## THE UNIVERSTTY DALIY <br> -

## Fem athletics looks to HEW for more money

| by bob hanna | ing better oppo | Wilson. | THE \$20,000 PROVIDED to the |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UD Reporter | in athletic prog | ding for scholarships | women's sathetic program is part of the |
| 's intercollegiate athle | for the | plies is also needed, Wils |  |
| antly operates | ealth, Education and Welfare | The standing joke among woman | the women's in |
| 20,000. A con- | IF WOMEN'S ATHLETICS | athetes after a losing game runs | As to how funding will be handled in |
|  |  | hing like, "With all you kids on | efuture, "until they decide where |
| to establish a strong prog | uld go to coach |  | women's athetics home is, that can't |
| 00,000, according to two members of | ministrative salaries, said Margaret | better," Wilson sal | be answered." The possibibilities are that |
| the Women's Department of Physical | Wilson, chairwoman of the | McHaney listed several items |  |
| Education. | Department of Physical Education. | by the present budget. The | men's program or that a separate |
| Hope for |  |  | omen's athetics will |
|  |  |  |  |
| take effect Jan. 1, 1975. The ulation, although affecting more | even though the coaches are teaching a | fy, team members to games, can | "No," said Wilson, smiling, "we |
|  | Jeannine Mchan | team members can eat on a trit |  |
| letics, "moves in the direction of | was "purely extracurricular," said | McHaney said. | athletic department is playing a fair |

## Food most expensive item

## Dollar-stretching hints given

By SUSIE PEARC UD Reporter
Stretching the dollar can be a problem with college students, especially those living off campus. Yel, पhere are many smain ways of saving money that add up find their dollar can go further than they thought.
Interviews with Dr. E. Carolyn Ater and Martha M. Logan, of the Home Light, and various students, resuited in a collection of money-saving ideas. bill. After a trip to the grocery store, and a bill of $\$ 10$ or more, you may think that eating out is the solution to high food costs.
Jeanelte Chudej, junior home economics major, conducted her own study to see whether eating out could save money. For one week Chudej ate all her meals out, skipping breakfasts. She followed all advertised specials at various
restaurants. The next week she prepared her own meals, and included several restaurants. The next week she prepared her own meals, and
breakfasts. Conclusion - it is cheaper to eat at home. e items eaten at home. A glass of milk at a restaurant was 40 cents compared to 10 cents at home. Green beans at 35 cents at a cafeteria are only five cents a Chudej spent $\$ 19.84$ the wich at home is 22 cents while il is 55 cens elsewhere Chudej spent $\$ 19.84$ the week she ate out compared to $\$ 10.98$ spent when
eparing her own meals. A savings of $\$ 8.86$ plus more nutritious meals was the

GROCERY BLLS MAY be cut by following advertised specials, but only if the store is near, since gas money counts too. Often the store brand is just as good as
$\qquad$
lamburger helper" dishe
Buying an item in bull
Buying an item in bul it yourself. Powdered mil cooking. Eggs vary in size, substitutes.

Stretch meat dishes by than the ingredients bought separately. Most plitting it with a friend is thrifty. Butter, flour, ples. Buylunch meat and cheese in bulk and slic eeaper and just as good as fresh when used for the smaller size only if they are more than seven ze. Omlets and other egg dishes are good meat rice, noodles or beans. Chicken and rice, ground
are good ideas. Tuna and chicken are BUY FRESH FRUITS and vegetables only when in season. Otherwise, buy them canned or frozen. Bakery thrift shops are good places to stock up on day-old
bread.
Clothing is another large part of a budget Learning to sew is a worthwhile

## Special interest groups give millions to campaigns


far; Retail Clerks spent $\$ 243,869$; Steel-
workers workers spent $\$ 297,317$; Railway Clerk spent $\$ 251,909 ;$ Carpenters spent
$\$ 191,059 ;$ Laborers spent $\$ 154,305 ;$ Meat $\$ 191,059 ;$ Laborers spent $\$ 154,305$; Meat
Cutters spent $\$ 131,397$, and the national arm of the Teamsters spent $\$ 77,325$, a
sum that does not include donations passed out by state and local Teamsters political funds.
-Among non-labor groups, the leacher lobby is emerging this year as a
big political spender. The National
Education Association has spent Eig poiltical spender. The National
Education Association has spent
$\$ 190,746$ and has $\$ 25,624$ left. Also, the $\$ 190,746$ and has $\$ 25,624$ left. Also, the California
spent $\$ 576,966$ on its own. -Other non-labor groups include the business, insurance, construction and
banking lobbies. The Business - Industry Political Action Committee, a
fund started by the National Association of Manufacturers, has spent $\$ 257,996$. The real estate dealers construction contractors has spent
$\$ 156,321$. The life insurance lobby has spent $\$ 232,841$. The Banking Profession Political A
$\$ 110,683$.
A comprehensive tabulation of the
hundreds of separate reports now on file would take weeks, but an informal review indicates that traditional pat terns of giving still hold
Labor unions
Democrats. Business groups give
mainly to Republicans. And the special interests favor incumbents heavily over challengers. Committee chairmen
often get larger donations often get larger donations than les
senior members.

