



YOUTH CARAVAN TEAM which will hold special classes in the Bovina and Oklahoma Lane Methodist Churches next week. In the group are Miss Mary Matthews, Miss Sara Moore, Miss Jackie Anderson, Miss Mildred Bible, and Miss Lucille Rucker.

Youth Caravan Group To Conduct Classes In Bovina and Oklahoma Lane ME Churches

The Youth Caravan team, made up of four trained young people and a counselor who help churches conduct training classes, recreation and inspirational services for their young people and youth workers, is to arrive in Bovina Saturday afternoon, July 14. Rev. Roscoe Trostle reported today.

Under their guidance, special classes will be held during the next week, at Oklahoma Lane each afternoon and evening from 4 until 10:30 on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday; and at Bovina at the same time on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. The young people will visit back and forth each evening and will have their fellowship supper at the church, the pastor added.

The team that is coming to Bovina and Oklahoma Lane is composed of the following personalities:

Miss Mary Matthews of Heber Springs Ark., who is a sophomore at Hendrix College, Conway, Ark. On the campus she serves as vice president of the Student Christian Association and is a member of the Methodist Youth Fellowship in the First Methodist Church in Conway. In her local church she serves as chairman of the worship commission.

Miss Sara Moore, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. R. I. Moore of Pelahatchia, Miss., is a sophomore at the Mississippi State College for Women at Columbus. She is an active member of the Wesley Foundation at the college, and has been elected secretary for 1945-46. Miss Moore is recreation director of the Caravan.

Miss Jackie Anderson is a student from Georgia Teacher's College, Statesboro, Ga. This past year she was vice president of the College Sunday school class, recreational chairman of the YWCA, member of the glee club, and served on the student council of her dormitory. She has been elected vice president of the Council, president of YWCA, and will be one of the directors of worship with the Caravan.

Miss Mildred Bible is from Nashville, Tenn. She is a student of Peabody College for teachers and has studied at Scarritt College for Christian workers. Along with her school work, she is employed at the Methodist publishing house in Nashville in the department of student loans. Miss Bible is president of the Youth Fellowship of the West Nashville Methodist Church.

Miss Lucille Rucker, of Abilene, is the final member of the team. She is a graduate of McMurry College, where she was a member of the McMurry Chanters and the Alpha Chi. At present, Miss Rucker is employed as teacher of high school math in the Coleman schools. She has been active in the youth work of the Northwest Texas Conference, serving as treasurer for 2½ years. She is acting as counselor to the Caravan.

Rev. Trostle extended a cordial invitation to Methodist youth in surrounding churches to attend the special study periods.

Have you bought that bond?

TO OUT-OF-TOWN SUBSCRIBERS

Under new policy, a charge of 10c is made for change of address. Please include this when you notify us of such change. Otherwise, The Tribune will not be forwarded to new addresses.

Auto Stamps Go Slow

A checkup at the local post-offices this week revealed that there have been many of the federal motor vehicle stamps sold, but attaches at both offices gave it as their opinion that many drivers had not as yet bought their stamps.

Announcement was also made that no sales can be made through the postoffices after August 1st, and delinquents will be penalized after that date.

Two Girl Operators Of Santa Fe Hurt

Two girl telegraph operators of the Santa Fe in this region were sent to hospitals early this week, to receive treatment for injuries sustained while engaged in their duties.

Miss Jewell Cassidy, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cassidy of this city, was taken to the Santa Fe hospital in Clovis for injuries which were described as "not serious", on Monday. Santa Fe officials here said that while they had only meager information regarding her accident, they understood that Miss Cassidy, who is employed as second trick operator at Friona, was thrown to the ground when she attempted to hop a ride on a local freight from the elevator section of the yards back to the depot.

Another young lady, whose name could not be learned here, and who is employed as third trick operator at Umbarger, sustained a badly crushed leg when a large piece of ice fell from the engine tender, as she was standing near a passing train to hand orders up to the engineer. She was removed to the Santa Fe hospital at Amarillo for treatment, local Santa Fe employes stated.

Wheat Shipments Near 300 Cars For Year

Tabulations compiled here this week revealed that already Parmer county has shipped approximately 300 carloads of new wheat to the grain terminals this season.

Grain men admitted that the peak of the wheat movement was past, but added that there would be many cars yet to be shipped from the elevators, and from wheat still held on the farms.

A total of 284 cars have been shipped to date from this county, and it was estimated that there might be as much as another 100 cars yet to be moved from Parmer.

These shipments far surpass early estimates of this year's crop, when it was feared for a time that the crop might prove to be almost a complete failure due to continued dry weather.

Naval Flier Home For Visit With Relatives

Lt. Alan R. Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Rogers of Texico, arrived home last week for a visit with his wife and parents, after spending a year with the Navy air corps in the Pacific theatre of war.

Lt. Rogers is not available for an interview this week, but it is hoped that an account of his travels can be given in The Tribune's next issue.

He that said that drinking whiskey was bad must have tried some of the recent stuff.

Airplane Crash Claims E. M. Deaton

Parmer County Dairy Show Dates Set

Relates Experiences As German Prisoner

Loser of some thirty pounds, but proud possessor of a brand-new bride, Lt. William R. (Bill) Roberts is back in Farwell visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Roberts, after spending almost two years as a prisoner of war in a German camp.

Reported first as missing, then as dead, and finally as a prisoner of war in 1943, Lt. Roberts shows evidence of confinement, but expressed the opinion that "we were fairly well treated—only thing, they just didn't have enough food." He was liberated, along with some thousands of other American prisoners, principally airmen, at Moosburg, Germany, just 25 miles from Munich, on April 28th, by the 13th Armored Division of the Third Army.

"We'd heard the tanks and the fighting all morning," Bill grinned when asked about his liberation, and admitted that the Americans were getting a bit anxious to be freed. After liberation, he revealed,



DIES IN CRASH—E. M. Deaton, prominent Lariat and Farwell citizen, who was killed when his private plane crashed Sunday morning.

Showers Bring Some Relief Locally

Cloudy weather and widely scattered showers the past week have brought some relief to this parched area but still no rain of any consequence has fallen.

Showers in the Lariat section and north of Texico over the weekend encouraged farmers in very limited areas to do some planting, and Dick Doshier of the Lariat section reported the first of the week that most of his plantings were up to a good stand.

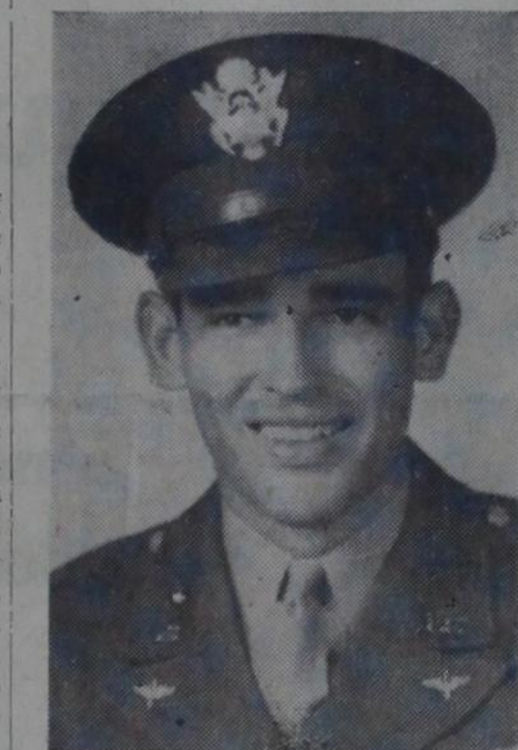
Rains have been reported to the east and southeast of here during the past week, with the moisture extending as close as Muleshoe. On the whole, however, practically all of Parmer county and a vast area to the west and north remains distressingly dry, with little chances that a grain crop will be produced this year.

Farmers are reported to be disposing of large numbers of their livestock and poultry in the face of the grain prospects. Many farmers have been laying in large quantities of alfalfa hay, at exceedingly high prices, to feed limited numbers of their choice livestock.

NO NEW PASTOR

No successor has been selected to take the place of Rev. W. C. Wright, who has resigned as pastor of the Texico-Farwell Baptist Church. J. O. Ford, chairman of the Board of Deacons, said today that the pulpit committee of the church was working on the matter, and would likely have some visiting preachers coming here during the next few Sundays.

Buy bonds every pay day!



LT. WM. R. ROBERTS

men from the camp were flown into France in transport planes, to undergo medical checks, and then "finally" boarded a ship bound for the United States.

Downed on First Missin

"The engines caught on fire," Roberts recounted, in telling of his first and only flight over occupied territory, when his group was headed for Antwerp, Belgium, on June 22, 1943, to bomb a General Motors plant. "I don't know whether from flak or what . . . we had a couple of flak hits . . . and then had to

(Continued on back page)

Lightning Sets Fire To Farm Home

One of the farm homes on the Lee Sudderth farm, northeast of this city, was presumably struck by lightning last Thursday afternoon, resulting in a fire that completely destroyed the building and all contents.

The house was occupied by A. N. Walls and family, all of whom were away from home at the time of the fire. Mrs. Potts, a neighbor said that lightning burned out all the electric fixtures at her home, a short distance away, and she was the first to see the blaze at the Wall home.

Mr. Sudderth said that some insurance was carried on the building, but no protection was carried on the contents. It was a modern home of five rooms and bath.

TO BUILD MODERN STATION

W. E. McCuan, who has been operating a service station at Bovina the past several months, announced today that he had closed his place of business and would begin construction at once on a new and modern station on Highway 60 at Bovina. He estimated that it would be "forty to sixty days" before his new place of business would be ready to open.

The Jersey is the principal dairy cow in Texas.

Tentative funeral services for E. M. Deaton, age 43, have been set for Thursday afternoon at four o'clock at the Oklahoma Lane Baptist Church. Burial will take place in the Oklahoma Lane cemetery.

Pallbearers are J. T. Carter, R. H. Belew, N. W. Ray, Luther Thomas, Earl Booth, Oswell Jones, Claude Rose, Bryan Smith.

Deaton, one of Parmer County's most outstanding citizens was killed in an airplane accident early Sunday morning, shortly after he had cleared the field at Lariat, nine miles southeast of here. In his private plane, Deaton was enroute to Hobbs, N. M., on business.

Elwin Lingnau and Charley Christian, the first to reach the fallen plane after the tragic accident, gave it as their opinion that Deaton was killed instantly, when the plane, a two-seated Aeronca, crashed in a plowed field about a half-mile west of the Lingnau farm home.

Mrs. Lingnau, who was standing on her front porch at the time, said that the plane came out of the air from a high altitude and crashed almost nose downward. She said that the machine hit the ground and bounced several feet before hitting the earth a second time, adding that the first strike against the plowed ground created such a cloud of dust that she was unable to see what happened afterward.

Mr. and Mrs. Oswald (Buddy) Jones, who were to accompany Deaton to Hobbs in their own ship, cleared the Lariat field just ahead of Deaton at 7:30 a. m. Mrs. Jones said there was a dense fog to the west of them, but it was reasonably clear at the field at the time they took off for Hobbs.

"After we had circled around some in preparation for taking off, we lost sight of Mr. Deaton in the fog," she said. The Jones' plane climbed in an effort to get above the fog and also to sight the Deaton plane. Failing to accomplish either, she said, "we went back to the field, thinking possibly he had come back and landed . . . but he was not there and we were afraid that something had happened."

Mr. and Mrs. Jones then turned northwest in search of the Deaton machine. They discovered the ship about 3½ miles from the place of taking off.

"We had agreed that we would land at Clovis, where Mr. Deaton was to pick up Jack Calkins, and proceed to Hobbs," Mrs. Jones said. Mrs. Deaton said that she knew of her husband's plans to go to Hobbs early Sunday and when they arose that morning she made the suggestion until the fog had cleared up somewhat. "He flew over the house, as he always does, and I went out and waved at him," she said.

A Steed ambulance came out from Clovis and removed the body to that city. Morticians who prepared the body said that Deaton was killed instantly.

Move Here in 1932
Mr. and Mrs. Deaton came to Parmer County for Anadarko, Okla., in 1932, and he took over the management of a cotton gin, located at Lariat. Later, he became associated with L. E. Brooks of Cordell, Okla., and at the time of his death, the partnership had large interests in the county and in this section. They owned three cotton gins in Parmer County, located at Farwell, Lariat and Friona, and one gin at Spring (Continued on back page)

Official announcement of the annual Parmer County Dairy Show dates was made the first of the week by County Agent Lee McElroy, who stated that Bovina would be host to the affair on August 29, 30, and 31.

The show, which has increased in entries and interest with each passing year, will run an extra day this fall. In the past, the exhibit has been open only for two days.

McElroy added that a new class of cattle will be seen at the exposition this year, with the listing of Holstein animals for competition. Previously, entries had been confined to Jersey and Shorthorn stock, he explained.

Production contest prize money will be more than double this year, the county agent went on, and a large list of prizes in the various divisions of the show will be arranged by the committee in charge.

In addition to regular prizes, those club boys (including any type vocational club) who do not have animal entries in the show, but who take part in carrying out the exhibit, such as acting as guide, etc., will be judged for their activities and awarded prizes, McElroy said today.

Classes for entry in the show will be announced at a later date.

Mrs. Jesko Buried At Hereford, Saturday

Funeral services for Mrs. Martha Agnes Jesko, 73, were conducted at the Catholic Church in Hereford last Saturday morning and burial took place at Hereford.

Mrs. Jesko died Wednesday afternoon of last week at the home of one of her sons in the Jesko community, located in the southeastern part of Parmer County. She had been in failing health for the past four years, and had been bedridden the past month.

With her family she came to Parmer County in 1908 from Michigan City, Ind., and settled in the southeastern part of the county, which later became known as the Jesko community, in honor of the family. Her husband died in 1925, and since that time Mrs. Jesko had made her home with her children in the community.

She is survived by six sons and five daughters. They are Matt, Joe, Harry, Alex and Ed, all of Jesko, and Steve, of Clovis; Mrs. Annie Bachowiak, Michigan City, Ind.; Mrs. Sedia Hicks, Muleshoe; Sister Felicita Frances Jesko, Graymore, N. Y.; Mrs. Elizabeth Kelsor, Friona, and Mrs. Helen Fangman, also of Friona.

Bus Schedule Change Made On Tuesday

A few slight changes in bus schedules through this city were put in effect on Tuesday, according to Claude Rose, local agent.

The following schedule has been announced:
To Amarillo: 9:40 a. m.; 3:45 p. m., 8:45 p. m., and 2:15 a. m.
To Clovis: 1:45 a. m.; 9:30 a. m.; 2:15 p. m.; 5:45 p. m., 9:04 p. m., and 11:45 p. m.

Praises OPA After Tour In Europe

(Editor's Note: This is the fourth of a series of articles.)

By Congressman Eugene Worley
The United States has had inflation since the war began. Prices have fluctuated rather wildly in many instances, but on the whole the government price control system, which admittedly has numerous defects, has still worked much better in this country than in most places I had an opportunity to visit and observe.

The most glaring example of inflation at its worst exists in Greece. I priced a pair of sandals seen in a shop window. No one in this country would have looked at them a second time, because the sole was made from an old rough discarded tire casing, with two straps of artificial leather. This pair of so-called sandals cost at the then rate of exchange, \$50. I priced a pair of fairly good men's shoes which were hand-

made because the Nazis left the Greeks with very little machinery of any kind. The storekeeper quoted a price of \$150. I journeyed through the public market in Athens and saw the negatives bargaining and buying what they could under the terrific price schedule which prevailed. One native had a hen—which obviously was a sick hen—for which he asked \$20. He halfway apologized for this high price by pointing out that the hen was about to lay an egg, and eggs were very valuable in their own right.

Prices were very high in all countries I visited except Germany. Prices were sagging there. All stores in the small German towns still left standing had been ordered closed by the American Military Government. I saw very little trading or commerce of any kind going on in Germany. The British seemed to have con-

trolled their inflationary tendencies fairly well, and one way this was done was by increasing the tax rates, which were extremely high.

In France, prices were also very high. During the German occupation the Nazis kept the French money presses rolling day and night, with the result that there was three times more currency in circulation under the Nazi regime than France ever had in her most prosperous years. Food and clothes, and practically everything else, is very scarce in France. Under those conditions, black markets are flourishing. The Army has set up a number of post exchanges for members of the American forces where they can buy such things as perfumes, handbags, jewelry, and other things which they want either for themselves or to send back home to the members of their families. It might be of inter- (Continued on back page)

The State Line Tribune

Entered as a second class mail matter at Farwell, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

W. H. GRAHAM, Editor and Owner

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

Per Year \$1.50

OUR PLEDGE

We pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States, and to the Republic for which it stands: One Nation, indivisible, with Liberty and Justice for all.

LEGAL NOTICE

CITATION BY PUBLICATION THE STATE OF TEXAS

To: Floy L. Hoagland, the unknown husband or husbands of Floy L. Hoagland, the unknown wife or wives of William L. Barnum, Sr., deceased; and the unknown wife or wives of A. W. Lynn, deceased; Frank M. Porter and his wife, Marietta Porter; Maggie A. Jenkins, Martha Elizabeth Florang and her husband, John Florang; Sidney Lansford; the unknown creditors and stockholders of Texas State Bank of Farwell, a defunct corporation; Robert C. Jacobs, C. C. Marshall, W. J. Hickman and his wife, S. E. Hickman, Thurman Culver, Eugene L. Swenson, the unknown heirs of Belle Melugin, deceased, and the unknown heirs of J. A. Melugin, deceased, if living and if any of said persons be deceased, then the heirs, their heirs and legal representatives of such deceased persons; and to Mrs. Nettie S. Bell, Jewell A. Jacobs, Walter H. Stovall, Lee R. Stovall, and Maribel S. Moss, defendants, GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to appear before the Honorable District Court of Parmer County at the Court House thereof in Farwell, Texas, at or before 10 o'clock A. M. of the first Monday next after the expiration of forty-two days from the date of the issuance of this citation, same being the 30th day of July, A. D. 1945, then and there to answer Plaintiff's Petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of June, A. D., 1945, in this cause, numbered 1324 on the docket of said court, and styled N. L. Tharp, plaintiff, vs. Floy L. Hoagland et al, defendants, a brief statement of the nature of this suit is as follows:

Suit in trespass to try title for title to and possession of lands in Parmer County, Texas, being W 1/2 Sec. 35, all Sec. 36, NW 1/4 Sec. 37, All Sec. 38, All Sec. 39, W 1/2 Sec. 40, SW 1/4 & S 1/2 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 45, all in Block "A", Capitol Syndicate Subdivision, said County; containing 2967 acres of land, more or less, plaintiff invoking the ten and five year statutes of limitation same apply to land titles in further support of his claim, and alleging that he was dispossessed on June 1st, 1945 by defendants, to his damage in the sum of \$500.00, and that the annual rental value of said premises is \$8000.00, as is more fully shown by Plaintiff's Petition on file in this suit.

The officer executing this process shall promptly execute the same according to law, and make due return as the law directs.

ISSUED and given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Farwell, Texas, this 16th day of June, A. D. 1945.

Attest: D. K. ROBERTS, Clerk, District Court, Parmer County, Texas.

By: Dorothy Lovelace, Deputy. (SEAL)

32-4tc

Ellis County produces the largest amount of any Texas county, with 439,406 pounds.

NEGLECTED "PINK EYE" MAY LEAD TO CANCER EYE

... BLINDNESS AND SLAUGHTER, AUTHORITIES SAY

Any breeder who says "Pink Eye is just a harmless infection that will go away by itself" is flirting with tragedy. Cattle are fit only for slaughter when Pink Eye develops into Cancer Eye and Blindness. Play safe! At the first sign of Pink Eye, reach for the Security Pink Eye Solution bottle that has successfully treated more than 500,000 head of cattle. Names of top-flight breeders regularly using Security Pink Eye Solution read like the Breeders Blue Book - Cameron Duncan, L. L. Farr Jr., H. P. Guerra, Dennis O'Connor, D. N. Snyder, R. B. Thomas, Annandale Ranch and many others. U. S. Dept. of Agriculture shows that beef cattle may lose one-third their weight in 30 days from Pink Eye. Young calves and lambs are particularly susceptible. Send today for Security Pink Eye Solution. Apply as directed. If you're not completely satisfied, get Security Pink Eye Solution today from...

Umbarger Merc. Co. UMBARGER, TEXAS

Send...bottles Security Pink Eye Solution (each good for 90 treatments) of \$1.50
 check money order
 Send C. O. D.

Will Win the War Against Japan



General of the Army Douglas MacArthur, commander-in-chief of the Southwest Pacific area, upper left, and the men he has appointed to bring to a successful conclusion the war against Japan. Upper right, Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, commander of 10th army. Lower left, Gen. Walter Krueger, commander of 6th army. Lower right, Gen. Robert Eichelberg, commander of 8th army.

THE STATE OF TEXAS
 COUNTY OF PARMER

To The Sheriff or Any Constable of Parmer County, Greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to cause this citation to be published for at least ten days before the return day hereof in some newspaper of general circulation in Parmer County, Texas, published in the English Language.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To all persons interested in the estate of Belle Melugin, deceased, you are hereby notified that Roy Melugin, administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Belle Melugin, deceased, has filed in the County Court of Parmer County, Texas, on the 9th day of July A. D. 1945 his final accounting and application for discharge as administrator with the Will Annexed and for an order of distribution which said application will be heard by said court on Monday, the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1945 at the court house in said County at Farwell, Texas, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application should they so desire.

HEREIN FAIL NOT, but have you this writ before the said Court at the time aforesaid, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Farwell, Texas, this 9th day of July,

A. D. 1945.
 D. K. OBERTS, Clerk,
 Parmer County, Texas,
 County Court.
 By: Dorothy Lovelace, Deputy.
 (SEAL)

Use Farm Gas Rations For Farm Use Only

The Office of Price Administration is issuing an appeal to farmers and other users of non-highway gasoline to see that gas rations issued for farm use stay on the farm.

In making the appeal, OPA rationing executive William G. Williams pointed out that ample provisions have been made for the farmer's needs, to insure maximum production of food and food products, and "now we need your cooperation. Keep your gasoline coupons in a safe place; do not give your entire rations to a filling station or other gasoline supplier from whom they may be stolen. Under no circumstances should you give a gasoline coupon to anyone, without getting an equal exchange of gasoline."

Records show that 150,000,000 gallons of gas coupons have been stolen or unlawfully used since 1942. That amount, Williams said, was almost as much as the entire amount of gas used in the 71 counties of the Lubbock OPA district for all types of operation, which was 193,518,000 gallons.

For Victory—Buy Bonds

FARM SAFETY WEEK

COLLEGE STATION—National attention will be focused on Farm Safety Week which has been set from July 22 through July 28. With farmers called upon this year to produce more food and feed stuff in connection with the war effort than ever before, the problem is of increasing importance.

During last year, 3500 farm people lost their lives and more than \$90,000,000 in property destroyed by fire. Our national farm economy is seriously affected by these thousands of accidental deaths.

Serious, too, is the toll of manpower taken each year by the mil-

lion and a half farm people who are victims of accidental injuries. Many are so seriously injured that they never again will be able to do useful work, but even if they are disabled only for several days, they can have an immense effect on the family's annual income.

Most farm accidents can be prevented, and every farm family should help in observation of this special week by a personal check-up around the place to eliminate fire and accident hazards. Farmers are urged to join with the rest of the nation in this "Home Hazard Hunt".

Buy bonds every pay day!

She warned him to stop acting like a fool... and he said he wasn't acting.

Pete the Paper Puppet



200,000 NEW CARS Sounds BIG

40,000 DEALERS Sounds BIG

5 new cars per dealer
does not sound so big

NEW CAR PRODUCTION WILL BE SLOW—BE GOOD TO THAT
OLD CAR—DON'T NEGLECT IT

WE WILL HELP YOU KEEP IT IN GOOD RUNNING CONDITION

"SERVICE AND PARTS FOR ALL MAKES"

MEADORS CHEVROLET COMPANY

Buick—Chevrolet

CLOVIS, NEW MEXICO

Paint and Body Shop
Bear Front End System

TIRES

PRACTICALLY ALL SIZES IN GRADE
I and GRADE III IN STOCK

Bring Us Your Worn Tires for
Factory Retreading

Eubank & Son Auto and Home Supply Co.

513 Main Street
Clovis, N. M.

Firestone

POSSUM FLATS . . . COTTON CHOPPERS REWARD

GLADIOLA FLOUR
Fant Milling Company
Sherman, Texas

COTTON CHOPPIN'S A PLEASURE WHEN FLAKY, TENDER, CRUST-BROWN GLADIOLA BISCUITS ARE TH' REWARD!

By GRAHAM HUNTER

Umbarger Merc. Co. UMBARGER, TEXAS

Send...bottles Security Pink Eye Solution (each good for 90 treatments) of \$1.50
 check money order
 Send C. O. D.

NAME _____
 ADDRESS _____

School Days Are Over for Grads



It was a big moment in the lives of these tiny girls of St. Catherine, N. Y., as they stand in line, in their caps and gowns, to receive diplomas at a kindergarten graduating ceremony. Thousands of others are now receiving their diplomas from kindergarten, grammar and high schools or from colleges in every community of the nation.

Losses From Wheat Poisoning Tabulated

COLLEGE STATION—About 8,000 cattle valued at \$607,300 have been lost during the last wheat grazing season in 30 Texas counties as a result of "wheat poisoning", according to a preliminary survey made by a committee studying the situation.

The survey is the first step toward a solution of the "wheat poisoning" problem outlined at a recent conference called in Amarillo by Dr. Ide P. Trotter, director of the Texas A. and M. College Extension Service. Newton Harrell, cattleman from Claude, is chairman of the committee making the preliminary inquiry.

Of 595,032 animals which had been grazed on wheat, largest losses occurred in animals four years or older, the report showed. Losses occurred during all months during which wheat is grazed on the Plains, but especially during February and March. There seemed to be no relation between losses and the period of grazing before loss. Some deaths occurred when the wheat had been grazed as little as two weeks and some when it had been grazed three to four months.

