

# LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Volume XIV

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, Friday, July 26, 1918

Number 46

## Be Sure and Go to the Polls and Vote Tomorrow, July 27th.

### HOME AND STATE BALLOT

We have had a great many requests, especially from the newly franchised women voters, for information as to the candidates for the several State offices for whom prohibitionists may vote for with confidence. We give below the ballot as printed by the Home and State, Dallas, Texas:

Governor—Wm. P. Hobby, Austin.

For Lieutenant Governor—There are six candidates. Mr. L. H. Bailey, of Houston, is a life long anti-prohibitionists and friend of the liquor interests. Mr. John R. Moore, of Palestine, is running on the Ferguson ticket. The other candidates are State Senators, W. A. Johnson, of Memphis, and John M. Henderson, of Daingerfield; former State Senator S. B. Cowell, of Whitesboro, and T. W. Davidson, of Marshall. These are all prohibitionists and good men, and it will be a matter of individual preference and choice as to which one a good prohibitionist will support.

For Chief Justice Supreme Court: The present incumbent, Nelson Phillips.

For Associate Justice Supreme Court: The present incumbent, Judge Thomas B. Greenwood, of Austin.

For Associate Justice of Criminal Appeals: State Senator, O. S. Latimore, of Ft. Worth, or Judge William Pierson, of Greenville. Both are good men.

For State Treasurer: Jno. W. Baker, of Crosbyton, J. M. Edwards, Austin.

For Attorney General: C. M. Cureton, of Austin.

For Railroad Commissioner: Hon. Clarence M. Gilmore, of Wills Point, and John L. Andrews of Dallas.

For Comptroller Public Accounts: Sam S. Goodlet, of Austin.

For Commissioner General Land office: J. T. Robinson, of Austin.

For Commissioner of Agriculture: A. A. Halbert, of Coleman, or Fred Davis, of Austin.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction: Miss Annie Webb Blanton, of Denton, or Brandon Trussell, of Decatur.

### National Guard Boys Return Home Monday

The Lynn County unit of the Texas National Guard, who went up to Lubbock last Friday week, to be examined by the Federal Board, returned to Tahoka Monday and will remain here until called out for service on the border. The boys say they all passed A1 examinations and are overly anxious to get into active service, although they are now on the pay roll of our Uncle Sam. They are all big, fine looking fellows and will make a hit where ever they may be called.

Mesdames Crockett and S. B. Thomas, of New Home are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. L. L. F. Parker for a few days. Mrs. Thomas is the mother of Mrs. Parker, and Mrs. Crockett is an old friend of Mrs. Thomas from Burleson County.

W. R. Wren, of Kaufman County, came in Tuesday.

### Supt. H. P. Caveness and Family Arrive

Prof. H. P. Caveness and family, of Cushing, Texas, arrived in Tahoka the first of the week to make their home in this city. Prof. Caveness has been employed as Superintendent of the Tahoka Public Schools for the 1918-19 session, and comes highly recommended for the position. We are glad to number this excellent family among our citizenship.

Miss Hattie McKeel of Colorado, Texas, returned to her home Thursday, after a most pleasant visit at the Singleton ranch and with Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Nevels, this city.

Henry Nelson, of Post Oak, Texas, came in this week, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. N. McDaniel. He will remain here for some time.

Miss Estelle Bauder, of Plainview, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Pat Northcross, in this city, left last Saturday for Waxahachie, Texas, to visit with her mother.

Mrs. A. J. Seale and children, returned Monday from an extended visit to Gorman and other points in that section of the State.

### IN CASE YOU DO NOT KNOW

Here are a few things for women voters to remember when they go to the polls, and possible a few men who will cast their first ballot July 27th:

"Women voters must present their registration receipts at the polls. If they have misplaced or lost their receipts, they may vote by making an affidavit to that effect.

"They must be familiar with the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote, as it is against the law for them to take any memorandum or marked ballot into the voting room.

"Mark your ballot by drawing a line with a black lead pencil through the names of all the candidates but those for whom you desire to vote. For instance, take the race for Railroad Commissioner, and we will say you desire to vote for Clarence E. Gilmore, of Van Zandt County. The ticket should be marked thus:

For Railroad Commission:  
~~C. H. HERRINGTON~~  
—of Travis County—  
CLARENCE E. GILMORE  
—of Van Zandt County  
~~JOHN L. ANDREWS~~  
—of Dallas County—

"If you make an error in marking your ballot do not attempt to correct or erase it, but ask for another copy, as you are allowed two tickets, and ballots defaced in any way will be thrown out and not counted."

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Crie report that their son Jim, and family, are this week moving from Floydada, Texas, where they have resided the past few months, to Hurley, N. M. Jim has accepted a position with a Copper Mining Company in that city.

Mrs. N. G. Betenbaugh, of O'Donnell, was in our city Tuesday.

### EDWARDS CHILD LOST SUN. NIGHT

Last Sunday evening late, the little two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Edwards, living a few miles southwest of town, became lost, and considerable excitement prevailed before the little one was located.

It seems that Mr. Edwards had started to the milk pen, to do up the night's chores, but before reaching his destination, he became engaged in quite a lengthy conversation with a neighbor who happened along at the time. In the mean time the little child was sent with the milk pail to the cow lot, and by the time Mr. Edwards got there the little one was nowhere to be seen. A diligent search began and the alarm given out, which resulted in the gathering of several hundred people in a very short while, who scoured the country about for any trace of the lost child.

At about 1:00 or 1:30 a. m., Dr. Callaway located little Johnny about three quarters of a mile from the house on the far side of a field, and in tracing the tracks of the child the next morning, it showed it had walked several miles during the night. Her little feet had swollen something terrible from thorns and bruises, but otherwise unhurt.

### New Registration Board Appointed

We are informed that a new Registration Board was appointed the first of the week, to take the place of Prof. H. C. Zornes and W. S. Swan, resigned. The new members of the board are Messrs. S. S. Ramsey and G. W. Harrison.

Messrs. Zornes and Swan have served on the Board since its establishment made necessary by the war, and are to be commended for the hard and efficient work they have rendered the Government, and that, without any compensation whatever. Messrs. Ramsey and Harrison show a patriotic spirit in taking up this work and carrying it on, and we are sure they have the hearty co-operation and good will of every citizen in Lynn County.

### J. H. McNeely Wants Lynn County News

The following letter from J. H. McNeely, who now resides at Green Forest, Ark., is self explanatory:

Green Forest, Ark., 7-18-18.  
Editor Lynn County News:  
Please find enclosed check for the subscription of the News.

I heard that the paper had changed hands, and that you are getting out a good paper.

Hoping you have good crops in Lynn County, I am,

Respectfully,  
J. H. McNEELY.

Gordon B. McGuire, of Lamesa, was mixing with the Lynn County constituency the first of the week in the interest of his candidacy for District Attorney, 72nd Judicial District. Mr. McGuire has many staunch supporters in the county; he is a gentleman of the first-class and is always a welcome visitor at the News office.

### CHURCH NOTES OF INTEREST

#### CHRISTIAN MEETING

The Christian meeting at the Star Theater, continues with increasing interest with every service. Bro. Strickland in his forceful way, is holding up the Christ life, the ideal, for all Christians to follow.

Services 11:00 A. M., and 9:15 P. M., each day. Lord's day, 10:30 A. M., and afternoon service at 4:30 P. M.

Come, let us all get better acquainted and enjoy the study of God's word.

#### METHODIST CHURCH

We are requested to announce that there will be services at the Methodist Church next Sunday at the 11:00 o'clock hour, conducted by the pastor. There will be no evening services on account of the Baptist revival being in progress.

#### BAPTIST MEETING BEGINS SUNDAY, JULY 28TH.

The annual protracted meeting of the Baptist denomination will begin next Sunday morning at 11:00 o'clock.

Rev. J. M. Rankin, of Estacado, has been engaged to do the preaching, and is ranked among the strongest gospel speakers of the State. Come out Sunday and hear some good sound gospel preaching, and good singing under the leadership of Bro. M. M. Herring.

#### BAPTIST LADIES' AUXILIARY

Mrs. Frank Weaver was hostess to the ladies of the Baptist Church Tuesday afternoon from five to six o'clock.

Mrs. J. B. Walker, teacher of our Mission class, conducted the lesson in an entertaining and instructive manner.

We will meet with Mesdames H. M. McCormack and W. M. Harris, at the home of Mrs. McCormack, the fourth Tuesday in August for our next mission study.

Those presents were: Bro. Parker, and Mesdames J. H. Edwards, S. B. Goodrich, M. A. Stroud, Sherrod, Herring, Parker, Walker and Haynes.

REPORTER.

### VOTING BOXES AND JUDGES

The following list of voting boxes and the judges at each election precinct was furnished us by County Chairman, H. M. Larkin:

Box No. 1—Court House, Tahoka. Judges—W. C. Wells, J. R. Singleton, G. W. Small and S. W. Joplin.

Box No. 2.—Wilson. Judges—J. F. Standefer and L. B. Patterson.

Box No. 3.—New Home. Judges—Will Izzard and Will Estes.

Box No. 4—Three Lakes. Judges—G. W. Hickson and W. E. Sikes.

Box No. 5—Draw. Judges—E. S. Childers and E. G. Cook. Box 6—North Tahoka, St. Clair Hotel. Judges—S. S. Ramsey and M. K. Edwards.

Box No. 7—O'Donnell. Judges—C. H. Doak and L. G. Phillips.

Box No. 8—Grassland. Judges—G. R. Jones.

Box No. 9—Gordon. Judges—W. H. Robinson and A. T. Davie.

### Pioneer Cattleman Dies at Lubbock

The many friends and acquaintances of E. Y. Lee will be pained to learn of his death, which occurred at Lubbock last Thursday evening.

Mr. Lee was a pioneer cattleman of the Plains and was widely and favorably known in this part of the country. He was a man of sterling integrity and honesty, and will be sadly missed by his family and his friends.

J. C. Fish, of Snyder, has charge of the Star Drug Company during the absence of Mr. Clawson, who is away on business. Mr. Fish is a hustling young business man and we are glad to number him among the business men of the town.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Wood was quite sick the first of the week, but we are glad to report it much better at this writing.

Henry McDaniel left the latter part of last week for Sudan, where he visited with his brother, Fred, for a day or so, going from there to Abilene.

J. W. Clawson, manager of the Star Drug Company, is over in New Mexico this week on business.

Mrs. I. D. Harmon and children left Monday for Ardmore, Oklahoma.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Allen, of Gainesville, Texas, are visiting Mrs. Allen's father, L. E. Park.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fletcher Carter, and little daughter, of Waco, are the guests of J. F. Carter, Sr.

### News Items From Our O'Donnell Scribe

BORN—To Luke Riley and wife, a girl. All reported to be doing well. Mr. Riley was formerly one of O'Donnell's citizens, but now living at Lamesa.

