

Lynn Locals

As Hoosier has either died or moved off we thought we would send in the news.

The Lynn Sunday School had a reorganization Sunday. Also organized a singing class, with Mr. Jess Murrah as chairman, Miss Etta Shaw Secretary and Miss Irie Farmer Organist.

Mrs. S. B. Hatchett made a flying trip to Lubbock Tuesday to have her eyes treated.

The old crop is gathered and the new one started. Several of the neighbors have begun plowing.

Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Webb and little daughter Ciella, from Eric, Okla., visited Mr. L. R. Bartley and family last week.

Mr. S. B. Hatchett and wife took dinner with Mr. O. C. Jackson Sunday.

The Bailey brothers have ordered themselves some new string instruments. Every body come and hear some good music.

SPOILED KIDS

Come again Kids. You are a breezy pair and ye Ed will be glad to get your budget every week.

ARE YOU UNPROTECTED?

If you are not protected against fire, lightning and storm let me write you a policy that will fit your needs. I have purchased the Skinner-Ellis Fire Insurance business and am now well equipped to write insurance in any one of several leading companies of the United States. Call me up and I will come to your home or place of business and talk the matter over with you.—D. A. PARKHURST, Phone No. 79. 16-1f

WORTH THE MUN

Lubbock, Texas, 1-7-14
H. C. Crie.

Tahoka, Texas.
Dear Sir:—I am sending you check for 50 cents for six months subscription to The News. It is well worth the money.
Yours truly,
GEO. RILEY.

The Supreme Court has handed down an opinion that the secretary of state is not required to file or approve charters of bonafide social clubs when it is contemplated that liquors shall be dispensed to the members of such organizations.

The Court of Criminal Appeals has sustained the constitutionality of the anti-pool hall law passed by the Thirty-third Legislature. So any county or subdivision thereof can vote out a pool hall whenever they get ready to do so.

J. T. Curb vs. J. E. Ketner is the title of a suit recently filed in the district court of Lynn county wherein the plaintiff is suing for alleged violation of contract and for damages growing out of attachment. Mr. Curb is a farmer near Tahoka, and Mr. Ketner is a land owner and merchant of that place. R. A. Baldwin of Slaton is attorney for the plaintiff.—Slatonite.

SEEDS—Price list free. Book 10c, giving all rain periods for 1914, killing Johnson Grass and some insect pests, making ensilage without a silo, growing pecans, corn, watermelons, etc.

H. A. Halbert, Coleman, Texas. 18-21

I want your hides green or dry and will pay the highest market prices for all you have. Lyall McGonagill at the Cash Meat Market. 10-1f

TO THE PATRONS

To the patrons of the Tahoka High School and to any others that this may concern:

I am asking the Lynn County News to say to you that while I was your servant in teaching the third, fourth and fifth grades, I had 64 students, that as teacher I did my best to advance each student, dividing my time as best I could.

I was so crowded that I could not do as well by my students as I myself desired to do. It is true that I had to discipline several children while I was your teacher, but I am free to say that it was due, at least in some cases, to the fact that I was never favored with the co-operation of my superiors and trustees as I should have been, the latter never visiting my room and the former doing so, it seemed, only to find fault.

I would have made further effort to control had I been properly supported, and would not have resigned at this time had not the Superintendent informed me that the trustees would ask me to do so.

Now, I want to say here that I love the Tahoka School, and will in the future as in the past, do any thing I can to help the school in any way, and serve the people as best I can.

Let me further say that I love the children that were in my room like they were my own.

Now, that I am out of the school I have written this article only to set myself before the people in an honest light, and I covet the friendship of you, one and all, and I promise my support to every good and worthy cause for the uplift of our children. 19-1f

Your friend,

(Advt) WILLIE SLOVER

A NEWS WANT AD GETS RESULTS. TRY ONE.

We have a car load of kerosene and gasoline on hand. Burn Eupion oil the best on earth. I will soon have in a car load of all kinds of oils and greases. G. W. SNIDER, Tahoka Agent for the Pierce Fordyce Oil Association, Call at our Wagon Yard when in Tahoka and let us fill your bill for auto and engine supplies. 18-1f

All those connected with the Riley case went to Lubbock Monday, but were dismissed until the next term of court, the state having asked for a continuance on account of the absence of material witnesses.

The north bound passenger Monday carried Big Springs attorneys, witnesses, and relatives of the deceased Smith. Among the latter were the widow, the children and a brother. The case was the all-absorbing topic of conversation on the crowded train.—Slatonite.

J. I. Bartley renewed for the News Saturday.

A. R. McGonigill was in town Saturday and was suffering from an attack of neuralgia which had kept him awake two nights hand-running.

Come on boys, Get Collier's Magazine and The News one year for \$2.50. Both come once a week and are worth the price.

E. A. Parks, a new Lynn farmer, started the year right by subscribing for the News Saturday and sending a copy away.

IF YOU WANT TO SELL IT, AN AD IN THE NEWS WILL DO IT.

VITAL STATISTICS FOR YEAR 1913

During the year 1911 according to the records filed in the office of the County Clerk of Lynn County, Texas, there were 20 male and 25 female or a total of 45 children born in Lynn county; there were 6 deaths and 14 marriages also in the same length of time.

During the year 1912 the records show, 14 male and 21 female or a total of 35 births; 7 deaths, and 19 marriages.