## easy to care for, and hard to wear out. When buying clothes, remember that

 garments made with easy care fabrics will look neater longer, and save oncleaning bills. Spend the most money on the basic items you will get the most use from. Make sure that the item you buy is of good quality. Clothing that wears out
quickly or loses its shape is not a good buy. Coordinate your clothes, matching new items to things you already own for easy mix or matching. Stick to a few basic Colors for clotuing versatility
Save on cleaning bills by using spot remover instead of dry-cleaning the whole garment. Dry cleaning machines are a bargain, too. If you have only a few things
to wash, do your laundry with a friend, splitting the cost. After drying, im mediately remove clothes to prevent wrinkling.
Students living off campus often have to pay utilities. Efficient use of appliances will cut gas and electric bills. Everyone knows to burn lights only when needed, but the type of light-bulb used also makes a difference. Bulbs are marked
for lumens (brightness) and life span. Choose whether you want a longer-life bulb for lumens (brightness) and life span. Choose whether you want a longer-life bulb
with less lumen output, or a shorter life brighter bulb. You can save as much as $\$ 1.20$ for one light if the correct bulb is used. By studying at the library, you can save on lighting your apartment.
WHEN USING THE OVEN, cook several dishes at once, setting the dial at the average temperature of all the dishes. Turn the oven off a few minutes before cooking time is up, utilizing the stored
finished to add heat to the room in winter
finished to add hear to the room in winter.
small toaster oven is cheaper to use for cooking small items, and coffee pots, popcorn poppers, etc. are better than using a burner
Match the size of the pan to the size
Match the size of the pan to the size of the burner. A pot that's too small for a
burner allows extra heat to escape. Use lids on pans to kop burner allows extra heat to escape. Use lids on pans to keep heat from escaping
Water bills can be cut in many ways. By taking a shower instead of a bath you can save 11 gallons of water. The usual bath requires 36 gallons, the usual shower 25 gallons. Don'tleave the water running whilf brushing your teeth and you save 20 gallons. By using a dishpan instead of a running-water rinse when washing dishes
you can save 30 gallons per meal.
The most common cause of wasted water is a leaky faucet. A small drip wastes
25 gallons in 24 hours. A small stream, $1-16$ inch wide, wastes 100 gallons in 25 gallons in 24 hours. A small stream,
hours. Fixing a leak is well worth the cost.
YOU CAN EVEN save money by spending it - in cash form instead of cred cards. Stores that use the credit card system must pay the credit company from 2 to 8 per cent to handle charges. This cost is included in the price of the item you purchase. The Consumers Report challenged firms which honor credit cards to give cash payers a discount, since they weren't using the 2 to 8 per cent added charge. The company agreed that merchants are free to give discounts to cas
customers. If the policy isn't stated in the store, ask if the store follows the discount policy. Price ediscrimination exists, so shop in infferent areas for lower prices. selling costs. REMEMBERING BASIC strategies for saving can be helpful in all areas. Ater, suggests three steps to consider. (1) Make more use of what you already
have-use appliances for different purposes. You can make grilled cheese sand-have-use appliances for different purposes. You can make grilled cheese sand-
wiches with an iron (wrap the sandwich in tin foil). (2) Try to increase the money you have to work with. Save money in some areas to add to another more im-
portant area. (3) Protect what you have - keep appliances, car, etc. in good

## Med School, health center ties hazy


by marcla smith UD Reporter Texas Tech Univerersity School of Medicine (TTUSMM is she only medical school in the state located on the
campus of a major university. At the mompent, that distinction is somewhat marred by the physical realities. The present Med School is modestly housed in three renovated buildings
scattered around the cilings scattered around the campus.
Classrooms and offices are in Drane Classrooms and offices are in Drane
Hall, labs are in the old infirmary near the Housing office and the teaching clinic is in Thompson Hall. The vacring units will come together under one roof when the
completed.
TARET
TARGET DATE FOR completion of ne 35 million first phase of the TTUSM building is the summer of 1976. Con-
struction beegan Jan. 23, 193; official ${ }^{5}$ Feb. 2. The Med School and the Ambulatory
Clinic (or Med School teaching clinic) Clinic (or Med School teaching clinic)
are part of the Health Science Center. are part of the Health Science Center,
an umbrella organization under which one or more health professional schools
are managed. Dr. Richard A. Lock. are managed. Dr. Richard A. Lock-
wood serves as vice president of the