Miss Vera Heffener, of Big Springs, and her sister, Miss Vivian Westerman, the telephone operator at Slaton, visited Mrs. F. O. Allen and Mrs. Ora Miles this week, returning to their homes Monday morning and Tuesday evening.

C. H. Doak, J. J. Pugh, Thurman Wells and Will Phillips were out last Sunday night, hunting Little Johnny Edwards, who was lost until about 1:30 a. m. Monday morning, but was found unharmed. She was guided by an infinite hand.

Light showers this week, helping crops come, but let them keep coming. Good rains down in Draw community and east and south.

Election Saturday. Don't forget to come and vote and bring your Poll Tax and Registration Receipts.

C. H. Doak and family motored over to Tahoka Wednesday.

Carl Betenbaugh and family returned from an extended visit to Roswell, New Mexico, where they visited the parents of Mrs. Betenbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. Brazell.

P. P. Brewer says good thing come to those who wait. He was made happy by getting a ground-soaker Tuesday evening.

Walter Suits left Tuesday morning for training camps of Uncle Sam.

NELLA.

Homer Leslie Lewis, and Harvey Ratliff Strong left Wednesday for Camp Travis.

Claud Donaldson returned to Waco Wednesday, after a two weeks visit with home folks.

### TAHOKA WILL GET RETURNS

Citizens of Tahoka and Lynn County will have the privilege of getting the returns on the General Election next Saturday night. A street will be roped off running north and south, beginning at the First National Bank building across to Thomas Brothers Drug Company, and from the Joe Stokes Land office, to the corner building owned by Thomas Brothers.

A platform will be erected along the west side of the Thomas Drug Company building and a large bulletin board put up, so that all can see the returns as they come in over the wire. Seats will be provided for the ladies and everybody is welcome to come down town and get the latest returns from both County and State offices.

A private subscription is being taken to insure this service, and all Lynn County citizens should take advantage of this opportunity to get the latest dope on the election.

J. O. (Pat) Green, the Pioneer Loan man, of Lubbock, was here yesterday on business. Pat carries an ad in the News and is getting results. Read his ad in this issue.

### LOCAL RED CROSS NOTES

The new quota list has come in and the Lynn County Chapter Auxiliaries have been apportioned 120 pairs of socks and 32 sweaters. No other knit garments are asked of us at present.

The object of the quota, is to equalize the output of knitting and not get too many articles of one kind.

Care must be exercised in knitting the socks that the work be smooth and firm, and yet not too tight. Particular attention to putting on the foot after the heel is completed will save a lot of ripping out. Finishing the toes in the proper manner is very essential to the comfort of the wearer. All joining should be done by lapping thread, as knots injure the foot, and if they become untied, an unmendable hole results.

We want the work from our County to pass inspection and never have any article returned. It will be wise to have one pair of socks inspected before the second pair is begun. If the knitter is a beginner, or an old hand, it is well to know if it is just right.

Now, lets get our quota done on time and be ready for the next list of garments assigned us. We are looking for plenty of needles to come in for the socks right away. The sweater yarn has been ordered and we will be served in our turn. Socks are the important thing, as our boys need them now, and we have the yarn to knit the number assigned us. Keep the boys feet "comfy," and they will keep the Hun very "uncomfy."

Ladies who have small remnants of thread left should be careful to return them promptly, as some other knitter very often needs them to finish an almost completed article. The names should always accompany the articles.

REPORTER.

## 25,000 WOMEN WANTED AS STUDENT NURSES

The Government is calling for 25,000 young women to join the United States Student Nurse Reserve and hold themselves in readiness to train for service as nurses.

The war is creating an unprecedented demand for trained nurses. Only those who have taken the full training course are eligible for service with our forces overseas. These nurses are being drawn largely from hospitals at home. Their places must be filled by student nurses enrolled for the full training course of from two to three years. Every young woman who enrolls in the United States Student Nurse Reserve is releasing a nurse for service at the front and swelling the home army which we must rely on to act as our second line of hospital defense. Upon the health of the American people will depend the spirit of their fighting forces.

**Age.**—The call is for women between the ages of nineteen and thirty-five.

**Qualifications.**—Intelligent, responsible women of good education and sound health are wanted—the pick of the country. A college education is a valuable asset, and many hospitals will give credit for it. Credit will also be given for a special scientific equipment of for preliminary training in nursing, such as that given in special courses now being conducted by various colleges and schools. Some schools, on the other hand, do not even require a full high-school education.

**Enrollment.**—Women will be given an opportunity to enroll in the United States Student Nurse Reserve in any one of three ways:

(1) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to accept assignments to nurses' training schools. These women will be sent to the schools as fast as vacancies occur. Those of superior qualifications will be given preference, and it is, of course, possible that not everyone who enrolls will be accepted.

(2) As desiring to become candidates for the Army Nursing School recently established by authority of the War Department, with branch schools in selected military hospitals.

(3) As engaging to hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to accept assignments to either a civilian training school or the Army Nursing School. Those who so enroll will be called where the first need arises. The Government hopes that a majority of those who enroll will thus put down their names for both.

### The Nurses' Training Schools

There are 1,579 nurses' training schools in this country. Their need is as great and imperative as that of the Army School of Nursing. Those who enroll for these schools will be assigned as vacancies occur.

The enrollment card will indicate two classes of registrants—Preferred and Deferred. The Preferred class will be those who are ready to accept assignment to what-ever hospital the Government directs them, although they may state what training school they prefer to be sent to. Those who register in the Preferred class will be assigned first, and all possible consideration will be given to their preference as stated. The Deferred class is composed of those who limit their pledge of service—that is, who will not engage to go except to certain hospitals. This class is intended largely for those who, for family reasons, can not accept training at a distance from their homes. Those who register in the Deferred class will be assigned only after the Preferred class is exhausted.

The Government relies on the patriotism of those who enroll to fill out Preferred cards if they possibly can, thus volunteering to go where are most needed.

Nobody will be assigned to any schools whose conditions of training are not approved by the State Board of Nurse Examiners.

**Term of training.**—The term of training varies from two to three years, according to the requirements of the particular school to which the student nurse may be sent. No course takes less than two years nor more than three.

**What the training course prepares for.**—At present every woman who contemplates satisfactory her training in any accredited school is eligible for service as an Army nurse at the front and stands a chance of being assigned to duty abroad. At the same time she will be qualified to earn her living in one of the noblest professions open to women. It should be remembered, furthermore, that her usefulness will begin not when she graduates from the training school but as soon as she enters it. Practical nursing work is a part of the work of every training school, and the student nurse is not only learning to serve by serving her country from the outset.

**Finances.**—The student nurse gets her board, lodging, and tuition at practically every training school, and in most cases receives a small remuneration to cover the cost of books

and uniforms. After graduation she has an earning capacity of from \$100 to \$300 a month. Private-duty nurses now received an average of from \$100 to \$120 a month together with board while on duty; institution nurses from \$50 to \$250 a month together with board, lodging, and laundry; and public health nurses from \$100 to \$250 a month without maintenance. There is no danger of the earning capacity of nurses being lowered after the war ends on account of the great number who will then be qualified for the profession; the country will need all the nurses that can be trained, not only during the war but after it, especially for reconstructive work. Even if the war ends within three years, every student nurse will be able to complete her training and will be needed.

**An honorable service.**—Every since the days of Florence Nightingale the nursing profession has been one of especial honor. It was never so honorable as it is to-day. The Army needs every nurse it can get to "keep up with the draft." The United States Student Nurse Reserve is the equivalent for women of the great National Army training camps for soldiers. The Government will rely upon the student nurses to fight disease at home, to care for those injured and disabled in our hazardous war industries, and to make themselves ready to serve when the time comes as fully trained nurses, either abroad or at home. Let us show that we know how to answer the Government's call to the men of the country.

### FERGUSON CAMPAIGN MANAGERS FOR HOBBY

Dallas, July 21.—Three former Ferguson managers announced their intention Saturday to support William P. Hobby for governor and the fourth sent a message that he regarded Jas. Ferguson so helplessly defeated that further campaigning is useless.

John G. McKay of Temple wired from Houston: "I shall vote for Governor Hobby. I am familiar with the issues and am for him because I believe in him. His record is proof sufficient as to his ability, integrity and loyalty. His election will insure a continuation of the hearty co-operation which now exists with our national government."

R. H. (Dick) Coffee of Vernon, manager of the Ferguson campaign in Wilbarger county in 1914, 1916 and 1918, announced, following a speech at Vernon by Colquitt this afternoon, that he would support Hobby for governor. Coffee gave to the press a statement as to the motives which impelled him to announce his renunciation of Ferguson. The statement makes loyalty the issue, and gives Germanism as Mr. Coffee's reason for changing his support to Governor Hobby.

George H. Culp of Gainesville, in his introduction of R. E. Thomson, who spoke in Gainesville Thursday for Governor Hobby, delivered an impassioned plea for his fellow countrymen to support Hobby. Culp was Ferguson's manager in Coke county in 1914 and 1916.

When Manager Murchison of Haskell county in charge of Ferguson's campaign in that district, was invited to a joint discussion at Throckmorton by J. Wright, he declined, saying: "Ferguson is so helplessly beaten there is no use in continuing the campaign in his behalf."

### PERSHING VISITS PARIS HOSPITALS

Paris, July 22.—"Your country is proud of you and I am more than proud to command such men as you. You have fought splendidly."

General Pershing thus addressed wounded American soldiers lying in the American Red Cross hospitals in Paris today. In each ward of every hospital he talked to the men. He inquired if they were being well cared for, how and where they were wounded, what regiment they belonged to, and expressed his sympathy to scores of patients.

General Pershing also talked to the physicians, surgeons, and nurses and thanked them for the work they were doing in caring for the wounded.

"No one can ask more of any fighting force than that they should do as well as you have done," he said to his troops. The general added that he wished he could talk personally with each and every man in the hospital but this was impossible. So he asked Major Perkins to repeat his message and say to each individual man:

"The American people are proud of you."

A fellow in a neighboring town recently gave notice that unless a buggy whip was returned to a certain place, the name of the person who took it would be published in the paper. The following morning he found seventeen buggy whips in the place designated.

Love is thin when faults are thick.

## Under the Tents at Camp Travis

The army has just about decided that even from a coldy material point of view, the religious influences now placed about the soldiers of the new democracy are indispensable. Recognition that religion for the soldier has a solid basis as well as one in sentiment has come as a result of the splendid work of the Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus with the drafted men as they came into Camp Travis, many of them away from home for the first time in their lives.