During the year of 1913 just passed, the records show a decrease all along the line, there being only 19 male and 15 female or a total of 34 births, 4 deaths and 16 marriages. The following shows the itemized record:

RECORD OF DEATHS

Date of death, Jan. 18, Aron Shannon Coughran, male, married, born March 3, 1846; aged 66 years, 10 months, 21 days; farmer, birthplace Seve county, Arkansas; name of father, William Handy Coughaan, birthplace, Illinois, maiden name of mother, Marget Henderson, birthplace Illinois Informant G. W. Coughran Tahoka; cause of death, Locomotion Ataxia, duration about one year. Signed, L. E. Turrentine, Tahoka. Undertaker, J. N. Jones. Buried in Tahoka Cemetery January 19, 1913.

Date of death, January 21; Lillian Beatrice Bishop, female, single, born January 19, aged 2 days, birthplace, Tahoka; name of father, Walter B. Bishop; birthplace, Texas; maiden name of mother, Luella Redwine; birthplace, Arkansas. Informant, W. B. Bishop. Cause of death, failure of the heart and circulatory disorder due to the nonclosure of the fourmen cardiac Contributory Secondary Hemorage from the navel. Signed, L. E. Turrentine, Tahoka. Buried in Tahoka Cemetery, January 22, 1913. Undertaker, J. N. Jones, Tahoka.

Date of death, April 24; Laura Burleson, female, married, born September 14, 1872; age, 42 years 8 months, 6 days; Occupation, housekeeper, birthplace unknown. Maiden name of mother, Addie Hackworth, birthplace, Brenham, Texas. Informant, J. B. Burleson, Tahoka. Cause of death, Pericarditis accompanied by pleurisy of left lung, signed L. E. Turrentine. Buried in Tahoka cemetery, April 25, 1913. Undertaker, J. N. Jones, Tahoka.

Date of death, December 23, 1913, Marvin Legan, male, single. Cause of death, tuberculosis of lungs, bowels and kidneys. Signed E. E. Callaway, Tahoka.

RECORD OF MARRIAGES

License issued Dec. 31, 1912, to O. G. Goode and Mrs. Rosa Arbogast. Married in Tahoka Jan. 1st, by County Judge J. L. Stokes.

License issued Dec. 30, 1912 to M. M. Herring and Miss Mable Shook. Married in Plainview Jan. 1st, by H. H. Street, Minister.

License issued March 2nd, to Elma Artimus Coughran and Kate Ketner. Married in Tahoka by Jos. P. Callaway, Methodist Minister.

License issued April 13th, to C. D. Keever and Miss Nita Bigham. Married in Tahoka by J. H. Vinson, Baptist Minister.

License issued April 5th, to C. A. Thomas and Miss Launa Skiles. Married in Blooming Grove, Texas, by Eugenie B. Hawk.

License issued May 3 d, to A. V. Jackson and Miss Susie Franklin. Married May 4th, by J. E. Enbanks, Minister.

License issued May 22nd, to J. J. Miller and Miss Bertha Wibur. Married June 1st, by J. F. Maxey, Minister.

License issued Oct. 8th, to G. H. Parks and Miss Clara Smith. Married Oct. 8th, by County Judge J. L. Stokes.

License issued Oct. 7th, to Randolph Maeker and Miss Ophelia Drever. Married by Rev. Patrick J. O'Grady, Sweetwater. (Rector pro tem Slaton)

License issued Oct. 25th, to T. A. Knight and Miss Lillie Haws. Married Oct. 26th, by Geo. B. Killough, Local Deacon, M. E. C. S.

License issued Oct. 26, to Clinton Haws and Miss Dona Knight. Married Oct. 26 by Geo. B. Killough, Local Deacon, M. E. C. S.

RECORD OF BIRTHS

Date of Birth	Sex	name of Child	name of Father	maiden name of Mother	Residence	occupation of Father	physician Attending
Jan. 18.	Female	Hyacinth	Wesley Lee	Dora Moore	Tahoka	Farmer	Turrentine
Jan 19.	Female	Lillian Beatrice	Walter B. Bishop	Luella Redwine.	"	School teacher	"
Feb. 27.	Female	not named	Frank King	Ollie Nevill	"	Windmill man	Inmon
Mar. 1.	Female	"	R. S. Davidson	Louella Franklin	"	Carpenter	"
Mar. 3.	Male	"	R. H. Byrd	Jewel McKinley	11 m W of N	Farmer	"
Mar. 8.	Male	"	J. H. Edwards	Mollie Goddard	Tahoka	Sheriff, T. C.	"
Mar 11.	Female	Mary Florence	Geo D. Duckworth	Elvy Knox	8 m E of N	Ranch Mgr.	"
Mar. 27.	Female	not named	Otis Napier	Eva Samford	Tahoka	Well driller	"
Mar. 29.	Male	"	W. N. Gore	Winnie South	13 m SW	Watkins Agt.	"
Mar. 13.	Female	Carry	Otis Kaigler	Carry Blakburn	Tahoka	Farmer	Turrentine
Apr. 8.	Female	Nacoma Amelia	W. R. Majors	Nannie Skinner	Tahoka	Machinist	"
Apr. 10.	Male	Woodrow Wilson	James Buckner	Walker, Attie Bulach	"	Real estate	"
Jun. 30.	Female	not named	Fritz Speckman	Mary Gehrls	"	Farmer	"
Jul. 1.	Male	"	E. E. McManis	Hattie Smith	"	"	"
Jul 2.	Male	James	Alva Samford	Gertie Blankenship	"	"	Callaway
Jul. 3.	Male	not named	A. T. Beard	Claude Lewis	"	"	Turrentine
Jul. 6.	Male	Paul Stokes	P. Miller	K Gilmore	"	Cotton buyer	Callaway
Jul. 15.	Male	not named	Burton Edwards	Belle Nunnerly	"	Farmer	"
Jul 7.	Male	"	Crews Embry	"	near Wilson	"	Adams
Aug. 4.	Female	"	H. C. Smith	Mary Crawford	Tahoka	Blacksmith	Callaway
Aug. 2.	Male	Edwin Norvell	Felix Edgar Redwine.	Lou Vesta Gray	"	Tax Assessor	Turrentine
Aug. 26.	Male	Baby White	Henry White	Mattie Montgomery	"	Farmer	Callaway
Sep. 18.	Female	not named	Boyd Fenton	Etlz McCarty	"	"	"
Sep. 27.	Male	"	Henry Minor	Bessie Taylor	"	"	"
Oct. 5.	Male	"	John D Donaldson	Ada Callaway	"	"	"
Oct. 13.	Male	Lewis Isaac	Temple Skinner	Mary Gertrude Howell	"	Mechanic	Turrentine
Oct. 24.	Male	not named	O. C. Jackson	Alice Bartley	9 m E	Farmer	Callaway
Nov. 1.	Female	"	W. B. Slaton	Ethel McCarley	Tahoka	Banker	"
Nov. 2.	Female	"	J. F. Millman	Bulah Willkerson	"	Laborer	"
Oct. 2.	Male	King	"	"	near Wilson	Farmer	Adams
Oct. 15.	Male	Coleman	— Coleman	—	"	"	"
Dec. 18.	Female	not named	A. M. Sullivan	Ray Denton	Tahoka	Well driller	Callaway
Dec. 18.	Male	"	Geo. Page	Ida Mitchell	"	Blacksmith	"
Dec. 5.	Female	Artie Raymond	Elmer Coughran	Kate Ketner	"	Tailor	"