## Center. Dean of the Med School is D

 bulatory Clinic is Dr. Maurice Marks. The Med School, which functionally operates as a part of the University, is actually a legal entity in itself, ac-cording to Dr. Robert Ewalt, vice cording to Dr. Robert Ewalt, vice
president for student affairs. The Sresool and the University share
executives, including President Grover executives, including President Grover
Murray and Executive Vice President Murray and Executive Vice President
Glenn Barnett, and a Board of Regents. Glenn Barnett, and a Board of Regents.
When the Board meets, University When the Board meets, Universion,
concerns are dealt with in one session, concerns are dealt with in one session,
then the Board adjourns and recon-
venes to consider Med School business. venes to consider Med School business.
Staff of the Med School is made up of Staff of the Med School is made up of
180 full-time doctors and instructors 180 full-time doctors and instructors
and
and part-time clinical faculty. Partand 398 part-ume cimical
time doctors receive a nominal sum for
their teaching services, according to Marks.
THE AMBULATORY CLINIC, which serves as a practical training center for
medical students, provides patient care to Lubbock citizens. The costs are comparabbe to those charged by any
city health service, according to Marks. About one per cent of the patients are Tech students.
Marks explained that because of the
natur nature of medicine, patients are needed
to teach future doctors. And in order to


Building, or the infirmary. Med School
doctors staffed the infirmary volundoctors staffed the infirmary volunaccording to Marks, because there was no direction. Last year, student health care was
provided by the Department of Family provided by the Department of Family
Practice, a secondary unit of the Med School. This set-up wasn't successful
because the doctors' primary concerns because the doctors' primary concerns
weren't with the students, said Marks. weren't with the students, said Marks.
According to Lockwood, a different According to Lockwood, a different
type of doctor is needed to care for students than the type of doctor needed
to teach medical students. He said that
in student health, in student health, doctors who are in-
terested in students and their concerns
are needed.

## divides the Mel School from the Student Health Service is the budget of

 the two. The Student Health Service Service Fees. The Med School's funds money in the form of grants.Because the Health Service is

## 

$5=5$

SURER NFFATTON FGHTER:


## low-key role, she said. We're not going to demand money, we don't want the said, the gate receipts of the 1940s, whe

 men to think we're being nasty and arecoercing them, she said.
Wilson Wilson hopes the men will react in a
positive way. "We think some of the positive way. "We think some of the
men are favorable," she said. She said Dr. Robert Ewalt, vice president fo student arrairs, is working on the
funding problem. Dr. Glenn Barnett, executive vice president, has men-
tioned to Wilson twice that they should get together on the funding problem although they haven't met yet.
Wilson stresses additional funding for the women should not come at the
expense of the men's program. She points to that section of the proposed regulations, saying equal aggregate xpenditures for members of each sex
will not be required. will not be required.
"WE DO NOT WANT half of the men's money. We don't have half of the
men's program. We just want enough to men sprogram. We just want enough to
make our gals feel important," Wilson
said. said.
to the Director of Civil Rights, NEW, on Oct. 15 university comments on the
regulation. "Early indications of attitudes toward sources of support (for women's athletics) are not en-
couraging. Recognition is needed that trong programs for men are supported $t$ the ticket office by a choosing publi usually do not compete favorably for these supporting funds:
 Everybody has to get a start."
"I'm sure they (the men's athletics programs) were not financially selfsufficient back in 1924." And referring "TM NOT SAYING we would get a have a squad of 60 in basketball or volleyball," McHaney said proper publicity and funding, women's athietics could produce a lot of public
support, she said. Without good coaches and recruiting, she doesn't see how the
program can be expected to generate a program can be expected to generate a
lot of public support. lot of public support.
Wilson also said that eventually the women's program will draw gate has a very small seating capacity, and gate receipts wouldn't contribute much
after the ticket takers and officials were paid, she said. for women's
Tech's program for Tech's program for women's
athletics is moving behind some of the other state-supported schools, Wilson
said. The University of Texas, the
University of Houston University of Texas at Arlington are having a part - or full-time women's athletic director, she said.
"THOSE SCHOOLS THAT moved ahead did it because they thought that's
what needed to be done," Wilson said. what needed to be done," Wilson said.
"I hope Tech doesn't wait too "I hope Tech doesn't wait too long."
University officials are now waiting for final interpretation and possible revision of the anti-sex discrimination
guidelines to determine exactly what has to be done to satisfy the regulations. But Wilson said a strong women's
athletic program should be established no matter what the final regulations say. "No matter what
think it needs to be done.