The first few weeks of these men, after they enter the army are spent in quarantine while incipient contagions are "spotted" and isolated. During this time of confinement to their company areas the visits of the "Y" or the K. of C. man with his song books or boxing gloves, and plain man-to-man talks are literally God-sends. Men who are homesick and despondent cheer up, and men who otherwise might have developed into sullen and slack soldiers find a new stiffening for their spines and a new keenness for the work to which they have been called. Some call that "grit", some call it "pep", some call it "moral". The name is unimportant, but without the thing itself you cannot have a good soldier.

Religious surroundings are not left in the hands of the Y. M. C. A. and K. of C. exclusively. Of course the buildings of these organizations are visited by speakers of almost every faith represented in camp. But the churches of the city also are carrying on their more strictly denominational work in buildings on the edge of the camp. The Baptist have been particularly successful in this work, owing to the fortunate location of the specially erected chapel on the west of Camp Travis adjoining as it does both the cantonment and Fort Sam Houston. At this chapel the soldiers carry on services almost of themselves, the pastor being himself an ex-soldier. As many as seventy-five men from a single company have been known to walk a half mile after their day's work in order to be at a service.

The Army Post Chapel serves also as a religious center, it being not uncommon on Sundays for the Catholics to hold high mass there in the

When a person gets something for nothing, said something usually contains a joker or has a string attached to it. For instance, a certain preacher received from a patent medicine company an offer to provide his church with song books free of any charge. It was explained that there would be a few ads in the front and back of the books, but that these ads would not be offensive to the members of the congregation, since the books were being secured for nothing. The preacher gave the order and the books arrived. He found the ads to be mildly worded and decided to use the books. He explained from the pulpit how the books had been secured, and announced that they would sing No. 274. Imagine the people's surprise when, on reaching the second verse, they found themselves singing, "Hark, the Heavenly angels sing, Johnson's pills are just the thing; Angelic voices meek and mild—two for man and one for child."

A small boy's composition on hens reads as follows: Hens is curious animals. They don't have no nose, nor no ears. They swallow their vitels whole, and chew it up in their crops inside 'em. The outside of hens is generally put into pillers and feather dusters. The inside of hens is sometimes filled up with marbles, shirt buttons and such. A hen is very much smaller than a good many other animals, but they did up more tomatoe plants than any thing that haint a hen. Hens is very useful to lay eggs for plum pudding. Shiny Bates ate so much plum pudding once that it set him into the colery. Hens has got wings and can fly when they are started. I cut my Uncle William's hen's neck off and scairt her to death. Hens sometimes make very fine spring chickens."

The American Lumberman has some timely advice on this subject that is as applicable in our town as anywhere else. It says that if you want to see this town grow you should remember that you are a part of it and that its growth depends as much on you as on your neighbors. Don't get the idea that the future prosperity of this town rests with a few, for it is the business of the many. Above all, don't criticize those who are building up the community and do nothing yourself. They at least have the proper spirit and just as long as you deny them your support, just that much harder their work will be. Be a booster for the town and lend your co-operation to those who had the nerve to start first. It is never too early to start and it is never too late to begin.

morning, the Episcopalians to have Holy Communion later on, and the Methodist minister to give an old time camp meeting sermon in the same building at night. Various denominations about the Army Post have put forth special efforts to aid the drafted men of Camp Travis in every way, and to make them feel at home in their church services.

Downtown churches also accommodate the soldier in every way, on week days as well as on Sundays. By way of illustration, St. Mark's (Episcopalian) church even goes so far as to give a three of four-course dinner every Sunday for men in uniform at their morning service. This is to enable the soldier boys of Camp Travis to make the four mile trip to the service and care for the wants of the inner man spiritually without having to neglect them physically. But for this arrangement many would be unable to attend.

The colored men are not forgotten, although in many cases it would seem as if they could take care of themselves in such matters, for there are few companies among them without one or two colored preachers in the enlisted personnel, and on Sundays they have free rein to exhort their brethren in uniform after their own faith and manner. Indeed, the shouts and rhythmic crooning of the old fashioned "evangelists" can be heard for blocks, broken into now and then, by such singing as only colored people can do. They have their own "Y" building with a "Y" man of their own race to look after them, besides visiting speakers who come to address them.

Religion has found its place in the army. It takes the sight of thousands of uniformed men stepping gladly to the inspiring strains of "Onward Christian Soldier" in brigade and regimental review to realize the full appeal of it. And yet there is no compulsion. For the army goes on the theory that for the men who do not hunger and thirst after righteousness there should be no forced feeding. But for the man who is so minded there is every opportunity to worship after the fashion that fits his own conscience.

How many persons know what is liable to happen when a pint of gasoline is left open in a room? If the temperature is normal the liquid will entirely evaporate in twenty-four hours. The vapor is heavier than air and therefore sinks to the floor. Unless distributed, it will remain for hours and by mixing with the air, forms an explosive compound seven times as powerful as powder. One pint of gasoline will make two hundred cubic feet of this compound. It is not necessary that a lighted match come in contact with it. A spark struck by a nail in a shoe will explode it, or a gas jet or even the enclosed fire of a kitchen stove.

Sympathy and encouragement are the spurs to greater deeds. One grain of sympathy can be compared to a grain of mustard seed, but one seed planted and replanted will be enough to finally spread over the whole field. A living seed once fell from a flying bird's beak into a crevice of a rock. It grew and multiplied until finally it burst the rock in twain. This is a scientific fact, a real happening. Be not selfish with your words of encouragement and sympathy. There is nothing so "cheap" and yet nothing can be more valuable.

Is not the happiest man or woman the most successful in the highest sense of the word? Given the comforts of life, is anything more desirable than the sunshine of a happy home, where a loving wife, and merry, happy children abide, and where friends congregate for cheerful, inspiring association? Industry and temperance and courage will bring to any man the comforts of life. Add to this a kind heart and a generous, tactful consideration toward all men and life is complete.



## DOES THE FOOD ADMINISTRATION PAY? THE ANSWER

A BRIEF RESUME OF HOW SUGAR AND FLOUR HAS BEEN KEPT WITHIN THE BOUNDS OF CONSUMER DURING YEAR ENDING MAY 31, 1918.

Does the Food Administration pay?

Here is the answer of the Food Administration:

"The chief job of the Food Administration is to feed the allies and our soldiers.

"Saving of money to the consumer is a secondary job. This money is saved through the elimination of speculation, through elimination of profiteering, and through stabilization of all food prices. In general, the Food Administration claims to have steadied all food prices by keeping the public informed of the presence of cheap and abundant foods, such as potatoes, and by urging conservation of less abundant foods, particularly those foods which can be shipped abroad. Two important foods may be taken as example. They are wheat and sugar.

"Herbert Hoover was appointed Food Administrator May 15, 1917. On that day flour sold at \$16.75 a barrel f.o.b. Minneapolis. One year later it sold for \$9.80 a barrel, or a decrease of 41 per cent. That reduction came in the face of the greatest worldwide wheat shortage ever known since the days of Jacob and Joseph.

"In May, 1917, the difference between the price the farmer got for his wheat and the price the wholesaler got for the flour was \$5.68 a barrel. The difference in May, 1918, was 64 cents a barrel.

"As for sugar, the average wholesale price for refined sugar is 7.3 cents a pound. One year ago it was 8.33 cents a pound, a decrease of 12 per cent. The margin between the price of raw and refined sugar has been decreased from 2.12 cents a pound to 1.3 cents a pound. And this in spite of the fact that sugar offered unprecedented opportunities for speculation. During the civil war sugar went to 30 cents a pound when there was no world shortage. The retail price of sugar is less than one-third that price, and there is a world shortage such as has never existed since the world began eating refined sugar.

"A rise of 1 cent a pound in the price of sugar costs the American public \$80,000,000. A rise of 20 or 30 cents a pound costs thirty or forty times \$80,000,000. Had the Food Ad-

ministration not stepped in and saved the sugar situation, the American public would have been billions of dollars poorer today, or the poor would have gone without sugar while the rich would have eaten it all.

"So the Food Administration admits it pays the taxpayer. It admits that it has saved the consumer enough to oversubscribe all the Red Cross drives and possibly all the Liberty Bond drives as well. Speculators would have gotten those billions had the government not interfered."

### TEXAS IS PLACED IN SOUTHWESTERN ZONE FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

Administrator Peden, Federal Food Administrator for Texas, arrived June 9 from a two weeks' visit to Washington, where he attended a conference of State Administrators and later conferred with the different departments of the National Food headquarters. Monday night, June 10, he left for Fort Worth, Texas, to attend a special meeting of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, called by its president, James Callam, to discuss problems affecting the territory so seriously retarded during the drought and from which so many cattle were shipped to other pastures and sold to the packers.

As a result of the Washington conference the nation was divided into zones, and the zone in which Texas is placed consists of Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee and Oklahoma. This zone is called the Southwestern Zone, while its sister zone is the Southeastern Zone, consisting of Georgia, Alabama, Florida and the Carolinas. The problems of the two zones are identical in many ways. On Tuesday, June 11, the Southeastern Zone administrators met in Atlanta, while on June 15 the Southwestern Zone administrators met in Vicksburg. Administrator Peden was represented at the Vicksburg meeting by E. L. Beville, director of the grocery division, and H. Wirt Steele, director of organization. The principal topic at the two meetings was the question of flour allowance to farmers from their own home-grown wheat.

### MESQUITE BEANS RECOMMENDED FOR HORSE FEED

A citizen of Abilene who has been feeding mesquite beans to his horses for fifteen years calls attention to the food value of the bean and to the large crop this year. He suggests that people having horses buy the beans for feed and that those having beans gather them and store them away.—Abilene Reporter.

There are many so-called homes that do not deserve the name at all. Home means comfort, but when we have it fixed up so elaborately that we must sit in the garret or the back yard to genuinely enjoy ourselves, then it is the time we made a change and turned out the too-good-to-use articles and substitute for them real homely things that we could enjoy every day of the year and every moment of the day.

The housewife, who at night raises the shades of her prettily furnished parlor, that the world in passing may catch a glimpse of the happy picture within, does a good work for civilization.

The Lynn County News \$1.50 per year.

## Your Car Will Give Good Service

If you will let us look after its needs. Our workmen know their business, and will take a special interest in seeing after the needs of your car if you will bring it to our garage and instruct them to look it over. FIRST CLASS REPAIR WORK. We also have gas and oils.

## Bradley Auto Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Electric Lights are Better

They are much safer than coal oil Lamps, and give a great deal better light, and besides this it takes a great deal of work off the housewife, for they do not have to be cleaned up and trimmed every morning. The cost of electric lights is so small that you cannot afford to do without them.

## Tahoka Light & Power Company

E. L. HOWARD, Proprietor

# OFFICIAL BALLOT

Democratic Primary, July 27, 1918

**Primary Test:** I am a Democrat and pledge myself to support the nominees of this primary.

**FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR:**

MORRIS SHEPPARD, Bowie County.