NICHALSON ON EVOLUTION

Rev. J. E. Nicholson, pastor of the Tahoka Baptist church will preach Sunday night, January 11th, on Evolution. Service begins at 7:30.

The above subject is considerably discussed at present and as Rev. Nicholson will probably put forth his greatest effort, every one should make it a point to hear him.

J. B. WALKER, POSTMASTER

It was given out yesterday evening that J. B. Walker had been appointed postmaster of the Tahoka Post Office.

When asked if the report was true, Mr. Walker said he was pleased to be able to plead guilty.

LOST—On the street, key ring and key with tag attached with my name and address on it. Finder please leave at News office. F. R. (Jack) Ramsey.

The Fort Worth freight bureau is preparing to intervene in a complaint which the Arkansas apple growers have filed with the interstate commerce commission against the Texas railroads. The commission has refused to allow peddling from box car doors on the railroad rights of way.

The freight bureau believes that this method of peddling is harmful to merchants who are in the legitimate business of selling produce and for this reason are endeavoring to keep the practice from being recommended.

Chas. Lichey, of near Wilson, and John Standifer were in Tahoka Tuesday paying their taxes.

License issued Dec. 24, to E. T. Wells and Miss Laura Belle Burleson. Married in Tahoka Dec. 24, by County Judge Joe Stokes.

License issued Dec. 24, to Robt. Lee Littlepage and Miss Lillie Cleveland. Married Dec. 25, by R. P. Littlepage, Minister.

License issued Dec. 24, to H. M. Harkrider and Miss Annie Nettles. Married Dec. 24, by E. S. Hamlett Minister.

License issued Dec. 11, to Jay V. Phillips and Miss Fannie Thompson. Married Dec. 14, by T. A. Jackson, Pastor of M. E. C. S. O'Donnell.

License issued Dec. 31, to L. F. Bigham and Miss Minnie Keever. Married in Tahoka, Dec. 31, by Cnalmers Kilbourne, Minister.

Shipping Report

We are indebted to Paul Miller, cotton and feed buyer, for the figures given below.

Tahoka received and unloaded 347 full car loads of freight from January 1st to December 31st, 1913, against 261 for the year before. A gain in receipts of car load shipments of 86 cars in the years business.

Tahoka has already loaded and shipped out 1206 bales of cotton this season against 784 bales last year, or an increase of 422 bales.

We have loaded and shipped out 176 full cars of nearly all kinds of grain and feed, against 5 cars last year.

We have however, only shipped 174 cars of cattle this year against 250 cars last year. The main reason for this apparent shortage is to be found in the fact that last year most of the cattle were taken right off of the grass and shipped as feeders, while this year nearly every stockman in the county and many farmers are feeding from one to a dozen car loads that will be shipped later as fat stuff direct to the slaughter pen. The same conditions prevail in the counties west of here.

Three or four times the amount of country produce has been shipped out this year to what has ever been shipped before. Besides many new lines were added to this year's shipments. Several tons of selected seeds have been shipped out a fancy prices; one farmer, A. A. Anthony, of the Nugget Hill Farm, has shipped over \$400 worth of selected seeds.

Every farm house in the county is occupied, new houses are going up and new farms being broken out every day.

LOST—A gray purse containing a ten dollar bill and about \$2.00 in change somewhere in Tahoka. Finder please return to This News office. 19-20

DO IT NOW—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS

Dr. J. F. Galloway,

Dentist, 11-1f

Is now in Lamesa but will return to Tahoka Monday January the 12th. Located upstairs in Tahoka Postoffice building. 18-19

W. J. Crouch and his daughter Miss Zettie, left for Temple, Texas, Monday morning, where Miss Zettie will undergo an operation. The conductor reported that she stoop the trip to Slaton exceptionally well.

