

Send the Lynn County News to Your Relative or Friend so They Can Read the "Last Shot"

## Lynn County Looks Better Than Ever

G. W. Samford returned from a visit to his old home in San Saba county, Thursday of last week, and reports a very enjoyable trip.

He says he had no idea that old San Saba county was so rough a country as it looked to him while down there on this visit. Country that used to look reasonably level to him, after having spent several years on the Plains, looked as though it was almost on edge; and he says that they are paying forty to fifty dollars an acre for land there, and they have to pay twenty dollars an acre to have it grubbed, and then have no better land than can be bought here, already to plow, at from \$10 to \$20 an acre. Another thing that struck him hard was the fact that there was so little improvement going on in that part of the state. Many of the farms and houses in the small towns were in just the same conditions as when he left; only more weather beaten, houses have not been painted for years, fences all run down, every thing looking in a general delapidated condition. In fact he said, "The only new places I saw were where some man had put in a new farm for his son who had married and he did not want him to move away, so gave him a farm and built a little house for him to live in." "Oh," he said "if they could only come out to Lynn county and see the magnificent acres of level farm land and the fat grass fed stock, and see the nice painted homes, wells wind mills, silos, gardens full of all kinds of vegetables, and the immense crops of feed and cotton, out here, they would never want to go back, except on a visit, like I did, and then they would be so glad to get home again, as I was."

Bring your eggs—Will pay 15 cents—H. M. Larkin. 52-1

Some one said why sow wheat out here on the Plains? It won't do any good here anyway. Several farmers who sowed wheat last fall will tell you a different story from the above. We will take the experience of Pat Northcross for example. Pat sowed 11 acres of old land in wheat the first of last October using 40 pounds to the acre. He turned his work stock, colts, milch cows and calves in on this wheat patch the first of November and kept from ten to twenty head of on it until the 10th day of April. He did not feed any of this stock anything from the time he put them on the wheat until he took them off in the spring, not even his work stock and milch cows. He thrashed 157 bushels of good clean wheat from this 11 acre patch after all the pasturage he had used. Can you excel this crop with any other? If you have or can, tell us about it as we want to tell the public what a bountiful country Lynn County is.

FOR SALE—Full blooded Black Momouth Jack, eight years old, can show two crops of colts; will trade for anything I can use. You can see this jack at my wagon yard.—G. W. Snider, Tahoka, Texas. 52-1f

W. T. Nelson of Carlsbad, New Mexico, was here Monday on his way to Lubbock with 32 head of saddle and work horses.

## To the Mothers and Women of Tahoka and Vicinity

Do you think that Texas should have an institution where a girl who has made a mistake in life may have a chance to correct her mistake?

We want all those who think such an institution should be established, to join hands with the Board of Control and Finance Committee of the "State Girls Training School" and help us raise the necessary funds for its establishment. The State of Texas is to furnish \$25,000 when we raise an additional sum of \$25,000, and we now have about \$10,000 of the necessary amount and are asking the women of Texas to raise the balance, by giving us \$1.00 each. Can't you give this much for this most needed and worthy institution.

The week of November 8th-14th, 1914, has been set aside for the Campaign to be waged to secure these funds and there will be a woman appointed in your community to take charge of this campaign. Her name will be announced later and you can give her dollar or send it direct to the undersigned.

We expect to raise at least \$15,000 in this Campaign which will insure the establishment of the Girls Training School of Texas. The entire amount raised in this special campaign by the women of Texas will be used in the erection of a main or educational building. This building is to be dedicated to the women of Texas, and an inscription to that effect will be placed on the cornerstone.

If you have not a dollar that you can lay aside now, you can surely lay aside at least 10 cents a week so that by November 8th you can have the much needed dollar.

As mothers and women, you should certainly feel very much interested and join us in showing the men of Texas that the women of Texas believe in lending a helping hand to a fallen sister.

Any information you may desire will be gladly furnished.

Sincerely,  
QUENTIN D. CORLEY,  
Chairman, Finance Committee  
State Girls Training School.

Edwards Bros., have moved the old gin building, the old cottonseed house and half of the old school house down by the new gin building and it makes quite a settlement down there, and this week Ben King is moving the old "Utility Shop" building down there for Jim Russell and putting it just across the street north of the gin buildings still increasing the settlement or group of warehouses scattered along from the water tank to the depot on the west side of railroad.

For Sale—My residence in Tahoka. Address J. M. McGill, Abilene, Texas. 51-2

Ross Ketner had the misfortune to get the end of his fore finger on his left hand jerked off Monday evening about eight o'clock while at the cow pen.

They had a calf that was wearing a patent yoke and the point of the yoke caught in the end of Ross' finger and the same time another calf run against him and tore the end of the finger off making a very painful wound.



# The LAST SHOT

By FREDERICK PALMER

A REMARKABLE story of war as waged with modern armaments in which aeroplanes and dirigibles play an important part.

A startling prophecy of the conflict in which the powers of Europe are now engaged

Written by a war correspondent of international reputation who has witnessed practically all of the conflicts of nations during the past twenty years.

**Don't Fail to Read It!**

A story without partisanship but which virtually recounts the terrific struggle now taking place in Europe—probably the greatest in the history of the world. Our new serial.

Watch for the issue with the first installment



This wonderful, right up-to-the-minute, story, "The Last Shot," will begin in the next issue of The News, out September 4th. Remember, we give 2,000 votes with every New Subscription to The News and 1,000 votes for every dollar paid on Renewals; also, we give 100 votes for every \$1.00 paid in for Advertising or Job Work; also, 300 votes for every dollar paid on old accounts. Get your friend to subscribe this week.

WANTED:—Four or five sections of land in body, if you have a bargain in the South Plains country. Address, Kirby & Gray, Rotan, Texas. 50-51

J. S. Clem, of south-east of town called at The News office Thursday afternoon and in response to our query as to "what can we do for you" answered, "nothing, I want to do something for you," and the "something" was a good size rattlesnake water melon which was just as good as it looked and do you know of anything that looks better than a rattlesnake watermelon? I don't.

Let Me Do Your Feed Grinding  
I have purchased the Utility Grinding machinery and am now ready to grind your feed or corn meal. Will grind every Tuesday at the Tahoka Blacksmith Shop. H. C. SMITH, Prop. 50-1f

### PROGRAM, SENIOR EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Sunday, Aug. 30th.  
Subject: The Builders of Methodism:--  
Scripture: Eph. 4:11-16,  
Russell Ramsey.  
Song: Selected (Duet),  
Misses Crie.  
Prayer:  
Song: Selected; 2 Stanzas.  
Jesse Lee.  
Bessie Crie.  
Song: Selected.  
1844 Conference Report,  
O. M. Shook.  
Reading,  
Mildred Shook.

SEED WHEAT FOR SALE—I have 125 bushels of good clean seek for sale at the market place.—Pat Northcross, Tahoka, Tex. 52-1f.

FOR SALE—A cracker-jack good freight out fit. Six good horses, three wagons, harness and all complete. Will sell, trade or take good notes. 45-1f

W. L. Forrester and family of Snyder, left for home on the Friday morning train after having spent some time visiting Mrs. Forrester's relatives out in New Mexico, and also visiting Mr. Forrester's father, L. L. Forrester of the Meadow neighborhood.

We have on hands a heavy stock of McCormick Twine the best on the market, cost you no more than cheap twine.

