

LYNN COUNTY NEWS.

VOLUME 9

TAHOKA, LYNN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1913

NUMBER 42

Two More Inches Rain For Lynn County This Week

Two Days Barbecue and Picnic

Next Second Monday, July 14

Next Second Monday, July the 14th, the citizens of Tahoka will pull off one of the largest and best free Barbecue ever attempted on the South Plains of Texas.

Thousands of pounds of nicely cooked beef, thousands of loaves of fresh light bread, fifty gallons of exquisite coffee and pickles till you can't rest. Everything free, including grass and water for your stock.

All kinds of the usual and a great number of unusual amusements will be furnished for two days. There will be a lot more amusements Monday and Tuesday than you could see in an entire week.

If you want to see the Plains at their very best come to Tahoka July 14th and 15th, and remember there's nothing short about Tahoka but its past.

The South Plains Normal will still be in full swing, every one will have recovered from the debate, there will be no political divisions and Tahoka will look and be its very best.

If you want to secure any privileges address: Paul Miller, Secretary, Tahoka, Texas.

FOR SALE—Thorough-bred Berkshire shoats. \$12.50 singly, or \$22.00 per pair.—L. R. Bartley, 11 miles N. E. of Tahoka. 42-43

Let Frank and Jumb do your hauling and Tom Higgins will look after the bills for you. 41-44

John McLoud, of Kingsville, came in on the Wednesday evening train and is visiting with Hall Robinson. John said that his mother is enjoying good health, but that his father, A. B. McLoud, Tahoka's former postmaster, is in poor health.

J. B. Burleson and Russell Ramsey are busy today painting the metal ceiling in the new one story brick on Main street.

Dangerous Calomel Going Out Of Use

A Safer, More Reliable Remedy Has Taken Its Place in the Drug Store and in Home.

A few years ago, men, women and children took calomel for a slug of liver and for constipation. They took risks when they did so, for calomel is a dangerous drug. Your family doctor will be the first one to tell you this if he discovers you dosing yourself with calomel.

But the drug trade has found a safer, more pleasant remedy than calomel in Dodson's Liver Tone.

Thomas Bros. Drug Co. tell us that their drug store sells Dodson's Liver Tone in practically every case of biliousness and liver trouble where calomel used to be taken.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a vegetable liver tonic that is absolutely harmless for children and grown people. It sells for 50 cents a bottle and is guaranteed to be entirely satisfactory by Thomas Bros. Drug Co. who will refund your money with a smile if it does not give quick, gentle relief without any of calomel's unpleasant after-effects. 42-1t

Insurance Case on Trial

Lubbock Avalanche:

The case of Mrs. Martha A. Brown vs. The Amarillo Life Insurance company transferred to this court from Lynn county has occupied the time of the court the greater part of this week. The argument was closed this morning and the judge will deliver his charge in time for the case to go to the jury this afternoon.

J. S. Wells has shipped 89 cases of eggs since the first of January this year.

Barbecue Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at the Cash Meat Market. 31-tf

Finley Coughran left Monday morning for Abilene, where he will likely spend the summer.

Buy a Tahoka made broom at the Parkhurst Broken \$ Store and you will get the best broom sold on the Plains. 41-tf

Belton Howell left on the Monday morning train for Waco, where he has accepted a position in a garage.

Kaffir For Sale

Big bundles, extra heavy grain. See J. O. King, two miles north of Tahoka. 41-44

There is only one war zone in the United States, West Virginia. There the records of the military court martial law were destroyed and Glasscock, an ex-governor, boldly assumed all responsibility for the Russian invasion of the United States. It was related by one witness that a military henchman of the former governor invaded a newspaper office, suspended the publication of the journal, kicked the type into a pile of debris and then warned the proprietor "to be good." Glasscock is a Republican, he says. Glasscock is mistaken, however; he is a Cossack. In Russian Siberia he would make a model governor for one of the death hell where political refugees are left to rot and die by the military police spies of Romanoff despotism.—Fort Worth Record.

A young man giving his name as Bennett and said to hail from the Fish ranch, was in town Saturday trying to get a marriage licence. He was willing to swear that he was 21 years old, but, as he looked to be about 16 years old, County Clerk Elliott would not issue the licence. It is said that the young man had already tried for licence at Lamesa with no better success than he met with here. Seeing how greatly disappointed the poor boy was at his lack of success in securing the law's permission to wed the girl of his choice, the County Commissioners, who were in session as a board of equalization, discussed ways and means whereby he might attain his hearts desire, but finally came to the conclusion that they were powerless to help, and he must remain in his present state of single blessedness for the present.

Crosser Killed By Halbrook

H. M. Halbrook, Conductor of the C. & S. P. Ry., Shot and Killed E. L. Crosser, Prop. of the Commercial Barber Shop at Lubbock

Reports began to come in yesterday, Thursday, that some time Wednesday a man had been shot and killed in Lubbock.

But few details can be learned at this time, beyond the mere facts of the names of the parties and place where the killing took place.

The Amarillo Daily News of June 19th, contained the following news item in regard to it.

"Lubbock, Texas, June 18.—

H. M. Halbrook, conductor of the Crosbyton and South Plains railroad, today shot and instantly killed E. L. Crosser, proprietor of the Commercial Barber Shop. The killing took place in the lobby of the Howard Hotel.

"Both men stood well and up to the time of the killing were considered the best of friends. Not a word was spoken before or after the killing, so far as known. Both men had families.

"Halbrook waived examination and was released on \$2,000 bond to await the action of the grand jury in July."

So far as we have been able to learn, Crosser was sitting in the shine chair in his shop reading a newspaper when Halbrook walked in at the door. Crosser lowered the paper and looked up at Halbrook who advanced into the room, drew his gun and shot Crosser through the heart killing him instantly.

District Attorney G. E. Lockhart left immediately for the scene of the killing.

EDITH SOCIAL AFFAIR

Mr. and Mrs. Sid Sanders entertained at their home, a crowd of young people last Saturday night.

As each guest arrived they were ushered into the room assigned to the young folks. Then they began their many amusements, among which was the pinning of the donkey's tail on, first prize won by G. B. Sherrod, second prize by Miss Alice McIntyre. The next game played, "The people of the world," Miss Agnes Campbell winning the prize. Cards were then passed and each boy was to match his card with some girl, then she was to be his partner to supper. They were then shown into the beautifully arranged dining room, where refreshments of delicious ice cream and cake were served.

