

THE LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Volume XVI

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, Friday, January 30, 1920

Number 21

Few Cases of Flu Over County---One Death Reported

Local physicians report several cases of influenza over Lynn county, but the epidemic seems to be in a mild form, as only one death has thus far been reported. It is hoped that it will soon be entirely stamped out.

The State health officer has issued the following statement as a warning:

"If a person has a cold, cough or sore throat, then he should stay at home, avoiding crowds at all times, and especially where there is poor ventilation. If the feet get wet, or the clothing wet or damp, dry them at the earliest possible opportunity.

"Spend as much time as possible out of doors and be sure that the bedroom is well ventilated. When compelled to cough or sneeze, cover the mouth and nose with a handkerchief, thus avoiding the spreading of germs among others.

"In brief, keep the body as healthy as possible, for a healthy body offers resistance to the invasion of disease.

"People should stay at home as much as possible during the extreme bad weather. They had better miss a day's work than to have to go to bed with the flu and miss a number of days."

Oil Situation in Dawson

Oil is coming into the well but whether it is going to gain enough to be a paving proposition depends on future developments. It certainly now looks like it is going to be a real oil well. They have been getting gas for some time and they are just down 690 feet. All the promoters are pretty well excited over the bright prospects. ---Lamesa Reporter.

Mr. Citizen, paid your poll tax?

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Henderson have moved to Abilene to make their future home. Ed did not sell his ranch east of town, and we shall expect them back at an early date. The family has resided in Lynn county for many years.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Carruth, of Haskell county, are the guests of Mrs. Carruth's uncle, S. B. Hatchett, and family this week. They have purchased property in Lynn county and will make this their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Bigham, who have been here for some time visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. A. Hutto, returned to their home in Tahoka Tuesday. ---Lorenzo Enterprise.

Joe Risinger returned from Merkel Tuesday, where he has had employment the past several months.

Have you paid your poll tax?

Howell's Garage Enlarging Present Building

The building occupied by Howell's Garage, is undergoing a complete change this week. The old shed room in the rear is being torn way and replaced with a larger and more commodious structure. The entire building is to be made eight feet wider. Mr. Howell found his present quarters entirely too small to handle his large volume of business. When the present additions are completed, this will be one of the best garage buildings on the plains.

Mrs. G. E. Lockhart went to San Saba Tuesday in response to a message stating that Judge Lockhart was sick at that place, where he recently went to attend to some legal business. We wish him a speedy recovery and that he will soon be able to return home.

Grassland Notes

Rev. W. P. Banta, of Lamesa, preached here Sunday.

Our Sunday School, under the leadership of Mr. Richie, is progressing nicely. We have adopted the Banner system and have an enrollment of 150. Forty new pupils were enrolled last Sabbath.

The census enumerator, Guy LeMond, of the Draw community, was here last week counting noses.

There is still lots of cotton in the fields here, on account of the continued bad weather.

Mr. Ferguson and family, and his son-in-law, Mr. Thomason and family, of Seymour, have moved into our community, having bought the Bentliff place.

There will be a box supper at the Grassland School House Friday night, Jan. 30th, the proceeds to be used in purchasing athletic equipment for the school ground.

SCRIBE.

Rev. W. C. Hinds, pastor of the Methodist Church, requests the News to announce that he has recovered from his recent sickness, and will fill the pulpit at the church at both hours, Sunday, February 1st.

Mrs. B. C. Reeves, of Slaton, is the guest of her niece, Mrs. G. E. Lockhart.

O'Donnell Happenings

O'Donnell, Tex. Jan. 26.---A box supper was given at the O'Donnell school house last Friday night. Regardless of the cold night, there was a good crowd present. The purpose of the supper was to raise money for the school. The boxes were sold at a very good price, ranging from \$1.00 to \$6.50. The amount collected was \$66.50, which we consider a nice sum for the O'Donnell school.

The girls of the O'Donnell school have organized a basketball team, and elected Miss Pugh for captain and will be ready to match a game in a week or two.

Prof. Roberts, the principal of the O'Donnell school, went to Lubbock last Saturday week and returned Wednesday, so a part of the school had a little vacation.

The new school building is nearly completed, and Miss Doak, the primary teacher, will be moved by Monday.

The new oil well they have been drilling near Indian Canyon tank is completed, and they reported a hundred barrels a day.

Mr. and Mrs. Betenbaugh returned yesterday from their trip to New Mexico. They reported a good time.

Miss Ollie Petty has returned from her trip to Mullen, where she made a stay of two weeks. Her sister, Mrs. Maude Burkett, of Mullen, came home with her. Miss Petty started to school this morning.

Mrs. Taylor and daughter left for Crosbyton Saturday morning. They will be gone about two weeks.

About eighty have enrolled in school today. But the school work is greatly handicapped on account of sufficient books.

---CORRESPONDENT.

\$500 State Aid For Tahoka School

The News gained the information this week from the superintendent of the Tahoka Public Schools, H. P. Caveness, that our school had been granted the sum of \$500.00 State aid money. This will be good news to the many patrons, and Prof. Caveness is to be commended in his untiring efforts in making application and securing this neat little sum for this cause.

Oscar Roberts, an employe of the Thomas Brothers Drug store, returned the first of the week from a trip to El Paso. Oscar is taking his annual vacation and is at present enjoying a few days visit in Mountaineer, N. Mex.

Accidental Shooting Near Lamesa Last Week

Friday about noon, while a negro on the V. O. Barrons place was getting ready to go hunting, he accidentally discharged the contents of a shot gun only about 4 feet from him, into the back of Bell Barron, Mr. Barron's son. He was doing alright when last heard from, but it is certainly wonderful that it did not kill him. He was pretty badly hurt as it was. ---Lamesa Reporter.

H. M. McCormack, proprietor of the McCormack Stores in Tahoka, accompanied by Miss Maude King, head saleslady with the firm, went to Dallas this week to purchase their stock of Spring and Summer merchandise.

T. E. Gardner, of Foch, Tex., brother of Mrs. W. C. Hinds, has accepted a position as book-keeper with the Guaranty State Bank, of Tahoka, and began work this week.

Roy Emerson, who has been connected with the firm of S. N. Weathers Tailoring establishment, left Monday for the oil district.

Miss Norma Hillin, age fifteen years, died at her home in Wilson, Saturday of flu pneumonia, and was buried at Slaton Sunday.

Mrs. J. N. Phelps, of Vaughn, N. M., was the guest of Mrs. G. W. Harrison, Sunday.

Tull Adams orders the News sent to Abilene, where the family will make their home.

Mrs. R. C. Wood made a trip to Lubbock the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Doak were Lubbock visitors Monday.

Jake Leedy Leases the Tahoka Hotel

This week J. E. Stokes, proprietor of the Tahoka Hotel, leased the building and fixtures to Jake Leedy, who will take charge of the business the first of February.

Mr. and Mrs. Stokes have run the hotel here for many years, and only recently ceased to serve meals, for which item alone the house has long been famous both far and near. They will retire to private life, and Mr. Stokes will look after his furniture business, which he recently entered on the west side of the square.

Mr. and Mrs. Leedy need no introduction to the people of this community as artists in their line, and will give the patrons of this famous hostelry first-class service in every particular.

Women of Lynn County, Attention!

"THE AMERICAN'S CREED."

I believe in the United States of America as a government of the people, by the people, for the people, whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a Democracy in a Republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign States; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of Freedom, Equality, Justice and Humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes. I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag and to defend it against all enemies."

This means pay your poll tax and be ready to help put the right men in office. Remember the I. W. W., the Bolshevik, the Demagogue, and Professional Politician all have and USE their votes. The power of evil is always strong and awake. My dear Woman citizen combine your power with that of the good men of our state to bring peace and rest to our loved country.

The women's poll tax is a vital necessity to our public schools. One dollar of every poll tax goes to our schools. Good teachers must have living wages. Pay your poll tax and help our schools.

For whom we vote in the July Primaries:

- Presidential Electors.
- Congressmen.
- Governor.
- State Senators.
- State Representatives.
- All other State officials.
- All County officials.

All women between the ages of 21 and 60 must pay a poll tax before midnight January 31st, if they vote in the primaries. All women over 60 years are exempt. Girls coming of age after February 1st before the primaries are exempt, but must procure exemption receipts.

We have halved society and by so doing have halved its efficiency.

Long habit has made men think in terms of dollars. Long habit has made women think in terms of husbands, children and unborn babies. Men vote the terms they think in. Women vote the terms they think in. Women will vote in terms of the home. Women will vote in terms of human life rather than in terms of special privilege.

The health, the education, the betterment of environment are what women want for children. So long as the schools, the courts and civic conditions are one-sided--man made--just so long will the animal industries take precedence over the child welfare work. Without the mother the home is a failure. Without the feminine judgment the world, the country, the state, the city are not a balanced result. A true democracy gives its opinion at the polls. Pay your poll tax and do your duty to your country, your state, your home and your children by going to the polls in July and help your men folks "Americanize" America.

MRS. J. B. WALKER,
Chairman Lynn County's League of Women Voters.

Miss Ida Small returned from Geary, Okla., the last of the week, where she had been attending school.

H. M. Larkin left Tuesday for an extensive trip east and south. Mrs. Larkin, Frank and Margret will join him at Brownwood; from there they go to Dallas to market, hence to Tennessee and Florida. The family expects to be absent from Tahoka several months.

T--- News

The weather in this country sure keeps one guessing. One day it will be hot enough for August and the next day it will be blowing a norther forty below zero, as fickle as people.

There is a lot of sickness in our community this week. Messrs. Estes, Bohannon and Kuykendall are reported as ill.

G. W. Short and family spent one day the first of the week with the Busby's of O'Donnell.

Miss Pauline and Hudson Bohannon spent Saturday night with Miss Winnie and Ewin Ferguson.

Quite a few, about twenty in number, visited in the Waldrip home the past week. Talk about your fun, that bunch had it.

Miss Loree Henry spent Sunday with Miss Wilma Bohannon.

Messrs. Elliott and Hines, of Tahoka, were in our community one day the first of the week.

Miss Georgia Slover, the school teacher here, has changed her boarding place from J. N. Nelms to Wesley Simpsons.

Wilma Bohannon, a fifth grade pupil, has the honor of standing the longest in her spelling class without missing a word.

MARTHA ANN.

Miss Beulah Davis went to Sylvester Friday to nurse her aunt who was badly burned.

E. H. Crie Dead

Edward Herbert Crie, age 75 years, 4 months and 15 days, was born in Portland, Maine, September 9, 1844; and died at the home of his son, H. C. Crie, Saturday, January 24, 1920.

He joined the 17th Maine Volunteers as a private and served three years in the Civil war, attaining the rank of Captain. He was married to Miss Carrie Isabelle Griswold, February 15, 1866. To this union was born two children, a daughter, who died at the age of two years, and a son, H. C. Crie, who survives. Grandfather Crie came to Texas in 1877, locating in Johnson county in 1884, where he resided until 1910, when he came to Tahoka. He served as postmaster at Godley, Texas, for twelve years.

The funeral services were held at the home Sunday afternoon, conducted by Rev. L. L. F. Parker. Interment was made in Tahoka Cemetery.

The News extends condolence to the bereaved ones.

Mrs. Millie Dardin, of Brownfield, was here Saturday to consult one of our physicians in regard to the health of her little son. She returned home Monday.

Miss Lois Wells is acting as relief operator on the local telephone exchange board during the absence of the regular operator, Miss Grace Bradley.

Wilson School Closed

The school at Wilson closed Monday, indefinitely, because of the flu. Two of the teachers and a large per cent of the pupils are victims of the disease and it was thought best by the school board to take this action.

Noted Lecturer to Appear Here March 18--Benefit of School

H. H. Davis was here this week and made the necessary arrangements with the officials of the Tahoka Public Schools for a high class entertainment to be given March 13th.

Thomas Elmore Lucey, famous poet, actor, singer, humorist, crayon artist, reader and lecturer, will entertain the audience with a program that will be both entertaining and instructive.

The greater percent of the proceeds derived from the entertainment will be invested in the school library, where it is badly needed. When the proper time arrives and you are solicited to help by purchasing a few tickets, respond cheerfully and encourage the pupils in this forward movement.

Mr. Lucey is only billed in cities and towns much larger than Tahoka, and people in this section will experience a rare treat when the opportunity is given to attend the entertainment.

Watch the News columns for further announcements.

Virgil Thompson of Oklahoma, has been visiting his niece, Mrs. A. R. Dillard, east of town, the past week.

Census Enumerators Busy

Messrs. H. W. Callaway, Guy LeMond and Hansford Tunnell, are the men employed in taking the United States census for Lynn county, and have been on the job five days. Something like 600 persons had been enumerated up to Thursday night of this week. Possibly 1000 will be entered on the rolls in the Tahoka district alone. Every person should aid the men in obtaining the desired information, and also see that no one is missed before the final completion of the work.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Otho Thomas will be glad to learn that they are again back in Tahoka to make their home, after spending several months in O'Donnell, where W. O. had charge of the Thomas Bros. Drug store. W. A. Treadway has been secured to take charge of the business in that little city in the future.