**FOR GOVERNOR:**

W. P. HOBBY, Jefferson County.  
JAMES E. FERGUSON, Bell County.

**FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:**

JOHN M. HENDERSON, Morris County.  
T. W. DAVIDSON, Harrison County.  
L. H. BAILEY, Harris County.  
JOHN R. MOORE, Anderson County.  
W. A. JOHNSON, Hall County.  
S. B. COWELL, Grayson County.

**FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT:**

NELSON PHILLIPS, Dallas County.

**FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT:**

J. D. HARVEY, Harris County.  
THOMAS B. GREENWOOD, Anderson County.

**FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS:**

F. B. MARTIN, Gregg County.  
O. S. LATTIMORE, Tarrant County.  
C. A. PIPPEN, Dallas County.  
R. H. WARD, Bexar County.  
WILLIAM PIERSON, Hunt County.

**FOR STATE TREASURER:**

J. M. EDWARDS, Runnels County.  
JOHN W. BAKER, Crosby County.

**FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:**

JOHN W. WOODS, Taylor County.  
C. M. CURETON, Bosque County.  
MARSHALL SPOONTS, Tarrant County.

**FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER:**

JOHN L. ANDREWS, Dallas County.  
CLARENCE E. GILMORE, Van Zant County.  
C. H. HURDLESTON, Tarrant County.

**FOR COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS:**

SAM H. GOODLETT, Travis County.  
H. B. TERRELL, McLennan County.  
C. C. MAYFIELD, Erath County.

**FOR COMMISSIONER OF GENERAL LAND OFFICE:**

J. T. ROBISON, Morris County.

**FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE:**

FRED W. DAVIS, Cooke County  
H. A. HALBERT, Coleman County.

**FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:**

W. F. DOUGHTY, Falls County.  
BRANDON TRUSSELL, Wise County.  
ANNIE WEBB BLANTON, Denton County.

**FOR CONGRESS 18th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:**

MARVIN JONES, Potter County.  
J. W. CRUDGINGTON, Potter County.  
J. L. LACKEY, Armstrong County.

**FOR CHIEF JUSTICE COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS 7TH SUPREME JUDICIAL DISTRICT:**

S. P. HUFF, Potter County.

**FOR REPRESENTATIVE 122nd DISTRICT:**

W. H. BLEDSOE, Lubbock County.

**FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY 72nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT:**

GORDON B. MCGUIRE, Dawson County.  
LLOYD A. WICKS, Crosby County.

**FOR COUNTY JUDGE:**

B. P. MADDOX  
C. H. CAIN, (re-election)

**FOR SHERIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR:**

F. E. REDWINE, (re-election)  
S. W. SANFORD

**FOR COUNTY AND DISTRICT CLERK:**

B. H. ROBINSON  
R. S. (Bob) DAVIDSON

**FOR COUNTY TREASURER:**

J. D. LOVELADY  
DON BRADLEY

**FOR TAX ASSESSOR:**

B. F. MONTGOMERY  
JAS. F. MILLMAN  
R. C. WOOD  
J. N. THOMAS, (re-election)

**FOR COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 1:**

O. L. MILLER  
J. I. BARTLEY

**FOR COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 2:**

H. W. CALLOWAY  
J. S. WELLS

**FOR COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 3:**

W. A. TREADWAY  
W. J. CROUCH.

**FOR JUSTICE OF PEACE PRECINCT NO. 1:**

G. W. HARRISON

**FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:**

R. L. KING  
W. R. STANDEFER

**FOR COUNTY CHAIRMAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY:**

he is aligned with the Ferguson bunch, and we may yet change our mind.

For Congressman of the 18th District. Marvin Jones is serving his first term. He was elected by a large majority over his several opponents before, and is ambitious, vows he is in sympathy with the government on all war measures, and is a pro, member of the Methodist church and, notwithstanding insinuations to the contrary is standing by the president. We know little about Mr. Lackey. His platform is in this issue of the paper and you should look it up and see what he has to say. It reads alright. We are rather of the opinion we will vote for Jones.

W. H. Bledsoe has no opponent, and we are glad he has not. He has been faithful to his duties since elected to the office of Representative from this district, and took a prominent part in the impeachment of Ferguson, and will continue active on the job to keep him out. We will vote for Bledsoe full length.

Huff has no opponent for Chief Justice of Civil Appeals, 7th Supreme District. He is a good man so far as we know, for the place.

For State Senator, 29th Senatorial District, R. L. Templeton, of Wellington and W. S. Bell, of Foard County is in the race. Bell is a banker and good citizen. He at first believed that Ferguson could be legally seated as Governor if nominated, but has since declared against Ferguson. Templeton has been true blue against Ferguson all the while and is a pro all the time, a lawyer, three times elected to the House of Representatives. We are supporting Mr. Templeton.

This brings us down to home people, the District Attorney's office being the next in the line up. Here we leave it with you. They are close to you, and you can find out about them as well as we can. We know who we are going to vote for, and will vote our choice in the primary, but you should investigate both and put the man in this office that will perform his duties without fear or partialities.

The home bunch will give you all the information about themselves and why they should be elected. We urge that you vote for a bigger and better Texas. For loyal supporters of the government if possible, and for a cleaner state politically.

We specially urge that the ladies vote.

Go to the polls in the precinct in which you live. The judge of election will hand you a ballot. You retire to a place prepared for voting, marking your ticket by yourself. Scratch out all the names for each office except the one you wish to vote for, using a black pencil. You vote for all state and county officers no matter in what precinct you are voting, but for precinct officers you will scratch out all precinct officers except those in the precinct in which you vote. For Justice of the Peace, all those who vote within the Lubbock Independent School District vote for this office. This is also true as to Constable of Precinct No. two.

When you have voted fold your ticket and hand it back to the election judge or clerk, who will deposit it in the ballot box, and your name and number will be recorded—Lubbock Avalanche.

**PROTECT YOUR STOCK GROUND YOUR FENCES**

Farmers should protect their stock from lightning, points out H. H. Fenton of the Division of Extension, Kansas State Agricultural college. This is the time of year when severe electrical storms may be expected.

"Wire fences should be grounded every few rods," said Mr. Fenton. "If the fence is mounted on iron posts there is practically no danger. Wood is a nonconductor of electricity while all metals make fair conducting paths. The charge of electricity in the cloud produces an opposite charge beneath it on the buildings, fences, trees, and ground. Should a fence with wooden posts be in the path of

discharge no suitable path to the ground is afforded.

"Stock drift, just before a storm to the boundary of the space in which they are enclosed. If this boundary is a wire fence on wooden posts there is great danger, as the body of the animals presents a better path for electricity than does even the wet green timber. The stock will furnish the missing connection even though eight or ten feet away—and this means loss of animals.

"Grounding can be done by driving a small iron rod three feet into the ground and attaching a wire securely to it, and all the wires of the fence directly above it, leaving an end six or seven inches long sticking up above the post to act as an individual lightning rod. The ground rod should be bright and clean, preferably galvanized, and one-fourth inch in diameter. The connecting wires must be clean and all wires of the fence where the joints are to be should be tight to insure perfect contact. This affords a short path to the ground for any charge which may be on the wires of the fence,"—Western Farm Life.

**SCRIPTURES ARE FULL OF TELEPHONE TEXTS**

While the telephone was not known or dreamed of in the biblical times, the following texts relating to it seem almost to contain a prophecy of its later appearance and development.

The Company—Their line has gone out unto all the earth and their words to the end of the world. Ps. xix, 4.

Trunk Lines—Thy land shall be divided by lines. Amos. vii, 17.

The Service—They are employed in that work day and night. I Chron, ix, 33.

Monopoly—We have no right against this great company. II Cron. xx, 12.

Now shall this company lick up all that are about us? Num. xxii, 4.

Threatened Competition—See, there are people down by the middle of the land, another company come along. Judges, ix, 37.

Charge the people. Exodus, xix, 21. A daily rate for every day. II Kings, xxv, 30.

And kept back part of the price. Acts, v, 2.

Information—Is there any number? Job, xxv, 3.

He telleth the number. Ps. cixviii, 4. The number is 666. Rev. viii, 18. I understood the number. Dan., ix, 2.

The Call—When I call answer speedily. Cant. v, 6.

Then they waited, according to their order. I Chron, vi, 32.

Call now, if there be any that will

answer thee. Job, v, 1.

Where is the receiver? Job, v, 18. Let every man be slow and slow to speak. James, i, 19.

**NEWSY ITEMS FROM TERRY COUNTY**

Judge J. T. Gainer came in this week from home at Bronte, Texas, to Plains. The Judge seems to have fully recovered his health.

We learn that Mrs. W. was taken to Lubbock for treatment. Rev. B. W. Hicks of the pastor of the Methodist at Lubbock, came down Monday, and will fill the pined time of this church. Bowen, who is to do Y. M. at Dallas. Rev. Hicks a worker, as he asked members on arrival if they meeting, when they answered negative, he informed they could begin telling the would be prayer-meeting night. We welcome them.

W. A. Newman, of Dickson unloaded 1200 head of last week, and will pasture the Sawyer ranch. White ed a little thin, as grass down there, they were a stuff.

Jim Humphries brought cotton bloom Saturday, have seen this year. The looking well and making growth.

Mr. A. Miller, representing las Show Case Co., came in and is installing the fixtures Brownfield State Bank. tures and the building occupy in a few days with and bank in West

The concrete foundation West Texas Gin is now way, five separate buildings modious having already out, and conveniently the foreman informed us not done yet. We remarked had seen good gins in the thought this ahead of the manager then said you may good gins in the east, but never seen one to equal could have built a good 000.00, but we would rebuild or have competition years, but we are spending money on this one, that we care of this trade for to come. This gin is estimating 60 bales per day shines.

**Go to the Polls Saturday and Vote for Loyal, Clean Men for Every Office**

In another part of this issue of the Avalanche our readers will find a copy of the Official ballot as it will be given you on the day of the primary. Read the test, and if you are not going to stand hitched, better not vote at all. We promised many of our readers that we would give a brief review of the ticket this week, not desiring to dictate who you should vote for, but merely to give you a line on the fellows running, and leave it up to you to select your man.

Morris Sheppard is the only one in the race for United States Senator, and he is a good one, true to all moral issues and to the interests of his constituency.

Two candidates appear for Governor—Hobby, the present governor, is an anti-prohibitionist, but is willing for the people to have a say in these matters where possible and is in harmony with the government in every way. He is making a good governor and we believe is a safe man, and Ferguson—the impeached governor, the governor who would not allow the prohibitionists any rights of legislation, and is making the race absolutely in contempt of the state authorities, and in our opinion, and we have the backing of some of the most brilliant legal talent of the United States, he cannot be seated if nominated.