After refreshments a few more games were played. Then each one bid the kind host and hostess a good night expressing himself as having a delightful time, and wishing that time would come again.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

"How's your chicken farm?" "Say, I'm glad you asked me. You know, I told you it was mostly outgo, with mighty little coming in? Well, I haven't lost a dollar on the outfit for a month or more." "Fine. How does it happen?" "Some thoughtful coopbreaker stole all the chickens."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Lynn County's Livestock Facts.

The Farmers' Union Give Some Very Interesting Facts and Figures on Lynn County's Livestock Industry on Our 200 Farms

The Farmers' Union has been conducting an exhaustive investigation into agricultural conditions with reference to the cost of producing and value received for farm crops with a view of recommending a substitute for cotton as that industry is already suffering from over-production. In discussing the subject, President Radford of the farmers' Union said: "The Lord made the greater part of Texas a cotton country and it will always remain the money crop as long as the farmer markets his crop direct from the harvest field, but I believe with plenty of good livestock and a silo a farmer can successfully raise feed stuff and he will be justified in planting less cotton and raising more live stock.

The Federal Census reports show that we have 14,080,936 head of livestock in Texas, and 96 per cent of our farms reported domestic animals.

There were 200 farms in Lynn county that reported livestock when the Thirteenth Census was taken according to a report just issued by the Federal Department of Commerce and Labor and the total number of domestic animals on these farms numbered 14,622, which has a combined value of \$366,342. Cattle is the predominating class of livestock in this County as shown by the following table:

Cattle	11,182	\$204,212
Horses	1,946	127,860
Mules	246	24,463
Asses and burros	33	3,055
Swine	1,214	6,752
Total	14,621	366,342

Saturday June seventh, the citizens of the Wilson school district voted for a special school tax of 20 cents.

Why deal with an agent when you can buy direct, and save all the agents commission. I buy from the quarry and sell direct to you.—Lubbock Marble Works, B. F. Montgomery, Prop. 41-42

A case is on record in England of a professional somnolist, who by his annual performance, it is asserted, gained "enough to keep himself for a twelvemonth." The Daily Courant of August 9, 1711, contained the following advertisement of the performance: "Nicholas Hart, who slept last year in St. Bartholomew's hospital, intends to sleep this year at the Cock and Bottle in Little Britain." Some further particulars of the sleeper are to be found in the Spectator for October 1 of that year. It appears that Hart was every year seized with a periodical fit of sleeping, which began on August 5 and ended on the eleventh. Its various stages are thus described: "On the first of that month he grew dull; on the second, appeared drowsy; on the third, fell a-yawning; on the fourth, began to nod; on the fifth, dropped asleep; on the sixth was heard to snore; on the seventh, turned himself in his bed; on the eighth, recovered his former posture; on the ninth, fell a-stretching; on the tenth, about midnight, awakened; on the eleventh, in the morning, called for a little small beer."

Another Visit Jupiter Pluvis to Lynn County--Two Inch Average

Bernie Hill Dead.

As many of our readers became acquainted with Bernie Hill when he worked in the West Side Barber Shop three years ago, we clip the following item from the Lubbock Avalanche of last week.

"Information was received here Saturday morning that Bernie Hill had died and would be buried at Merkel Sunday afternoon. He was a brother of Geo. M. Hill, formally of this place now of Plainview. He died from drinking hair tonic, in a barber shop that contained wood alcohol.

Ice in carload lots at the Cash Meat Market. 31-tf

Lonnie Bigham went up to Lubbock Monday, returning the next day.

If you want a broom, buy a Tahoka made broom at the Parkhurst Broken \$ Store. 41-tf

A. B. Yantis came up on the Monday morning train from O'Donnell.

MONEY to Loan on Real Estate at 9 1/2 per cent. No Red Tape.—J. B. Walker, Tahoka. 41-44

Hon. T. M. Bartky left on the Tuesday morning train for Austin to attend the special session of the Legislature.

NOTICE.—No hunting allowed with guns or dogs in the Brown field ranch. 11-tf

RAY BROWNFIELD.

Odie Burleson, of Lamesa, and his cousin, Miss Belle Burleson, of this city, came in on the north bound train Monday morning.

Mrs. W. F. Humphries, of Big Springs, came in on the Saturday morning train to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cowan.

Coleman Wells went up to Slaton on the Monday morning train to meet Elder Newman who came in from his home at Glen Rose to take part in the debate.

Mrs. Hall Robinson and baby left Wednesday morning for Lubbock where they will visit relatives and friends. Little Miss Hazel Alley accompanied them.

K. M. McCray and wife of 14 miles south-west of Gomez, was in town Monday to meet Mrs. McCray's mother, Mrs. Crane, of Arkansas, who came in on the evening train.

G. W. King and Son, of the Tahoka Livery Stable had two hacks, one surrey, two double and seven single buggies Sunday, and had to turn down three or four calls. Ben King says he is in favor of offering the South Plains Summer Normal a permanent home in Tahoka.

Miss Ola Callaway left on the Monday morning train for Temple, but when she arrived at Slaton she met a girl friend who intended starting for Grandbury in a few days, so Miss Ola decided to remain over and both go down together. Rev. Callaway accompanied his daughter as far as Slaton, returning on the evening train.

We had two heavy showers Tuesday afternoon between 4:30 and 7:30 o'clock, during which .83 of an inch of rain fell. During the night .78 of an inch of rain fell. Wednesday night and Thursday were damp and showery until by sun down, when we take our observations, the rain .29 of an inch more precipitation making 1.90 inches for the week and 4.56 inches for the month of June, and a total amount of rain since the 10th of march this year, of 8.77 or a little more than eight inches and three-quarters of an inch of rainfall. While the rains have been only partial showers, much of Lynn county has had as much rain as the north-eastern (where the rain gauge is situated) portion of Tahoka has, and some communities report considerable more rain.

At the special school tax election Saturday June the 7th, the citizens of Edith school district voted for a special tax not to exceed 50 cents on the \$100 valuation.