J. R. McAllister, of Donley county, has purchased a fine piece of land in the Draw community, and will build a nice residence and improve same with the expectation of moving his family here to make their permanent home.

Rev. I. A. Smith, of Lamesa, was a pleasant visitor in our city Monday between trains.

Cashier Weathers Kills 25-Pound Wild Goose

Last Sunday, as Cashier Raymond Weathers, of the Bank of O'Donnell, was enroute from that little city to Tahoka, he encountered a bunch of five wild geese just south of town, and with his trusty rifle succeeded in bagging one of the monster birds. The goose was loaded into the car and brought to town and put on exhibition. It was of the snow white variety and weighed in the neighborhood of 25 or 30 pounds. The dead bird attracted considerable attention from those who had never viewed one of this specie at close range.

USE "DANDERINE" IF HAIR IS COMING OUT

For a few cents you can save your hair and double its beauty.



To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter...

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels.

A calm is welcome after a storm.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment.

If life is worth living, live it right.

DYED CHILD'S COAT AND HER OLD SKIRT

"Diamond Dyes" Made Faded, Shabby Apparel So Fresh and New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.

A \$500 stock of perfumery may look like 30 cents.

Retrospection is a great toe stumper of progress.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

The knack of knocking is not needed.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tired, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At All Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Home Eye Sandy Co., Chicago.

RED ACTIVITIES NOW SPREADING IN ASIA

BRITISH MINISTERS HURRIDELY SUMMONED TO PARIS FOR A CONFERENCE.

PUBLIC IS MUCH ALARMED

Bolsheviki Now Control European Russia and Further Conquests Are Feared.

Geneva.—Enver Pasha, former Turkish minister of war, who was recently elected king of Kurdistan, has started a Bolshevik revolution in Turkestan Afghanistan and Baluchistan, according to telegrams from Baku.

London.—Before peace with Germany is a week old, the British public has been brought up sharply against the possibility of another war.

This summons is inevitably connected in the public mind with the semi-official statement calling attention to the threatening situation in the middle East as a result of Bolshevik military successes which have given the soviet virtually master of the whole of European Russia for although it is not yet confirmed that they have entered Odessa, it is believed it can not be long before they are in full possession of the coast regions there.

By their victories the Bolsheviki have obtained command of enormous supplies of food, raw materials, coal and rolling stock and other means of transport, of which they formerly were in need.

Speculation is active in the European capitals as to the next move of the Bolsheviki. It is regarded as certain that, flushed with success, they will not be content with their present conquests, but will seek to extend Bolshevism either eastward or westward.

The soviet now undoubtedly command formidable forces, but not sufficient to warrant an attempt to advance both east and west. Against the likelihood of an attack on Poland, which, it is said, would be popular with the "red" generals, is the fact that the Bolshevik flanks would be exposed on the north to an attack by the Letts and on the south to an attack by the Roumanians.

The semi-official statement issued at London seemed to indicate that the British government is more apprehensive of a move eastward, threatening India.

RAILWAY CLERKS SIGN WORKING AGREEMENT

New Contract, Dating From Jan. 1, Will Be In Force During Federal Control.

Washington.—Director General Hines has signed a national agreement covering rules and working conditions with the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers and Express and Station Employees.

The agreement provides for time and a half for overtime after eight hours, applying to all employees except certain workers whose employment is light or intermittent, and for one day's rest each week except where operation of the individual railroads would be affected.

Cotton Men to Meet Jan. 27.

Dallas.—A mass meeting has been called by the directors of the Texas division of the American cotton association for the purpose of completely organizing the local branch, which has been operating under a temporary organization since August, 1919.

Rosewater Sells Omaha Bee.

Omaha, Neb.—Nels B. Updike, millionaire grain man, has bought the Omaha Bee from Victor Rosewater.

McNamara Assumes New Duties Wichita Falls, Texas.—Mike McNamara, newly appointed assistant deputy oil and gas supervisor for the railroad commission in this district, has arrived and assumed his duties.

Clemenceau Accepts Nomination Paris.—Premier Clemenceau has accepted nomination for the presidency of the republic. He authorized his supporters to place his name before the plenary caucus of the congress of Versailles.

SEEK LARGE FUND FOR RECLAMATION PROJECT

REPRESENTATIVES OF WESTERN STATES IN WASHINGTON FOR CONFERENCE.

Washington.—Representatives of the Western States Reclamation association are in Washington for a conference with the irrigation and reclamation and public lands committees of congress in the interest of a greater scope of government aid for western states' reclamation and irrigation projects.

"We are anxious to secure a replenishment of the federal reclamation fund for projects that are under way and those approved," said Mr. Burgess, "and will ask the government to make a loan of \$250,000,000 under the same conditions that the \$20,000,000 was previously loaned to the fund.

The conferences are to be attended by representatives from all the western states, which include a number of western governors, the association having been the outgrowth of the governors' conference recently held in Salt Lake City.

DOCTOR SAYS MALADY IS WINTER CHOLERA

Oklahoma Health Commissioner Says It is Caused by Snow and Cold Weather.

Oklahoma City, Ok.—The peculiar disease which has found victims at several of the eastern state cities is defined as "winter cholera" by Dr. A. R. Lewis, state health commissioner, and he predicted it would become statewide. Dr. Lewis says it is the result of heavy snow and the cold weather. He fears a seige of typhoid fever will follow the disease.

Muskogee, Ok.—The strange malady which developed at Skiatook several days ago has developed in Muskogee. According to Muskogee health officers there are approximately 300 cases in Muskogee.

There has been only one death so far, a woman 52 years old. Since her death, another member of the family has contracted the malady, which leads some of the doctors to believe it might be contagious.

Physicians are divided on the disease. Some contend it is a severe type of dysentery and others say it is influenza in gas tric form. The condition is often brought about by too much strong chloride in water. An analysis of the Muskogee water shows no hydro-chloride is being used in the settling basins.

LOANS TO AUSTRIA NECESSARY SAYS HOOVER

Declares Austria is Perpetual Poor House Under Treaty Conditions.

Washington.—The peace treaty makes Austria a perpetual poorhouse and this condition must be changed in a few years, Herbert Hoover told the house ways and means committee.

Hoover urged the extension of loans of \$150,000,000 to Austria, Poland and Armenia, to prevent starvation, but declared that in giving credits to Austria, the United States should declare to Europe that the European powers are responsible for the situation in Austria. The treaty, he said, shears Austria of all the agricultural lands from which it previously obtained its existence.

"If the political situation is continued, which makes Austria a perpetual mendicant," Hoover said, "the United States should not provide the charity. The loan should be made with full notice that it would be the last and that those powers who favor this situation must pay the bill."

\$152,750 For 1920 State Fair Dallas.—Appropriations for premiums, attractions and other items of expense to the amount of \$152,750 were made by the directors of the Dallas State Fair association for the 1920 exposition at a recent meeting.

Urged to Give Up Ex-Kaiser. Berlin.—Germans are urged to turn over former Emperor William for trial by the allies in resolutions passed at a public meeting of the New Fatherland league.

New Earthquake Near Vera Cruz Mexico City.—A new earthquake in the vicinity of Cosantland, Vera Cruz, was reported to have killed more than 100 persons.

Admiral Meurer Resigns Copenhagen.—Admiral Meurer, chief of the Baltic naval station, has resigned, according to a semi-official dispatch from Berlin. His resignation has been accepted.

Seizure of Bunker Coal Investigated Washington.—Railroad Director Bush at St. Louis has ordered an investigation of the seizure of bunker coal destined from Oklahoma mines to Galveston upon the complaint of Representative Briggs.

PEACE TREATY SIGNED IN PARIS SATURDAY

GERMANS PREVIOUSLY SIGNED PROTOCOL COVERING REPARATION FOR SCAPA FLOW

Paris.—The treaty of Versailles, making peace between Germany and the ratifying allied powers, was put into effect Saturday afternoon by the exchange of ratifications.

The entire ceremony, which took place in the Clock Hall at the French foreign ministry, was completed at 4:16 o'clock.

Previously Baron Kurt Von Lersner, head of the German mission, signed the protocol of Nov. 1, providing for reparation for the sinking of the German warships at Scapa Flow and to insure the carrying out of the armistice terms.

Immediately after the exchange of ratification of the treaty Baron von Lersner made this statement:

"I am happy that peace has finally been effected. My greatest regret is that the only country with which Germany is still at war is the United States. I hope, however, that this situation will soon change."

The proceedings began without any ceremony, Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain following the German delegates at the signing table. He was succeeded by Premier Clemenceau, who on returning to his seat after signing, stopped in front of Baron von Lersner and Herr von Simson. The German representatives arose and bowed to M. Clemenceau, who said a few words which were inaudible to the spectators. The Premier then passed on to his place without shaking hands.

Premier Nitti of Italy, Baron Matsui, the Japanese representative, and Paul Hymans, the Belgian foreign minister followed Premier Clemenceau in the order named.

Then the delegates of the other ratifying nations signed in alphabetical sequence. M. Clemenceau rose and said:

"The protocol having been signed, as well as the minutes recording the exchange of ratifications, I have the honor to declare that the treaty of Versailles is in full effect and that its terms will be executed integrally."

At the end of M. Clemenceau's remarks all the delegates arose and the Germans, after slight hesitation, led the way out without either saluting or exchanging words with any of the other delegates.

The absence of American representatives was particularly remarked. Up to the last hour Hugh C. Wallace, the American ambassador, was in doubt as to whether he would receive instructions to attend the ceremony. Finally, hearing nothing from Washington, he returned to the secretary of the peace conference the invitations that had been sent him.

After the ceremony it was learned that Premier Clemenceau's remark to the effect that he would give orders for the repatriation of the German war prisoners.

VICTOR BERGER AGAIN NOT SEATED BY HOUSE

Resolutions Declare "He Gave Aid And Comfort to the Enemy."

Washington.—Victor Berger, Milwaukee socialist, re-elected from the fifth Wisconsin congressional district after he had been refused membership in the house "because he gave aid and comfort to the enemy," was denied his seat again by a vote of 328 to 6.

Chairman Dallinger of the election committee, which held Berger ineligible the first time, presented a resolution barring Berger and reviewing the reasons why Berger was excluded at the special session.

Members of the house showed little interest in news from Milwaukee that the socialist executive committee had voted to renominate Berger. In presenting his resolution again Chairman Dallinger said Berger was ineligible to membership under provisions of the constitution.

Loan Necessary if Expenses Increase Washington.—Another Liberty loan will be necessary if congress embarks "on new fields of large expenditure or reduces the aggregate volume of taxes," Secretary Glass has declared in a state ment setting forth the government's financial condition.

If the present tax level is retained and new expenditures are kept down, the turn has come in the tide of government financing, he asserted.

Wants Legion Members Expelled in a statement setting forth the govt that Luis Cabrera, chief of the Mexican cabinet, has suggested the expulsion from Mexico of more than 200 Americans because they had organized at Tampico a post of the American Legion.

Italian Steamer Reported Lost London.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Geona says the Italian steamer Principessa Mafalda is reported to have struck a mine and sunk with the loss of 700 lives.

Last of American Soldiers Departed Paris.—Brigadier General W. D. Connor, chief of staff of the American department of supply, together with his staff and 100 noncommissioned men, the last American soldiers in France have left for Antwerp.

BERLIN DISPATCHES REPORT MUCH RIOTING

MINISTER OF DEFENSE NOSKE IS APPOINTED COMMANDER IN GREATER BERLIN.

Berlin.—The government has proclaimed martial law in all sections of Germany following the mob demonstration in which several persons were killed and many others were wounded by machine gun fire from guards in front of the reichstag building.

Gustav Noske, the minister of defense, has been appointed commander in chief for the greater Berlin district and Brandenburg province. Street parades, meetings and demonstrations of all kinds have been prohibited.

London.—Extreme elements in Germany have resolved to call a general strike because of the government's proclamation of martial law, a dispatch from Berlin says.

It was regarded certain such a strike would lead to revolution, the dispatch added.

Basle.—Many persons were killed or wounded in Berlin when the troops fired upon bayoneted demonstrators who tried to rush the reichstag entrance in protest against the exploitation law, says a dispatch from Berlin.

The dispatch adds that crowds have paraded the streets of Berlin, following an appeal from Die Freiheit, the radical socialist organ, for workmen to demonstrate in protest against the law.

The mob made a rush against the troops guarding the reichstag building and tried to disarm them. The troops fired and several persons were killed or wounded.

Big processions passed along the streets converging into the Koenigsplatz from all quarters. Numerous factories closed. The demonstrators bore flags inscribed, "We demand an unrestricted workers' council bill."