For Lieutenant Governor: John H. Henderson, of Morris county we have every reason to believe is a good man, competent and worthy, is a pro and is for Hobby. Davidson, we know little about, except that men who recommend him are reliable, good men and we judge from that he is a clean man, but we doubt if he will be able to develop much strength. Bailey from Harris county, is an anti, but voted against Ferguson in the Legislature. Moore, of Anderson county is what might be termed a running mate of Ferguson. He has traveled over parts of the state with Ferguson, and pros and Hobby men had best not support him. Johnson, of Hall county is responsible for the impeachment proceedings against Ferguson, to a very large extent, and was subjected to very severe criti-

cism by many people before the LIGHT was turned on. He is a true pro, a man with convictions and the backbone to stand by them. He is our choice for lieutenant governor, and hope he is yours. S. B. Cowell, we learn is a very excellent gentleman. He is a pro, a business man, and we know of no reason that a person cannot honorably vote for him.

Nelson Phillips is the only one on the ticket for Chief Justice of Supreme Court. He is a candidate to succeed himself, and has made good.

For Associate Justice of Supreme Court, J. D. Harvey, of Harris county and Thomas B. Greenwood of Anderson county, are making the race. Greenwood is our choice in this race. He is now Associate Justice under appointment of Hobby. He is competent, has a good recommendation from the ministers and other reputable men. His opponent, Mr. Harvey, no doubt has the endorsement of the Ferguson crowd, as he recently wrote an opinion contending that Ferguson could legally hold the office if elected Governor. We could not support him under these conditions.

There are five aspirants to the office of Associate Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals. Pierson, we believe shall receive our vote. He is a life-long pro, is now District Judge of the District in which he resides, and has been honored with hearing a number of the state cases, among which were the celebrated brewery cases. O. S. Latimore is also a life-long pro, and we believe is a good man for the place, and only personal choice of the men leads us to support Mr. Pierson. So far as the other men are concerned, comment would not do them justice, because of lack of information, hence we refrain from any suggestions.

For State Treasurer, we are for Jno. W. Baker. All the voters of this county know him to be a good clean Christian gentleman, worthy of the respect and confidence of the people of this state. He is a staunch prohibitionist, against Ferguson and the whiskey gang. Edwards is a good man, from Runnels county, an anti, but opposed to the election of Ferguson. He is now running for a

fourth term, better pass the pie around. We vote for Baker over here.

For Attorney General, we shall support Cureton of Bosque county. He has had much experience in the duties of Attorney General. Is an able lawyer, a life-long pro, an original woman suffragist and is much opposed to Ferguson's election. Marshall Spoonst we understand is an anti, but has made a strong prosecutor of violation of the law in Tarrant county. Jno. W. Woods was at one time speaker of the House, is a pro, but we hardly think he will develop much strength. He lives in Taylor county.

For Railroad Commissioner. We are not acquainted with the men of this race, except that Hurdleston was appointed to the office by Ferguson. We know nothing of Andrews. Clarence Gilmore has been state senator for quite awhile, is a newspaper man, lawyer and prohibitionist, and anti Ferguson, and a woman suffragist, guess we will vote for him.

For Comptroller there are three in the race. H. B. Terrill the present incumbent. He is an anti, and in his several newspapers over the state is strong editorially in favor of anti-prohibition. He has been senator for quite awhile, has made good in the office so far as we know. Goodlett has been a clerk in that office and is familiar with the duties. He is recommended highly by prominent people for the office. We do not know anything about Mr. Mayfield. We think we shall vote for Goodlett.

John T. Robinson has no opponent for Land Commissioner.

For Commissioner of Agriculture, we are of the opinion that Halbert is the proper man for the place, Davis has probably filled the office satisfactorily to many people. He is an anti, however, while Halbert is a pro, and a practical farmer. He will get our vote.

Doughty has made a good superintendent of Public Instruction so the educators say, but we believe has been mixed up a little too much with the University-Ferguson-A. & M. College mess. We believe, however, he is the best for the place. Trussell is practically unknown out of Wise county, and we do not think will develop enough strength to count much in the race. Miss Blanton, a sister of Congressman Blanton is a live wire, but we doubt if she is the one for the office. Guess we'll vote for Doughty, but really we believe

You can always find us in the County Clerk's office. West Texas Abstract Co.

**FRESH MEATS are CHEAP**



than the cured meats your family will enjoy meal better, even Hooverized plan, will buy your Meat shop.

**Sanitary Meat Market**

Billy Brandon Prop. Back of Thomas Bros. Tahoka.

**We Have a Complete Stock**

of Lumber, Wire Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Builders' Materials, Windmills and Well Supplies.

**Higginbotham-Harris & Tahoka, Texas**

**YOU WILL LIKE OUR GROCERIES.**



**YOU WILL LIKE OUR GROCERIES BECAUSE THEY ARE THE GOOD KIND. BECAUSE WE KEEP THEM FRESH AND THEREFORE PURE.**

**IT IS A CRIME TO PUT IMPURE FOOD INTO YOUR STOMACH AND THE CHILDREN'S. THEIR VERY HEALTH AND HAPPINESS DEPENDS MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE UPON THE FOODS THEY EAT. THEN SERVE OUR GOOD FOODS ON YOUR TABLE. THEY WON'T COST YOU ANY MORE THAN POOR STUFF YOU BUY AT MANY PLACES.**

**Knight & Brashear**  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

**Some Valuable Information Regarding Food Administration**

The 5,000,000 people of Texas affected by the Food Control Act since the inauguration of the Voluntary Wheat, Meat and Sugar ration have shown an eagerness to learn in detail the origin of the Food Control Act and its application with respect to the distributor and to the consumer. For this purpose the Federal Food Administrator for Texas has prepared a set of food questions and answers, which will explain in a simple and direct manner, principles which underline the food control act and its nation-wide application. This set of question and answers will appear from day to day in the newspapers of Texas beginning June tenth.

1. What is the United States Food Administration?
2. How was it created?
3. When was it created?
4. What work was begun before this date?

On May 17, 1917, the president requested Mr. Herbert Hoover to take over the proposed task of food administration, and on June 12, 1917, he urged Mr. Hoover to begin assembling the voluntary forces of the country to save food.

5. What is the purpose of the Food Administration?
6. What does the Food Administration ask of the American people?

To save wheat, to save meat, to save sugar, to save fats, to save transportation, to eliminate waste, to substitute other foods for those we are asked to save, to eat only as much as we need.

7. How can these things be accomplished?
8. Is the entire work of the Food Administration done from the central office in Washington?

No; the work is decentralized. Every state has its own Federal Food Administrator recommended by Mr. Hoover and appointed by the president.

9. What is the meaning of the term "Decentralized?"
10. Why cannot all administrative work be done in Washington?
11. How is the work in each state decentralized?

Through the appointment of its Federal Food Administrator of a county chairman or administrator for each county.

12. What assistants has the Federal Food Administrator in his work?
13. Do the Federal Food Administrators of the various states keep in touch with the United States Food Administrators in Washington?

Yes. By frequent conference and constant interchange of information relating to national policies and local conditions.

14. How?
15. What salaries are received by the United States Food Administrator and the Federal Food Administrators of the different states?

They receive no salaries; they give their service to the government.

16. Why does the Food Administration seem to change its policy in many of its rulings?

Because, although the purpose remains the same, new factors constantly arise in our present disturbed condition, with method and policy to that purpose.

17. Why is beef one of the meats we are asked to save for the Allies?
18. Is there a shortage of beef in Europe?

Yes; there has been a large decrease of cattle in Europe since the war began.

19. Why is it difficult to raise cattle there?
20. Why is cattle shortage particularly serious?

Because of lack of men to tend cattle, insufficient fodder, and no means of growing enough fodder because much land has to be plowed up for grain or other human food. Because it means not only less meat but also less milk.

**REGULATIONS ON EGGS SENT LOCAL JOBBERS**

Rules and regulations compiled recently by food experts at Washington and amended somewhat to meet local conditions have been sent to all local jobbers and shippers of eggs by the Department of Public Health, under the direction of Dr. W. W. Battle, head of the city pure food and milk division. Dr. Battle accompanied each set of rules with a letter explanatory of the situation in this section, which has become very alarming of late.

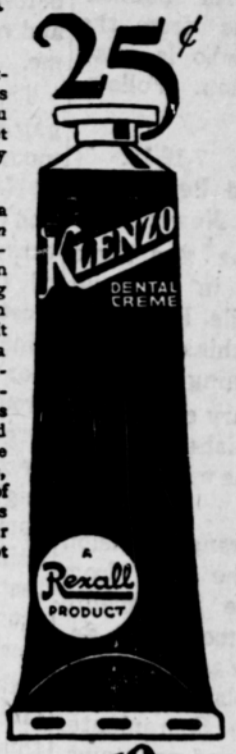
A code of the regulations governing the handling of eggs offered for sale in the shell follows:

1. Must candle carefully every lot of eggs that he buys.
2. Shall discard all eggs known as "yolk stuck to the shell," "heavy blood rings," "partially hatched," "moldy eggs," "black spots," "black rots" and any other eggs of an unwholesome nature.
3. Shall pay only for good, edible eggs.
4. Shall return to the producer, if possible, the "rejects" for the producer's own examination.
5. Shall keep the good eggs in a cool, dry place until sold or shipped.
6. When shipped, eggs shall be forwarded by train, auto service, or otherwise, as soon as possible, weather conditions be considered.
7. Eggs known as "large hatch spots," "heavily shrunken eggs," "settled yolks" and "leaking eggs" are fit for consumption, but will not stand transportation. They should be used by the home community.
8. All "check" and "crack" shell eggs should be shipped in cases, stenciled that they contain "check shell" eggs. All subsequent receivers of eggs should use care and intelligence in the handling of these eggs, and when the date of the egg-candling certificate shows that seventy-two hours have elapsed since the eggs were candled they should be recandled during the warm summer months.
9. When the weather is cool or the time elapsing within ninety hours, they may be forwarded without recandling, always keeping in mind that it is a waste of eggs, fillers, flats and valuable transportation space to ship "rejects" or other eggs of doubtful character.

**Makes Your Breakfast Taste Better**

**YOUR** breakfast tastes better after you use Klenzo. Get a tube to try today.

There is a new sensation awaiting you—the Cool, Clean Klenzo Feeling on your teeth and tongue. It isn't merely a taste. It's a testimony of cleanliness—cleanness that is imparted to the tiny, little taste nerves, freeing them of stale secretions that make your mouth feel hot and sticky.



**KLENZO**  
DENTAL CREME

**THOMAS BROS., DRUG CO.**  
Join the Merchant Marine. Tahoka, Texas

**HOW AMERICAN SOLDIERS ARE PUT AWAY IN FRANCE**

Pairs, June 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Thousands of miles from their maternal hearth, the American dead, heroes of the second battle of the Marne who have succumbed from grievous wounds in Paris hospitals, are mourned daily by French mothers, fathers or sisters who have felt the sorrow of the kindred of these heroes.