G. W. Given, of 14 miles south-east of Tahoka, was in town Wednesday trading at A. G. McAdams Lumber Company.

H. E. Baldrige, of south of town, was in Tahoka Wednesday.

Paul Miller, the cotton buyer, came back from Lorenzo Wednesday evening.

RANCH WANTED:—About 10,000 acres first class ranch land direct from owner. Must be a bargain. Have good Vendor's Lien notes bearing 7 percent interest, payable one to seven years.—G. W. ADAMS, Midland, Texas. 18-20

FOR SALE—Four good work horses, one is an extra good saddle, two are exceptionally fast drivers. Write or phone to Rev. J. R. Miller, New Home. 18-21

Geo. Shumake, of O'Donnell, was up Monday. George is opening up a new farm near O'Donnell and it dollars to doughnuts he will make one of those crops you read about.

COULD SCARCELY WALK ABOUT

And For Three Summers Mrs. Vincent Was Unable to Attend to Any of Her Housework.

Pleasant Hill, N. C.—"I suffered for three summers," writes Mrs. Walter Vincent, of this town, "and the third and last time, was my worst."

I had dreadful nervous headaches and prostration, and was scarcely able to walk about. Could not do any of my housework.

I also had dreadful pains in my back and sides and when one of those weak, sinking spells would come on me, I would have to give up and lie down, until it wore off.

I was certainly in a dreadful state of health, when I finally decided to try Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I firmly

believe I would have died if I hadn't taken it.

After I began taking Cardui, I was greatly helped, and all three bottles relieved me entirely.

I fattened up, and grew so much stronger in three months, I felt like another person altogether."

Cardui is purely vegetable and gentle-acting. Its ingredients have a mild, tonic effect, on the womanly constitution.

Cardui makes for increased strength, improves the appetite, tones up the nervous system, and helps to make pale, sallown cheeks, fresh and rosy.

Cardui has helped more than a million weak women, during the past 50 years. It will surely do for you, what it has done for them. Try Cardui today.

Write for: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. J-65

Making Tomorrow's World

By WALTER WILLIAMS, LL.D.
(Dean of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri)

LAND MONOPOLY IN GREAT BRITAIN.



London, England.—More than one-half the land of England and Wales is owned by 4,300 persons. Nearly 30,000,000—or two-thirds of the entire population—are landless. Eight per cent. of the population of Great Britain live in houses with only one bedroom. Estimating the total national income at \$9,205,000,000, this income is divided one-half to five and one-half million persons and one-half to the remaining thirty-nine millions of the population.

One-Third of Land for Pleasure. Excluding Scotland and Ireland, at \$9,205,000,000, this income is divided one-half to five and one-half million persons and one-half to the remaining live in houses with only one bedroom. Estimating the total national income where the condition is worse, in England and Wales one-third of all the land is unused for agriculture, industry or housing. In the striking phrase of the late Sir Henry Campbell-Ban-

nerman, it is "more of a pleasure ground for the rich than a treasure house for the nation." Four hundred peers and peeresses, to use Mr. L. G. Chiozza Money's carefully prepared figures, own 5,730,000 acres; 1,300 great landowners own 4,320,000 acres; 2,600 squires own 4,780,000; 9,600 greater yeomen own 4,140,000; 220,000 lesser yeomen own 4,800,000; 700,500 cottagers own 150,000; while of the remaining 3,000,000 acres half is owned by public bodies and half lies waste. If the ownership be averaged, it will be found that a peer holds an average of 14,325 acres; a great land-



Village on Duke of Norfolk's Estate.

owner, 6,538; a squire, 1,661; a greater yeoman, 496; a lesser yeoman, 170; a small proprietor, 18, and a cottager, less than half an acre.

300,000 Leave Farms in Decade.

What is the effect of this concentration of land in the hands of the few?

"Land is the mother and labor the father of wealth," a distinguished economist has written. Land concentrated in a few hands increases the problem of poverty, which Mr. Horace B. Samuel defines as "the economic discomfort occasioned to vast masses of the population by the unequal distribution of wealth." The use of the land is necessary for economic production, whether agricultural or industrial, and for housing, whether in city or country. The whole trend of civilization just now is away from agriculture and toward industrialism. In England this tendency is most marked. Less than nine per cent. of the population of England are now engaged in agriculture, 300,000 having abandoned the farm in the last ten years, as many leaving the farm in a single decade as the entire number of farm owners in the state of Missouri. In the United States one person in three is engaged in agriculture in some form; in all Great Britain and Ireland only one in ten is so engaged, and the proportion is growing rapidly less. The general tendency of the situation, to quote the significant and measured words of Mr. Asquith, the British prime minister, is "a process of depletion at one end and congestion at the other, by which every year fresh additions of recruits are being made to the ranks of the casual and unemployed."

Land Hogging Spawns Great Evils.

Land concentration in Great Britain has promoted agricultural depression, low wages, unemployment and discontent. "It is notorious," said a city of London barrister, "that large areas of land which might be with advantage farmed by desirable tenants willing to pay a fair market rent are kept back by owners, who either sit on the property in the hope of being eventually able to hatch a higher price, or preserve it for the purpose of game or ornament for reasons of social prestige or sheer sporting instinct. The extent of this retention of land is conclusively evidenced by the numerous applications that flow in for every farm that is thrown upon the market and by the frequent abortive endeavors by actual or would-be small farmers to obtain at current market rate new or additional land for agricultural purposes." The evils of this state of affairs are manifest. Not only are many persons thus deprived of the employment which otherwise they would be enjoying, but this swelling of the ranks of the unemployed, some of whom remain in the country and some go to the cities, tends to diminish wages, and, so far as farm products are concerned, to increase prices. Poverty, taxation, agriculture, unemployment, housing, the whole economy of the social system, are affected by the land problem.