In some instances, cattle victims of "wheat poisoning" had been given mineral and roughage supplements, and in other cases not.

Greatest losses were reported by Hansford County with 1,500 and Potter county with 1,000. Ochiltree reported 600 lost, Sherman 500 and Floyd 480. County Agent A. P. Bralley, Amarillo, committee secretary, compiled the report.

PUSH-BUTTON PRIVATE FLYING

CHICAGO—The private flyer in the future may depend upon push-button control to fly his plane under any conditions, due to a newly-developed high precision gyroscope. This newest "gyro" not only keeps the plane on its course more steadily than the human hand but permits automatic turns, banks and other maneuvers. In addition, engineers assert, it can control all phases of flight including takeoffs and landings. If somebody would only develop an instrument to insure getting a seat on a plane then the millennium would be here.

Do right and you'll fear no man; don't write and you'll fear no woman.

Hunted Enemy Spies



Falcons have done deadly work intercepting message-bearing pigeons to and from enemy agents operating in England. Shown above is a falcon before pouncing on a pigeon to earth. The pigeon was carrying a message for German intelligence. A great number of important German messages were recovered by falcons.

intermediate school, followed by a four-year college setup. The latter would take the place of the last two years of high school and the present junior colleges.

"Universities should shift freshman and sophomore work to the colleges, confining their teaching from the junior level up. Such a program would be economically more effective, and would give us an educational system in keeping with the American leadership in the culture of the world," he said.

Texas Pig Production Goes Down In 1945

COLLEGE STATION—Pigs saved from farrowings in Texas during the spring period December 1, 1944 to June 1, 1945, were 19 per cent fewer than during the same period last year, according to a report from the USDA.

Quoting this report, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Austin, said that the Texas spring pig crop was estimated at 1,122,000 head. The number represented a 48 per cent reduction from the record number of 2,148,000 pigs saved in the spring of 1943, and was about nine per cent smaller than the 10-year (1934-43) average of 1,230,000. However, it was about five per cent greater than the prewar spring crop of 1941.

According to the USDA report, the estimated 187,000 sows farrowed on Texas farms in the spring season represented a 22 per cent decline from the 240,000 farrowed in the corresponding period of 1944. An average of six pigs per litter was saved this spring, compared with 5.8 pigs last spring, and the 1934-43 average of 5.7 pigs.

Indicating the national trend toward reduced production, the USDA reported the number of hogs more than six months old, including sows, on farms throughout the United States on June 1, was 25,566,000 head. This was a decrease of 8,934,000 head, or about 26 per cent, from the number on June 1 last year, and a decrease of 10,691,000 head, or 29 per cent from 1943. It also was 2,131,000 head, or eight per cent, be-

low the 1935-43 average. In view of the growing shortage of meat for civilian use, the current high prices for stock hogs and other favorable circumstances, the USDA said "it might well turn out that fall farrowings will exceed the number indicated in this report. However, corn production prospects in July and August will be an important factor in determining final decisions of hog farmers."

CHANGE CARD NAME WHEN MARRYING

Women workers should notify the Social Security Board when they marry so their names can be changed on the board's records at Baltimore.

If they do this, they will make it easier for themselves and the board when the time comes to file claims for old-age and survivors insurance benefits.

For the woman who marries and wants to change her name, the Board has provided a special form, which may be obtained at the local field office of the Board. She should fill it out, attach the social security card bearing her maiden name and send the form to the Board.

The Board does not assign her a new number, but issues a new card bearing her present name and the

number that was originally assigned to her. She thus will have only one social security number during her entire lifetime. If she had more than one number or uses more than one name, she might stand to lose her

benefits.

The worker may obtain further information from James L. Farmer, manager of the Amarillo, Texas field office of the Social Security Board.

Changes Proposed In School Operation

AUSTIN—Public school training for children from the time they are four years old until they are 10, with universities offering only junior, senior, master, and doctorate work, has been proposed by a University of Texas educator.

Dr. Frederick Eby, long-time professor of education at the University, and a proponent of the junior college, believes that the school system can be reorganized for more efficiency and more economic utilization of funds.

"Education is still half a century behind the times," Dr. Eby said. "Our institutions are in the hands of men who have little vision, and who lack sufficient training in educational philosophy and science."

Changes in the school setup which he suggests are:

Kindergartens for children from 4 to 6 years old; six-year elementary schools, followed by four year in-

Put yourself in his shoes tonight

Please go easy on LONG DISTANCE from 7 to 10 each night so he'll have a better chance to call home.



The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.

- GRAHAM-HOEME Plows, chisels, sweeps and spikes. 20 and 22 in. cylinder plow discs.
- BALDWIN COMBINE parts.
- FAIRBANKS-MORSE Feed Mills.
- MINNEAPOLIS-MOLINE used one-way plow.
- ANGEL Plow parts and discs.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE Automatic electric well pumps, well tubing, cylinders and all size pipe and pipe fittings.

BATH ROOM Supplies, including lavatories, commodes, sinks, and other material for plumbing. We are taking applications for priority bath tabs.

GAS RANGES, Heaters, Floor Furnaces, and Water Heaters, also red wood storage tanks.

We have some second hand furniture and an A-1 kitchen cabinet.

ELECTRIC WIRE and Electrical Supplies.

WE WILL CONTRACT YOUR PLUMBING

C. R. Elliott Company

BOVINA, TEXAS.

TRUCK TIRES

RECAPPED
BY FACTORY APPROVED METHODS

600-16	7.00	650-20	10.65
650-16	8.15	700-20	11.80
700-15	9.70	825-20	18.65
700-17	10.85	900-20	22.50
750-17	11.40	1000-20	24.90

NOW WE ARE ABLE TO RECAP 1100-20 TIRES

B. F. Goodrich Tires and Tubes

Clovis' Most Complete Tire Recapping Plant

Official Tire Inspection Station

C & L Tire Company

522 MAIN STREET

CLOVIS, N. M.

The miles you'll leave behind you!

On its way is the day when your windshield will frame a lovely new picture each moment. And by night you will be in far country—sped there by NEW-DAY CONOCO BRONZ-Z-Z GASOLINE. It's coming with endless hushed power, panther-like getaway, and plentiful mileage. That's how our thorough experience with war-winning gasolines will plainly improve your own. All this progress is coming from new-day knowledge of research. Look forward then to unexcelled gasoline—NEW-DAY CONOCO BRONZ-Z-Z. Continental Oil Company

CONOCO
For station identification

Look for the big red Conoco triangle on Your Mileage Merchant's Conoco station. There's the place to get gasoline that's made to come up to the highest limit of quality, under today's regulations. You can have confidence in Your Conoco Mileage Merchant.



FOR SALE—Farm land. Residence property in Texico and Farwell. Some business property. S. C. Hunter, Texico. 28-tfc

WE NOW HAVE a complete stock of genuine John Deere parts, including one-way discs, lister bottoms and shares and knifing attachments. Friona Farm Equipment Co., Friona, Tex. 22-tfc

FOR SALE—Good four-burner oil stove with built-in oven, in good condition. T. J. Massongill, Farwell. 33-3tp

LOST—Bay saddle mare, SS brand on left shoulder. Notify Earnest Anthony, Friona, Tex., Rt. 2 34-3tp

FOR SALE—Tractor in good condition with all equipment, ready to go. B. J. Obenhaus, 3 miles south, 1/2 west of Texico. 34-3tp

FOR SALE—John Deere 12-A, 6-ft. combine with power unit and de-header attachment. Used only on 80 acres of wheat. R. E. Drager, 14 miles north, 2 west Bovina. 34-3tp

RAWLEIGH Route now open. Real opportunity for permanent, profitable work. Start promptly. Write Rawleigh's, Dept. TXG-254-K, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Bedroom suite, mattress and springs; platform rocker, all brand new, been used less than a month. O. B. Bryant at Phillips Wholesale warehouse.

FOR SALE—1940 W. C. Allis Chalmers tractor, with 3-row lister, all in A-1 condition, including practically new rubber. Tractor has lights and starter. E. G. Blair, 3 miles south of Texico. 35-3tp

FOR RENT—Apartments, furnished or unfurnished. Mrs. M. Leftwich, Farwell.

WANTED—Married man for general farm work. Furnish three-room house and pay good wages. J. G. McFarland, Friona, Tex. Phone 22. 35-3tp

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to our many friends for every kindness extended to us during the recent illness and death of our husband and father. May God bless you is our prayer.
Mrs. E. T. Caldwell and Rita,
Sgt. E. T. Caldwell, Jr.,
Lt. G. R. Caldwell.

CARD OF THANKS

To the many good people who have been so good, kind and generous in every way in our recent misfortune which has struck once again, we wish to try to express our thanks and gratitude to one and all. May God's richest blessings ever be yours is our prayer. Sincerely,
Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Sparks and Family, Texico, N. M.

CARD OF THANKS

May we say thank you from our very hearts, for cards, letters, flowers, calls, food and every other act of kindness shown to my family and me at the time of my illness and loss, we shall try to repay you by being a good neighbor to some one in need along our road of life.
Mrs. H. D. (Bill) Bradshaw and Family.

Texas Medics Oppose "Social Medicine"

FORT WORTH—The State Medical Association of Texas will actively oppose passage of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bills now before Congress on the ground that these measures would socialize American medicine and impose a needless burden of taxation on the public.

"The bills, which include a compulsory health insurance program for 125,000,000 people, would undoubtedly destroy the private practice of medicine throughout the United States," says Dr. H. F. Connally of Waco, president of the State Association. "Relationship between doctor and patient would be made a cold matter of law and the entire medical profession would be regimented. Physicians would become subordinate to Federal bureaus in Washington. The individual could no longer expect to have free choice of doctor nor the doctor free choice of patients."

"These bills provide payroll taxes of 8 percent on all wages and salaries up to \$3,600, half to be deducted from the pay envelope and half to be paid by the employer. Self-employed people must pay 5 percent of their incomes up to \$3,600. This taxation would produce the staggering sum of \$3,142,000,000 annually. These vast funds would be administered by a single man, the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service. Thousands of Wagner-Murray-Dingell employees in all parts of the United States, exercising power over human life and health, could well constitute a tremendously powerful political machine."

"The State Medical Association of Texas believes that adequate health, medical, surgical and hospital service can be secured by the individual through the many non-profit and commercial insurance plans for such services now existing. The Association's committee on Medical Economics has recommended that insurance organizations now operating in Texas and providing such services, be listed for public approval after investigation of their financial responsibility and methods of operation."

"Texas Congressmen will be asked to vote against these socialistic measures in order to best preserve and safeguard the public health and to maintain free practice of Americanized medicine under which great scientific advances are being made."

SANTA FE CARLOADINGS

The Santa Fe System carloadings for week ending July 7, were 27,286 compared with 28,894 for same week in 1944. Cars received from connections totaled 14,293 compared with 12,592 for same week in 1944. Total cars moved were 41,579 compared with 41,486 for same week in 1944. Santa Fe handled a total of 46,075 cars in the preceding week of this year.

B. N. GRAHAM

"Insurance of All Kinds"

Farwell, Texas

WE REPAIR SHOES

Keep your shoes in good repair by bringing them to us regularly. Fair Prices—Prompt Service
Electric Shoe Shop
Next Door to Texico Postoffice

Beef Subsidy Program Now Operating Here

Mrs. Eva McDaniel, acting supervisor of the Farmer County AAA, announced today that the local office is now accepting applications for payment to producers under the recently enacted beef subsidy program.

The rate for payment is 50c per hundredweight on No. 1 cattle sold for slaughter, Mrs. McDaniel pointed out, explaining that "No. 1" included animals in the 800-lb. or better class, which drew a minimum of \$13.50 at time of sale.

In order to draw subsidy payments, the producer must show invoices, receipts and the like, including date of purchase and sale if the animal was not born on his farm as well as date of sale to slaughterer, and the selling price.

Such applications as are made between now and August 31 are to apply only on cattle sold between May 19th through June 31st, she stressed. Other periods for payment will be announced later.

Wilkerson Listed As Killed In October

Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Wilkerson, of Bovina, have recently received word that their son, Pfc. John T. Wilkerson, is presumed dead as of October 24, 1944, following the sinking of a Japanese transport which was carrying prisoners of war from Manila, Philippine Islands.

In the communication from the War Department, Mrs. Wilkerson was informed that only a few survivors were found from the transport and since her son was not among those located, he is believed dead. Wilkerson became a prisoner of the Japanese in 1942.

Grissom Back In For New Assignment

MARINE CORPS AIR DEPOT, Miramar, Calif.—Blasting vital Jap targets in the path of Army ground forces on Luzon and Mindanao in the Philippines, Marine First Lieutenant Kenneth G. Grissom, Farwell dive-bomber pilot, completed 53 missions before returning to Miramar for leave and further assignment.

He supported the landings on Mindanao and on Joo, Bongi and Tawi-Tawi in the Sulu Archipelago. He bombed and strafed railroads, bridges, supply areas, gun positions and troop concentrations at Lingayen Gulf, Baguio, and as far north on Luzon as the Aparri airfield. He supported guerrillas and hit Jap airstrips in the Davao area after the Mindanao landings.

Flying with a First Marine Air Wing squadron, Lieutenant Grissom logged 350 combat flying hours. Previously, he operated from a base on Emirau in the St. Matthias group. The son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Grissom of Farwell, he was graduated from Oklahoma Lane High School and received his degree from Texas Tech in 1941. He returned to teach in his hometown high school, leaving in August, 1942, to enter flight training. He won his wings at Corpus Christi, Texas, in May, 1943, and was promoted to his present rank in November that year.

A brother, Marine Private Leon L. Grissom, is on Guam.

Six Registrants Are Given 1-A Ratings

A total of six Farmer county registrants were classified as 1-A, the last Saturday afternoon, when the local Selective Service board met in the office in Farwell.

In the 1-A group are George O. Sheets, Willie H. Walsler, Estel B. Smith, Kenneth W. Precure, Hugh E. Moseley and Elbert W. Rury. Recent inductees include Jim K. Wiman, Ross H. Harvel, Jack L. Wallace, Joe B. Jennings, Alvis O. Bell, Joseph A. Threet, Elwin B. Gooch; while discharges are shown on file for Joe W. Bolton, Theron D. Vaughan, Sterlyn O. Billington, Johnnie W. Bengler, and Orville Whitefield.

Other classifications handed down by the board were as follows:

2-A
Willie C. Hanna, Fred W. Jackson, Loyd C. Jones, Fred H. Kloepfer, Horace F. Cornelius, Stephen J. Jesko.

2-A(L)
Alton B. Damron.

4-A
Robert A. Mars.

2-B
Jesse G. Adams.

2-C(F)
Homer N. Paul.

4-F
Edward L. Lang, Cecil H. Steelman, Arnold W. Barnes, Orville L. Garrett.

Supt. H. D. Bentley and family moved to Hale Center, Monday, where he will be superintendent of the Hale Center schools for the coming year. He has been head of the Oklahoma Lane school the past three years.

Ingenuity Needed In Present Day Meals

COLLEGE STATION—Meal planning even in normal times is a difficult job, but with shortages of food and the ever-present problem of ration points, even more ingenuity and ability are needed in planning meals today, says Miss Edith Lawrence, specialist in food preparation of the Extension Service.

Not only is it harder to make meals appetizing, but it is also harder to keep them well balanced, Miss Lawrence remarked. But when we consider the picture as a whole, we find it may not be as dark as we are inclined to believe. For instance, although we eat meat primarily because we like it, we also eat it because of certain food values.

As an example we need protein, which builds and repairs our body tissues and we need the iron and phosphorus which meat supplies. Meat also furnishes us with the vitamins niacin thiamin and riboflavin. So we must find other foods which will furnish us with these six essentials. We can get protein from eggs, fish, milk, poultry, cheese, beans and peas, peanuts and soybeans. Iron is supplied by leafy green vegetables, by whole grain or enriched bread and cereals, eggs, poultry, dried beans and peas, peanuts and soybeans. Phosphorus comes with the foods that supply protein. As for the vitamins, we can get a good part of what we need from whole-grain and enriched bread and enriched cereals. So, if we can't have these food values in our favorite form, we can at least be assured that we are still getting them with careful selection of alternates. Too, there are many new and delicious recipes for serving these foods in dishes the entire family will enjoy.

LOCOMOTIVES BY AIR

WASHINGTON—The Air Transport Command recently used 27 transport planes to fly 18 locomotives from Miami to Burma, when the speedy advance of the British demanded rapid expansion of transportation in North Burma.



MOTORISTS

Inspect and test your

battery regularly!

Avoid future road delays. Let our equipment the condition of your battery cells. GUARANTEED BATTERIES

INSTALED AT ANY TIME.

CITY SERVICE GARAGE

Floyd Francis Texico Hotel Bldg. Texico, N. M.



ReNEW NOW —for— GRATER SAVNGS

Does your home have that drab "I'm waiting 'till after the war" look? Are you sacrificing the convenience and appearance AND SAVINGS that could be yours today? The longer you let redecorating ride . . . the more costly it will be. The longer you forego convenience and appearance . . . the longer the war will seem. Add those necessary touches now to boost your morale and save your home and furnishings.

C. G. Williams Paint Store

119 E. Fifth Clovis, N. M.

Bovina Methodists Plan Large Building Work

Announcement of a \$20,000 building program for the Bovina Methodist Church was made the first of the week by Rev. Roscoe Trostle, pastor, who stated that the contract would likely be let before the end of July.

A priority for the new church building has been granted, Rev. Trostle added, and it is hoped that construction will be started early in August.

The new church will be located just across the street north from the present church. Plan for the building include the construction of a good-sized educational department, with modern facilities, in conjunction with the regular auditorium.

OUT OF HOSPITAL

Young "Bug" Johnson, son of Dr. and Mrs. V. Scott Johnson, was returned to his home the early part of the week after being confined in a Clovis hospital for several days. He sustained an acute intestinal infection and was seriously ill for several hours.

MRS. LANGER HOME

Mrs. Joe Langer, who has been receiving treatment in Amarillo, was returned to her home in Bovina last Friday, where her condition remains quite serious. She was stricken suddenly about three weeks ago and was taken to Amarillo.

When we see two women kissing we always think of two boxers shaking hands before a fight.

Tractor Seat Cushions
Mufflers for H & M Tractors
Batteries for H & M Tractors
Knives, Sweeps, Shares, Bottoms
Farmall Repairing
Bolts, Chisles, Punches
Water Bags

Harrison Hardware Co.
TEXICO, N. M.

SPECIALIZED LUBRICATION SERVICE

Our lubrication service is performed according to the car manufacturer's specifications. By using the highest quality Phillips 66 lubricants, we can prolong the life of your car.

Stop regularly for correct lubrication service!

Phillips 66 Station
Wholesale and Retail Phillips 66 Products
Bovina, Texas.

Kill Those Flies

We have just received a limited number of metal fly spray guns that have been out of the picture for so many months.

FLY SPRAYS for both household use and livestock, in both small and large containers.

ITS OUR PLEASURE TO SERVE YOU!

Farmers Supply Co.

Come To Us

In Our New Location —FOR—
TIRES—TUBES—ACCESSORIES

We are now permanently established in our new quarters and stand ready to serve you. Let us know your tire problems—we'll do our best to help you.

OFFICIAL TIRE INSPECTION STATION

New items are being added to our stock daily and we expect to have a complete auto store just as soon as possible.

U. S. ROYAL TIRES AND TUBES

Roberts and Kline
Farwell, Texas.

MALARIA
CHECKED IN 7 DAYS WITH
666 LIQUID for MALARIAL SYMPTOMS
Take only as directed

Let Us Serve You

We are doing our best to operate a Service Station with everything the name implies.

HOW'S YOUR BATTERY . . . ?
Drive in and let us give it a speedy recharge on our new quick charger . . . service while you wait!

TIRES AND TUBES . . .
As far as possible we will carry a line of tires and tubes for both passenger cars and trucks.

Hardage Service Station
WE BUY AND SELL ANYTHING OF VALUE

Local Happenings

Lt. and Mrs. Bill Roberts Fellowship Party Held Honored at Reception

Lt. and Mrs. Bill Roberts were honored with a reception the past Friday night, when Mrs. Johnnie Williams and Mrs. G. D. Anderson, Sr., entertained two hundred guests in the lounge of the Hotel Clovis. In the receiving line were Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Roberts, parents of Lt. Roberts; Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Anderson and the honorees, Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Bill Roberts wore corsages of white gladiolas, while Mrs. Williams and Mrs. M. C. Roberts had similar corsages in pink. Mrs. Gabe Anderson, Jr., wearing a shoulder corsage of pink gladiolas, presided at the lovely serving table. A center bouquet of pink gladiolas was arranged, guarded by tall white tapers in crystal holders. Assisting Mrs. Anderson were Miss Marilyn Anderson and Miss Joan Williams. Music for the social was provided by Mrs. C. M. Henderson, at the piano, and Woody McDermott, on the bass viol.

ME Intermediates Elect Officers

The Methodist Intermediate Fellowship of Oklahoma Lane met Sunday night, July 1, and elected new officers. They were: president, Joy McDonald; vice president, Jo Veta Billingsley; secretary-treasurer, Gloria Kopley; reporter, Caryetta Grissom; worship service chairman, Bettie Foster; world friendship chairman, Wilma Dell Doshier; recreation chairman, June Christian. Louise Rundell, retiring treasurer, gave her report. Mrs. F. E. Kopley is sponsor of the group.

Mrs. Walker Hostess To Guild Meeting

Studying "The Open Doors to More Abundant Living", with Mrs. Mae Porter as program director, the Wesleyan Guild of the Methodist Church met in the home of Mrs. Charles Walker, Tuesday evening. Mrs. Bess Henneman, Mrs. C. M. Henderson and Mrs. Walker assisted on the program, following which a short business meeting was held, with Mrs. Frances King presiding in the absence of the president, Mrs. Ellis Mills. Refreshments were served to Mesdames Porter, Otis Huggins, King, Lenton Pool, V. Scott Johnson, Henneman, Vance Crume and Henderson by the hostess.

Aubrey Sprawls and son, Duane, returned the first of the week from College Station, Texas, where they had been making arrangements for Duane to enter A. & M. this fall.

Fellowship Party Held By Youth Groups

The Bovina Methodist young people entertained the Oklahoma Lane youth group with a social, held on the church lawn Friday evening. Some thirty young people and counselors enjoyed a hay ride and Biblical games. The boys gave unusual acting exhibitions before an interested audience. Refreshments of hot dogs and pop were served to Barbara Foster, Frances Sudderth, Vernell Berry, Bobbie Lou Kent, Dora Dean Perkins, Bessie Caldwell, Wm. Donaldson, C. W. Grissom, Donald Christian, Billie Bentley, Ernest Foster, Scottie Gober, Mrs. T. L. Kent, Willie Ellen Williams, Martha Williams, Delores Wilson, Bettye Kimbrow, Inell Elliott, Sam Johnston, Ray L. Hart, Durward Bell, Charles Ross, Bobby Howard, Clifford Smith, Denzil Eberting, Rev. and Mrs. Roscoe Trostle, Mrs. W. E. Williams, Jean Hart and Bob Berggren. Following refreshments, the Oklahoma Lane Fellowship presented an inspiring devotional program and the evening was climaxed with a hay ride.

Catherine Wilkerson Is June 28 Bride

Miss Catherine Wilkerson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wilkerson of Bovina, and Franklin F. Hill, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hill of Childress, were united in marriage on Thursday, June 28, at Hollis Okla. The bride wore a street dress of soft pink and witnesses at the ceremony were Miss Bette Jean Alverson of Bovina and Bernice P. Henderson of Childress. The bride and groom are honeymooning in New York, after which they will make their home in Childress.

Rogers Twins Hostesses On Friday Evening

Misses Jean and Peggy Rogers were hostesses at their home in Texico, the past Friday night, with a number of young people on hand to enjoy an evening of games. Refreshments were served to Marcia Anne Johnson, Treva Spurlin, Rosamond Booth, Talma Randol, Warlick Thomas, A. C. Henneman, Martell LeVeque, Fred Curtis, Biddy Pearce, Toby Booth, Sonny Graham and the hostesses.

Marry Here Monday

A marriage ceremony was performed at the local courthouse, Monday evening by Wm. Young, Clovis minister, uniting in matrimony Miss Urah Hollis and Calvin Shaw, Jr., Negroes, also of Clovis.

Miss Joyce Lester Weds Lt. Wm. R. Roberts

Miss Joyce Lester, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Lester of Corpus Christi, Texas, became the bride of Lt. William R. Roberts, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Roberts of Texico, on June 27th, when a double ring ceremony was read in the Episcopal Church in Corpus Christi at 8:45 in the evening. The bride was charmingly attired in a street dress of aqua crepe, with a shoulder corsage of split white carnations. Her accessories were also in white. Mrs. Harold Malcolm, of Corpus Christi, served as matron of honor, and wore a fushia street dress with a shoulder corsage of carnations. Mr. Malcolm served as best man to Lt. Roberts. Mrs. Roberts formerly lived in Chicago, where she attended the Flowers Girls School. Recently, her family moved to Corpus Christi. A graduate of the Farwell high school, Lt. Roberts was enrolled in Texas Tech in Lubbock when he volunteered for the Army Air Corps. He was shot down over Belgium on his first mission, in 1943, and was recently liberated, returning to the States on June 20th. Pending his return to duty, Lt. and Mrs. Roberts are at home in Texico.

Surprise Birthday Party Honors Velma Kube

A large group of friends and relatives gathered in the home of Miss Velma Kube, Sunday night, honoring her with a surprise birthday party. Games of various kinds were played and at the close of the evening, delicious refreshments were served to the honoree and guests. Attending were Mr. and Mrs. Carl Zoch and family, Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Ramm and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kube and son Mr. and Mrs. B. Kube and son, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Drager and family, Mr. and Mrs. B. Stovall and Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schwede and family, Mrs. E. Kalbas and Wilbert, Esther Schroeder, Mrs. E. Keilberg and daughter, Albert Helms, Henry Krieger, Walter Fulton, Rudolph Kube, Mrs. Mary Kube.