1 st Amendment causes fears in America

(9)

mainly because of fear
Reg Murphy, editor
October 24,1974
As astounding as those words may sound, Murphy was dead serious in his statement's intent. He said the American
public simply does not like to absorb the truths which public simply does not iike or absorb ebe truens which catcalls and continue to search out those truths," he said. The words may very well have fallen short of the mark and been slighted with a group of politicians or a board of corporate managers. But, Murphy had a captive audience of
collegiate journalists from throughout the country collegiate journalists from throughout the country
was in Miami, Fla., this past week for the 50th Annua Associaed Cotegiate Press Conference, which saw hundred
of editorial staffers get together to discuss the effectivenes of collegiate newspapers on our University's campuses What I saw and heard was enough to make
we have quite a fine system on this campus. IN ONE SESSION which I attended, the stories told by other newspaper editors were almost beyond belief. On editor had busted a story on the organized crime syndicate in his city and had an attempt made on his life. "I was walking down a sidewalk," he said. "This car was speeding down the street and ran up on the curb and tried to hit me. and thoroughly pounded his body. And yet another said $h$ newspaper was fixing to break an important story on newspaper was fixing to break an important story on a
certain group on campus ... but the group involved had hijacked the delivery trucks and made away with almost al

## Freedom, it seems, is not a well liked commodity on other campuses.

 Believe me people, the troubles we may have here are not monumental compared to what's happening at otheruniversities. Not to say that I would disregard our issues an universities. Not to say that I would disregard our issuus and
say that everything is peachy here. But, we certainly don have as outrageous a situation as others do. And this newspaper sure doesn't have the problems others have .
such as, student government control, university adsuch as, student government control, university ad-
ministration control, financial hassles and overall press

## freedoms.

SO WHY ARE NEWSPAPERS so feared? "Because w are the bearers of bad news," answered Murphy. "We bring
stories about our army losing the war, stories about our army losing the war, about tragedies and
other things. We do create turmoil when we do do our work other things. We do
well."
Murphy, an internationally known journalist and
Atlanta's best known newspaper personality, mad pages last F known newspaper personality, made the front pages last Febru
$\$ 700,000$ ranson.
He did chastise one college newspaper for refusing to en fita recusing to decided student government "was not doing anything and was worthless." He said this type of journalism was uncalled for and only defeated the guidelines of the press. was whe of Murphy's most penetrating comments, I thought, was when he emphasized that the press should "learn what America believes and doesnt believe
which was taken recently at the University of Michigan. "The survey was based on the 14 most believable institutions
findings showed that they ranked like this: (1) the military (2) our colleges and universities, (3) churches and religion, (4) small businesses, (5) public schools, (6) the news media,
(7) the Supreme Court, (8) large corporations, (9) Congress, (10) state governments, (11) judicial systems, (12) loca governments, (13) labor unions and (14) the President and White House.
afTER HE SAID THAT the military was the most credible, I could see why he had said we (press) must "learn whisag America believes and doesn't believe. I the way dhe people believed and I have to live with it ... like or not. Itraded remarks with various other editors from around
the country about the survey and all of us felt the same way about the military, In fact, we couldn't see any difference between the military and the President and White House

Another area which Murphy said the press was not "up
was the reporting of economic stories. "The economic illiteracy in this country is due to the lazy and lax coverage of the media's economic stories. But, this is difficult ... ex ... and to communicate wiation or relating to the Dow Jones is a barrier."
I'll offer no excuses about any of the comments made by Murphy. I, maybe more than anyone on this campus, know for the truth could turn into a carody at any time our search see it - however hard it may be to do - rather tha manipulate your fears, we try to provide you with in-
formation which makes you think, and consider the problem and issues at hand.

## Letters

## to the editor

## 'Girls got carried away'

To the Editor:
On Oct. 22 a letter came out saying almost directly that must be some kind of sexual pervert for wanting later
visitation hours. I don't think one should judge a person's visitation hours. I don't think one should judge a person's
moral values before you meet them and I believe these girls got carried away! These same girls also seem to think that The girls I've had in my room have had a good time
playing various card games, listening to music, playing monopoly, and drinkin whatever was available (Dr. Pepper for instance). Do you girls still think the lobby is the "best"
place? I think you all are right in that it is up to the girls in ll of the girls I talked to wanted later hours and I was writing for THEIR benefit. I'll let you girls do whatev
want to with your hours and stick to my own dwelling. I became a floor representative so I could help swing tied by the RHA! The RHA sets the maximum number of hours the dorms can have and the officers say going against
the RHA is like going up against a brick wall! They say if they brought up anything about visitation, they'd get laughed right off the floor! That doesn't say much about those officers if they're afraid of getting laughed at and it doesn't say much
about the RHA if it is THAT hard to get anything done. If it about the RHA if it is thAT hard to get anything done. If it
feally is that bad, one should try that much harder
one pounds on a wall persistantly enough, IT WILL GIVE IN!! There is certainly enough support in the GUY'S dorms to pull it through once the issue is brought up! Speaking for Coleman Hall, "WE DON'T WANT RESTRICTIVE HOURS campuses have for guy's dorms!