Very "Soft" for Noble Duke.

The unnecessary burden which falls upon industry by landlordism in the form of mining royalties is another evil result. Mr. Lloyd-George, the Liberal chancellor, estimated it at \$40,000,000 a year. The average amount of royalty on iron ore is 60 cents a ton on every ton brought to the surface and 18 cents on coal. This is paid to landlords for mining royalties in addition to ordinary leases or "dead rents," in British phrase. Of the coal mines visited one example will suffice. A coal mine operating company fourteen years ago sank the mine at an expense of \$2,500,000, and, although as yet no coal has been taken out, the company has paid in mining royalties to the duke of Newcastle more than \$500,000. Nearby is a quarry from which the landlord drew \$7,500 for the clay extracted.

As in agriculture and in mining, so in the towns for factory and business sites the land concentration makes for higher burdens. Some concrete instances, vouchered for by Mr. H. R. Stockman, who has made a study of the question, will show the result. "The obvious creator of land wealth," said that canny Scotchman, Andrew Carnegie, "is not the individual, but the community." Mr. Balfour, in an

Advertising Talks

ATTRACTIVE STORE AIDS ADVERTISING

Dealer Should Make Place of Business One People Turn to Naturally.

One of the corners a few blocks from our factory is especially well lighted, says an observant manufacturer. It has a large electric arc light and one of those small gas street lamps. If you were to walk by there any of these warm summer nights, you couldn't help but notice the flying army of electric light beetles and other insects that are attracted by the bright light.

But they all keep near the big arc light, although now and then a couple of big hard-shelled beetles will fly

Continued on next page

the land to the state, but the rent.

Compulsory Sale and Leasing.

Another form of land nationalization is considered, though not seriously. This involves the taking over of all the land by the state, with compensation to the landlord. Small holdings by compulsory purchases and small holdings by compulsory leasing are other plans actually pursued. Under these schemes the landlord is compelled to sell or lease small acreages for actual farm use. Land hire by the state and land purchase are involved in this general scheme. A more drastic measure has just been proposed by Mr. Will Thorne on the house of commons. Under the Thorne bill it would be illegal for any person to hold, in agricultural districts, any land, exceeding fifty acres in extent, in a waste or uncultivated state, unless it shall not be possible to cultivate such land at a profit, or unless it shall have been devoted to some purpose of public utility.

"A Tax to Burst Land Monopoly."

The real attack upon the evils of the present land ownership, the one about which the fiercest contention has taken place, is that in Lloyd-George's budget of taxation. Many forms of land taxation have been proposed, considered and, occasionally, adopted. Land value taxation, in some form, enters into discussion everywhere. This new land taxation, however, recently carried into effect by the Liberal government, is not a tax to raise revenue, but, to quote the pungent phrase of the chancellor of the exchequer in proposing it, "a tax to burst the land monopoly." This new system of taxation included five per cent. duty on mining royalties, a taxation of gifts of nature or windfalls. It included a tax on the capital value of unworked minerals, thus stimulating the exploitation of mines hitherto unworked. The important principles of the new taxation, however, are involved in the increment tax, the tax on undeveloped building land and on leasehold reversions. Under these sections two tax values are placed on land, the site value and the improved value. The tendency of the tax, as shown by its actual workings, is to bring more building land into the market, thus relieving congestion in the cities and the country.

Unearned Fortunes for Landlords.

In fifty years the ground rent of the town of Burton-on-Trent increased from \$10,000 to \$350,000. An absentee owner, the marquis of Anglesey, as landlord receives this rent. His local taxes or rates are \$300. Sheffield, one of the greatest manufacturing cities in England, is owned, in greater part, by the duke of Norfolk. A dry goods merchant in that city held a lease on land at \$75 a year. Seven years before the lease would have expired the duke granted a renewal on condition that the tenant surrendered the unexpired part of the lease, paid \$750 a year rent instead of \$75, spent \$5,000 in improving the building and continued to pay all the taxes.

A large part of the ground upon which London's buildings stand is owned by certain rich peers. Land is not sold by them, but leased or rented. The renter erects, at his own expense, such buildings as he needs, and pays all the taxes. When his lease expires he must pay the increased rent which his own improvements make possible to charge, or else move, abandoning his own building. Some recent sales show the almost fabulous price which the absentee landowner receives when he does sell London real estate in the more favored sections.

What is Great Britain to do about it? Democracy, which is, or at least should be, the policeman and the partner of industry, is already in the United Kingdom doing something and plans to do more.

"Let well enough alone" no longer satisfies, much less "let bad alone, lest the change bring worse."

20 Per Cent. Increment Duty.

"Founded on the same principle," pointed out Mr. Horace B. Samuel, in discussing this effort to burst the land monopoly, "is the actual increment duty itself. This is a duty of 20 per cent., levied at death, on transfer, or at intervals of fifteen years (about the average period at which all land in the United Kingdom, through one cause or another, changes hands) on the actual site value." Supplementary to these novel forms of taxation—regarded by many in Great Britain as revolutionary—is a provision for a universal valuation of all the land affected.