A. G. McAdams Lumber Company. 48-1f.

Walter Smith, Hansford Tunnel and Henry McDaniel left on an overland trip to New Mexico Sunday afternoon.

## Notice of First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Texas, in Bankruptcy, Abilene, Texas.

In the Matter of  
CHARLES HENRY DOAK

Bankrupt  
NO. 411 IN BANKRUPTCY  
Abilene, Texas, August 22, 1914,  
TO THE CREDITORS OF  
Charles Henry Doak, of O'Donnell, in the County of Lynn and District aforesaid, a bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that on the 22nd day of August A. D. 1914 the said Charles Henry Doak was duly adjudged bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be at my office in the city of Abilene, Taylor County, Texas, on the 5th day of September A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

K. K. LEGETT  
52-1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

Class No. A1 or "The Faithful" class of the Methodist Sunday School, has been meeting Thursday nights for the past two weeks beginning at the home of the secretary of the class, Russell Ramsey, in North Tahoka; next at the home of H. C. Crie, assistant or supply teacher for the class, and last night at the home of one of the few "faithful" ones, of Miss Wyette, in south Tahoka. The attendance has not been anything of which any one could brag, but they have been very beneficial to those who attended, as shows very distinctly the following Sunday, each time it is easy to pick out the ones who attended the class meeting from the interest taken and knowledge shown in the lesson. Every member of the class is cordially invited to attend the class meeting on Thursday night, both for the purpose of bible study and to become better acquainted with one-another.

Bring us your eggs—Will pay 15 cents—H. M. Larkin. 52-1

Taras Doak sends subscribed for the Lynn County News this week and also sent it to his father T. F. Doak, of Big Springs making 4,000 votes for one of the candidates. Which one? Well we rather guess that is some more of his business.

## Perfect Row Binders

A car load of the John Deere Row Binders were unloaded by the Higginbotham, Harris Co. last week. These are the best row binders that are on the market, as they have no side draft to them like the old line of row binders, so if you are in need of any thing in this line come to see us before buying. We will keep one or more set up all the time so you can examine it thoroughly. They are going fast, come in and see us today. 51-1f

HIGGINBOTHAM-HARRIS CO.  
G. W. SMALL, MGR.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee and family who have been visiting friends and relatives for several weeks, left for their home in Midland, Tuesday morning, taking their niece Miss Viola Roberts with for an extended visit.

# LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Published every Friday by  
**H. C. CRIE & COMPANY, TAHOKA, TEXAS**  
 H. C. CRIE EDITOR  
 SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
 One Year \$1.00 Strictly in Advance Six Months 50c  
 ADVERTISING RATES:—Locals 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents each subsequent issue. Display 15 cents per single column inch, 12½ cents each subsequent issue. Discount on time contracts.  
 Letters, Write Ups, Country Communications and News Items Solisite PHONE, OFFICE 3-5, RESIDENCE 1-3  
 Entered as second-class matter, July 10, 1905, at the post office at Tahoka Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

VOL. 10 TAHOKA, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 28 1914 NO 52

## PROFESSIONAL

**C. H. CAIN**  
 Lawyer

Office in old First National Bank Building

Tahoka Texas

**M. M. HERRING**

Lawyer and Abstractor  
 Office over Postoffice

Tahoka Texas

**C. P. GENTRY**  
 Jewellery

All Repair Work Guaranteed  
 Office at Thomas Bros.

Tahoka Texas

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 Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
 O. P. PEEBLER, M. D.  
 General Medicine and Surgery  
 Rooms in 1st Nat'l. Bank Bld'g.  
 LUBBOCK, TEXAS

## Nominations

For County and District Clerk.  
**PAT NORTHCROSS.**

For Tax Assessor.  
**JOHN THOMAS**

For County Treasurer,  
**C. T. BEARD.**

For Sheriff and Tax Collector  
**F. E. REDWINE**

For County Judge  
**J. L. STOKES**  
 (re-election)

For District Attorney, 7nd Judicial District:  
**G. E. LOCKHART**

For County Commissioner Precinct No. 3.  
**H. T. GOUCH**

**TAHOKALODGE I. O. O. F.**  
 No. 653, Meets  
 Every Tuesday night,  
**J. L. STOKES, N. G.**  
**G. R. MILLIKEN, V. G.**  
**H. C. CRIE, Sec. & Treas.**

A NEWS WANT AD WILL GET IT

## Wilson Mercantile Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers In

### GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Including Hardware, Implements, Harness and Leather Goods

Largest Stock on the South Plains

No Matter How Far You Live You Can Save Money Buying From Us. Nothing Misrepresented

**WILSON, on the Santa Fe, Lynn County TEXAS**

## Detachments of European Soldiers Who Will Clash



PHOTO BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION.  
 THE German and Russian soldiers are billed for sanguinary conflicts, and both armies are equipped with the latest implements for use in killing human beings. The brunt of the land fighting will fall on the infantry, of course, and the illustration shows detachments from each side. At the top are German infantry. Those in the lower photo are Russians.



### Drug Store Movies:

#### "THE SPENDTHRIFT"

Some people are just like this when buying medicine. They throw their money away. They run up uselessly expensive bills. Don't you do it. Our low prices will positively save you money. You can prove this very easily.

## Thomas Bros. Drug Company

The *Rexall* Store

Tahoka, Texas

Did you know that there is not a single vacant residence in Tahoka? And yet school has not begun. We need some one to build several nice rent houses of three or four rooms so people could come here and take advantage of our school. How are we to build up a good school if we have no houses for the people to live in? A dozen good rent houses would increase our school considerably and help the merchants daily balances also.

In but little more than thirty days the price of sugar has advanced in Tahoka almost 100 per cent, if reports are true, in some of our neighboring towns it has more than doubled in this length of time, all on account of the war in Europe, which many people said would not affect us at all. The only thing we can see that looks encouraging is that it looks as though the war might soon be over, or if not over, at least the German ships will be swept from the seas and commerce resume its normal conditions. However, even if we have to do without some of the luxuries of life, the people of the United States are so much better off than any those of any other nation on the face of the globe, that we should be truly thankful that we "are not like other people."

As conditions now stand in the European war, it begins to look as though Germany had made a mistake somehow, either in bringing on the war, supposing they did so or in allowing the war to develop just at this time, for it would seem as though they surely could not have expected to fight the entire Eastern Hemisphere, which if

things go on as they have begun will be the case before long. Germany with only Austria as an ally is now at war with; France, Belgium, England, Serbia, Russia and Japan; six nations against two. It has looked as though many citizens in the United States sided against Germany but, if other nations keep jumping upon her the spirit of American fairness will begin to side with the under dog as has always been the case, especially as a large per cent of our citizenship is composed of Germans or German decent.

## All Panhandle Fair

The people of the Panhandle are aware of the great importance of the Panhandle State Fair as a possible factor in the development of our country.

We are on the eve of a new era of immigration into the Southwest. Immigration Agents of our Railroad Systems give out encouraging information that the coming tide of land and home seekers will surpass that of earlier years in number, as well as in determination to

## A Check Book.....

Increases your Standing in Your community.

It broadens your influence, widens the scope of your usefulness, and stamps you with the label of success.

Commence the forward movement today. Open an account with us no matter how small the beginning.

## First National Bank

Of Tahoka, Texas

## Moving Our Entire Stock

From Old Stand To New One Near R. R. By T. T. Co. Tanks. We have many useful articles for every one, and those calling on us before we move will get the stuff at almost their own price.

### SEE US QUICK

If you want double value for your dollar.