Daily, the funerals leave the city hospitals for the little cemetery dedicated to Americans by the city of Suresnes, located on a hill to the west of Paris overlooking the capital. Daily the Republican Guard in their picturesque and historic military attire marches forth to the funeral to bestow France's regard upon these Americans. American Marines act as the guard of honor and though no volley is fired because it is forbidden by the French authorities, the American bugler sounds "taps."

A service is first held in the little chapel in the hospital. Protestant chaplains officiate over the dead of their faith and the Catholic priest over theirs. The hospital organization such as can be spared including nurses, orderlies, clerks, doctors attends the service.

The bodies are borne from the chapel to ponderous army motor trucks. As each body is brought to the conveyance, the Republican Guard and the marines execute "present arms." When all the dead have been placed upon their military bier, the procession to the cemetery starts. At the head are the chaplains in motor cars. Then follow the motor trucks and last the guard of honor.

The coffins are draped with American flags. Each one bears two wreaths one given by the Republic of France and another by the City of Paris. Tricolor ribbons bind the wreaths. In letters of gold, the ribbons are marked "Aux Defenseurs de la Patrie."

The little procession winds its ways

along the boulevards. The French know its significance. Without exception, as it passes, every pedestrian stops, uncovers and bows in homage to the American heroes.

Reaching the summit of the hill of Suresnes, the interment of the bodies begins. A crowd of French mothers and sisters gathers at the graves. They reverently listen to the chaplains pronounce the last words, and heavy of heart, they feel the sorrows of those thousands of miles away.

The American bugler takes his place and slowly sounds "taps." At the final tone, the command is given and the military escorts return to its post in the city. The little crowd of mothers and sisters repair to their homes, with thoughts of the mothers and sisters in America.

The Suresnes cemetery is the gift of the Suresnes municipality to the American army. It is beautifully situated in the midst of a cluster of trees. The walks are arranged in the form of a cross.

The submarine is still a destructive but not a potential agency. England and the United States turned out ships in May with an aggregate tonnage of 519,152 tons. The total destruction in tonnage by subs for that month was 355,694 tons. The pirate is still unhung, but his depredations are being narrowed, and the hour of doom approaches.

Secretary Daniels does not say that von Capelle lied about the destruction wrought by U-boats. He says he prefers to take the figures of Admiral Sims. Mr. Daniels is amiable and polite—and he knows that everybody knows just what the official word of a Hun is worth.

**GEO. ALLEN**  
The House Reliable  
Oldest and Largest PIANO and MUSIC HOUSE in Western Texas. Latest Sheet Music, MUSIC TEACHER'S Supplies, etc. Catalogue and BOOK OF OLD TIME SONGS FREE for the asking. Established 1890. SAN ANTONIO



**A MONUMENT**

built to the memory of a loved one should be a fit token of esteem. If you will come to our yard and make selection we will guarantee a job that will please you in every way.

**Lubbock Marble Works**  
J. K. SHIPMAN, Prop.  
Yard Near Depot Lubbock

**SPECIAL TAX FOR MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FURNISHING FREE TEXT BOOKS.**

House Joint Resolution No. 27, proposing an amendment to Art. 7 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by changing Sec. 3, providing for a thirty-five cent levy for the maintenance of the public schools of Texas, and providing free text books in public schools of the State of Texas, making an appropriation for the same, and providing for the same, is hereby resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended to read as follows: (A TRUE COPY.)

Section 3. One-fourth of the revenue derived from the State occupation taxes and a poll tax of one dollar on every male inhabitant of this State, between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years, shall be set apart annually for the benefit of the public schools; and, in addition thereto, there shall be levied and collected an annual valorem State tax of such an amount to exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred (\$100) dollar valuation, as will available school fund arising from all other sources, will be sufficient to maintain support the public schools of this State a period of not less than six months in each year, and the Board of Education to set aside a certain amount out of the said tax to provide free text books for the use of children attending the public schools of this State; provided, however, that should the deficit may be met by appropriation of the State funds, the Board of Education may also provide for the payment of school districts by general or special law without the local tax required in other cases of special legislation; and school districts, whether created by special or general law, may embrace parts of two or more counties. And the Legislature may authorize an additional valorem tax to be levied and collected in all districts and collection of taxes in all districts, for the management and conduct of the public school or schools of such districts, or such districts as are proposed of territory wholly within a county in parts of two or more counties. And the Legislature may authorize an additional valorem tax to be levied and collected in all school districts heretofore formed, hereafter formed, for the further maintenance of public free schools, and the erection and repair of school buildings; and the Legislature may provide for the collection of the property tax-paying voters of the district, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifty cents on the hundred dollars valuation of the property subject to taxation in such district, the limitation upon the amount of school district tax herein authorized shall not apply to incorporated cities or towns consisting separate and independent school districts.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in August, 1918, at which election all voters first said proposed amendment shall be printed on their ballots the words, "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of a special school tax for the maintenance of the public schools of the State and to provide free text books in the schools of the State of Texas," and those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Against the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of a special school tax for the maintenance of the public schools of the State, and to provide free text books in the public schools of the State of Texas."

**"NEVER-TEL"**  
Better than advertised  
**Darken Your Gray Hair**  
With Never-Tel—the world's cleanest, safest, most natural hair restorative. Not a dye, not sticky, and positively will not stain the most delicate skin. No extra to buy, no muss, no red-dish tints to money. Put up in delicately Perfumed Tablets.  
Dissolve in a little water or use as directed. At all druggists 50c, or sent direct by parcel post.

yeas 108, nays 22; and passed the Senate by a two-thirds vote, yeas 23, nays 4. Approved March 19, 1917. (A TRUE COPY.)

**TAKING OF TESTIMONY IN CRIMINAL CASES**

House Joint Resolution No. 2, to amend Section 10, Article 1, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for certain rights of accused persons in criminal prosecutions, and the manner in which the case may be prosecuted, and providing for the procuring of the testimony of the witnesses for both defense and prosecution.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: That Section 10 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended to read as follows: (A TRUE COPY.)

Section 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation to the qualified voters of this State at the next general election for State and county officers.

Section 4. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds of the State Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expense of publishing, proclamation, and election.

In Napolian's time a battle which engaged a half million men was a big event. The Americans employed 251,000 men in complete control of shipping for the period of the war is given to the President by a bill which has just passed Congress. The authority conferred includes the regulation of ocean rates, power to requisition vessels, determine priorities, control charters, dry docks, loading facilities and warehouses. All agencies which relate to the sea are to be made contributory to the supreme object now in hand; the winning of the war.

Work will speedily begin at the Brooklyn Navy Yard on two 40,000 ton battleships. Each will exceed by almost 10,000 tons the largest battleship now afloat.

Authentic reports from the east show that the Austrians and Turks have joined in a common policy, which looks to the extermination of the Serbians, and the occupancy of their country by planted colonies from the conquering countries.

**TIRES--at Reduced Prices!**

**15% off** Get Your Tires From Me

**HOWELL'S GARAGE**

Successor to Small and Howell

Tahoka, Texas

## A SECOND LETTER FROM REV. DUNN

The News has received another interesting letter for publication in our columns, from the Rev. R. F. Dunn, who is away on his annual vacation. Following is the letter:

Cloudercroft, N. M., 7-19-18.  
To the Editor and Readers of the Lynn County News:

You will, I hope, find some things of interest in a second letter from me while I am enjoying my rest in this delightful climate, and charming scenery.

The extraordinary conditions, which nature furnishes, are so interesting that one will continue to enjoy them.

The wonderful range of vision which opens up the eyes, from the summit of the Sacramento mountains, is almost past description. One may look to the west and see the plains or valley, lying between the Sacramento, and on other range of mountains, beyond, and see in this valley what is called the "White Sands," that spine like the surface of some lake of water, which embraces several hundred thousand acres of sand dunes, that, in the distance of 30 or 40 miles, appear as a level plain, and almost as white as snow. Without moving out of your tracks, you may see the White Mountains, whose principal peak lifts its bald head above timber line, and is so much higher than Cloudercroft, that, in the distance of about 40 miles, one must look up to see it.

I had the rare privilege this morning of seeing a rainbow in the west. It had rained with intermittent showers during the night, and ceased as the sun was rising, from behind the hills east of the town, throwing its rays of light on the clouds and receding showers, in the west, which were over the val-

ley, several thousand feet below me. This gave a back ground for the rainbow which appeared to embrace about two-thirds of the circle. I never saw more than a half circle of a rainbow before, that I can remember; and never one so interesting to me.

There is quite a good deal of game for the hunter in these mountains, but the game laws of New Mexico are very strict, and one can hunt deer and turkey only during the month of October, if I mistake not. Yesterday morning, a large Cinamon bear was killed about 4 or 5 miles from here, and brought to town. It was the largest specimen of wild game I ever saw, and looked as if he might have been a menace to human life as well as domestic animals. His massive jaws and teeth looked as if he might have crushed the bones of an ox or cow.

But while nature, with a lavish hand has done so much for this section, it is a sad fact that many people come to this place for other purposes than to serve God and glorify Him. The dance, seems the most popular attraction, and takes the place of preaching on Sunday night, with the greater number of these people. Bowling alleys and Pool, or Billiard tables, come in for their share of attractions for those who are "lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God." But, be it said to the credit of the one saloon, down in town, that it has the reputation of refusing to sell liquor on Sunday, or to a man when drunk or nearly so.

I have met some splendid people up here whose delightful fellowship I very much appreciate.

If Texas had a direct railway to this place, the number of visitors here might be doubled in one year, but with autos one can reach here in less than two days, from Tahoka, and many other points, in Texas.

R. F. DUNN.

## Y. M. C. A. Needs Men For Foreign Service

There is an increasing need for men to enter the foreign service of the Y. M. C. A. The Y. M. C. A., with the Red Cross, is doing more to assist the Allied armies in the war than almost any other agency. The work of these men is of vast importance in keeping up the Allied armies.

The work is so varied, that almost any man not within the draft, and of good christian character can fit in. There is a demand for accountants, stenographers, canteen workers, mechanics, men to take charge of huts, for religious, physical and educational work, and for many other classes of service.

No man can render a greater service to his country than by going into this work. While no salary is paid, yet sufficient funds are allowed to maintain the worker in the field and his dependants. Here is an opportunity to show true patriotism.

If you feel that you are adapted to this work, write to Geo. W. Briggs, Recruiting Agent, Lubbock, Texas.

LOST—One black horse, 2 years old branded 11 on left side; star in face. Finder will please notify Ben King, Tahoka, Texas.