Intermediates Enjoy Social Wednesday

The Intermediate class of the BTU enjoyed a Fourth of July party last Wednesday night, in the home of Miss Modelle Hammonds. Following games, refreshments were served to Ella Bradshaw, Nelma and Theda Branscum, Beryl Brown, Wanda and Pauline Sheets, Alta Norton, Cary Joe Magness, Ernest Freeman, Willie Joe Carpenter, Howard Ford, Leonard Watkins, Harry Sheets, Gerald Norton, Darrell Norton, Mrs. Whitley sponsor of the group, and the hostess.

Subdistrict Council Has Meeting At Bovina

Sunday afternoon, July 8, the Prairie Rustlers Subdistrict Council met at the First Methodist Church in Bovina, to decide the future course of action. A weekend retreat was planned for the sub-district, at Ceta Canyon, on August 17-18.

Return To Missouri

Mrs. Russell Lee Joiner and two sons and her mother, Mrs. Hugh Johnson, who had been visiting here, left Sunday for their home in Trenton, Missouri. Joiner, stationed Trenton, Missouri, after spending some time with Sgt. Joiner, who has been stationed at the Clovis base.

Visit In Abilene

Mrs. Alvenia Sharpe and daughter, Billy, Mrs. Olen Schleuter and Donald Watkins were in Abilene last weekend, visiting in the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Nicewarner and Mr. and Mrs. Pierson Morgan. Miss Peggy Schleuter, who had been in Abilene on a visit, returned home with them.

Sikes Have Guests

Guests in the O. C. Sikes home this week include Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Fry and daughters, Patsy and Barbara, of Wichita, Kansas, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Sears of Silver City, N. M. and Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Smith and daughter, Ginger, of Roswell, N. M.

Picnic Held on Fourth

A picnic celebrating the Fourth of July holiday was held in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lenton Pool in Farwell. Attendees included Mrs. J. S. Polo, Miss Winnie Pool, Mr. and Mrs. Moedrel Williams and daughter and Clair Parnell, all of Portales, and the local people.

Here From Arizona

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bogner and son, Robert, of Phoenix, Arizona, arrived last week to visit with Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Roberts and Mr. and Mrs. Lee Kline, in Farwell. They expect to depart for their home the latter part of the week.

NEWS FROM OUR BOYS IN UNIFORM



MERITORIOUS SERVICE PLAQUE AWARDED

WITH THE FIFTH ARMY, Italy —Pfc. William E. Lovell, post office clerk, is a member of the 350th "Battle Mountain" Regiment Service Company, recently awarded the Meritorious Service Unit Plaque for exceptionally meritorious service in the performance of outstanding duties in support of Fifth Army combat operations in Italy. "On the offensive, in static positions and while at rest," the citation stated, "all members of the company have performed the important duties of supply, transportation and vehicle maintenance and the many administrative functions with outstanding efficiency and have been of invaluable aid in the successful advance of the regiment. "Always untiring in their efforts, Service Company personnel have worked under the most difficult conditions, frequently while subject to enemy artillery fire, but never relaxing in their endeavor to assure the comfort and highest combat efficiency of this organization." The company, a unit of the 88th "Blue Devil" Division participated in the Italian campaign from the time the division entered combat March 3, 1944, until the campaign ended. Each member of the company is entitled to wear a gold wreath emblem on his right sleeve.

ANDERSON TO MIAMI

Capt. and Mrs. Gabe Anderson, Jr. left Monday for Miami, Florida, where Capt. Anderson will receive his reassignment orders. Penny has been on a 30-day leave here since his return from Italy the early part of June.

STATIONED IN AMARILLO

T-Sgt. Leonard Flye and wife were guests of friends and relatives in Texico and Clovis, the past week end. Sgt. Flye is stationed at Amarillo field, having returned from a two-year stay in England some few months ago.

LEVY COMMISSIONED

Keith Levy, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Levy of Farwell, received his commission as Navy Ensign the past Saturday, at graduation exercises at Cornell University. Levy returned last year from an overseas assignment with the Navy, and has had special schooling at the University of Texas and Cornell since that time. He is to report for duty at Miami, Florida.

BACK TO MARYLAND

Cpl. Andy Marcus, who had been stationed in Pine Bluff, Arkansas, for the past month, has been returned to duty at the Edgewood Arsenal in Maryland, he advises friends here. Mrs. Marcus, the former Irene Russell, is in the East with him.

BLACKBURN IN ISLANDS

Marine Private Keith Blackburn, of Friona, who recently shipped out from the West Coast, is currently stationed in the Hawaiian Islands, his wife informs this column.

BOBST MOVES AGAIN

Cpl. Dick Bobst, serving in the Pacific with a night fighter unit of the Army Air Corps, has written friends that has group has been moved again, and had an exciting 24-hour welcome from the Japs when they arrived at their new base, composed mostly of air raids. "Saw several Jap planes go down," Dick writes, "quite a thrill." Dick is the son of Mrs. Roy Bobst, formerly of Farwell and now of Yakima, Washington.

IN OCCUPATION ZONE

Cpl. Jess Herbert Pipkin has advised his mother, Mrs. O. B. Pipkin, that his unit has been assigned to duty with the American Army of Occupation, and that he expects to be stationed in Berlin in the near future. Jess Herbert, a parachutist, saw action in both Italy and Germany before the close of the war.

RETURNS TO DUTY

Wilfred Quickel, who has been here spending a furlough with his wife, the former Dorothy Thornton, and parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Quickel of Bovina, will leave today (Wednesday) to return to the East Coast for a new navy assignment.

PLEASE RENEW SUBS

The following service subscriptions should be renewed promptly: Ralph H. Pruitt, James Ford, Elvin A. Hammonds, Pat Sullivan, Keith Blackburn, Albert F. Phillips,

David A. Berry, Clarence M. Meeks, Bass Elliott, Smoky Gast, Jaquetta Strickland, John Finley, Eugene Ezell and Wm. Hadley.

Leave For Illinois

Sgt. and Mrs. Don Gleickman left Tuesday morning for their home in Illinois. Sgt. Gleickman is stationed at the Clovis base and is on furlough and Mrs. Gleickman will remain in Illinois until he is reassigned from Clovis.

To Eagle Nest Lake

Lee Kline, C. A. Bogner and son, Robert, and Ernest Lokey, Jr., returned home Sunday night from a fishing trip which took them to Eagle Nest Lake. They report a poor catch but an enjoyable trip through the scenic part of New Mexico.

License Issued

County Clerk D. K. Roberts issued a marriage license the past Wednesday afternoon, July 4, to Herman Frederick Gehring, Jr., and Miss Saranne Smith, both of Amarillo.

Pfc. and Mrs. Herman "Tuff" Jones, of Bovina, announce the arrival of Katherine Jo, on July 4. Pfc. Jones is in combat on Mindanao Island.

Martell LeVeque of Plainview arrived Wednesday night and stayed over the weekend with friends in Farwell.

Mrs. Lovila Kessie, who had been visiting friends here, returned to her home in Shamrock, Texas, the past Thursday morning.

Mrs. John Eason, of Portales, and Mrs. J. T. Baker, of El Paso, were visitors here the past Friday, with Mrs. Baker remaining until Monday. Both formerly lived in Farwell.

Mrs. Stanley Wojinski and daughter, Linda, are here from Odessa, Texas, for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Claude White, and other relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Blackwell, of Corpus Christi, are in Farmer county attending business matters. They formerly resided in Friona.

Mrs. Minnie Leftwich, who has been spending the past several weeks at the home of her son, Jimmie, in Las Vegas, has returned to her home in Farwell.

Mr. and Mrs. John Martin and family, of Plainview, were in Farwell the latter part of last week, as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lenton Pool. On Sunday, Sam and Rex Pool accompanied them to Plainview and continued to Tulia, to spend a few days with their grandparents.

Mrs. William Thornton plans to leave tomorrow (Thursday) for Florida, where she will join her husband, Lt. Thornton, stationed there with the Naval Air Corps.

DO YOUR FEET BOTHER YOU?

Dr. Scholl's Foot Remedies and Appliances have stood the test for many years. You can't go wrong when you use these products.

FOOT POWDER
ARCH SUPPORTS
CORN REMEDIES
ATHLETIC FOOT POWDER



Mr. and Mrs. Jack McManigal, of Clovis, recently purchased the Gordon McCuan home in Farwell, and took up residence here last week.

Benny McDonald, of the City Cafe, left Tuesday for Hot Springs, N. M.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Sikes made a trip to the mountains in northern New Mexico over the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Woody McDermott have gone to Houston, Texas, to attend business matters.

Mrs. Roy Hecox, of Paradise, California, has been here for several days as guest in the home of her brother, Aubrey Sprawls, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Magness and family spent the Fourth enjoying a holiday outing at Alamogordo Lake, near Fort Sumner, N. M.

TO GRADY ON PICNIC

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Rogers and daughters, Lt. and Mrs. Alan Rogers and Miss Treva Spurlin were in Grady, Tuesday, where a picnic was sponsored by Rev. J. J. Spurlin in honor of Lt. Rogers.

Buy bonds every pay day!

Here's a SENSIBLE way to relieve MONTHLY FEMALE PAIN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is famous not only to relieve periodic pain but also accompanying nervous, tired, highstrung feelings—when due to functional monthly disturbances. Taken regularly—it helps build up resistance against such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound helps nature! Follow label directions. Try it!

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Announcement . . .

I am pleased to announce that I have returned to Farwell, and am planning to reopen my Beauty Shop here on—
FRIDAY, JULY 13th
I will be pleased to meet all my old customers, as well as many new ones.

MRS. STRYLING BILLINGTON
—at—
ESTELLENE'S BEAUTY SHOP
Farwell, Texas.

YOU NED MORE THAN THIS . . .
Yes, Crossing your fingers won't provide your family with good foods and balanced meals. But regular visits to our grocery and market will help you.

STATE GROCERY & MARKET LINE

C.G. Davis Mer. Co.
"THE BEST PLACE TO TRADE"

STEED Mortuary
"Serving Clovis Territory"
Since Clovis Began"
PHONE 14
CLOVIS, N. M.

Close Out!

In order to make room for new stock due to arrive this week, we are closing out some of our furniture items at greatly reduced prices. These items include bedroom suites and breakfast sets.

You can save by taking advantage of these offers!

HOW ABOUT A NEW STOVE?

Some of the stove certificates that have been issued to people are due to expire soon. Better come in and let us fix you up with a new Gas Heater or Gas Range while these certificates are still valid.

In our hardware and furniture department you will find many items that have been hard to obtain in recent months. Come in and look our stock over.

TRIMZ—That ready-pasted wall paper . . . attractive patterns for every room.

C.G. Davis Mer. Co.
"THE BEST PLACE TO TRADE"



THE EQUIVALENT OF NEARLY 30,000 MILES OF QUART BOTTLES OF MILK HAS BEEN ALLOCATED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT IN 1945 TO MAKE ICE CREAM FOR UNCLE SAM'S FIGHTERS ABROAD.

Every day 340,000 gallons of milk from America's dairy farms go into the preparation of the favorite dairy food for the GI Joes on foreign soil. That represents the total production from about 135,000 cows.

If all of the milk used each year making ice cream for America's fighters abroad were put in quart bottles it would make a row of bottles nearly 30,000 miles long. This, states the National Dairy Council, is a part of the contribution of America's dairy industry to the health, stamina and morale of her fighters.

PLANES REPLACING MULES HALF COUNTIES HAVE PORTS

DENVER—The mining industry is turning to airplanes and color films as an aid in discovering new mineral sites. Known as the science of aerology, this is not a new method of locating new ore deposits, but the development of color films with speeds unthought of before the war has jumped this science forward so that in the postwar era it may become the ideal method of prospecting.

WASHINGTON—Of 3,076 counties in the United States, 1,635 or 53 per cent have one or more airports. The 412 urban places of 25,000 and up have 602 airports. Of the 140 metropolitan districts there is an airport for every 80 square miles. There are 438,585 residents per airport in cities of over 500,000 population.

Jane Burke, better known as Calamity Jane, was an Indian scout, and for several years carried government mail between Deadwood, S. D. and Custer, Montana.

The shortest road to riches is to spend like you were poor.

We have early maturing varieties of grain sorghums.

We can store about 10,000 bushels of wheat for government loan.

We can handle your government loan sudan. See us.

Weaning pigs for sale.

Henderson Grain and Seed Company



VICTORY IS OUR JOB, TOO—

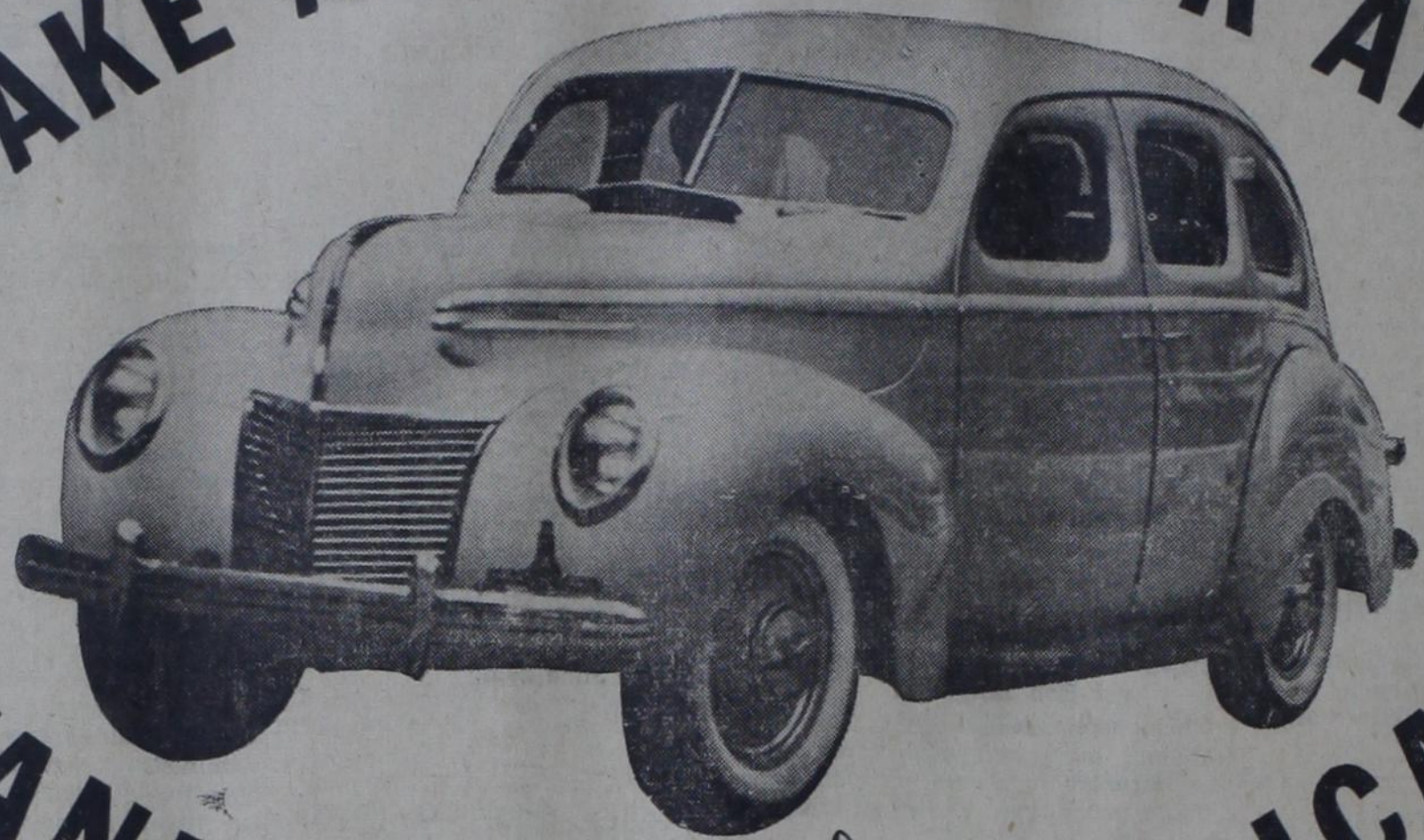
Though handicapped by many restrictions, regulations, shortage of merchandise and manpower, we are doing our best to bring Victory at the earliest possible moment. Naturally, there are lots of items that you would expect to find in our stock that are "out for the duration."

But, on the other hand, we will be able to supply MOST of your urgent needs from our stocks of new Building Materials, Builders' Hardware, Pipe and Pipe Connections, Paints, Nails, Etc. Come in!

Houston Bros. Inc.

Formerly Panhandle Lumber Co., Inc.
E. M. ROOP, Mgr.
Phone 3721 Texico, N. M.

TAKE A QUICK LOOK AT A



"VANISHING AMERICAN"

This car may have disappeared by the time you finish reading!

Every 17 Seconds (much less time than it takes to read this ad) another vitally needed car breaks down—so far beyond repair that it is gone forever.

This wouldn't be so serious if all of us lived within walking distance of our jobs. But we don't. And all you have to do is look at the acres of cars parked outside any big war plant to realize how much America's war effort depends on automobile transportation!

That's why, with 5000 cars a day going into the scrap heap, all of us have plenty to worry about. That's why Uncle Sam says, "Care For Your Car For Your Country!"

And it's not hard to do—especially with your Phillips 66 Service Man stand-

ing by to help you. Because he has a special Tire-Saving and Car-Saving Plan for motorists like you. If you'll take your car to him regularly he'll check your tires—look out for cuts, bruises, and nails; warn you when re-capping is necessary; see that the air-pressure is right.

He'll take a regular look at your battery, cooling system, and air filter. He'll help discover the little troubles before they become big ones. And your Phillips 66 Service Man will tell you it's a mighty good idea to have a complete lubrication job done regularly—for it's often those unseen parts of a car that cause trouble.

So for complete car-saving service, stop at your nearest Phillips 66 Shield . . . the sign of famous Phillips 66 Gasoline and Phillips 66 Motor Oil.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY



CARE FOR YOUR CAR— FOR YOUR COUNTRY

FOR VICTORY... Buy U.S. War Bonds and Stamps

UNIT TERMINAL FOR ST. LOUIS

ST. LOUIS—A new airport terminal and administration building designed after the unit terminal plan, which will cost one million dollars, has been planned for the Lambert-St. Louis Municipal Airport. The new terminal will be centrally located along the southern boundary of the airfield, which is to be trebled in size to 1,400 acres.

FLYING PRESIDENTS

WASHINGTON — Franklin D. Roosevelt's record as a flying President may ultimately be eclipsed by Harry S. Truman. While Roosevelt confined his air travels to foreign trips, Truman has made his first flight across the United States and has indicated he will use planes whenever convenient at home or abroad.

AIRLINE NETWORKS INCREASE

WASHINGTON—The authorization of 1,244 miles of new routes to the airline networks during the first five months of this year brings the total number of miles of routes over which the domestic airlines are scheduling lanes to 64,181, an all-time high.

"CACTUS" PAYS TRIBUTE

AUSTIN—To the builders of Texas—past, present and future—the 1945 Cactus, yearbook of the University of Texas, has been dedicated. William B. Ferguson of Houston was editor, and Suzanne Thomason of Fort Worth was associate editor. The book pays tribute to 490 University ex-students killed in action, and 168 missing in World War II.

'Tis reported that soldiers in New Guinea discovered a tribe of natives in which the bridegroom greases himself from head to foot before the ceremony starts, but seldom escapes.

Frozen foods stored in Texas freezer lockers and home freezer units was six times as great in 1944 as in 1942.

Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the SECURITY STATE BANK

at Farwell, Texas at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1945, pursuant to call made by the Banking Commissioner of Texas in accordance with the Banking Laws of this State.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, including overdrafts.....	\$ 433,478.90
U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed.....	573,500.00
Obligations of states and political subdivisions.....	9,899.48
Other bonds, notes and debentures.....	10,055.00
Cash on hand, balances due from other banks, including reserve balances, and cash items in process of collection (include exchanges for clearing house).....	1,209,991.05
Banking house, or leasehold improvements.....	4,400.00
Furniture, fixtures and equipment.....	1,000.00
TOTAL RESOURCES.....	2,242,269.43
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock.....	25,000.00
Surplus: Certified \$25,000; not certified \$10,000.....	35,000.00
Undivided Profits.....	18,009.11
Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, & corporations.....	2,114,606.30
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, & corporations.....	25,258.48
Public fund (incl. U. S. govt., states, political subdivisions)....	19,395.54
Deposits of banks (excluding reciprocal balances).....	5,000.00
Total all deposits.....	\$2,164,260.32
TOTAL LIABILITIES & CAPITAL ACCOUNTS.....	2,242,269.43

STATE OF TEXAS, County of Parmer, I, L. S. Pool, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement of condition is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

L. S. POOL
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of March, 1945.
B. N. GRAHAM
Notary Public, Parmer County, Texas

CORRECT—ATTEST
G. D. ANDERSON
DAVID HARRISON
J. A. PITMAN
Directors



Is Your Bike In Good Repair?

Does your Bike rattle, bang, groan or screech? If it does it probably needs attention. You can get it attended to efficiently and promptly at our shop. We will flush out the brake housing and replace any broken parts. We will also flush out and adjust the front wheel cones or bearings. The steering bearing will be attended to, the chain cleaned and greased, the crankshaft bearing cleaned and oiled, the pedals oiled and all important points on your bicycle greased with a high-grade lubricant. The price for this overhaul is only \$2.25. If you need new parts, let us see if we cannot obtain them for you.

BIKE SHOP

Behind the Tribune office

Used 1942 Cars Will Sell Ration Free

Used 1942 automobiles were removed from rationing on July 2, according to district OPA rationing executive William G. Williams. Principal reason for the rationing of used 1942 cars—that they were generally the best automobiles available aside from new 1942 cars and so should be restricted to essential users—no longer holds true, making rationing unnecessary, Williams said. Automobile dealers and car rental agencies must continue to maintain records previously required for all 1942 cars, but all rationing restrictions on the transfer, acquisition, registration, alteration and use of such cars have been removed.

REGISTER IN SEPTEMBER
Registration for the fall term at the University of Texas will be only one day—Saturday, September 1, the Registrar has announced. Classes will begin September 2.

Pete the Paper Puppet

MOST FOLKS WHO ARE ON THE SUCCESS-ELEVATOR REACH THE TOP WITHOUT A STOP BY ADVERTISING THEIR BUSINESS IN THE NEWS-PAPER.

ALL ABOARD

Allied Prosecutor



Above, Justice Robert H. Jackson, U. S. Supreme court, recently appointed as chief of counsel, for the United States, in charges of atrocities. Below: Admiral Karl Doenitz, who, at time of surrender, was leading German government and must account to Allies at trials.

New Uses For Cotton Listed By USDA

COLLEGE STATION—Wartime research into wider uses of cotton is casting shadows into the future. According to a statement by the USDA's research administration received by the Extension Service, projects at the Southern Regional Research Laboratory, New Orleans, have resulted in developments which will find important peacetime applications.

Among results, the statement said, was the development of a cotton tire cord with improved heat resistance, and another with greater tensile strength than obtained with present commercial cotton tire cord processes. The statement quotes the investigators as declaring unqualifiedly that cotton cords can be manufactured which are definitely superior to the types of commercial cotton cords now being produced, and that further improvement can be expected as more information is obtained and applied.

Another wartime development at the laboratory which will benefit peacetime living is a process for rot-proofing cotton goods which, the report said, is more effective than any other known treatment. Cloth samples treated with the new process have retained more than 80 per cent of their strength after burial for a year in a damp, warm soil known to be rich in organisms which cause rotting. In contrast, untreated goods in the same soil rotted to bits in about one week.

Investigators at the Southern Laboratory have also developed a flame-proofing treatment for cotton fabrics which has definite advantages. Fabric treated by the new process retained flame-resistant properties after many launderings, yet its physical qualities characteristics were little changed.

Other recent discoveries at the laboratory, according to the statement, include a specially treated cotton thread which will resist deterioration resulting from presence of acid in fertilizer bags, and a new type semi-elastic all-cotton bandage. The latter announced earlier in the war has undergone extensive hospital trials and has been declared by physicians to be superior to ordinary gauze, especially for elbow, knee and head dressings, the statement said.

His wife said he hadn't any business kissing any woman but her, and he agreed. However, he said he felt there was a lot of difference between business and pleasure.

Fat-Salvage Bee To Aid in Licking National Fat Shortage

It's been ages since we had an old-fashioned "bee" in these parts, but just as we've always pitched in to help a neighbor, so must we pitch in for our country. To help make hundreds of battlefield and home-front essentials, more used fats are needed than are on hand. City folks are trying to make up the deficit of over 1,200,000,000 pounds. But their fats aren't enough.

Women in small cities, towns and rural districts must also save every drop of fat. Not just big amounts. But scraps of plates, meat trimmings. Melt them down once a week. Your butcher will give you up to 4¢ and 2 red points a pound. If you have any difficulty, call Home Demonstration or County Agent. Approved by WFA and OPA. Paid for by Industry.

Health Notes

By Texas Department of Health

AUSTIN—Milk is an infant's natural food; nevertheless, milk plus heat, dirt and flies has killed many thousands of babies. The intestinal diseases that attack babies in summer are, according to Dr. Geo. W. Cox, state Health Officer, largely caused by germs carried in milk and water. Unclean or contaminated water can be as harmful in causing infant diarrhea as contaminated milk.

Thousands of babies grow and keep well in Texas every year because they are given the right kind of care and the proper attention is given to the preparation of their food. The right kind of care includes keeping in close touch with the baby's doctor at all times; a regular daily schedule for sleeping, feeding, and bathing; sufficient time in the outdoor air; and carefully supervised exposure to sunshine—all these precautions can be important factors in keeping the baby well at all seasons of the year. In addition to benefitting the baby, this type of routine allows the mother more time for her household duties and much needed rest periods.

"The baby should wear a minimum of clothing and should be handled as little as possible," Dr. Cox said. "A smooth, flat, comfortable bed for the baby with no pillow and plenty of fresh air will help him to sleep and rest."