Phone us at 86 or 28, if we are not at one we will be at the other  
**THE UTILITY SHOP, J. L. RUSSELL, M.G.R.**

come and stay with us.

The fact that the Panhandle produces abundant feed stuffs with which to fill silos will have much to do with influencing the farmers from the north and east to invest in panhandle lands. An All-Panhandle exhibition of farm products will go more toward convincing the world of our agricultural superiority than all other methods of publicity combined. At the Panhandle State Fair our entire section of the state unites in a showing of the best from all our farms and ranches, yet each country retains its individuality, and is afforded the opportunity to points out its particular advantages over the rest. Thus a keen but wholesome rivalry is awakened which spurs on to greater effort and better results another year. The prospects for

## Blacksmithing

Flows made any size, wagon and buggy wor done. Satisfaction Guaranteed at

## J. Macfarlane's

South of Square

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## CARTER BROTHERS

I will sell you the very best Mo. soft wheat \$3 flour, at \$2.90 per cwt. I will sell you an extra high patent blend \$2.80 flour, at \$2.60 per cwt. And will sell you cheaper in wholesale quantities. Wash bowls and pitchers, cups and saucers, plates and covered bowls at bargain prices. Also kitchen utensils and enamel ware at a bargain. Groceries and Dry Goods, best quality and cheaper and get your silver ware free with them.

A Nice Line Of Ladies Pumps, Call And See them  
 Phone No 16 N. D. Goree, Mgr.

a creditable fair this year are all that the management could desire. Applications for in the various departments are recieved daily, and in most instances the requests are for increased space over that of last year. Indications at this time point to a representation of double the number of counties which had exhibits at the fair last year.

In the live stock division, particularly cattle the showing promises a surprise for all fair visitors. Four great stock shows have heretofore been conducted in the United States, at Chicago, Kansas City, Denver and Fort Worth. The fifth will be that of the Panhandle at Amarillo, and it will assume the proportions of a national stock show this year. The Panhandle produces the finest cattle on earth; then why not show them oo their native heath and let the nation come and see them.

Robbie McReynolds is helping at the depot while the force is short on account of the absence of vacationers.—Slatonite,

## Fine Stock Of The Best LUMBER

We have Ever had

Wire, Posts, Paints, Glass, and Oils,

Star Mills and pipe  
**McAdam Lbr. Co**

Let us sell you coal for your cook stove. We have the **GENUINE NIGERHEAD NUT COAL**

The best coal for cooking purposes on the market today.

Ask those who have tried it.

We have the Rockvale and Rugby Lump coal for general purposes. Can fill any size order.

A so Plenty of Rock and Chrushed Salt. Plenty of Oats and Bran always on hand at the Lowest Market Prices. Will have cottonseed cake on hand soon

**G. W. SNIDER, North of Square, Tahoka**

## RURAL EDUCATION WEEK DISCUSSED

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT TELLS OF GOOD ACCOMPLISHED BY THIS FEATURE OF THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL

## SPECIALISTS LECTURE

Professor Harold W. Foght, of Washington, and Eli M. Rapp, of Pennsylvania, Bring Helpful Messages to Texas Teachers.

By J. E. Blair, Superintendent of Schools, Corsicana, Texas.

There is perhaps no more important movement of any sort today than that whose purpose is to improve the educational, social and material conditions of rural life. This is a Nation-wide movement, but has more than ordinary interest to Texas because of the fact that three-fourths of her population is rural and her predominant interests are agricultural.

### City-ward Movement a Menace.

The rapid city-ward movement of population in this country has become a national menace, and every effort made to check this movement is to be highly commended. No movement with this aim in view can disregard the welfare and improvement of rural education. The lack of adequate school advantages in the country is probably the greatest cause of the movement of population to the cities and towns; and no single factor will do so much to check this trend of population as the betterment of the country schools.

The interest of the University of Texas in the rural schools of Texas, as manifested in Rural Education Week, established and fostered by the University, shows a worthy desire on the part of this great school to render a real service to all the people of Texas. It thus becomes one of the most democratic of all our institutions. In addition to the great work now being done by the Department of Extension, it holds each year in connection with the Summer Session what is known as "Rural Education Week." The third annual session of this aggressive organization concluded its labors with the most satisfactory results.

### World Renowned Educators Participate.

In addition to the efficient work of such distinguished Texas educators as F. M. Bralley, ex-State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Director of the Department of Extension of the University; W. F. Doughty, present State Superintendent of Public Instruction; W. S. Taylor, Associate Professor of Agricultural Education in the University of Texas; and Dr. W. S. Sutton, Professor of Educational Administration in the University of Texas, the University had procured the services of two eminent specialists in this field of activity, to wit: Superintendent Eli M. Rapp, who has been County Superintendent of Education of Berks County, Pa., for the past eighteen years, and who draws a salary equal to that of the Governor of Texas, and Professor Harold Waldstein Foght, Specialist in Rural Education of the U. S. Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C. These distinguished educators have traveled throughout the United States and Europe in the study of the problem of rural education, and they brought to the Texas teachers there assembled much sound philosophy and practical experience, based upon actual observation of the progress of rural education throughout the civilized world. They speak with the authority of men who know from first-hand knowledge the things they discussed, and their addresses abounded in inspiration and practical wisdom.

### Texas Schools Backward.

A study of actual conditions reveals the fact that Texas is far behind the more progressive States of the Union in the efficiency of her rural schools, and in the solution of the problems that really vitalize, enrich, and make attractive life in the open country. Nothing is surer than that if we would check the rapid influx of population from country to town and city, we must find ways to make country life more attractive and more profitable. Some of the means by which this is to be done are better methods of farming, better home environment, better roads and improved means of communications, better schools and schoolhouses, by making the schoolhouses attractive social centers, etc.

It was made perfectly clear that in order to have better rural schools in Texas, better financial support would have to be provided so that better houses and equipment might be had, and



THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN

The State University of Texas is the largest University in the South and the seventeenth largest in the United States. Last session 3501 persons were registered in all branches; there were 2532 young men and women of Texas in attendance. The State University is the head of the public school system of Texas.

better prepared teachers might be secured. Too long have the rural schools been taught by half-baked town and city boys and girls fresh from the town high school, who have no taste for country, no interest in it, no preparation for teaching in terms of rural environment, no knowledge of agricultural and kindred subjects needed in rural life, and who have no purpose of remaining in the country longer than they can earn enough money to enable them to attend a normal school or college, or acquire enough experience to enable them to secure positions in the town schools. The country schools need as teachers men and women who are in love with rural life, who have knowledge of rural conditions and needs, and who have made special study of the problems of the farm and the rural home. Such teachers cannot be had for \$250 a year—less than the price of a good farm hand.

### Non-Political Supervision.

Then experience everywhere indicates conclusively that there can be no efficient system of schools without competent supervision. The country schools must have the advantage of efficient supervision by trained experts who have made special preparation for such work, and who purpose to give their lives to it. This involves taking the office of county superintendent out of politics and making it a really professional position, just as the position of city superintendent now is.

### Should Suit Students to the Needs of Studies.

It was pointed out, too, that the course of study should be responsive to the needs of country life; that instead of studying the table for apothecaries' weight, which nobody but a druggist has use for, or partial payments, stocks and bonds, banking and brokerage, the country boy would better be learning

## STRONG DEMAND FOR TEACHERS

### UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS UNABLE TO FILL VACANCIES IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The Committee on Teachers at the State University received applications during 1911-12 for 559 teachers, and was able to furnish only 224; 1912-13, schools over the State applied for 510 teachers, and the University was able to supply only 235; in 1913-14 there were 656 applications for teachers, and the available supply was but 278.