L. G. Phillips a prominent merchant of O'Donnell, came up on the Thursday morning train.

TRESSPASS NOTICE

Any one found cutting wood, or dumping trash or carcasses of any kind on the T-Bar lands will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

S. W. SAMFORD, Mgr.

Edith Items

Edith, June 18th, 1913.

Every body out here are rejoicing over the good rain and fine prospects in this community.

Miss Mattie Dyer ate supper with Miss Lee Northcross Sunday night.

Mr. Charley Shook and sister, Miss Mellie, and cousins, Misses Christine Swan and Lessie Shook, visited with Mrs. Sid Sanders Saturday night.

Miss Jewell Sherrod spent the day with Miss Mozell Dyer Sunday.

Mr. Joe Barnes and Misses Alice McIntyre, Agnes Campbell, Mattie Dyer and Maggie Ramsey are attending the Normal at Tahoka.

Mr. Bonnie Milliken and Miss Lillye Harrison attended church at Edith Sunday.

There is to be singing all day, and dinner on the ground, Sunday June 22nd.

Mr. Oscar Sanders and Miss Agnes Campbell dined with Miss Alice McIntyre Sunday night.

Judge Joe Stokes and wife and Mr. Bud Milliken and wife spent the day with Mr. A. R. McGonigal Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes and Mr. and Mrs. Dee Sanders visited with Mr. Joe Sanders Sunday.

Miss Nettie Wells spent the weekend with home folks at the farm.

The big rain did considerable damage to Mr. Guy King's well. Mr. Harvey Campbell was visiting at town Sunday eve.

SLEEPY-EYE.

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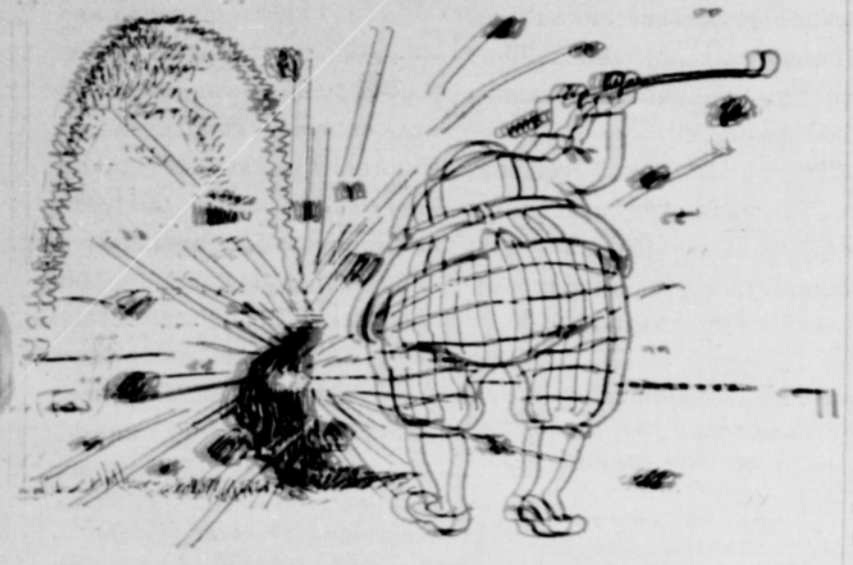
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"Bunkered!"



When a golf player is "BUNKERED" he is "UPPA GAINST IT" and "INBAO" to use the slang of the day.

Lock merchants are "BUNKERED" when you fail to patronize them and send your money out of town to mail order houses.

The town itself is "BUNKERED" when it does not hustle for new industries and support a live Board of Trade.

Don't Be Bunkered!

SIJR. 18 Amendment Pro and Con

The following are accumulated arguments pro and con on Senate Joint Resolution No. 18, Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution authorizing the issuance of bonds for the purpose of the construction of the necessary buildings for the University of Texas and also for buildings of various institutions, and authorizing improvement bonds for the purpose of navigation, irrigation, construction of bridges and the maintenance and operation of public warehouses.

OPINION OF THE UNIVERSITY WITH OUT COST TO THE PEOPLE

In urging the people of Texas to

- PROFESSIONAL**
- DR. L. M. TURBETINE, Physician & Surgeon, Office: Thomas Bros. Drug Co., Phone: 001-22, Residence: 57, Taboka, Texas.
 - GEORGE BLOKHEART, Attorney at Law, Office: South of Square, Taboka, Texas.
 - CHAS. COLEMAN, Lawyer, Office in old First National Bank Building, Taboka, Texas.
 - DR. J. E. GALLAWAY, Physician & Surgeon, Office: Thomas Bros. Drug Co., Office Phone: 22, Residence Phone: 47, Taboka, Texas.
 - W. M. HERRING, Attorney at Law, Taboka, Texas.

contemplate, and gives no authority for the consolidation of the AA & M College and the University of Austin.

The amendment gives no authority to move the Medical Department.

The amendment gives no authority to move the College of Industrial Arts for women.

The amendment gives no authority to move the Sam Houston Normal, the Southwest Texas Normal, the North Texas Normal, or the West Texas Normal.

The amendment will in no way change the constitutional relations between the University and the AA & M College, the College of Industrial Arts, or the four state normals.

If the amendment is adopted, the authorities of the University will continue to develop the course of study as seems best for the needs of its thirty-three hundred students. From hundred and sixty-one of these students, in the regular session alone, come direct from the farm, and more than a thousand of them preparing to teach in the common schools. It is probable that the demands of these students will require more courses than we now offer in agriculture, both for those who plan to teach agriculture in the public schools and for those who expect to go back to the farm. If the capacity of the University, the AA & M College, the College of Industrial Arts, the four state normal schools, and the public schools were doubled, all of them could not supply the needs of the three hundred and fifty thousand white farmers of Texas.

The directors of the AA & M College in their last biennial report state that nearly a million dollars are needed at once for buildings. Under the provisions of the Amendment buildings could be provided without delay at an immediate cost of \$50,000 a year. Moreover, the adoption of the Amendment would forever free the College from the danger of being unable to get buildings from appropriations should another Governor or the Supreme Court consider such an unconstituted. Should this amendment fail and should another disastrous fire visit the College during the administration of a governor who considered appropriations for AA & M building unconstitutional, how would it be possible to replace the burned building? I cannot think that the opponents of the Amendment have seriously considered the question.