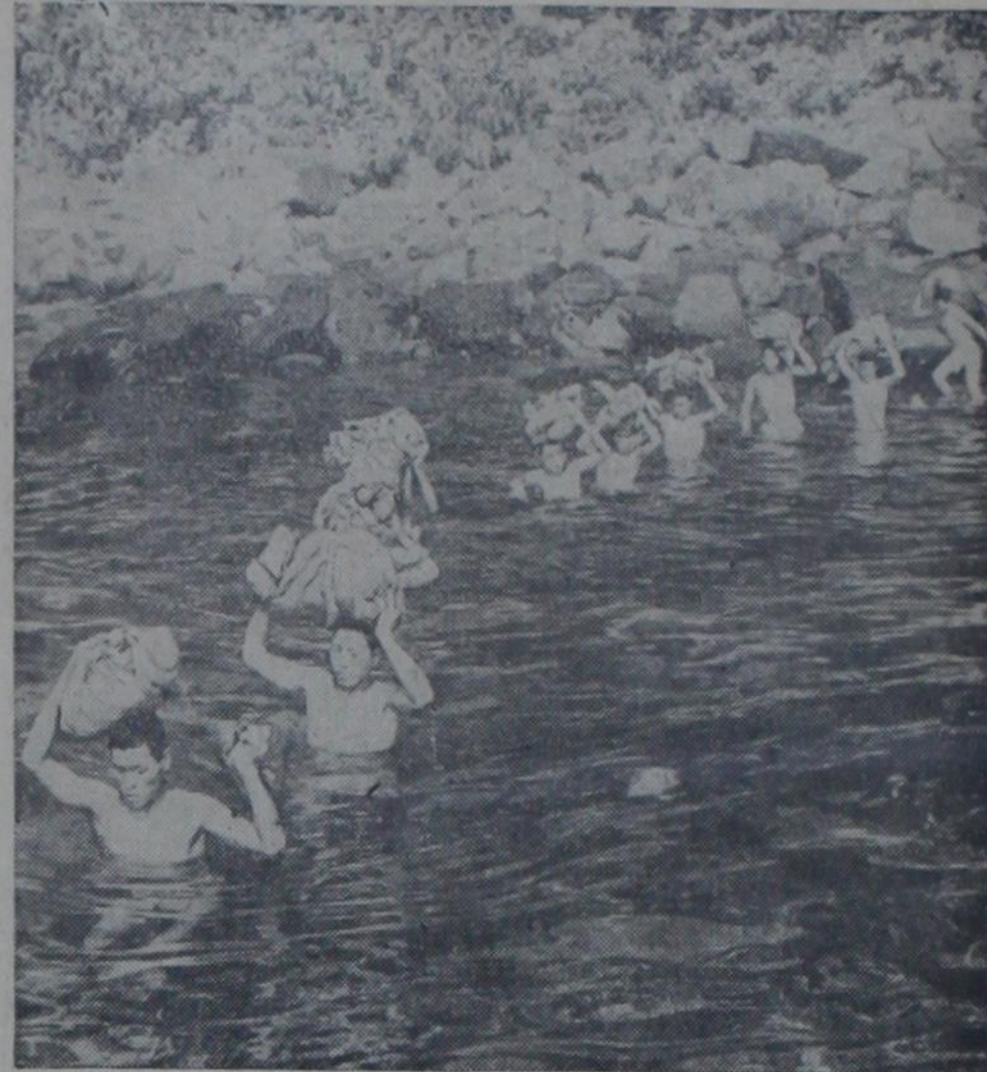
The State Health Officer emphasized the importance of keeping the baby constantly protected from flies, mosquitoes and other insects which may transmit diseases. Dr. Cox said that pamphlets outlining the proper care of the baby may be had free upon request to local health departments and the State Department.

NEW HANDBOOKS PLANNED

Two special handbooks for the teaching of safety in Texas public schools—city and county—will be the outcome of a two months' safety education course now in progress at the University of Texas. Forty Texas school teachers are now enrolled in the course, which is being conducted by the University in cooperation with the State Department of Education.

Nilda Castro-Perea, University of Texas student from Lima, Peru, has been awarded the U. T. S. A. (Women's sports association) scholarship award for 1945-56. She is a physical education and sociology major, and is a member of three honorary fraternities.

They Knew When They Had Enough



These sons of the Rising Sun had enough of the war. Coming out of hiding in the rocks and bushes of Keramma Retto when that island was taken by the Americans, they signaled a navy LÖVP picket boat offshore. Obviously far from destitute, they looked healthy and carried money, razors, diaries, tooth brushes, photographs and clothing over their heads.

The Mirabeau B. Lamar Library The Spindletop gusher, brought of the University of Texas, with in during January, 1901, marked 702,429 volumes, is the largest li-the opening of the world's first real- library in the South. ly great oil field.

CLOSE-OUT!

In order to close out our stock of planting seed—both certified and regular—we are offering what we have left on hand at—

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES!

It will pay you to buy your seed for next year at the prices we are asking!

Goldsmith Produce

FARWELL, TEXAS

SAY REDDY LIVING COSTS ARE 'WAY UP..

YES... BUT ELECTRICITY IS CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE!

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY

20 YEARS OF GOOD CITIZENSHIP AND PUBLIC SERVICE

BE READY WHEN THE SAND STARTS BLOWING

—BUY A—

GRAHAM-HOEME PLOW

Now Available Not Rationed

Blowing has already started in many sections. We have the plows. Get them while the getting is good.

Only the Graham-Hoeme has self-sharpening points; no side drafts; lasts a lifetime; plows all types of land without adjustments. Conserves the moisture by by-passing the moisture through the top soil.

C. R. ELLIOTT CO.

BOVINA, TEXAS

Quality PAINTS FOR EVERY NEED!

Cook's still offer you paints of the finest quality for every purpose, at no increase in price. Visit us for every decorating need.

PAINT THE HOUSE COOK'S QUALITY HOUSEPAINT	BRIGHTEN UP FURNITURE USE RAPIDRY ENAMEL	BEAUTIFY WALLS COROC Wall Finish	Re-Finish the WOODWORK VELVAY Semi-Gloss	VARNISH THE FLOORS RAPIDRY VARNISH
SHINE UP THE LINOLEUM LINOLEUM FINISH	NEW BEAUTY FOR PORCH FLOORS & STEPS SCUFF PROOF Floor Enamel	Gay Color For SHUTTERS COOK'S TRIM COLORS	PAINT THE Lawn Chairs RAPIDRY ENAMEL	PROTECT THE SCREENS SCREEN ENAMEL
FOR SAFER STAIRS SCUFF PROOF Floor Enamel	RENEW TOYS & BRIC-A-BRAC RAPIDRY ENAMEL	For Gates and FENCES COOK'S TRIM COLORS	COOK'S OFFER YOU THE "BEST"	

RAPIDRY ENAMEL, Qt. \$1.55
VELVAY SEMI-GLOSS, Qt. \$1.10
COROC WALL FINISH, Gal. \$2.98
SCUFF-PROOF Floor Enamel, Qt. \$1.20
RAPIDRY VARNISH, Qt. \$1.44
LINOLEUM FINISH, Qt. \$1.55
COOK'S TRIM COLORS, Qt. \$1.36
COOK'S SCREEN ENAMEL, Qt. 73c
COOK'S HOUSE PAINT—1¢ per square foot
2-Coats Costs You Only 1¢ per square foot
FINISHES FOR ANY PAINTING NEED

Gaines Hardware Co.

BOVINA, TEXAS

ASK TO SEE OUR WIDE SELECTION OF FINE WALLPAPERS

As We Take The Last Step to Final Victory

We reflect upon the fine co-operation of our friends and customers which has enabled us to carry through. We are truly grateful for their patience and understanding of our many problems.

We only wish it were possible to announce "New Cars soon for all." But, for obvious reasons this announcement must wait. How long? Frankly, we don't know. But, with the great accumulated need for new cars (estimated at 12 million) with so many problems of reconversion, "new cars for all" are yet in the distant future.

That's the commensurate viewpoint . . . the only safe viewpoint when considering your present car. You can't afford to risk a breakdown before a new car is assured. The only sure bet is to give it proper care and keep it in good repair.

Truly, you can't lose by keeping your car in condition. You'll have a GOOD car until production catches up . . . a good "trade-in" when you can get a new car. Drive in. Let's talk it over.

Sikes Motor Company

FORD and MERCURY FORD TRACTOR
Farwell, Texas.

RELATES EXPERIENCES

(Continued from Page 1)
bail out when the engine caught fire.

"I was picked up in about ten minutes after I hit the ground," he went on, telling how the American fighter pilots watched the parachutists go down. "A bunch of German women and children came out from the fields and surrounded me—it didn't take long for the Germans to pick us up, we were easy to spot with a bunch around us. I did something to my knee, it wouldn't work right, so I couldn't get up and hide," he said.

Taken to Stalug Luft 3 at Sagau, Germany, Roberts remained there until January 27th of this year, when the Russian drive threatened the camp. Finally, the Germans had the prisoners hike, in the general direction of Moosburg, "but we only walked about 50 miles, then they put us on boxcars. We were surprised at that—figured they'd just keep walking us around and around over Germany until the war was over," Roberts reported.

The American officers in the camp were treated reasonably well, the local flyer said, adding, "It was a sort of propaganda camp—ever so often the Red Cross would come through and inspect and then make a report—we were more or less guinea pigs for the news about prison camps."

Medical treatment was very poor, he went on, saying "aspirin was their stock medicine . . . they'd give you an aspirin for anything." The mail situation in his own particular case was "good—I got 350 letters

from home while I was there, and parcels, which helped out a lot. They had a crazy system there. Had a bunch of German girls in charge of the mail and they had to censor it. They'd pile up a bunch in a corner and work a little, then some more would come in and they'd pile it on top of the first batch. Lots of guys who knew their folks were writing got hardly any mail at all, it was probably all piled up there waiting to be checked. Other times, all the mail that was delivered would go to a few men."

The food at Moosburg was very poor the local boy said, compared to what the prisoners had received at Sagau. "However," he added, "I don't think they (the Germans) had much to eat themselves. I know the people in France said they'd been half-starved ever since the Germans took the country . . . talked to a few of them while waiting to come home."

Lt. Roberts will report at Atlantic City, N. J., on August 18th, to hear what the Army has in store for him. Asked if she was going along, the new Mrs. Roberts laughed and replied, "Sure am—he's not going to get away from me again."

PRAISES OPA
(Continued from Page one)

est to point out that many French women have volunteered to assist a number of our organizations in helping the boys wrap their packages for shipment back home.

While the French rate of exchange is obviously not equitable to the Americans over there, additional steps have been taken to correct these inequities to some degree. An example is illustrated when the Army took over the Grand Hotel in Paris, which is one of the biggest hotels in Europe. This place is thrown open to all members of the Allied forces, where they can buy a good meal for ten francs, which is twenty cents, get a nice room where royalty used to sleep for 40 cents a day. And they can play pingpong, dance, or even get a dish of good old American icecream—with chocolate. This is one of the most popular places in all of Europe and the boys see into thoroughly enjoy all the privileges offered. In addition there are numerous USO and Red Cross establishments scattered in or around Paris. One thing the boys like to do is to go up on the Eiffel Tower. However, when I was there the Army was using the top of this tremendous structure as a radio station. The Champs-Elysees is always crowded with American soldiers. The Arc de Triomphe, Cathedral of Notre Dame, War Building, Latin Quarter, Sorbonne, Versailles and many other points of interest

were very popular with our boys also. And they all seemed to be thoroughly enjoying the conducted tours.

AIRPLANE CRASH

(Continued from Page 1)
Lake. Other interests included the Farwell Bonded Warehouse in this city and an ice plant at Fort Sumner, N. M.

Deaton took up flying only a few months ago, and his wife said he obtained his license early this year. Since that time he had made a number of lights to long-distance points, as well as numerous short hops over the country, looking after his various business interests.

He was a member of the Baptist Church at Oklahoma Lane, the Masonic Lodge, and the Woodmen of the World. For the past several years, he has served as a member of the Farwell Board of Education, and at the time of his death was president of the board. Few men, if any, were held in higher esteem, and his passing will be a severe blow to this community.

He is survived by his widow, four daughters, Mrs. Raymond Martin, Clovis; Mrs. Garland Sisk, Levelland; Mrs. E. M. Baldrige, Muskogee, Oklahoma; Miss Bettie Deaton, Lariat; and two sons, Carl Deaton, U. S. Navy, Corpus Christi, and Earl Deaton, Lariat.

Other survivors include his mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. Will Deaton, Gerles, Calif.; five brothers, Albert, Fresno, Calif.; Owen, Farwell; Bernice, Deming, N. M.; R. L., Farwell; and one sister, Mrs. J. H. Chisum, Richmond, Calif.; three grandchildren and three step-grandchildren.

Former School Head Now With REA

Leo Forrest, former superintendent of the Farwell schools, who has more recently been associated with the Emergency Seed Loan office with headquarters in Hereford, has been selected as project manager of the Deaf Smith County Electric Cooperative.

His appointment became effective on June 15th. The Deaf Smith County project serves Deaf Smith, Castro, and Parmer counties.

From his office in Hereford, Forrest revealed that contracts on 123 miles of short extensions, which were approved before the war, were likely to be let within the next few months. Due to shortages of materials and labor, he gave it as his opinion these extensions would not be forthcoming for some time yet.

4-H Encampment Dates Are Set For District

August 27th, 28th and 29th have been set as dates for the annual District 2 4-H Club encampment, which will be held in Ceta Glen, Palo Duro Canyon, according to announcement made today by County Agent Lee McElroy.

McElroy said that a number of Parmer County clubbers were planning to attend the gathering, but added that an adult counselor for the group must be secured before camp time.

Competitive target shooting, always a popular recreation at 4-H encampments promises to be one of the top favorites again this year, and state headquarters reports that a priority for ammunition has been secured. Other recreational and educational activities will also be planned for the assembly.

TO OPEN SHOP

Mrs. Sterlyn Billington announced this week that she would open her beauty shop in Farwell on Friday of this week. Her place of business has been closed for the past few months, while she and the children were with her husband, who was in the Navy and stationed at Mare Island. He was recently discharged.

Ration, Draft Boards Close Saturday P. M.

Effective July 14, the local Selective Service office and the Parmer county ration office will be closed each Saturday afternoon.

Persons having business to transact are reminded that both boards will close at 12 noon on Saturdays, and will not reopen until the following Monday morning at the regular hours.

The action is taken in accordance with a directive from national headquarters of Selective Service and OPA, authorizing a 44-hour week for workers, rather than 48 hours.

The FSA office announced Wednesday morning that it would likewise be closed Saturday afternoon of each week, after 12 o'clock.

Assignments Given Local Inductees

Out of the five inductees sent out of this county on July 2, two were assigned to the Army and three drew Navy duty, it was learned here this week.

Jack Leon Wallace and Alvis Oren Bell went to the Army, and Joe Bates, Jennings, Joseph Alford Threet, Elwin Blake Gooch were sent to the Navy.

Four registrants from the local board on July 3 have been found acceptable for military training. They are:

Artemus Virgil Warren, Raymond Godfrey Treider, Jr., John Edhar

W. D. WANZOR

Public Auctioneer
Muleshoe, Texas.

26 Years Experience

Owner

MULESHOE LIVESTOCK AUCTION

Sales Every Wednesday

Phones:

Res. 143—Sale Barn 135

Muleshoe

FOX FOX

Refresh Yourself and Meet Your Friends
at the "coolest spot in town"
The Fox Soda Fountain

FOX DRUG STORE

FOX FOX

Hardage (transfer from Wichita County), Elmer Carris Hall, Alton B. Damron, acceptable for limited service.

some school outside their home district, regardless of the fact that such transfers may have been executed in previous years, he added.

Patrons Reminded Of School Transfers

County Judge A. D. Smith today reminded school patrons that school transfers must be made during the month of July, before the last day of the month.

Application blanks for transferring students from one school district to another must be filled out at the office of the county judge, which in turn are sent to Austin for approval, Judge Smith said.

Such transfers must be executed for all students who plan to attend

IN REVIVAL MEETING

Rev. Charles Walker, pastor of the Methodist church, is in San Jon, N. M., this week, conducting a revival meeting. Rev. W. C. Sims, the district superintendent, will conduct services next Sunday morning, and there will be no preaching services in the evening, it was announced.

Kudzu, a long-lived perennial plant was first introduced and grown in Texas by the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station about 1914.



OUR ARMED FORCES

Are doing all in their power to end the war on the far-flung battle fronts.

OUR PART IS ON THE HOME FRONT

At harvesting and handling the grain crop in the shortest possible time, the least cost and the greatest margin of profit to all concerned. We are striving to do our part.

Farwell Elevator Co.

W. BART OSBORNE, Mgr.



Many a soldier devotes his furlough to day-and-night mechanized operation on the home farm. This is Cpl. Delmar Van Horn, Jr. with his dad at Jefferson, Iowa.

**THEY DID IT BEFORE—
THEY CAN DO IT AGAIN
With Farmall Tractor Power**

THROUGHOUT the Spring, from the Rockies to the Atlantic seaboard, worried farmers searched the skies for signs of clear weather, but the cold rains fell relentlessly.

For more than a month the seed should have been germinating in the warm soil. Millions of acres lay unplanted because the ground was too wet for preparation of the seed bed and too cold for germination of the seed.

Only a generation ago there could have been but one outcome—crop shortage and food scarcity. Nature allows scant time for planting when the warm sun waits till late May or June before drying the soggy soil. Horses are too slow and tire too quickly to get the job done then.

But the farmers remember May of 1943—only two years ago—when their fast, untiring tractors averted crop failure. Then, too, rains flooded the fields and the month was all but spent before they could go in on the land and plant.

In 1943, most farmers drove their tractors

from dark to dark, and longer. Many planted around the clock, working in two or three shifts. They made one of the greatest crops in history.

In today's war-torn world—with hunger and disease already stalking many peoples—even one major crop failure could bring famine. This is why the sound of tractors and planting machinery was heard, day and night, from the Plains states to the Eastern seaboard—why headlights stabbed the darkness over the fields.

America's farmers are doing it again, in spite of an unprecedented combination of adverse circumstances—bad weather, shortages of machines and shortages of manpower. For the second time in three years, they are relying upon their tractor-powered machines to help rescue large areas of the world from catastrophe. More of these tractors are products of International Harvester than of any other company.



INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
180 N. Michigan Ave. Chicago 1, Illinois

* BUY MORE BONDS *

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER



You won't have a thing to worry about when you bring us your country produce. We'll take complete charge, give you honest weights and accurate tests on every transaction.

FORD PRODUCE COMPANY

Wheat Wanted

We are in the market for your wheat in any manner you desire it to be handled: outright sale, Commodity Credit or Government Loan.

Storage Can Be Arranged

Roberts Seed Co.

Texico, N. M.



Those Three HIDDEN DANGERS

War-time driving is hard on any car. And hidden dangers go unnoticed until tragedy strikes. Have these checked before it's too late:

- SLUDGE will clog your engine
- RISKY BRAKES will not hold
- WORN STEERING affects tire life

KARL'S AUTO CLINIC

NOTABLE NEWS EVENTS IN PICTURES



BACK TO SCHOOL—Under program for re-education of German youth, these children have returned to classroom in Aachen, Germany. Schools were closed last September because of Allied bombing. Teacher conducting first lesson in new term was selected by Allied Military Government.



OUTDOOR GIRL—Actress Vera Ellen wears printed cotton dirndl and bra as she sets out to row at Lake Arrowhead, Calif. Attractive starlet is taking brief vacation before returning to Hollywood for her next picture.



NOT FORGOTTEN—Before moving on with 10th Army on Okinawa, Lt. Gen. Bolivar Buckner paused to place flowers at the grave of one of his men slain in combat. General Buckner was later killed in action June 18, a few days before Okinawa fell.



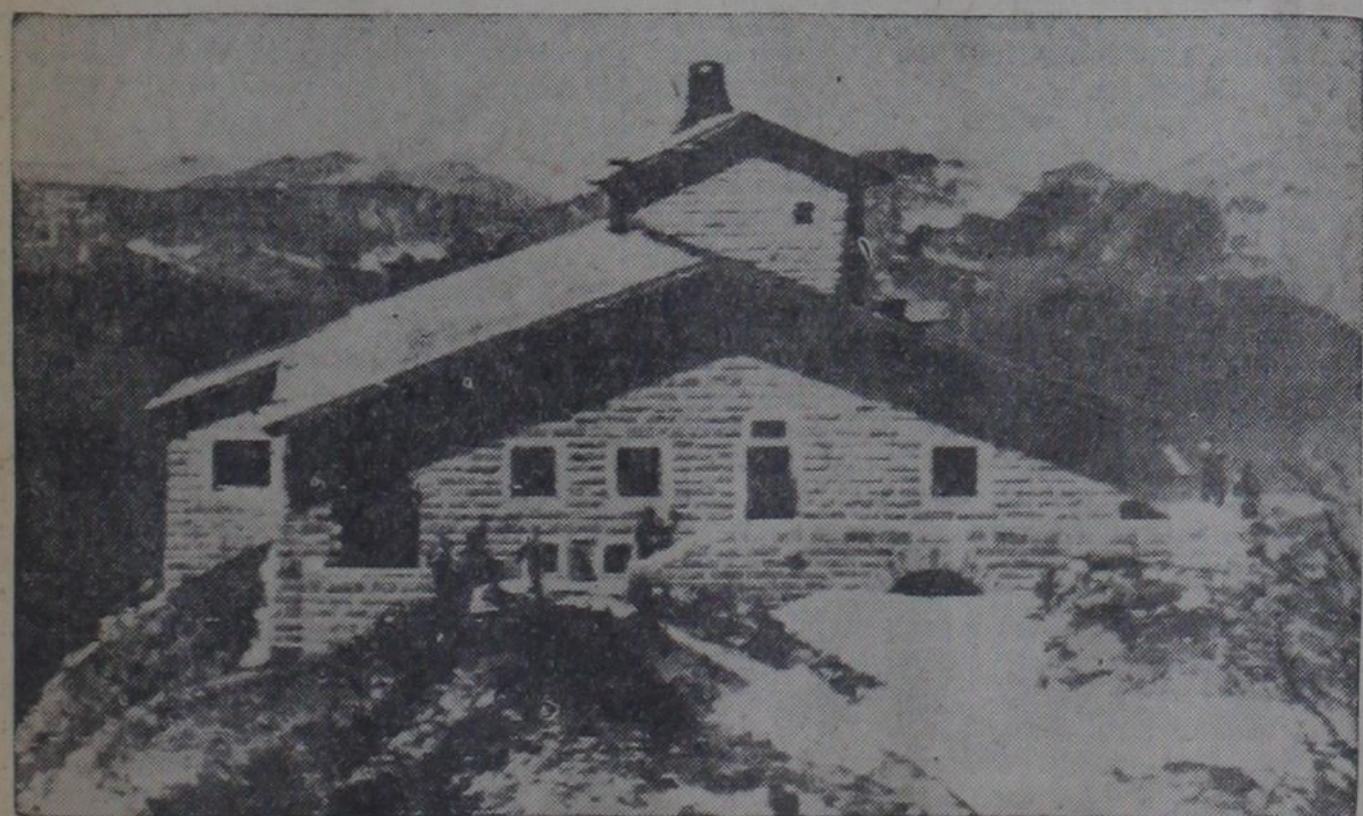
MAIL CALL—First letters from home since arrival on Ie Shima calls for lull in foxhole digging by Cpl. Arthur D. Olds (left) of Hartford, Mich., and Sgt. Arthur L. Frank, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Less fortunate Yanks go on with work.



PORTABLE FLAME THROWER M2-2 designed especially to combat Japs, is demonstrated at Little Falls, N. J. Solid sheet of flame shoots from new weapon during practice firing of jellied gasoline. Range of firing has been increased with new fuel from 30 yards to more than 60 yards. Gun can be fired either in short bursts or in one continuous burst on Japanese positions. Flame throwers were used in final assaults against Jap positions on Okinawa. They were especially effective in driving Japs from foxholes and caves.



TASTY SNACK—Pvt. John A. Pello doesn't realize it, but he is doing better at mealtime on Okinawa than he would back home in Bronx, N. Y. The Marine is simmering tasty dish of hamburgers and bacon over open grill. With the enemy now annihilated on island, fighters can relax a bit.



EAGLE'S NEST—Small stone house nestled high in Bavarian Alps above Berchtesgaden is known as Eagle's Nest. It was Hitler's retreat when he felt he needed a rest. It still is favorite resting place—for U. S. soldiers on pleasure tours in southern Germany. (Signal Corps Photo).



UNPARALLELED record is held by Lt. Audi L. Murphy, Farmersville, Texas, who has won every medal of honor offered by the United States. He recently was presented Congressional Medal of Honor at Salzburg, Austria. He was home on furlough in June and the entire population of Farmersville turned out to welcome him.



LIBERTY BELL—Gen. Carl Spaatz (left), commander of the Strategic Bombing Forces in Europe, and Gen. Omar Bradley, commander of the 12th Army Group, touch the famed Liberty Bell in Independence Hall in Philadelphia. City celebrated arrival of generals with parade and confetti.

OKINAWA ISLAND CAPTURE

Of Strategic Importance

By MILITARY STAFF EDITOR
(New York Times)

AMERICAN forces on Okinawa Island won final victory in their bloodiest battle of the Pacific war. In the climax to a long, bitter struggle for a foothold within Japan's inner zone of defenses, Tenth Army troops broke through the last of the enemy's Okinawa positions and reached the island's southernmost beaches. Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz declared the island won. In a special message he said: "To the officers and men . . . who had their parts in achieving this important victory—Well done."

It had taken seven divisions, powered by the largest invasion armada assembled in this theatre, 82 days to smash a defending garrison of 90,000 men. In all, upward of 100,000 tons of bombs and shells, thousands of rounds of mortar ammunition and millions of rifle and machine-gun bullets were poured into the Japanese positions on Okinawa. American casualties on shore totaled 11,260 men killed and 33,769 wounded—more than twice as great as Iwo's 4,630 killed and 15,308 wounded. Air attacks, mostly by Japanese suicide pilots, sank 33 ships and damaged more than 50 others.