Note the rapidity with which the demand is increasing and the comparative sluggishness of the supply. This can mean but one thing, viz., that the inducements for entering the teaching profession are not sufficiently attractive. It means further that but a small percent of the teachers of the State have had any training at all in higher institutions of learning.

There is a movement on now among higher institutions of learning in the State to obtain funds for keeping open during the summer months to offer courses of instruction especially designed for teachers.

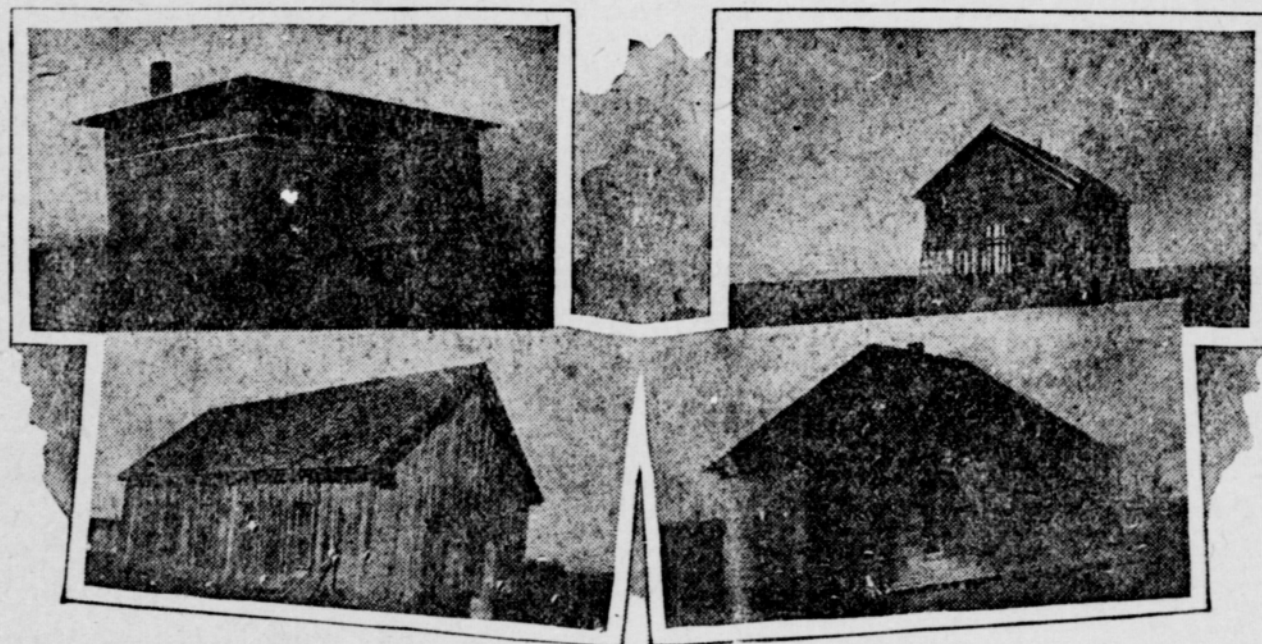
small schools in the rural communities, and that better results would be secured, better houses could be provided, better teachers employed, better classification of pupils effected, and far more enthusiasm and interest aroused among pupils by combining some of these small schools into larger ones. It was shown that it is more economical to consolidate some of these small schools and to transport at public expense the children living at

ents will not have to make a political campaign for election, but instead may, like city superintendents, give their entire time to the advancement of the interests of the schools of their respective counties, and that they may get from under the political law of rotation in office and remain in the position long enough to carry out a definite policy and accomplish results for the upbuilding of their schools.

Rural Education Week is a permanent feature of the University Summer School, and no pains or expense will be spared to make it serve the good of the rural schools of Texas.

## CHILD LABOR EXHIBIT

The Child Welfare Division of the Extension Department of the University of Texas will have an interesting exhibit at the Dallas Fair, comprising ten large charts thirty-two inches by five feet. The charts will be devoted to illustrative photographs and striking statistics. The purpose of the charts will be to show the need of child labor legislation in Texas. While all the photographs will not be of Texas scenes, they will all have bearing upon Texas conditions. Photographs showing child labor conditions in the cotton patch, the cotton mill, and in other industries, are shown graphically. The statistics will deal with the results of child labor legislation in other States, will show the tremendous importance to society of properly conserving its most important product, namely, children; and the whole thing taken together will be a most convincing argument in favor of proper child legislation in Texas. The charts have been prepared and the photographs collected by Dr. A. C. Ellis.



THE RESULT OF CONSOLIDATION

Willow Grove Consolidated School, ten miles north of Temple in Bell county. The new brick building shown in the upper left-hand corner took the place of the three buildings shown. One of the old buildings has been made into a teachers' home.

the nature of different kinds of soils, the selection of proper seed, proper methods of cultivation of various crops, how to judge and to feed cattle to get the best returns, the best methods of marketing crops, home sanitation, the protection of growing crops from insects, and the thousand other things that a country boy and girl need to know.

### Consolidation of Rural Schools.

The problems of standardization and consolidation of rural schools were considered at length, and the conclusion was reached that there are too many

a distance. Results of such consolidation and transportation were shown by stereopticon views of what had actually been done in Harris county, Texas, and other counties over the country.

On the whole, Rural Education Week was pronounced a great success. The attendance would have been larger but for the fact that many county superintendents were engaged in a heated campaign for re-election before the primaries, and could not leave their counties at this time. Friends of educational progress hope the time is near at hand in Texas when county superintend-

For a number of years about two out of every five students of the University of Texas have been wholly or partially self-supporting. During the current session out of 2232 students in the Main University 918 belong to the self-supporting class. Some of these students have earned all of the money they are expending on an education; others are contributing to their support while at the same time carrying forward their studies.

Every part of the public school system goes up or down together.

## MAKE SCHOOLHOUSE A SOCIAL CENTER

GREAT OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE COMMUNITY BETTERMENT LIE IN PROPER ORGANIZATION OF SOCIAL FORCES

## BULLETIN 325 EXPLAINS

Extension Department of State University Plans Model Community Organizations Which Have Been Found Workable and Efficient in Many Places

F. M. Bralley, former State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and now Director of the Department of Extension of the University of Texas, believes that the public schoolhouse of every community in the State should be opened to the people, and that community organization and co-operation for community good should be effected. On this subject, Mr. Bralley says:

"The public schoolhouse belongs to the people of the community, and should be used not only for school purposes, but for social, literary, and industrial plans and purposes in which the people are interested. In some States there are laws requiring the board of school trustees to open the schoolhouse for use by the people when they come together to consider community affairs. There should be a law on the statute books of Texas giving the same right to the people of the community in this state. The public school in the average rural community in Texas is open only six months in the year, and the schoolhouse is used for only seven hours a day and five days a week during this time. For the other six months during the year, the schoolhouse is not, as a rule, used by the community. There is no good reason why the schoolhouse, belonging to all the people as it does, should not be used by the people of the community as a common meeting place at which social or recreational, educational or literary, and agricultural or industrial programs for community betterment may be carried out.