I have spent twenty of my best years in educational work in Texas, and I expect to spend the rest of my life here. I am more confident than ever that the people of Texas wish to develop all their educational institutions and will deal generously by them. The pending amendment, in my judgment, is the most equitable and beneficial measure in the interest of every higher educational institution that has been submitted to the people during my long residence in the State. It confidently urge every friend of education to

Billy Boy has a bicycle—tired of it, and is dying for a canoe—the woods and streams are calling.

Ted has a canoe, pretty good craft, but he's cloyed with the water and only a bicycle can save his life.

What a chance for the busy little want ad to make two boys happy.

WHEN YOU have started a bank account in the respect of the people of the community. It isn't too much the money that the people admire and respect you for. It's the force of character you have developed that causes them to have added interest in you. It shows you are on the right track. It isn't the dollar that you are proud of.

Let us help you. We will be glad to have you open an account, no matter how small. We extend all accommodations consistent with good banking to our customers.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Atton, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bette Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years with womanly troubles, and during this time I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I continued taking it. From the very first dose I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without stopping, and am doing all my work!

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, and it should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. I begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga, Tenn., J. B. Appleby, Distributor, for a free trial bottle. No purchase necessary. Write to him for a free trial bottle.

Santa Fe Summer Excursions.

Galveston and Return 18.35

Dates of Sale: June 6, 13, 20, 27, July 4, 11, 18, 25, August 1, 8, 15, 22, 29. Limit 90 days after date of sale. Stopover allowed at Houston going and coming. J. J. Thomas, Agent, Taboka.

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By a special arrangement with the publishers of Farm and Ranch and Holland's we can save you a nice sum of money on the following combination:--

Lynn County News \$1.00
Farm and Ranch 1.00
Holland's 1.00
\$3.00

To You for Only \$1.75

The News and either Farm and Ranch or Holland's \$1.40

The Lynn County News aims to give you all the local news and as much of the important outside news as possible. Farm and Ranch is the most up-to-date farm weekly in the South, and every number is full of interesting facts which appeal to every man, woman and child on the farm. Holland's runs from sixty to seventy pages each month, and every woman and child who receives this monthly will be particularly well pleased with it.

\$1.75 Buys All Three

Order now from THE LYNN COUNTY NEWS, Taboka, Tex.

(Continued on third page)

The Inquisitive Pup and His Trouble

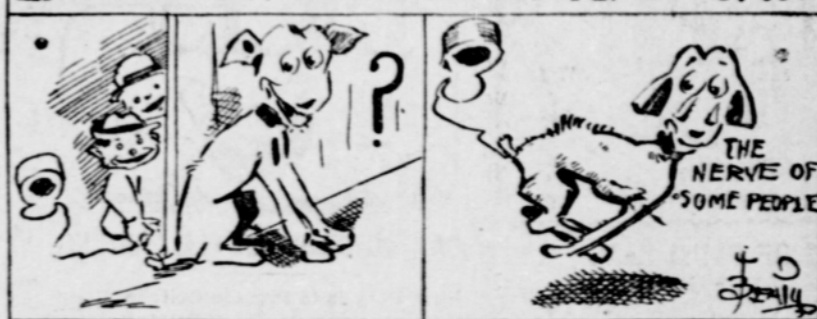
HE WONDERS WHAT IT IS—THEN SUDDENLY FINDS OUT.



HE WONDERS WHAT IT IS—THEN SUDDENLY FINDS OUT.



HE WONDERS WHAT IT IS—THEN SUDDENLY FINDS OUT.



Good Feed; Better Prices

Come the good roads and short haul route to Tahoka

for Hay, Grain, Cottonseed Meal, Coal and Salt see S. N. McDaniel, The man on the track

J. N. JONES

Dealer In

Furniture And Undertaker's Supplies

Tahoka Blacksmith Shop

H. C. Smith, Mgr.

Let Us Make Your Plow Points To Order As They Will Last Longer Than The Ones You Buy. ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Bring In Your Points Now And Do Not Wait Till You Need Them To Have Them Fixed Up

Lynn County Abstract Co.

A complete up-to-date Abstract of all Lynn County lands and town lots.

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas



North Side Barber Shop

Hair Cuts, Shaves, Shampoos, Massages. Hot Baths in Connection

S. M. Clayton

Livery Stable

G. W. King & Son



When you want to go anywhere, day or night, call at the stable or phone No. 9 or No. 6. Good teams and rigs and careful drivers; prices reasonable.

Barn North of Square

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods, Notions, Racket Goods at live and let live prices.

Carter Brothers

N. D. Goree, Mgr.

Phone 16

Case Contract Blanks and other Legal Blanks at the News Office

(Continued from third page)

S. J. R. 18 AMENDMENT PRO AND CON

tioned the last Legislature for \$1,700,000 appropriations for buildings, which would only partially alleviate the immediate needs. If these buildings are built by appropriations, as is now the law, it will cost the tax payers 8 1/2 cents on the \$100 valuation, whereas, if the amendment carries and they can be built by bond issue it will only cost the tax payers less than 1/2 cent extra taxes on the \$100.

Take the eleemosynary institutions of the State; biennial appropriations have not been sufficient to house the insane, the deaf and dumb, the orphans, and segregate the feeble minded. The combined needs of these would be fully as much as those of the educational institutions, and the same reasoning would apply to both.

Take the penal institution; million dollar deficit and in need of another million to put it on a paying basis. The prisoners have got to be taken care of, they cannot be turned loose on the State. To make the two million appropriation and put the prisoners where they would pay for their keep would cost the tax payers 12 1/2 cents extra taxes on the \$100. Pass the amendment and bonds can be issued, secured by a lien on the penitentiary property; the two million derived from the sale of the bonds can be used to put the penal institute on a paying basis and the dividends accruing from the operation of the different plants will pay the interest and provide a sinking fund without costing the tax payers a cent.

In regard to the statements made by A. M. Kennedy in one of the above pieces, there is only one which when compared with the amendment does not show to be false, and it is merely a play on words. He says, "that nowhere in the amendment is there anything that compels Legislature, or says the Legislature shall use any part of the permanent fund to pay off either the interest or the bonds." He is correct. It does not compel. Here is what it does say, "The revenue received from the permanent University fund shall be available for the payment of the interest on the bonds and for the creation of a sinking fund for their redemption at maturity." As anyone can see the amendment gives the Legislature neither express nor implied authority to issue bonds to be paid in any other way than by the revenue derived from the permanent Univer-

sity fund.