R. B. Haynes, editor of the Tahoka News, was a pleasant caller at the Slatonite office Monday while waiting in this city for the time of departure of the Lamesa Limited. Mr. Haynes and his wife went to Canyon last week to attend the annual reunion of the Hedge-coke family, his mother's relatives, and he was on his way home. The annual reunion of this family is always a big event with them. Said he had a big time, but as the subject is too tantalizing to us just at this time of year, we didn't require him to tell us how big the fish were in the Pala Dura.

We are glad to note that R. B. has stepped into the editor's chair as high boss around the News office, and we know he will make good on the job. He is a splendid fellow and will give the Tahoka folks good newspaper service.—Slatonite.

## WILL CLOSE

Our store will close at 11:00 o'clock a. m., until 12:00 o'clock, for preaching services at the Baptist Church next week, commencing Monday morning. We beg our friends and customers to bear with us in this matter and to attend every service possible during this meeting.

Your friend,  
H. M. MCCORMACK.

Trade in Tahoka.

F. C. Edwards, of southwest of town called at the News office Tuesday and ordered the paper sent to his address for six months. While here, Mr. Edwards stated that he and Mrs. Edwards very much appreciated the way the good people of Tahoka and surrounding country assisted them in the search for their lost child Sunday night, and take this means of thanking each and every one for the kindness shown them.

J. H. King, a farmer out in the New Home neighborhood, was here Tuesday and came around to the News office and secured a copy containing the Official Ballot, to get wise and be ready to vote intelligently on July 27th.

Jack Blankenship and family, of near Plains, were in Tahoka yesterday visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Slover. They had just received a letter from their son, Lonnie, stating that he had set sail for France.

J. Y. Thomson, of Draw, was here Wednesday. Mr. Thomson stated to the News man that they were blessed with a pretty good shower Tuesday evening, which would benefit growing crops wonderfully.

Elvis Brown, who has been a guest in the home of W. J. Crouch, the past few weeks, returned to his home in San Saba, Texas, Wednesday.

J. W. Edwards, of 12 miles southwest, was in town Tuesday, and while here called at the News office and obtained a copy of the paper to read up on the Official Ballot.

LOST—Fifteen jewell gold watch with black silk fob and pearl shell between T-gate and Brownfield. Finder please leave at News office. 46-1tp

John Moore and wife, of Lubbock, were here a short time Wednesday. Mr. Moore is representative of the Overland Motor Co., in this district.

Pete Brown, manager of the Sales Department of the Bradley Auto Company, becomes a reader of the News with this issue.

J. S. Whisenant, of Plainview, was in Tahoka yesterday, representing the Scott and Blackmer Loan Co., of Plainview.

Mesdames Lee Wofford and M. M. Byars, of Lockney, are the guest of Mrs. Hub Ellis.

Mrs. W. R. Doak, of Snyder, is visiting her son, I. S. Doak, this week.

Miss Nora Crouch and brother Clarence, went to San Saba Wednesday to visit with relatives.

Wylie Boone, left for Roscoe Wednesday, to attend a family reunion.

P. P. Brewer, of the Joe Bailey community, was trading with our merchants Monday.

Elder Penney, of Lubbock, passed through Tahoka Wednesday enroute to Abilene, Texas.

A fresh stock of VELVETINA toilet goods just received.  
THOMAS BROS. DRUG CO.

No Depositor in a State Bank in Texas Ever Lost a Dollar

## Practice Thrift

A simple easy way to practice thrift is to buy War Savings Stamps.

Twenty-five cents will start you. The money will be paid back with 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

We will sell you the stamps and explain the plan of saving.

It is your patriotic duty to practice thrift

## Guaranty State Bank

"The Bank of Service."

North of Court House

## CHURCH DIRECTORY

Under this head we invite all Pastors of Churches in the city to announce their regular services. Special services will be announced elsewhere in the paper. No charge will be made.

### Baptist

Sunday School every Sunday morning 10:00 o'clock. Preaching every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. Ladies Aid Society meets every Tuesday afternoon at 4:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 9:00. Church conference on Wednesday evening before the second Sunday in each month. Everybody is cordially invited to attend these services. Strangers visiting our town are given a most hearty welcome to our services.

L. L. F. PARKER, Pastor.

### Methodist

Sunday School every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Preaching every Sunday at 11:30 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at the usual hour for service. Women's Missionary Society meets every second and fourth Monday's at 3:00 p. m. A cordial welcome to members and visitors to all these services.

R. F. DUNN, Pastor.

### Church of Christ

10:00 a. m., Regular Bible Lesson at the Church of Christ. 11:00 a. m. preaching and Communion Service. There will be preaching every Lord's Day except the second Sunday in each month. All Christians are urgently requested to be present at each of the services in the interest of the Church in Tahoka.

ELDER R. T. HARRIS, Minister.

MY MOTTO is Efficient, Scientific Service. I am a graduate of six Drugless Thiropeutic Schools of this nation. I invite you to my office, and to investigate my reputation and ability. I am not an M. D., neither do I practice medicine. I am a Masseuse and I invite you to health. You should keep this for future reference.—M. T. Council, D. M., D. C., U. D., and M. T. D. Burrus Bldg., Lubbock, Tex. 461tp

This week, the News is printing a ballot gotten out by Home and State, a prohibition journal, published at Dallas, Texas. It has been handed in by several of our friends and supporters of the News, for which they have our thanks. We appreciate any contributions to the paper that will be of interest to our readers.

Get the combination of VELVETINA goods for \$2.00.  
THOMAS BROS. DRUG CO.

J. H. Standefer, of Wilson, was on our streets Monday.

FOR SALE—Gasoline engine, practically new, at a bargain.  
G. E. Lockhart.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith, left for Flippin, Arkansas, Tuesday,

## "ONE PRICE is the thing"

"JUST ONE MOMENT, PLEASE"

We have the best stock of Men's Furnishing Goods in town. Have just received a new shipment of Curlee Pants, Stetson Hats, Peters Diamond Brand Shoes, and White House Shoes for men, the newest styles and lasts

We have the newest shades of Silk Hose for men. The nicest dress shirts for men, the largest stock to select from. We are constantly getting in new Ties, the very latest styles.

Our prices are right, the quality the very best. Our goods have to please you or we refund every cent of your money. Can we make it any fairer?

**The McCormack Store.**

## I CAN LOAN YOU MONEY

on your farm and ranches in Lynn County at as low a rate as any one operating in this County. I have the best Repayment Clause attached to my Loan Contracts that can be found. I give you the privilege of paying this Loan off any time after twelve months, thereby stopping the interest on the part paid.

I would be glad to come down and inspect your farm any time you will let me know, and I assure you that I will give you every dollar that your land will stand.

**J. O. GREEN, "THE PIONEER LOAN MAN"**  
Lubbock, Texas

## JUST ONE Order of Groceries

Bought at our store will convince you that we want your grocery business. We keep the BEST at all times and ask a share of your patronage. Try us through the month of August.

## The FAIR,

Tahoka, - Texas

## STAR DRUG COMPANY

Headquarters  
Pure Drugs  
Drug Sund  
Stationery, Cigars  
Articles, Perfum  
We would appreciate your business. We specialize in our own work, and give attention to this our work at all times.

Notice to Land  
I am in communication with a number of parties in part of the state. Come here later. I am willing to sell land. List it with me. I will price it worth the price it is worth. expect a sale.  
40tf  
We club with leading papers. The Dallas Semi-weekly and the Lynn County year, \$2.00. Subscribe today.

AIN'T IT SOME GOOD  
SOME GOOD  
THIS TOWN  
THEIR OTHER  
AND REGULAR  
THE NEWS  
TWO ER  
AT A ST

Trade i

# A BANK OF MERIT

We believe if you give us your business you will find this bank a bank of efficiency in every particular. We never fail to give you good service, no matter what line of business you are in. This is a safe bank—our vaults are burglar proof. Our officers are thoroughly qualified. LET US PROVE OUR MERITS BY HAVING YOUR ACCOUNT.

# THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

A Bank Whose Resources are for the Benefit of its Customers  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Lynn County News

R. B. HAYNES, Mgr.

Published Every Friday by THE NEWS PRINTING COMPANY

Entered as second class matter at the post office at Tahoka, Texas, under act of March 3d., 1879.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance

### MILITARY SERVICE — HOME SERVICE

The draft, which has won such universal approval and under which we are mobilizing the forces that will deal the death blow to Autocracy, is Fair, Equitable and Democratic in conception and in operation. We are all shareholders in a common enterprise. We are all beneficiaries of a Free Government—we all draw dividends of Liberty—and we must all rally to the defense of our patrimony and our ideals when the call comes. For obvious practical reasons we seek the fittest to fight. We consider their person obligations and family duties with scrupulous care but despite such care, family ties are often broken and many a home is called upon to make a double sacrifice. The man surrenders his personal Liberty to secure a higher measure of Liberty for us—he risks his career and jeopardizes his life. His wife, his mother, his sisters, his little brother or his children give up their staff and support in order that society may not crumble. Society then must recognize its obligation and be prompt to pay its debt.

Thus the work of Civilian Relief and Home Service has come to be one of the most far-reaching and important manifestations of the Spirit of the Red Cross—of the true spirit of Democracy. The value of Red Cross Service in this field both at home and abroad has been incalculable. There are three reasons for Home Service:

**FIRST—DUTY.** Common Humanity impels us who stay behind to stand guard over every soldier's or sailor's home as vigilantly as they stand guard in trench or on battlefield. We have sent them to fight the foes of Liberty for us. We must fight the forces of Hunger, Misery, Loneliness and Disease for them. Common decency demands it. Home Service is a sacred duty.

**SECOND—WISDOM.** A soldier worried is a soldier lost. We are fighting a crafty and a powerful foe. Every ounce of power, every fraction of nervous energy must be brought to bear against our enemy. The soldier who worries about the fate of his loved ones is not an efficient soldier. The Red Cross through Home Service must relieve that worry. Home Service is a military necessity.

**THIRD—SERVICE.** In a Democracy—as all are given equal opportunities for Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness, so much all be given equal opportunities for Service. We, who cannot serve where the battle rages fiercest, who have been left behind for any reason, can yet find a useful part to play. More—we can find a thrilling part. The men and women of America demand the right to participate in the struggle now going on. Until the issue is decided they will not slack. There is no finer type of Patriotism than Home Service. Home Service is a high privilege.

Marriage seems never so much a failure to a man as when something goes wrong at home that he can't possibly blame his wife for.

Hudspeth is reported nominated for Congress from the 16th District over Cobb by a possible 1500 majority.

**"NEVER-TEL"**  
Better than advertised  
**Darken Your Gray Hair**  
With Never-Tel—the world's cleanest, safest, most sanitary hair restorative. Not a dye, not sticky, and positively will not stain the most delicate skin. No extras to buy, no mess, no reddish tints to annoy. Put up in delicately Perfumed Tablets.  
Easily dissolved in a little water as used. At all drug stores 50c, or sent direct in plain wrapper.  
NEVER-TEL LABORATORIES CO.  
Dept. 25 Kansas City, Mo.