The organization of opportunity for all, is the program of the British democracy today. To this end, monopoly of ownership of land, which limits opportunity to the few, must in some way be abolished. To this high task does Great Britain address herself. The result is on the knees of the gods. (Copyright, 1913, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

TAHOKA LODGE I. O. O. F. No. 653, Meets Every Tuesday night, J. L. STOKES, N. G., G. R. MILLIKEN, V. G., H. C. CREE, Sec. & Treas.

TAHOKA LAUNDRY

G. C. Barnes, Prop.

Family washing, per doz., - - - 35c
Washing and Ironing, per doz., - - 75c
Barber towels, per doz., - - - 15c
Quilts, Counterpane, Blankets, 25 to 35c
WE ARE NOT PREPARED TO DO COLLAR AND CUFF WORK
Laundry Called For and Delivered Free

The CASH MEAT MARKET

Fresh home-killed meat cut to suit
Fresh bread and ice always on hand
Short orders served
Lyal McGonigill--Phone 23--N.E. Cor. Sq.

R. S. (Bob) Davidson

Abstract of Title made on Short Notice to Town Property and Lynn County Land.
All Kind of Notarial Work Done
Office Southeast Corner Court House with Judge Stokes

Tahoka Blacksmith Shop

H. G. Smith, Mgr.

Let Us Make Your Plow Points to Order As they Will Last Longer Than the Ones You Buy.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
Bring In Your Points Now And Do Not Wait Till You Need them to Have them Fixed Up

FRESH GROCERIES

Our stock is complete and we keep it fresh. If you want good Groceries see us. We also have a nice stock of Dry Goods, Notions, etc. Our aim is to feed and clothe you better for less money.

Mrs. S. N. McDaniel
"the Price is the thing"

Lumber

Posts, Wire, Shingles, Doors, Sash, and Moulding. Lime, Brick and Cement. Eclipse Windmills
Higginbotham-Harris Lumber Co.

J. N. JONES
Dealer In
Furniture And Undertaker's Supplies

Collier's

The National Weekly

First Time in Clubs
Until this year Collier's has been sold at \$5.50. Now the price is \$2.50 and we have secured a concession whereby we can offer it at a still further reduction in connection with this publication.

Special Offer to Our Readers

Recognizing the great demand for Collier's at the new price, we have made arrangements to offer it and our own publication each year for the price of Collier's alone. This is a limited offer and must be taken advantage of promptly.

What You Get in Collier's

Collier's is the one big, independent, fearless weekly of the whole country. Not only is it the good citizen's handbook but it is also a magazine for the whole family. Among the things that a year's subscription gives are:

- 1000 Editorials
- 600 News Photos
- 250 Short Articles
- 150 Short Stories
- 100 Illustrated Features
- 2 Complete Novels

Collier's . . . \$2.50 Both for only
The News . . \$1 \$2.50

HEISKELL'S OINTMENT
Cures Eczema, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Pimples, and all skin eruptions. Immediate relief. Last in itching Piles, Ringworm, Sunburn, etc.
Price 50c. at all Druggists.
Send for sample and book, "Health and Beauty."
JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO.,
1730 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PLAINVIEW NURSERY

HAS THE BEST STOCK OF HOME GROWN TREES THEY HAVE EVER HAD. PROPOGATED FROM VARIETIES THAT DO THE BEST. ARE HARDY AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM DISEASE. Will trace trees for livestock, peach seeds or second hand sacks. We have a good farm for sale, and automobile—Apply to
L. N. DALMONT, PROP.
Plainview (Texas) Nursery

ATTRACTIVE STORE AIDS ADVERTISING

Continued from third page

down around the small lamp post. They never seem satisfied, however, with its flickering, so in a very little while always buzz back to the strong glow of the arc. They just naturally flick around it, not because they do a lot of thinking, but because its brightness attracts them.

Here's a thought that occurred to me when passing that corner the other night:

The dealer who will make his store so attractive that people naturally turn to it as THE place of town, where things are always reliable and where they will be never disappointed, that dealer will draw trade from his more shiftless competitors as surely as the big arc light attracts the insects from the lamp post's flicker.

And do you know the best way on earth to make your store most attractive? Good advertising is the answer with emphasis on the "good." To be good, advertising must be truthful, so if you advertise to impress people with the fact that they are welcome in your store and that you are offering excellent values, then your store must really be attractive, speaking a welcome at all times, and your stock must really be as fine as you say it is.

If your store can't stand for good advertising now, fix things up and then go at the advertising strong. Use newspaper space systematically, with new copy for each ad. Always have a good window display and change them as frequently as possible.

Then when people get into your store, where they are made to feel welcome and at home, don't you think they will be glad to buy, and to come again?

Good advertising does pay—immensely! Years ago many a merchant was a good advertiser, but didn't know it. His personality, his methods of doing business and his store were his advertising mediums.

Now we are living in the second decade of the busy twentieth century, and we've got to do our advertising, like everything else, in an up-to-date way if we expect to keep in the race.

Develop then, all the good points of the old time merchant and add to them the printer's-ink-sort-of-advertising, which would have made the old timer so much more successful, and without which the modern merchant cannot arrive at his best.

It requires nothing more or less than the application of the little lesson we have learned from the arc light and the lamp post: The biggest, brightest and most attractive compels interest and holds the crowds.

There is a perfect craze for lavender toilet articles. Women of luxurious tastes and the money to indulge them are using dressing table sets of lavender enamel, picked out with white, gold or silver, and scarfs, pin-cushion covers, handkerchief and glove boxes of lavender satin veiled with shadow lace dyed to match.