Mark Olson
223 Coleman
Editor's note: Mark Olson was not the only one who signed his letter. However, since there are 213 other Coleman, Weymouth and Carpenter residents who signed the letter,
space was not available to publish all the signatures included with the letter. Obviously Olson is not the only one, by any

## Hulen women respond

 To the Editor:In regard to Tuesday, October 22nd's letter - "Present
Dorm Rights Fine" - we OTHER women of Hulen would like Dorm Rights Fine" - we OTHER women of Hulen would like
to express our resentment at being lumped together with "we
women of Hulen" by some person or persons who lack the DOONESBURY
courage to even sign their name. It is our suggestion therefore that such gross generalizations not be made

without the consensus of ALL the realdents of Hulen Hall. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Joetta Prost, 231, 2-5931 } & \text { Gwyn Goodwin, 236, 2-7965 } \\ \text { Carol Major, 235, 2-6729 } & \text { Lana Thompson } 228\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Carol Major, 235, 2-6729 } & \text { Lana Thompson, 228, 24734 } \\ \text { Krista Kersh, 235, 2-6729 } & \text { Carol Becker, 212, 24649 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Karen Tiemann, 239, 2-5649 } & \text { Carol Becker, 212, 2-4649 } \\ \text { Sharon Smith, 212, 2-4649 }\end{array}$ atrice Emley, 233, 24700 Gail Brockette, 317, 2-771 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Giane Woodyard, } 248,2-7457 & \text { Sirginia Taylor, } 321,2-1636\end{array}$ | Marca Mote, 218, $2-7729$ | Mercer Bonney, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Patricia Wood, $234,2-5724$ | Caren Corkins, $333,2-5663$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Patricia Wood, 234, 2-5724 } & \text { Caren Corkins, } 333,2-5663 \\ \text { Leslie Devore, 234, 2-5724 } & \text { Karen Cohorn, 219, 2-6521 }\end{array}$ Nancy Lewis, 220, 2-6023

Beth Johnston, 221, $2-6417$$\quad$ Hulen Hall Residents

## 'Sisters' defend Greeks

To the Editor:
In answer to the writer blasting the Greek system on Oct.
who went throuzh "the farce called rush" with "broad 22 , who went through "the farce called rush" with a "broad the first place, the total cost of a sorority is certainly not more than four hundred dollars a year. As for the "little gifts" she mentioned, Webster defines a gift as. 1) something given to show friendship and 2) the act, power, or right of giving. So obviously gifts are not a requirement... If she feels hat sororities are discriminatory because of the cost, she "foot the bill" because they feel that the things that they gain from membership are well worth their effort.
In reference to sorority labels she, herself, labeled all sorority girls as "llite." So you see how easy it is to libel a
group that you are not a part of. If a nickname is so important group that you are not a part of. If a nickname is so important
to her that it would keep her from joining an organization, to her that it would keep her from joining an or
then our advice would be never to join anything.
Granted, sororities are based on Christian fellowship, but one cannot see nor feel this fellowship in a span of four or five days. Christian fellowship cannot be based merely on Bible studies and chapter church - one must understand different backgrounds and interests.
The abolishment of the Greek system would only take away the added enjoyment of approximately 2,600 students and would give the obviously envious people less to bitch

Candy Taylor
Tricia Sweeney
Cindy Holloway
Carol Hillard

by Garry Trudeau


Ford keeps prices up
WASHINGTON - While President Ford has called for sacrifices from the American people to curb inflation, he purpose is to drive up prices and hold them up.
Each was intended originally to help some new industry get started, to keep declining businesses from collapsing or the market.
But in their aggregate, they have sapped the efficiency of American production and victimized the consumers. Most of these boondoggles still survive long beyond their original purpose, because of the campaign contributions and poiltical
power of the special interests. As part of our watch on waste, here are a few examples of how the government deliberately keeps prices from falling. What makes the irony more bitter is that the con-
sumers are compelled to pay for their own fleecing, since sumers are compelled to pay for their own fleecing, since
their tax money is used to finance the price rigging. heir tax money is used to finance the price rigging.
-FOOD SUBSIDIES: For decades, the vegetables, fruits and dairy products have been driven up by government marketing orders which restrict production, limit interstate shipments and eliminate "excess" produce.
Similarly, the government restricts the importation of Similarly, the government restricts the importation of
cheaper meat cuts suitable for hamburger and sausages. cheaper meat cuts suitable for hamburger and sausages.
Now thousands of poor people can't even afford hamburger. Import quotas on dairy products result in higher cheese, dried milk and butter prices. Also, raw cotton, wheat and
peanuts have been pushed up in price by government import controls. If the prices of these products should start to slip, the government can be relied on to boost them back up by
making huge emergency purchases.
-TRANSORTATION RATES: Some economists estimate that truck and rail rates are inflated 20 per cent
because of Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) because of Interstate Commerce Commission (CCC)
regulations, thus adding $\$ 16$ billion (b) in unnecessary consumer costs.
rucking but also gives existing truckers antitrust exemptions to rig consumer rates.