But this measure of the cost had to be placed against the objective won. Okinawa lies 330 miles from Japan's home islands, 400 miles from the coast of China. When airfields, roads, port facilities and other installations have been completed, the irregular, 62-mile-long island will serve as a springboard for further assaults. Both Japan proper and China seem likely targets. The prime questions are—which will be hit first and in what strength?

Preponderance of Allied Power

One thing was sure: a preponderance of Allied equipment and fire power would be brought to bear against any defense the enemy might try to offer. At a Congressional committee hearing on Army appropriations recently Gen. George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, said: "Economy in lives and material, as well as the psychology of the American people, demand that we mount a swift, powerful offensive, forcing a victory at the earliest possible moment." Before this could be brought about, however, he estimated that B-29 raids by 1,000 planes daily would drop a total of 2,700,000 tons of bombs on

Japan. In addition, 3,000,000,000 rounds of large and small ammunition would be fired.

Top Navy commanders are believed to favor striking directly at the empire's heart—at Japan itself—to bring about the quickest end. In their view, invasion of the homeland, by knocking out key areas of industry and war potential, could knock the Japanese out of the war. Such an operation would, in effect, by-pass the enemy's strong positions on the mainland, leaving them for later destruction. The long

that Japan must be hammered back to her home islands, deprived of maneuvering space, before the final attacks can be made. Its sponsors hold that the enemy's strength at home is incomparably greater than any yet met. To overcome it would require a force far superior to the 120,000 men landed on Okinawa. For the invasion of Europe, some 4,000 ships of all kinds—ships which could shuttle back some 80 miles across the English Channel for repeat loads—were employed. Against Japan at least three times as much shipping



HONOR THE INFANTRY—Typical of the infantrymen who have the toughest fight with least glory, is Pfc. Terry Paul Moore who pauses from weary fighting to light a cigarette on Okinawa Island. He crouches behind boulders near Yonabaru lest a Jap sniper bullet finds its mark. The capture of Okinawa was announced by Admiral Nimitz June 22.

chain of Pacific successes, Navy leaders point out, is proof that even the most formidable defenses can be overcome when great enough strength is applied. According to this plan, a diversionary move, either simultaneously or as a preliminary, would be launched against the coast of China because, as Admiral Nimitz has stated: "We will need many positions (for the assault and) it may well be that some of these positions will be in China."

Hammered Back to Home Islands

Another view of future strategy is

would be needed to cover the 330 miles from Okinawa, much more for the 1,200 miles from Luzon.

Instead of moving immediately against Japan, therefore, these military experts—and Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, appointed to head the Tenth Army, is one—have urged that the major drive be westward. Revitalized Chinese forces already have seized some 160 miles of the coast opposite Okinawa. Landings there could be made with less difficulty, air bases built to aid in later blows against the mainland and northward drives launched toward the main

enemy concentrations and resources in Manchuria. A major drawback would be the difficulty of maintaining supply in from the coast; land communications like those that carried the Allies across Europe are almost non-existent.

On Other Fronts

Preparations for these blows, where ever they may finally be struck, were being pushed on many sectors. Fear-filled Japanese broadcasts told of American flotillas assembling in waters south of Okinawa and of scouting by American planes in what were reported as preliminaries to invasion. But American communiques only mentioned operations already under way. In the Philippines General MacArthur's forces hinged ahead to pin the remaining Japanese forces on Luzon into a 90-mile stretch of Cagayan Val-

ley. On oil-rich Borneo, Australian units made a new landing at the northern end of Brunei Bay. Troops landed earlier continued their drives to recapture the Japanese-held oil fields on the eastern half of the island.

The air attack on the Japanese homeland, pressing the war of attrition on production centers as troops and warships do on the fronts, was swinging into a new phase. The last six months have witnessed a mounting tempo of saturation bombings against the enemy's main industries, his communications and, not the least, his morale; now the attention is turning to smaller objectives—to pin-pointing smaller, scattered factories and even tactical, pre-invasion targets, such as airfields, installations and even troop concentrations. B-29's from Guam and Saipan, having "run out" of larger cities as objectives for the while, made a second set of incendiary raids on some of Japan's lesser industrial centers.

The Okinawa corner has been turned. It leaves in doubt only the duration, not the outcome of the struggle.

SILKWORM-RAISING

A Success in Texas

(Paper delivered before the Texas Legislature, Austin, Texas, May 10, 1945, by Ernest M. Mims, Manager of Chamber of Commerce, Mineral Wells, Texas).

ABOUT two years ago a man came into the Chamber of Commerce office and asked me whether I had seen the silkworms being raised in Palo Pinto county near Mineral Wells, Texas. When I learned that he was serious about it, I went immediately to see the worms. I was amazed at seeing thousands of them spinning their cocoons. My first question to the man raising them was, "Is there a market for these cocoons?" His reply was, "I don't know; I have been doing this for nine years as a hobby."

I wrote several Eastern silk manufacturers inquiring as to a market and was assured that we could sell all of the cocoons that we could produce. One of the companies happened to be the one that has a newly created and patented automatic reeling machine

for unwinding the cocoons into skeins or onto spinner's bobbins for commercial use. W. S. Roberts, the head of this company in New York, requested samples of the cocoons. A supply was shipped to him. He was so well pleased with the quality of the silk that he made a trip to Mineral Wells and spent several weeks studying the soil, climate, etc., over a large area. He stated that our community as well as a large part of Texas was ideal for the raising of silkworms and the production of cocoons.



Silkworms being fed at Mineral Wells, Texas. The worms are in trays that are placed on shelves

Silk Producing Company Organized

Finally a contract was made with Mr. Roberts whereupon he agreed to move his entire reeling equipment from New York to Mineral Wells, Texas, if the citizens of Mineral Wells would organize a company of their own, buy land, plant approximately 30,000 mulberry trees, encourage farmers to go into cocoon production and use the local set-up as a training school for anyone who wanted to come to Mineral Wells and learn how to produce silk from cocoons.

The money necessary for this company was subscribed by sixty leading business and professional men of Mineral Wells as rapidly as it could be listed. The interest was so great that the company planted 63,000 mulberry trees instead of the agreed 30,000. I have never seen trees grow faster. Planted the latter part of March, 1944, today they will average about an inch and a half to two inches in circumference and are from four to six feet in height. Bearing mulberry roots were planted and budded with a developed hybrid which has proved to be the best type of mulberry leaf for producing silkworms exactly like those produced in Japan.

Heretofore, America has not been able to compete with cheap Japanese labor in producing silk, but this reeling machine eliminates about eight Japanese processes and makes it possible for the first time in history for America to compete with Japan in silk production.

ed in Texas in 1945. Some of these companies have stated that they would like to stage a national campaign advertising their materials as manufactured from Texas-raised silk.

Within the last three months various groups, representing a total of 14 hosiery mills, have visited Mineral Wells to see the silk project in operation. Each of them has been enthusiastic over the prospects of being able to purchase American-grown silk. One company representative offered to purchase the first 5 years production. This offer was declined. We told him that if his company would move its hosiery mill to Texas we would talk business.

How a Farmer Can Produce Silk

A farmer who will diligently work can produce a new crop of cocoons about every 45 to 50 days during the leafing season. The silkworm egg is placed in an incubator or any space that is kept at about 78 degrees for about ten days. When hatched, the worm is about the size of a small ant. For about 26 days it eats mulberry leaves and at the end of this time it is approximately 800 times as large as when hatched. The average worm, when grown and ready to spin its cocoon, is approximately three inches long. It then stops eating and spins its cocoon which takes about four days. The starting thread of the cocoon is on the outside and the ending thread and the worm are on the inside. If the cocoon is not stifled within about ten days, either by freezing or steaming,

(Continued on Page 7, column 4)

B-29's INCENDIARY BOMBING

Cripples Nip War Plants

By ROBERT TRUMBULL

(By Wireless from Guam to New York Times)

JAPAN'S tens of thousands of flimsy "shadow factories" upon which the large assembly plants depend for small parts are being put out of business in the current incendiary program of the B-29's. The twenty-first Bomber Command headquarters estimates that the first incendiary raid—that on Tokyo on March 10—burned out about eleven thousand war materials workshops in private homes. This and similar destruction of the shadow factories in succeeding incendiary attacks on Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama and Osaka are expected to impair seriously the war industries that tiny subcontractors support. Homelessness, confusion and terror in the bombed-out cities are important but incidental.

Strategic Bombing

This is "strategic bombing"—an effort against the industrial ability of the enemy to wage war. Pacific Fleet carrier planes in their recent forays into the heart of the Japanese Empire have concentrated on destroying warships first of all, then airplanes, then hangars, workshops and other airfield installations. This is "tactical bombing"—destruction of the fighting weapons the enemy has immediately in hand. These two separate bombing programs might be described respectively as long-range and short-range—not in the sense of distance but of time for the effect of these attacks to be felt at the fighting fronts.

American planes will begin hitting Japan with bombs at the rate of 2,000,000 tons a year by July 1, Gen. H. H. Arnold announced in a dramatic press conference at Guam at the very moment when 520 Superfortresses were dumping a 3,000-ton load on the great industrial city of Osaka.

"Japan has a thousand small targets

in backyard workshops and homes," he explained.

"Suicide planes are cheap and can be made in a back yard. That is why we went into the destruction program to beat Japan. It is necessary to destroy five key cities (Tokyo, Nagoya, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka). It is going to be a terrible place to live in," Arnold emphasized.

Immediate Purpose

The immediate purpose of any air

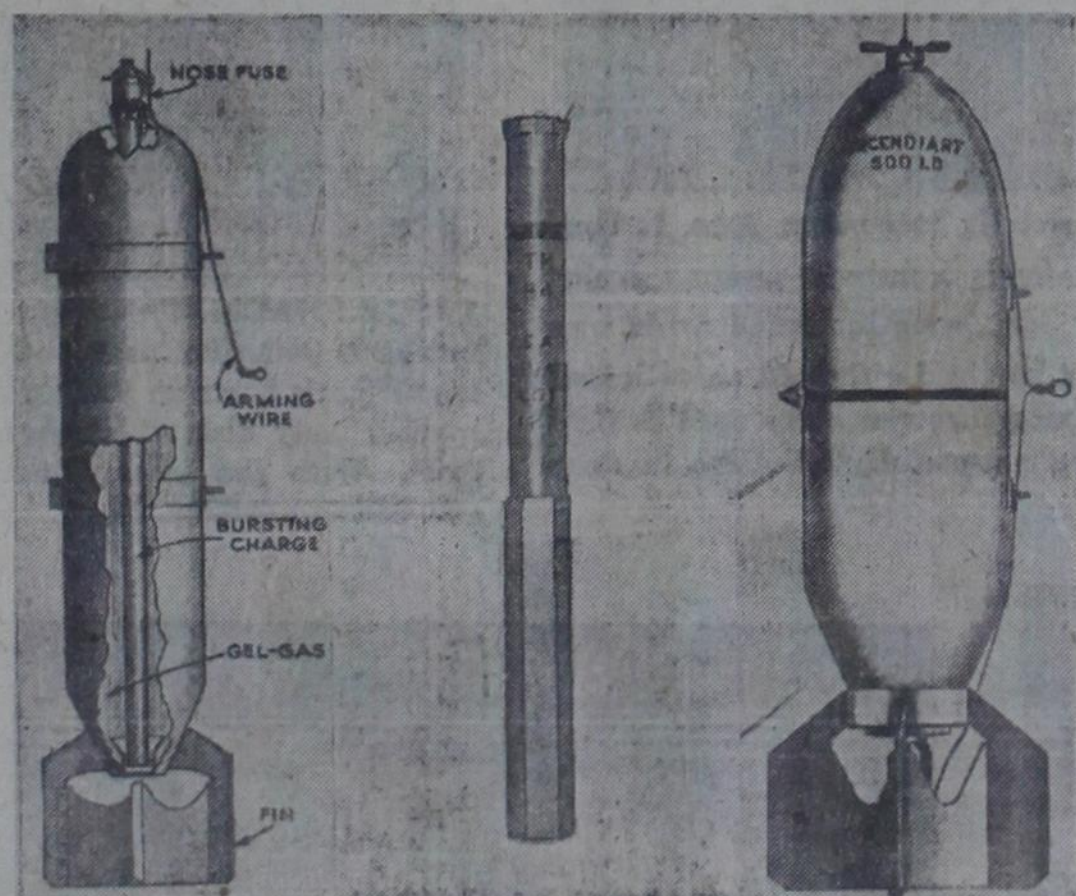
effective range of Japanese anti-aircraft batteries, poured 4,500 tons of firebomb clusters into a ten-square-mile area in the heart of the city. This was approximately the area destroyed by fires following the 1923 earthquake. It is known that at that time 8,000 small factories were destroyed—home plants employing five or more persons. The B-29 raid burned out seventeen square miles and affected at least 11,000 factories that were producing war material.

The biggest raid to date was a strike by more than 550 sky dreadnaughts on Tokyo May 24. The raiders spilled 4,500 tons of incendiaries in that foray. Four thousand more tons were dumped on the capital city two days later. This increased Tokyo's burned out area to about 50 square miles.

Small-Scale Production

The Japanese industrial system makes the country peculiarly vulnerable to such tactics. The Japanese are not large-scale mass producers. The big factories, made of fire-proof construction since the 1923 quake, are only a small part of Japanese war industry. Their tools and machine parts are produced in the thousands of "shadow plants," some consisting only of a lathe operated by a few persons in the front or back room of a dwelling. Production of these myriad tiny units is sold to the big assembly and subassembly plants on a piecework basis.

Early B-29 missions, aimed exclusively at major plants such as the Musashino works, were not satisfactory because the big plants were only 20 to 50 per cent damageable and non-incendiary bombs touched shadow plants hardly at all. Furthermore, high-level bombing produced poor reconnaissance and required accuracy beyond the capacity of the instruments and the men who work them. So the low-level incendiary plan was conceived by Maj. Gen. Curtis E. Le May, head of the twenty-first Bomber Command, (Continued on Page 5, column 3)



100-POUND M-47A2 jellied-oil bomb scatters its flaming, gooey filling all over an area 40 yards in diameter.

FOUR-POUND M-54 contains nearly two pounds of thermite in a hollow steel shell.

500-POUND "block-burner" (M-76) packed with pyrogel, a mixture of jellied oil, magnesium, and other chemicals.

force is to destroy the enemy's air force. This the B-29's are doing by knocking out aircraft factories, the carrier pilots by destroying Japanese planes. B-29 program is forcing the Japanese to take their aircraft industry to Manchuria, a move which makes the foe more dependent than ever upon vulnerable overwater communications and transport.

The first Tokyo night incendiary raid still ranks as a very successful mission of the B-29's. Some 300 planes, coming in at 5,000-foot levels below

Wants Reich Army Staff Wiped Out

GEN. Dwight D. (Ike) Eisenhower, recalling all the destruction, death and suffering from Nazi militarism, declared recently upon his return to the United States: "The German general staff must be destroyed"—never to rise and make war again.

Germany also must be taught, he said, "that crime does not pay."

He estimated 15,000 war criminals now are in British and American hands.

Denying the necessity of a future Soviet-American War, Gen. Eisenhower declared in his last press conference in Europe that he had encountered nothing in his experience with Soviet military and diplomatic leaders that impeded co-operation with the Russians.

The Marshal said Nazism was not dead and for this reason the non-fraternization policy must be maintained. German girls between 18 and 21 who were Army and Air Corps auxiliaries were declared to be especially anti-British.

He estimated that the Army of Occupation would have to remain in Germany for from six to ten years while the military gradually gave way to civil government and economic life gradually was restored.

New League of Nations Not Perfect

William Phillip Simms, Scripps-Howard writer who attended the San Francisco Peace Conference, says:

"There is wide agreement that the new League of Nations is anything but perfect. Delegates admit it does not come up to expectations of the most pronounced optimists, but they also assert that it is not as bad as some pessimists predicted.

"The delegates say for it: 'At least it's a start.' And to those who take the dark view, there is the question: 'Well, what would you suggest as an alternative?' To that, no one seems to have a constructive answer. The only alternative would seem to be a world divided against itself.

"There is still, of course, considerable dissatisfaction over the veto powers of the Big Five; over the difficulties raised against future amendments; and so on. The answer to these and similar objections is that 50 different nations had to be reasonably satisfied with the charter and agreement compromises. It was that or no new League of Nations, no Big Five unity and not much chance of a lasting peace," Simms added.

Texan Wins Every Valor Award

With the award of the Congressional Medal of Honor, Lt. Audie L. Murphy, age 21, of Farmersville, Texas, has become the second man in the United States Army to win every existing decoration for valor. The only other man equalling his record is Capt. Maurice Britt, of Fayetteville, Ark., one of Murphy's fellow officers.

The Texan was presented the Congressional Medal of Honor, the nation's highest military decoration, for holding off 250 attacking enemy infantrymen and six tanks almost singlehandedly in a battle.

Lt. Murphy also is the recipient of the Bronze Star, two Silver Stars, the Distinguished Service Cross, Combat Infantryman's Badge and a Presidential Unit Citation. His commission was won on the battlefield after he rose in 30 months from a buck private to a company commander while serving with the Seventh Army in Europe.

"Flying Ambulances"

More than 7,000 wounded American men have been removed from advanced Luzon battlefields by versatile little "flying hospitals," Maj.-Gen. Ennis C. Whitehead, of the Fifth Air Force, has announced.

Gen. Whitehead revealed nearly 12,000 sorties have been flown by the airborne ambulances and 7,214 patients safely returned to rear-area hospitals, frequently within a few hours after they had been wounded.

The fragile but highly maneuverable "ambulances" were bought for the Army Air Forces by subscriptions of thousands of school children throughout the United States. They have been praised often by commanders of advanced ground troops for their brilliant accomplishments in time after time landing in Jap-held territory to rescue wounded and expedite their return to medical centers.

The little ships have flown more than 50,000 hours in Luzon on mercy missions—picking up wounded or dropping urgently needed first-aid supplies to ground forces.

In almost six months of operations in battle areas the flying ambulances have

yet to have one of their pilots lost either in action or in an operational mishap, nor has any patient been further injured.

Gen. Whitehead also disclosed that more than 100 flying ambulance airdromes dot Luzon, the bulk being near hospitals or in the fighting lines.

Allies Name 2,657 As War Criminals

Indictments have been drawn against

dence against Axis war criminals in all theaters of the war.

The 16 nations now are searching out war criminals separately, it was explained, leading to confusion in gathering evidence and in preparations for trials of the accused.

U. S. Sending Cattle, Feed, Grain, Tools to Europe

The United States is sending live cattle and horses, seed, grain, and tools to Europe to help restore that continent's shattered agriculture, officials at Washington have announced.

Nazi burglary and war action destroyed one-third of Europe's livestock. Seed and feed bins are almost empty, and machinery is old, scarce. Great areas of land are burned, bomb-scarred, and in need of fertilizer.

Experts estimate it will take two or three full harvest seasons to bring European crop yields back to normal and six to ten years to replace livestock. Shipment of supplies already has begun through lend-lease, the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, and direct purchase by European governments.

Cache of Stolen Nazi Loot

Troops of the U. S. Third Army have found in Regensburg Bank vaults a Nazi hoard of gold, silver, jewelry and securities valued tentatively at more than \$5,000,000, according to an Army announcement.

The treasure was believed to represent the main national wealth of Austria and of Bavaria, looted by the Nazis in a systematic campaign.

First Lt. John Stack, Jr., San Francisco, fiscal officer the 12th Corps Local Military Government Detachment, found the hoard in the vaults of the Regensburg Reichsbank.

It included loot known to have been taken from the death camp victims at Dachau and Buchenwald. There were suitcases and boxes of watches, bracelets and other jewelry, in addition to 2,200 pounds of silver bullion melted down from jewelry.

First estimates of the value of the treasure placed it far in excess of the gold cache found in a Merken salt mine earlier in the year.

The announcement of the find did not say when it was made. What was described officially as the main national wealth of Austria, included foreign securities valued at \$3,000,000. The Bavarian loot included domestic German securities valued at \$2,000,000,000.

The loot included a solid gold tabernacle from the Russian Orthodox Church at Prague. There also was \$50,000 to \$100,000 worth of gold and silver coins and 12 bars of gold bullion valued at \$300,000.

The announcement also said troops of the 12th Corps found a cache of pure gold valued at \$5,000 on a hay wagon near Haidhausen, Austria.

Lighter, Cheaper Autos

Ford and General Motors have announced they are going to build new light automobiles after the war, but the fact is that most or all manufacturers will bring out lighter cars, says John W. Love, Scripps-Howard staff writer in Detroit.

The real question is whether these new models are going to be in the regular line or distinctly new cars. Ford is figuring on a new engine for this type of car, but has not yet decided on its type. Others are likely to be less radical in their departure from former models, at least at the start.

The shift to the lighter car is expected to be general through the entire price list.

On present plans, the first 1945 cars are not to be in the new light series. But as soon as the manufacturers hit their stride in volume production, the largest number of units may prove to be in cars lighter than any which have come off the assembly lines since the 1920s. It all depends on the market, but the market is expected

to favor the lighter car, and therefore the cheaper.

By bringing out new light cars the automobile companies will be able to supply first-car buyers with an automobile which will cost no more than did the pre-war cars. These first-car buyers will be numbered in the millions.

Lack of Meat to Continue

No immediate relief appears to be in sight as shortages of meat for the public remain acute throughout the United States, the American Meat Institute disclosed recently in announcing results of a survey made at the request of the OPA.

Shortages, the institute said, are slightly worse than a month ago. The institute report said, in part:

"Reports from 751 meat-packing companies and branch houses from coast to coast show meat of all kinds continues in very short supply, some cuts of beef and various sausage items being even less plentiful in relation to demand than a month ago.

"Meat retailers' empty counters graphically tell the story, but the widespread extent of the shortage is shown by results of the survey. Virtually all the reports show extremely short supplies."

Protesting their inability to buy meat at OPA ceiling prices, some 700 Houston, Texas, retail grocers voted June 22 to close their meat departments and keep them closed until wholesalers are forced to comply with price regulations.

Senators Report on Europe

"Senators returning from Europe agree that the situation there is far worse than reported to the American people. Inflation is so bad that they had to pay \$40 for a poor dinner in Paris unless they obtained their francs through the Embassy, when the price was only \$16. While European farmers are growing food for themselves and a fair supply for the market, most city dwellers are unemployed and without even the bare necessities.

"Nowhere but in England, they say, have the masses of the people any real confidence in their governments. European governments, on the other hand, are worried that Russia and the United States will form a close alliance and are anxious to keep these two Allies apart.

"Our military control in Germany is tough but fair, they say, with the results excellent so far. Prisoners of war are doing a major share of the labor for our Army—especially in the selection and reconditioning of equipment to be sent from Europe to the Pacific. Also German war prisoners are being forced to remove the deadly mines they placed everywhere in Europe in advance of the Allied armies. The prisoners, incidentally are happily eating the huge stores of dehydrated foods which our Army is glad to give them."

Russians Divide Prison Food With U. S. Captives

Liberated U. S. prisoners of war were accorded kind treatment by the Russians, who divided their food with them, according to 1st Lt. Billy Evans, who was in Fort Worth on a 60-day leave after 15 months in a German prison camp. He was awarded the Purple Heart, Air Medal and unit Presidential Citation.

With his left hand injured by gunfire, Lt. Evans, pilot on a B-24, parachuted from his plane over Germany after three motors had been shot out. He was suspended in midair when his parachute caught in a tree.

German civilians, armed with guns and carrying a rope, tried to make him free himself. He remained in the tree until German officers arrived and placed him in prison.



WAR WORKERS PLEASE NOTE

This poster is being distributed by the War Department as part of its program to shift attention of war workers to the Pacific—and to remind them that the job isn't done yet. James Montgomery Flagg was the artist. (Army Photo).

2,657 war criminals, it was announced in London, and trials of the accused will begin soon. The total does not include war criminals listed by Russia, which is not a member of the Allied war crimes commission.

More indictments now are in the process of preparation.

Delegates of the 16 nations attending the war crimes conference in the British capital are studying a plan for formation of a world-wide counterpart of the United States FBI to collect evi-

Government Detachment, found the hoard in the vaults of the Regensburg Reichsbank.

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First estimates of the value of the treasure placed it far in excess of the gold cache found in a Merken salt mine earlier in the year.

The announcement of the find did not say when it was made. What was described officially as the main national wealth of Austria, included foreign securities valued at \$3,000,000. The Bavarian loot included domestic German securities valued at \$2,000,000,000.

The loot included a solid gold tabernacle from the Russian Orthodox Church at Prague. There also was \$50,000 to \$100,000 worth of gold and silver coins and 12 bars of gold bullion valued at \$300,000.

The announcement also said troops of the 12th Corps found a cache of pure gold valued at \$5,000 on a hay wagon near Haidhausen, Austria.

Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY

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JULY, made famous by the signing of the Declaration of Independence, is also famous for other things, notably the El Berta peach and the Tom Watson watermelon. Both fruits ripen best in July and are gustatory delights these meatless days. Wars may come and wars may go but the lucious peach and watermelon go on forever, thanks to a beneficent Creator.

Yes, July is a nice month even if it does turn on the heat and turn loose the chigger. No respecter of persons, the meanest critter in the world is a pesky chigger. There is some reason for a chigger biting a pretty woman but when a chigger bites a man it doesn't make sense. The Department of Agriculture should do something about it. The Department spends millions of taxpayers' dollars destroying pests but lets the chigger go its own sweet way to make life miserable for a vast army of unsuspecting victims. Scratching where the chigger bites affords no permanent relief. I try this and the more I scratch the more I itch and the more I realize I am up against a fanatical foe. I am telling you to beware of chiggers and stay away from grassy plots that look cool and inviting. They may harbor a dozen chiggers to each blade of grass—voracious chiggers—that crawl up and dig in somewhere below or above the solar plexus and the umbilicus.

Japs are charged with slaying their own wounded by General MacArthur who has photographs to prove that Jap war leaders have killed their wounded rather than let them be taken prisoners or impede the progress of military operations. This is further proof of Jap barbarism and is without parallel in ancient or modern warfare. Even the Comanche, Kiowa and Apache In-

dians, brutally savage though they were, always tried to rescue their wounded and dead warriors after battle. The world would be better off if all Japs were exterminated. Degenerate, treacherous, they are a people unworthy of a place among civilized nations.

