone's garden, they are likely to be on the repeater list year after year. Do you know that odd shaped vegetable, kohlrabi? Plant a row of it and give the family something out of the ordinary. Although related to cabbage, it is milder and more delicate in flavor. It looks like a turnip growing above ground. Kohlrabi matures quite rapidly and should be eaten when about two inches in diameter.

Anybody can have common cucumber pickles. You can add that extra touch to your list of appetizers by raising West India gherkins. The prickly little oval fruits, picked when fairly small, make unusually good sweet pickles... nearly impossible to get these days for love or money.

FARMERS STILL FIGHT FARM, RANCH PREDATORS

COLLEGE STATION—Farmers and ranchmen in several parts of Texas have taken up arms against coyotes, bobcats and other predators which live off farmers' poultry and small livestock. This revival of the spirit of rugged individualism which distinguished the pioneers in dealing with varmints having no visible means of support is reported by county agents from west, northwest, south and southwest Texas—and results are being obtained.

The warfare against thieving carnivores, which have increased materially during the war years, is being carried on by various methods. Archer and Foard counties, for example, pay bounties and in addition Archer has a volunteer organization of men, women and youths ready to shoot from any stance or unleash a hound.

With the assistance of County Agent Lee H. McElroy, Clarence Dixon, Farmer County farmer, set up 12 cyanide coyote guns to stop further losses in his sheep. The first check showed six discharged, with a toll of four coyotes and one swift fox.

The Extension Service and Commissioners Court put on a poison bait campaign in Refugio County in cooperation with field men of the predator control division of the U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service. The Presidio County Wolf Club, organized by ranchmen, sponsored a nine-month trapping program.

Foard county paid bounties on 166 coyotes from mid-December thru January. A total of 30,000 poison baits were scattered over about 350,000 acres of Refugio county land in early January and at the end of the month 140 coyotes had been taken out of circulation. But County Agent L. A. Weiss, Jr., believes that in that brushy country only one out of five of the animals poisoned will be recovered. Mexican

eagles, buzzards, hawks, 'possums, skunks and stray dogs also were among the casualties. Trappers employed by the Presidio Wolf Club harvested 165 coyotes and 62 bobcats from April through December. The forage of the predators have been expensive. Foard county agent David F. Eaton, Sr., reports that one farmer has only 50 remaining of a flock of 100 hens and 300 pullets. Similar losses, including calves and other livestock, have been reported. Farmers who had sheep, Eaton adds, have been driven out of the business.

FOOD PRESERVATION PROSPECTS REVIEWED

COLLEGE STATION—Home preservation of foods in 1945 is more necessary than last year, due to a combination of war-time circumstances.

Inventories in home pantries and stores are considerably less than in 1944, and in addition there will be more demand for processed foods from the armed services and from lend-lease. Higher point values of many foods this year may also prove an incentive to many families, in the opinion of Mrs. Winifred J. Leverenz, specialist in food preservation for the Extension Service.

With these facts in mind, the average family needs to arrange now for the sources of its food, such as a garden or a poultry flock. The average family eats half of its food fresh and half preserved. About 125 containers, or 300 pounds of food, should be stored for each person in the family, and these figures should be taken into account in the family planning, Mrs. Leverenz says.

She urges homemakers to include plenty of canned or frozen meat, fruit, and vegetables in the diet, rather than putting up a preponderance of pickles, relishes, preserves and jellies. Last year's reports showed most families are planning more balanced food preservation

budgets than before the war, and this is encouraging, she says.

On the whole, the outlook for equipment and supplies in the preservation field is fairly promising. There will be less sugar than last year, but enough to get by on; tin cans and glass jars are expected to be plentiful and the jar closures available now are superior to those

manufactured earlier in the war. Pressure cookers will continue to be scarce, and practically no new sealers will be offered to the public. Mrs. Leverenz says this means more people will have to can together, share equipment, or take advantage of community food preservation centers.

Tribune job printing is best.

Propane Tanks...

SEE US immediately about proposition for 550 and 380 gallon propane gas storage tank on farm. We have contract to obtain 50 applications immediately. Don't miss this opportunity!

SEE US about Cast Iron Pre-War Bath Tubs, water heaters, bath room fixtures and plumbing. Electric wire, light fixtures, automatic well pumps.

Let us show you why you need an experienced butane dealer to install and service butane-propane appliances.

WE'LL CONTRACT YOUR PLUMBING!

C. R. Elliott Company

BOVINA, TEXAS

Be Thankful This Isn't Your Local News Item

Schools And Amusement Places To Close Monday

Cambridge and Guernsey county schools will close Monday and Mayor Vern Ross will request theaters, pool rooms, bowling alleys and other places of amusement to likewise suspend as a conservation measure. It was decided Saturday at a meeting of officials, business and community representatives at the Chamber of Commerce rooms. Business places generally will not for the present be asked to close, it was stated. Churches, which are in the course of being heated for Sunday services, will carry out their schedule, but the Ministerial Association will meet Monday to determine on what policy to follow to conserve coal. Citizens generally are being urged to conserve fuel to the fullest extent of their ability. There is no coal shortage emergency existing in Cambridge at the present time and such a situation is not anticipated because this

community secures its coal supply from wagon mines in this locality, it was stressed. While the coal supply has not been as plentiful as in other years, it is pointed out, no hardship from lack of fuel has been experienced and the supplies have been adequately distributed. So far as gas consumption is concerned, there are few places in Cambridge that use this for heating purposes and regulations have already been applied concerning the use of natural gas. Wagon mines in this locality do not have facilities for shipping railroad coal and consequently

(Continued On Page Eight)
Actual reproduction of an item appearing recently in an Ohio newspaper.

Items such as this are appearing daily in newspapers in many cities throughout the nation. In the North and East, people have been urged for months to lay in their supply of coal for the coming winter. There isn't enough coal to go around... shipping facilities are insufficient to transport the coal from the mines to the consumers.

THE WAR EXACTS VARIOUS SACRIFICES

- Here in the Southwest—where nature's perfect fuel, Natural Gas, is abundantly available—there's no fuel problem.
- Natural Gas is available at the turn of a valve yet there is no storage problem.
- You pay only for what you use—and then only after you have used it—you don't have to "lay in a supply."

• Transporting of Natural Gas from the gas fields to the consumer does not interfere with railroad, truck or other transportation facilities.

During wartime, conservation is the watchword. Although there is an abundance of Natural Gas available here, no one should waste it. Use as much as you need when you need it. Use your Natural Gas wisely.

Southern Union Gas Company

Use Natural Gas for Cooking, Water Heating, Refrigeration, House Heating

TELEPHONE 2821

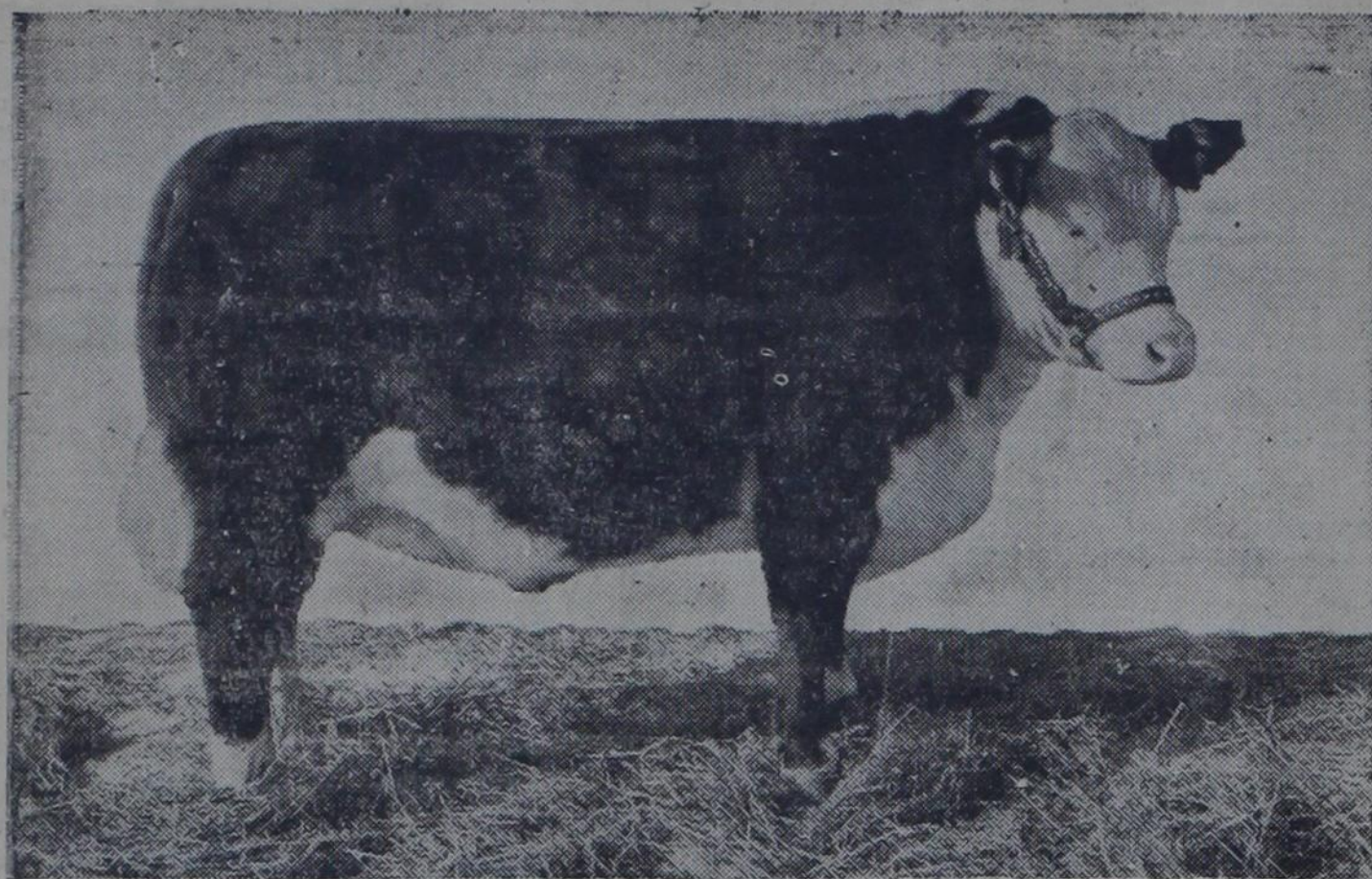
"Sure, I'll hold it to 5 minutes"



Busy as Long Distance lines are, most calls go through all right. But there's still a rush on some circuits.

When you're on a crowded line, Long Distance will ask you to help by saying, "Please limit your call to 5 minutes."

THE MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.



Champion Steer On Exhibition Tour

BRYAN—Teddy, Firestone Tire and Rubber Company's world champion steer is now going to college in the role of a "professor".

The grand champion of the 1944 Chicago Market Fat Stock Show—wartime version of the International Livestock Exposition—joined the faculty at Texas A. & M. on March 6.

Cattlemen, professors of animal husbandry, students, Future Farmers, and 4-H Club boys and girls will "sit at the feet" of Teddy to study the "margin of magnificence" which sets him apart from ordinary steers.

Teddy will demonstrate the importance of a full blocky frame, ribs that are well sprung, a coat that glistens, a short full face, excellent flesh and finish and all the other qualities that make him the owner of the most coveted purple ribbon a steer can win.

The 1170-pound Hereford arrived here in the glistening mobile stable in which he is travelling to agricultural colleges throughout the country, where he is appearing as an example of a nearly perfect steer. He will be here through March 10.

Raised by Ben Greve, 18-year-old Bryant, Iowa, 4-H clubber, he was bought by Firestone for \$450 a pound—the third highest price in Chicago show history.

Teddy, who competed against a record entry list of 790 in winning the title, is the fourth champion owned by Firestone. The first was Mercer, an Aberdeen-Angus purchased at the 1938 International; the second was Sargo, the 1939 world champion and a Hereford, and the third was the 1941 title winner, Loyal Alumnus The Fourth, a Shorthorn-Angus.

PREPARATIONS FOR SMALL GRAIN HARVEST

COLLEGE STATION—Seeded acreage of small grain crops in Texas is considerably higher than a year ago. For that reason the Extension Service already is making plans for most efficient movement of equipment and manpower needed to harvest the crop.

C. Hohn, Extension state farm labor supervisor, says this work will again be handled by the district farm labor office in Plainview under the direction of D. A. Adam, farm labor field assistant.

Already, county agents, assisted by the Triple A and other agencies, are conducting surveys to determine the acreage of small grains in each county, the approximate maturity dates, and anticipated combine and labor needs. In many counties the acreage can be blocked out for local custom operators, but especially in the Panhandle, a large movement of town-state and out-of-state combines is expected.

Custom operators, truckers and others interested can keep in touch with the situation through the Plainview office. Adam says when the harvest is begun, daily reports on the situation will enable efficient placement of crews and equipment.

den short course are available from county agricultural and home demonstration agents and from Extension headquarters at College Station.

This radio extension feature is in line with the college policy of making its educational programs available to the entire population of the state, Jackson explained. Previously, such short courses have been held on the college campus, but current travel restrictions will not allow such practices.

Outstanding authorities on horticulture, entomology, and foods will take part on the series of five programs. They can be heard through stations WBAP, Fort Worth; KPRC, Houston; WOAI, San Antonio and WTAU, College Station.

Flattery is a form of soft soap; and soft soap is mostly lye.

SHORT COURSES BY RADIO

COLLEGE STATION—Second in a series of radio short courses offered the public this spring by the A. & M. College Extension Service is one on "Growing a Spring Garden", scheduled March 12-17.

C. W. Jackson, director of the short course, has announced it will be broadcast on the Texas Farm and Home Program, a network feature originating on the college campus every day except Sunday at 6 a. m. Enrollment cards for the gar-

Better Service

H. N. Poteet, our assistant mechanic, is back on the job this week after being off on account of injuries.

We can now give you more prompt service on your repair jobs. Bring us your work, but don't expect the impossible.

Quick and Slow Battery Recharging

City Service Garage

Texico Hotel Bld.

Floyd Francis

TIRES

PRACTICALLY ALL SIZES IN GRADE

I and GRADE III IN STOCK

Bring Us Your Worn Tires for Factory Retreading

Eubank & Son Auto and Home Supply Co.

513 Main Street

Clovis, N. M.

Firestone

TRY NEW GRASSES

COLLEGE STATION—Trying out new lawn grasses on a small scale rather than making large, expensive plantings, is recommended by the Extension Service to persons interested in changing or improving sods around the home.

Specialists consider St. Augustine grass well adapted to Deep East Texas, and buffalo farther west. Both can be spaced two to three feet apart. Pieces of "flawn" or Manilla grass can be planted a foot apart. Bluegrass, which will require some water does better in central Texas. It can be seeded at the rate of one pound of seed for every area 10 by 20 feet.

FIRST WOMAN SENATOR

Mrs. John W. Lashlee, Camden, Tenn., 33 has been seated as the first woman state senator in Tennessee.

WOMEN '38 to '52' are you embarrassed by HOT FLASHES?

If you suffer from hot flashes, feel weak, nervous, highstrung, a bit blue at times—due to the functional "middle-age" period peculiar to women—try this great medicine—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound HELPS NATURE. It's one of the best known medicines for this purpose. Follow label directions.

Dr. Salsbury's REN-O-SAL really is a two-fold drinking water medicine, affording tonic benefits to my chicks right now and an effective control for cecal coccidiosis when this disease threatens. It's certainly a welcome help in raising chicks. Better buy a good supply when you get your chicks.

LET US HELP YOU WITH YOUR POULTRY PROBLEMS

MALONE ICE & PRODUCE CO.

Farwell, Texas

A FEW 8 and 10 Ft. DEMSTER AND STAR WINDMILLS

Barry Hardware Co.
THE STORE THAT STAYS

Planting Seed

Texas Certified—

W. P. Martin Milo
Plainsman Milo
Hegari
Black Hull Kafir

Arizona Certified:

Martin Milo
Plainsman Milo
Bonita

Farmers Supply Co.

Texico-Farwell

20 Years

OF GOOD CITIZENSHIP AND PUBLIC SERVICE



1945 marks the 20th Anniversary of the Southwestern Public Service Company as a public servant. It has been 20 years of pleasant association with our customers; progressive people, good neighborly folks—and to those customers who have joined us in the past two or three years we extend a most cordial welcome.

We point with pardonable pride to our record of service during the past years. It is a record of constantly improved service at ever decreasing rates. This will continue to be our policy.

Our company has many constructive plans for developing the territory we serve after Victory is won. We pledge to do our part in helping to develop the many rich resources available. By working together, we can realize an even finer and more productive area than we now have.

We appreciate your patronage and will show this appreciation by continuing to serve you with the best electric service possible at the lowest possible rates.

SOUTHWESTERN
PUBLIC SERVICE
COMPANY

Local Happenings

Miss Jimmie Ellison Is Bride of C. R. Howard

Wedding rites for Miss Jimmie Jeanette Ellison and C. R. Howard, Jr., were performed in the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Ellison, in Bovina, on Sunday afternoon, March 4th, at 2:15.

C. R. Howard, Sr., Pentecostal minister, of Bovina, read the single ring ceremony in the presence of relatives and friends.

The bride wore a wedding gown of blue and carried a white Bible on which lay a spray of white carnations. White satin streamers fell from the bouquet. Mrs. Mabelena Pumphrey was matron of honor, wearing a dress of soft tan with a corsage of pink carnations.

Wauldin Jefferson, of Bovina, served as best man to the groom.

Jim Bob Smart, of Farwell, played the strains of the wedding march for the entrance of the bridal party, and also gave "I Love You truly" and "Because" as musical selections during the ceremony.