by Jack Anderson
trips empty. Other regulations prohibit railroads and
truckers from lowering their rates when they wish to do so for competitive reasons. The Civil Aeronautics Board (CAB) prevents air carriers rom offering lower rates while forcing them to maintain
unprofitable routes. At the same time, the CAB also keeps out competition. It recently turned down an application for oute at about one-third the existing fares.
-GOVERNMENT INTERVENTIONS: While steel and textile prices climb steadily up, the government has negotiated import restrictions on steel and textiles. The effect is to block the imports that could
This holds true for many other products.
This holds true for many other products.
Government - sponsored "resale price maintenance prevents merchants from lowering many prices at the retail level. And the Davis - Bacon Act drives up local construction costs everywhere by forcing the spread of high, sometimes exorbitant union wage rates. The result is that fewer and more laborers are out of work.
A bill to acquire 30 per cent of all oil American ships will, unless vetoed, push prices up on gasoline, heating oil, electricity, plastics and petrochemical products.
Another law, the Jones Act, requires all shipping between two American ports to be carried on uncompetitive
American ships. This raises costs on a wide variety of goods for the benefit of the already heavily subsidized shipping industry and maritime unions, which happen to be prime


## 





Freshman council run-off Tuesday
There will be a Freshman Council run-off election Tuesday in Wells Hall at the evening meal.
voting will be held outside the dining hall. Persons wanting to vote should bring their ID and meal ticket.
In Council elections Tuesday, Missy Farr
In Council elections Tuesday, Missy Farrell was elected
as the Gates Hall representative. Her name was as the Gates Hall representative. Her name was omitted in
Wednesday's University Daily. In the same issue Wednesday's University Daily. In the same issue, Leigh
Bennett's name was incorrectly listed as Dennett. She is the representative from Clement.








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store in your car. Entor the
15th Streot Entrance.
PICKAGES
WRAPPED
FOR MALLING

By JoE GULICK
UD Staff . heels - he is ineligible for Owusu, who prefers to be records.
Tech competition.



Olympic medal winner Joshua Owusu in engineering major, he got his the triple jump (hop, skip, and years later Doris followed. missed bachelors degree from Angelo jump). He said he is going to July in San Angelo. Doris is㲘 four years and set numerous confidence that I can do it," he a job in Lubbock as a model. Room following the reading. and 1956. Owusu met his wife Texas Tech, the school with Both events are open to the Doris at a track meet in Ac- the great football team that public without charge. cra, Ghana, their home town. massacred Texas!'"
the Big Noise on
campus


Male chauvinists have no choice
Mraemay adias race In wissour

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. Louis hasst'ta chance Nov. 10 | (opponents) say," according |  |
| 5. Any way he casts his ballot, to | to Sullivan, who is | mo |
| he'll send a woman to fiw | first and only congress- | whites. |
| The contest for Missourt's | "If 1 cani |  |
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Science director to begin

## series of lectures today

##  Atmospheric Sciences of the Science Building. The p.m.; "Charged Particle 1CAAS). University of series will include. "An In- Energy Deposition in Florida, will present six dependent Particle Model for Planetary Atmosphere lectures at Tech beginning Atoms," today at $3: 30$. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { lectures at Tech beginning } & \text { Atoms," today at } 3: 30 \text { p.m.; } & \text { Wednesday at } 3: 30 \text { p.m.; } \\ \text { today through Thursday. } & \text { "The Fundamental } & \text { Nuclear } \\ \text { "Solar Ultraviolet Irradiance }\end{array}$ Green is visiting Tech under "The Fundamental Nuclear "Solar Ultraviolet Irradiance Intion," Tuesday at $10: 30$ and Skin Cancer," Wednesday <br> Jojoba nut possible <br> West Texas crop

 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { center for Agronomy and } & \text { Department of Physiss. } \\ \text { Iectures will be in Room } 60 & \text { Edunge in Physics Graduate }\end{array}$By SUSIE PEARCE 125,000 pounds produced every