Women who possess a similar love for lavender, but have not the means of purchasing it in enamel and fine lace, furnish their dressing tables with combs, brushes and manicure tools mounted with lavender, cloisonne or crystal or made wholly of lavender composition resembling celluloid. And to go with these articles they make well, glove and handkerchief cases as well as cushion and table covers of lavender batiste veiled with dotted Swiss or St. Gall muslin, dyed to match.

One reason for this fad is that lavender is supposed to be a restful tone and the sight of it good for tired nerves. Another reason is that its almost neutral tone harmonizes with any of the pale soft shades suited to dressing rooms and lounging negligees, and a third reason is that lavender is considered a "refined" tone. It should be in evidence among the intimate belongings even though it swears at the complexion, the eyes and the hair.



North Side Barber Shop
Hair Cuts, Shaves, Shampoos, Massages.
Hot Baths in Connection
S. M. Clayton

BLACKSMITHING
WOODWORK, REPAIR WORK OF ALL KINDS
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO WAGONS,
BUGGIES, BUGGY TOPS, BUGGY PAINTING, ETC.
W. P. PHENIX. SOUTH OF SQUARE
TAHOKA, TEXAS

EST SIDE RESTAURANT
JAKE LEEDY, PROP
Merchants' and Farmers' Lunch, Short Orders
Deli-catesen-tries, Confectioneries, Candies, Cigars, Cold Drinks

THE PENALTY OF STRIFE.

The scars of strife that deface the visage of industry in Texas should serve as a warning to platform makers against drawing the sword in the present campaign. There is scarcely an important line of industry in Texas that has not been a battle ground of factional strife and many political warriors are now marching up and down the public thoroughfares crying aloud for more blood. If we are going to keep up these industrial struggles our records will soon look like unburied bones.

We are now facing gigantic industrial possibilities and Dame Opportunity is knocking at our door, but if the lady finds us knocking on each other, she may become disgusted and walk away. The Panama Canal will soon be calling upon our railroads for double tracks and our manufacturing plants to increase their capacity. There are our educational and eleemosynary institutions that need consideration. The farmers are demanding better marketing conditions, cheaper money and better transportation service, and it would seem as if these problems are sufficient to engage the attention of all citizens, however able and patriotic, who desire to render a real service to their country.

We ought to cease trying to put our opponents in sackcloth and ashes and adopt the slogan of the Farmers' Union—"Co-operation." Let us lay aside bitterness and strife and turn our attention toward helping each other. The interest of the farmer is universal and he is the most competent citizen we have, and we can afford to clasp hands and follow his lead. Many of our present day statesmen may, under this plan, perish for want of adaptability, but the wise ones have already felt the rush of new life and are leaving the old order of things like men trying to outrun their sins. No country ever has or ever will lead in civilization without co-operation.

We need laborers, not warriors, in the vineyard of industry, and it is little less than a tragedy that many of our leaders look upon our opportunities with as much indifference as a veteran soldier would the plow handles. We have so long taken belligerent views that we face, without duly appreciating, the monumental problems now confronting us. Malice never built a city and hate never made two blades of grass grow where one grew before. Let us have an area of peace and prosperity.

"Your trouble is indigestion," said the physician to the new patient who had called at his office. "Now, don't eat too much, and walk a great deal." "Don't eat too much, and walk?" replied the patient. "You don't seem to know who I am, Doc. I'm a comedian with a theatrical traveling company!"

SECOND MISFORTUNE.

He—I was born on the same day on which Richard Wagner died.
She—Yes, yes. A misfortune seldom comes alone.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Hilford, in Essex, England, is famous in the annals of geological research, discoveries there giving an idea of the dangerous state of the Thames valley at an early date in its history. The elephant, the rhinoceros and the bear roamed wild and the prehistoric traveler who dodged them still ran the risk of encountering the tiger or the bison. The number of teeth discovered at Hilford shows the elephant to have been particularly common.

TEXANS HEAVY TOBACCO USER

Tobacco raising in Texas is still in an experimental stage. Experts of the Federal Government claim that there are 500,000 acres of land in East Texas suitable for tobacco culture, but according to the latest reports of the United States Department of Agriculture, only 200 acres are planted to this product. The production in 1912 was 140,000 pounds, which had a value of \$24,000.

Texans, as a rule, are heavy users of tobacco and last year spent for this weed two and one-half million dollars, practically all of which went outside the State. We consume more than 100 times as much tobacco as we produce, and statistics show that the demand is ever increasing, while the production at the present time is less than that of 10 years ago.

The manufacture of snuff, chewing and smoking tobacco is limited in Texas, although cigarmaking has developed into an important industry. The latest Federal Census Reports show 67 cigar factories operating in this State, employing 50 persons and turning out product valued at \$509,000 annually. Nearly a half million dollars is invested in this line of industry and the yearly payroll of the employes amounts to \$160,000.

Cigars made in Texas, from Texas raised tobacco have become popular among smokers everywhere, although the supply is limited, the find a ready market in all parts of the country. Practically all of the tobacco grown in this State is made into cigars of fine quality. Material consumed by the Texas factories is grown principally in Cuba, Kentucky, North Carolina and Virginia.

The cultivation and use of tobacco are of such antiquity that authentic history does not record their origin. The claim of certain European and Asiatic countries to an acquaintance with the plant prior to the discovery of America by Columbus is not supported by accepted history nor satisfactorily demonstrated by the researches of the antiquarian. It is generally accepted that tobacco is indigenous to the Western Hemisphere and that the aborigines practiced its cultivation and use from remotest times, and spread their knowledge to the rest of the world. It is not definitely known when the first tobacco was planted in Texas, but its first propagation on a commercial scale was attempted in Nacogdoche county during the past decade.