Near Fort Worth recently a wife killed her husband with a rifle and a husband killed his wife with a hatchet. Both killings were preceded by bitter quarrels. It takes two to make a quarrel. Aunt Lucindy, an old negro mammy who cooked for our family and helped mother raise us kids, used to say: "When I gits mad at somebody I keeps my mouth shet and the madder I gits the tighter I shets my mouth." Aunt Lucindy's pertinent remark about getting mad is well worth remembering.

World War II has cost more than one trillion and thirty billion dollars. This estimate, made by experts of American University, in Washington, covers only direct cost, and does not include the destruction and damage of public and private property. Nor does it include

the value of millions of lives. The cost amounts to more than \$500 for every man, woman and child in the world. The greatest plague is war and if the plague is not removed it will eventually destroy civilization. Men should not rely on themselves entirely to find a way to end wars. They should ask God's help through His son, Jesus Christ. There's an answer to war in the "Sermon on the Mount" if we would believe it and heed it's admonitions.

Dr. Reg. Armattoe, noted British anthropologist, states that brunettes are smarter than blondes, who may "look exotic and glamorous, but in intelligence tests make a poor show."

"Of course," the scientist says, "there

are snappy, attractive-looking blondes with a nice line of wise-cracking, but brunettes in the main have more brains." That may go for English blondes but not for U. S. blondes. Over here blondes are as smart as brunettes. If you doubt it look at the record. Every minute every day some smart blond woman makes a fool out of some man and looks perfectly innocent ever afterward.

People are trying to see the points these days—enough to get meat and sugar and shoes and to bring papa home. Points point the way to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Points, not the hand that rocks the cradle, now rules the world. Points, blue, green and red makes melancholy days look colorful. Points, says OPA to the have nots, is what you must have or else you are as tinkling brass and sounding cymbal.

A woman is credited with this saying: "It may be a cabbage leaf. It may be a pansy bed. It may be a pancake, or perhaps a sheep's tail, but if it is on a woman's head, it's a hat." That is a good description of today's female headgear, if a woman did say it. What I can't figure out is why a woman pays \$25 for a dinky-hat that's too small for her head and too unbecoming for her face.

There are some folks in this country who want a soft peace for Germany.

"The editor of our local newspaper has compiled some data on the German government," writes Mrs. Gertrude Norman, of Perry, Okla. "I feel it is something every American should know so I am passing it on:

"The history of Germany is the history of invasion of other countries. "The Germans invaded and pillaged parts of France six times before the time of Christ. In 247 A. D. the Rhine was invaded by the Germans. One year later they went into northeastern France. In 300 A. D. they pillaged Langres but were beaten off. In 351 they conquered the left bank of the Rhine. In 354 they pillaged Lyons and 360 they plundered and burned Besancon. They invaded Belgium in 364. Since then the Germans have invaded their neighbors in the following years: 373, 383, 400, 410, 413, 800, 858, 978, 1124, 1224, 1513, 1521, 1523, 1536, 1544, 1552, 1553, 1567, 1575, 1636, 1674, 1675, 1707, 1708, 1744, 1792, 1793, 1814, 1815, 1870, 1914, 1939."



"Too small for her head and too unbecoming for her face."

FOLKS in Uniform



"Where I come from we line spies up against a wall!"

TEXAS BRIEF NEWS --- from Over the State

AMVETS GET CHARTER

The first World War II organization to obtain a charter in Texas is the AMVETS, or American Veterans of World War II.

POSTCARD ENROUTE 16 YEARS

It took a postcard 16 years to reach Honey Grove, (Fannin county), from Bonham, (Fannin county). The distance is 16 miles.

BILLIE KING DIES

William A. (Billy) King, colorful character of the Southwest, died in El Paso. He left a large collection of curios, including guns, jewelry, silverware, etc.

SPAIN GETS TEXAS COTTON

Approximately 200,000 bales of Texas cotton have been shipped from Galveston to Spanish Mediterranean ports since June, 1944. Spanish flag vessels hauled the cotton.

WAGON INJURIES FATAL

Lloyd Ray Rolan, 2-year-old boy, died of a fractured skull in a Sherman, (Grayson county), hospital after his head had been crushed under a wagon wheel.

NEW NAVAL HOSPITAL

Construction will begin immediately on a 500-bed Navy hospital in Austin. It will cost between four and five million dollars and will be inside the city limits.

BOXING TOURNAMENT

The recent Golden Gloves Boxing Tournament, held in Fort Worth for amateur boxers of the State, showed a profit of \$10,000 from 29,900 paid admissions. Texas winners participated in a national tournament in Chicago.

PETRIFIED BUFFALO HEAD

County Treasurer Bryon Wright, of Haskell, (Haskell county), found the petrified head of a buffalo bull while fishing in a creek. Old-timers recall that the last wild buffalo was killed in that section about 1880.

BOAT ACCIDENT FATAL

Ray Brecht, of Dallas, was only one of 18 persons to drown when a boat overturned in a channel near Seabrook, (Harris county). Seventeen swam to the shore.

FATHER, SON, DROWN TOGETHER

Tom Sneed and his 14-year-old stepson, A. B. Swanner, drowned while swimming in a farm tank near Terrell, (Kaufman county). The man went to the boy's aid when he got into deep water and both were drowned.

NEW INSECTICIDE

Scientists are watching results of an experiment with a new insecticide which is being used in a cotton field near Austin. They believe it will control insects as well as root rot.

COTTONSEED CRUSHERS ELECT PRESIDENT

Richard H. Blyth, of Paris, (Lamar county), was elected president of the Texas Cottonseed Crushers Association at its yearly meeting. Members were told mechanical pickers soon would reduce the cost of cotton harvesting.

ROPING AND RIDING SHOW

Athens, (Henderson county), horsemen and cattlemen have organized an association to sponsor a weekly roping and riding show at the fair grounds. Merchants will donate prizes and spectators will make free will cash donations to help pay show expenses.

FISHING BAN LIFTED

Army engineers have lifted restrictions against fishing in Red river in a two-mile stretch below Denison Dam, although special permits now are required. This stretch has been considered choice fishing water since the dam was completed.

FUTURE FARMERS ELECT PRESIDENT

Gerald Sauls, age 16, of Richardson, (Dallas county), has been chosen president of the Texas Association of Future Farmers of America. He raises hogs, sheep, dairy and beef cattle and has two field crop projects. He is proud of the \$1,500 earned from this work.

CRUISER ON LAKE TEXHOMA

Earl J. Miller, of Sherman, (Grayson county), has completed a 55-foot luxury cruiser which he will place on Lake Texhoma. It weighs 36,000 pounds and can accommodate 75 passengers, with sleeping quarters for 10. It is powered by a 250-horsepower engine.

PROMINENT ATTORNEY AND MASON DIES

John Martin Spellman, widely known patent attorney who organized a society to promote the development of the State's latent natural resources, died at his home in Dallas, June 23. He was a 33rd degree Scottish Rite Mason and active in Masonic work. He was also past president of the Sons of the Republic of Texas.

TEXAS CHEMIST HONORED

Dr. E. E. Snell, 30-year-old University of Texas chemist, has been awarded \$1,000 and a medal as the nation's No. 1 scientist under 35 years of age.

PROVES FISH STORY

Dave Bottorff, of Overton, (Rusk county), brought home the fish to prove that he did catch a catfish which weighed 124 pounds while on a trip into Oklahoma.

HITLER'S STATIONERY

Mrs. O. M. Hallcom, of Houston, received a letter from her paratrooper husband which was written from Germany on the personal stationery of "A. Hitler, Reichskanzler."

FORMER SLAVE DIES

"Aunt Hester" Anderson, 104-year-old former negro slave, died in Beaumont, (Jefferson county), where she had worked for many of the pioneer families. One of her survivors is a great-great-grandchild.

CORAL SNAKE FOUND

A coral snake, with black, red and yellow stripes, was found on a farm near Waco. The third such reptile found in that vicinity in the last 15 years, it was sent to the Field Museum in Chicago.

COLD AND LONELY NIGHT

K. F. Null, Brownsville, (Cameron county), grocer, was proud of his new cold storage vault. Late one afternoon he went inside the vault to show it to a soap salesman. The door swung shut after the men entered the vault and could not be opened from the inside. Next morning at 8:30 they were rescued after a most uncomfortable night, during which they took off their clothes, wrapped their bodies in paper, then put the clothes back on, trying to keep warm.

NINE POSSUMS IN ONE TRAP

Mrs. Hattie Meek, of Kosse, (Limestone county), set a steel trap for a possum. She caught nine, a mother with eight little ones in her pouch.

FROGS START LAWSUIT

A Dallas man brought suit against a neighbor when croaking frogs disturbed his slumbers. The neighbor does not raise frogs, but his yard is close to a spring where the frogs gather for a nightly serenade.

OLD FOLKS PARTY

Citizens of Nacogdoches compiled the names of all persons who were 75 or older so they could be entertained with a party honoring the oldest residents. A total of 98 were found to be over 75 years old.

NEW INK PLANT

One of Texas' newest manufacturing plants is the Huber Ink Co.'s factory at Borger, (Hutchinson county), convenient to a big carbon black plant. Carbon black is an important ingredient in the manufacture of printer's ink.

BONHAM GETS ARMY HOSPITAL

The Veterans' Administration at Washington has announced that a new 500-bed hospital for neuropsychiatric patients will be built at Bonham, (Fannin county). Bonham is the home town of Speaker of the House Sam Rayburn.

HE GOT THE HELP

Residents of Garland, (Dallas county), rushed to answer a fire alarm. They followed two fire trucks to the railroad depot where the chairman of the clothing salvage campaign explained he needed some help pronto to load 175 boxes of old clothing for shipment to Europe.

LIASSO AND LAND BIG CATFISH

Two Holly Springs, (Jasper county), youths were wading in a creek when they saw a big catfish in shallow water. They got a stout line, looped it over the head of the fish and dragged out a 32-pounder.

FINDS SON'S NAME ON TANK

Travis Franklin, of Bynum, (Hill county), saw a string of Army vehicles parked on a street in Fort Worth. He stopped to inspect them and was surprised to find the name of his son written on one tank which the son had operated at Anzio Beach.

MISGUIDED MOTHER'S LOVE

An Amarillo woman took her ration book to a grocer and asked him to see if she had enough points to get her son out of the Army.

TEXAS UNIVERSITY HONORED

The University of Texas has been chosen one of six colleges in the United States to assist in redevelopment of university activities in Italy.

SHETLAND MULE COLT

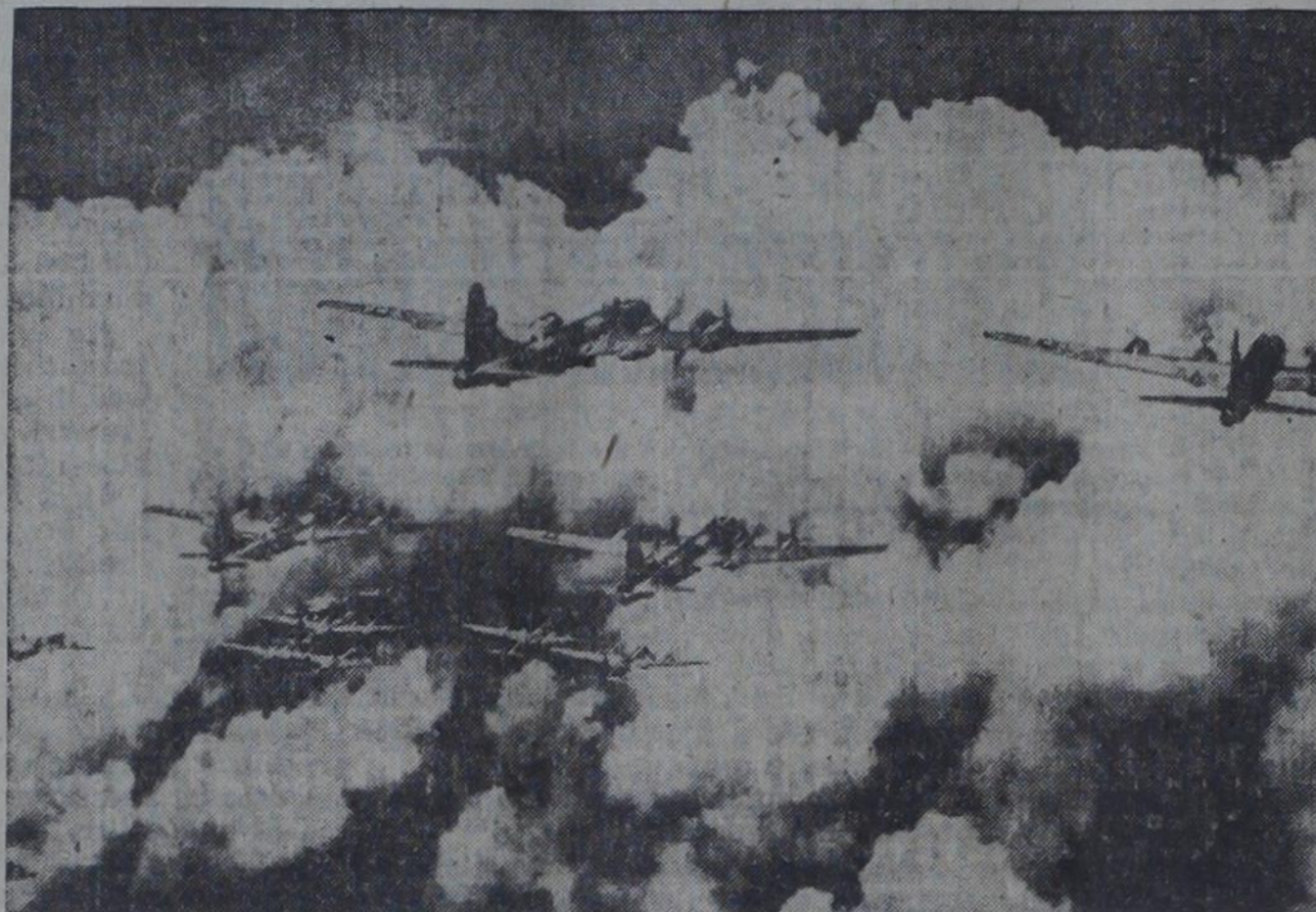
The mother of probably the smallest mule in the world, a Shetland, refused to accept her new colt. It was adopted by another mare and is doing fine. The colt was born in Houston.

HEN HOVERS KITTENS

At Weatherford, (Parker county), a setting hen left her nest to hover four small kittens which she found in a box in the chicken house. The hen fought the mother cat off for two days until she was finally caught and placed in a coop.

TEXAS POLIO CENTER TREATS 150 PATIENTS

More than 150 polio patients from 53 Texas counties have been treated at the new Gonzales Warm Springs Hospital, according to Miss Lorraine Milligan, physical therapist at the Gonzales county institution.



WINGS OVER TOKYO—Nosing into billowy clouds, B-29 formation of 21st Bomber Command heads for Tokyo for another incendiary raid. When Jap capital is demolished, Marianas-based planes will carry their deadly cargo to other cities on Nippon homeland.

VETERANS BILL SIGNED

A bill has been signed by Gov. Coke Stevenson which permits removal of legal disabilities for World War II veterans between 18 and 21 years old so they can take advantage of certain veterans' benefits.

WILD LIFE ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED

Ranchers and sportsmen of six counties in the Rio Grande Valley have organized an association for the propagation and conservation of wildlife in that region. Seventy-three were present for the organization meeting.

PLANES REDUCE FOREST FIRES

Experts demonstrated how effectively light airplanes can be used to control forest fires during a conference held at Lufkin, (Angelina county). Forest Service employees said the use of such planes had helped reduce fire losses in East Texas this year.

NEW CHEESE PLANT PLANNED

J. L. Kraft, founder of the cheese company which bears his name, told Denison citizens that plans were being made for a new streamlined cheese plant there. The present plant, in operation for many years, will be converted into a storage warehouse.

SON OUTRANKS MOTHER

A WAC who is a grandmother, Mrs. Marjorie T. Bowman, of Goldthwaite, (Mills county), has been promoted to corporal in the detachment at McCloskey General Hospital, Temple, (Bell county). Her son is a lieutenant in the Army air force, and her husband is mayor of her home town.

PREDICTS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY EXPANSION

Laland D. Smith, president of the Texas Industrial Traffic League, predicts that Texas is destined to become the leading chemical manufacturing center of the world.

NEWSPAPERMEN SENTENCED

Two Corpus Christi newspapermen were held guilty of contempt of court by a judge who issued citations, basing the charges on published reports of a trial held in his court. They were sentenced to serve three days in jail.

PINK BOLL WORM ATTACKED WITH DDT

A new experiment against the pink boll worm was launched near Brownsville when an airplane was used to dust cotton with the new DDT poison. If successful the project will be extended into the Big Bend section.

RESORT HOME SITES SOON AVAILABLE

Texas sportsmen have been told by the U. S. Army Engineers that sites for resort homes soon will be available through 25-year leases on Lake Texhoma. Sites also are available on the Oklahoma side. Prices have not yet been fixed, but officials say building restrictions will be placed on cottages in various areas.

PREHISTORIC ANIMAL BONES FOUND

Charles Nenec, rural mail carrier, and a nephew, John Charles Rylich, both of Bryan, (Brazos county), found bones of a prehistoric animal in the banks of the Brazos river. The head of the animal was 10 feet in circumference.

LAST MAN'S CLUB ELECTS

Urbin Bowles is new president of the Last Man's Club of Wichita Falls. The club is made up of veterans of the Spanish-American War. Originally it had 110 members. Today there are 36, of which 18 were present at the annual meeting this year.

CHURCHILL INVITED TO TEXAS

Winston Churchill made a speech recently in which he said he "might be turned out to grass pretty soon." Ferrell Windham, Ellis county farmer near Italy, sent an invitation to the Prime Minister to come to Texas where Johnson grass is plentiful.

VETERAN GOLF PLAYERS

Dick Reeves, age 85, of Shamrock, (Wheeler county), was an entrant in the Tri-State Senior Golf Tournament held at Amarillo. Another entrant was 82-year-old Elmer Winn, of Plainview, (Hale county).

BARBER, 102, SEEKS DAMAGE

George Moseley, El Paso negro barber who claims to be 102 years old, has sued for \$5,000 damages as the result of a street car accident. He claims before he was injured he was "able to work all day and half the night."

TREE FOR EVERY BABY BORN

Members of the Palo Duro community, (Moore county), Home Demonstration Club, organized recently, planted a Chinese Elm tree along a country road in honor of every baby born there during the past two years.

BIGHORN SHEEP REFUGE

Gov. Coke Stevenson has signed a bill which creates a refuge for the 150 wild bighorn sheep now living in Culbertson and Hudspeth counties. State game officials hope the action will increase the herd to where limited hunting will be possible within a few years.

AMATEUR FIREMAN

Johnny Rodriguez, of Houston, who always wanted to be a fireman, had his chance recently when he came upon an old negro whose pants had caught fire while he was sleeping in tall grass. Johnny yanked off the blazing pants, the negro waked, sat up and said: "Sure is hot, ain't it?"

OLD POTTERY TO MUSEUM

Mrs. William Cummings, of Fort Worth, has donated two pieces of ancient Indian pottery to the Texas Memorial Museum in Austin. She says the pottery is more than 1,000 years old. It was obtained several years ago while Mrs. Cummings was on a tour through central Panama.

TRAFFIC TOLL INCREASES

Texas traffic took a toll of 281 lives during the first three months of 1945 to send the death total to 12 per cent over the corresponding period last year, the Department of Public Safety reported. There have been 1,244 persons injured by automobiles this year.

DDT INSECTICIDE TESTED

DDT, a powerful insecticide which has been used so effectively by the Armed Forces, may aid Texas farmers. The University of Texas is conducting experiments to determine the effectiveness of the insecticide on insects and root rot fungus. Results of the test will not be fully known until fall.

OFFERS SUBSTITUTE FOR LARD

Arthur West, a local grocer of Commerce, (Hunt county), who is a returned veteran, reports he has discovered by experiment that regular mineral oil is a good substitute for cooking oil or lard. He says also that it is healthful, tasteless, odorless, plentiful and requires no points.

HEALTH TEXT OFFERED BY SBC

A text-book on health and personality subjects is being sponsored by the State Board of Control to be offered for adoption for high schools next fall. The book will contain chapters by Dr. George W. Cox, State health officer, on communicable diseases and industrial hygiene.

INEXPENSIVE HOME

Odie Mayhew, who lives in El Paso county, bought enough ammunition boxes from the Army to build the walls of a home. He will ceil it with plaster board and cover it outside with asbestos shingles. Stringers and rafters came from discarded box car deckings and bridges. Total costs for material were \$81. He used 163 boxes in building the house.

SURVIVES RATTLESNAKE BITE, THEN DIES OF HEART ATTACK

E. A. Tweedy, age 61, community leader of Valley Mills, (Bosque county), died of a heart attack three days after he was bitten by part of a rattlesnake. Tweedy saw his reaper cut a rattler in two pieces and went to investigate. The "business end" of the snake bit him in the foot. Doctors said he was recovering safely when he died from a heart attack. He had been in bad health for several months.

CRIME INCREASES

Major crime increased 21.73 per cent in Texas during the first quarter of 1945, compared with a year ago, Director Homer Garrison, of the Texas Department of Public Safety, reported. These figures mean that currently in Texas an average day brings three murders, two rape cases, six robberies, sixty-nine burglaries, 182 thefts and forty-five auto thefts.

CONFEDERATE PENSION CHECK HIKE

The few Confederate veterans still on the State pension roll, 26 in number, and more than 1,000 widows of veterans received substantial increases in their pension checks when Gov. Coke Stevenson signed a measure which makes possible the hikes. A total of 1,620 widows not living in the Confederate Home at Austin will receive \$50 a month instead of \$30. Three of the veterans who are married will receive \$150 monthly instead of \$80. Fifty-five widows living in the Confederate home at Austin will get \$25 instead of \$15 each month.

THE FLOP FAMILY



By SWAN

A LITTLE FUN *Jokes to Make You Laugh*

Mark Twain

Mark Twain, famous for his wit, was once checking in at a hotel in Canada. He noticed that the man ahead of him had signed the register: "Baron von Montfort and valet."

Not to be outdone by this show of elegance, Twain wrote: "Mark von Twain and valise."

Smart Panhandler

A New Yorker who lived in the suburbs, hurrying to catch his commuter train, was stopped by a panhandler who asked him for a dollar. The New Yorker was so surprised that he stopped to argue with the fellow and missed his train. "What do you mean by stopping me and asking for a dollar?" he demanded. "If you had asked for a dime or a quarter I would have given it to you and would not have to wait 25 minutes for the next train." To which the panhandler replied, "I am not a cheap panhandler. Give me the dollar or don't give me the dollar, but don't try to tell me how to run my business." He got the dollar.

Long Prayer

A chaplain, serving his first day on an aircraft carrier somewhere in the Pacific, sat down for mess with some enlisted men. The speed with which the Navy men stowed away their food intrigued him. His own account of what happened was: "I bowed my head to say a few words of grace, and when I looked up again, a waiter asked me what I wanted for dessert."

Henpeck Answered Truthfully

A certain henpecked man, on his rare evenings away from home, always played cribbage for small amounts of money, but his wife scolded him if he lost. One evening, he played with Jones and lost a dollar. He gave Jones \$1.50. When his wife asked, "Well, how much did you lose this time?" he answered truthfully, "Jones owes me 50 cents."

California Booster

A native Californian—"and proud of it"—died and went to Heaven. St. Peter greeted him dubiously. "Come in and look around," St. Peter said, "but I know you won't like it."

Greeley's Handwriting

Very few persons were ever able to decipher Horace Greeley's handwriting. During his editorship of the New York Herald he received a manuscript from a lady poet. The poem was so inferior that Greeley returned it and scrawled his personal rejection, advising the woman to stick to her secretarial job.

Several days later he received a telephone call from the would-be poet. "Oh, Mr. Greeley," she exclaimed breathlessly, "it took me some time to make out your letter. Now that I have, I've decided to accept your proposal of marriage!"

Arms-Full

At a Washington press conference one day, Manpower Chief Paul V. McNutt was explaining the necessity of a wartime measure to utilize available labor.

"You always talk about man power, Mr. McNutt," interrupted a girl reporter somewhat petulantly. "Why is it that you never mentioned woman power?"

The silver-haired administrator laughed. "My dear girl," he explained, "doesn't man power embrace woman power?"

How the Baby Grew

"Uncle John," said little Emily, "do you know that a baby that was fed on elephant's milk gained twenty pounds in one week?"

"Nonsense! Impossible!" exclaimed Uncle John; and then he asked: "Whose baby was it?"

"The elephant's baby," said the little girl, laughing.

The Runaway

The captain of a steamer took on two hands—one a Kirkcady man without a letter of recommendation, the other a man from Dundee possessed of abundant documentary evidence as to his honesty.

They had not been long at sea when they encountered rough weather, and the Dundee man, when crossing the deck with a bucket in his hand, was swept overboard. The Kirkcady man saw what had happened and sought out the captain.

"Dae ye mind yon mon from Dundee," he said; "that ye engaged wi' the fine character?"

"Yes," said the captain. "What of it?"

"He's disappeared wi' yer bucket," was the reply.

The Little Girl's Prayer

On a recent evening, the three-year-old daughter of a couple in Syracuse, N. Y., knelt alongside the crib to say her prayers. She had been told that on the following morning her parents were taking her to New York City, where they were going to make their future home. And so the little girl finished her evening prayers thus: "God bless daddy and God bless mommy. And goodbye, God—we're all going to New York."

Civic Pride

Boosters of two rival cities were trying to impress each other with the importance of their respective communities. One said: "Why, in our town an architect draws the plans of a 10-story building in the morning, and by night the structure is completed and ready for occupancy."