Following the wedding, the bride and groom were honored with an informal reception in the home of Mrs. Clifford Leake, in Bovina. The lovely serving table featured a beautifully decorated wedding cake.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard will make their home in Bovina.

Visiting Sailor Given Party At Home

Seaman First Class Bobby Joe Mann was honored at a supper given in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Mann of Bovina, last Monday evening.

Mann recently returned to the States after seven months overseas duty.

Enjoying the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith and Denver, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Laney, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Owens and sons, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McCutchan and son, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Camp, Mrs. Maxine Taylor, Misses Jean and Dixie Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Rule, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Petty and children, Buster McCutchan, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Richey, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Bailes and children, J. S. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rouh and daughter, Mrs. V. E. Adams, Misses Carrie and Lula Smith, M. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Owens and children, Charley Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Rule and children, Mr. and Mrs. Talbert Stowers, Miss Lena Regd, Paul Helmke, Doris Stovall, Peggy Fern Shirley, the host and hostess and the honoree.

Banquet Dates Set

Junior-senior class banquets for both the Texico and Farwell schools were planned by the students recently, with the Farwell group setting March 30th for their date, while the Texico pupils will observe the occasion on April 6th.

Mrs. Parker and daughter, Lineota, of the Pleasant Hill community, have been confined to their home with the flu.

Wedding Performed On February 27

Rev. W. C. Wright, Baptist pastor, was the officiating minister at a simple home ceremony, performed last Tuesday night February 27, at 9 o'clock, uniting in marriage Miss Jewell Dean Francis and Harold Whitehurst, Seaman Second Class.

The nuptials were read in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Francis, of Farwell, parents of the bride.

The son of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Whitehurst of Bovina, the groom returned only recently from duty in the Pacific, and departed for California the first of this week to receive his new assignment.

Mrs. Whitehurst will remain in Farwell for the present.

Birthday Party For American Legion

The Friona Post 206 of the American Legion and Auxiliary will celebrate its 26th birthday in the Legion Hall on March 13.

A potluck supper will be held, followed by a short business session. Special out-of-town guests, including the 18th district commander and his wife, have been invited, it is announced, and all Parmer county Legionnaires and Auxiliary members are urged to attend.

Slumber Party Held In Denny Home

Miss Rosa Lee Denny entertained seven of her friends at her home last Wednesday night with a slumber party.

A buffet supper was served, after which a social evening was enjoyed. The guests were Earlene and Catherine Wilkerson, Louise Moody, Betty Jean Alerson, Sarah Marie Venable, Patsy Ellison and Dorothy Rhodes.

Campbell and Bigam Are Class Hostesses

Mrs. G. W. Campbell and Mrs. W. W. Bigam were co-hostesses to the Wesley Class of the Methodist Church, Tuesday afternoon, in the home of Mrs. Campbell.

The devotional was led by Mrs. S. C. Hunter, following which a short business meeting was held. The ladies voted to give \$5 to Mrs. Bigam, who recently lost her home by fire, and voted to send flowers to John Hadley, who is confined in a Clovis hospital.

Refreshments of coffee and cake were served to Mesdames S. C. Hunter, E. G. Blair, Bill Ingram, G. W. Atchley, Lena Yoder, Ralph Humble and Roy B. Ezell, members; Mrs. Dykes and Mrs. Goldsmith, guests.

License Issued

A marriage license was issued at the local clerk's office on Monday, March 5, to Miss Olvis White, of Friona, and Mavis Womack, of Bovina.

NEWS FROM OUR BOYS IN CAMPS



BACK IN STATES

Cpl. Florence Wallace, who has been in New Guinea with a WAC detachment since last summer, has been returned to the States and is currently receiving medical attention in a California hospital for a tropical disease. Her son, Pvt. Max Wallace, was here from Amarillo AAF over the weekend with the news of her return.

BANKS IN HAWAII

Cpl. Billy Banks, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Banks, Sr., of Farwell, has sent his parents a recent picture and the news that he is back in Hawaii, after seeing action in the Pacific theatre of war.

EXPECTS SHIPPING

Mansell Cranfill, serving with a supply unit of the Seabees, has written from the West Coast that he expects to be seeing action in the Pacific zone in the near future. He returned to the States at Christmas from France, where his group had participated in the invasion.

TO ADVANCE SCHOOL

Wilford Quickel, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Quickel of Bovina, who recently returned to the States, has advised his parents that he is being sent to an advanced boatswain's school in the East.

COMING HOME

Mrs. Sleta Hall, of Texico, has received a letter from her son, Douglas, out with the Navy, informing her, "I'll answer your next letters in person". Hall left the States last May, and has seen action in the Pacific. He wrote his mother, "we made a long voyage, it was tough, but we got through... now my dreams are coming true, I'm coming home—expect to be there in a month or so." His wife, the former Betty Jo Gilson, lives in Clovis.

ON VISIT HERE

Stafford Bradshaw, of the Navy, is here spending a few days with relatives and friends. He has been stationed in Washington, D. C., for the past five months.

RENEWAL TIME

Two service subscriptions are in need of renewal: Wilbur James Charles and Jim Cleve Dixon. Please renew these subscriptions within two weeks. The price is \$1 for six months to any part of the world, and no charge is made for change of such addresses.

MAGNESS IN HOSPITAL

Pvt. Raymond Magness, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Magness of near Farwell, has advised his parents that he is in a hospital in France, "with a broken foot". He did not reveal how the injury was sustained. Magness serves with an engineer unit, and it was thought likely that he was not injured in combat, but in unloading supplies.

FRENCH AND AMERICANS PREVENT TRAIN THEFTS WITH THE U. S. FORCES IN THE ETO

The combined efforts of the French and Americans in the Brittany Base Section are eliminating theft of cigarettes, rations, and other supplies from freight trains going to the battlefield. The French, through La Garde des Communications, under the Ministry of War, guard the trains in the yards, and a newly organized United States

Army unit, the Rail Guard and Security Group, guards the trains en route.

Set up when pilfering of U. S. Army supplies became a serious problem, the new system was worked out by the Transportation Corps and the Provost Marshal. Protection of supply trains was made a function of Communications Zone Base Section Commanders, and authority given for formation of guard units.

The group has already captured some 30 German soldiers caught behind the lines who were attempting to get back to Germany by stowing away on trains. They have also stopped several attempts at sabotage.

Pvt. Thomas L. R. Wilkerson, of Route 1, Bovina, is a member of the Brittany Rail Guard Group.

LIVING IN HOUSE

"Three of us now have a room in a house here in town," jubilantly reports S-Sgt. Kater Crume, serving on the Western front with the 44th Infantry division, in a recent letter to his wife in Farwell. He remarks on the blackout restrictions, "When I get home, don't be surprised if I jump up in the middle of the night and run around turning on all the lights and raising the shades, just to prove I'm home!"

MANN VISITS BOVINA

Bobby Joe Mann, S1-c, left the past Saturday to report to his home base at San Francisco, after spending a furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Mann of Bovina. Mann spent seven months overseas on the SS Cape Chalmers, in action in the Pacific theatre. He has been in the Navy 10 months.

SMITH IN FRANCE

Pvt. James M. Smith, formerly of this city and son of Mrs. E. L. Smith of Monahans, Texas, writes that he has arrived in France with an infantry unit. He adds, "the snow is seven feet deep and it is plenty cold."

GAST GOES OUT

Karl J. (Smoky) Gast has written The Tribune of a change of address, stating, "We are on our way... combat supply unit advance base... hope to see you in a couple of years." He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Karl Gast of Farwell.

IN FRESNO HOSPITAL

Mrs. James Ford left the first of the week to visit her husband, Pfc. Ford, who is now in a Fresno, California, army hospital. Ford was returned to the States a short time ago, having been wounded in action early last fall. He has been in a hospital in England for some time.

SHOT THREE TIMES

Cpl. "Blackie" Poteet, recently injured in Belgium, has written his parents details of his stay in action, reporting that he has been shot three times in the right leg, "but never hit a bone... I still walk as good as I ever did." Poteet reveals that he was in the invasion of France and went on through into Germany, before the attack by the Nazis in the Belgium area.

IN MARIANAS

Cpl. Curly Cardinal, formerly stationed at Clovis, has written friends here that he is now with a B-29 group in the Marianas Islands. Curly reports that he had Christmas dinner in Pearl Harbor, "turkey and all the trimmings". In regard to his new station, he says, "the weather is plenty warm. As for Japs, there are a few, so I'm playing soldier. The town has been pretty badly bumped around—we've had a few missions that were well accounted for."

EXPECTS FURLOUGH

Lt. Chas. Thompson, son of Judge and Mrs. Lee Thompson, who has been in transport activity in China, presumably "flying the hump", writes his parents that he is expecting to be furloughed home in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Marty Ezell and family, of Muleshoe, visited friends and relatives in this city on Sunday.

CARD OF THANKS

We are indeed grateful for the privilege of expressing our appreciation to our loved ones and friends of this, and surrounding communities, for your sympathy and loyalty to us during our time of deepest sorrow, brought about by the tragic death of our husband and father. Your deeds and words of sympathy proved, beyond a doubt, that your love and respect for J. D. was real and unwavering. This enables us to understand that memories of him as a friend and loved one will live on in your hearts as well as in ours. This is more consoling to us than words can ever express. May the grace of God abide with you forever.

Ethel Thomas,
Norma Jean and Warlick,
Farwell, Tex., March 6, 1945

Mrs. Hayden Cason left the past Thursday for California, where she will join her husband, now stationed at Salinas. She planned to visit relatives in Ontario and Riverside, Calif., en route.

Mrs. Abie Crume spent the weekend visiting friends in Amarillo and with Mrs. Lovilla Kessie, in Shamrock, returning Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Quickel, of Bovina, visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Thornton and Miss Dottie Dell Quickel, in Farwell.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Hunter and Mrs. W. J. Matthews have returned home from Temple, Texas, where they spent a few days going through the Scott & White clinic.

Mrs. Morgan Billington is scheduled to resume her duties as clerk at the Farwell postoffice on Thursday of this week, after an absence of the past few weeks, following an operation for appendicitis.

MAGAZINE RENEWALS...

Is your subscription up to date on your favorite magazines? Better check into this, for it is likely that you cannot get it renewed once your name is dropped from the list.

We handle subscriptions for most publications... let us send in your renewal now!

RED + PHARMACY

Little Jim Carter, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Carter, was taken to a Clovis hospital Tuesday for observation. He had been running high temperature since early in the week.

Tribune job printing is best.

STEED Mortuary

"Serving Clovis Territory Since Clovis Began"

PHONE 14
CLOVIS, N. M.

Need Any...

BARBED WIRE
OAK FLOORING
5x8x12 HOLLOW TILE

Plenty of that Good BPS Paint and Varnish

Cicero Smith Lumber Co

BOVINA, TEXAS.



Your Car Is Safe In Our Hands...

Bring your car to us for a service job that really satisfies. We take pride in our washing and greasing and make it a point to see that every bearing is properly lubricated.

Fan Belts for Any Make Car or Truck

Gult Service Station

BILL MOSS, Operator

HAMMER MILL
ENSILAGE CUTTERS
TRACTOR REPAIRING
WATER HOSE
CHISELS and PUNCHES
PIPE FITTINGS
CHICK BROODERS

Harrison Hardware Co.
TEXICO, N. M.

WOMEN '38 to '52'
are you embarrassed by
HOT FLASHES?

If you suffer from hot flashes, feel weak, nervous, highstrung, a bit blue at times—due to the functional "middle-age" period peculiar to women—try this great medicine—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound HELPS NATURE. It's one of the best known medicines for this purpose. Follow label directions.

DR. J. R. DENHOF
OPTOMETRIST
117 W. 4TH ST. CLOVIS, N.M.

DEPENDABLE

You can depend on us for a square deal when you bring your car to us for a repair job or overhaul.

Keep your car running by keeping it in the best of repair at all times.

KARL'S AUTO CLINIC

New Closing Hours
8:00 P. M., except Saturdays
9:00 P. M. on Saturdays

Our patrons will keep these closing hours in mind, and arrange to do their shopping before hand.

STATE GROCERY & MARKET LINE

Balance Your Diet and Your Budget

Sound nutrition and thriftiness are especially important now—when you must keep well not only for yourself but also for your country's sake. When you must save not only for your future, but also for your country's future. Let our variety of foods and our reasonable prices help you do both.

HALL'S GROCERY & MARKET

USED CARS

1942 Dodge Truck
1934 Chevrolet Coupe
1940 Dodge Truck

We have a stock of used tires . . . no certificate needed!

Sikes Motor Company

FORD and MERCURY FORD TRACTOR
FARWELL, TEXAS

Thomas Rites—

(Continued from front page)

H. Y. Overstreet, W. H. Russell, W. H. McDaniel, Gordon McCuan, Loyd Cain, W. E. Martin, Chas. Lunsford, T. E. Levy, George Magness, Frank Hastings, B. O. Faville, W. Bart Osborne, Miles Shirley, Henry Reynolds, W. E. Williams, W. W. Hall and C. E. Crume.

Besides his immediate family, survivors include two sisters, Mrs. J. M. Reynolds, Fort Worth; Mrs. J. A. Arwine, Floydada; three brothers Dr. H. A. Thomas, San Antonio; Dr. J. H. Thomas, Fort Worth; Sgt. Donald Thomas, Las Vegas, Nev.; and his step-mother, Mrs. Lon Thomas, Decatur, all of whom were here for the funeral.

Other survivors include one niece, Beverly Ann Thomas, Floydada; six nephews, Flight Officer Joe Arwine, Jr., Melvin and Paul Reynolds, Fort Worth; Weldon and Wayne Thomas, San Antonio.

Burial took place in the Clovis cemetery with members of the American Legion in charge.

4-H CLUBS ORGANIZED

C. J. Todd and Miss Alexa Gardner, 4-H supervisors in Curry county, were visitors at the Texico school on Monday, when both boys and girls clubs were organized. The boys elected Buddy Pierce as president, and the girls plan to choose their officers next month. Mrs. O. S. Allred will act as local advisor for the girls, while a leader for the boys will be named later.

S. C. HUNTER

REAL ESTATE

Farms and City Property

Upstairs in Cruse Building

TEXICO, N. M.

Rehearsals Begin For Texico Senior Play

Rehearsals for the Texico senior class play, "The Campbells Are Coming" were begun on Monday night of this week under the direction of Mrs. Hershel Arnold, with the play scheduled for presentation on March 23rd.

A three-act farce, the play is concerned with the visit of the supposedly elite Campbell family in the Brannigan home inspired by the infatuation of Kaye Brannigan (Bette Flye) with Kingston Campbell (Albert Martin), whom she met while away at college.

The hilarious comedy begins when the Campbells arrive unexpectedly while Kaye is away on a visit and the Brannigans are having their home redecorated, meanwhile taking up residence in a mountain cabin. Disapproving of Kaye's selection of a fiance, her entire family goes into a hill-billy role which fits their temporary surroundings, to the great disgust and amazement of the visitors.

Mrs. Brannigan, grandmother of Kaye, is played by Edna Mae Caldwell, while the other Brannigan offspring are Betty (Peggy Caillouet), and Dick (Kenneth Jacks). Kaye's home-town boyfriend is Jeff Scudder, played by Bill Knox, while the visiting Mrs. Campbell is Laura Jacques.

Cyrus Scudder would-be suitor to Ma Brannigan, is played by Jim Bob Roop, Catalpa Tapp, the servant (Helen McDaniel) and Beldad Tapp, her father (Bill White), complete the cast.

First City Girl: Why do they put bells on cows?

Second City Girl: Don't you know that, silly? It's to give warning so you can run away from them.

ARE YOU LEAVING THE FARM?

The quickest and most profitable way to dispose of your surplus livestock and farm machinery is by public auction.

Prices are good, money is plentiful and I can get you the top figure at an auction. Now is a good time to have a sale during the slack season.

Col. Dick Doshier,
Farwell, Texas.

Cage Season Finale Set This Weekend

The concluding rounds of the 1944-45 basketball season will open at the Farwell gymnasium Thursday night of this week, when boys' teams from Bovina, Friona, Oklahoma Lane, Lazbuddy and Farwell start a weekend of play to determine the county champions.

Set up in round-robin style, the tournament offers every team in the county an opportunity to contest the other players, Coach J. T. Carter reported, adding, "from all indications, this will be one of the hottest meets of some years."

Admittedly, the Friona Chiefs are tops in the county at present, having defeated every other team, but tournament play often brings about unexpected upsets. Farwell stands second-high in the rating, having lost only to Friona in county play, but reports coming in from both Bovina and Oklahoma Lane, teams that took close losses from the Steers, indicate that the locals will have to be on the beam to protect their standing.

The complete schedule:

Thursday, 8 p. m., Friona vs. Bovina; 9 p. m., Farwell vs. Lazbuddy.

Friday, 2 p. m., Oklahoma Lane vs. Lazbuddy; 3 p. m., Farwell vs. Friona. Friday night, 8 p. m., Bovina vs. Farwell; 9 p. m., Friona vs. Oklahoma Lane.

Saturday, 2 p. m., Friona vs. Lazbuddy; 3 p. m., Bovina vs. Oklahoma Lane. Saturday night, 8 p. m., Bovina vs. Lazbuddy; 9 p. m., Farwell vs. Oklahoma Lane.

Jack Williams has been named as referee for the meet, Coach Carter announced.

German Ain't Dumb, A Pencil's A Pencil!

Just before he went overseas, Pvt. Anthony Zerr of Hondo, Tex., a 35th Division infantryman with Patton's Third Army, received an automatic pencil from a representative of the Santa Fe Railway, which was inscribed with the railroad's trade mark.