Numerous speeches were delivered from the steps of the reichstag protesting against the bill in its present form. The street car service was partially suspended, the men being on strike.

The public security police restricted themselves to guarding the reichstag with strong forces.

WEARY SCRIBES' REST HOME FUND IS RAISED

Louis Blaylock is President of Association Fostering Movement.

Dallas.—Funds in excess of \$15,000 have been subscribed "toward the purchase, improvement and maintenance of a home for superannuated newspaper people of Texas and as a meeting place for others better situated," it was announced following a conference in the offices of Louis Blaylock, president of the association. The membership of the association now numbers approximately 150. O. P. (Pink) Gresham of Temple, and Arthur Lefevre Jr. of Houston, discussed with Colonel Gresham tentative plans for the location of the home, favoring the territory bordering the gulf coast.

"The social and fraternal idea predominates in our plans for the establishment of a newspaperman's home," Colonel Blaylock said. "It is certainly an entertaining and instructive thing to get together at least once a year, and imbibe from each other inspiration and rejuvenation for the labors before us."

"Any man or woman who has put in 25 years in the editorial department of the game, either as editor or publisher, including the editorial staff, automatically becomes a member of the association. There are no dues to pay, and all who are eligible under these terms should send us their names."

U. S. TROOPS TO BE TAKEN FROM SIBERIA

Americans Will be Withdrawn as Soon as Czecho-Slovaks are Repatriated

Washington.—Decision to withdraw the American troops from Siberia upon the completion of the repatriation of the Czecho-Slovak forces next month has been reached by the American government.

The troops were sent to Siberia in accordance with an agreement between the United States, Japan and the entente powers to aid the Czechs and protect the Siberian railroad and Japan has been notified by the United States of the cancellation of that agreement insofar as it affects the presence of an American military expedition.

Miners to Accept Commission's Award Washington.—The coal strike settlement commission at its first formal session received from the miners assurances that its findings would be unreservedly accepted and from the operators a "questionnaire as to the contemplated scope of the commission's action."

Employs Control T. & P. Hospital. Dallas.—On Feb. 1, the Texas & Pacific railway's hospital association will become officially the successor of the hospital now maintained by the railroad.

Grain Elevator Burns Fort Worth, Texas.—Fire, which started at 12:30 o'clock Sunday in a large grain elevator at Fort Worth totally destroyed the building and contents. It is estimated the total will reach \$150,000.

Was Going Down

Mrs. Bergman's Friends Worried, but Doan's Remarkable Recovery From Kidney Complaint.

"I couldn't sit down without a pillow behind my back," says Ole Bergman, 820 Pennsylvania, Gary, Ind. "When I bent over as though somebody had stuck a right into my back and I would fall to the floor. The kidney secretions made me get up four and five times a night. There would be only a small amount, which would burn so that I would almost scream. Before long my body bloated and my feet were so swollen that I couldn't wear my shoes. My skin looked shiny and when I prodded down it left a dent. I had chills and fever. Sometimes I would sweat so that I could fairly ring the water out of my clothes. Everybody said I was going down-hill fast. In two months I lost fifteen pounds and was disfigured. By the time I had finished three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills I was tired and I have enjoyed the best of health ever since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

ITCH!

Money back without question if HUNT'S SALVE fails to relieve treatment of ITCH, SCALD, RINGWORM, WETTER, eczema, itching skin diseases. Price 25c at druggists, or direct from A.S. Richards Medicine Co., Chicago.

Skin Tortured Babies Sleep Mothers Rest After Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c

When a man sees God truly he sees everything else differently.

QUICK! STOP INDIGESTION

Pain in Stomach, Sourness, Gases and Acidity relieved with "Pape's Diapespin"

Your upset stomach will feel fit. No waiting! When your meals do not fit and you feel uncomfortable, when you belch gases, acids or raise an undigested food. When you feel full of indigestion pain, heartburn or ache from acidity, just eat a tablet of harmless and reliable Pape's Diapespin and the stomach distress is gone.

Millions of people know the merit of Pape's Diapespin as an anti-indigestion. They know that most indigestion is disordered stomach. The relief comes quickly, no time pointment, and the cost is so low. Pape's Diapespin helps regulate your stomach so you can eat favorite foods without fear.—Adv.

Spoken in Bitterness. "I saw you coming out of a hotel," "You named it wrong. It's profliteria."—Washington Star.

A torpid liver condition prevents food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They gently and surely. Adv.

Rumor is like butter: once it has been spread you can do nothing with it.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than the times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has known. For the last fifty-three years Boschree's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with an expectation in the morning. It is in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.

When a man begins to blow in

Pneumonia often follows Neglected Cold KILL THE COLD!

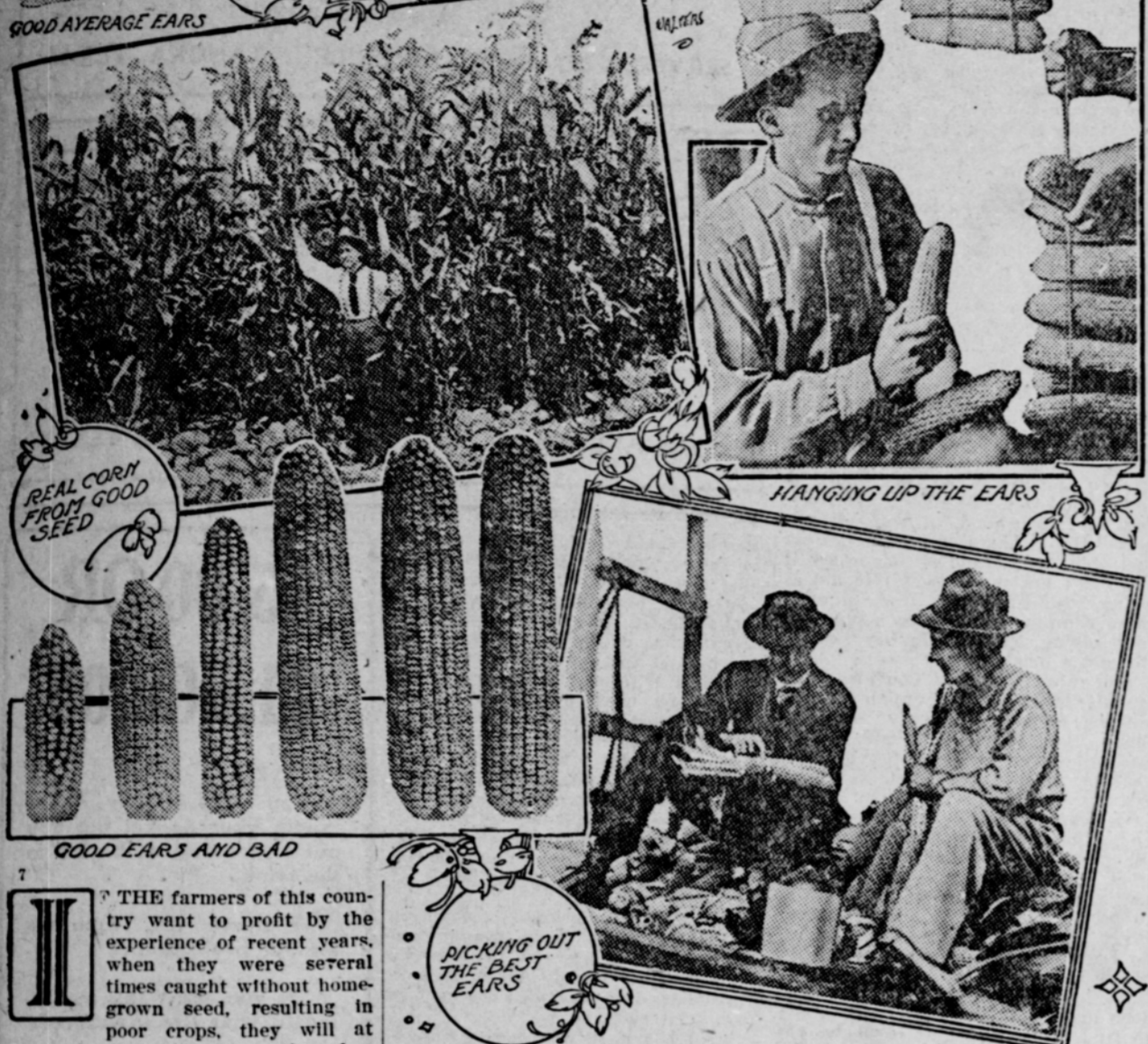
HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 25 years—in tablet form—safe, effective—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 36 hours—genuine box top with picture. At All Druggists. The Land Can Be Redeemed and improved by passing automatic, unobtrusive L.A.V.'s. Write for copy free. McClure, 2192 Jackson.

Select Good Seed

Corn: Take Care of It

By Robert H. Moulton



THE farmers of this country want to profit by the experience of recent years, when they were several times caught without home-grown seed, resulting in poor crops, they will at once turn their attention to the selection of plenty of good seed for their own use as well as to sell to their neighbors. If next year's corn crop should be a total or partial failure, it might not be possible to harvest any good seed at all from it. In that event, this year's seed, if properly chosen and well cared for during the winter months, will not only be good seed for 1920 but better seed in 1921 than imported seed will be.

In 1915, in the northern corn belt, most of the corn failed to mature. We had little good home-grown seed for the 1916 planting. This should have taught us a lesson. We should have saved a two years' supply for seed in 1916, but we didn't. In 1917 the corn again failed to mature and we were again caught without seed. The result was that the farmers of the United States lost millions of dollars because of the reduced yield in 1918. The 1919 corn crop promises to be one of the largest on record, and few farmers will have any excuse for not saving an abundance of seed.

To save plenty of good seed is always good business. If our surplus is not needed for seed it will not be wasted. It always will have a market value, or it may be fed to stock. If it should be needed for seed, it will be worth many times its market value as grain. We can import potatoes, oats or wheat, but we cannot import seed corn and expect to get as good results as we would get from corn grown in the immediate neighborhood.

The importance of testing seed corn before planting is now generally recognized and practiced by farmers everywhere, but all the testing in the world will avail nothing unless good seed is selected after harvest and then properly stored and cared for until testing time comes.

Paradoxical as it may seem, the best looking ears will not always prove to be the best for seed. As a matter of fact, one national authority on the subject states that he has frequently planted seed from blue-ribbon ears—ears judged according to the score card and seemingly physically perfect—and failed to get as good results from them as he did from ears which would never win a prize on account of their shape. The trouble is that these fine looking ears do not give any line on their yielding power until after they have been tested. Consequently, if a farmer selects ears based solely on their appearance, he might get nothing but poor reproducers, and it would then be too late to save other ears for planting.

Bees' Antiseptic.

Bees suck up the nectar, which does not pass into their stomach but into an expansion of the oesophagus. There it undergoes a partial chemical transformation, under the influence of a substance called invertase, which acts as a ferment. When the bee disgorges the honey into the wax cells it discharges a little invertase at the same time, and before closing the cell a tiny drop of venom from the bee's sting

human nature for the farmer to save, believing they should be best for seed, are more often than not abnormal ears, due to late maturing or to some defect which nature has endeavored to correct during the period of growing by the use of abnormal methods. As a general thing, the offspring of such an ear is weak.

A medium sized ear, say ten and a half or eleven inches long, with a circumference of approximately seven inches, is about right. Straight rows indicate careful selection and breeding in the seed which produced the ear, and for this reason are desirable. On the other hand, some varieties of corn are known by their characteristically crooked rows and should not be discriminated against. An average ear of the size stated will weigh about 14 ounces when its moisture content is 15 per cent, and it will shrink in length from one to two inches during the process of drying. Of course it will also shrink in circumference, which is something that is not generally observed by farmers.

Before the selected corn is finally stored it must be dried out, so that its moisture content will fall as low as 15 per cent, if possible. Under such conditions even a very hard freeze will have little or no effect on the vitality of the seed. If the drying out process can be carried on in a room where there is stove heat, or in another room near enough to get the heat from a stove, so much the better.

One of the best and simplest methods of storing seed corn is to tie it up with binder twine, each string containing from 12 to 15 ears. These strings may be suspended from wires strung in the barn or other places where the corn is to be kept, and it is important that the individual ears should not touch each other. Corn that is to be used for seed should never be piled up.

The best place to store corn is some place where it is dry, and where there is room for the circulation of air between the ears or rows. If a room or attic in the farmhouse can be utilized for this purpose, it makes an ideal storing place. But if any out-building must be used, care should be taken that the spot where the corn is to be hung is as free from dampness at all times as possible.

The corn crop of 1918 on 104,467,000 acres amounted to 2,502,665,000 bushels, worth \$3,416,240,000. The final report of the department of agriculture gives the acreage of 1919 as 102,075,000, the yield 2,917,450,000 bushels and the value \$3,934,234,000.

is added, this to prevent fermentation. "Thus," says Bonnier, "the bees invent antiseptics before Pasteur or Lister!" It is this drop of poison that preserves the honey for years.