AN INDUSTRY WITH SOUL MATERIAL.

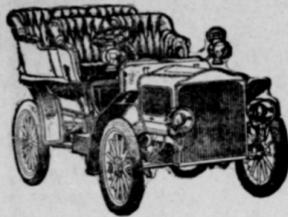
In this age when many corporations are charged with being soulless, it is encouraging to find a line of industry giving first attention to the care, comfort and happiness of its employes. Men and women are the greatest finished product a factory can turn out and their development is good for the factory as well as good for society. Improving and repairing the efficiency of men is as good an investment as improving and repairing machinery of the plant and the greatest field of economy in industry now lies in increasing the efficiency of employes.

Industrial psychology is a science that is being recognized in many ways by large concerns throughout the country. The efforts of many business institutions which have heretofore been confined to official advice and warning to their employes are now taking a more practical form and the managers of industry are realizing that manhood cannot be constructed by threats and penalties alone. Mental and physical efficiency is the result of education, growth and development. Breakdowns in men have caused more loss to industry than breakdowns in machinery, and manufacturers are finding those things which contribute toward efficiency of their employes the most profitable investment that can be made.

The textile mills of the State, in most instances, provide comfortable homes with modern conveniences looking well after the health and comfort of their employes and the rental charges are nominal. The employes are as a rule thrifty and in dustrious and a large per cent of them own their homes. The home life of the employes is pleasant and the mill society is usually an exclusive one, the colony of workers living to themselves.

Some of the mills provide community playgrounds equipped with modern devices of pleasure and gymnasiums furnished with up-to-date contrivances are available for the use of the employes in the work of physical development. The machinery of the mill furnishes a practical school of mechanical science and the business of the plant affords an opportunity for acquiring information and experience in the affairs of industry.

WE REBUILD AUTOS



from the ground up. Replace all missing or broken parts, repair damage of any nature. And when we repair a car it stays repaired unless you try to buck a stone wall or a railroad train. Send us your machine next time and you won't have it repaired so often.

THE TAHOKA GARAGE

G. A. (Curley) Gamble West of P. O. Building

Let Us

The
Sanitary Way
Is The
Steam Way

clean your clothes and press them on the New Steam Press. The only sanitary method known of pressing clothes. We Absolutely Guarantee all work to hold up twice as long as when done by hand.

WADE RAY, THE TAILOR

Car of Denton Flour Highest grade in Texas **Arrived**
Also Plainview Flour on Hand

We buy and sell all kinds of Feed Stuff
Large stock of Hay, Grain, Cake and Salt on hand
3 Cars—Best Grade Coal Comming 3 Cars

A Trial Is All We Ask. We Can Deliver The Goods
Edwards Brothers Coal & Grain Company

One Block North of Depot, Tahoka, Texas

A Good Time For U
Every Night at

Loyd's Picture Show

Our service is high class
and our aim is to please
Ladies and Children Especially invited

Let us sell you coal for your cook stove. We have the
GENUINE NIGERHEAD NUT COAL
The best coal for cooking purposes on the market today.
Ask those who have tried it.
We have the Rockvale and Rugby Lump coal for general purposes. Can fill any size order.
Also Plenty of Rock and Chrusched Salt. Plenty of Oats and Bran always on hand at the Lowest Market Prices. Will have cottonseed cake on hand soon
G. W. SNIDER, North of Square, Tahoka

How About Your 1914 Reading?

By handing only \$1.80 to the publisher of the Lynn County News you will get 156 papers a year, or three a week. That's some reading, ain't it? Goop, instructive, wholesome reading too. Try the combination. You'll like it. It is this: The Lynn County News \$1.00 a year; the Semi-Weekly Farm News \$1.00 a year; the two well worth \$2.00 a year; you get them both for \$1.80 a year at this office. 18-cf

DO IT NOW.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

State of Texas } In the County Court
County of Lynn } of Lynn County, Texas,
vs. R. H. Wilson, Plaintiff, vs. Jack
Alley and T. M. Bartley, Defendants.
Whereas, by virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of Lynn

County, Texas, on a Judgement rendered in said court on the 24th day of October A. D. 1911, in favor of the said R. H. Wilson, and against the said Jack Alley and T. M. Bartley, No. 60, on the docket of said court, and affirmed in the Court of Civil Appeals against the said Jack Alley, T. M. Bartley, W. R. Majors and B. H. Black, I did, on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1913, at 4 o'clock p. m. levy upon the following described tracts and parcels of land situate in the County of Lynn, State of Texas, and belonging to the said T. M. Bartley, one of the above defendants, to-wit:

In the North Tahoka Addition to the town of Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, as shown by the plat of said addition of record in Vol. 11, page 515 Deed records of said Lynn County, Texas All of Lots 7, 8, Block 50, all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Block 45, all of Lots 3, 4,

9, 10, 11, 12, Block 40, in said North Tahoka Addition to Tahoka.
Also all of Lots 1 and 2 Block 18 in the Original Town of Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, as shown by the plat of said town of Record in Vol. 5 page 390 Deed records of said Town.
Also all of the West half of the North One Fourth of Survey No. 482, Certificate No. 462, Block 1, E. L. & R. R. Co., land, being about 2 miles east from Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, and containing 80 acres of land.
And on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1914, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said T. M. Bartley in and to said property.
Dated at Tahoka, Texas, this, the 23rd day of December A. D. 1913.
J. H. EDWARDS, Sheriff of Lynn County, Texas. 18-24