A little thing, perhaps but to Pvt. Zerr the pencil was one of his proudest possessions, and when the intrepid 35th went into the battle of St. Lo last July, it nestled snugly in his breast pocket.

One night he lost the pencil while on patrol deep within the enemy's lines. Soldiers are accustomed to losing personal articles in this war's fast pace, so he forgot about it.

Six months passed and the 35th reached German soil. Lined up in the snow was a group of captured Nazis, and searching one of them was Pvt. Zerr. Suddenly, he pulled an object from the prisoner's pocket—You guessed it—his long-lost pencil was found.

In writing of the strange coincidence to his railroad friend, Zerr added, "Of course, I was glad to get back my pencil, but I told off the blankety-blank Kraut anyway for using up all the lead."

TO STOCK SHOW

Dick Doshier, B. L. Deaton, Chas. Nix and Theo Ackerson of the Lariat community have gone to Fort Worth to attend the Southwestern Fat Stock Show. They plan to return home the first of next week. Doshier expects to buy a registered boar at the show.

For Sale

- H-Starter and Lights Attachments.
- M-Starter and Lights Attachments.
- 10 Ft. Field cultivator.
- One-way discs.
- Automatic currying and dipping machines.
- Red Head Grain loaders.
- New and used cream separators.
- Electric attachments for cream separators.
- Complete line of Genuine I-H-C Parts.

PARMER COUNTY IMPLEMENT CO.

Phone 28

Friona, Texas.

Girls Teams Defeated In Invitation Tourney

The Farwell girls lost their initial game in the opening rounds of the Friona invitation tournament, the past weekend, while the Texico team survived its first round but was dropped from the running in the second encounter.

Meeting the team from Grady, the Farwell team was downed 11-19 Thursday evening, Coach Lottie Dell Quickel reported today adding that her girls turned in one of their best games of the season. From this loss the team went into the consolation bracket, and was defeated by House.

Texico's girls, playing Dimmitt on Thursday night, stepped out ahead and took a 20-19 win, to go into play Friday against a team with which they have had considerable activity this year—the Ranchvale sextette. For the third time this season, the Ranchvale girls outpointed the locals. The final score was 20-21.

Reports reaching here were to the effect that the Friona team took the meat, beating Ranchvale in the final game Saturday night.

GRADE TEAMS LOSE

Two grade teams from the Texico school, boys and girls, were in action in the finale of the Curry county basketball season the past weekend when the grade tourney was held in Clovis. Playing Melrose in the first game, the grade boys went down 16-10 before their tall opponents, while Grady spanked the girls to the tune of 14-4.

NAVIGATION PROJECT

A \$500,000,000 post-war navigation and power project program has been approved by Congress.

W. D. WANZOR

Public Auctioneer

Muleshoe, Texas.

26 Years Experience

Owner

MULESHOE LIVESTOCK AUCTION

Sales Every Wednesday

Phones:

Res. 143—Sale Barn 135

Muleshoe



Cast Your Vote

For

- Service
- Quality
- Courtesy
- Economy

You'll Find Them All At

PHILLIPS 66 SERVICE STATION

BOVINA, TEXAS

FOX FOX

PRESCRIPTIONS FILLED

The functions of any drug store are many. But the most important task we have is that of seeing that your prescriptions are filled just as your doctor orders. Prescriptions are given the right-of-way, in that they always receive first consideration.

FOX DRUG STORE

FOX FOX

GETS APPOINTMENT

Mrs. Bess Dow, formerly of this city, writes from Roswell that she received her appointment as a regular clerk in the Roswell postoffice on March 2nd. She has been employed in that office for more than a year. Mrs. Dow adds that her son, Jim Bob, "is somewhere in the Pacific".

Because of increased military demands for ammunition, farmers and ranchers are back on a quarterly allocation system after enjoying comparatively large allowances of small-arms ammunition since August. WPB has stopped production of civilian ammunition, and manufacturers' stocks have been frozen to permit allocation for essential civilian uses.

PLANTING SEEDS

CHICK STARTER

GROWING MASH

BABY CHICKS

We are Also in the Market for Your Cream—Poultry and Eggs

Goldsmith Produce Co.

FARWELL, TEXAS



PLEASE don't put off this important job any longer. You're going to want all of your equipment in good shape when field work starts. It's our job to put it in condition. We'll handle your repair jobs the way you want them handled if you'll let us know in advance.

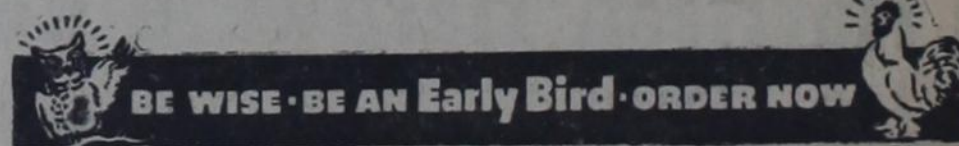
Stop in now, or phone us, and get your work on our schedule. Then you're sure to have the machines when you need them.

You know our reputation for repairing farm equipment. That's our business. We have expert mechanics and a well-equipped shop. And our bins are loaded with genuine IHC parts—the same parts that are built into the machines at the factory—and you can't beat them.

Take one day and go over every machine on your place. Tag each one with the things that need to be done. You can count on the same service in our shop that you get from McCormick-Deering equipment in the field. Say when and we'll get busy.

Harrison Hardware Co.

TEXICO, N. M.



WE MUST BE WISE . . .

. . . as serpents and as gentle as watch dogs, if we would be able to use all the opportunities for profit from our livestock. The best of dry winter feeds are usually deficient in some element that is afforded in spring range feed. Therefore, FEED VIT-A-WAY to supply these lacking elements. Feed it now to Bulls, Steers, Range Cows, Milk Cows, Sheep, Hogs, Calves, Lambs and Pigs.

Farwell Elevator Co.

W. BART OSBORNE, Mgr.

Grain Wanted

We are in the market for your grain of all kinds the year 'round. Get our prices before you sell.

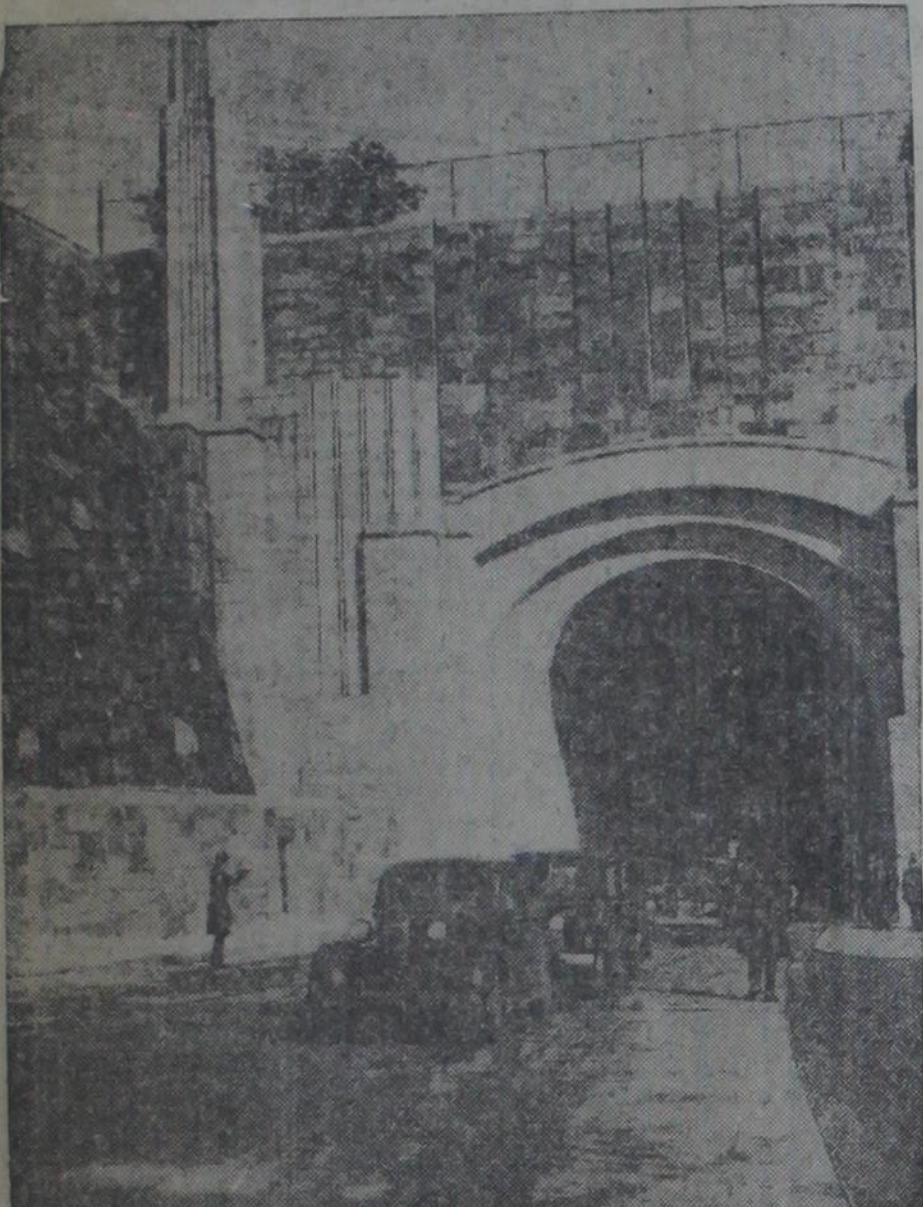
Ample storage space assures no waiting when you bring your grain to us.

SEED OATS—SPRING BARLEY

Roberts Seed Co.

Texico, N. M.

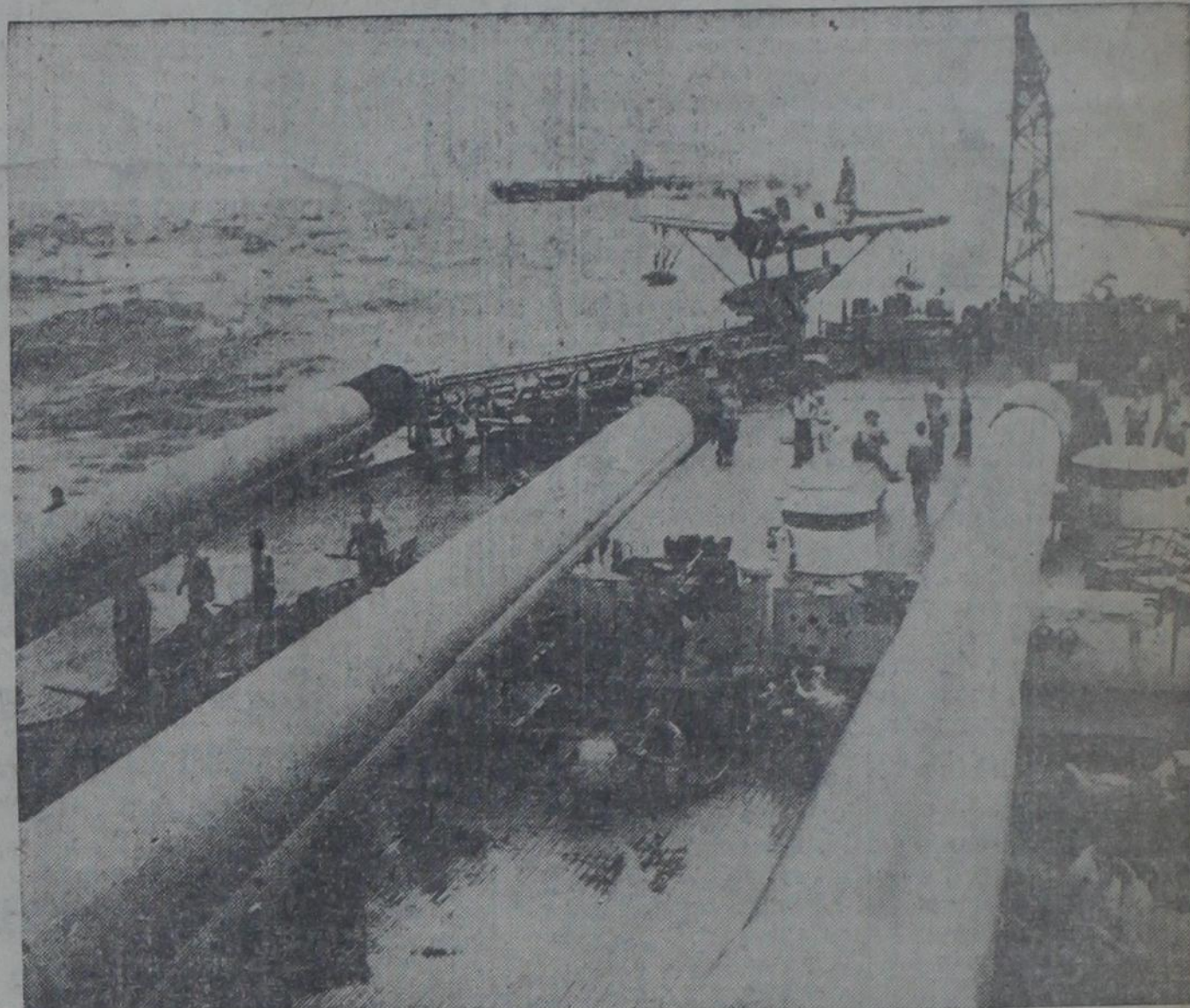
NOTABLE NEWS EVENTS IN PICTURES



NEW TUNNEL TUBE—Under construction for seven years, north tube of the Lincoln Tunnel running under the Hudson river from mid-town Manhattan to Weehawken, N. J., is open for business. Here first cars to travel tube arrive at Weehawken side.



FIRST SKI PATROL—Trudging through deep snow amid fairyland scenery, expert skier T-Sgt. James R. Weik leads first Allied ski patrol organized to overcome snow terrain on 9th Army front in Germany.



ON THE PROWL—With 16-inch guns protruding like long fingers, Missouri class battleship with Admiral Halsey's Third Fleet prowls the Pacific searching for enemy. Note catapult plane at edge of battleship deck, where men are getting things ship-shape. Short distance aft of vessel, stands United States aircraft carrier.



GUERRILLA GIRL—With one hand on her gun and other supporting the Tarlac flag, 22-year-old Mila Calma poses proudly on Luzon. The Philippine girl fought with guerrilla forces who aided Yanks in invasion. Stars and Stripes wave in background.



GETTING NAZIS' GOATS and putting them to work is the accomplishment of Pvt. F. Holmes who urges team to get along with cart hauling his company's rations. Tied up and starving on a German farm, goats became friendly and helpful to Tommies who rescued them on Western Front. This unique mode of transportation solves the food shortage problem for some soldiers in Belgium during unusually cold winter.



"GOD BLESS AMERICA" comes from hearts as well as throats of these Filipinos during liberation in Dagupan on Luzon. Voices of girl choir blend with those of other natives in showing gratitude to American soldiers for freedom from Japs. (U. S. Signal Corps Photo.)



HAPPY BIRTHDAY—America's youngest all-girl quadruplets smile demurely as they celebrate sixth birthday anniversary at servicemen's recreation center in Galveston, Tex. From left are Joan, Jeraldine, Jeannette, and Joyce Badgett, who are said by their teachers to be above average in school.



TOUCH OF SPRING—High hat vogue is attained here with bloused crown draped with pistachio green satin and matching net. Small chrysanthemums soften severe coiffure. Green theme is carried out with loosely tied net scarf.



A HERO AND HIS FAMILY—Leading a surprise raid on Japanese prison camp at Cabanatuan, on Luzon, Lt. Col. Henry S. Mucci of Bridgeport, Conn., freed 510 American and Allied troops held captives by the Japs. His 121 rangers and 286 guerrillas stormed the prison. At right are his wife and daughter, who live in Denver, Colo.



ALLIED POWER STRIKES

Across Land and Water

By MILITARY STAFF EDITOR
(New York Times)

ALLIED BOMBS rained in February on two remaining Axis capitals—Berlin and Tokyo. The two cities—one the blackened shell of a capitol that once controlled all western Europe, the other the still strong heart of an Asiatic empire of conquest—are nearly 6,000 miles apart, but Allied power was reaching far across land and water to pound them.

For both cities the blows were tokens of greater blows to come not only from the air but from the advancing fronts; an Allied ring of steel was closing on Germany. In the Pacific the island of Iwo has been invaded, only 750 miles from Tokyo, where the Marines established beachheads after a terrific battle. Iwo was a big Jap airfield. For both Axis countries the blows came as evidence of Allied ability to wage global war on an unprecedented scale. And for both the attacks were an earnest of new decisions reached by Allied leaders in consultation over the future.

The Axis had hoped with global war to split the Allies militarily, with propaganda war to split them politically. If evidence of failure of this plan were needed it came in recent announcements from Crimea. President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill and Marshal Stalin had put their approval on plans for the final battles in the war against Germany. There was not the faintest doubt of the outcome; the three men were planning already for peace.

The Rising Tide

The Axis had hoped so to weaken the Allies by their conquests, so weary them by a prolonged war that at worst a compromise peace might be won. In the sixth year of war Allied strength was rising steadily to new heights; the Axis strength was being slashed away.

Germany, senior partner in the Axis, stood embattled in the small remainder of the vast areas she once held. The Red Army in the east, the British, American, French and Canadian armies in the west were grinding across the Reich frontiers as a giant pincer. Allied air power roved German skies at will. Destruction was marching across Germany as it had never before in history.

Japan, the Far Eastern partner in the Axis, still held great sections of southeast Asia and Oceania that she had overrun, but Allied sea and air power were endangering the empire's structure even while it struck at the

homeland. The fronts were still far from Japan proper, but they were once again from the Reich proper. Until the land forces could be brought to bear

was time. It seemed clear now that time was no longer a weapon that could win wars for the Axis.