### WHY DO NOT FARMERS CARE FOR MACHINERY?

It seems to me that it is not generally realized that on the average ranch machines go to pieces much faster when they are not in use than they do from service. Instead of having good shelter ready for them when a job is finished a common practice is to haul them under a tree or beside a building somewhere. There they are left to be destroyed by the action of wind, rain and sun. Farm machines will stand a great many years of use if properly cared for, but their life is greatly shortened by constant exposure to the weather. The average farmer gets only from one-third to one-half of the service form his implements that he ought to do.

I know of no more fitting example than that of the binder. The average life in this dry climate is from four to five years. Some of them last longer and some even less time than that. The reason that this average is so low is not so much the severe use they receive in the field as it is neglect on the part of the owner in not providing the proper shelter for them when they are idle. In the year 1900 my father bought a binder. He used it for seventeen seasons. He tells me that in all this time the total cost for repairs has not been over \$10. To all appearances it is good for many more harvest seasons. There are two things for which its long life may be accounted—it received careful handling while being used in the field and it was properly sheltered when harvesting was finished.

How often we see binders ready for the junk heap after two or three seasons' use. The blue sky is a mighty poor shelter and our brilliant sun and dashing rain are the worst enemies of iron and wood. The thing which should receive first attention in the care of farm machinery is a good dry shed to protect them from the weather. The life of a machine is increased many times by the proper housing and care when not in use. It is not necessary to have an expensive building. All that is required is one that will keep out the moisture and direct rays of the sun. Above all things it should be dry for dryness prevents rust and decay.

The time to make a machine ready for the next season is not when you have the leisure to do it. It should be attended to the moment it is hauled from the field after you have finished the job. It is not a wise plan to put it off. If you wait for a more convenient time you are quite apt to neglect it altogether. Other work will come on and you will consider yourself too busy to stop. The consequence is that you have lost a good chance to save yourself a lot of labor the very next time you need it. When a machine is needed is very often when time is most valuable. If it has been neglected the previous year and left to stand out of doors considerable time must be spent making repairs and putting it in such condition that it can be used. Often broken parts are found which make it necessary to secure repairs before the machine can go to the field.—Raymond Olney in Field and Farm.

Why it is that farmers will suffer their machinery to go to pieces, and have to replace it two to three years earlier than they would if taken care of is a mystery to many people. But the average farmer will buy an expensive piece of farm machinery, binder, thresher or wheat drill, as well as all other farm implements and let them stand out in all kinds of weather when not in use, and in two years they are rusted and weather beater to the extent that they are almost useless, and will not do good work, while with the expenditure of a few hundred dollars, the life of the machinery in total on the farm, might be extended from three to five years longer—saving to the farmer in that length of time possibly the cost of entire equipment on the farm.

Good schools, good churches and good roads never fail to make a good town.

The radiant face, the noble form, the lady-like courtesy, the helping hand are jewels of rarer worth than diamonds.

**GEO. ALLEN**  
The House Reliable  
Oldest and Largest PIANO and MUSIC HOUSE in Western Texas. Latest Sheet Music, "SIC TEACHER" Supplies, etc. Catalogue and BOOK OF OLD TIME SONGS FREE for the asking. Established 1836 SAN ANGELO

### Y. M. C. A. SLOGAN "YOU MUST COME ACROSS"

"You Must Come Across"—With this slang as a slogan the Y. M. C. A. is seeking its three thousand men in the country at large and one thousand in New York City. The drive is for middle-aged men to go to France to stand by their sons and younger brothers. Any one who wonders about his own fitness should scan this table, issued by the Y. M. C. A. News Service to see if he is classified here:

"About six hundred secretaries, whose duties would be to take charge of the huts or small hotels, stores, canteen service, and to mingle with our American boys, tending to their wants and generally helping to meet their needs and keep up their spirits

"About one hundred men to act as athletic directors, play-leaders, generally taking charge of entertainments.

"About one hundred as clerks and assistants in the routine work at the various headquarters, warehouses, and supply-depots.

"About one hundred men who are able to act as chauffeurs in transportation of supplies."

To those who are willing to volunteer for service overseas in any of the above capacities the following facts will be of interest:

"1. No one should volunteer who is within the draft age, whether or not rejected by the military authorities.

"2. The only necessary qualification is that men should be honest, clean, and wholesome in thought and habit.

"3. The period for which volunteers are sought is preferably one year, but six months' service will be accepted.

"4. After volunteers are accepted, a short period of training is given in this country to equip them for their work.

"5. An allowance is made to each volunteer sufficient to cover all general living expenses while aboard, together with transportation over and back.

"6. Where volunteers are now supporting their families at home a reasonable but limited allowance will be made for the support of such family, if necessary.

"7. Volunteers will be furnished with regular uniform, similar to that worn by the Army, and a cap designating Y. M. C. A. service.

"8. The War Department regulations now permit the wearing of the same service stripes to show the length of foreign service in the Y. M. C. A. and Red Cross as in the regular Army.

"For further information, volunteers should communicate with Mr. Edgar Pouch, Y. M. C. A. Headquarters, 347 Madison Avenue, New York City."

### MILLION ACRES OF STATE LAND WILL BE SOLD

Austin, Texas, July 23.—Approximately 1,000,000 acres of state school land will be placed on the market on September 1 and sold to the highest bidder, according to announcement by James T. Robison, commissioner of the general land office. The bulk of this land is situated in the western and northwestern portions of the state, and while a considerable portion will be sold on condition of actual settlement, there are thousands of acres which will be sold for cash and without this condition.

The price of the land ranges from \$1 to \$20 an acre, according to the class of the land and its location. Land situated in the counties of Brewster, Bandera, Culberson, Crockett, Edwards, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Kerr, Kimble, Menard, Pecos, Presidio, Real, Terrell and Val Verde may be purchased in quantities not to exceed eight sections of 640 acres, by one person, who has not already purchased his quantity, and in whole tracts only, and without conditions of settlement and residence. This land is classified as mineral and grazing and the price \$1 to \$1.50 an acre.

### Land Requiring Settlement

Land situated in the counties of Andrews, Brooks, Crane, Cameron, Duval, Ector, Gaines, Hidalgo, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Kinney, Kleberg, La Salle, Loving, Mavrick, McMullan, Midland, Starr, Sutton, Travis, Terry, Upton, Uvalde, Ward, Webb, Wilbacy, Winkler, Yoakum, Zapata, may be sold in quantities not to exceed two sections of 640 acres each to one person, and in 80 acre tracts or multiples thereof, and on condition of actual settlement of some portion of

the land and continuous residence for three consecutive years. All bids must be submitted to the Land commissioner at Austin.

A fellow in a neighboring town recently gave notice that unless a buggy whip was returned to a certain place, the name of the person who took it would be published in the paper. The following morning he found seventeen buggy whips in the place designated.

The Average housewives finds more use for a tack-hammer and stove-plate lifter than algebra and geometry.

The roots of nine-tenths of the failures is integrity, the departures from honest, the deceits, the trickery, lies in the false standards of the home.

\*\*\*\*\*  
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**DRS. INMON & TURRENTINE**  
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Res. Phone 46 Res. Phone 131  
Physicians and Surgeons  
Office Phone 4  
Office Upstairs Thomas Building  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
**C. H. CAIN**  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Lawyer  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Office in Northeast Corner Court House  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Tahoka, - - - - Texas  
\*\*\*\*\*  
**M. M. HERRING**  
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Abstracting and Farm Loans  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Office over Guaranty Bank  
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Tahoka, - - - - Texas  
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**DR. J. R. SINGLETON**  
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Dentist  
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Permanently Located  
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**B. P. MADDOX**  
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**J. N. JONES**  
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West Side Square  
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Tahoka, - - - - Texas  
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### A FEW NEWS ITEMS FROM THE SLATONITE

W. S. Adams was in Seminole last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. F. W. Denham. He states that the Midland railroad is within four miles of Seminole; that construction work is progressing fast, and that the road will soon be running trains into that place.

G. L. Sledge was selling cabbage to the local merchants this week. The largest heads weighed nearly five pounds, and Mr. Sledge said that he had quite a crop of them. In addition to driving the taxicab and looking after the laundry Mr. Sledge has found time to raise one of the largest and best war gardens in Slaton.

Mr. A. B. Robertson came home from Fort Worth last week from bidding her son, A. B. Jr., at Camp Bowie good bye as his regiment left for a training camp in the eastern part of the United States. All the Slaton boys who went to Bowie last summer are now either in France or on their way.

The protracted meeting at the Methodist church starts Sunday morning, and will continue for two weeks. The Rev. T. C. Willett, pastor, will conduct the meeting himself.

J. W. Twaddle died in the sanitarium at Dallas last Saturday and was buried in Dallas Sunday. Mr. Twaddle had undergone an operation for the removal of gall stones and the prospects were that he would recover, when he took a turn for the worse. John Twaddle was a splendid citizen and he had a host of friends in Slaton. He was fifty years of age, and had been with his

brother, E. N. Twaddle, in the grocery store in Slaton for several years until last winter, when Mr. Twaddle disposed of the business. John had been working in a grocery store in Dallas this summer. He was a member of Slaton Lodge No. 861 I. O. F.

### HOLD YOUR LIBERTY BONDS IF POSSIBLE

To successfully finance the war is necessary that owners of Liberty Bonds hold their bonds if possible. Where for any good reason it is necessary for them to turn their bonds into cash they should seek the aid of their bankers.

Liberty loan bonds are very valuable investments, and crafty individuals are using various means to cure them from owners not satisfied with stock values and like values. One method is to offer to exchange for Liberty Bonds stocks and bonds of doubtful organizations representing a returning a much higher income on the bonds.

There are various other means used and likely to be used, such as the gold brick variety and others crude and probably within the letter of the law. All offers for Liberty Bonds except for money and market value should be scrutinized fully. The bonds are the safe investments and have nontaxable other valuable features.

To hold your Liberty Loan Bonds if possible, is patriotic. Tell your bankers before selling the wise.

### FRESH MEATS are CHEAPER



than the cured meats, your family will enjoy meat better, even on a Hooverized plan, if you will buy your Meat at our shop.

### Sanitary Meat Market

Billy Brandon Prop. Back of Thomas Bros. Tahoka, Texas

### Your Car Will Give Good Service

If you will let us look after its needs. Our workmen attend to their business, and will take a special interest in seeing to the needs of your car if you will bring it to our garage to instruct them to look it over. FIRST CLASS REPAIR WORK. We also have gas and oils.

### Bradley Auto Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

### We Have a Complete Stock

of Lumber, Wire Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Builders' Materials, Windmills and Well Supplies.

### Higginbotham-Harris & Co.

Tahoka, Texas