Dr. Green


Moments notice


By SUSIE PEARC
UD Reporter Jojoba, an arid land shrub
which produces a valuable which produces a valuable liquid wax, may become the major crop planted in Southwestern America, according
to Kenneth E. Foster, to Kenneth E. Foster,
spokesman of the Office of spokesman of he office of
Arid Land Studies at the
University of Arizona Tucson. University of Arizona, Tucson. Foster spoke recently at an
ISCALS seminar at the ISCALS seminar at the Tech
Museum. Museum. may start planting
"People may
Jojoba instead of cotton," he said. The nut of the Jojoba
produces a liquid wax which can be used in cosmetics, replacing the presently used oil from the Sperm whale, an endangered species.
Nuts from the Jojoba are processed like cotton seed. Foster said the meal left after
processing is rich in protein processing is rich in protein
and has potential as feed. The and has potential as feed. The
liquid wax has also been used
in transmission flluid, he said. in transmission fluid, he said.
The Office of Arid Land The Office of Arid Land
Studies is also promoting the creation of an Indian industry
centered around the Jojoba centered around the Jojoba
plant. The plant is abundant
on reservations in New on reservations in New
Mexico, Southern California and up through Central
Arizona. Foster said the Arizona. Foster said the
potential for Jojoba nuts per potential for Jojoba nuts per
reservation is from 80 to

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other year. The Land Office subsidized an experimental he Indians to start their own industry, Foster said. The Office paid the Indians $\$ 1$ per
pound to harvest these nuts. pound to harvest these nuts.
Eighty thousand pounds were collected and sold to in-
dustries experimenting with he Jojoba wax. The professor will be
the Jojoba wax.
Foster said the Indians available for consultation with
originally used the wax for originally used the wax for available for consultation with candies and sold them through his visit here. specializing in Indian crafts. $\begin{gathered}\text { Lectures are open to the } \\ \text { public without charge. }\end{gathered}$

Green is a Fellow of the American Physical Sociaty and the Optical Society of America, and a member of the Physics Association of American Geopysical the Phi Beta Kappa and the faculty and students during
his visit here. public without charge.
at 8 p.m.; and "Atomic and
Molecular Mechanisms in Molecular Mechanisms in
Radiation Biology," Thursday at $10: 30$ a.m. In addition to duties with
ICAAS, Geen is ICAAS, Green is graduate
professor of physics, elecprofessor of physics, elec-
trical engineering and aerospace engineering at the University of Florida.


## Swinging sex clubs said to be declining



## Plocement center

 married couples for sex-could nights a week making love
choose from more than 20 with strangers say they have
membership-only clubs in become disillusioned with the
Southern California. Now swinging setup. And in their

$\qquad$ routine aspects have turned tuvies such as bowing and
some
swinging. Meopen tithe econony up and thad, end to executive director of the be lessfree, even insex," said california, says hest more
Robert Mcinley, who with involved with midget auto















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f


## Brother duel winner

Tech defensive end Tommy Cones (81) plays off a block and gets in on a team tackle with cornerback Randy Olsen (20) and linebacker Harold
Buell (56). Cones starred on defense for the Raiders as he blocked a key punt and dropped the SMU quarterback for a loss which forced a SMU field goal instead of a touchdown.

## Aggies take giant step toward SWC crown

sjonewn mezan

ABmatumar

masquerade party is over -
team to beat in the rush to the
Cotton Bowl.
Following Saturday's combat, the muscular Aggies
who haven't allowed a point in the last eight quarters
emerged at the head of the
class.
class. $A \& M$ is as strong
" physically as any team we've
played and that includes played and that includes
Oklahoma," said Baylor Coach Grant Teaff after the
Aggies shipped the Bears 20-0 before 50,000 fans on
homecoming. homecoming.
Teaff added
A\&M clearly dominated the
game although two touchdowns came on unusual plays - a fumble and an in- Texas A\&M "It's about time ... we've Texas
had a lot of cotton-pickin' SMU $\begin{array}{ll}\text { breaks go against us," said } & \text { Baylor } \\ \text { A\&M Coach Emory Bellard. Arkansas }\end{array}$ AdM it's going to be "Cotton Pickin'" time for the Aggies TCU
unless someone derails the $x$-Houston
Maroon Express soon. x -not competing for SWC title
Arkansas Arkansas gets the chance THIS WEEK's SCHEDULE: Arkansas at Texas A\&M, $1: 30$