### Schoolhouse Should Be Social Center.

"Education is the foundation of all social and industrial prosperity, and the American public school is the one institution in which American ideals and traditions should be preserved, and through which progress towards a larger and more prosperous life should be achieved. The public school and the public schoolhouse are not exclusively for the benefit of the children of the community. They should serve in a very definite way all the people of the community. The school should embody in its work the best social and spiritual ideals and the best agricultural and industrial practices of American civilization; and the people of every community should use the schoolhouse as a social center. This is the way to bring the school into closer touch with the people, and to make it respond to their larger needs. Isolation and individualism should give way to organization and co-operation if life upon the farm is to be made attractive and satisfying. The country school should be adapted to its environment; it should be a school the teaching and training in which find expression in terms of country life,—the work and the spirit of the farm, the activities and the ideals of the country home, and the social and the spiritual aspirations of the country church.

### Adapt Country School to Needs of the Country.

"The great trouble with the country school is that its teaching is too far removed from the thoughts, the aspirations, and the work of the men and the women on the farm, and naturally enough some good people of the country have come to regard the country school as a necessary evil. The country school should, therefore, be reorganized and re-directed, in order that it may serve helpfully and permanently the people of its community. One way to check the drift of population from the country to the city is to throw the schoolhouse doors of every community in Texas open, to encourage the people of each community to come together often for the purpose of getting acquainted, and to build up a community spirit by effecting community organization and by doing team-work for community betterment. Every community in Texas should open the schoolhouse to the people, and should organize a social center or a University Home and School League as outlined in Bulletin No. 325 issued by the University of Texas.

### Educational Rallies and Exhibits.

"Once a year at the schoolhouse, preferably during the month of February or March, there should be a 'country life and educational' rally and exhibit, when

# THE CONSOLIDATION OF THE COUNTRY SCHOOLS

By E. V. White, Head of Division of Public School Improvement, Department of Extension, The University of Texas.

Many people have a sentimental regard for the little one-teacher schoolhouse at the turn of the road, and would regret to see this institution merged into a larger, even if more efficient, educational plant. However, like many other things loved for the associations connected with them, the one-teacher school is disappearing in many States where the idea of consolidating a number of small inefficient schools into one efficient unit has been demonstrated as practical, economical, and in every way capable of giving greater service to the community. Where such consolidation occurs, of course the problem of transportation of students to the new school-center comes up, but the increase in cost occasioned is insignificant compared with the advantages of supplanting the small, ill-kept, overcrowded one-teacher school with a school large enough to permit proper grading and to secure a first-class teaching force.

## Extent of Consolidation in the United States.

The maintenance of a good consolidated country school is based fundamentally on large units of three essential factors,—pupils, area, wealth. The consolidated school is no longer an experiment. The principle has become an integral part of the rural school system of not less than forty States. More than 1500 consolidations have been effected during the past year, making a total of approximately 9500 partially consolidated and completely consolidated schools. The significant fact that there is not on record one single case of retrogression where consolidation has been given a fair trial presents an argument that its opponents cannot answer.

## Advantages of the Consolidated School.

The advantages of consolidation are too numerous to mention in detail. One bulletin issued recently gives 43 advantages of such schools. It is only necessary to discuss two or three of these.

Good schools are impossible without trained teachers. Of the 8500 country schools in Texas, approximately six thousand are one-teacher schools. These are generally too impoverished to employ teachers whose qualifications are recognized in the larger schools. As a result the country schools have become a kind of pedagogical laboratory for the annual initiation of nearly five thousand inexperienced teachers. Nine thousand country teachers hold second-grade certificates, and less than 1 per cent of all country teachers have had technical training in agriculture. The maintenance of consolidated schools would mean larger taxable areas with the consequent result of funds available for the employment of experienced teachers or teachers whose training in the normal schools would offset in a large measure the inexperience now so commonly found in the one-room country schools.

Another result of the larger schools is the distribution of the work of the several grades so as to allow longer recitation periods. It is folly to expect efficient work of a teacher who has from twenty to forty recitations a day. The consolidation of schools would obviate this difficulty. A school of three teachers could do more teaching and infinitely better teaching than could be done for the same pupils in five, or even six, one-teacher schools.

Again, schools employing several teachers would have the resources with which to provide equipment and employ specially trained teachers, thus making possible the introduction of industrial education. Since 95 per cent of all the pupils in the country schools of Texas do not even reach the high school, vocational training should be an integral part of the curriculum in the lower grades. The large field of information relative to agriculture and home economies cannot find its way to the farms of the country except through the avenue of the consolidated school.

Four hundred and fifty thousand white children now in this State cannot attend high schools without leaving the farm. It is no wonder that only 5 per cent of them ever enter the high school when the incentive for further advancement suffers such miserable limitations. High schools for country children depend entirely on consolidation. Reliable records in other States show that now twice as many pupils furnish the eighth grade as in the same districts before consolidation. It is more economical to maintain high schools that would be available to all the children, through the consolidated plan, than to carry 5 per cent of them away from their homes to boarding schools.

The effect of consolidation upon attendance, tardiness, and discipline shows remarkably encouraging results. The bleak, dismal, lonely atmosphere of the one-teacher school is transformed into one of enthusiasm and inspiration. Statistics show that the average daily attendance after districts have been consolidated is 27 per cent higher than in the same district before consolidation. In addition to these advantages there is no way to estimate the unlimited possibilities for good to the community from a larger social, religious, and economic organization.

## Concrete Examples in Texas Schools.

The high cost and the poor result of maintaining a small one-teacher school is exemplified in the following facts: Comparison of larger schools with sev-

eral smaller ones, working under normal conditions, show that the length of school term is greater for the larger schools than for the smaller schools in the same county, being ten days longer in Milam county, twenty-five days longer in Bell county, and thirty days longer in Van Zandt county. The per cent of average daily attendance to enrollment is higher for the larger schools than for the smaller ones in the same county, being 10.7 per cent higher in Milam county, 6.1 per cent higher in Bell county, and 14.7 per cent higher in Van Zandt county. It is observed that the average daily cost per pupil in attendance is lower for the larger schools, being 3 mills lower in Milam county, 4.1 cents lower in Bell county, and 3.9 cents lower in Van Zandt county. These facts are strong evidence of the general excellence of consolidated schools in three typical counties in Texas. In addition, high school subjects, longer recitation periods, and better teachers were provided in all the larger schools.

## Progress of Consolidation in Texas.

A recent investigation by the Department of Extension of the University of Texas in 123 counties, containing approximately 70 per cent of the country schools of the State, shows within the past four years 148 consolidations, which resulted in the abandonment of 155 schools. More than four-fifths of this work was confined to twenty-three counties, which made 112 consolidations that resulted in the abandonment of 123 schools. It is noteworthy that a large number of the consolidations were made by county boards of education under

# MAKE SCHOOLHOUSE A SOCIAL CENTER

(Continued from Page 1)

the mothers, fathers, and the citizens generally should be encouraged to come out and see specimens of the best work of the school, to hear contests in declamation and debate, to witness contests in play and athletics, and to see and examine such industrial exhibits from the home and the farm as are displayed for the purpose of stimulating community pride, thrift, and enterprise. This same plan could with profit be carried further by holding a county 'better country life and educational rally and exhibit' at the county seat a month later, where all the public schools of the county should be represented, where the progressive homes and farms of the county should be encouraged to display exhibits, and where public-spirited men and women should come together with the public school children and teachers,—all for the purpose of stimulating and building up the social, the educational, and the industrial interests of the county. These community and county meetings would give new life, greater enthusiasm, and larger vision to the movement for good schools, for better country homes, for more effective country churches, and for a country life richer in spirit and social content, deeper in affection for the open country, and more permanent in a prosperous agriculture. Is there a school teacher, a board of school trustees, or a county school superintendent in Texas who doubts for a moment the tremendous amount of good that would be accomplished by community organization and co-operation as herein suggested?