When you cast your ballot on this amendment, there is one of two things you will vote for. If you vote against the amendment and it is defeated, the next session of the Legislature will pass an appropriation bill carrying between two and three millions of dollars to be used to pay the penitentiary debt and partially care for the various other State institutions; which amount will have to be paid by the tax payers of the State within the next two years, where-

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Authorizing the Issuance of Bonds for the purpose of the Construction of the necessary Building for the University of Texas and also for Buildings of Various Institutions, And Authorizing Improvement Bonds for the Purpose of Navigation, Irrigation, Construction of Bridges and Maintenance an Operation of Public Warehouses.

(S. J. R. No. 18) SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

To be entitled A Joint Resolution proposing and submitting to a vote of the people of Texas an amendment to Sections 49 and 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds and the levying of a tax to pay the interest and sinking fund on same for public improvements.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. That Sections 49 and 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows, to-wit:

Section 49. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection and defend the State in war or pay existing debts, and no debt created to supply deficiencies in current revenues shall ever exceed in the aggregate at any one time five hundred thousand dollars. The Legislature, however, shall have power to authorize the issuance of bonds to be approved by the Governor for the purpose of purchasing additional ground and erect necessary buildings for the University of Texas, including a medical department, an Agricultural and Mechanical College and all departments and activities of a complete university of the first class. The revenue received from the permanent University fund shall be available for the payment of interest on these bonds and for the creation of a sinking fund for their redemption at maturity and the Legislature shall also have power to issue bonds for the construction of necessary buildings for State institutions. The Legislature shall also have the power to authorize the issuance of bonds secured by lien on the real property of the penitentiary system to be approved by the Governor for the purpose of constructing buildings and making permanent improvement.

Section 52. The Legislature shall have no power to authorize any county, city, town or other political corporation or subdivision of the State to lend its credit or to grant public money or thing of value in aid of or to any individual association or corporation whatsoever or to become a stockholder in such corporation, association or company; provided, however, that under LEGISLATURE provisions any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties or any political subdivision of the State or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas and which may or may not include towns, villages or municipal corporations upon a vote of a majority of the resident property tax payers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be effected thereby in addition to all other debts may issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except in case of improvement of rivers, creeks, and streams, in building of levees to prevent overflows, in which case the bonded indebtedness may be for an amount not to exceed one-half of the assessed valuation of the lands of the district to be reclaimed; and, except, further, that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect such taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof as the legislature may authorize and in such manner as it may authorize the same for the following purposes, to-wit:

- (a) The improvement of rivers, creeks and streams to prevent overflows, and to permit of navigation thereof or irrigation therefrom or in aid of such purposes.
- (b) The construction and maintenance of pools, lakes, reservoirs, dams, canals and waterways for the purpose of irrigation, drainage or navigation or in aid thereof.
- (c) The construction, maintenance and operation of bridges and macadamized, graveled, sandy clay, clayed sand or paved roads and turnpikes or in aid thereof.
- (d) The construction, maintenance and operation of public warehouses or in aid thereof.

SEC. 2. The foregoing amendment to Sections 49 and 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for adoption or rejection at a special election hereby ordered for the third Saturday in July, 1913, the same being the nineteenth day of said month. All voters on this proposed amendment at said election who favor its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following:

For amendment to Sections 49 and 52 of Article 3, of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds for the University of Texas, Agricultural and Mechanical College, State Penitentiary System, and other public improvements and building of warehouses for agricultural products. Those voting against its adoption shall have written or printed on their ballots the following:

Against amendment to Sections 49 and 52, of Article 3, of the Constitution, authorizing the issuance of bonds for the University of Texas, Agricultural and Mechanical College, State Penitentiary System, and other public improvements and building of warehouses for agricultural products.

Previous to the election on the Secretary of State shall cause to be printed and forwarded to the County Judge of each county, for use in said election, a sufficient number of ballots for the use of voters in each county on which he shall have printed the form of the ballot herein prescribed, for the convenient use of the voters.

SEC. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue his necessary proclamation ordering this election, and have same published as required by the Constitution and laws of the State. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any fund in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of publishing said proclamation and printing of tickets and necessary blanks to use in said election.

(A true copy)

JOHN L. WORTHAM, Secretary of State.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution

The State of Texas) In the District Court of Lynn County, Texas, J. M. Higginbotham et al Vs. T. M. Bartley et al.

Whereas, by virtue of a certain execution issued out of the district court of Lynn County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said cause, on the 13th day of March A. D. 1912 in favor of J. M. Higginbotham, R. W. Higginbotham, and J. G. Harris, and against T. M. Bartley, H. H. Hardin, and F. M. Hardin, No. 94 on the

docket of said court, which said judgment was by the defendants carried to the court of civil appeals by writ of error, and the same was by said court of civil appeals affirmed with ten per cent damages for delay. I did on the 5th day of June A. D. 1913, at seven o'clock p. m. levy on the following described lots, tracts and parcels of land, lying and being situated in the North Tahoka Addition to the town of Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, and being known as Lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 in Block No. 59; Lots No. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 in Block No. 1; Lots No. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 in Block No. 81; Lots No. 1,

The SILO That Never Falls To Staves

There are some kinds of silos that will not last a life time, and there are others that will. When you get ready to build or purchase a silo we want to explain the construction of the

Common Sense Silo

It is so substantially built that there is no danger of the wind blowing it over, or dry weather shrinking it to the point of falling down. Ask those who have used our make of silos the past few years and see what they say about them. For further particulars see or write

A. G. McADAMS LUMBER CO.

TAHOKA, TEXAS

Blacksmithing

Flows made any size, wagon and boggy work done. Satisfaction Guaranteed at

J. Macfarlane's

South of Square

2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, in Block No. 62; Lots No. 5, 6, 7, and 8 in Block No. 25; Lots No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15 and 16 in Block No. 69; Lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in Block 66; Lots No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, in Block No. 85; Lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in Block No. 84; all levied on as the property of T. M. Bartley. And on the 1st day of July A. D. 1913, being the first Tuesday in said month between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said T. M. Bartley in and to said property, that he had on the 13 day of March A. D. 1912, or at any time thereafter. Dated at Tahoka, Texas, this the 5th day of June A. D. 1913. J. H. Edwards, Sheriff Lynn County, Texas. 40-42

HORTICULTURE



CAUSE OF PLUM BLACK KNOT

Tree Wart is Undoubtedly Due to Fungus Growth and Most Prevalent in Hot, Damp Seasons.