February 16 the Navy brought the

come, preliminaries to the land and sea advance upon Japan.

The attack on Tokyo was unique. Never before had such an aerial blow been launched by carrier-based aircraft. The target was Asia's greatest metropolis, an enemy capital, one of the world's important war-production

arm had joined with the Army's far-ranging B-29's in the systematic reduction of Japan's ability to fight.

The attack began at dawn. The task force, estimated to include fifteen to twenty of the Navy's largest combat carriers protected by the fastest battleships and by a covering screen of destroyers, cruisers, submarines and minesweepers, was believed to surpass anything the Navy has hitherto employed. Almost 300 planes took off in the first wave. Within an hour they were over their targets, the airfields, naval dockyards, warships, other military installations and key factories dotting Tokyo Bay and the great plain around the capital. For nine hours wave after wave of bombers, dive-bombers, torpedo planes and fighters shuttled back and forth between carriers and target area, meeting only slight resistance and dropping more than 1,000 tons of explosives in all.

The Navy returned next day to give the Japanese capital a second pounding. The targets this time were believed to be train and supply depots, power plants and aircraft engine and electrical equipment factories. Enemy broadcasters reported that only 600 planes had taken part in the latest raids and that the attacks had lasted for six hours. For the first time they spoke of large-scale Japanese resistance by intercepting planes and anti-aircraft batteries.

Value of Iwo

Beyond the strategic gains which would be derived from the damage inflicted on the enemy's air and sea power, other operations promised further benefits. One Iwo landing means an American advance of 725 miles deeper into Japan's inner zone of defenses and eliminates what had developed into a sizable threat to Superfortress activities. In American hands Iwo signifies bases from which fighter planes could protect B-29's on the Tokyo-Marianas run. The report of invasion came after sixty-nine consecutive days of softening up bombardment by land planes based in the Philippines and in the Marianas and by fleet surface units.

Highpoint of Luzon Campaign

Just as the Iwo operation is a major milestone in the drive through the central Pacific, so the campaign on Luzon marks a turning point in the drive toward Japan from the southwest Pacific. The Philippines phase of that drive was moving into its final stage. In Manila, ravaged by enemy-set fires and pillage, two American forces closing in from north and south on the Japanese entrenched in the old part of the city joined to complete an entrapment. Other American forces, pushing along the shores of Manila Bay, took Nichols

(Continued on Page 5, Column 4)



The pace of American advance in the Pacific war is shown on the map by the dates in boxes. Lettered boxes indicate the successive moves toward Japan proper by forces under the command of

Admiral Nimitz. The numbered boxes trace General MacArthur's road back to the Philippines, a campaign that found American forces closing in on the historic island of Corregidor.

against Nippon, ships and planes would strike the blows.

For both partners the catalogue of weapons—treachery and terror as well as guns and planes—was nearly exhausted. The one item that remained

war home to Japan. In one of the boldest operations in naval history an American carrier task force steamed to within 300 miles of the enemy coast and on two successive days launched as many as 1,200 planes against targets in and around Tokyo. Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz's communique voiced the Navy's satisfaction: "This operation has long been planned and the opportunity to accomplish it fulfills the deeply cherished desire of every officer and man in the Pacific Fleet."

These moves, coming as they did while large-scale naval forces were supporting the campaign in the Philippines in landings on Manila, Bataan and Corregidor, were a challenge to Japan's innermost defenses—her fleet and her home air forces. The blows were also omens of greater ones to

among the richest in the world. Every ton of sand contains gold to the value of more than 140 Australian shillings.

On the trail of the Japs in the interior of New Guinea, our soldiers ran across a strange people, armed with bows and arrows, stone axes, and wearing beaten brass around their hips and with their hair done up in a curious fashion. These are the most primitive people in the world. They chop down trees with stone axes and kill game with bows and arrows.

As our soldiers make their way into a village, the houses of which are built in tree tops or on tall poles as a defense against attack, they are greeted by friendly natives who stroke them inquisitively with sticky fingers and utter strange sounds. The natives are Papuans, culturally the second oldest group of New Guinea, having immigrated when the island was still joined to the continent of Asia by a bridge of land.

Natives Friendly to Whites

These friendly natives, who slightly resemble the African Negro, have aided our soldiers in transporting supplies and the wounded over almost impassable terrain. Without their assistance our wounded would have suffered appalling hardships. The women of the village carry supplies in plaited nets which are suspended from a band across their foreheads. These nets also serve as cradles for their babies.

Perhaps the strangest custom our soldiers have witnessed in this far-off land is that of the native widow in mourning. Her head is shaved, her body smeared with clay, and she carries her dead husband's skull around with her, in a net suspended from her neck, as long as she lives.

In case an American soldier gets hun-

(Continued on Page 4, Column 5)

DARK and WILD New Guinea

By ROY MILLBURY
(Condensed from Digest and Review)

WHEN the Japs effected landings on both the east and west coasts of New Guinea, in January, 1942, little did we realize the difficulties, hardships and complications that our soldiers would experience before the Jap devils were driven into the sea.

New Guinea, in the South Pacific Ocean, the third largest island in the world, exceeded in area only by Australia and Greenland, is 1,490 miles long with a maximum width of 410 miles and an area of 234,768 square miles. It has been one of the biggest headaches of our military strategists during the present conflict.

In direct contrast to the Marshall and Gilbert Islands area where the elevation rarely exceeds 10 feet above sea level, soldiers in New Guinea have had to force their way through dismal swamps, jungles and thick forests up to elevations of 9,000 feet, to the base of mountains which tower 15,000 feet above sea level!

Dark and wild New Guinea presents an unusual picture of flora and fauna. As our doughboys work their weary way through the forests at the higher altitudes, it is not unusual to see giant



This native New Guinea dandy has a cuscus-fur head-dress, fur and sennit armbands, and a shell breast ornament attached to a necklace of cowries. The rest of his body is nude.

areas, a city which a year ago was considered far beyond the range of sustained air attack. Now the Navy's air

The WEATHER Will Pay a Good Profit

By JOHN C. GERBER
(Condensed from Facts Magazine)

AFTER talking about the weather for several thousand years, we are finally getting around to doing something about it. During those thousands of years, we have learned to rotate our crops and fertilize our soil, to extract minerals from earth and sea, to dam our rivers, and to plant new trees and stock our streams with fish. We have been eager—too eager at times—to exploit our natural resources. But it has taken modern aviation and a war to open our eyes to the commonest of resources, the weather.

We all know now how a knowledge of weather can be turned to profit in warfare. There have been plenty of dramatic instances: Hitler's blitzkrieg in Poland during an unprecedentedly long dry autumn, the flight of the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau up the English Channel under a cloud cover, the invasion of Sicily coincidental with a helpful change in wind, and the invasion of France on the best days of a

none too gentle spring. Add to these the bombing missions, the ground attacks, and the naval bombardments which have succeeded because of a foreknowledge of the weather, and you see how quickly we are learning to use this old resource. Probably 50 years of normal weather development have been compressed into the last three or four.

4,000 Trained Weather Men

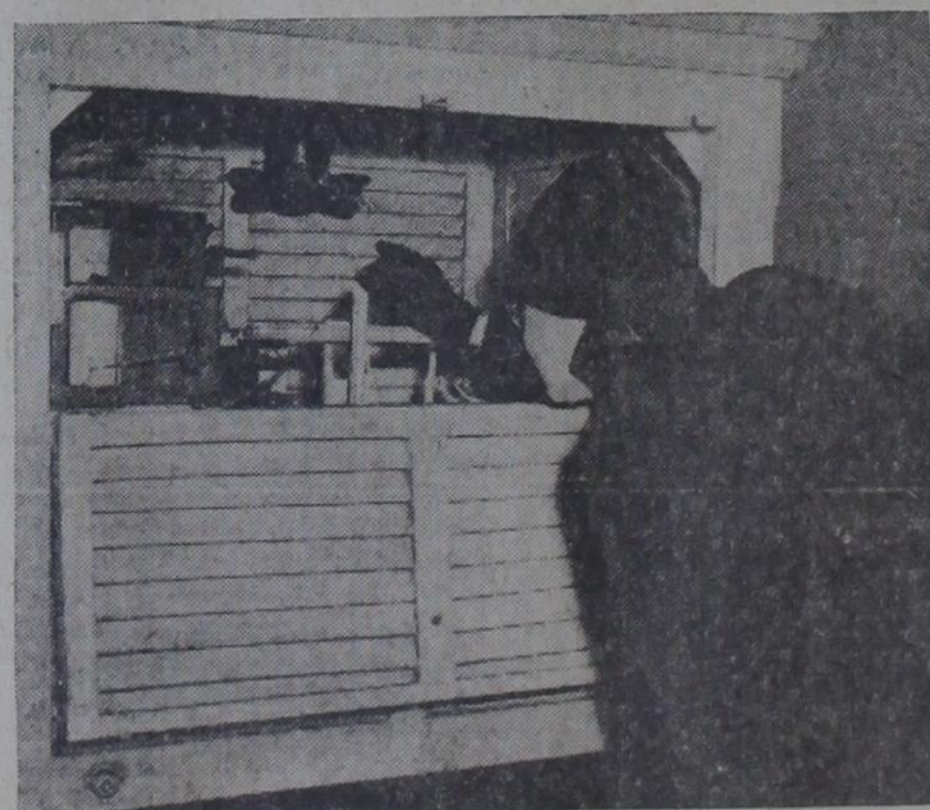
This means that we have now and shall have after the war a weather service such as we formerly never even dreamed of. Take the increase in trained personnel, for example. Before the war the number of Americans graduating in meteorology rarely reached an annual total of 75, and the number of practicing meteorologists at professional level was about 400. But in 1943 alone, the Army turned out 4,000 trained weather men.

Improvements in technique and equipment have kept pace. Weather stations now blanket the six continents and the islands of the five oceans.

Weather records multiply by the hour. At the request of the Army, for instance, the U. S. Weather Bureau has made maps of the isobars of daily weather records in the Northern Hemisphere for 40 years. To assemble the data for these maps, it was necessary to run more than 50,000,000 cards through tabulating machines. The study has taken three years, but there is reason to believe that valid methods of long-range forecasting will result.

The good instruments of 10 years ago were useful in

(Cont'd on page 5)



HE KNOWS IT'S COLD but just to prove it weather observed Abraham Zeucher turns coat collar up and braves icy blasts on roof of New York Weather Bureau building, while mercury drops to zero and New Yorkers shiver in coldest January in years.

TEXAS BRIEF NEWS . . . from Over the State

TEXAN IN DIPLOMATIC CORPS

Dean E. J. Kyle, who had been a member of the faculty of Texas A. & M. College for 43 years, has been named U. S. Ambassador to Guatemala. He was dean of the agriculture school for 33 years.

EAST TEXAS GETS DEER

Dan Lay, district director for the State Fish, Game and Oyster Commission, said recently that 600 deer had been turned loose in East Texas for propagation by the department during last year.

CONCHO RIVER PEARL

Members of the Tom Green county Historical Association were told that pearl-diving once was a big business in the Concho river. Many families of the San Angelo region still own beautiful specimens taken from river mussels. Records show the first pearls were discovered in 1888. Building of dams, plus the inroads of floods, droughts, and constant high mortality in mussel population have just about eliminated all chance of finding pearls now.

GOOD SAFETY RECORD

Floyd Pierce, service man for a Rio Grande valley gas company, has been given his seventh consecutive annual award for safe driving.

HISTORY PRIZES OFFERED

The Texas State Historical Association has announced a total of \$445 in 18 prizes in a Historical Writing Contest. The contest is open to any boy or girl under 21 years of age. Office of the association is in Austin.

COSTLY DOG FOOD

Henry Goldman, of Victoria (Victoria county), lost several valuable rabbits when stray dogs broke into his hutches and killed them. One rabbit was valued at \$100.

TO PROHIBIT SALE OF BABIES

Members of the Harris county delegation in the State Legislature are behind a bill which will "put teeth" into the weak law which now prohibits sale of babies. The bill is the result of an investigation which showed that prospective foster parents were paying high prices for the privilege of adopting a baby.

BIG COTTONWOOD TREE

The Burnet (Burnet county) Bulletin had an item recently which told of a cottonwood tree in that county which is 32 feet around at the base. It has three limbs 30 feet from the ground which are four feet through.

OLDEST TEXAS MASON DIES

M. T. Hickman, 103-year-old Civil War veteran, and the oldest member of the Masonic Lodge in Texas, died in a Galveston hospital following a major operation. He was born in Newton county, Texas.

17 GRANDSONS IN SERVICE

Mrs. M. A. Branum, of Dodson (Collingsworth county), has eleven grandsons and six grandsons-in-law in the armed forces. Mrs. Branum has lived in this section of the State for more than 50 years.

STRANGE EXPERIENCE

Mrs. Ola Lake, age 72, was found semi-conscious after having been missing from her home near Huntsville (Walker county) for 40 hours. She had become lost while taking a walk, got tangled in a wire fence and could not get loose. Seven hundred persons joined in the search.

GIANT FOSSILS

Fossil claims three feet in diameter and four feet long, have been found in Big Bend National Park along with giant turtles and dinosaur bones. Now a semi-arid plateau, an open sea once covered the region. Petrified trees indicate forests once abounded there.

STEALS 50 CARTONS CIGARETTES

In a bold daylight theft in downtown Dallas, a man walked off with 50 cartons of cigarettes which he took from a delivery truck driver that had stopped at a traffic light.

4TH SCHOOL BUILDING BURNS

For the fourth time since the Minden (Rusk county) school district was formed, fire has destroyed the only school building. All four buildings were on the same site.

DENISON LAKE WATER 95 FEET DEEP

Water behind the Denison (Grayson county) Dam on Red river has reached a depth of 95 feet and has inundated almost 72,000 acres of land.

OLD WORTH BUILDING BURNS

Damage estimated at \$500,000 resulted when a fire gutted the long-famous Worth building in Fort Worth. The famous old 5-story red sandstone structure was erected in the late 1880s. Twenty fire companies with 200 firemen answered the alarm. The fire burned nine hours and for a while threatened to destroy the palatial Texas Hotel.

GOT HIS CHANCE

Federal Judge T. Whitfield Davidson passed a jail sentence on a young boy who had pleaded guilty to selling marihuana cigarettes. The lad had been pictured to the judge as one who never had a chance. When the Judge assessed the 3-year sentence he remarked that he wished he could send the boy to a good ranch instead of prison. John S. King (Johnson County), who was in the courtroom at time of sentence, went to the Judge and offered just what the Judge had hoped for—a home for the boy on his big ranch.

EARN'S CARNEGIE MEDAL

A sensational dive to the neck of a runaway horse, which probably saved a companion's life, has won for Arthur Byrd Phillips Jr., age 16, of Ozona (Crockett County), a Carnegie bronze medal for heroism. Young Phillips' companion was being dragged over jagged rocks by the horse at 20 miles per hour when rescued.

CHAMPION FOX KILLER

Rudolph Schaefer, who owns a farm near Cisco, is a fox-killing champion. Since Christmas he has trapped 21 of the varmints and got \$2 each for the pelts. Mr. Schaefer thinks maybe he can get rid of enough of the killers to be able to raise chickens and turkeys.

VETERANS NOT FORGOTTEN

One of the strangest war memorials in Texas is in a Marlin (Falls County) cafe. Early in 1944 one of the city's young men was ready to go into the armed service. He left his hat hanging on the wall, "something to remember me by." A few days later a friend pinned a \$1 bill by the hat to await the day its owner returned. Now there are 24 hats on the wall, and also a collection of \$1 bills. Hats are identified by owners' names. Each hat represents a regular customer of the cafe.

\$50 WOLF BOUNTY

Brown County commissioners have set a \$50 bounty for adult wolves trapped or otherwise killed in the county. Loss of many lambs led to the action.

C. OF C. 100TH ANNIVERSARY

The Galveston Chamber of Commerce celebrated its 100th birthday during February. It received its charter from the Republic of Texas in 1845.

AGED ARMY VETERAN DIES

Col. Henry W. Stamford, U. S. Army retired, died at the age of 80 in San Antonio. He was chief signal officer for the Army in China during the Boxer rebellion. Also he directed laying of the Alaskan cable.

HUGE RECREATION PROJECT

Washington has released details of plans for post-war establishment of a gigantic recreational area around the lake behind Denison Dam on Red River. Estimated cost, \$6,200,000, the project is designed to serve both sides of the lake—Texas and Oklahoma.

MANY FOREST FIRES

Thirty-five forest fires were reported during January in the 12-county district of northeast Texas. A total of 870 wooded acres was burned over.

AUTO STOLEN EIGHT TIMES

A. L. Beach, of Fort Worth, has his auto back again, plus a set of keys with which two boys were able to steal it eight times in seven weeks.

104 DEGREES IN FEBRUARY

High temperature in Texas during February sent somebody digging into the records to find that a temperature of 104 degrees was recorded in Texas during February, 1902.

QUADRUPLET LAMBS

One of the rareties of animal birth, quadruplet lambs, arrived on the farm of Henry Fette, of Muenster (Cooke County).

TEXAS POPULATION GAINS

The Bureau of Vital Statistics at Austin reported that a baby was born in Texas on an average of one every three minutes during last year. Someone died in Texas for each eight minutes during the same time.

ONE BUSINESS FAILURE

Only one commercial failure, with a liability of \$8,000, was reported in Texas last year, compared with nine failures with average liabilities of \$27,000 in the previous year, the University of Texas Bureau of Business Research reported.

ALIMONY PAYMENT IN PENNIES

A deputy clerk in Dallas County was amazed when a man brought in his alimony payment, part of which was 1,900 pennies. The clerk took several hours to count the pennies, however.