## Suit Education to Life.

The educational advantages, the institutional life, and the social opportunities in the country should serve the country people efficiently and fully. The boys in the country schools should

# DOMESTIC ECONOMY IN COUNTRY SCHOOLS

By Amanda Stoltzfus, Division Public School Improvement, Department of Extension, The University of Texas.

Until within a few years ago all education was primarily planned to meet the needs of boys who intended to enter some profession away from the farm. Co-education meant the same education for girls as for boys. The improvement of the home was neglected, and the institution for which and by which all other institutions exist made less progress and was more poorly organized than any other institution in the world. As a result, we women have done much of our work after the manner of prehistoric women; some of us even now are known to do the work of a gasoline engine. The conditions have led many people to believe that a home is an expensive luxury, or that it is a synonym for drudgery which our girls have eagerly left for a glittering and superficial life in the city life they were not prepared to meet.

## Education of Women for Farm Homes.

Today we are entering a new era. The farm home is coming into its own through the work of the modern school, which teaches that successful farming depends as much upon the training and intelligence of the farm wife as upon the scientific knowledge and business ability of the farmer. We have also found that good housekeeping depends not upon luck nor upon the traditions of our grandmothers, but upon knowing *How and Why*.

There are calls from every section of our land for leaders trained to teach domestic economy and agriculture. Is your community in the van of this great movement? Could you think of a better way to make your school more attrac-

tive, more valuable, more satisfying to its pupils and to the neighborhood than by vitalizing the dry bones of "Reading, Riting and Rithmetic" with the spirit of living today? The best is none too good for our children on the farms. No community can rise above its homes, and every man has a right to a good home.

## Importance of Domestic Economy.

Is it not, therefore, of the greatest importance that our girls be trained for the business of homemaking and house-keeping; that the ways and means of right living may become a part of their very natures? Should they not be taught how to plan, manage and care for a home limited to a certain income? Would it not be well for them to know how to install in their homes the inexpensive comforts and conveniences for the purpose of saving time and strength for self-improvement and recreation? All agree that they should know the different kinds of food; their uses, how to cook and serve them in the most wholesome and attractive way, because the health of their families depends upon this knowledge and upon how they manage the problems of home sanitation. All girls should learn what few mothers know—that they can feed children for health, strength, disposition, character, or they can feed away from health and vigor.

Our girls need to be taught how to spend wisely the hard-earned money of their fathers, mothers, and husbands. They will then not starve their families for extravagant dress, nor squander their income in unnecessary foods and shabby clothes. In short, domestic economy treats of the problems of the useful and efficient living in the home. We cannot afford to rear our girls in ignorance of this science.

As soon as each community in Texas awakens to the fact that women's education for women's business, in spiritual as well as in physical service, is the largest factor in bringing about a happy satisfying life in the open country, so soon shall we see our State take her position in the nation that her great resources and pioneer stock would lead one to expect.

# COMPULSORY EDUCATION

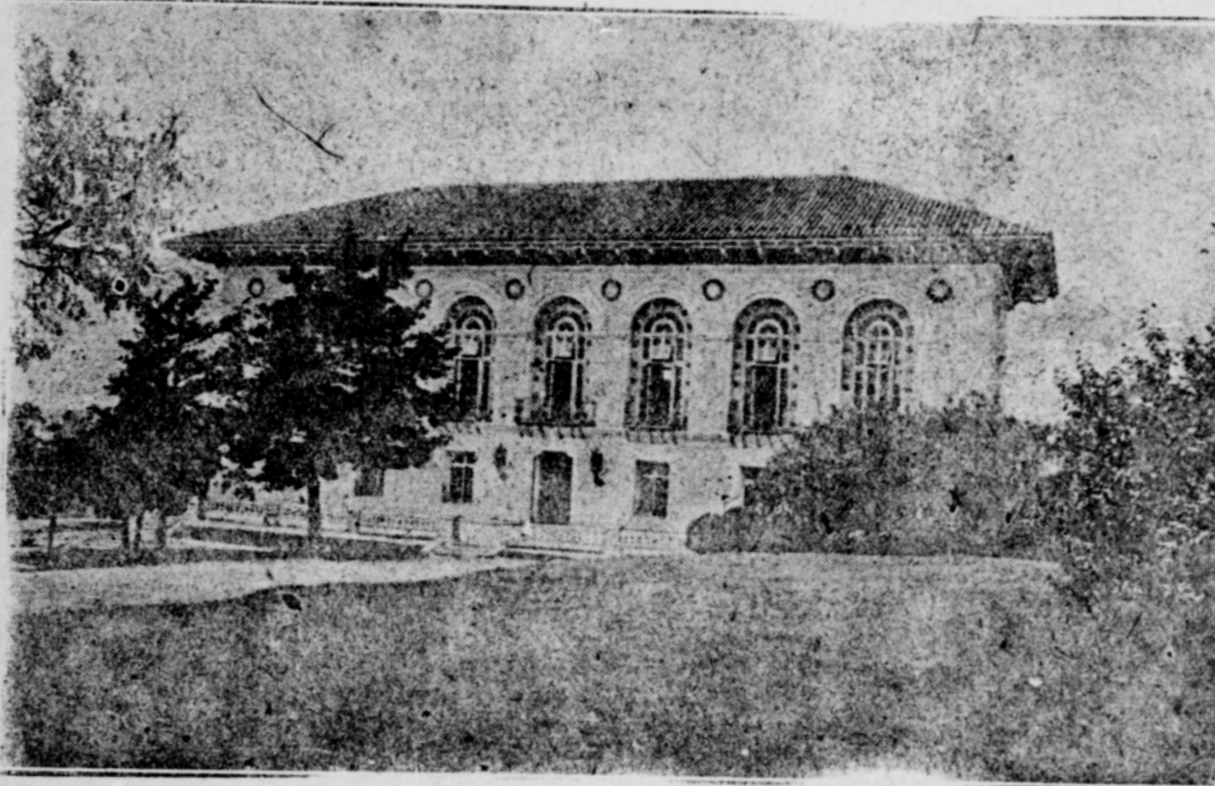
Texas One of Six States in Union Without Compulsory Education Law.

The Democratic Convention held recently at El Paso adopted a platform, one plank of which declares in favor of a proper compulsory education law. This matter becomes, therefore, a problem for the State lawmaking body. An exhibit will be made at the Dallas Fair by Professor E. V. White, Head of the Division of Public School Improvement, Department of Extension, University of Texas, illustrative of the necessity and effect of compulsory education laws. The statistics there presented, for example, will show that every State in the Union except six, Texas being one of the six, has compulsory educational laws of one form or another. Some States have what is known as a local option system of compulsory education, while other States have what might be called a State-wide compulsory education law. Facts will be presented in this exhibit tending to compare these two different systems so that an intelligent choice can be made between them. Other statistics will show that 49 per cent of the children in the rural districts of Texas are absent from school every day. There are eighty thousand children in Texas who do not attend school a single day in the year, and are not even enrolled. The great economic loss to the State occasioned by such neglect of education, and the allowing of such an enormous number of persons to grow up without any school training whatever, is made a feature of the exhibit.