Singing Vs. Stammering. Stammering has its curiosities. Writes a correspondent, and goes on to recall the case of the boy at his school who spoke with a stutter and could not none the less sing perfectly. The news of his prowess in the choir spread, and harassed masters

The average for the years 1913-17 is as follows: Acreage, 107,496,000; yield, 2,749,349,000 bushels; value, \$2,267,560,000.

Record Crop Value. Value of important farm crops of the United States for 1919 as given by the final report of the department of agriculture is \$14,092,740,000, compared with \$12,600,526,000, the revised figures of 1918, an increase of \$1,492,214,000, based on prices to producers December 1. This is the greatest value ever given the nation's grain crops.

The five grains—wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley—aggregated 5,350,344,000 bushels, an increase of 415,411,000 bushels over last year. Acreage planted to the principal crops was 359,124,173, compared with 256,407,162 last year, an increase of 2,600,000 acres.

Value of the five leading grains was \$7,177,169,000, compared with \$6,761,306,000, an increase of \$415,863,000. The corn crop looms up in valuation above all others, and is next to the most valuable ever known, being worth \$3,934,234,000, or \$415,000,000 more than last year and 7,000,000 bushels over previous estimates, with a crop of 2,917,450,000 bushels, the fourth largest on record, and 434,000,000 bushels over last year's.

Wheat yield was the second largest known, 940,957,000 bushels, a gain of 23,000,000 bushels over former returns and of 33,857,000 bushels compared with last year, and valued at \$1,543,452,000, compared with \$921,438,000 last year.

A fall down occurred in oats, with 1,248,310,000 bushels, or 28,000,000 bushels more than previously reported, but a loss of 200,000,000 bushels from last year and the shortest in recent years. Barley was also a disappointment with 165,719,000 bushels, a loss of 90,600,000 bushels for the year. Hay is a record crop of 108,636,000 tons, or 17,500,000 tons in excess of 1918. There is all the feed the country requires and provides a good surplus for export.

White potatoes turned out slightly above early estimates with 357,901,400 bushels, or 43,000,000 bushels short of last year. A yield of 1,527,696,000 pounds of beet sugar was raised, compared with 1,530,126,000 pounds last year.

Almost as Good. "The farmer's wife tells me it is profitable to keep a pig to get rid of the scraps around the house."

"I presume so. I find, however, that my husband will eat almost anything."

would sometimes take advantage of it. And a delighted class would have the novelty of hearing a lesson sung delightfully in a boy's soprano. Like the celebrated judgment in E flat of the lord chancellor in "Iolanthe," his efforts often deserved a double encore.

Where Education Falls. Furthermore, college education never in this world made a young man anxious to milk a cow in a taudy lot. —Dallas News.

HARD LUCK OF BANNISTER

By WALTER A. FROST

(Copyright.)

My acquaintance with Mr. Bannister was short. It lasted only from Chicago to Port Huron, and yet in that time he told me not only his real name, his "alias," and his occupation, but also the very hard luck experience which I shall set before you.

The cause of our becoming acquainted was accidental—the dining-car was crowded and the steward put us at the same table. As I seated myself I noticed a little man at the other side of the table, but I paid no attention to him until he looked hard at me, and in a low voice asked:

"What line do you carry?"

"I beg your pardon?" I asked.

"What line do you carry?"

There was no escape. "Law books," I answered. "I am a lawyer."

He smiled and held out a fat hand. "We are in about the same profession. I am a detective."

"Yes," I replied, for I felt a desire to know more of a man who could see any resemblance between a lawyer and a detective. "We are, it might be said, slightly related."

"Well, when you have practiced longer you will understand what I mean when I say that we are in about the same line."

He smiled, and between orders to the waiter told me his story.

"Yes, when you have practiced longer you will understand what I mean. You lawyers have to use us at every step you take; you can't get on without us. A witness goes back on you and gets lost, and the first thing you do is to call one of us in to look up your man for you. Lawyers, doctors, business men and bankers, you all give us a lot of work.

"Speaking of bankers, I'm down on all of 'em, for it was while doing some work for a banker that I had the hardest piece of luck I ever struck, and just when everything was going lovely, too.

"It was this way! The chief called me in one afternoon, and said he: 'Jim, I want you to go down to Elberton and see Stevens, the banker. There's been some work done down there, and he's afraid some of it may come his way.'

"He'll give you the facts, and then go to work. The gang that's suspected is something like the Fiske outfit you gathered in at Oshkosh last fall."

"The next morning I was in Stevens' private office, and it was a dandy. But never mind that.

"The next morning, after seeing old Stevens, I dropped into a saloon where I'd seen some young fellows go, and found six or eight boys having a quiet game. I had a beer, bought a cigar, and went out.

"Next morning I dropped in again. The bar-keep recognized me and said, 'Good morning.' 'Good morning,' says I, and got my drink and cigar and went out without saying anything more. I kept on dropping in and some of the chaps began to notice me, but they held off, which made me think I might be somewhere on the right track, so I went in steady.

"After I'd been in town for about a week one of the young fellows asked me at the saloon one evening what I was selling.

"I'm buying," said I.

"Buying what?"

"Land." And then he introduced me to the rest of the bunch who were at the table playing. They asked me to come in, and I did. They couldn't play much, I saw, but I let them win a couple of dollars, and then I cleared out.

"A few days after that when I went in—it was one afternoon, about half-past four—I found some of the gang there. Then I knew they wasn't working, for if they had been, they couldn't have been there then.

"Well, I was pretty sure they was the boys I was looking for, and so, wanting to see what they'd rise to, I managed to drop a set of 'skeleton' keys on the floor when I was just going to pay for the drinks. I bent down quick and picked 'em up and shoved 'em into my pocket, but I saw they was 'on,' for in a few minutes one of the bunch came over to me and says: 'See here, Mr. Jenks' (I'd told 'em my name was Jenks), 'you might as well tell us a little more about yourself. We know you're not down here to look up land, and it's our opinion you may be after something that begins with D.'

"Dough was what he meant. But I was not going to be drawn out, at least, not yet, and so I said: 'It strikes me I don't know much about you boys yet. Don't you think you'd better show up first?'

"They held off a bit even then, but finally one of them, a tall, sharp chap he was, came close to me and says: 'Were you ever in Janesville?'

"I laughed and said: 'Why, yes, I guess so.'

"Were you there two weeks ago?'

"I looked around for a moment, as if to see there weren't any one could hear, and then I said: 'Yes but I didn't do that job.'

"He wasn't quite sure yet, for he tried me again: 'Who bought it of the man who "found" it?'

"He was thinking of the big diamond robbery that had just come off in Janesville. It was a neat piece of

work, and the chief had two of his best men on it.

"How can I tell? I asked. They say the Jew got it, but he cleared before the "Blues" got there."

"I thought they was going to talk up, but the tall man was suspicious, I saw, and so I went out, after setting them up again.

"That evening the tall man asked me to take a little ride with him. I wanted 'em to feel sure of me, and so I put a 'Jimmy' under my coat, and when we got into the citter I wrapped it up in the blanket and put it under the seat.

"We had a nice drive, for it was a dandy night, but the chap didn't say a thing about himself or the gang or me. He only talked about the fishing up North, and we didn't get anywhere. Along about eleven we came to Rite's place, and he said we'd go in and have a drink. I jumped out and went to tie the horse, asking him to throw the blanket over her. He proceeded to do so, and of course the Jimmy fell out. "He laughed and clapped me on the back.

"I guess we've got you located now, old man," says he. "And now we'll go back."

"We went to the rooms where the rest of the gang were waiting for us."

"I guess he'll do, boys," said he, and then he says to me: 'I have an idea that we can put a man like you in the way of making something pretty.'

"They grinned, and then we talked things over.

"I had been traveling with them pretty steady for a month, when one night they told me they were going to do a little piece of work on a bank in town (Stevens' bank, of course), and they wanted me to 'fix' the safe."

"All right, boys," says I. 'I'll have to send down to Chi for my "kit," though.'

"Next morning I went over to Stevens' and put him 'on,' telling him to put some marked bills in the safe for that night. I got the combination from him, too, thinking I might have some trouble with the safe, and I had to get it open one way or another.

"Then I went over to the chief of police and fixed it up with him so that he'd surround the bank after we had gone in and nab us as we came out."

"The bank proposition was a little heavy for the boys, some of 'em being a little new at such work, and when Tuesday night came they began to get a little nervous. But I filled 'em up with drinks, and told 'em how easy it was, gave out a long talk on my own experiences, and by Wednesday afternoon they were ready for anything.

"We had a good supper, with lots of drinks of all sorts, and some of the boys were pretty well jugged by the time we were through.

"We had set the job for midnight, met then at a barber shop, where the big chap had a job (he was slick), and then separated, meeting again at the bank as the clock struck twelve.

"The big fellow broke in the door with his shoulder—he was as strong as a bull-moose—and we all piled in after him. I remember I was the last man in, and I was thinking how fine they were going to look in the papers next morning, the five of them standing in a row, with me at their right as the man who had 'gathered them in.' I laughed to myself as I opened the safe, and then I heard the snap of a man's fingers, a voice cried 'now, men!' the lights were turned on, and each of us was looking into the barrel of a gun.

"I looked at the man who was covering me, and you can just about figure out how I felt when I saw that it was that young kid with the yellow hair. He spilled a bit, and then told us to throw up our hands.

"All of us did except the big chap, and he got a bullet through his hip. I tried to remonstrate with the kid, who seemed to be running the thing, but he told me to 'cut it out,' and I saw that it was no use.

"They took us down to the jail and got our faces by flashlight. I was standing with the rest of the bunch, and my name (my real one, too, for I'd given it to old Stevens in the first place) was stuck underneath.

"I tried to drive it into the chief of police that I was out after the men, but he said I'd given wrong information, and the light-haired kid was boss there, anyhow.

"Then they threw us into cells that a dog couldn't have slept in, and sent us down to Chicago next morning handcuffed together like Siamese twins. They tried us, and I got off with a reprimand from the court for 'encouraging crime and, though a detective by profession, leading young and weak boys astray.'

"Then the chief jawed me for an hour, and gave me a 'vacation' for 'incompetency and general stupidity.' And the papers made it hot for the chief for 'hiring such men,' and then, of course, he chuckled me permanent.

"All because that kid with the yellow hair had started in, on his own hook, to run the same gang that the chief had set me on! If he'd waited three minutes I'd have landed the bunch. I'd have 'gathered in the out-laws,' as the papers said. But you see how it was. And what made it all the worse, the tall chap turned out to be Jim Cummings, wanted in St. Louis and Boston for forgery and robbing the mails.

"As it was—well, it was hard luck, wasn't it?" Mr. Bannister stared gloomily out into the night.

"Come," said he, after a moment, "let's get something to smoke. Every time I think of that kid with the yellow hair it makes my head ache. Let's smoke up." And I followed his short, squat figure into the smoking compartment.

THE MISERY OF BACKACHE

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Muskegon, Mich.—"For six years I was so weak in my back at times that I could hardly walk. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me and it made me good and strong again so that I am able to do all my work. I highly recommend your medicine and tell everyone I meet what it did for me."

—Mrs. G. SCHOONFIELD, 240 Wood Ave, Muskegon, Mich.

Woman's Precious Gift

The one which she should most zealously guard is her health, but she often neglects to do so in season until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

FOR WOMEN

Constipation is women's worst enemy. DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS regulate and cleanse. The great remedy for women's special ills.

Dr. Tut's Liver Pills

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

"I Believe I Could Not Have Lived If I Had Not Taken Rich-Tone."

—Says N. P. Stevens.

"This truly wonderful tonic has done me more good than all the doctors' treatments and I have been under the care of several eminent physicians. I am truly grateful for the benefit I have received from taking Rich-Tone and recommend it to all people who are physically weak and run down."

Take RICH-TONE and gain new energy

Rich-Tone makes more red corpuscles, enriching and purifying the blood. It contains all of the elements that are needed most in maintaining strength and vigor. Rich-Tone rests the tired nerves, restores appetite, induces healthful sleep—it gives you all those things which mean energy and well-being. Get a bottle today—only \$1.00 at all drug stores.

A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Texas

Every Woman Knows that clean, snow-white clothes are a constant source of pleasure.

Red Cross Ball Blue

if used each week preserves the clothes and makes them look like new. Try it and see for yourself. All good grocers sell it; 5 cents a package.

Mitchell Eye Salve

Great relief and solid eye comfort for those afflicted with weak, sore eyes or granulated lids. See At All Druggists, or by mail, from HALE & BUCKLE, Inc. 215 Washington St., N. H.