The plum tree wart or black knot is said to be due to a ball produced by an insect or from fungus growth. Mr. P. Barry, in his Fruit Garden, says it is undoubtedly due to fungus growth. It is most prevalent in hot, damp seasons. He says: "Clons should never be taken from a diseased tree. Cutting out the diseased branch clean to the sound wood, the moment the knots begin to appear, in an effectual remedy, and these cuttings should all be burnt at once. We have saved trees six inches in diameter, that were affected on the trunk so seriously that one-third of its thickness had to be removed to get below the disease. After it was cut out we applied a plaster of grafting composition, covered it with a cloth and in two years it was all healed over and sound."

"Plum and damson trees are the two fruits most injured by this fungous disease. If the warts are not cut out and the branches upon which they grow are not burnt, it will not be long before the entire tree is affected, causing the loss of the tree. Wild trees with this disease should be cut down and burnt."

"Slugs, which eat the tender leaves of the cherry and pear trees may be killed by dusting with fresh airslacked lime. Apply early in the morning when leaves are damp. Two applications will nearly always kill the worms and their larvae."

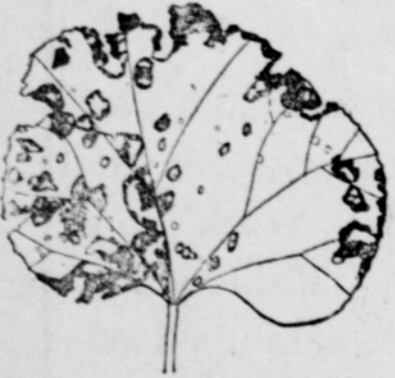
"The late broods of caterpillars should be destroyed before they leave the nest. If not killed when small, the worms will quickly eat up the young tender leaves, causing the loss of one or more branches of the tree. An asbestos torch, attached to the end of a pole of suitable length, is an effective way to destroy the nest and worms. The torch is sprayed with a little coal oil and when lighted, held under the post and around the branch where the worms are, the heat kills the worms at once and will not injure the branches."

FEW MUSKMELON DISEASES

Leaf Blight Causes Large Dead Areas in Leaves—Fungus Attacks Stems of All Plants.

(By A. D. SELBY.)
Muskmelon leaf blight is a disease more or less peculiar to the muskmelon, although the fungus which causes it has also been found upon cucumber leaves.

The leaf blight causes rather large dead areas in the leaves, which are usually distinguished from those of mildew by their larger size and the tendency of the central portion to break out. The prevention of muskmelon leaf blight is by no means an easy matter, requiring of itself great thoroughness and carefulness in the application of the Bordeaux mixture and also requiring that the downy mildew shall be watched during the same period. For this reason earlier sprayings, if made before August 1, should be repeated at fortnightly intervals, while those after August 1 should be at weekly or ten-day intervals. Melon growers have succeeded by following these lines, while others



Muskmelon Leaf Attacked by Blight, who were less thorough were less successful or failed entirely. The Bordeaux treatment is recommended with confidence.

The common anthracnose fungus of the muskmelon attacks the stems of plants of all sizes as well as the leaves. In these the fungus produces the fruiting bodies. After the seeding stage is passed it is usually possible to keep the anthracnose in check by spraying with Bordeaux mixture.

Killing Trees.

Peeling trees in the late summer will kill them. The stumps can easily be removed with a stump puller or if the ground is cultivated around them they will rot in time. They may be destroyed by fire or blasted with a small can of dynamite. Sprouts can easily be killed after the trunk is dead by continually cutting them under the surface with a mattock and by steady cultivation.

Reset the Beds.

Reset the strawberry bed every two years for best results. It will pay well.

POULTRY FACTS



CARING FOR LITTLE CHICKS

First Duty is to Provide Suitable Coop for Hen, and Brood—Two Methods of Feeding.

During the hatching, if you are wise, you will not be too curious, but will allow the instinct of the hen to do her work. It may be well to quietly reach under the hen and remove such egg shells as can be taken out without disturbing her, but nothing further should be attempted.

The first duty is to provide a coop for the hen and brood. No matter what kind of a coop, from a barrel laid down to the most improved patented article, is used. See that it is clean and the bottom covered with fine sand, or if the weather be really cold, with oat chaff or short fine hay. When the chickens are twenty-four hours old they are ready to be removed to their new quarters. Up to this time, writes M. E. Scully of Illinois in the Prairie Farmer, they should have received no food, but they are now ready for their first meal. Give them water to drink in a vessel into which they cannot get their bodies. A tin vegetable can with small holes punched around the bottom and placed in a deep saucer will answer admirably. Whatever their first food may be, give them only a small quantity. The best rule for feeding is "little and often."

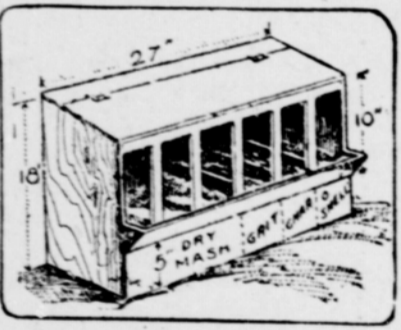
Two distinct methods of feeding have their special advocates, the wet, that is, ground feed moistened with milk or water; and the dry. I find the latter method the more satisfactory. I feed cracked wheat, corn and oatmeal.

Keep the chicks healthy and growing right from the start. Keep them dry and warm. Give them plenty of grit and pure water. If in a brooder scatter food in chaff and let them get exercise by scratching. The first three weeks are the most critical time; after that, if kept free from lice, they will do well.

HOPPER FOR FEEDING MASH

Home-made Receptacle for Keeping Oyster Shells, Charcoal and Grit is Quite Convenient.

I follow the "dry hopper" method in feeding fowls and keep constantly before them a mash made of two parts bran and one part each by weight of middings, corn meal, gluten meal, ground oats and beef scraps. In the morning I scatter whole grain in the litter and at night feed corn in winter, but only a little of it in summer.