EasTex

By MIKE HALLMARK Sports Editor Defensive end Tommy burn punt set up a Larry Isaa scamper from two yards to
put the final bar in put the final bar in the
Raider's $20-17$ corral of the SMU Mustangs Saturday in
the Cotton Bowl. The Red Raiders' had their
corral all but built corral all but built at halftime
as they controlled the contest as they controlled the contest
at that point, but during the at that point, but during the
second half some forgeful
Raider kept leaving the corral Raider kept leaving the corral
gate open. With upset gate open. With upse
beckoning, the Ponies started
several stampedes led several stampedes led by
quick-footed quarterback quick-footed quarterback
Ricky Wesson but Cones' punt
block provided the lasso which block provided the lasso which block provided he
halted the Ponies.
Cones had a
Cones had a bit of family
rivalry going as younger rivalry going as younger
brother Mark also a defensive brother Mark also a defensive
end, and his Mustang mates end, and his Mustang mates
were leading $17-13$ when the
older brother decided to take a older brother decided to take a
hand. Older brother showed
younger brother hat younger brother how it's done
as Tommy roared in and as Tommy roared in and
deflected Blackburn's punt of his helmet. The ball wa SMU's Brian Duncan covere at his own 26. Tech took
possession there and four
plays later the Raiders scored plays later the Raiders scored
the winning points on Isaac's run. Issaac chad 125 yordsont's
day. The key play in the short drive was a Don Roberts to
tight end Pat Felux pass for 18 tight end Pat Felux pass for 1
yards to set Isaac up. yards to set Isaac up.
"I came in on the right
side," said Tech's Cone, "and "I came in on the right
side," said Tech's Cone, "and
SMU had a wider line split and I was able to get in. I told my brother Mark SMU had played a fine game. He thought they
should have won and he was should have won and he was
pretty upset but that's understandable."
SMU was not ready to quit
on that note as the on that note as the Raiders still left the gate open a couple
more times and the Ponies more times and the Ponies
tried unsuccessfully to break out to victory.
out to victory.
The Ponies kept thing
interesting to the wire with an interesting to the wire with an assist from the Raiders
Tech's defense appeared to Tech's defense appeared to have held at the SMU 22 on
SMU's final drive when Tech defensive end Thomas Howard roughed Wesson and drew a 15 yard personal foul
penalty. SMU's new life penalty. SMU's new life ap-
peared snuffed out on the next peared snuffed out on the nex
play as Wesson's pass was play as Wesson's pass wa
intercepted by Tech cor nerback Selso Ramirez Howevar, Ramirez reopened the gate he had apparently
just closed as he fumbled the just closed as he fumbled the
ball back on the return to ball back on the return to
SMU's Kenny Harrison. This gave SMU K gain of 22 and put Tech in danger of a tying field goal. However, the Raiders
stopped Wesson on four fourth and one at the Pony 10 consective plays; a sack by the Raiders drew an illegal Gary Monroe, a sho
SMU opened the scoring as
they drove 73 yards on 10 plays on their first possession with fullback David Bostick scoring from the five. Bostick had 118 yards on the afternoon. Ted Thompson added
the point after. Tech came right back on heir first possession as the
Raiders came 71 yards in 11 plays. Sophomore quar-
terback Don Roberts, filling in or the injured Tommy yard keeper. Brian Hall added the extra point.
Hall then connected on two straight field goals after two promising Tech drives stalled. Roberts slipped on an option Roberts slipped on an option
and lost two yards. Hall calmly booted it through from 23 yards out. The next Hall

Pony coach proud
of positive effort

## By JEFF KLOTZMAN

Although the scoreboard showed SMU on the negative ide of a $20-17$ reading, Head Coach Dave Smith said he saw some positive efforts in the Ponies' behair. proud of," said Smith. "When we were down we got our momentum back through pure effort and guts. We lost it but ee kept fighting back.
SMU did
SMU did a lot of fighting against the Raiders and at one point in the third quarter held a $17-13$ lead. However, Tech arry Isaac turned into the winning seven points. There were some questions as to whether punter John Blackburn meant to punt the ball away or was intentionally trying for an SMU first down.
umbled the snap. We were going to put deep, "Blackburn just umbied the sere are a lot of "ifs", though""
Blackburn said he intended to punt the ball but couldn't handle the snap. "I don't know, I just have a black cloud over mind, I don't know what happened."
Smith felt SMU could have tied the scor
Smith felt SMU could have tied the score late in the game
t the Ponies ran out of downs on the Tech 36 .
uld have kicked the field goal to tie," said Smith
Quarterback Ricky Wesson said he didn't know the
onies' last play was a fourth down situation.
"Kenny Harrison was the only one who knew," said get the play off. I knew time was running out so I cut the qudible short and threw the ball."
Wesson's pass was beyond the reach of Harrison and the all went over to the Raiders who ran the clock ou Wesson said the SMU passing
Wesson said the SMU passing game was clicking because basics out of the wishbone attack.
for passing. We hit a few, but missed on some important ones
for passin
also."
Smith
momentu
Smith summed up the afternoon saying, "We had the momentum and it looked like we had it won, but in any close
game, kicking is sure important."