Children's Coughs

may be checked and more serious conditions of the throat often will be avoided by promptly giving the child a dose of safe

PISO'S

Political Dates This Year

Democratic Primary to Be Held July 24, While General Election is on November 2.

The Republican party in choosing its nominees this year for State, county and precinct offices can make use of either the primary election or convention system; the Democrats, however, must make use of the primary system. The reason for this is found in the election laws, which provide that parties casting more than 100,000 votes in the last general election must nominate by primary while those that cast more than 10,000 and less than 100,000 ballots may avail themselves of either procedure. Delegates to the national convention must be chosen by both parties through the convention system.

Here are the dates, fixed by law, for the various political steps to be taken this year:

Poll Tax Payments.
Jan. 31.—Last day for payment of poll taxes or procurement of certificates of exemption.
Feb. 9.—At February term Commissioners Court shall appoint judges of elections.
March 10.—On or before this day each county tax collector shall make statement to county clerk showing number of poll tax receipts issued, and to whom, in each precinct.
April 1.—On or before this day each county collector shall furnish to the county election board (composed of county judge, county clerk and sheriff) certified lists of citizens of each precinct who have paid poll taxes or obtained exemption certificates prior to Feb. 1.

May 1.—Looking to the nomination of candidates for President and vice president, all parties shall hold precinct conventions on this day, sending delegates to county conventions.
May 4.—County conventions of all parties.

Republican Convention
May 11.—Republican State executive committee shall meet at some place named by the State chairman and decide whether the party will make nominations for State, district and local offices by primary election or through the convention system, and shall certify its decision to the Secretary of State.

May 25.—State conventions of all parties to elect delegates to national conventions.

June 7.—Candidates for party nominations to be made by primary election for offices to be filled by the voters of the State at large shall file applications on or before this day for place on the primary election ballot. Such applications may be filed either by the candidate or by any twenty-five qualified voters. Deposits of any such application in the United States mail by registered letter within the time limit herein indicated has been held to be sufficient.

June 7.—Candidates for party nominations to be made by primary election for office in districts composed of more than one county shall file applications with district chairman or with each of the county chairmen by this day. Twenty-five qualified voters also may file.

June 14.—State executive committee of party shall meet on this day to certify to county chairmen the names of candidates for State offices to be placed upon the primary election ballot, and to name the places for holding State convention.

Applications Filed.
June 19.—On or before this day, candidates for nominations for offices to be filled by the voters of a single county or a portion thereof shall file applications for place on the primary election ballot with county chairmen. Twenty-five qualified voters also may file.

June 31.—County executive committees meet to determine order of names on primary election ballot, to name sub-committees to make up ballot and to transact other business.

June 28.—On or before this day candidates in primary election must pay ballot fees.

July 12.—Subcommittees of county committees meet to make up primary election ballot.

July 14.—Not earlier than this day (ten days before primary election day) nor later than July 21 (three days before such election day) qualified voters who expect to be out of the county of their residence on the day of such election may cast their ballot with the county clerk of their home county.

July 19.—On or before this day persons who have removed from one election precinct to another must present their poll tax receipt or certificate of exemption to the County Collector for record of such removal. Also on this day, Collector shall furnish to County Election Board supplemental lists showing such removals. These provisions apply only to cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants. Collector shall also furnish full list of qualified voters.

July 21.—If presiding judges of election have not been furnished with certified lists of qualified voters by this time, they "shall send for and procure them."

Day for Primaries.
July 24.—"Primary election day" and "precinct convention day" for both Democratic and Republican parties. Primary election opens at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m.

July 28.—Presiding judges of election shall make returns on or before this day to county chairmen.

July 31.—County executive committees canvass returns. Democratic and Republican county conventions held.

Aug. 3.—Managers of political headquarters, or others who have expended money in behalf of any candidate or political party, must file statement of expenses with County Judge within ten days after election. Within the same time candidates also must file statements of expenses.

Aug. 9.—Commissioners' Courts may reform election precincts; shall serve notice of changes on the presiding judge of each precinct within ten days.

Aug. 9.—State Executive Committee meets to canvass returns of primary election. Majority of votes necessary for nomination. In cases where no majority has been received,

a second primary election shall be ordered to decide between the two candidates who received the highest number of votes in the first primary election.

Aug. 10.—State convention of Republican party.

Absentee Voters.
Aug. 18.—Absentee voters can cast ballot for second primary election not less than three or more than ten days before the day of such election (Aug. 28).

Aug. 19.—County Clerk shall certify to each presiding judge the order of the Commissioners' Court giving number, name and bounds of the election precincts, and of their appointment as judges. This service is to be made by the sheriff or a constable within ten days after the entry of such order.

Aug. 23.—On or before this day persons who have removed from one election precinct to another must secure record of such removal by the County Tax Collector. Also on this day Collector shall furnish to county election board supplemental list of voters showing such removals. These provisions apply only to cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants. Collector shall also furnish full list of qualified voters.

Aug. 25.—If such lists of voters have not been supplied to the presiding judge of election, he shall send for them.

Run-off Primary.
Aug. 28.—Second primary election (run-off).

Aug. 28.—District conventions to nominate candidates meet on this day (both Democratic and Republican parties.)

Sept. 1.—On or before this day Commissioners' Courts shall file with County Collector certified copy of order establishing election precincts.

Sept. 1.—On or before this day presiding judges shall make returns to county chairman.

Sept. 6.—State Executive Committee meets to canvass returns of second primary.

Sept. 7.—State Democratic nominating convention opens.

Sept. 7.—Candidates' campaign managers and others must file statements of campaign expenditures on or before this date.

Oct. 1.—Commissioners' Court shall furnish tax collectors' supplies for poll tax business.

Oct. 1.—First day for paying poll taxes.

Oct. 1.—Citizens of cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants who intend to be absent from Oct. 1 to Feb. 1 may provide for payment of poll tax through an agent, who must be authorized in writing as prescribed.

General Election Call.
Oct. 2.—On or before this day the Governor shall make proclamation of the general election. County Commissioners shall give notice of same. Secretary of State shall prescribe to each County Judge forms of blanks necessary for the election and returns.

Oct. 23.—Absentee voters can ballot for general election not less than three nor more than ten days before the day of such election (Nov. 2).

Oct. 23.—On or before this day any nominee may decline or annul his nomination.

Oct. 28.—On or before this day the county chairman of any party, having candidates upon the official ballot may nominate a supervisor of elections for each voting precinct.

Record of Removal.
Oct. 28.—On or before this day persons who have removed from one election precinct to another must apply to County Tax Collector for record of such removal on their poll tax receipts or certificates of exemption. On this day County Tax Collector shall furnish the County Election Board with supplemental lists of such removal. These provisions apply only to cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants. Collector shall also deliver full list of qualified voters.

Oct. 31.—If certified lists of voters are not in the hands of any presiding judge of the election by this day, he "shall send for and procure them."

Nov. 1.—Sheriff shall on this day deliver writ of election and forms to presiding judges of election.

Nov. 1.—Any one-fifth of the candidates may on this day agree upon and select two supervisors of the election.

Nov. 2.—General election; polls opened from 8 a. m. until 7 p. m.

Nov. 8.—Commissioners' Court will meet on this day "and not before" to canvass returns, but in event of failure to meet at that time, then shall meet as soon thereafter as practicable. County Judge shall immediately report the results to Secretary of State, etc.

Nov. 12.—On or before this day managers of campaign, candidates and others must file statement of election expenditures with County Judge.

Nov. 13.—On or before this day presiding judges shall make returns to County Judge and County Clerk.

Nov. 22.—Secretary of State canvasses returns for presidential electors.

Dec. 2.—County Judges in counties to which returns for district offices are made shall on this day canvass such returns and report upon same to Secretary of State. All County Judges shall report to the Secretary of State the names of county and precinct officers elected.

Dec. 12.—Secretary of State canvasses returns for all State offices (except governor and lieutenant governor) and for district offices.

Success is spelled with a capital S, and so is Saving. Saving is the foundation of success.

TRAINING THE CHILD TO BE SELF-RELIANT

(By Mrs. Ethel G. Young)
The development of self-reliance is of vital importance in child training, and one cannot begin too early to teach children to help themselves. Often, it is very much harder and may take more time to let them do something than to do it oneself; but, time and effort are not wasted when they are thus spent.

The best way to help a child to become self-reliant is to give him simple duties at first, adding more difficult ones as he grows older. At an early age, every baby will try to take off his shoes. Instead of scolding him for doing this, show him how to do it and also how to put them on again. After learning this he will soon try to manage the rest of his clothing; before long, he will be able to dress and undress himself with very little help.

Self-reliance and orderliness may be developed in a child at the same time, for the little one who can take out and put away his own toys, may play with them when he will. If he has a place for everything and keeps everything in its place, he can have much more freedom for play, and will not have to wait for someone to come to his assistance.

Often a child asks for help in doing something which he could do for himself if he only knew how. Too often a busy or impatient mother will wait upon her child to save time, and then the next time he wants the same help, he will come to her again. If the mother had taken a few moments the first time to show him how to help himself, there would have been no second time. For example, not long ago a little three-year-old boy came to me and asked for a drink. I told him to go into the kitchen and get it, but he said he could not reach the glass. "Oh, yes, you can," I replied, "I will tell you how. Get a chair and push it near the table; then stand on it and see if you can't get the glass." He did as he was told and in a few minutes came running to me with a beaming face saying, "I'm a big boy now; I can get a drink all by myself."

Self-reliance means confidence in oneself. If one can rely upon his own powers, he most certainly develops them. A child who is taught how to cross the street properly develops his hearing, seeing and reasoning powers.

Of course, we as mothers, must guide the child who is self-reliant in the right direction and the best way to do this is to put more faith in him. Let him realize that we expect him to do the right thing and in nearly every instance he will do it, because he feels his mother's confidence in him. In other words, we must always look for the best in our children instead of something with which to find faults and that if she would correct smaller faults, remembering that we are sometimes exasperating ourselves. A certain mother once complained that she did not know why her child was so naughty when she tried to punish him for every misdeed. His father told her that she saw too many faults, and that if she would correct the big evils, the little ones would disappear. Remember to praise the child whenever he accomplishes something new. Discover things for himself. Soon he will not only be helping himself, but others as well; he will grow more and more considerate.

SOME IMPORTANT INCOME TAX FACTS AND FIGURES

Twenty thousand persons last year paid a fine of \$5 each for failure to file an income tax return for 1918, although their income for that year was not taxable.

The revenue act provides an exemption of \$1,000 for single persons, \$2,000 for married persons and heads of families and an additional exemption of \$200 for each person dependent upon the taxpayer, if such a person is under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support.

The delinquents last year were persons whose income exactly equalled the amount of the exemptions and who considered it unnecessary, therefore, to file a return, and others whose income was nontaxable because of dependents, and who were under a similar mistaken impression.

For example, a single man with a net income of \$1,000 was supporting a sister for whom he was allowed an exemption of \$200, placing his income in the nontaxable list. For this reason he did not file a return. When his delinquency was discovered through a return filed by his employer, who is required to report payments of \$1,000 or more to each employee, he was fined \$5.

To avoid penalty, every person whose income for the last year equalled or exceeded \$1,000 or \$2,000, according to their marital status, or their status as the head of the family, must file return. The law makes no exemptions, the failure being a fine of not more than \$1,000.

Whether or not a person is the "head of a family" and entitled to a \$2,000 exemption is a question to be determined largely by circumstances surrounding each individual case. The fixing of his status decides, in many instances, whether his income is taxable or nontaxable.

A head of a family is defined by treasury regulations as "a person who actually supports and maintains one or more individuals who are closely connected with him blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption, and whose rights to

Building Material Will be no Cheaper Soon

You cannot afford to wait till then to build that New Home or that barn that you are so badly in need of.

See us now and get an estimate on your contemplated improvements.

A. G. McAdams Lumber Co.

W. S. Moore, Manager

SERVICE—QUALITY AND PRICE TAHOKA, TEXAS

EDWARDS BROTHERS

We will at all times do our very best to supply your needs in our lines—Fuel and Feed.

EDWARDS BROTHERS

COAL AND GRAIN TAHOKA, TEXAS

exercise family control and provide for these dependents is based upon some moral or legal obligation."

A single person is the head of a family if he is the sole support of relatives living in the same house with him and if he exercises control of household affairs. The words "sole support" are used in the sense that there is no other person to whom the dependent may look for support.

Incomes from other sources, such as interest on bonds, stock dividends, pensions, etc., if meager enough still to leave the recipient dependent, does not preclude a claim for exemption. Such income, however, must be included in the return of the head of the family.

The \$1,000 additional exemption allowed the head of the family cannot be divided between two single members of a household. A division of responsibility excludes the parties from such claim.

A single person who does not qualify as the head of a family may still claim an exemption of \$200 for each person dependent upon him for support if such person is under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support.