AFRICA LIKES TEXAS HEREFORDS

A bid from Johannesburg, South Africa, bought the grand champion polled Hereford bull at the close of the Brownwood Livestock Show. The bull was bred by Jim McGill of Whon (Coleman County).

NURSE REPATRIATED FROM GERMAN PRISON

Lieut. Reba Z. Whittle, Army nurse of Rock Springs (Edwards county) has been returned to America as the first nurse repatriated from a German prison camp. She was liberated through Switzerland, along with Lieut. A. H. Walker of Brackettville (Kinney county) and S-Sgt. J. R. Chapman of Richardson (Dallas county).

LOAFERS ARRESTED

Officers of Nacogdoches took things in their own hands when an increase of loafing was noted about town. They issued a warning, then began making arrests. After three were convicted, there was an absence of loafers on the streets, a drop in absenteeism at local plants and an increase in job applications.

CLAIMS 59 SIGNERS

Louis Wiltz Kemp, Houston historian, has authored a book which declares that 59 men signed the Texas Declaration of Independence instead of 58 as previously taught in Texas schools.

MANY DECORATIONS FOR VALOR

Lt. Col. Stanley Grahac, of Huntsville (Walker county), is the most decorated member of the famous 36th Division. Home on leave, he revealed that he holds the Distinguished Service Cross, the Silver Star, the Bronze Star, the Purple Heart and the Russian Order of Suvorov.



THE RETURN—Natives swarm about Gen. Douglas MacArthur's jeep to herald the return of the leader who made good his promise to return to Manila. Cheering Filipinos wave American and Philippine flags over the jeep.

CITIES GET HEALTH AWARDS

The State Health Department has placed eight Texas municipalities on the honor roll for health achievements during 1944. They are El Paso, Big Spring (Howard county), Mission (Hidalgo county), Jacksboro (Jack county), Jacksonville (Cherokee county), Brady (McCulloch county), Lubbock (Lubbock county), and West Columbia (Harris county).

LOSES 300 POUNDS OF BACON

Carl Dyson, of Houston, hung 300 pounds of bacon in a smokehouse, lighted some green hickory logs under it and went about his business. Later when firemen arrived, they found drippings had blazed up and bacon worth 1500 red points was destroyed.

WOMAN SETS TYPE AT 80

For the past 64 years Miss Joanna Lois Rogers has been setting type for a country weekly newspaper. She gave up school teaching when 20 in order to help her father print his newspaper when he moved from Grapevine (Tarrant county) to Jacksboro (Jack county) in 1880. Still spry, Miss Rogers reports for work every day at 8 o'clock.

BIG SHEEP GROWER

Biggest individual sheep grower in the world is said to be a Texan, Ray Willoughby, of San Angelo. Because help is short, he now is "herdin' and eatin' beans out of a tin plate again." Willoughby runs 60,000 sheep, 4500 cattle and 300 horses which are scattered over 275,000 acres in eight counties.

DIES AT 106

Mrs. Ramona Pena died at the age of 106 in Del Rio, (Val Verde county). She had lived there since 1913.

DOG WARNS OF FIRE

A little white Spitz dog has been credited with saving the lives of three people in Houston. By barking and scratching loudly the dog finally waked three people sleeping in a house on fire in time for them to barely escape the flames.

DOG LOSES FORTUNE

When his mistress died in Detroit, a fox terrier received \$27,000 in her will. Because the will was not properly drawn, a judge awarded the money to the woman's son, Joseph White, of Abilene, Texas, who will give the animal a good doghouse in Texas for the rest of his life.

FAMED JUDGE DIES

Judge Frank A. Williams, age 93, was buried in Crockett (Houston county) after having served on several high courts of the State.

FREAK ACCIDENT

Charles Hoop, age 65, of Houston, was knocked down by an auto while crossing a street in a driving rain. Three-tenths of a mile down the street another motorist flagged down the driver, and it was discovered that Hoop had escaped injury by hanging on a front axle of the speeding auto.

TEXAS BEAUTY RECOGNIZED

Miss Verna Anne Taseman of Rockport (Aransas County) was the cover girl for the December issue of the Indiana State Board of Health Magazine. She was pictured happily astride a horse (a hobby horse) beside her second Christmas tree. Her father is overseas.

FRIENDS OF ORPHANS DIE

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Boles of Greenville (Hunt county) died within 24 hours of each other. They had given hundreds of acres of land for founding of an orphans' home operated by the Church of Christ of Quinlan. The home bore the name of the benefactors.

Dark and Wild New Guinea

(Continued from Page Two)

gry, he may decide to buy a pig from one of the natives. Here's what will likely take place. After bickering, the native trades the pig for a hand-axe. Shortly after, he returns and decides he wants a few knives instead of the axe. This procedure is repeated several times until, finally, the deal is consummated with a handful of glass beads. The happy native then returns to the village, only to reappear a short time later with his wife who, upon seeing the dead pig, starts weeping and screeching like a cat. Our bewildered soldier learns later that the woman had nursed the pig at her breast and mourned for it as for a lost child.

Still Living in the Stone Age

Little did we realize that in New Guinea we would associate with a people who are still living in the Stone Age and who have never in any way come in touch with civilization. Even though the Japs had passed through the village the day before, no one in the world would be more aware than the natives of New Guinea that these slant-eyed yellow Japs are themselves far from being civilized humans.

Parts of New Guinea has not only areas of immense mountain ranges but grassy, swampy plains. It also has deep rivers and rich, tillable soils on which is raised crops of coconuts, bananas, cotton, rubber and tobacco. There are great tropical forests of cedar, bamboo, saga, ebony and other woods. Saga palm trees supply the natives with flour. They cut down the saga tree, hack away the center bark and pulverize the pith which, when washed and dried, yields a white glutinous substance like wheat flour. This, when baked and eaten, is said to be highly nutritious.

The natives of New Guinea constitute many tribal units. Some of them living along the sea coast are partly civilized, other tribes living in the interior are fierce and warlike. Both male and female of most wild tribes go stark naked. None of the New Guinea natives wear much more than a few strips of calico.

A pigmy Negro tribe by the name of Negritos drifted in from Asiatic archipelagoes centuries ago. Another tribe, known as Australoids, a pre-Stone age tribe, has intermarried with the Negro pygmies, and their offspring are funny-looking semi-pygmyes.

Caledonia, one of the New Guinea group of islands, is very rich in mineral resources. It has cobalt, lead, manganese, zinc, antimony, manganese, chrome and nickel, the nickel deposits being the most important in the world. Caledonia is the home of head-hunters. Cannibalistic tribes inhabit the remote regions of the island and will eat a white man pronto if he is caught rambling alone in the everglades.

DEADLIER THAN TNT

A super explosive called pentolite, 20 per cent more powerful than TNT, is being used in rocket projectiles by the U. S. Army.

Maj. Gen. L. H. Campbell, chief of Army Ordnance, said that a "small quantity of this explosive" will penetrate five feet of reinforced concrete.

THE FLOP FAMILY



By SWAN

A LITTLE FUN *Jokes to Make You Laugh*

HOLLYWOOD STANDARDS

Two Hollywood kids were talking as they walked home from school. "I've got two little brothers and one little sister," boasted one. "How many do you have?"

"I don't have any brothers and sisters," answered the second lad, "but I have three papas by my first mama and four mamas by my last papa!"

GENTLE HINT

An enterprising baker, who paid his help higher wages than he ever paid before, concluded he wasn't getting his money's worth, so he put up the following sign in the shop: "Bread is the staff of life, but that is no reason why the life of our staff should be one continual loaf."

THE PROUD ROOSTER

Did you hear about the proud rooster who watched a Colonel eat up two chickens at a small farmhouse? "What you so happy about?" asked an hen to the strutting rooster. "He just ate our little babies!"

"Don't be so pessimistic, dear," replied the rooster. "The way I look at it is that now I have two sons in the Army!"

ROUND AND ROUND

This is a model story from Holland: A merchant went to a farmer near Amsterdam to get a pound of butter. The farmer insisted on swapping the butter for a pair of woolen socks. The merchant went home and reported this to his wife.

"We have a woolen bedspread," she said. "I'll unravel it and knit a pair of socks." So she proceeded to make the pair of socks and the merchant exchanged them for a pound of butter.

When the merchant needed more butter, his wife would unravel more of the bedspread to be exchanged for the butter. Finally one day she had enough wool left for only one sock.

The merchant took it to the farmer and asked for a half pound of butter for it.

"No, I'll give you a full pound," said the farmer. "You see, I really don't wear the socks. My wife uses it for knitting a bedspread, and there's just enough in this one sock to finish it."

IDENTIFIED

An Eastern boy joined the Army and was thrilled when ordered to Fort Warren, Wyo. He spent his free time searching for signs of the real West. Returning from a three-day furlough spent in a sparsely settled section of the State, he reported having seen live buffaloes. "I knew what they were," he explained, "because I checked them against a nickel."

POSTWAR HOUSE

There's no telling what that postwar house will be like but it may not be the dream it's cooked up to be. For instance someone ordered one of those pre-fabri-

cated houses from a mail order house and fussed and fussed to put it up.

A few weeks later, the manufacturer got a nasty note, in which the purchaser complained he had followed directions carefully, and had got the house up finally, but there was something wrong. He was pretty sore about it, too.

An investigator rushed down to the scene, looked it over, then yelled impatiently, "Look, my good man—you've put the house upside down!"

"I have?" the puzzled home owner cried. "No wonder I kept falling off the porch!"

THE RIGHT ANSWER

While visiting in Naples, Booth Tarkington and an Italian friend watched the eruption of Vesuvius. It was a magnificent, frightening spectacle, and the Italian noticed the look of awe on the author's face.

"I don't suppose you have anything like that in America, have you?" he asked, beaming with pride.

"No, we haven't," admitted Tarkington. "But we've got something called Niagara Falls that would put that thing out in about five minutes."

CHOOSING THE 'END'

"There is but one contingency that can cause your defeat for a second term," one of Lincoln's friends said to him in 1863, "and that is Grant's capture of Richmond and his nomination as an opposing candidate."

"Well," replied Lincoln smiling good-naturedly. "I feel very much about that as the man with the unusual disease, who said that he didn't want to die particularly, but if he had to die, that was precisely the disease he would like to die of."

FRANK MORGAN STORY

Morgan has traveled extensively and is a learned naturalist. Once in the jungles of Panama, according to his own story, he battled torrential rains, malaria and mosquitoes so big they used radar. It wasn't their bite that hurt but the kick they gave as they took off after they had landed.

"Why, in five minutes I killed 20 in my tent," he says, "15 males and five females. I could tell the difference in sex because 15 were sitting on a bourbon bottle and five on a mirror."

MATTER OF RELATIVITY

The late great and beloved Knute Rockne, of football fame, once was seated at an elevated table at a banquet given in his honor. Called upon to speak, he rose to his feet, surveyed the guests at the lower tables, and said: "I feel like the intoxicated gentleman in the park. He looked into the lagoon, saucer-eyed with astonishment, turned to an officer at his side and exclaimed, 'Is that the moon down there?' The officer said, 'Yes.' 'My goodness,' remarked the toper, 'I wonder how I ever got way up here!'"

The Weather Will Pay a Good Profit

(Continued from Page Two)

their way, but drastically limited in comparison with modern devices such as the radiosonde balloons with its attached transmitter which sends down a steady stream of information on temperatures, humidity, and barometric pressure from levels as high as 15 miles. Sixty-five stations in this country now use these balloons. Shortly there may be other developments such as robot observers, and radar for better determining wind direction and velocity, and rockets to rush weather instruments to levels twice as high as the balloons now take them.

It is inconceivable that we shall not take advantage of these developments in civilian life—just as conceivable as that we shall not take advantage of penicillin and long-range cargo planes. The farmers need weather information in connection with plowing, planting, cultivating, marketing, and preparing crop estimates. Engineers need it for planning construction, heating, air-conditioning, and power production. Industry and business need it for guidance in manufacturing, shipping, sales planning, and advertising. Transportation and utility companies need it for preparation against catastrophic floods, snow, and undue heat or cold.

Business Waking Up

In a recent issue, Business Week lists a few concerns that are converting forecasts into cash. Johns-Manville kept track of a hurricane and rushed carloads of roofing into areas where new roofs would be needed. Lipton Tea employed weather records in selecting sites in low-humidity counties in New York for new factories to dehydrate soups.

Other businesses are beginning to wake up to their own need for reliable weather information and are willing to pay for it. For those firms which will not want to pay for such private service, there will be, if Congress grants the necessary funds, improved service from the U. S. Weather Bureau. Although the matter is still unofficial, it is generally known that the Bureau plans to expand to a degree which will enable it to give reasonably specialized attention to concerns that want it.

Even now the Weather Bureau provides limited service in fields which vitally concern the public. And it is justifiably proud of the progress which it has made in the past few years. During the 1938 hurricane which swept through the Atlantic States it issued 17 warnings. This year, during a similar blow, it issued 5. Its predictions, moreover, are gaining in reliability.

Any way you look at it, there is a future in meteorology. There are going to be jobs, plenty of them for the meteorologists now in service who would like to weather work after they are mustered out.

Allied Power Strikes on Land and Sea

(Continued from Page 2)

Field and the Cavite naval base south of the capital. Bataan, where considerable enemy forces are known to have sought refuge, was secured when Eleven Corps troops, moving south from the peninsula's base, met with the others who had landed on the tip near Mariveles. At the same time bombardments by American battleships were followed by reports of landings on Corregidor, capture of which marks the high point of the Luzon campaign—full circle from the surrender nearly three years ago.

Of perhaps greater moment in Japan's over-all war economy is the working of the Allied campaign of blockade and attrition. The advance into the Philippines has brought the South China Sea, main channel of communication with the wealth of the south, under tight air and sea surveillance. The Japanese Fleet is in no position to try to hold open the narrow passage; the Japanese merchant fleet is in no position to sustain further losses if it is to maintain supply.

In the past five months alone eighty-nine enemy warships, totaling 241,000 tons, and 563 transports, supply vessels and support ships, of 776,000 tons were sunk; 152 other warships and 1,011 supply ships and transports were damaged. Japanese merchant shipping losses since Pearl Harbor have reached 5,500,000 tons. Even with replacement at a maximum level, the present fleet, it is thought, could not exceed 3,500,000 tons.

SCIENCE ACHIEVEMENTS OF 1944

The ten most important advances in science made during 1944 as picked by Watson Davis, director of Science Service, are:

1. Application of jet-propulsion to aircraft.
2. Use of robot bombs and self-propelled large rockets in warfare.
3. Successful widespread use of the chemical DDT as an insecticide, particularly against the carriers of malaria and typhus.
4. Use of the mold chemical, penicillin, in the successful treatment of a wide variety of diseases.
5. Chemical impregnation of wood that converts soft woods into hard.
6. The use of the silicone family of synthetic resins in waterproofing and insulating various materials.
7. The splitting of human blood seven ways to give albumin for shock, gamma globulin for measles prevention, fibrin foam and plastic for use in surgery, fibrinogen for use with thrombin for cementing skin grafts, globulin for blood typing and red cells for wound healing.
8. Building of a mathematical robot, an automatic sequence control calculator, to speed intricate calculations needed for the war and scientific research.
9. Use of ultraviolet light and triethylene glycol in air-borne diseases.
10. The entry into the war of the world's largest bomber, the B-29 Super fortress. — Science Digest.

Poultry News

HATCHERY OUTPUT

Texas and Oklahoma commercial hatcheries as a whole were seasonally active in January, and experiencing a rather general demand for chicks beyond earlier expectations. With some localities excepted the demand for meat breeds was active, with some areas reporting a revival of interest in replacing reduced laying flocks. Hatching eggs were plentiful but still relatively scarce considering the active demand, and were limiting hatcheries' ability to meet the demand.



LOSSES FROM COCCIDIOSIS

Wisconsin observed that chicks with feed in their intestines are more resistant to coccidiosis. Practical feeding tests showed that chicks maintained under the same environmental conditions and in houses infected with coccidia experienced greater losses from coccidiosis if feed was not available until 7:00-8:00 a. m. central standard time. In some control experiments where the coccidia were administered, losses from coccidiosis in the "off feed" groups were from 2 to 4.5 times as great as from the "on feed" groups. The difference in susceptibility is believed to be sufficiently great to justify recommending that poultrymen keep feed before the chickens at all times.

CANE MOLASSES EXPERIMENTS

Pennsylvania reports that on the basis of egg production, hatchability and body weight, feeding rations containing 0, 2, 4, and 6 per cent cane molasses from 24 to 72 weeks of age showed no significant differences in performance. The relative cost of yellow corn and feeding cane molasses seems to be the determining factors in the relative use of these feeds.

KEEP SOIL IN GOOD CONDITION

We have used the same poultry yard 24 years straight—and no

telling how many years it was used before that—yet we scarcely lose a chick or hen, says Clara D. Rohert of Iowa, in the American Poultry Journal.

We believe that ashes play an important part keeping the soil sweet and our poultry healthy. Before turning young chicks out we clean the park well then spread ashes over the soil. When rain comes, it leaches the lye from the ashes and purifies the ground.

Chicks and hens are benefited by bits of charcoal they find when wood ashes are used.

Before turning chicks out, after rain, we sprinkle ashes in the park to take up the dampness. These are soon trampled into the soil making a firm surface which is easily swept when cleaning time comes.

FLOCK SIZE AND NET INCOME

Net flock incomes increase with increasing size of flocks, according to the University of Illinois. For example, figures taken from Illinois cost account records show that when the average number of hens in the flock was 183, the net income for the flock was \$189. When the average number of hens in the flock was 400, the net income per flock was \$340, and when the average number of hens in the flock was 679, the net income per flock was \$495.