Dry Mash Self-Feeder.

writes Merritt T. Mead of Montgomery County, Ind., in the Farm and Home. Oyster shells, charcoal and grit are kept in "bins" in the home-made "hopper," which is herewith illustrated. From experience I think this line of feeding satisfactory, for from 115 hens I got 11,357 eggs in 11 months.

POULTRY NOTES

Keep something in the grit box. Millet is a great egg-producing food.

Crowding just now lessen the fertility of eggs.

Get an incubator and let the hens keep on laying.

No better feed in the world than nice plump oats and wheat.

The first warm days start vermin to growing in unclean houses.

The modern poultry house has everything inside it easily movable.

Never feed little chicks wet, sloppy food. It is bad enough for mature stock.

Boiling the oats or wheat makes a good ration and a desirable change occasionally.

Feed at regular hours and the fowls will always be ready and waiting for their last meal.

A little more elbow grease used in keeping the premises clean will often prevent disease.

A hopperful of bran is always seasonable fed and the whole flock should have access to it.

Get rid of the hen that is never caught on the nest. "By their fruits ye shall know them."

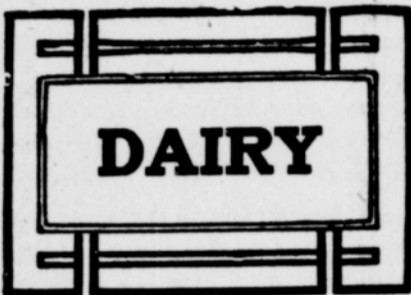
When disposing of some of the old stock, pick out the poor layers and oldest specimens. They are just as good for the table, and you can't afford to part with the money-makers.

New Car Nut Coal

G. W. Snider

Wants

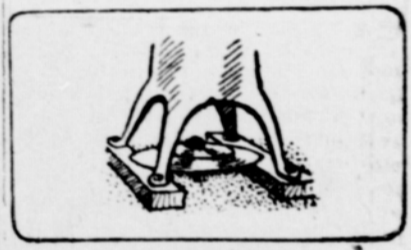
Every chicken you bring to town.
Will pay highest prices in cash.
Yard north of square, Tahoka



MAKE THE "SKIMMER SECURE"

Scheme for Fastening Cream Separator to Cement Floor Tried and Found Very Satisfactory.

Here is a scheme for fastening a cream separator down on a cement floor which we have tried and found very satisfactory. Before putting in the cement floor, a three-fourths inch bolt was threaded to the middle, then put through a hole in a small piece of scrap iron, writes Dan Bell of La Crosse, Kan., in the Farmer's Mail and Breeze. The bolt and iron were firmly imbedded in the fresh cement, leaving the threaded end sticking out. The base of the separator was then firmly bolted to two pieces of two by four,



Fastening Cream Separator.

and the machine set directly over the bolt in the floor. Then an old disk from a disk harrow was slipped over the bolt so the edge extended out over the two by four on each side. A nut was screwed down tightly over the disk. In case the cement floor has already been laid, chisel out a hole about six inches square, making it flaring at the bottom. Then set in your bolt and fill the hole with a mixture of equal parts cement and sand.

Standing Water.
Standing water should never be allowed to remain where sheep and cattle can get free access to it, as it always has some kind of disease breeding purposes. And if they have the proper attention, so much required, nine times out of ten they will prove good breeders.

DAIRY NOTES

Close skimming means more skim-milk left on the place.

A bit more feed now that the pastures are getting shorter.

Is your bull gentle? Then get a ring in his nose before night.

Draughting butter well before salting will help its keeping qualities.

Better a nose ring for the young bull than an accident afterward.

A brush to wash dairy utensils is more sanitary than the time honored rag.

A solid concrete base for the separator will lengthen the life of the machine.

It pays in more ways than one to be friendly with the young dairy stock.

Cooler weather and fewer flies will make milking a pleasanter chore from now on.

One mess of milk spoiled for lack of proper cooling will pay for a good separator.

The big secret in keeping butter is to have it good to begin with, then keep it cool.

For a cheap but effective milk strainer nothing beats several thicknesses of cheesecloth.

Let the cream can have the coolest place in the cellar if a tank of cold water is not available.

Dairying goes by spurts, but don't you spurt. Keep a steady hand on the spurting apparatus.

Milk checks don't happen; they come from good feed, good care and good treatment generally.

A few armfuls of green forage cut and thrown into the barnyard will make up for short pastures now.

The less time lost between milking and separating, the better for the quality of both cream and skim-milk.

ROAD BUILDING

UNITED STATES LAGS

Way Behind in Matter of Improved Highways.

Of 2,200,000 Miles in This Country Less Than 200,000 Are Up to Date—\$250,000,000 is the Annual Loss to People.

What is the use of rural free delivery mail routes and the parcel post system if there is to be no improvement of the public roads for the economic delivery of parcels and mails? According to a bulletin issued by the office of public roads, there were in the United States in 1909 2,199,645 miles of public roads, and the total mileage of improved public roads was only 190,476. Yet we boast that the United States is a highly civilized country and make faces at the effete countries of the old world, in some of the most decadent of which, as we are accustomed to call them, the people know where they are going when they start, and have some idea of when they will get there and what it will cost them to make the journey. There is a good deal of humbug in the claims we make for ourselves, particularly when it comes to practical things, although we are willing to admit without argument that we are the most practical people in the world.

Recently what is called the second National Good Roads Federal Aid convention was in session in Washington. The place of meeting could not have been better selected; the time could not have been more inauspicious. Nobody was thinking about good roads, except the nearest cut to the White House and the offices waiting for distribution. It was announced in the official program of the meet, which was called by the American Automobile association, that "the distinct purpose of this gathering is to create a concrete plan which shall logically involve our national government in the highways progress of the country." That is a fine purpose; but with the old ones going out in shoals and the new ones coming in without any special purpose or any purpose that has been formulated clearly, this was hardly the time for the association to make a very deep impression upon the legislative and disposing mind.

For two days the convention discussed good roads in a most intelligent way and a mass of valuable information was obtained from expert testimony, foreign and domestic, that would lose much of its force if it should be suffered to "perish with the using" or the speaking. The main contention of the association is that "it is the duty of the federal government to supplement state and county systems with a plan of national roads connecting all parts of the country. That is a most ambitious project, but none too ambitious for a country so big as this. There are something like 3,000 counties in the United States and it is well within the mark to say that in not one-half of these counties is there anything like what could be called by the utmost stretch of courtesy a road "system." The official figures prove this without argument.