A son who has left home but who sends to his mother more than half the sum required for her support is entitled to the \$200 exemption, provided the mother cannot support herself. Otherwise the amount must be considered as a gift, and, therefore, is not deductible.

A son living at home and supporting his mother may claim the \$2,000 exemption allowed the head of the family, but not an additional exemption of \$200 unless the mother is incapable of self-support.

\$5.00 OR \$1,000.00

You carry a five dollar bill in your pocket but you put a thousand dollar bill in the bank.

A greater risk requires a greater protection.

Do you apply this reasoning to your fire insurance?

The value of your property has doubled. Has your insurance?

Better get the greater protection of more insurance now—while you have something to insure. The old reliable Hartford is glad to take this worry off your shoulders.

Parkhurst Insurance Agency

TAHOKA, TEXAS.

IDAHO BAPTIST CHURCH IS NEARING COMPLETION

The thriving young Baptist church at Idaho is pushing to completion neat, commodious church building, which that prosperous community is very proud. There is growing church of about 78 members.

After a fine meeting last summer they decided to build a house, the money with which to build largely been collected.

Bro. J. B. Cole furnishes as item with the further statement with the assistance of a fine brother from the aid field, this church has subscribed twenty-six thousand dollars to the Seventy-Five Million Plan lately raised. Bro. Cole thinks this is the largest amount raised by a church on the South Plains.

Bro. Cole takes special pride in the fact that he preached the Baptist sermon for that community and led in the organization of the church. They now have a fine pastor and the future of the church is bright.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The News is authorized to announce the following candidates for county, precinct, state and district offices, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries in July, 1919.

For County Judge:
J. W. ELLIOTT.
For County Treasurer:
DON BRADLEY.
(Re-election) Second term.
For Tax Assessor:
HANSFORD TUNNELL.

THE FAIR

H. M. LARKIN, Proprietor

TAHOKA, TEXAS

Life Was a Misery

Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Palmer, Okla., writes:

"From the time I entered into womanhood . . . I looked with dread from one month to the next. I suffered with my back and bearing-down pain, until life to me was a misery. I would think I could not endure the pain any longer, and I gradually got worse. . . . Nothing seemed to help me until, one day, . . . I decided to

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles," Mrs. Jones goes on to say, "and was not only greatly relieved, but can truthfully say that I have not a pain. . . ."

"It has now been two years since I took Cardui, and I am still in good health. . . . I would advise any woman or girl to suffer from any female trouble."

If you suffer pain caused from womanly trouble, or if you feel the need of a good strengthening tonic to build up your run-down system, take the advice of Mrs. Jones. Try Cardui. It helped her. We believe it will help you.

All Druggists

L. 68

Furniture and Undertaking Supplies

I carry a full line of the best Furniture and Undertaking Supplies and will appreciate your business.

J. N. JONES

Furniture and Undertaking

West Side of Square

Tahoka, Texas

Get Ready for Another Bumper Crop

There is no doubt this country will produce a record-breaker this year. See us for farm implements, wagons, etc. We have a good stock on hand.

THE FAIR

H. M. LARKIN, Proprietor

TAHOKA, TEXAS

More Eggs

Reefer's Tonic will give results. For sale at our store.

Thomas Bros. Drug Co.

TAHOKA

TEXAS

O'DONNELL

TEXAS PRODUCED OVER A BILLION DOLLAR CROP

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 20.—Texas is the only state which, in 1919, produced more than one billion dollars worth of agricultural products, a summary of crop reports from the United States Department of Agriculture discloses upon research made by the Texas Chamber of Commerce. Texas raises one-fifth of the nation's cotton. One-tenth of the country's sweet potatoes are grown in this state. To Lone Star farmers go the credit for growing more than one-fifth of America's entire crop of grain sorghums is produced by Texas dry land farming experts while more than one-seventh of the rice crop of 1919 was grown in Texas gulf coast farms. King cotton still rules in Texas although diversifying aspirants in the shape of corn, oats, wheat, kafir corn, milo maize, rice, broom straw, peanuts and sweet potatoes are wrestling his power from him. If Texas' estimated crop of 2,700,000 bales of cotton was distributed to the folks at home, each one of her 5,000,000 citizens would receive a half bale of cotton, valued at \$85. Texas produced 202,800,000 bushels of corn in 1918. This supply was great enough for every corn fed Texan in this state to get a 2,151 pound sack, worth \$55. In 1918 corn hockeys eaters of Texas had to make out on 689 pounds of corn for the crop was only 65,000,000 bushels. The Texas Scotch will be happy to learn that the 1919 oat yield in this state was 94,500,000 bushels, or enough for everybody to get nearly 19 bushels, valued at \$12, counting the price at 64 cents per bushel. With a yield of 31,350,000 bushels, valued at \$62,500,000, this state was eighth in the production of winter wheat of which there were more than six bushels around. Texans will realize why they were stinted for bread in 1918 when they recall that there were not two bushels per person, the yield being only 9,000,000 bushels.

Texas raised nearly half of the nation's grain sorghum crop with 59,333,000 bushels of kafir corn, milo maize and similar dry land grains worth \$65,267,000. The Lone Star state is so far ahead of all other grain sorghum growers that she produced more than twice as much as the two next highest states. As a rice grower, Texas ranks third. This state raises one seventh of all the rice grown in the United States. If Texans were rice eaters like the Chinese, each Lone Star state would have a bowl of rice three times a day every day in the year. The 1919 crop was 6,998,000 bushels. It was worth \$1,500,000. Housekeepers of Texas need have no fears of a broom shortage. Texas grew 10,800 tons—not pounds, but tons—of broom straw in 1919. This straw, which was worth \$1,500,000, is enough to insure every housewife a brand new, clean-sweeping broom of which she may have a pardonable pride because her state raises one-fifth of the nation's supply of broom corn and stands next to the top. This state is now second in peanut production, the 1919 crop yielding a heaped up bushel sack for every goober-eater in Texas. The exact figures are 5,500,000 bushels and the value is \$13,209,000. Lovers of old timey pumpkin yams will take a delight in abetting the sweet potato in snatching from King Cotton some of his acreage. Texas produced 10,450,000 bushels of sweet potatoes in 1919. This yield was more than enough for every Texan to have two bushels. This crop was worth \$15,675,000, the third largest among the states.

TWO CHILDREN POISONED FROM EATING CANDY

Ethel Loree, age four years, eight months, and Lila Odel, age two years, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnson, living near Aiken, thirteen miles east of Plainview, died Monday night at 7 and 10 o'clock, from peculiar symptoms. It was first thought that they might be victims of the peculiar disease that last week broke out in certain towns in Oklahoma, but it is now thought that they were poisoned by eating some candy. Two days before Mr. Johnson bought some candy and took it home to the children, and they ate it. The older girl became sick soon afterward, and a day or so later the smaller one was also taken sick. Both of them had severe spells of vomiting. They were drowsy and listless and the sickness was different from ordinary poisoning.—Plainview News.

Hold on to your War Savings Stamps. Don't cash them. They are earning interest for you every day.

ECZEMA!

MONEY BACK without question if Hunt's Salve fails in the treatment of Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Itch, etc. Don't become discouraged because other treatments failed. Hunt's Salve has relieved hundreds of such cases. You can't lose on our Money Back Guarantee. Try it at our risk TODAY. Price 75c at



Thomas Bros.

HOG PRICES HIGHER AGAIN CATTLE AND SHEEP STEADY

Though hog receipts were liberal demand was urgent and prices were 10 to 25 cents higher than Saturday. Sheep receipts were the largest of the year thus far. Lambs were quoted steady to weak, and other grades steady, top lambs \$19.35. Cattle were in moderate supply and sold slowly at steady prices. Native steers sold up to \$14.50 and pulp fed steers up to \$12.50.

Today's Receipts.
Receipts today were 16,000 cattle, 19,000 hogs, and 13,000 sheep, compared with 17,000 cattle, 16,000 hogs, and 6000 sheep a week ago, and 18,225 cattle, 29,675 hogs, and 7700 sheep a year ago. Outside of a few carloads of cattle from Texas, New Mexico and Colorado, and sheep from Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and Oklahoma.
Beef Cattle.
Prices for fat cattle today were practically the same as late last week. The early trade showed no particular snap, but later became fairly active. With hogs selling above \$15, and lambs \$18.50 to \$19.35, beef cattle are relatively low, and many traders expect an improvement in prices soon. Most of the steers today were short fed grades that sold at \$12 to \$13.50, and better kinds up to \$14.50. Some Colorado pulp fed steers brought \$12.50. Cows and heifers sold at steady prices. "Canners" brought \$5.50 to \$6.25, cutters \$6.50 to \$7.50, and butcher grades \$7.75 to \$10.75, with prime cows \$11 to \$12.50. Veal calves and bulls were firm.

Stockers and Feeders.
Feeders sold at steady prices and stockers were quoted stronger. General demand was about normal for this season of the year. Stockers showed a wide range in quality with prices from \$7.75 to \$11.50. Fleshy feeders brought \$12 to \$13.25, and others \$9.50 to \$11.75. Stock cows and heifers were in active demand at \$6.50 to \$9.00, and stock calves sold slowly at \$8 to \$11.50.

Hogs.
Active demand forced hog prices up 10 to 25 cents to the high level of last week. The top price was \$15.30, and the bulk of the offerings sold at \$15 to \$15.25. Quality of the offerings was about the same as last week. Average weight here is 10 to 15 pounds less than at other Missouri River markets, yet packers drove show a higher average cost here than at competitive points. Pigs and thin hogs are finding a ready outlet at \$13.50 to \$15.25.

Sheep and Lambs.
Sheep receipts today were 13,000, the largest supply since early in December, or before the market came in for a general advance. Lambs sold at \$18.50 to \$19.35, compared with an extreme top of \$19.40 last week. Some salesmen quoted a slight weakness in the trade. Fat sheep, feeding lambs, and breeding ewes were fully steady, with demand active.

Horses and Mules.
Another liberal supply of horses and mules is in sight for the auctions this week, with fully as many buyers here as last week. Prices at today's auction were steady. Practically all classes were in demand.
Charles M. Pipkin,
Market Correspondent.

RE-HEARING IN CROSBY COUNTY CASE

Washington, Jan. 26.—The supreme court today granted a writ of certiorari to the Western Union Telegraph Company and will review the decision of the Seventh Court of Civil Appeals at Amarillo in which the Amarillo court upheld the verdict of a Crosby county jury in giving Eugene E. Southwick damages for a garbled telegram regarding a land purchase.

The supreme court granted the writ of the company's contention that the message was sent as an un-repeated one, and, hence, the company is not responsible for error in transmission.

The case of Southwick against the Western Union Telegraph Company was heard in the Amarillo court last June, judgment of about \$500 being granted the plaintiff. A motion for a rehearing was overruled in October and an appeal was made to the supreme court.

According to attaches of the local court, a telegram was sent from Crosby county to the owner in Nebraska, making an offer for land. The telegraph operator either made an error in sending or receiving the reply from the Nebraska party, causing a loss in the closing up of the transaction, it is alleged.

OUSLEY WARNS AGAINST PLANTING ALL COTTON

College Station, Texas, Jan. 23.—Clarence Ousley, former director of extension of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, is a visitor here today. He came from Washington to Texas, arriving in Houston last Sunday to aid in placing before the farmers of Texas the 1920 farm program passed at the Waco meeting of the State Council of Agriculture Dec. 11. Mr. Ousley attributed the present prosperity in Texas to the raising of sufficient food and feedstuff and not to the price of cotton, and said that "if we reversed this order in 1920 and plant all for bread and meat even if the price of the staple is 40c or more." He will go to Houston tomorrow to address the Texas Association for Agricultural Legislation.

Benjamin Franklin, the great American apostle of Thrift, has just had the anniversary of his birthday celebrated. If Franklin were living today he would say: "Work and Save, Save and Succeed. Thrift is Power." War Savings Stamps will aid you to Franklinize.

Did you ever hear of a pauper that amounted to anything? Prosperity and success go hand in hand. War Savings Stamps cobble the way that leads to success.

FURNISH YOUR HOME

Come in and see our stock. We can save you money, we are confident, and you see exactly what you are getting. We have a good assortment and more coming. Our line of floor coverings is the wonder of those who see it.

J. E. STOKES FURNITURE STORE

West Side Square

Tahoka, Texas.

SLATS' DIARY

Friday—Pa and me went down in town this evening & pa seen a old friend & he sed 2 him What makes you luk so sober & sad. & the man replied & sed Wen a man is sober isent that enuff 2 make him sad. Pa sed I guess it is.

Saturday—went 2 a pitcher show tonite & when I cum out 2 go on home the St. lites was out. When I got home I was almost clean out of breath. Ma sed 2 me You shouldnt ought to be afraid Just reckonek that the good man is all ways with you. I guess that is rite but I for Got. But he was a stepping sum if he kep up.