EGGS IN PARAFFIN

Dipping eggs in paraffin for home preservation is not done to any great extent. No doubt there may be some folks who do it but home preservation of eggs in waterglass is a more common practice. Eggs are dipped in oil commercially, however, and known as "protected" eggs.

This procedure is suitable for preserving eggs for as long as eggs are held under cold storage conditions, that is, about 8 or 9 months. It is desirable to keep such eggs under cool conditions, although they will not be affected by the heat as if they were not coated with oil.

Geese differ in their mating habits from chickens. It often happens that a gander will mate with one goose only and such a mating is for life.

THE KINGDOM OF CHRIST

Jesus said that His Kingdom is not of this world; but it is like worldly kingdoms in at least one respect. The loyalty demanded of its citizens, or disciples, is complete.

And in at least one respect the Kingdom of Christ is not like earthly kingdoms. The citizen of an earthly kingdom is such by the accident of his birth and location. If he remains in the country of his birth he cannot forswear his allegiance, much as he might wish to do so. But in the Kingdom of Christ there is no compulsion. One becomes a citizen of that Kingdom by exercise of free choice, and one can renounce his citizenship if he is ever perverse or foolish enough to do so. Judas renounced his place in the Kingdom and betrayed his Master.

The Kingdom of Christ is an exacting kingdom, but it is also a kingdom of love and mercy. It means so much to be a good citizen of that Kingdom that we might well be discouraged over our failure to live up to its standards, but the Master was tempted like as we are. He knows our

weakness, and He does not require of any of us more than we have to give.

The essence of practical conduct is in the Golden Rule, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

What we must grasp is that in the Sermon on the Mount Jesus was expounding the principles of a Kingdom different in nature and purpose from the kingdoms of this world—a Kingdom in which love and unselfishness and helpfulness toward others was the rule of life, and not the business of getting all possible for one's self.—From International Sunday School Lessons.

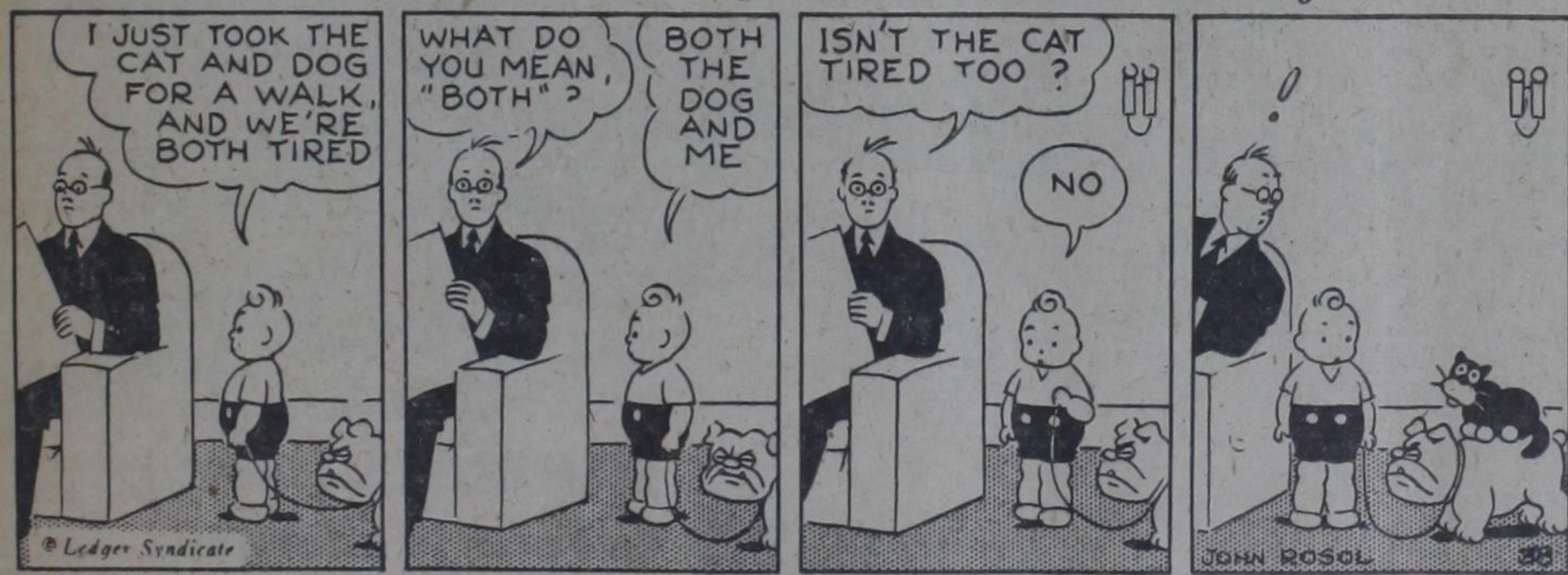
U. S. POPULATION

The population of the United States, including members of the armed forces overseas, is about 138,100,880, with the women outnumbering the men by approximately 6,000, the Census Bureau estimated. In previous years there have been more men than women, and, according to the 1940 census, there was an excess of 700,000 males.

THE CAT AND THE KID

Registered U. S. Patent Office

By John Rosol



THE BEGINNING of the Submarine

By ROWLAND G. BIRD
(Progress Guide)

WHEN you read about the havoc wreaked along enemy lines of communication by our submarines and their gallant crews, do you ever think back to the humble beginning of submarine development in this country?

The primary purpose of the undersea boat is to attack and sink enemy ships by surprise.

Surprise describes the attack made by an American submarine upon a British warship in 1776. David Bushnell invented a submarine which he offered to the Revolutionary Army, to try to break the strangling blockade that the British had clamped on the Atlantic coast ports. The submarine—named the Turtle—was a one man, hand-operated contraption that looked like a barrel.

Bushnell was not husky enough to

operate the Turtle on its perilous mission, so a youth by the name of Ezra Lee volunteered. One night, under cover of darkness, the Turtle made its way toward a British man-of-war anchored in New York harbor. As the Turtle reached the side of the warship, Lee tried to drill a hole in the hull so he could fasten a time bomb on it. But the drill would not penetrate the copper-sheathed hull of the ship. Dawn and the time set for the explosion of the bomb were fast approaching. Ezra Lee had no desire to be blown up or caught so he placed the bomb along side the hull and headed for shore. The tide running swiftly past the anchored ship, floated the bomb several yards away from the man-of-war. The bomb exploded and sent up a huge geyser of water but no damage was done to the intended victim other than throwing the British sailors who were on deck into a panic of fear.

In spite of the fact that the Turtle had proved herself seaworthy, and with a few improvements a useful weapon of war, Bushnell could not induce the leaders of the Revolutionary Army to make further experiments.

The next appearance of a submarine upon the American scene was during the Civil War. The Confederate Army developed a type of boat which they called "Davids." These Davids were not true submarines since they did not completely submerge but glided through the water with an exposed stubby pilot house and funnel. One of these Davids exploded a star torpedo against the side of the iron-sheathed hull of the U.S.S. Old Ironsides but little damage was caused. The Confederate Army then developed a true submarine, and this undersea boat made an attack on the Federal corvette, Housatonic. The spar torpedo hit the powder magazine of the corvette and the resulting explosion sank both vessels. After this disaster the Confederate Army decided that the submarine was not a very practical weapon and the matter was dropped.

Holland's Submarine

The next notice given the submarine

by the United States was around 1900, when an inventor named John P. Holland interested the U. S. Navy in a submarine he had developed. The Holland "Number Nine," as this model was known, was driven on the surface of the water by a fifty-horsepower gasoline engine, and below the surface by electric storage batteries. The Number Nine was the largest submarine of that era; it was 54 feet long and had a displacement of 74 tons.

Holland, it is said, failing to make a deal with the U. S. Navy, subsequently sold his submarine patents to Germany.

Along about the same time, another American, Simon Lake, was developing a different type of submarine. Lake was interested in building an undersea boat for salvage purposes instead of for war. The Argonaut I—his first boat—was 36 feet long, had a displacement of 50 tons, and rolled along the floor of the ocean on wheels. The motive power for both the wheels and the propeller was a 30-horsepower engine. The exhaust and air intake were supplied by flexible tubes attached to a float on the surface. A novel feature of the Argonaut I was a chamber from which a person clad in a diving suit

could emerge and explore the ocean's floor.

The value and usefulness of Simon Lake's submarine was successfully demonstrated. Later he built some submarines for war purposes, incorporating several of his ideas, among them the modern escape hatch which permits a sailor to escape from a stranded submarine. The periscope—the eyes of a submarine—was added about 1902. The replacement of the gasoline engine by the diesel engine came about then also.

Since 1905 submarines have remained essentially the same; that is, no great new inventions have been incorporated in the make-up of the undersea boat. Whatever changes have been made have been improvements on existing features.

Some nations have gone in for mid-gut submarines weighing only a few tons, others for huge freight-carrying submarines of several thousand tons, but the United States submarine fleet avoids either extreme. Her submarines can maintain an even speed, have long cruising range, and armament that makes the United States submarine fleet the world's best.

TEXAS Farm News

Reports

The State of Texas could become the "biggest and best developer of Jersey cattle in the entire nation," according to Judge J. G. Adams, Asheville, N. C., president of the American Jersey Cattle Club. During the Houston Fat Stock Show Judge Adams said, "You have the money to buy the right foundation stock, the men who know how to breed and develop Jerseys, and an enthusiasm unsurpassed anywhere."

A recent estimate by the U. S. Department of Agriculture showed that on Jan. 1, Texas had 150,000 head of cattle on feed as compared to 130,000 on the same date last year. The estimate showed also a big increase in the number of sheep and lambs on feed.

A report on the sugar content of a carload of commercial sugar beets shipped recently by the Plant Industry Department at Texas Technological College, revealed that the percentage of sugar is down on this year's crop. Dr. A. W. Young, head of the department, said the low sugar content this year was due to leaf spot damage. Eight varieties of sugar beets were grown by the college experimentally this year.

Production of pigs in Texas during 1944 declined sharply from the record yield of 1943. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics at University of Texas reported the State's pig crop, estimated at 2,460,000 head by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, was about 41 per cent below the all-time high in the preceding year. In spite of this big decline, the total 1944 crop still was about 11 per cent above average production for the previous 10 years.

For the first time Jasper county farmers this year will lend nature a hand in perpetuating their forests. They have ordered 97,000 seedlings, including 2,000 post for planting. Remainder of the trees are slash pine. The planting follows success of a local demonstration which showed trees from year-old seedlings were from 30 to 40 feet high in a seven-year growth. The experiment with post oak trees is the first in the county.

Pleading that in these times of vital need for every pound of human food and livestock feed, and in view of farm labor shortages, there should be a bounty on jack and cottontail rabbits, farmers of the Richland Springs (San Saba county) area are circulating petitions to ask the county commissioners to authorize a bounty of 10 cents on jacks and five cents on cottontails. Farmers based their plea on the large loss to rabbits from the 1944 peanut crop, as well as gardens, fruit orchards and other crops. They point out also the pests cause a tremendous loss of pasture grass.

The Southwestern Peanut Growers Association, with headquarters at Gorman (Eastland county) has just completed the shipment of eleven cars of peanuts to the U.S.S.R. for seed. The peanuts were shipped from a warehouse in New Mexico. They were first re-cleaned, then double sacked and sent by rail to Seattle for delivery to Russia by the Merchant Fleet.

Texas now produces 22 per cent of all wool in the U. S.;

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15 per cent of all lambs, and 87 per cent of all mohair. These facts were announced at the National Wool Growers Convention in Fort Worth. R. E. Marsh, statistician for the association, told the convention, "right in the heart of Texas which we all hear so much about, is a \$250,000,000 sheep-growing industry."

Dr. George A. Hopson, consulting veterinarian of New York, told the South Texas Producers Association to quit feeding cows while milking them. "How would you like for someone to pull your ears while you're eating?" he asked. "Well, a cow is not in the mood to have her teats pulled when she is eating, either." His listeners were told to feed the cows when brought into the milking shed. After the animals have consumed their feed, the udder should be massaged, then washed in water about 130 degrees. By the time the udder cools off, he explained, it will be about the temperature of the calf's mouth. He pointed out that the chief object of this treatment is to induce the flow of milk before starting the actual milking.

Laddie Sloan, 1944 National 4-H Club Congress trip winner from Hall County, also is winning honors in the forum. According to County Agricultural Agent W. B. Hooser his talk recently before the Memphis Rotary Club on his trip to Chicago resulted in an invitation to appear before the Memphis Lions Club the following week as guest speaker.

Warren Orr, Jr., fifth year dairy demonstrator for the Tulia Boys' 4-H Club of Swisher county, took high honors at the recent Texas Jersey Cattle convention with his Volunteer Poppy Phills No. 1042987. With a production of 13,604 pounds of milk and 738 pounds of butterfat on a 355-day official test, she won the award for the highest record in the aged cow class in 1944. According to County Agricultural Agent C. C. Brookshire, 38 Swisher county club boys currently are conducting dairy demonstrations, with 18 of them having either a registered Jersey heifer or registered Jersey cow.

Twenty-five Titus county 4-H Club boys and girls started home fruit plots during January as the first step in a long-time program prepared by the county extension agents.

The grand champion Jersey bull of the Houston Fat Stock Show was exhibited by Henry Knolle, of Sandia (Jim Wells county). Junior champion was shown by Clark Henry, of Houston, superintendent of the Jersey show.

Molasses grass is being grown successfully on the T. Rucker Stanford farm near Lyford (Willacy county). This grass, which also comes under the name of Honey grass and Stink grass, originates from South and Central America. It is a perennial which attains a height of from five to seven feet and is highly nutritious. It is the best liked grass of central Brazil where it grows on hills and dry lands. It grows strong and rapidly covers the ground and is a summer pasture which is ideal for the Rio Grande valley. It does not flower until the end of May, and this late maturing habit seems to indicate that it is promising as hay grass for late cuttings. It is used both for hay and pasture in South America.

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A new type of hard red winter wheat of high quality has been developed for the Panhandle Plains section of Texas. The wheat has been named Wester (a contraction of Western and Lone Star) and is the third new variety for Texas developed and distributed in a program of hard red winter wheat improvement which is conducted co-operatively by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and State Agricultural Experiment stations in the Southern Great Plains.

A Texas orange crop of 3,800,000 boxes has been forecasted for the 1944-45 season, with about 3,000,000 already harvested. The national production is forecast as 2 per cent above last year.

Texas, with its vast area of cedar, may become Formosa's closest rival in the production of commercial camphor, if experiments now in progress at the University of Texas prove successful. Dr. C. C. Albers, associate professor of pharmacognosy, has discovered considerable oil in the Mexican cedar leaf. He hopes to erect a pilot plant which may result in commercial production.

Dairymen of Montague county have begun experimenting with artificial insemination breeding of Jersey cattle. First calf reported was a heifer from a cow belonging to Jewell Daugherty, secretary of the F.S. A. Other calves are expected soon. Daugherty's calf represents some of the nation's finest milk production stock. The sire is a four star bull from the famous Midwest Breeding Farms, Trenton, Mo.

Campbell Gorley, 4-H Club boy of the Central Heights (Nacogdoches county) community, won a \$50 prize in a hog lot equipment contest. Major items in the winning program were a concrete hog wallow, a concrete feeding floor, and a rock hog house.

The record price of \$7,200 was paid for the grand champion fat steer of the Houston Fat Stock Show. The champion was the 4-H Club winner entered by Stewart Henderson, of Merkel. The price was \$8.28 per pound. Bill Williams of Houston, buyer, donated the steer for a steak dinner, with proceeds going to the veterans in McCloskey Hospital in Temple (Bell county).

The Grayson County Commissioners Court has passed an emergency order increasing the bounty on old wolves from \$5 to \$10. This action was brought about by recent loss of sheep from wolves in the Gunter area which have moved southward from the timberlands on Red River and the Denison Dam Reservoir. The bounty for young wolves remain at \$2.50 and after the emergency cases, the bounty figures revert to the former prices of \$5 and \$2.50. Losses have been reported as high as fifty head due to wolves.

Predatory animal control agencies reported 13,560 coyotes and wolves killed in Texas in the fiscal year ended last Aug. 31, with coyotes outnumbering wolves about forty to one, the Game, Fish and Oyster Commission said.

War Food Administration goals for Texas agriculture and dairy industries recommended farmers plant approximately the same total acreage for 1945 crops as they did for 1944.

Honey production in

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Texas during the past year is estimated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture to have been about 6,572,000 pounds, which is slightly above production in 1943 and about 6 per cent greater than average production for the 5-year period 1939-43. The number of colonies was estimated at 212,000 and the yield per colony at 31 pounds, each being about 3 per cent greater than average. Beeswax production in the state in 1944 was 151,000 pounds, about the same as 1943, but almost double the pre-war production of 76,000 pounds in 1941.

There was no change from a year ago in cows and heifers 2 years old and over kept for milk on Texas farms, and the estimated number stands at 1,593,000 head. Inventory value was down slightly, with the average value per head being estimated at \$65.00 compared with \$68.00 on January 1, 1944.

The total number of cattle and calves, including milk stock, on Texas farms and ranches on January 1, 1945, is estimated at 7,590,000 head, a decrease of 2 per cent from the number a year earlier. The 10-year (1934-43) average for January 1 was 7,326,000 head. Conditions were mostly favorable for cattle during 1944, and death losses were light. Culling was close in 1943, and cattle on hand now are of better grade and quality than in earlier years. Old cows were sold off in 1943, and the increase in the number of cows 2 plus this year places the cow inventory in line with 3 years ago before old cows were culled out of herds.