To this the rival booster replied: "You call that fast, do you? Well, then, listen. In my town the plans are drawn at 8 o'clock in the morning for a 20-story fireproof building. It is completed during the day, and before sundown some of the tenants are ejected for non-payment of rent."

Husband: "When anything goes wrong around this house, I always fix it."

Wife: "Yes, I know. Since you fixed the clock, the cuckoo backs out and asks, 'What time is it?'"

Not So Smart

They tell of a man who came upon a friend poring over a chessboard. Opposite him sat a dog.

"Hey, what's going on here?" asked the man.

"Just playing chess with my dog," replied the friend.

"You're kidding! Whoever heard of a dog playing chess!"

"You're not only hearing—you're watching one play." And he made a move which the dog pondered, then countered.

"Well, I'll be blowed!" exclaimed the man. "That's the smartest dog I've ever seen!"

"Oh, I don't know about that," replied the player; "I've beaten him four out of five games."

B-29's Incendiary Bombing of Japs

(Continued from Page 2)
and adopted by him against some opposition by traditionalists.

It is in such respects that the B-29 campaign differs from the mass bombing of Germany. In Germany, as in the United States, the target would be restricted to certain large factories. This contrast does not mean, however, that precision bombing has been abandoned in the attacks on Japan.

The incendiary bombs that B-29's have dropped on Japanese cities were developed by the Chemical Warfare Service and when dropped by planes from a height will penetrate roofs and explode inside of buildings. The bombs are made of metal loaded with a mixture of magnesium, gasoline and other incendiary materials. They are highly inflammable, cannot be extinguished with water.

PIPELINES THIRD LARGEST CARRIERS

Oil pipelines are the third largest freight carriers in the United States. The crude oil and oil products carried last year by 140,000 miles of long distance pipelines amounted to about one-ninth of all the commercial freight tonnage in the country. In 1939 American pipelines handled 63,000,000,000 ton-miles of crude oil and oil products. In 1944 they handled nearly 140,000,000,000 ton-miles, more than double their 1939 load.—The Lamp

PLANE LAYS 16 MILES OF WIRE

An airplane that looks like one used by commercial airlines succeeded in laying 16 miles of telephone wire over the rough, wooded slopes of the Great Smoky Mountains between Tennessee and North Carolina in 6 2-3 minutes, a report from the Air Technical Service Command at Wright Field reveals. Flying low over elevations between 1,500 and 5,000 feet, the wire was laid for use by National Park Service rangers.

"This development by the division's equipment laboratory and the Bell Telephone Laboratories represents an immense saving in time, labor, money, and what is more important, lives," declared Brig. Gen. F. O. Carroll, chief of the ATSC engineering division.

In operation, the present method of laying wire from the air uses eight wooden boxes, each containing two miles of wire. The wire is boxed and wound so that there will be no snarls, broken wire, fraying of insulation or other troubles. The wire in each box is spliced to the wire in the next box, so that the unit is actually one long line.

Bois d'arc, catalpa and cedars seldom require any treatment in order to be lasting material.

Poultry News

By WALTER BURTON
(A Licensed American Poultry Association Judge of All Varieties of Poultry)

The editor of the Magazine Section has asked me to relate some facts I have gathered from my experience in traveling among those who are engaged in raising poultry in this war period when 60 per cent of chickens are being sold on a black market. I am sorry to make this statement as it is not fair business.

People object to bootleggers but the present selling prices of all poultry products are making plenty of bootleggers. I imagine you have heard all this before now, since it is commonly heard on the street corner. Gossip says that somebody is selling chickens weighing two pounds at \$1.50 or someone is selling his pullets at the same weight at \$2.50. Investigation will show that it is people who want chickens to eat badly that cause black markets. They had rather separate from their money than do without and not satisfy their appetite. A lot of this gossip is truth. But whatever the conditions may be in your immediate locality, if I were you I would not sell pullets unless I knew positively that it was cull pullets.

Take your pullets and arrange some kind of a shelter and put them out on the range and provide all the necessities it takes to grow and develop a perfect laying hen. I would not neglect worming them. If they were small, I would start out with the

small chick size worm pills. I would worm systematically each 30 days to be absolutely sure that they were worm free. Clean soil counts, too, here.

I would get a government bulletin and use the sodium fluoride dipping method while the weather was warm and I would dip each of these pullets separately to be absolutely certain they were free of lice. I would vaccinate them against chicken pox.

I would get a good growing mash pellet, one from a real reputable company, and I would see that they had this feed free choice. My preference is pellets because of the saving in feed over mash. I would also have a hopper of good heavy oats, at least 32 pounds to the bushel, and let them have oats free choice. I would feed them a nice feed of scratch grain if I could find it just before the chickens go to roost in the evening.

For water, I would get a carpenter to make me a good A shaped wooden trough with some kind of a grill to go over it to keep the birds out of the water. Metal troughs are not available and in the summer wooden troughs are cooler. I would keep plenty of good cool water in the shade at all times.

I would want everything if I was on the farm made movable. The range shelter could be A shaped with nothing but the roof and no walls. I would want the floor to be a wire floor to make what we might term a dropping pit. This would keep the birds out of the droppings. I would spray these droppings with pure cresote or carbolineum. I prefer carbolineum because spray-



Delicious "Pep-up" Cookies

Tired and hot from summer play... with jaded appetites... kids will love these oatmeal cookies... so easy to make... give them the nourishment they should have.

2 c. National 3-Minute Oats	1/2 tsp. soda
1 c. sugar	2 eggs, beaten
1 c. flour	1/2 c. shortening
1 tsp. salt	1/2 tsp. cinnamon
	1 c. raisins
	1/4 tsp. allspice

Cream shortening, add sugar, cream until light. Add eggs, flour, salt, spices (after sifting) then oats. Dissolve soda in water and add. Add raisins (or nuts). Drop small tps. on oiled cookie tin. Bake 15 minutes at 375° F.

No other type of food is such a plentiful source of Vitamin B₁, Protein, Usable Iron and Energy.

NATIONAL 3-MINUTE OATS

THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN OATS

ing the wood work of the building keeps the wood preserved and bug-free, too.

If you have a smaller flock of pullets in the backyard, you can easily make them a run with a little netting. I would want their house made so that the walls are hinged at the top and can be raised from the bottom. I would tack wire to the frame of the house so as to keep them confined at any time I would want to.

I believe if you would visit some good poultrymen who take a lot of interest in poultry and who have good houses and runs, they will tell you or draw you a plan for a small chicken house for a flock of pullets, which would provide air from every side of the house, insuring no drafts.

In backyards if you don't have green stuff, I would provide some form of greens. I would use a prepared alfalfa or sprouted oats. I would provide greens in some way. You will find it will make your pullets more healthy and it won't take too much green feed. But whatever you supply, do so regularly every day with the same amount. I would want them to clean up the greens in 60 minutes.

If I could, I would keep my pullets separated from the hens and try to have your pullets laying when your hens start moulting and, too, I would not hesitate to sell a hen if I could replace her with a laying pullet. It will not pay, at present prices

of foods, for poultrymen to spend too much money waiting on a hen to get through the moult to start laying again.

Don't let high prices influence you to sell your pullets. You will appreciate what I say here now when you see city people standing in line this fall for eggs which is surely liable to happen. There are lots of eggs in Texas right now and the prices are not too high. What I have told you is only to remind you that you may protect your own interests by keeping your pullets regardless of what people are offering to pay for them.

Reverting to the subject of broilers or fryers, there are a great number of people undertaking to raise them this year at this late time of the season. If you will provide a good, cool shade for these growing birds to use in the middle of the hot days, you won't have too much trouble raising them. If you will use the present day broiler feeds and keep them supplied with cool water and be careful at dark that they don't crowd and stack up in the corner, you will have a better program. If you don't have an electric light, use a lantern about one or two hours before roosting time and you will find they will be attracted to the center of the room that way. A chicken has a funny mind. Even if it is hot, he still feels like he should have some kind of brooding, so put your light in the center of the house and keep them from crowding.

● Tune in "Norton McGiffin In The News" Daily 12:30 Noon—Monday thru Friday—Texas Quality Network.

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FARMING--More Food With Power

By JOHN A. McWETHY
(Condensed from The Wall Street Journal by Science Digest)

MORE than two million tractors today are helping American farmers plow, harrow, plant and otherwise ease the job of raising crops. That is a record number—12.4 per cent more than at the end of 1941 and double the 1929 total.

There has been an even more rapid growth, however, in machines that offer the biggest labor savings. Thus the number of corn pickers in use has increased 29 per cent during the past three years.

One man can harvest as much corn with one of these machines as 10 or 12 men can by hand. Last year International Harvester, largest company in the farm equipment field, produced twice as many corn pickers as in any previous year. The number of machines on farms has increased 50 per cent since the beginning of 1942. These machines more than halve the man-hours needed for this work.

Such greatly increased mechanization helps to explain how agricultural production has increased 20 per cent since 1939 despite a sharp decline in farm employment.

farms today is smaller than at any time in the past 20 years, which is as far back as Agricultural Department records go. Output per farm worker has gone up 28 per cent during the past four years. The number of acres harvested per man has risen 14.5 per cent during this same period.

Mechanization Speeds Up Farming

What has happened in wartime is a speed-up of a long range agricultural mechanization. The story of what that has meant in farming is shown by the fact that in Colonial times 90 out of every 100 people in this country had to work on farms to grow enough food. Now the ratio is just reversed.

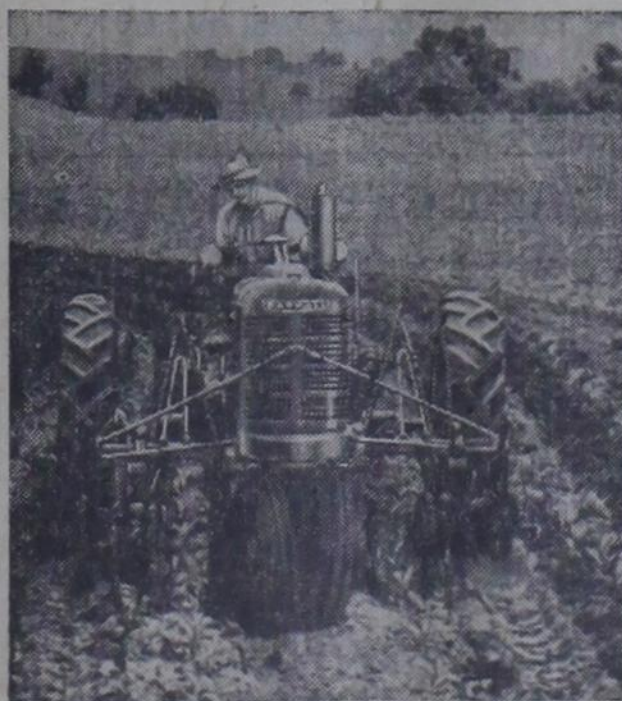
A century ago one man could take care of about five acres of corn; now he can handle a hundred acres. In 1909, it required 12.7 man-hours to grow an acre of wheat; by 1935 this had been halved, and today it's down to 3.3 man-hours.

Equipment makers say there is an estimated demand of around a billion dollars for farm machines backed up by the war. In peace-time, an annual volume of \$500 million to \$600 million is considered good for this industry, which includes some 1,600 companies making 300 different products ranging

from barn equipment to windmills.

Greater mechanization will make farmers more independent of weather and of seasonal labor. Machines make quicker planting and harvesting possible. They lessen the need for extra hands at harvest time.

While the industry has been up to its ears during the war turning out farm machines and helping with the production of war items, equipment manufacturers have still had time to



improve their products and put finishing touches on new units.

New Cotton Pickers

New machines, for example, may revolutionize cotton production. A mechanical cotton picker is now in limited

production by International Harvester. It picks in a day about as much cotton as could be harvested by 40 to 50 average hand pickers.

This machine was first sold on a commercial basis last year. Cost of these mechanical pickers depend on the size and type of tractor.

The company is also experimenting with smaller cotton pickers to be powered by small tractors.

Completing the prospective change in cotton, a "flame cultivator" has been developed that may do away with hand weeding in cotton. The new unit would also be applicable for other crops that are sowed in solid rows like sugar cane, sugar beets and tobacco.

Unlike corn, these crops can't be freed of weeds by cultivating two ways. The flame cultivator has four burners that travel five or six inches about the ground, shooting out a blast of flame that sears and kills the weeds. The flame is carefully controlled so as not to affect the crop.

Tests conducted by a leading Southern college showed the flame cultivator could weed and thin cotton for 47 cents an acre as against \$6.50 by hand. It weeded sugar cane for 65 cents an acre compared with \$2.60 for hand hoeing.

Pick-Up Hay Baler

Several major companies are now either in limited production or have perfected models of pick-up hay balers that can be operated by one man. With this machine, no longer will it be necessary for a farmer to draft his family for work on the hay crop or make ar-

rangements for work-sharing with neighbors. These balers will also make it possible for him to handle his hay crop at just the right time to get best results.

Pulled by a tractor, this one-man automatic pick-up hay baler travels along the windrows of hay, gathering it up, presses it into bales and discharges the completed bale into a truck or wagon.

Another comparatively new development has been the ensilage field harvester which chops hay, corn or the various forage crops in the field, picks them up automatically and loads them into a truck or wagon. One of these machines does the work that would normally require a mower, rake and loader. It can also be used to chop and pick up combine straw.

Another innovation that has come with the war has been a volume-produced self-propelled combine.

While the first self-propelled combine was made in 1886, these ancestors of the present models were high-cost custom-built machines. There were probably less than a hundred in use when the new low-cost models were introduced.

Farm implement manufacturers suggests that the market for farm equipment will benefit from the mechanical knowledge farm boys have obtained working with airplanes, jeeps and tanks during the war. They will know better how to care for farm machines, take a greater interest in power farming and will know how to get the last possible ounce of work out of them.

Texas Farm News Reports

Hopkins county dairy herds led the State in two divisions during April, according to a report from the State DHIA. The 11-cow herd of R. C. Camper ranked first in averaged butter for production in herds under 50 cows with 38.2 per cent. In herds over 50 cows that of E. I. Palmer averaged 31.6 to lead.

Twelve members of Nueces county boys' 4-H clubs have volunteered their services for war emergency insect pest reporters this year. They will be trained by an entomologist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture and County Agricultural Agent Henry S. Alsmeyer to make insect counts in cotton fields of the county.

"One turkey egg is apt to be selling for more than the price of a dozen hen eggs," according to Joe Owens, Palestine vocational agriculture teacher. County Agent W. T. Larue last year realized \$8 profit per turkey on egg production alone.

Residents of Texas, and the Rio Grande Valley in particular, will watch with interest an experiment by A. I. Kaplan, operator of a dehydration plant, as he tests valley-grown cane for molasses production. Mr. Kaplan, whose research has resulted in several worth-while discoveries, has arranged for 350 acres of cane in a non-irrigated section. He thinks use of irrigation might result in the cane having a salty taste. He believes a good grade of sugar cane can be produced in the valley, but it will take two years to bring it into high-yield production.

Cows eating Johnson grass early in the year may become poisoned and bloated, according to J. K. Adams, Bailey county farm agent. Often there is not sufficient time to summon a veterinarian or other experienced man before death of the affected cattle. Adams says the grass contains more prussic acid soon after a rain that follows a long dry season. Young shoots growing out of mowed stubble is considered the most dangerous. Evidence of bloating is when cows stumble and fall soon after eating quantities of young Johnson grass. Mr. Adams recommends a kerosene drench, which can be mixed with mineral oil or hog lard.

Deaf Smith county farmers will plant more than 3,400 cork oak trees in an experiment on the Plains. Eight farmers already have ordered acorns and others are expected to do the same. The trees need little water, offer abundant shade, and at the same time produce a profitable crop of cork.

Twenty-three turkey producers of the Falls County Improvement Association report good business during the first four months of 1945. They produced 5,258 poults and sold 4,395 turkey eggs. Figures indicated a profit of about \$10.75 per hen. Flocks are built up through blood-testing and use of certified broadbreasted toms.

More than 330,000 pounds of the hot variety of Texas onions have been purchased for shipment to Russia by the WFA. Eleven cars were bought at Floresville, (Wilson county), and shipped to the West Coast for reshipment across the Pacific.

Deaf Smith county's famous "tooth saving" wheat is selling by the loaf in a Florida food shop. The owner has a machine installed in a display window which grinds the grain and, when cooked, the whole wheat bread brings 35 cents per loaf in the store. The ground wheat, when figured on a bushel basis, brings \$35. At Hereford the grain brings \$1.50 a bushel.



LAMB CHAMP—Marvin Gatz, of Polo, Ill., proudly displays cups awarded his lamb in 7th annual Chicago Junior Market Lamb Show and sale at Union Stockyards. Winner is cross-breed of Hampshire ewe and Southdown ram. Nineteen-year-old farmer also won award for best pen.

A fine Hereford bull has been given to Texas A. & M. College by J. E. Parker, of Ector county, in honor of his son who was a former student there and who was in the African and Salerno campaigns. The bull, valued at more than \$3,000, runs back to the famous Anxiety 4th in bloodlines.

Joe Blackerby, who lives near Weatherford, (Parker county), found well-matured Irish potatoes on his vines two months after planting on February 25th. He says some thought him unwise for planting while it was still cold weather, but he went ahead and, as a result, had some fine early "eating." He says late light freezes and frosts delayed the crop hardly at all.

Little Patricia Fmaistrle, of Amarillo, has a pet duckling which hatched out after her mother placed a duck egg in a box in a water heater cabinet. Patricia found the egg in a hay-stack nest while visiting in the country.

A Jersey cow belonging to Orrland Jersey Farm at Tulia, (Swisher county), has been named State champion of the three-year-old class in the 365-day butterfat test. Her record at three years and two months of age was 14,729 pounds of milk, (6.35 per cent) with 935 pounds of fat. She is a daughter of Welcome Volunteer.

About 100 members of Harrison county girls' 4-H clubs recently celebrated the small fruit season with a "berry" festival for a group of adult guests. Twenty-nine girls exhibited examples of their skill in canning berries and berry juices in competition for prizes which included a glass berry set and porcelain tiles decorated with berry designs. The climax was the serving of a berry pie big enough to provide more than 100 generous helpings, says Margaret Bracher, county home demonstration agent.

Raising of package bees for sale to orchard owners in Northern States has become a thriving industry in Texas and offers good opportunities to farmers who like to work with bees, according to Paul Gregg, of Texas A. & M. College Extension Service. Mr. Gregg says many farmers do not realize another fine profit which comes from raising bees—the fact that plants get good pollination as the insects fly from blossom to blossom. He points out that around Waxahachie, (Ellis county), owners move their bees from one patch of hubam clover to another. There is no charge for this arrangement although the bees get free food. The farmers get their hubam crop well pollinated, which is necessary in their production of clover seed which are raised extensively for commercial sale.

HELP for cattlemen who dread disease losses

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CUTTER VACCINES & SERUMS

A recent check by County Agricultural Agent C. B. Martin showed that Hale county 4-H club boys through May had bought a total of \$11,750 worth of war bonds in the Seventh War Loan drive. The money invested in Uncle Sam's securities came from the livestock they exhibited at the Plainview fat stock show and sold at Kansas City.

Eleven million acres of Texas land have eroded into uselessness and 54,000,000 acres have lost one-half or more top soil, according to Paul Walsler, State soil conservationist.

Everett Parker, age 34, of the Harrisburg community of Jasper county, illustrates the good results of 4-H club training. In his 'teens, Mr. Parker was a leader of the 4-H club in the community where he operates a farm which he paid out in eight years. He told County Agricultural Agent S. W. Monroe that he is continuing in his farm work the practices he learned as a 4-H club demonstrator. His chief crops this year are corn, peas, peanuts, sweet potatoes, sugar cane and pecans. From the pecan orchard of 284 trees he has received enough income to help pay for farm. In addition to farming, Mr. Parker drives a school bus nine months in the year.

Officials of Southland Cotton Oil Company are promoting cultivation of sunflower seed in Ellis county. They estimate 900 to 1,500 pounds of seed can be produced per acre. The company is offering \$3.00 per hundred pounds to farmers who raise sunflower seed. Sunflower seed are also said to be good chicken feed.

Directors of the Panhandle-South Plains Fair Association have voted to forego the annual exposition this year, for the fourth straight year. Last fair was held in 1941. The action was taken as part of the community's co-operation with the government's requests to curtail public gatherings and conserve transportation.

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Early reports from the Rio Grande Valley indicated boll weevils more numerous this year than for many years. This is in keeping with reports from over most of the entire South. R. L. Eberhard, entomologist of the experiment station in Hidalgo county, said of six fields examined, four showed 30 per cent infestation. Ten per cent is considered harmful. Much of the increase in the South is believed due to the mild winter.

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OKAY
WE'LL HAVE TO CALL OFF THAT GOLF GAME, JOE, I CAN'T FIND MY GOLF BAG
By John Rosol

FARMS FOR SALE

THE ACRES—Trigitation farm, for sale, JOE JARITOVICH, Notisger Rd., Atascosa, Texas, Old Laredo Highway.
FOR SALE—850 acres, 650 of which richest bottom farm land with production record of 100 bu. corn and two bales cotton, \$25,000 cash, which is 20% of former sale price, 784 Boyle Bldg., Little Rock, Ark.
LAMAR COUNTY ranch, 840 acres mixed land on good road, divided into five pastures, six pools, lots of clover, electricity, good improvements. Priced \$20 acre. Will cooperate with agents, JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Telephone 440, Paris, Texas.
FOR SALE BY OWNER—900 acres, very desirable, unimproved grazing land in eastern Oklahoma; some creek bottom suitable for cultivation, \$5 per acre. FRANK OGDEN, Poteau, Oklahoma.

AT SOMERSET, TEXAS—About 18 miles S. A. City Hall, 138 well improved sandy loam land for large 7-room home, many other good buildings; 4 tenant houses, 4 wells, electric pump. Must sell to settle estate. Income \$110 mo. \$20,000, terms. Call K-3705, or write C. J. LeCOMTE, 121 Tompkins Ave., San Antonio, Texas.

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TELEPHONE EXCHANGE, Foss, Okla., For Sale—Over 150 subscribers, income above \$250 per month. Owner can work at Clinton naval air base 7 miles away at good salary. This kind of business will pay out for returning service man. Reasonable down payment, balance \$50 per month. H. H. Harris, Butler, Okla.

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CABINS equipped light housekeeping in mountain resort ranch; horses, fishing, kodaking; couple \$25 weekly; four \$35. Phone or write Honey Bay Haven, Pecos, N. M.

STEEL building, 53x50x12, located Petros, reasonable. Write E. F. STRATTON, Pioneer, Texas.

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BARGAIN—Exclusive right taxi business. Reasonable. Freighting. J. L. HOFFMAN, Ingleside, Texas.

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WANTED—Automotive parts stocking shelves sections; prefer Elqui or Lyons sections. Will pay cash and freight, but must be in good condition. Write P. O. Box 1087, Bay City, Texas.

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4 GOOD USED Case Combines. In excellent condition. Priced right.

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Our Boys and Girls



JAPS BEWARE—Crew of five-year-olds play war in submarine they constructed in kindergarten class in Sioux Falls, S. D. Youngsters directing operations against imaginary Japs are from left to right: Jerry Foster, Ross Mill, Brue Qualset, Jerry Callahan and Gene Workmen. Dog is mascot.

THE GIRAFFE—NATURE'S GREATEST FREAK

By ROY L. ABBOTT
 Professor of Biology, Iowa State Teachers College

Would you rather be just an ordinary appearing animal or a freak?
 If Mother Nature put that question to the spirit of all the four-footed beasts before endowing each with its present physical form, a good many must have replied: "I'll be a freak."

But of all who chose to be freaks, the giraffe must have answered the loudest. For, although he is now to be found in almost every big city zoo where he lives a calm life and even breeds freely, when first brought to England in 1827, this Effel Tower among mammals created—according to Carl Hagenbeck, the great animal trainer—a furor of astonishment and unbelief equalled by no other animal.
 And well he might. For this incredibly, long-legged, three-horned beast with his screaming color-pattern, gazed down at his human observer from his near-twenty foot watch-tower of head and neck—a Gulliver among Lilliputians—the tallest haired creature that ever lived, past or present.
 Besides his freakish qualities of height and color-pattern, a big giraffe weighs about 1 1/2 tons. His head and neck alone make up nearly one-sixth of this by weight. His hind feet are over 4 feet long, and he forages for his dinner exclusively from the tops of tall shrubs or trees.

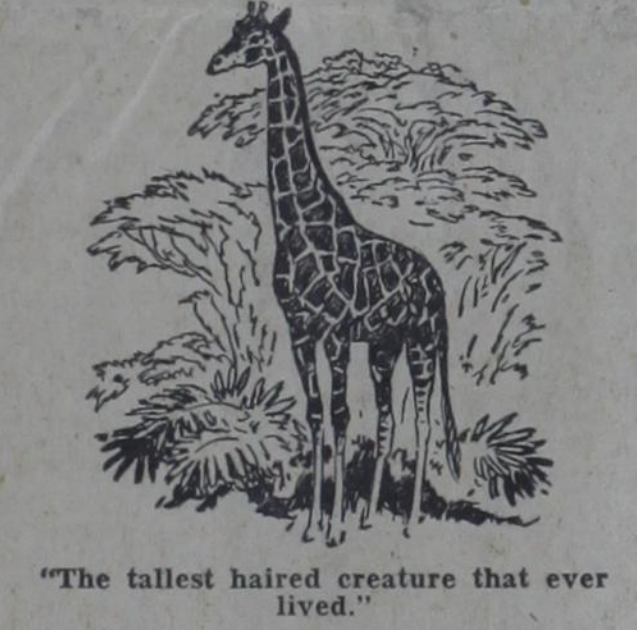
In a country where a man would perish within 48 hours for lack of water, the giraffe goes without touching it for weeks or even months—"out-camelling" even the camel in this respect.

To control all of these peculiarities he has a brain weighing only about 1 1/2 pounds.