Sunday—At church this morning a mishunary lady ast pa if he had enny use for his old close Pa sed Yes a good deal of use. This cold weather.
Monday—Jake & me had a fite this morning which was a very respecttable 1 too. But we made up & was good frends. Whats a little fite enny way I sed 2 Jake & he sed Yes whats a fite ennyway.

Tuesday—The teacher ast of Jane Who was Clumbus & she answered & sed Clumbus was a Spanyard which was born in Itly & moved over here & organized Ameriky. I snickered so I guess I am in Bad agen. Shucks who cares about girls.

Wednesday—Pa ast me 2 explane why I got such poor grades in skool this month. I told him I couldnt understand it Either as I spent more time in the skool room than enny buddy else (which is the fault of the teacher evry night). I guess grades is like everything Else after the Hollow days. They just mark them down. But they is no cents in marking them below Cost.

Thursday—Pa red in the paper tonite where is the ole fashioned nickel which used 2 buy a beer. Pa sed Where is the ole fashioned beer which the old fashioned nickel used 2 by. Then he side a long sigh.

Friday—I rote a nother pome & sent it 2 Jane today. It run like this—The sun is in the westrun sky. The lite of love is in yure eye. And when you look at me I sigh. If this antrew I hope 2 die. She blushed when she had red it & then she went on & studied her rithmetick. Which was a awful hard lesson. I got 60 five in mine. Also got kep in after skool.

Saturday—Lester Aims called me a sissy & I swore I wood get Even with him & ma sed I must not seek revenge & must forgive him. But I aint forgiveing that burd because whats the use when I can whip him. I mite forgive Pug Stevens. Some kids says they know whom Slats is. So do I. Slats is me.

Sunday—I eat a lotta mince pie & got sumthing liye a cute indigestion. The fissionology give a gang of reasons why you shouldnt ought 2 eat mince pie but I could not recoleck any on them. It is very good.

Monday—Jane acks very uppy today. Women is the biggest riddle in the World. But even if we cant guess them us men dont seem 2 want 2 give them up.

Tuesday—Pa tuk me 2 the store when he was going 2 buy ma a pair of shoes they was a pritty yung girl at the lace counter & pa stepped up 2 her & smiled & sed. Little One can you tell me where bouts I will find ladsy shoes & she give hint a slurring look & sed I guess you wont find them on her elbow will you. Pa made a silent walk away. He sed for me 2 keep my mouth shut. But I haddent sed enny thing.

Wednesday—I was reading in a book that the husbens of women in Pattygona never know there wives till after they are married. I let pa see it & he sed In the united States neether.

Thursday—Jane is like herself agen today she smiles at me & she borrowed sum chewing gum from me. I ast her did she know what a kiss is. She rolled her eyes up & sed A kiss my friend is the langwidge of love. I sed Lets us tawk a few minits. How ever they was not enny thing doing. Pa sed they is sum girls which wares out 2 sets of manikure tools 2 1 broom.

SPECIAL SESSION OF LEGISLATURE MAY BE CALLED

Austin, Texas, Jan. 22.—Governor Hobby may be requested to call a special session of the legislature to enact laws to carry out plans for relief of the school situation which will be considered at a meeting of the Texas Teachers' Association here tomorrow, according to several leaders of the movement.

Dr. R. E. Vinson, president of the University of Texas, and president of the Teachers' association has issued a call for representative school men from each congressional district to meet with him and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction here today to prepare plans for aiding in the financing of both public schools and institutions of higher education. The plans formed at this meeting will be submitted for consideration tomorrow.

Several of the state educational institutions have been forced to apply to the governor for deficiencies because of the unprecedented attendance of this year. In the public schools there has been a scarcity of teachers, and those in touch with the situation say that teachers will continue to abandon the profession until their salaries are made more adequate.

Dr. Vinson, Miss Annie Webb Blanton, state superintendent of public instruction, and others have sent

Federal and U. S. Tires

You have the satisfaction of knowing you have as good tires as anybody and they will give you service under any condition that will give you entire satisfaction. Get the Federal or U. S. Tires and avoid much of your tire trouble.

Howell's Garage

General repair workers and battery doctors
TAHOKA, TEXAS

Building Material

Wire	Lumber
Posts	Brick
Stays	Lime
Staples	Cement
Windmills	Nails
Troughs	Paint
Gates	Varnishes

Every kind of building material. See us before you build.

Higginbotham-Harris & Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

letters to the Mothers' clubs and other organizations of Texas and urged them to come together, discuss the school situation, and forward suggestions for a solution to the governor.

LAMESA OIL WELL REACHING EXCITING POINT

The oil well is reaching an exciting point now. All that the geologist told them they would find, they are finding and every day brings the hopes higher as the truth dawns upon them that they are really about to get oil. May she shoot the top off. When the well comes in look out for a rise in real estate in Lamesa. They have changed the casing to take care

NORMAL COLLEGE STUDENT DIES OF PNEUMONIA ATTACK

Canyon, Jan. 27.—Miss Corrine Richards, 17, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, of Stanton, Texas, and a student of the West Texas Canyon Normal College, died this afternoon at 3:20 o'clock at the residence of J. C. Jenkins, from pneumonia.

The only time to start saving is now. Compound interest makes the future successful. War Savings Stamps earn compound interest.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford car can well be called the "people's car," because there are more than 3,000,000 of them in daily operation. That is about four to one of the nearest follower in the motor car industry. This would not be so if the Ford car had not for sixteen years proven its superiority in service, in durability, and in the low cost for operation and maintenance; this would not be so if the Ford car was not so easy to understand, so simple in construction that anybody and everybody can safely drive it. Let us have your order for one now to avoid delay in delivery.

BRADLEY-TAHOKA AUTO COMPANY

TAHOKA, TEXAS



Will Not be One Day Without PE-RU-NA

This Lady TELLS Her FRIENDS

Mrs. Mary Fricke, 507 Bornman St., Belleville, Ill., is just one of the many thousands of ladies throughout the country who, after an agony of years, have at last found health, strength and vigor in PE-RU-NA.

Her own words tell of her suffering and recovery better than we can do it: "I suffered with my stomach, had awful cramps and headaches so I often could not lay on a pillow. Saw your book, tried PE-RU-NA and got good results from the first bottle. To be sure of a cure I took twelve bottles. I have recommended PE-RU-NA to my friends and all are well pleased with results. I will not be one day without PE-RU-NA. Have not had a doctor since I started with PE-RU-NA, which was about fifteen years ago. I am now sixty-three years old, hale, hearty and well. Can do as much work as my daughters. I feel strong and healthy and weigh near two hundred pounds. Before, I weighed as little as one hundred. I hope lots of people use PE-RU-NA and get the results I did." An experience like that of Mrs. Fricke is an inspiration to every sick and suffering woman.



MRS. MARY FRICKE

If you have catarrh, whether it be of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or other organs, PE-RU-NA is the remedy. It is not new; it is not an experiment. PE-RU-NA has been tried. PE-RU-NA has been used by thousands who once were sick and are now well. To prevent coughs, colds, grip and influenza and to hasten recovery there is nothing better.

PE-RU-NA will improve the appetite and digestion, purify the blood, soothe the irritated mucous linings, eradicate the waste material and corruption from the system. It will tone up the nerves, give you health, strength, vigor and the joy of living. Do what Mrs. Mary Fricke and thousands more have done—try PE-RU-NA. You will be glad, happy, thankful.

Tablet or Liquid. Sold Everywhere.

Contributions From the Squirrel Family



Countless pert little squirrels of the kind we are all more or less familiar with die to furnish pelts that masquerade as other skins in garments made of them. They are dyed into beautiful brown tones and the furriers rechristen them. But the pelt of the Siberian squirrel is an exquisite gray, marvelously marked, that makes one think of a white mist. To dye it would be like painting the lily or adorning the rose. It is made up into regal garments and used in fur pieces or for collars and cuffs on coats of sealskin or of sumptuous fabrics. There is no gray more beautiful and delicate, therefore this fur seems best adapted to wraps for high occasions.

The designer who made the wrap pictured understood how to suit the style to the fur. It is a mantle of Siberian squirrel and "class" is written in every line of it; grace, rather than utility or even convenience, governed its making. It is very dressy and has a wide collar; there are slits to accommodate the arms, instead of sleeves, and it is shaped to a long back. A single, large fur-covered button assumes all the responsibility of fastening it, and

it is an easy matter to slip this wrap off or on. One can imagine ermine made up in the same way for the same sort of wear, or sable or sealskin.

Every season presents coats of ordinary squirrel fur for misses and for grown people's wear in the undyed skins. But the chances are that many more skins are used for making up garments and fur pieces in dark colors than in the natural colors. It proves a satisfactory fur in wearing qualities whether dyed or not.

Squirrel is the most esteemed of furs for children's wear and leads in the little company which provide warmth in their coats. It includes opossum, Angora, muskrat, rabbit, light fitch and imitation ermine. The white belly of the squirrel accounts for much of the last-mentioned, but is chiefly used for making linings for cloth coats both for grown people and children, and for lining carriage robes for infants.

Edged With Squirrel Fur.
A frock of gray organdie is edged with squirrel fur.

For Demiseason Wear



Hats for between-season wear—these are the hats that are selling now. Millinery establishments used to present hats for winter to be followed, after a season of quiet, by hats for spring, and let it go at that, but now, by way of variety, we are favored with hats for between times. Mostly these hats are small or medium sized, chic affairs for any clime and any weather. They do not belong either to winter or summer but fit in against a background of snow or of sunny skies.

A great many between-season hats are on display just now and satin, as a material for making them, appears to have no rival within speaking distance of it unless it is the all-ribbon hat. They are the aristocratic first cousins of the satin hat and many of them are made of satin ribbons; also considerable fine workmanship is involved in their making and nearly always the ribbons used are narrow. There are also certain braids and even straws of brilliant surface that belong to the interval between winter and spring.

Satin is featured in the group of three hats shown above, although the uppermost hat appears to be faced with velvet. It takes advantage of the liking for feather fringes and uses a

fringe of glycerined ostrich to edge its top crown and brim, which is very wide. This is an all-black model—a brilliant hat in which one can feel at home anywhere.

At the center of the picture a wide-brimmed Breton sailor has a collar and bow of ribbon for trimming—the simplest treatment possible. But the brim is very handsomely faced with very narrow braid sewed on edge to the satin foundation, very nearly covering it. This is an example of fine workmanship and a hat of great distinction. A turban of satin with soft top crown finishes the group. The satin forms a shirred band about the shape and a very narrow ribbon, with tinsel edge is tied about it with a flat bow at the front. A fold of angora cloth binds the brim edge. This model is new and chic—one cannot think of a location, within reach, that it would seem out of place in.

There is a material called cellophane that is brilliant and weather resisting and looks much like slipper straw that must be reckoned with.

Julia Botkin

CHILLS, COLDS, FEVERISHNESS

Black-Draught Is Used by Virginia Lady for Colds, Fever and Other Troubles With Fine Results.

Rocky Mount, Va.—Miss Mae Chitwood, of this place, recently stated: "I have used Black-Draught for colds and stomach trouble and certainly have found it very satisfactory.

When I would feel bad and feverish, as though I was taking a fresh cold, I would make a good cup of Black-Draught tea and it would soon set me all right.

I can recommend it as a splendid laxative and gladly do so. You may publish my statement."

When you feel chilly, tired, feverish, headachy and fear that you are taking cold, take a good dose of the old, reliable, liver medicine you have heard so much about—Theodore's Black-Draught. It is made from purely vegetable ingredients, acts in a gentle, natural way, and by helping to drive out poisonous waste matter from your system, it will often, if taken in time, prevent a chill from developing into a cold.

Thousands of people, during the past 70 years, have found Black-Draught of benefit in such cases.

Try it, the next time you chill or sneeze.—Adv.

Grumbling doesn't pay. It only makes the hard job harder.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *W. C. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Enforced Idleness finds the devil's workshop operating at full capacity.

Eases Colds

At once! Relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

The first dose eases your cold! Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

Relief awaits you! Open your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stop nose running; relieve the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's—Adv.

Brighten up the home.

A TEXAS FAMILY'S EXPERIENCE

Galveston, Texas.—"After the flood 1900 all my family became run-down, and to exposure of being in the water."



of sleep, etc. They were all feeling miserable and the only medicine they took was Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. By the use of this they were all restored to health and strength.

"I always keep the 'Pleasant Pellets' in my home. They are an excellent regulator of the stomach, liver and bowels, or for bilious attacks. I can speak in the highest terms of all Dr. Pierce's Medicines."—Mrs. J. W. Moss, 3913 Ave. K.