The ratio of good roads to bad roads is as 199,000 is to 2,000,000, and, as Mr. Dooley would say, "there ye are." But it is as certain as taxes that good roads are coming. The idea is taking hold of the public imagination and will soon make its way into the public pocketbook. It costs from five to ten cents, according to the classification, to haul a ton of freight by the much abused railroads a hundred miles or so; it costs about twenty-three cents a mile to haul a ton of almost any sort of freight over most of the public highways in this country, and these highways are in the daily use of the people in their most intimate and necessary business. It has been estimated that bad roads cost the people of the United States not less than \$260,000,000 a year.

GOOD ROADS CONSTITUTIONAL AMMENDMENT.

Austin, Texas, June 16—Every county in the State of Texas where good roads are needed, and it is probable that every county in Texas could improve its road system, is vitally interested in the special election to be held throughout the State on Saturday, July 19.

At that time an amendment to the constitution will be submitted which seeks to permit a majority vote instead of a two-thirds vote on good roads bond issues as at present.

By the majority plan a handycap of considerable voting strength is removed, for the majority in a progressive community is generally favorable to progressive ideas and is willing to spend money promoting business. They are imbued with the idea that a dollar not working depreciates in value to zero.

All sections of the State are seeking to get out an immense vote and practically every newspaper, commercial club and the progressives of each community are urging the voters not to overlook this opportunity to increase the business possibilities of the State.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of this State Authorizing the Issuance of Bonds for Improvement Districts, and also for the Operation of Public Warehouses for Storing, Handling, Clasing, Measuring, Weighing and Loading Agricultural Products.

(S. J. R. No. 4.)

JOINT RESOLUTION

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution of this State:

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas, that Section 52 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereafter read as follows: Section 52. The Legislature shall have no power to authorize any county, city, town or other political corporation or subdivision of the State, to lend its credit or to grant public money or thing of value in aid of, or to any individual, association or corporation whatsoever, or to become a stockholder in such corporation, association or company, provided, however, that under legislative provision any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the State, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of a majority of the resident tax payers voting thereon, who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts may issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon, and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof, as the Legislature may authorize, and in such manner as it may authorize the same, for the following purposes, to-wit: (a) The improvement of rivers, creeks and streams to prevent overflows, and to permit of navigation thereof, or irrigation thereof, or in aid of such purposes.

(b) The construction and maintenance of pools, lakes, reservoirs, dams, canals and waterways for the purposes of irrigation or in aid thereof.

(c) The construction, maintenance and operation of macadamized, gravelled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof.

(d) The construction, maintenance and operation of public warehouses for storing, handling, classing, measuring, weighing, elevating and loading agricultural products. Provided the Legislature may establish such means and agencies as may be necessary for accomplishing the purposes of this amendment and if a State warehouse commission be provided for, their term of office shall be fixed by the Legislature.

SEC. 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting this amendment to the Constitution to the qualified electors of the State of Texas on the third Saturday in July, the same being the 19th day of said month, and the amendments proposed to Section 52 of Article 3, as above indicated, shall be voted upon separately.

Those favoring the amendment to authorize road or other public improvements by a majority vote, shall have written or printed on their ballots: For amendment to authorize road and other public improvements by a vote of a majority, and those opposed to said amendments shall have written or printed on their ballots: Against amendment to authorize road and other public improvements by a vote of a majority.

Those favoring the issuance of bonds for the construction of public warehouses shall have written or printed on their ballots: For the amendment authorizing the issuance of bonds for the construction of pub-

Tahoka Tailor Shop

WADE RAY, PROPRIETOR

Don't Wear a Baggy, Misfit, Hand-me-down Suit, Let Us Take Your Measure For a Real Suit Made of Better Cloth & Guaranteed to Fit Perfectly
Price the Same
We Do the Best Work in Cleaning and Pressing Ladies and Gents Clothing. A Trial Is All We Ask.

NORTH SIDE PUBLIC SQ
Tahoka, Texas

Plainview Nursery

Has the best stock of homegrown trees they have ever had, propagated from varieties that do the best, are hardy and absolutely free from disease.

We have no connection with any other nursery.

L. N. Daimont, Mgr.; N. J. Dickrest, General Agt.; Roy Ferrall, Agt.; Peff Pippin, Agt.; Jim Cloan, Agt. If you want trees that give you satisfaction and good results, send in your order or see agent.

Plainview, Texas

OVER 65 YEARS EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDED ON FOR FREE. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special attention, without charge, in the U. S. and Foreign.

Scientific American.
A hand-drawn illustration. I want a calculation of any scientific journal. Terms 10 years.

MUNN & Co. 351 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 62 F St., Washington, D. C.

\$100 Reward, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional remedy. The most effective strength and building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Sent for list of testimonials, CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Madam, Read McCall's The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 150-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the beauty and efficiency of 1,500,000 women each month.

Each issue is bristling with fashion news, interesting about clothes and new labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 100 of the newest designs of the season. McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are bought by Catarrh, and they are made of the best material and are made of the most modern and efficient machinery at any price. However, McCALL'S is only \$5 a year, payable in advance.

Yes, you will get one McCALL Pattern free from your first copy of McCALL'S. If you subscribe quickly.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 226 West 5th St., New York

NOTE—Ask for a free copy of McCALL'S and a full new premium catalogue. Sample copy sent free on request.

These favoring the amendment to authorize road or other public improvements by a majority vote, shall have written or printed on their ballots: For amendment to authorize road and other public improvements by a vote of a majority, and those opposed to said amendments shall have written or printed on their ballots: Against amendment to authorize road and other public improvements by a vote of a majority.

Those favoring the issuance of bonds for the construction of public warehouses shall have written or printed on their ballots: For the amendment authorizing the issuance of bonds for the construction of public warehouses for agricultural products. Those voting against said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: Against the amendment authorizing the issuance of bonds for the construction of public warehouses for agricultural products.

SEC. 3. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas, not otherwise appropriated, to pay expenses of such publication, proclamation and election.

JOHN L. WORTHAM, Secretary of