"Shall the government be less diligent and active in another matter (education) which is felt to be more important to the preservation of liberty than any army with banners? Shall she direct the control of the army and navy, and yet assume no control nor management nor supervision of that still stronger army of national defense—the diffusion of knowledge? The education of the rising generation, being essential, as we all acknowledge, to the perpetuity of our free institutions, it shall constitute one of the primary objects of government."—From President Mirabeau Lamar's message to the Congress of the Republic of Texas, November 12, 1839.

made for the support and development of the University, for the A. and M. College, the State Normal Schools and the College of Industrial Arts, and that such steps as may be necessary be taken by constitutional amendment, or otherwise, to provide for the erection of needed and permanent fire-proof buildings for these institutions.

We also demand that the Legislature make appropriations for the support of the summer sessions of these institutions, that the teachers of the State may have an opportunity to increase their professional attainments without undue expense.



THE LIBRARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

the provision of the Rural High School Law.

The possibilities for further work are indicated by the fact that the 123 counties report 337 districts with an area of less than 9 square miles each. One county has 115 districts which average less than 7 square miles apiece. The utter impossibility of efficient high schools is shown by the information that all these counties together report only 137 instances of a country school that employs as many as four teachers.

A necessary complement of consolidation is the transportation of pupils at public expense. It is true transportation increases the expense of the school, but the money saved in a lower cost of instruction in the larger schools will partially cover this additional outlay. If the consolidated school and the transportation of pupils furnish the only means of educating the children adequately, the economy that omits or neglects them is calamitous.

## Needed Legislation for Consolidated Schools.

People will agree to the wisdom of consolidation as an abstract proposition; but they are slow to act in putting it to the actual test, and show a sentimental regret at parting company with the little schoolhouse near them. Consolidation is really a matter of State-wide concern, and Texas should follow Minnesota, Missouri, Iowa, New Jersey, and other States by giving State aid to such schools. The enactment of such a law would unquestionably accomplish tangible results without delay.

## Future of the Consolidated School.

The tendency of the times in the country generally, and in Texas as well, is unmistakably toward consolidation. Already has been sounded the death-knell of the small one-teacher and two-teacher schools, except where geographical conditions will not permit consolidation. The small schools have served nobly in the vanguard of our civilization. Now they must go. They no longer serve the needs of the day. It is folly to perpetuate an institution ancient, out-worn, outgrown, sadly deficient, when we have a modern one of proved efficiency.

be taught elementary agriculture as expressed in the various activities of the farm; and the girls should be taught domestic economy in its practical relation to organizing, furnishing, managing, and maintaining the country home. There are culture, discipline, and dignity in the scientific mastery of one's environment, and there is joy in doing the work of life if one understands its relation to the great scheme of human existence and human happiness.

"The school and its library should be made a center from which information and help may be obtained for conserving and protecting the health of the people, for enriching and elevating the social opportunities of the farm, for correlating the work of the country church, the farm, and the country home with that of the school; and this can be done efficiently enough only through community organization and co-operation. The farmers and their wives should be made to see and to know the value of the school in forms of service which they can understand and appreciate. When this is accomplished, the boys and girls of energy and ambition will cease leaving the farms for the city; they will become attached to the soil, and will be stirred by an ambition to live permanently upon the farms and to exercise wise and helpful leadership in making country life what it should be.

## Bulletin Sets Forth Model Plan.

"The Department of Extension of the University has for free distribution Bulletin No. 325 that outlines a plan of community organization and co-operation which, if adopted by any community in Texas, would result in a better public school for that community, and in an enriched, more enjoyable community life. The bulletin tells exactly how to organize the community, what to do after organization has been effected, and gives a wealth of material in the way of suggestive programs on 'good roads,' 'banks and the farmer,' 'marketing perishable farm products,' 'rural credit,' 'Thanksgiving Day,' 'Arbor Day,' 'improving rural schools,' 'social occasions,' etc. Anyone interested in better community life should write to the Department of Extension, University of Texas, Austin, Texas, for a copy of Bulletin No. 325."

## AMPLE SUPPORT FOR ALL SCHOOLS

This is Demand of Educational Plank in Democratic Platform.

Section 11 of the Democratic platform, recently adopted, follows:

A general diffusion of knowledge being essential to the preservation of the liberties and rights of the people, we demand that our educational system shall not suffer from faulty organization and insufficient financial support. We recommend that liberal appropriations for educational purposes be made by the Legislature, until the educational institutions of Texas rank with those of any other States in the Union.

To the end that the boys and girls in the country may have advantages equal to those enjoyed by the children in the cities and towns, we demand the immediate improvement of the country schools, including efficient professional, non-political supervision and the establishment of properly equipped rural high schools giving agriculture and other courses of study adapted to the needs of farming communities.

We demand further:

(a) The increase of the constitutional limitation thereby enabling districts to levy a tax sufficient to provide for necessary buildings and the maintenance of schools for nine months in each year.

(b) The submission of an amendment to the Constitution which will provide that any county may levy, by a majority vote of the taxpayers a county tax for the better maintenance of county schools.

(c) The passage of an act authorizing trustees of a district whose taxpayers so vote to furnish to the children of the schools free text-books.

(d) The passage of a law, carefully planned and limited to suit the conditions in this State, requiring attendance upon the public or other schools.

We are gratified at the rapidly growing demand for higher education, and pledge the party to furnish to the young men and women of Texas facilities and opportunities in better conditions than those offered by any other State.

To that end, we demand that permanent and dependable provisions be



**Shoe and Glove Specials**  
Our bargain counter has big values

Every thing to eat and wear is to be found at  
**McDaniels, The One Price Store**

**Light Summer Dresses**  
Full shelves of the very best goods

**New Boarders.**

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Wells of West Tahoka, Saturday August 22nd, a pretty 10 pound daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Brewer, on the Nevels place, 12 miles west of Tahoka, Sunday night, a daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. D. Levit of 16 miles north-west of Tahoka, in the New Home settlement, Monday a daughter.

B. L. Shook of Plainview, came down Tuesday for a short visit with relatives, returning home Thursday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Desha of Brownfield, visited with Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Lockhart, Monday night on their way home from a visit to Portsmouth, Ark.

Charlie Shook left on the Monday morning train for Des Moines, Iowa, where he will attend a mechanical school for the coming term.

Mrs. M. M. Herring entertained the young folks Tuesday night in honor of Miss Othel Luellen, who will attend school in Fort Worth.

Bro. Callaway tells us that Sister Callaway is so much improved that she goes to and from

West, where her daughter lives, to Waco to consult with her physician, who holds out bright hopes that he will be able to effect a permanent cure.

This European war is liable to convert many Texas editors to the advocacy of peace, if not to the grape juice idea. The News editor recieved a postal card in the Thursday evening mail noting the rapid advance in the price of print paper. All quotations have been withdrawn and we will have to pay the market prices from now on and it is advancing every day. Let's get the Texas legislature to pass a bill prohibiting all wars.

**PRICES**

For Knife

**-Go-Devils-**

Made To Order From

**\$ 5 to \$ 10**

Better Order Now Before The Rush Season

**H. C. Smith**

Blacksmith.

**Take Dodson's and Stav on Your Feet.**

Taking calomel means staying home for the day—take Dodson's Liver Tone and save a day's work. If an attack of constipation or biliousness hits you, there's no need to take a dose of calomel and spend at least a day getting over ind effects of it. Thomas Bros. Drug Co. sells Dodson's Liver Tone, which they guarantee to take the place of calomel and starts a lazy liver without bad after-effects.