For Victory, 28 Upton County girls made personal visits to 309 families in McCamey and Rankin and requested them to save their waste paper for a forthcoming salvage drive. At the same time they gave instructions how to separate the paper for quick baling. On collection day the girls formed group of two and carried the paper from each house to a designated place in the block for quick loading. In a few hours, says County Home Demonstration Agent Nettie B. Messick, the job was done and the paper on its way to the McCamey Lions Club for baling.

Make way for the girls! Dorothy Stevens, 11, topped out three good Angus calves fed by boys at the recent Concho County 4-H Club fat calf show. Exhibiting a yearling Hereford steer she took a \$10 premium. To emphasize the family skill at feeding, her brother, Curtis, took second place with an \$8 premium, says County Agricultural Agent Joe H. Cowan.

Because of the shortage of materials for girls' gowns, County Home Demonstration Agent Gene Thames has given demonstrations on making short pajamas from the attractive feed sacks which most farm families have. The demonstrations were given to members of eight of the 10 Caldwell County Girls' 4-H Clubs with a total of 148 members attending, Miss Thames reports.

Coleman County 4-H Club boys won \$125 prize money with an exhibit of 14 head of livestock at the Brownwood 4-H-FFA-Breeders show in January. A Jersey heifer owned by Glenn Scarborough, member of the Shields boys' 4-H Club, judged grand champion in that class, repeated this honor at the Coleman show later in the month, according to County Agricultural Agent Joe M. Glover Jr.

Guadalupe County 4-H Club boys entered 43 barrows in the recent Houston Fat Stock Show in late February. According to H. Sylvester Boone, assistant county agricultural agent, these boys have enough pork on foot to feed their families and to supply the area market. Among the Houston entries was an 11-pig Duroc litter owned by Elbert Lange of Scheffel.

Reports on Molasses grass in Africa tell of three and one-half tons of hay per acre. Even higher yields have been reported from Australia. Although in the experimental stage in the Rio Grande valley, the grass shows rapid growth, stools at the ground and seems to be able to withstand the hot droughty summer months.

J. H. Robinson, Gustine (Comanche county) beekeeper, has gathered approximately 11,500 pounds of honey this year from his 225 colonies of bees in well regulated apiaries in the various sections of Comanche county. This average about 51 pounds per colony, and ranks as the highest yield since 1939, when the average was almost 130 pounds. This honey came chiefly from native plants. Mr. Robinson sold this year's honey crop at an average of 18c per pound, which netted him more than \$2,000.

Lawrence Maedgen, of Troy (Bell county), now in service overseas, under direction of the Vocational Educational Agriculture Training Department of Troy high school, designed and built a powered machine post-hole digger. It is constructed of old and used parts salvaged from the farm. A report on the machine says that with one-man operation, it drills a 9-inch hole 32 inches deep in 10 seconds. It is easily driven to the site of the next hole, thus drilling many holes in an hour.

Stewart Henderson, 13, of Merkel (Taylor county), showed the champion Hereford steer at the Houston Fat Stock Show. His entry was in the lightweight division. In winning the championship, Henderson defeated the heavyweight winner which was shown by Wesley Crenwelge, of Fredericksburg (Gillespie county).

PENICILLIN INHALATION

Penicillin inhalation is the newest treatment for pneumonia. A special atomizer, invented by Dr. Vernon Bryson of the Long Island Biological Laboratory, is equipped with a glass baffle-plate which breaks down the penicillin solution into particles only 1-25,000th of an inch in diameter. That occurs when the compressed air of the atomizer strikes the solution. As the patient inhales, these tiny particles are sucked directly to the lung—thus reaching the seat of infection much more rapidly than when injected into the bloodstream or when taken in tablet form.

Because its services are in such demand in war theaters, the American Red Cross has announced that it will have to increase the goal of its 1945 campaign drive, which begins March 1, from \$180,000,000 to \$200,000,000.

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KIRSTEN horsepower stump puller. Clears acre in one setting. Has been only tried and accepted. Reason for selling, acid land to be cleared. Listed at \$218.00. Will take cash net \$125.00. Austin, Texas. Write J. W. SWAHN, Route 1, Austin 20, Texas.

FOR SALE—Complete plant manufacture asphaltic products and road materials. Address Mile A. Lang, P. O. Box 1067, Joplin, Mo., if interested. Price reasonable.

FOR SALE—300-amp. Lincoln Portable welding machine in first class condition, all kinds. Gas welding equip. Hand tools, grinders, hydraulic jacks, and several misc. items. General Welding Co., 1501 S. Ewing, Dallas 16, Tex. Phone W-6363.

MAGIC WAND WELDER

A complete electric welder for 110 V. AC circuit for only \$34.50. Suitable for welding, soldering, and brazing. Includes head shield, supply of welding rod, brazing rod, solder, flux, and complete manual explaining its simple operation. Ready to plug in and use. Suitable for any welding jobs. Guaranteed against defects for one year. Absolutely safe. Complete with all accessories. No farm or ranch with 110 V. AC electric current should be without one.

WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY CO., Inc. 1629 MAIN ST. FORT WORTH, TEXAS

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Budget Your Life Insurance Payments Like You Do Your Household Bills.

Straight Life. Twenty Pay.

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How would you like to have the exclusive contract in your home town, or, if you are employed, would you like to earn by turning your spare time into dollars? Write The Praetorians at above address. Organized 1898. 45 Years of Service.

Woman's Curious Occupation

For nine years, Mrs. Ada Alvey, 65, of Retford, England, has been working as a chimney sweep.

HEDGECOCK

ATEXAS INSTITUTION

HEDGECOCK ARTIFICIAL LIMB & BRACE MFG. CO. 2827 COMMERCE ST. DALLAS, TEX. WHERE YOU CAN PARK



Our Boys and Girls



HAPPY FAMILY—Despite plaintive expression of boxer Jon, he is content with hen Victoria on back and rabbit Thumper between ears. Pets are inseparable companions and play together in back-yard pen of owner, Mrs. Una Herring of Telegraph Hill, San Francisco, Calif.

SEA LIONS STAR ATTRACTION

By CLARISSA LORENZ
(Condensed from Nature Magazine)

Sea lions exhibit all the characteristics of old human actors and actresses—soaking up applause and admiration like prima donnas. From tail-tip to snout they are seven feet of showman. If somebody else steals their act, they are resentful. They are star attractions at any circus.

Have you ever watched a sea lion in its native element? If so, you have seen something approaching an aquatic ballet. His speed is phenomenal.

In the Pacific, where he has been tamed, he was found to swim eighty-eight miles an hour. He is the most graceful swimmer in existence.

The poetry of his movements, his timing and control, are beautiful beyond description. After careening in a great circle and arching high through the air in a curve, he will enter the water so smoothly that there is hardly a ripple to be seen. He will thread his way with incredible speed between rocks and over obstacles.

He can stop at a split second, his soft nose one inch from some jagged rock. Using depth for a speed-gathering run, he rises from the water to amazing heights, gauging his landing so perfectly that he will alight on a given level looking as though he had been there all the time.

The sea lion's favorite game is hide-and-seek. He will lurk two feet below the surface, rolling his eyes after the fish that is dangled above, and quite sure that he is invisible. After rising with a rush of lightning to seize the fish high in the air, he falls back with gurgles of pleasure.



Sea Lions in their native element.

He will sleep twenty-four hours at a stretch, snoring away; he is very inquisitive; he sheds his coat every spring; he shakes his head rapidly when pleased, and shivers when he is frightened. Sudden sharp noises, like fire alarms or fireworks, scare the wits out of him.

Captain Roland Tiebor's famous trio of sea lions—Dolly, Johnny and Frisco—were once playing in a circus that included a pig act. When one of the pigs got loose and ran down the Hippodrome track into the ring, the sea lions started after in hot pursuit. They were caught in time to save the pig from a sound thrashing.

Captain Tiebor claims that his trained sea lions can run nearly as fast as a dog—at least for about 150 feet—and, what is more, will chase a dog. They do this mostly as a lark. But when threatened, they will defend themselves quite ably.

A tramp once amused himself on the circus grounds by poking a stick at a sea lion while the trainer's back was turned. But the sea lion needed no protector.

He began chasing that terrified tramp around tent poles and over circus gear until he had caught up with his persecutor. And then he bit, tore and twisted the britches right off him.

These sleek, stream-lined performers are

a great responsibility. Although, untrained, they cost from \$75 to \$200, they are worth anywhere from \$2000 to \$5000 once they have become a drawing card in the big tent.

Training starts at about eight months. A wise trainer never slaps a sea lion. Their feelings are easily hurt. A cuff on the ear or a cross word may discourage a sea lion forever.

The trainer gets results only with kindness, which wins their confidence. "I first teach my sea lions to love me," says Captain Tiebor, "before I even begin training them. They must then learn to understand every word I say to them."

Sea lions are taught by example, and, according to their masters, it is considerably harder to train sea mammals. A lion, tiger or puma can only be bullied into doing tricks.

You have, no doubt, seen these sleek sea lion circus performers shoot the chutes, come down a ladder, dance the rhumba in a straw skirt and ruff, ride a kiddie car, pull themselves along tight ropes, walk on clogs, smoke a pipe, salute, perform military drill, fire cannons, mimic the hum of an airplane, or bark out phrases like, "I want my Mama!" Balancing is the trick they do best, whether it is open umbrellas, nursery balls or dumb-bells. And the longer the snout, the better the performer.

It takes from one to one and one-half years to train a sea lion, green out of the ocean, to do the most elementary trick. Dolly, who weighs 180 pounds, does a flipper stand on Captain Tiebor's hands while juggling a ball at the same time. She had to know him four years before she was ready to learn this trick.

And it took him even longer before he got to Frisco to do the muscle grind. She is said to be the only sea lion in the world who can do this trick, which consists of hanging on the trapeze bars by her front flippers, spinning around for from fifteen to twenty revolutions, and the jumping down and bowing.

At first she could never remember that she was suspended in mid-air. Her front flippers would be wrapped around the bar when some noise or sudden movement would distract her, and she would let go and tumble down.

Teaching sea lions to blow the horn is also a complicated business. In some shows, the horns are electrically connected, so that the performer has only to hit them to produce sound. But Captain Tiebor's horns are not wired. The sea lions have to do their own blowing.

It takes about three years for one to memorize a tune. First he is shown how to blow through his nose. Next he applies this technique to the horns. Then he is taught the whole piece by watching his trainer point to the various horns, each of which has a different pitch.

"They get so they understand every word I say," Captain Tiebor declares. "They'll never forget a trick, although they may get out of practice. If they're told to perform a difficult one, they sometimes try to sneak out of it by playing dead."

Rehearsal for sea lions lasts usually an hour—from 10 to 11 in the morning and again from 4 to 5 in the afternoon. Just before the performance they limber up.

The sense of timing of a sea lion is flawless. Once they hear the bugle in the main tent, they know to a split second just how long to wait before going on. And at the sound of that bugle, they plunge into the tank, uttering hoarse cries of ooh-oo and wark wark, which seems to "get them in the mood." If the previous act runs overtime, they will fidget and fret, highly nervous with impatience.

The career of a sea lion lasts from eight to 12 years, although some of Captain Tiebor's pets have been performing for seventeen years. But after a decade of circus life, they may develop cataracts and become blind.

Not all of these sightless mammals are pensioned off. One blind sea lion was kept on the pay-roll for five years.

press car. Here he conducted experiments in chemistry and published a three-cent newspaper which he called The Weekly Herald. But one day the train gave a lurch, his start, including America's greatest, Thoma Alva Edison, one of Tom's chemicals spilled, and fire broke out. The conductor was so furious

THOMAS A. EDISON, THE BOY INVENTOR

Curiosity gave many a famous inventor his start, including America's greatest, Thoma Alva Edison.

Edison was born in the town of Milan, O. From his earliest years he found many things to be curious about. For Milan was a busy little shipping port connected by canal and river to Lake Erie. The thoughtful youngster asked so many questions of workmen at the wharves they decided "young Edison must certainly be very stupid."

By the time he was 11 and the family had moved to Port Huron, Mich., Tom had coaxed his parents into letting him take a job. (He got most of his schooling from his mother who had taught school before her marriage.) The job was selling papers and candy on the trains of the Grand Trunk Railroad.

Nicest thing about it was the conductor let him set up a laboratory in the train's empty ex-

THE TILLERS



One after another they all turn to Hi Ho for finer flavor!



IT'S NO ACCIDENT—Hi Ho's growing popularity! It's because these crackers have a finer flavor! Try crunchy-crisp Sunshine Hi Ho Crackers with meals, snacks, or beverages. Bet they'll be your family's favorite cracker, too!

LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT COMPANY—Brown Cracker and Candy Company Division

he put Edison and all his equipment off at the next station.

Lucky for the world Edison didn't stop there. In the long years of his experimenting there were many misfortunes. But Edison had patience and never seemed to tire. So it was he brought himself through 13 months of searching to find exactly the right material for his electric bulb filament. He did find it, though, and was rewarded by seeing it come to light homes all over the world and among all classes of people.

Keep eggs in a refrigerator. If kept at room temperature, eggs may actually lose as much

in quality in three days as those kept three weeks in a refrigerator or icebox.

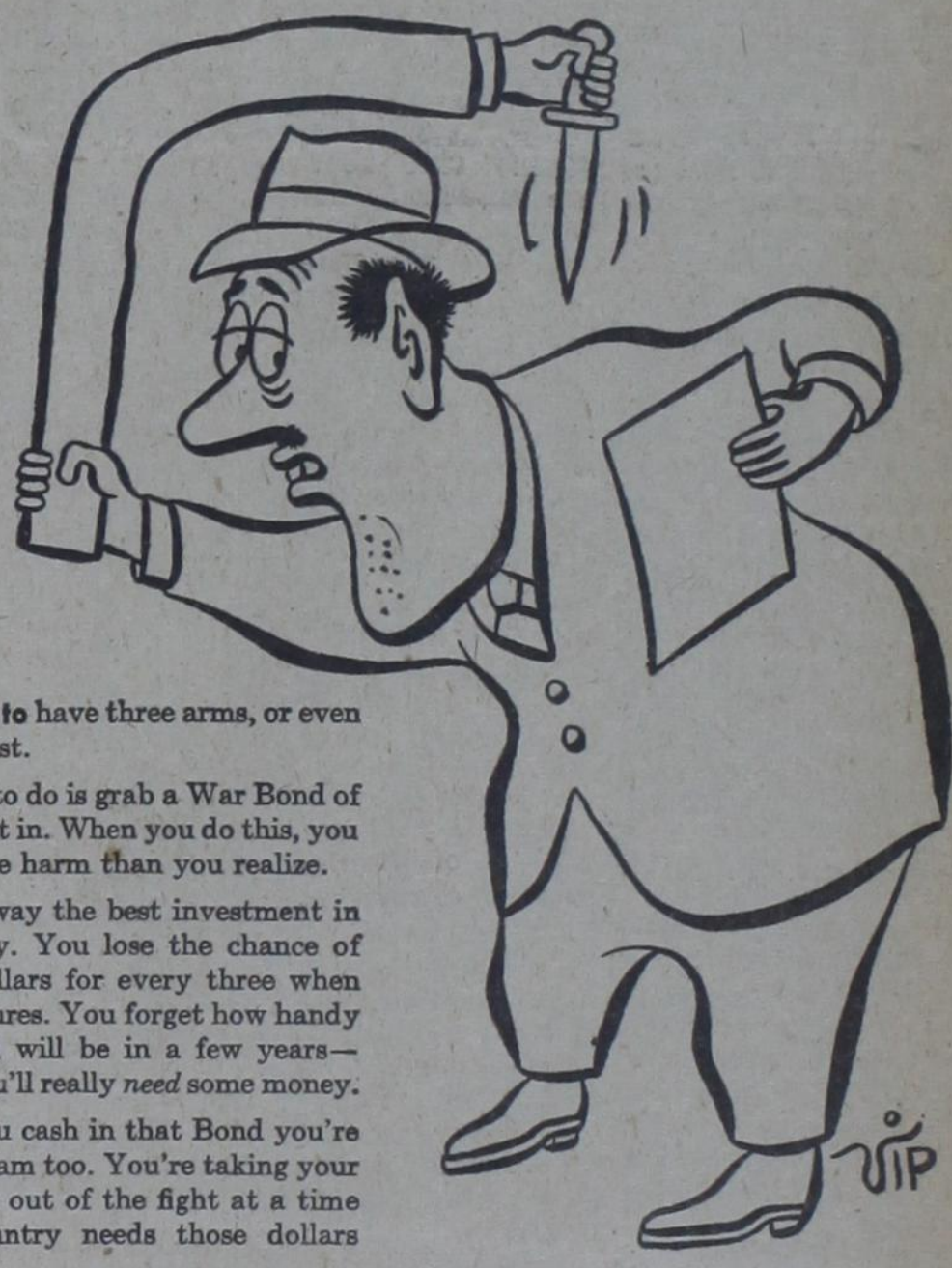
That pinch of salt again! Add a dash to chocolate dishes or to cocoa to emphasize the flavor. Run hot water over your cake pans before greasing them for baking. Dry thoroughly at once.

A preliminary survey shows that 182 Scurry County 4-H Club boys are carrying 206 demonstrations for 1945 and plan to start 167 more, including gardens and crops. In connection with more general activities, County Agricultural

Agent Raymond L. King says that 119 boys treated or assisted in treating 835 head of cattle for grubs; 97 boys repaired 310 toys for Christmas; 146 sharpened 540 knives after a method demonstration, and 11 bought \$3,054.16 worth of bonds and stamps during the Sixth War Loan Drive.

Leroy Morris, 13, Sherman County 4-H Club boy of the Spurlock community, won the Farm Bureau Federation prize for selling \$35,950 worth of bonds during the Sixth War Loan drive.