The giraffe is still running wild in various parts of Africa south of the Sahara, the only country in which he is found, although his ancestors once roamed widely over both Europe and Asia. Today, however, he is the very last of his kind, a lone survivor from a lost world, if we except another freakish creature, his rather recently discovered cousin of the Belgian Congo, that queer, mule-shaped, striped-legged beast, the okapi.
 The giraffe has often been called the "camelopard," a name derived from the words "camel" and "pard" (the leopard) from the fanciful notion that he was a cross between these two animals. His only near relationship to the leopard, of course, is in his similarity of color pattern, a series of great reddish or brown blotches on a lighter background.
 He and the camel, however, are really related in that both are cud-chewers. Also, like the camel, "he progresses by moving the two legs upon either side of his body" at the same time, thus giving him a strange, rocking gait.

But if the naturalists are correct, the giraffe, impossible as it may seem, is really most closely related to the deer-tribe. For his old family album of fossils shows clearly that one of his ancestors was much like a moose in build, with a short neck and large, forked horns.

And, as we have already said, his only living relative, the rare okapi, is somewhat mule-like or moose-like in body form, with a rather short neck and with a pair of short, skin-covered horns very much like his own.
 Unlike the deer, however, neither he nor the okapi ever shed the skin from their horns, these organs remaining, so to speak, permanently "in velvet." Nor does the bone of their horns come from the skull like that of a deer, but arises independently from the skin instead.
 How did the giraffe ever acquire such an extraordinary long neck, which, by the way has only seven vertebrae in it, just like our own?
 To those who believe that all present-day animals are not only the descendants but also the exact replicas of those who went into the Ark, the answer is simple: the giraffe and his kind



"The tallest haired creature that ever lived."

have always had such necks from the moment of creation.
 But to most scientists, the answer is not quite so simple. Animals change, they say. No animal of today is a copy of its far-distant ancestors.

The forerunners of present day giraffes had shorter necks as shown by their fossils. Yet to show just how our modern giraffe developed his neck into its present state of functioning, both as a step-ladder and a watchtower, has been a real "pain in the neck" to scientists, and a source of amusement to those who believe in special creation.
 LaMarck, the great French scientist, had a try at it. There was a time, he argued, when the ancestors of present-day giraffes had short necks, but necessity—probably a great drought—forced them to browse higher and higher for food. This, of course, abnormally exercised their necks and caused them to increase in length. They passed this increased length of neck on to their offspring.

When the young matured, they, too, if necessity demanded, continued to stretch and increase still more the length of their necks, and this, too, was passed on by heredity. Thus, if this neck-stretching process was continued through many generations, argued LaMarck, we would finally obtain the long neck of the modern giraffe.

Other scientists dispute LaMarck's theory. No animal, they say, passes on any of the bodily changes picked up during its lifetime. Chinese women have had their feet bound for centuries, yet every Chinese girl baby still comes into the world with normal feet.
 Whether explained or unexplained as to origin, the fact remains that the giraffe has both long legs and a long neck—8 or 9 feet of each.

And as he stands out there in the dry, open forests of Africa—he almost never enters the dense wet forests frequented by the elephant—those legs and neck lift his great head with its leathery, prehensile lips, and rough 18-inch tongue up to where it can come at the blossoms and soft topshoots of the acacia and mimosa trees upon which he chiefly feeds. Also from atop that watchtower, his eyes survey the country for miles around.
 What is he looking for? Well, for other giraffes, perhaps. For he is a social creature and usually is found at least in pairs or in small herds of both sexes, old and young. Like cattle, giraffes spend hours on end licking each other, and part of the sleek, well-groomed appearance may be due to this salt-licked caressing and combing action of their rough tongues.
 Also he likes his family. One young one is produced at a birth, and it grows up fast, reaching an altitude of about 12 feet by the age of 2 years and adding a foot or more each year until maturity.

For another thing, the giraffe must keep a constant look for his enemies. Leopards may attack the young giraffes, but when fully grown, aside from man, his only beast enemy is the lion. And the giraffe is so wary—second only to the ostrich in this respect—that even the great cat attacks him infrequently.
 If cornered, he can strike vigorously with his front legs, and kick hard both backward and sidewise with his hind ones. Theodore Roosevelt said that the giraffe may also strike hard blows with his head using his lower front teeth in a sort of chopping action.

But against a mounted man, especially when armed with field-glasses and a high-powered rifle, the giraffe's primitive weapons are of little avail. And man hunts this great, almost defenseless beast, not only for sport, but for food and for his very thick hide which the Boers have found to be excellent for whip-making.
 What does he do when an enemy is sighted? Well, he doesn't do what some of the enthusiastic believers in the power of protective coloration would like to have us believe, that is, stand perfectly motionless, and trust to his marvelous "checkered and sun-flecked color pattern" to camouflage him from his foes.
 Indeed, Roosevelt called him "one of the

(Continued next column)

most conspicuous animals in nature," and believed that his amazing "coloration is of no consequence whatever in enabling him to escape his foes."

Be that as it may, when his great eyes—eyes described as soft and melting in expression—pick out an object of danger he runs away. W. T. Hornaday, who had great experience with captive giraffes, describes them as temperamental and says that each one has "his own headful notions." But all sportsmen are agreed that they are difficult to stalk, and must commonly be run down on horsesback.

No one knows just how one giraffe appraises another of danger. Certainly not by any sound-making, for the giraffe is an absolute mute, never uttering the slightest sound even at death. Nature seemingly forgot vocal cords in the making of him, one more proof that he is her greatest freak.

RACING GREYHOUND, FASTEST DOG

The racing greyhound is the fastest of all dogs and for short distances can keep pace with the race horse. The dog has a stride of from 13 to 21 feet while a horse's leap measures about 25 feet. For about an eighth of a mile the racing dog can stay with the horse, but thereafter the equine animal will pull away from his canine brother. But greyhounds can outrun jackrabbits, the fastest runner among small animals. For the first mile the jackrabbit will outdistance the greyhound, but from then on the greyhound gradually gains on and overtakes the jackrabbit.

Racing dogs have been known even before the Christian era, but whether they were of the greyhound breed is not clear to historians. Bits of early history give us the clew that the Egyptians used dogs for the sport of coursing, but they were said to have feathered ears and feathered tails.

Greyhound racing is only about 30 years old and was developed after it had been discovered a dog with a light sense of smell would chase a tin rabbit believing it to be the real thing.

Silkworm Raising a Success in Texas

(Continued from Page 2)

The worm will cut a hole in the end of cocoon and emerge as a moth. Each female moth lays several hundred eggs and then dies.

A silkworm raiser will let enough moths emerge to keep him in eggs. The remainder of the cocoons he will quick-freeze or steam to prevent the moth from cutting the thread.

For the raising of silkworms, shelves or racks are constructed in a room. Trays about thirty inches square are built. The newly hatched worms are placed into these trays; the trays are placed upon the shelves or racks. Mulberry leaves are gathered and brought to the room and placed upon the trays for the worms to eat. A barn or attic in your house is sufficient for the raising of silkworms.

I have with me some eggs, cocoons, moths, and some thread that has been reeled from Palo Pinto county cocoons. I also have some cocoons with me that were raised by Mr. Pope, assistant manager of the Crazy Hotel in Mineral Wells. He never saw a silkworm in his life until about six weeks ago when he started raising the worms that produced the cocoons you see here.

At the end of the leaf season, instead of hatching the last batch of eggs and starting a new crop of worms, a farmer will place his eggs in a bag and carry them through the winter. Next spring the leaves on his mulberry trees are beginning to appear, he will start hatching his eggs and continue to raise worms throughout the entire season that leaves are upon his trees. Hence, the business of producing silk cocoons in the Southwest is approximately seven months out of the year.

We are enthusiastic over this program because of its great possibilities for the rehabilitation of returning service men and women. There is no strenuous physical labor involved. A person with an eye, an arm and a leg gone can raise silkworms. A normal child of 9 years of age or an elderly person, can successfully raise silkworms.

We are now employing nine handicapped men furnished by the Rehabilitation Division of the State Board of Vocational

Education. These men are taking a great interest in learning the silk-raising business and are doing a good job. If these men can do the work necessary to produce silk, it proves that hundreds of thousands of returning war veterans, handicapped by battle injuries, will be able to make a success of this most interesting business.

Almost every mail brings letters from men and women in the armed forces, asking for information regarding our silk program.

Recently I received a booklet from the Department of Agriculture in Washington in which was stated that approximately one million men have been discharged from the armed forces because of disabilities and four hundred and fifty thousand of these were because of mental or nervous disorders. The booklet also stated that if these men could get jobs on the farm so they could be out in the fresh air and sunshine they would recover much more rapidly. We feel that this silk program is one answer to this problem.

Nation-Wide Publicity

We have not asked for publicity of any kind, but I have never seen a project in any community receive more national response than our silk program project. Saturday Evening Post, Look, Time, and other magazines have sent staff representatives to Mineral Wells to write feature stories about this silk-raising venture. Three important motion picture firms of California have made arrangements to come to Mineral Wells about Junst 1st to make motion pictures of the silk program from the hatching of the silkworm eggs to the unwinding of the cocoons.

An average of more than 100 letters each day are now being received by the Mineral Wells Chamber of Commerce from all over the nation and several foreign countries, asking for information about silkworm eggs and the right type of mulberry trees. The demand has grown so great that the "Texas Mulberry Industries Inc." (the company established by the 60 local citizens) has decided to permit a large per cent of their cocoons to be pierced and let the moths lay eggs so they can help others start their own silkworm raising business.

Our Objectives

Our purpose is to encourage raw silk production, first in every town and county in Texas and later throughout the South, with the objective of supplying raw silk for the United States and its Allied Nations as quickly as possible.

To make silk a patriotic, practical contribution from the State of Texas to the air rehabilitation program.

To initiate and guide educational training and research projects which will promulgate modern methods of Sericulture for farmers and others throughout the United States.

To establish silk growing and manufacture as postwar industries which will provide employment and utilize manufacturing facilities otherwise idle after hostilities have ceased.
 To encourage every possible co-operative enterprise which will put the rich profits accruing from silk production back into the pockets of the producer rather than in the pockets of a small controlling group.

A Clearing House

To serve as a clearing-house of general and technical information, and to establish and maintain a publication for the dissemination of such information.

To bring about co-ordination and co-operation among private producers, manufacturers, research laboratories and governmental agencies; and to take all possible measures to encourage farmers to raise silk by establishing training schools and research projects throughout the country.

To provide a cash market for all cocoons raised.

The raising of the silkworm is called "Sericulture." The number of farming families engaged in Sericulture in Japan is estimated at about 1,700,000. An average of five members to a family, the number of people actually engaged in Sericulture in Japan is about 8,500,000.
 At present, we have more than one million silkworms

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STRATOSPHERE ROCKET PLANES PREDICTED

The ultimate field for rockets and jet propulsion will be in super-stratosphere planes of the future, declared G. Edward Prendray, a founder of the American Rocket Society before the Science Talent Institute.

Man may eventually travel at extreme heights where there is not sufficient atmosphere for propellers to bite into or for wings to push against, he explained. Both the gasoline engine and the gas turbine require oxygen to support combustion, while the rocket packs its own oxygen in the explosive mixture that is its fuel.

Rockets will perform many useful tasks, Mr. Prendray predicted, for example, assisting conventionally-powered planes during the take-off. A plane can fly with a 50 per cent greater load than it can lift off the ground with its own engines. Rockets, therefore, may increase each payload of passengers or cargo by several tons. Weather rockets carrying radios may be shot into the upper air at hundreds of points to provide forecasters with instantaneous and highly accurate reports about the huge air masses that govern the climate of the earth.

GREAT PREHISTORIC RIVER

The course of a great river, as big as the Ohio or bigger, that flowed across the country from the Southern Appalachians to the Illinois valley more than a million years ago, has been traced by Prof. Karl Ver Steeg of the College of Wooster.

In a recent issue of Science, Prof. Ver Steeg states that the great stream, which has been given the name, Teays river, had its source in the Blue Ridge region of North Carolina and Virginia. It followed a northwesterly course, receiving tributaries draining large parts of what are now the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Much of its 800-mile-long valley is now buried under the great masses of earth and stones moved in by the great glacial sheets of the Pleistocene ice age.—Science Digest.

"Broncho" Charlie Miller, New York, is the last living Pony Express rider and member of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show, but he does not live in the past. He marches in war bond parades, whittles, paints, sells bonds, and lectures at the Brooklyn Museum. He is 95.

feeding in Mineral Wells. Some are just beginning to spin their cocoons.
 I am not making any predictions, but as it now appears, I see no reason why the Southern States can not take from the Japanese their silk monopoly and establish it in the United States.

THE TILLERS



By Carroll

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SIZE OF "NORMAL" AMERICAN FAMILY

The average size of an American family where the husband and wife are living together is 3.86 persons.

When husband and wife are separated, (excluding people who live alone) the average size is about 3.39 persons, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. states in its official bulletin.

The average size of families in 1940 consisting of two or more persons was 3.79, the statisticians state.

Families where husband and wife live together, regarded as "normal" families, comprised more than five-sixths of all families with two or more persons enumerated in the 1940 census. Where the husband was under 35 years of age, the family averaged 3.46 persons.

The family was largest when the husband was between 35 and 44 years of age, reaching a maximum of 4.28 persons. Births to families without children and births of additional children to families already having them helped to swell the number living together. Four out of every five children were under 21.

When the man was 45 to 54 years old, the family was only slightly smaller, averaging 4.27 persons. When the man was beyond that age, however, the family shrank to an average of 3.48 people. Many children had become independent and moved away from home. Only about one-third of these families had children under 21 still with them, and some of those were adopted children, step children or grandchildren.

Children and grandchildren, a total of 53,700,000, made up two-fifths of the entire population in our families in 1940.

WEATHER CAUSES MANY CIVIL PLANE CRASHES

A survey of the causes and contributing factors to airplane accidents in which non-military planes were involved reveals that in 1943 weather was the primary cause of 131 accidents, a contributing cause in 313 accidents, and a factor in 446 accidents, declares Earl L. Smith, air safety investigator for the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Urging weather study upon private pilots, particularly those who fly infrequently and can devote only a minimum of time to instruction, Mr. Smith called attention to the CAB pilot's guide for interpretation of weather reports. Briefly, the types of weather which private pilots should avoid were outlined by Mr. Smith. Pilots should avoid flying in low-pressure areas, since in these areas unfavorable weather may be brewing. If they must fly in low-pressure areas they should be on their guard for unfavorable changes.

High winds and torrential rains play havoc with light planes.

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HOUSEHOLD HELPS

By MARGARET MOORE

WOMEN'S BUSY WORK BASKET

LAYETTE FOR THE NEW BABY

This layette will prettily doll up a new baby. In fact it is going to be a very well dressed baby indeed if this layette is in one of the top drawers. A pretty little dress with a tiny bit of embroidery to give it style, a few yards of narrow lace ruffled and sewn on to form a front panel and to trim collar, hem and sleeves will make the tiny gown look like a very expensive christening dress. The wrapper can be made of either cotton or pastel rayon crepe or flannel—the petticoat should, of course, match the dress and the short sacque and bonnet can be made in summertime cottons or if the baby is expected in the fall they can be done in warm, soft baby flannel. The bib should be made of cotton and delicately embroidered. Later you can use the bib pattern to make sturdier and more practical ones of old pieces of soft Turkish toweling. Babies always need lots and lots of easily launderable bibs!

To obtain complete patterns for the Six-Piece Layette (Dress, Petticoat, Sacque, Bonnet, Dressing Gown and Bib) (Pattern No. 5859) send 15 cents in COIN, plus 1



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Please do not send order to Mrs. Margaret Moore, Fort Worth, Texas. Send order to Anne Cabot, Southwest Magazine, 1150 Sixth Ave., New York 19, N. Y.

COOL COMFORT

With clothing on the scarce list, summer wardrobe slackers—dresses that loaf in the closet because they are too uncomfortable in hot weather—don't deserve a place in the clothes budget. Clothing specialists recommend considering coolness, as well as washability, before buying or making clothes for summer wear.

Easy-fitting styles are coolest, say the specialists. They advise trying on a dress over the same underclothes with which it will be worn. If the dress is sheer enough to require a heavy slip, it is likely to be warm.

Dresses tight at neck or shoulder or waist will be uncomfortable on hot, sticky days. Loose-fitting styles with bloused waists and gathered or full skirts are cooler than fitted styles. Wide, or tight-fitting leather belts are often uncomfortable. Because of the extra layers of material at hip and waistline, skirts and jackets combinations also tend to be warm.

Short, moderately wide sleeves are more

comfortable in summer than three-quarter length or long sleeves. Even cooler are "wings," ruffles, or the new cap sleeves. Heavy shoulder pads are warm—and a nuisance—to launder. Light, washable shoulder pads made of the dress material or a similar fabric are cooler and more practical, particularly in house dresses.

Collarless necklines are coolest. Trimmings, collars, and ruffles that lie flat are cooler than those that crowd up against the throat.

Fabrics slightly stiff, so they will stand away from the body, are much cooler than fabrics that cling. Permanent-finish lawn and percale, for example, are generally cooler than crepe or jersey. Cottons and linens are usually cooler than medium weight silk or rayon. Best for house dresses are medium weight cottons that can be worn without a slip. White and pastels, particularly blue and green, look cooler than bright or dark colors; however, colored backgrounds have the advantage of not showing soil as rapidly.

PROTEIN PLENTY

Meat is one of the forms in which most Americans like best to eat their protein. But in spite of wartime meat shortages, people in this country have an abundance of the protein required for building and repair of body tissues, say food experts of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

A man needs about 70 grams of protein in his day's food, and a woman about 60, according to the yardstick of good nutrition set up for the United States by the National Research Council. In 1944 civilian food supplies in the protein-rich United States provided 100 grams a person. Even if food supplies in 1945 were to drop to the level of the prewar years of 1935-1939, which is unlikely, the civilian supply still would allow about 90 grams of protein for each person daily.

Nutritionists have never suggested that all of a day's 60 or 70 grams of protein should come from animal sources—that is, from meat, poultry, fish, eggs, milk and its products. Most plant foods contain

some protein. At least one-fourth of America's protein comes from the cereal foods.

Plant protein is not so complete as that from animal foods—that is, it does not contain all the materials needed for tissue building and repair. In many American-style dishes, however, one protein can supplement another and make a highly nourishing combination. In a bowl of oatmeal and milk, for example, the grain food can do a better protein job because it is combined with the animal protein of milk. Likewise, in a meat and vegetable stew, in macaroni and cheese, or in a milk and egg custard corn pudding, a little high-quality protein raises the value of the protein in the cereal or vegetable teamed with it. In this emergency, say the food specialists, the smart thing in meal planning and in nutrition is to spread out the flavorful proteins from animal foods with the low-cost more plentiful proteins in vegetable foods and cereals.

SPARE THE SUGAR, BUT SAVE THE FRUIT

The recent cut in the sugar ration has brought questions to the canning specialists on how to spare the sugar but save the fruit this summer. Here are some of the most frequent questions—and the answers:

Q: How much fruit can I put up with the reduced canning sugar allowance?

A: The maximum allowance of 15 pounds of canning sugar per person should sweeten about 60 quarts of fruit—350 generous servings.

Q: How much sugar should I allow to a jar of fruit?

A: The recommended wartime proportion is 1 pound sugar to 4 quarts finished fruit. This makes a medium-thin syrup averaging about half cup sugar per quart fruit. Sour fruits may take more than this average; juicy, sweet fruits may need less.

Q: Can I put up fruit without any sugar?

A: Yes, sugar helps canned fruit hold color and flavor, but is not essential to prevent spoiling. Rather than let good fruit go to waste, put up some without sugar. Process unsweetened fruit in the same way as sweetened.

FEEDING CHILDREN IN SUMMER

The warm days are fast approaching and the children's meals must be even more carefully supervised now than they were during the winter. At this time of the year it is such a temptation for youngsters to eat between meals. Ice cream cones, bags of pop corn, candy and soda pop are all temptations. Digestion is so easily upset when children are allowed to spend pennies and nickels for this type of between-meal food. Children all love sweets. Satisfy this craving at home if you would keep your children from purchasing food which will not be good for them.

TESTED RECIPES

- Peach Upside-Down Cake**
 3/4 cup butter or margarine
 2/3 cup light corn syrup
 2 tablespoons peach juice
 1 cup sliced peaches
 3/4 cup pecans
 3/4 cup shortening
 1/3 cup sugar
 1 egg
 1 2/3 cups cake flour
 2 teaspoons baking powder
 1/2 teaspoon salt
 3/4 cup milk

Melt butter in bottom of an eight-inch square pan. Add one-third cup corn syrup and peach juice. Arrange sliced peaches and pecans in syrup mixture. Cream shortening, add sugar gradually, then blend in remaining corn syrup slowly. Add egg and beat well. Sift flour, measure and re-sift with baking powder and salt. Add to creamed mixture alternately with milk and vanilla. Pour over fruit and bake in 350-degree oven for 30 minutes. Turn upside down on a serving plate immediately. Serve (Continued top next column)

warm, either plain or with whipped cream.

Lemon Cake Pudding
 2 tablespoons butter or margarine
 1 cup light corn syrup
 2 egg yolks
 3/4 cup flour
 1/4 cup lemon juice
 1 tablespoon grated lemon rind
 3/8 teaspoon salt
 3/4 cup buttermilk
 2 egg whites
 Cream butter and corn syrup together. Add egg yolks and mix well. Blend in flour, then add lemon juice and rind, salt and buttermilk. Blend well. Beat egg whites until stiff but not dry, then fold into the first mixture. Pour into greased custard cups and set cups in a pan of hot water. Bake in a moderate oven, 350 degrees, for about 35 to 40 minutes, or until done. Cool, then invert in serving dishes.

Gingerbread
 1/3 cup lard
 1/2 cup sugar
 1 egg, beaten
 2/3 cup molasses
 2 cups sifted flour
 1/2 teaspoon salt
 1/2 teaspoon soda
 2 teaspoons baking powder
 1 teaspoon ginger
 1/4 teaspoon nutmeg
 1/4 teaspoon cloves
 1 teaspoon cinnamon
 3/4 cup buttermilk
 Cream the lard, add the sugar and cream together until light and fluffy. Beat the egg and add to the creamed mixture, then stir in molasses. Blend well. Sift the flour once, measure and re-sift with the salt, baking powder, soda and spices. Add to the first mixture alternately with the buttermilk. Pour into a greased eight-inch square cake pan and bake in a moderate oven, 350 degrees, for about 50 minutes.

Quick Carrot and Celery Soup
 One of the most refreshing and nutritious summer soups can be made by the following recipe. It has no appearance of being heavy, but light enough to be thoroughly enjoyed on a sleepy summer day. Melt one-fourth cup margarine, and three tablespoons flour and blend well. Add one quart milk and two teaspoons salt and cook over boiling water until mixture is slightly thickened. Five minutes before serving, add two cups grated carrots, one cup very finely chopped celery and one teaspoon onion juice. Blend well and serve immediately. Serves four.

When rough holes instead of buttons appear on a rayon dress after ironing, the damage may have been done by too hot an iron or too much pressure on the fabric under the buttons, say textile specialists. When pressing on the wrong side of the garment, use a very light touch over buttons. When pressing on the right side, approach buttons carefully with the point of the iron, or they may be pushed off, taking some of the fabric with them.

Commercially canned fruits will be short this year and point values probably high. Peaches offer fair amounts of vitamin C and in addition yellow peaches offer vitamin A. Because they are naturally sweet, peaches need little sugar.

A soak in time saves on the dish-washing line. Many dishes and pans used in getting meals will wash more quickly and easily if they are filled with water immediately after using and allowed to soak until washed. The exception is any iron utensil which may rust if left soaking long.

BIBLE STILL BEST SELLER

The Bible is still No. 1 best seller, according to Dr. Daniel L. Marsh, president of Boston University. He said 33,000,000 copies of the Bible or parts of the Bible were distributed all over the world in 1944.

Enjoy Plenty All Year 'Round

MORTON'S SALT

SALT SOME AWAY

WHEN IT RAINS IT POURS! CANNING SPECIALS AT YOUR GROCER'S—NOW!

THE GOSPEL OF JESUS

The life of Jesus was a ministry. He said concerning Himself: "The Son of Man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give His life a ransom for many."

In one aspect of that life it might be summed up in the saying, "He went about doing good." But that was only one aspect. Jesus was not only a doer of good, He was a minister bringing help, and comfort.

The significance of Jesus was the Gospel that He brought to men. We call Christian ministers today "ministers of the Gospel," and happy is the church and community that has as its religious leader a true minister of the Gospel.

The Saviour brought the news of God's grace to men, and of that grace there is no limitation, in its availability, and in its effectiveness the Gospel was not only a message, a teaching; it was Jesus Himself. He did not just tell men of the grace of God! He lived it.

He dared, even in the face of His critics, to receive sinners and eat with them. His courage was, as sublime as His faith and His graciousness. He who warned His disciples to "beware of men" had no fear of men, or of what men might do to Him. —The International Sunday School Lesson.

MUSTARD SEED TO PREVENT EROSION

The mustard seed that once made the favorite poultice to relieve a cold in the chest, and is ground to dress hot dogs, is the same kind of seed now scattered by airplanes over fire-devastated mountainous areas in California to start a quick growth to form a cover to prevent soil erosion. Of a hundred kinds of seeds tested for this purpose, black mustard proved most desirable.

A report relative to the use of mustard seed to prevent erosion on burned-over areas in California has been issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Erosion of many of the California hill and mountain soils is extremely severe if the chaparral or forest cover is destroyed by fire, the report states. The problem is to restore growing plants to cover the soil with their leaves, and hold it with their roots before rain can get in the soil and wash it away.

SYNTHETIC GAS

Gasoline and other liquid hydrocarbons may be made from natural gas at a manufacturing cost, for the gasoline, of approximately five cents a gallon, by the so-called Synthol process, declared Paul Ryan of the M. W. Kellogg Co. recently. The natural gas, he states, cost about five cents a thousand cubic feet. Diesel fuel and various chemical compounds are obtained at the same time.

Mr. Ryan says the process presents "interesting post-war possibilities for the economic and profitable development of new uses for an old natural resource."

For tired eyes, dissolve a teaspoon of salt in a glass of water and bathe freely.

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