Dodson's Liver Tone does all the good that calomel can do, yet it is absolutely harmless to young people and old. It is a pleasant tasting vegetable liquid that will relieve constipation or sour stomach or other troubles that go along with a lazy liver, without restriction of habit or diet. You don't leave off any of the things you regularly do when you take Liver Tone.

A large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone sells for 50 cents. Get the genuine and if you are not pleased with it the druggist from whom you bought it will give you your money back with a smile. 52-11

Joe Baldrige, formerly of Tahoka, now of Lubbock, called at the News office Saturday evening to complain about not receiving his News regularly. While here Joe told us about the soudan grass that he has seen growing on his brother-in-law's farm, that he has fed to his horse, and seen tried all summer, and he is very enthusiastic about it and says "it is the coming feed for the Plains country" as he says it will stand dronth, hot weather, wet weather, cold weather, or any other weather; makes lots of feed and the stock like it and thrive on it. His brother-in-law, L. C. Buford, has in fifty acres that is nearly as high as a man's head on horse back. Joe is going to take up his row binders and a team and cut for the public at \$1.00 an acre, which he says does very well as he can cut six or eight acres a day.

Bert Shepherd and W. D. Winn went to Tahoka Monday after coal.

G. E. Lockhart and family of Tahoka attended Mrs. Keys funeral here last Friday and the children Leona and Jessie Key visited relatives here until Monday morning.

Roy Scunday informed us that the crowd at Lovington last week was not only a very large one, but a rough one. He says they moved Knowler over, which consisted of a six wagon load of beer and whiskey, and that after drinking their fill of it, the men did cussing and fighting stunts before ladies and all.—Terry County Herald.

**AFTER SUNDAY SERVICE**

Division Superintendent T. H. Sears went down to Lamesa in his private car Tuesday night and as he stopped in Tahoka Wednesday morning while the crew were switching, quite a number of the Tahoka business men went down to meet him and ask that he do all in his power to have a Sunday service established on this line; and he promised to talk the matter over with the general manager as soon as possible.

**EX-TAHOKAITE DEAD.**

H. C. Whitfeild, a former citizen of Seminole, died at Tallahassee, Fla., on August 12th. This news was conveyed to F. F. Lord by Mr. Whitfeild's brother of Tallahassee. After leaving Seminole Mr. Whitfeild moved to Brewster county and filed on eight sections of land. He afterwards moved to Marfa, where he lived until a few days before he died. Mr. Whitfeild had many friends here who will regret to learn of his death.—Seminole Sentinel.

Rev. W. H. Terry, Presiding Elder for this district, spent Thursday night in Tahoka as the guest of Bro. Callaway, who accompanied him to Big Springs, this morning in his auto. Bro. Callaway will go on from there to West to visit Mrs. Callaway and see for himself just how much she has improved. Bro. Otho Shook will fill Bro. Callaway's appointment at Wilson Sunday the 30th, and if he has not returned from West by that time will fill the pulpit in Tahoka the first Sunday in September.

Miss Rescola McDaniel left on the Thursday evening train for Lamesa, where she will spend the weeks end with her friend Miss Cassie Jackson.

Rev. J. T. Johnson, the Presbyterian preacher of Lamesa, will hold services at the Methodist church of Tahoka Sunday.

Guy Shook and Jim Crie leave for Seth Ward College of Plainview, Saturday where they will study for the Methodist Ministry.

Ben Moore of East Tahoka, had a patch of maize that he said he thought would take him about a day to cut by hand with a hoe, but there was so blooming much maize on that little old patch that it took Ben a week to get it all cut and stacked away. In this country you just can't tell how much a piece of land can turn off until you come to cut and haul in the feed.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**



**FOR ANY AND ALL PURPOSES**

**...HIGHEST QUALITY---LOWEST PRICE...**

We buy and sell all kinds of feed stuff  
We now have Hay, Oats, Corn, Chops, Bran and Salt  
"Moremilk" for Cows and Horses  
**Edwards Coal & Grain Co., 1 Blk. N. Depot**

Ira Doak and Prof. Charles Meadows who went to Kansas City last week with some cattle for Billy Brandon returned Wednesday evening.

Phone 60 and have your ice delivered free, every morning in any sized block. C. L. Williams, Wholesale and Retail Ice. 38tf

Mrs. L. L. Forrester of the Meadow neighborhood, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hunter, at Wichita Falls, for several weeks.

Full line cotton picking sacks, 8 to 10 feet. at The Hardware. 51-52

W. S. Swan left on the Monday morning train, saying that he was going to South Texas, but as he was again seen leaving on the Thursday morning train he must have made a flying trip of it.

W. D. Nevels, Billy Brandon and Lonnie Bigham shipped four cars of cattle to Kansas City, Thursday morning, Pat Northcross and Taras Doak going with the cattle.

Dr. J. F. Galloway, dentist, will be in Tahoka September 1st and will remain until Sept. 12th. 50-52

Some of our candidates are reselling new subscriptions to The News and pull down 2,000 votes every time, and when the candidate or her friend brings in four or five new subscriptions at a time it counts up right along.

Mrs. J. D. Donaldson still remains on the sick list this week, seemingly better one day only to be worse the next.

Will Cathey, of the Pride neighborhood was a business visitor in Tahoka Thursday.

J. F. McManis and his son Ed. were both business visitors in Tahoka Thursday.



**TAN-NO-MORE AND FRECKLELEATER**



**TAN-NO-MORE THE SKIN BEAUTIFIER**  
The scientific combination of Cream and Powder. Delightful in appearance and pleasing in its effect. Used during the day it is a protection from the sun and wind. In the evening its use assures a faultless complexion.

**FRECKLELEATER CREAM**  
For the removing of Liver Spots, Freckles, Ring Worm and all kindred blemishes of the skin. It will bleach the skin in 10 days and make it as smooth and soft as a baby's.

Experience has taught us that the best way to apply Tan-No-More is to put it on very wet and wipe off with a soft towel at once and do not wait for it to dry.  
All Dealers  
**50 AND 35 CTS.**

Makes Bad Complexions Good  
Good Complexions Better.  
All Dealers  
**50 AND 25 CTS.**

All goods sold under an absolute guarantee to please or money back. Anyone requesting it will be sent a small sample of Tan-No-More and our little Booklet by Mail.  
**BAKER-WHEELER MFG. CO. DALLAS, TEXAS**

J. E. KETNER, or PARKHURST'S BROKEN 8 STORE, upon receipt of this coupon on or before Thursday, Sept. 10, 1914, is authorized by Rule 12 to place 100 votes to the credit of  
Candidate for Panama-Pacific Exposition trip or \$350 piano.  
Signed: Lynn County News

**J. N. JONES**  
Dealer In  
**Furniture And Undertaker's Supplies**

**BLACKSMITHING**  
WOODWORK, REPAIR WORK OF ALL KINDS  
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO WAGONS, BUGGIES, BUGGY TOPS, BUGGY PAINTING, ETC.  
**W. P. PHENIX, SOUTH OF SQUARE TAOHOKA, TEXAS**

**Santa Fe** Colonist's Rates to North and Northwest  
Special Rates to various Texas Conventions. When taking a trip ask for special rates. For particulars call, phone or write any Santa Fe Agent.  
J. M. Hughes, Agent

**MEET ME AT THE GOLDEN GATE 1915**

Tahoka

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