How to stab yourself in the back



You don't have to have three arms, or even be a contortionist.

All you have to do is grab a War Bond of yours and cash it in. When you do this, you do yourself more harm than you realize.

You throw away the best investment in the world today. You lose the chance of getting four dollars for every three when your Bond matures. You forget how handy that War Bond will be in a few years—when maybe you'll really need some money.

And when you cash in that Bond you're hurting Uncle Sam too. You're taking your valuable dollars out of the fight at a time when your country needs those dollars badly.

So don't give in next time you feel a spending spree coming on. Instead hang onto the Bonds you have, and buy another to be still safer!

KEEP FAITH WITH OUR FIGHTERS BUY WAR BONDS FOR KEEPS

This is an official U. S. Treasury advertisement—prepared under auspices of Treasury Department and War Advertising Council and contributed by our Magazine Section

By Carroll

Try this
FAMOUS Gebhardt
RECIPE FOR REAL

Chili con Carne

- 2 lbs. Beef — 4 tsp. fat
- 2 tsp. Gebhardt's Chili Powder
- 2 cloves garlic, minced
- 3 tsp. flour 2 tsp. salt
- 2 tsp. chopped suet
- 1 large onion, chopped
- 1 1/2 qt. hot water

Use economy cuts of meat cut in small chunks (do not grind). Mix with Gebhardt's Chili Powder, garlic, flour. Melt fat and suet in deep pot; fry onion until tender; add meat mixture. Cook 15 minutes; add salt; gradually pour on hot water. Simmer until tender.



SON PAYS OFF FATHER'S 30-YEAR OVERDRAFT

Into the marbled offices of the Munsey Trust Company, in Washington, D. C., a few days ago walked Norman A. Belt, of Gaithersburg, Md. He put \$200 down on the desk of one of the officers and then explained:

"I want to clean up an overdraft in my father's account. The account is in the name of John A. Belt."

The officer looked puzzled. The name was wholly unfamiliar to him, and he thought he knew personally and intimately every customer of the bank whose account at the moment was overdrawn.

Mr. Belt explained that the overdraft had occurred some time ago—about 30 years ago, in fact. His father, he said, had gone bankrupt at that time and had spent the remainder of his life trying to repay his creditors every penny that he owed them. At the time of his death, 22 years ago, only one obligation remained—the overdraft at the bank.

Proud of his father's reputation for unflinching integrity, the son then resolved that if he could ever scrape enough money together he would pay off that overdraft and clear his father's financial standing. He thought the obligation was about \$200.

Musty records of more than a quarter century ago were dragged from the vaults, and the overdraft was found to be only \$55.27. Crestfallen, Mr. Belt counted out the money and took his receipt for it.

"Here I've been working for 30 years to pay this off," he complained, "and if I'd only known, I could have done it long ago."

Millions of Victory gardeners, who swelled the nation's food supply last year, have been called on by President Roosevelt to continue their "good work" for this year. The President asserted that the demand for food at home and abroad is greater than ever before.

FLORIDA CITY HOLDS PARENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR DELINQUENCY

In St. Petersburg, Fla., there is no juvenile delinquency, says Grit Magazine. When a boy or girl there commits a wrong or improper act, parents are held responsible. The St. Petersburg theory is that there are delinquent parents, but no delinquent children.

By the time the whole country had become alarmed over the increasing rate of misconduct, St. Petersburg had put its idea into practice and was enjoying the lowest teen-age delinquency rate in its history. The rate was lower, too, than that of any other city its size.

Even with the establishment of an air force replacement center at St. Petersburg, the record stayed clean. The year before one girl had been sent to reform school, but until June, 1942, not a single girl was charged with moral delinquency. Since St. Petersburg boys and girls don't see commercialized vice in operation, they don't come under its influence. Army records in the St. Petersburg center report fewer cases of social disease than in any other camp in the country.

Although the city centers its efforts on making parents recognize their responsibilities, it sees also that they have an opportunity to learn how to discharge their obligations. A teen-age committee, in conjunction with the community welfare council, has established courses in recreational leadership. These are open to parents and come first under city supervision. The city not only provides usual facilities expected of a community its size, but makes provision for youngsters interested in out-of-the-ordinary sports such as skeet shooting, aquaplaning, and shuffleboard.

A teen-age club provides wholesome recreation for evenings. Under adult supervision teen-agers come to enjoy the pleasures they like best.

AMERICAN SOIL IN FRANCE

Somewhere in France the body of an American soldier lies under American soil.

A box of soil recently was delivered to Lt.-Col. Ralph J. Smith, of San Antonio, Tex., an Army chaplain, from Erwin H. Haner of Port Huron, Mich., with this message:

"Here is half of one square foot of good United States sod. If dry, moisten. Plant on the grave of a United States soldier buried in France."

JOINED ARMY AT 14

Discharged from the Army air forces because he was too young to fight—after he had won the distinguished flying cross, air medal with four oak leaf clusters, purple heart, and presidential unit citation—Francis Desales Glover enlisted in the Navy at Pittsburgh as an air combat crewman. Francis joining the Army when he was 14, completed 31 combat missions in the European area before officials found he had misrepresented his age.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS

By MARGARET MOORE

WOMEN'S BUSY WORK BASKET

SLIPOVER MAGIC

By Mrs. Anne Cabot

Doesn't it get you down to keep on looking at "that davenport" in the living room, knowing that all it needs is a good, brisk-looking new set of slippers to restore it's looks to decency? Yes—I know. The answer you make to yourself is "I'll attack that decorating problem next, but who on earth am I going to get to make slippers! Make 'em yourself. You need 22 yards of 36-inch material or 16 yards of 50-inch material for a sofa with three cushions. These complete instructions will help you cope with six different styles of sofas and davenports.

To obtain complete cutting, sewing and finishing instructions for Davenport Slippers (Pattern No. 5835) send 15 cents in COIN, plus 1 cent postage, YOUR NAME, ADDRESS and the PATTERN NUMBER to Anne Cabot, Southwest Magazine, 1150 Sixth Avenue, New York 19, N. Y.

Cold weather garments, socks, sweaters, mittens, snow-set accessories for children, lovely embroidery designs for the home are to be found in the Winter issue of the Anne



Cabot Album. Send for your copy or send to a needlework friend. Price 15 cents. Please do not send order to Mrs. Margaret Moore, Fort Worth. Send order to Anne Cabot, Southwest Magazine, 1150 6th Avenue, New York 19, N. Y.

NEW FASHIONS FOR SPRING

By SYLVIA STILES

(Staff Correspondent of St. Louis Post-Dispatch) While looking over the New York fashion displays, among the complete costumes that are so impressive is the dress, which may be either printed or plain colored, with its flaring short coat. You can take your choice of merry little models that stop abruptly below the waistline, or the knee-length creations that swing and sway jauntily with the spring breezes. Most have intricate shoulder yokes and many have full sleeves, gathered at the wrist and pushed up into puffs half way between wrist and elbow.

Whether the reopening of the Paris fashion houses, with their accent upon dressmaker details, has anything to do with the trend of spring styles in America, we'd dare not surmise, but the evidence is here that dressmaking art is paramount, and a woman who wants to look rightly clad had best pay as much attention to the minor parts of her wardrobe as she does to the major ones. Regardless of whether a coat or a suit is the basis of a costume, it won't look right for spring, 1945, unless it is tied up with the proper accessories. Blouses, gilets, hats and gloves definitely belong to specific themes, and woe be to the woman who clutters them.

Next to the ensemble idea, one is impressed by the softened, fuller silhouette. True, some designers have shown skirts that are tight at the hemline, but the majority favor the graceful flare. The silhouette with a semicircular skirt on a hip yoke is significant. Several designers show the all-around pleated skirt as another evidence that hemlines are wider. And, speaking of skirts, it looks as if hems are dropping. A slightly longer skirt suit the new

graceful silhouette, so the experts remind us.

Jo Copeland, of Pattullo Modes, New York, who does lady-like clothes so beautifully, has a season to her fancy. She gathers some of her skirts all the way around a tiny waistline, giving the silhouette a ballet accent. Many long dresses incline toward the bouffant. Her tunic silhouette is Chinese and arm slings attract attention to shoulders.

Designer Hattie Carnegie's collection is a fanfare of beautiful fabrics, interesting color mixtures and handsome accessories. Tissue silks appear in brilliant as well as pale tones. Such combinations of colors as renaissance green and citron yellow indicate the imagination that has gone into her creations.

Designer Joseph Halpert likes the peg-top skirt and proves that it is a happy compromise between the pencil slim and the full hemline movement. His shoulder lines are broadened to create a chevron type of silhouette. A long cut-away jacket looks striking in alliance with a slightly flared skirt.

Designer Anthony Blotto shows the tunic coat, but he also does some clever things with soft woollen coats in striking colors. They are worn with navy blue or black crepe dresses that are moulded to the figure and are unbelted.

By way of proving that high fashion in America moves swiftly and what Fifth Avenue has one week Main Street may have the next, the New York Dress Institute, which has sponsored this series of showings, staged a style roundup of popular-priced clothes. Highlight of this was the accent on wide shoulders with deep armholes.

MACHINE MENDING

The family mending pile disappears much more rapidly when mending is done by machine rather than by hand. Machine-made darts and patches are generally stronger and more durable than those made by hand, but are more conspicuous and not so soft.

Machine darning is recommended for holes, tears and thin places in towels, sheets, aprons, overalls, children's play clothes, plain underwear, men's shirts, and women's house dresses. Hand darning is preferable, however, for fine garments and hosiery.

To darn by machine use fine mercerized or cotton thread which matches the color of the garment, or better, is slightly darker. Adjust the length of the stitch to suit the cloth. The finer the weave, the shorter the stitch.

Loosen the thumbscrew on top of the machine to release the pressure on the presser foot enough so the cloth can be moved

back and forth when stitching. Stitch across the place to be darned, pulling the material slowly backward and forward, and from side to side with both hands. Follow the grain of the material, or stitch on the diagonal if the fabric has a twill weave. To hold the cloth smooth during darning, an embroidery hoop may be used, or tissue paper may be basted underneath. The paper will wash out when the garment is laundered.

A darn will be stronger if it is reinforced underneath. Baste a soft or thin piece of fabric of a matching color under the place to be darned before putting it in the machine.

Patches like darts are more quickly made and sturdier if machine-stitched instead of hand-stitched but they show more, so they are best suited to men's overalls and work shirts, children's play clothes and other garments where durability counts more than appearance.

KEEP ON CANNING!

Patriotic and foresighted home canners, who are launching plans right now to "do it again" this spring and summer, have three good reasons for at least matching their 1944 efforts, when they accounted for nearly half the total civilian supply of canned vegetables and two-thirds of the canned fruits. Main reasons to "keep on canning" this year will be:

1. Home canning is more necessary to the war effort than ever. Military requirements are increasing so that even with the near-record commercial canned fruit

ply for civilians is now less than at any other time during the war.

2. With home preserved food, it is easier to give the family good, nutritious meals the year round.

3. Especially for families with home gardens, canning saves money and ration points as well as food.

Since Victory gardening is the starting point for home canning, home economists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture recommend planning for canning along with the garden seed list.

SEE THAT CLOTHES ALLOW FREEDOM OF ACTION

When planning to make a home-made blouse, choose a pattern that is designed for action. This should mean pleats, gathers, or some other feature that provides width and is placed where it can respond to arm and shoulder movement.

Skirts are best when they are moderately wide, but not full. A gored skirt is

usually wide enough at bottom to allow ease in walking, running, climbing, or stooping, yet narrow enough at top to hold it in place. A full skirt such as a dirndl often presents a danger when worn for housework. Never wear one when chores involve stooping or climbing. It might easily get stepped on and cause you to trip and fall.

TESTED RECIPES

Share the Meat With Stew
What more heartening and satisfying dish than beef stew? And what better way can you name for stretching the meat supply? These are excellent reasons for including the dish in your menu plans often. Make the stew according to the recipe printed below:

Beef Stew
1 1/2 pounds round beef, cut in pieces
2 tablespoons butter or other fat
6 cups boiling water
1 cup diced carrots or turnips

1 cup diced potatoes
1 cup small onions, whole
1 1/4 teaspoons salt
1/2 teaspoon pepper
1/2 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce.

Swiss Steak
1 1/2 pounds chuck steak
2 tablespoons flour 1/2 teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons margarine
1 onion, sliced
1 cup tomato juice 1/4 teaspoon pepper.
(Continued top next column)

IT'S MADE BETTER

The choicest, plump, sun-ripened grain grown from hybrid strains is Oventized — At The Mill—for 12 Hours—to produce National 3-Minute Oats. Like baking a potato, this exclusive process seals in the precious Vitamins and Minerals and brings out the delightful Whole-Grain flavor. National 3-Minute Oats tastes better because it is made better. Order it from your grocer today. There is a Difference in Oats!

NATIONAL 3-MINUTE OATS
THE 3-WAY BETTER BREAKFAST

Season flour with salt and pepper. Dredge steak with seasoned flour and pound with a wooden potato masher or meat pounder. Brown in margarine on both sides in an iron skillet or Dutch oven. Add onion and tomato juice, cover and simmer one hour on top of the stove and bake in a moderate oven at about 350 degrees for another hour.

Oxtail Soup
In the opinion of many experienced cooks, oxtails make one of the richest, most flavorful of soups. While they have some bone they have a goodly amount of meat which needs long, slow cooking to develop its flavor and make it tender.

Ask your meat dealer to separate the tail at the joints into convenient size pieces, then you'll have them in pieces that are easier to handle.

- 1 oxtail
- 2 tablespoons fat
- 3 quarts water
- 1 cup chopped celery or carrots or turnips
- 1/2 cup chopped onion
- 1 cup diced potato
- 1 cup cooked or canned tomato
- 1/4 teaspoon sugar
- Salt and pepper.

Brown the oxtail in hot fat, add the water and one tablespoon of salt. Simmer until the meat is tender, about two and one-half hours. Remove meat from the bones, return to broth with celery, carrots, onion and turnip. Continue cooking or about 30 minutes longer. Add sugar and season to taste with salt and pepper.

Sugar-Saving Cup Cakes
How long has it been since you made cup cakes? These make such a nice change from a big cake or cookies, and certainly are no more trouble. Top with nuts, and you'll have a tempting dessert for dinner as well as a tasty tidbit for the lunchbox.

- 1/2 cup shortening
- 1/4 cup sugar
- 2/3 cup syrup
- 2 eggs
- 1 1/4 cups enriched flour
- 1/4 teaspoon salt
- 2 teaspoons baking powder
- 1/2 teaspoon cloves
- 1 1/4 teaspoons cinnamon
- 1/2 teaspoon nutmeg
- 1/4 cup milk.

Cream together shortening and sugar. Add syrup gradually, beating well after each addition. Add the eggs, one at a time and beat thoroughly. Sift flour. Measure alternately with milk to the creamed mixture. Pour into greased three-inch muffin tins and bake in a moderate oven (350 degrees) for 25 minutes.

Peanuts on Menu
Peanuts and peanut butter

will fit into your menu plans in many ways. Chop and toss them in a crispy green salad. Add a handful of stuffing for chicken or put a few spoonfuls into hot breakfast muffins.

As for peanut butter, it may substitute for half the fat required in biscuits or cup cakes and will give them a delicious peanut flavor. If peanut butter is too dry to spread readily, thin with a little cream, water, or tomato juice. Peanut butter combines well with raisins, dates and chopped bacon to make sandwiches for the lunchbox.

Careful Cooking Needed for Liver

With some varieties point-free, all comparatively cheap and unequalled as a blood builder, liver should be popular on any menu. Often it isn't, but you can do a lot to put it across at your house by the careful way you choose it and cook it. Here are a few suggestions:

Remove the skin from pork or beef liver before cooking. It is less tough then and easier to get off. Tender young liver—calf, lamb, and baby beef—usually doesn't need skinning.

Scalding generally improves flavor of lamb, pork, or mature beef liver to be broiled or sautéed. Scalding also helps set juices, making liver easier to grind or chop.

Don't let any liver be overcooked. High heat or long cooking toughens it. Cook only until red color disappears. The one exception is pork liver which needs longer cooking.

HELPFUL HINTS

Black is black and white is white—but not for long. Since white fabric gloves are often cheaper than colored ones, why not buy them and tint them to match your costume?

Before arranging cold boiled ham on a platter, trim off the extra fat. When sufficient of such scraps accumulate, fry them out over a low flame.

That's all there is; there isn't any more. But there will be. To lengthen a hemless dress, get one-fourth-inch colored braid and sew in slightly overlapping rows to the narrow bottom seam. Real pretty!

Try to make your desserts nutritious and healthful as well as sweet and flavorful. Peanut confectations are excellent for serving both purposes.

It's all in knowing how. To prevent custard pies from having a soggy crust, bake at a high temperature for about ten minutes and then finish baking at a low temperature.

MAKE IT and CAN IT at HOME

Enjoy delicious **CHILI CON CARNE** the year 'round!

This year make and can more Chili con Carne. Not only do you save more of your meat, but you have a delicious treat ready-to-use all through the year. It's easy to make fine, perfectly seasoned Chili con Carne with Gebhardt's Chili-Quik. Just follow the simple directions on the package.

Gebhardt's Chili-Quik
FOR MAKING CHILI CON CARNE
ADD MEAT AND WATER
COMPLETELY SEASONS 15 POUNDS OF MEAT!

Gebhardt's Chili-Quik
YOUR GROCER HAS IT OR CAN GET IT FOR YOU.

YOU ARE INVITED TO TASTE THIS RICHER KIND OF COFFEE

SO RICH in flavor we urge you **USE 1/4 LESS** coffee per cup

FOLGER'S COFFEE
Mountain Grown

VACUUM PACKED