Houston, Texas.—"All my life my liver has given me considerable trouble. I have suffered with sick headaches and have had yellow blotches appear all over my body. At one time I was so bad with it that I lost all ambition to do my housework and was really 'all in' with 'Golden Medical Discovery' was recommended to me by a friend. I took six bottles of it, which made me feel like a different woman. I consider Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery the very best liver medicine I have ever known and have no hesitation in recommending it to those afflicted with chronic liver ailments."—Mrs. C. A. Finn, 2214 Washington Ave.

Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalid Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial package of any of his medicines.

If one has "pep," he does something, whether it is worth doing or not.

GET READY FOR "FLU"

Keep Your Liver Active, Your System Purified and Free From Colds by Taking Calotabs, the Nauseless Calomel Tablets, that are Delightful, Safe and Sure.

Physicians and Druggists are advising their friends to keep their systems purified and their organs in perfect working order as a protection against the return of influenza. They know that a clogged up system and a liver favor colds, influenza and serious complications.

To cut short a cold overnight and to prevent serious complications take one Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea, no griping, no sickening after effects. Next morning your cold has vanished, your liver is active, your system is purified and refreshed and you are feeling fine with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Eat what you please—no danger.

Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Every druggist is authorized to refund your money if you are not perfectly delighted with Calotabs.—(Adv.)

If everybody is really doing his best there are a lot of mighty poor workmen in this world.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Brock's Cream—Your Druggist will send you a trial tube. Brock's Cream, Co., 297 1/2 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

HEADACHE Bad for Health Upsets Nerves Go to Drug Store Buy **CAPUDINE** BY DOSE AND IN BOTTLES—10¢ PER BOTTLE

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 3-1920.

ASPIRIN

Introduced by "Bayer" to Physicians in 1900

You want genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. The name "Bayer" means the true, world-famous Aspirin, proved safe by millions of people.

Each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis and for Pain generally

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

"Hunt's Lightning Oil is a wonder," says Mrs. John Newman. "I have taken all the hurting away."

This soothing, healing, penetrating, remedy takes all the smarting out of burns, scalds, cuts, etc. A few drops of Hunt's Lightning Oil does almost instant relief.

You should have this remedy in your medicine chest. Get a bottle from the very first drug store you come to. 35c and 70c sizes.

A. B. Richards Medicine Company, Inc.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

For MALARIA, CHILLS and FEVER. GOT HOMES AT SMALL COST

Fortunate Purchasers Profited by the Dismantling of Government-Built Munition Plants.

To select a dwelling from a large stock of samples, buy it "over the counter" at a bargain price, and then pack it on a motortruck to be sent home, is a novel solution of the house-hunting problem, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. That is literally what has been happening recently, however, in a number of communities where munition-plant housing facilities are being dismantled by the government. All the purchaser needs is a vacant lot, of course, and a foundation for his new home.

Near Cincinnati more than 200 four-room houses were sold in two days at the remarkable price of \$200 each, their original cost to the government having been over \$1,500. Purchasers of these houses have been able to get concrete block foundations built for an average price of \$223, and to secure truck and trailer delivery within five miles for \$120, making a total cost of \$553 for a well-built home.

Quite Justified. "I know a man who delights in bringing a blush to people's cheeks." "And do people allow it?" "Of course, they do. They go to him to buy their rouge."

Grape-Nuts

supplies what many breakfast cereals lack

—solid nourishment including the vital mineral salts so necessary to encourage normal growth in children.

A body-building food that tastes real good

"There's a Reason"

ENJOYED WELL-WON HONORS
ALSO A FINE GENERAL STRENGTHENING TONIC. Sold by All Drug Stores.

Some Men of Genius Who Lived Many Years After Their Fame Had Been Assured.

Sophocles, the famous Athenian dramatist, lived to be ninety. The author of "Ajax" is the oldest writer and he is unique in his degree of longevity. The next in point of age is Thomas Carlyle, the author of "Sartor Resartus" and "The French Revolution," and other works of noble conception, undoubted brilliance, and lofty aspirations. He died at the age of eighty-six.

Jeremy Bentham, whose disciple was John Stuart Mill, and who is the author of works on government, "The Principles of Morals and Politics," and other lucid expositions of the utilitarian system, underlived Carlyle by one year; while Voltaire, whose "Philosophical Letters" and "Discourses of Man" make his name to live, died at the age of eighty-four.

Kept Waiting. "Better not keep that man waiting any longer." "Why not?" demanded the magnate. "He's been waiting so long that he has become acquainted with your stenographer. Their acquaintance has ripened into friendship; love is a natural sequence, marriage follows, and then you'll be shy a good stenog."—Kansas City Journal.



DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

By **MARY GRAHAM BONNER**
© 1926, THE AUTHOR.

THE SNOW FLAKES.

"Let us fall gently, slowly, and let us be fine and big and dignified," said Leader Snow Flake.

"All right," said the other Snow Flakes. "We all agree."

So the Snow Flakes fell down to the earth slowly and quietly, and every flake was very big. They looked very dignified indeed, and very fine as they fell so slowly, without any hurrying at all.

"I hope," said Leader Snow Flake, "that Mr. Wind won't come along and hurry us up."

"I hope he won't," said one of the other Snow Flakes.

"We won't be dignified then," said Leader Snow Flake. "And we won't be superior. We'd only be an angry, bustling blizzard."

"Ah," said one of the other Snow Flakes, "let us send a wish to old man Wind by the little Breeze Brothers."

"Did you call us?" asked the Breeze Brothers.

"We did," said the Snow Flakes.

"Are you going to give a party and may we deliver the message for you?" asked the Breeze Brothers.

"No, we aren't giving a party," said Leader Snow Flake, "but we want to have a fine, dignified snow storm, a superior snow storm, for the earth people, and if Mr. Wind should come along and decide to have things his own way, it would upset matters greatly."

"Well," said the Breeze Brothers, "do you want us to ask him not to come around and bother you?"

"You've guessed it," said Leader Snow Flake.

"We'd be glad enough to do it," said the Breeze Brothers, "only—"

"Oh, don't say 'only,'" begged the Snow Flakes. "Pray do not make any excuse."

"We're now making one," said the Breeze Brothers, "because we don't want to oblige you, but sometimes, especially in these days of the winter, we don't know what Mr. Wind is going to do next."

"And we wouldn't even get a chance to speak if he had decided he wanted some exercise. He would just blow us away and would say: 'Be off, little Breezes, I want to give a good old rushing, blowing wind to the earth and the trees and the snow and the air today. Go and play in the nursery, but don't come out today. For Daddy Wind is going to take a rushing, whirling trip today.'

"But if he hasn't already started you will tell him, won't you?" asked the Snow Flakes.

"By all means," said the Breeze Brothers, and off they went.

Evidently Mr. Wind was not anxious to take one of his hard trips, for the wind didn't blow and the snow fell gently and quietly to the earth.

"We'll cheer up the country," said Leader Snow Flake, "for see how gray and lonely the ice-covered lake looks, and how cold and dry and hard the roads look and the dried-up grass on the hills."

"We will give everything a soft, warm, beautiful blanket of white snow."

"Yes, that is what we will do," said the little Snow Flakes, though they weren't so little after all. They were very big, to be sure, but as Leader Snow Flake was bigger than any of them, he called them the little Snow Flakes, or his Snow Flake followers.

"It's so nice when we're feeling quite like this not to take part in a blizzard," said Leader Snow Flake. "Why, I feel no more like a blizzard than a child would feel like going to a dancing party if it woke up in the middle of the night. It would feel quite sleepy and would want to go to sleep again, and wouldn't feel at all like games and playing and dancing."

"So I don't feel like a blizzard, but this quiet snow storm just suits me."

"It suits us, too," said the Snow Flake followers, "but you must never call a child 'it' again! That is quite incorrect."

"Dignified."

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"Beautiful Blanket."

"Come here, Johnnie," called his uncle, "I want to ask you a question. 'All right,' sang out Johnnie. 'Now,' said his uncle, 'do you treat your little sister as you should?' 'Sure,' said Johnnie. 'I even eat up her candy 'cause it makes her sick when she eats it.'"

How He Treats His Sister.

"Come here, Johnnie," called his uncle, "I want to ask you a question. 'All right,' sang out Johnnie. 'Now,' said his uncle, 'do you treat your little sister as you should?' 'Sure,' said Johnnie. 'I even eat up her candy 'cause it makes her sick when she eats it.'"

Character Building.

Life is mainly an opportunity for character building and testing.

Project for City Planning.

Ann Arbor, Mich., is to have a city planning body to control all general city improvements, such as building and traffic problems and city beautification. Members of the new commission will have longer terms than any of the present city officials, so that broad plans of improvement affecting the whole municipality will be uninterrupted by changes of administration.

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IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By REV. H. R. FETZWAUER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.
Copyright, 1926, Western Newspaper Union

LESSON FOR JANUARY 25

PETER STANDS UP FOR TRUTH AND HONESTY.

LESSON TEXT—Acts 5:1-16.
GOLDEN TEXT—Lying lips are abomination to the Lord; but they that deal truly are his delight.—Prov. 12:22.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Ex. 20:16
Prov. 11:1; Matt. 6: 2-4; Gal. 6:7, 8; Eph. 6:15, 25, 30.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Telling the Truth.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Two Disciples and What Became of Them.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Folly and Sinfulness of Lying.

In this lesson we see the new community now called "the church" (v. 11) vindicated in the boldness of Peter and John we see that the break with Judaism has come—the authority of the Sanhedrin is repudiated with the determination on the part of the disciples to be led by the Holy Spirit. It is for this reason that the body now gets the name "church." Since the break has come it must be shown to be a holy body; it must have recognition as being sacred. The sanctity of the abode is transferred to the new body, which is God's dwelling place (Eph. 2:19-22). The church itself, as well as the people about, did not know his until God's judgment burst forth.

I. Characteristics of the Primitive Church (4:31-35).

1. It was a praying church (v. 31). For every want and need they seeked themselves to God in prayer.
2. It was a Spirit-filled church (v. 31). A praying church is a Spirit-filled church. The Spirit is given in answer to prayer (Luke 11:13).
3. It was a church which had great boldness in preaching the Word of God (v. 31). The minister in a Spirit-filled church will not offer an apology for the Bible, but will fearlessly preach it.
4. It was a united church (v. 32). They were "of one heart and one soul."
5. It was a charitable and generous church (v. 32). As needs arose supplies were given from a common fund.
6. Its ministers had a powerful testimony (v. 33).
7. It was a church whose membership exhibited unblemished characters (v. 33). For "great grace was upon them all."

II. The Sin of Ananias and Sapphira (vv. 1-11).

1. Its occasion (vv. 1, 2). This was their hypocritical imitation of the generous act of Barnabas (4:36, 37). Because of the peculiar distress of the early church when the open rupture was made with Judaism, the members for a time had a "community of goods." This was not universal nor permanent; some continued to own their own homes, as for example John Mark's mother, who used her home in which to entertain Christians. Ananias kept back a part of the money received for his land while pretending to have brought it all. His wife was a partner in it. They wanted the honor of generosity without paying the price.
2. The judgment (vv. 3-10). Ananias allowed Satan to fill his heart and led to the Holy Ghost in keeping back a part of the price of the land. It was most likely an acted lie. They were not under obligation to sell their land or having sold it, to bring any of the money and place it in the common fund. Peter declared that they were absolutely free to do as they pleased with it. Love of praise is causing many today to make the same dreadful mistake. People are walking in the way of Ananias and Sapphira when they make a profession of religion for temporal gain and pleasure, or even preaching sermons not their own. Frequently men preach the sermons of Moody and Spurgeon without giving credit. Physical death was visited upon Ananias and Sapphira for their sins.

III. The Effect (vv. 11-16).

1. Great fear came upon the church and upon all who heard of these things (v. 11). Irreverence is an outstanding sin of this age. The church should be recognized as holy—the very dwelling place of the Most High God.
2. Multitudes of men and women were added to the Lord (v. 14). This caused the fame of Peter to be spread far and wide, so that the people were anxious to come under his shadow. Were the holiness of the body of Christ recognized, there would be many coming for pardon and salvation.
3. The hypocrites did not dare to join (v. 13). It is interesting to note that this vindication of the holiness of the church did not deter any but hypocrites from joining it. Nothing unhalloved nor any unregenerate person has a place in the church. This applies to our offerings as well as to our person.

Daily Prayer.

Oh Lord, we thank thee that men turn to thee; the measure of their need is the measure of thy supply. Let thy spirit dwell in our spirits, and then all shall be well within and peaceful without. We pray thee to give us a fuller and firmer, and more continual, and more vigorous and efficacious confidence in thyself. Through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

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HomeTown Helps

GOOD WALKS FIRST REQUISITE

Those Built of Concrete Are Probably the Best That Have as Yet Been Devised.

Good walks between the buildings on farms add greatly to the ease and comfort with which farm work can be done. Good walks about suburban homes are a necessity. Concrete walks when properly made are permanent. The New York state college of agriculture recommends excavating 8 to 10 inches, but what is worth doing, particularly in making walks with the expectation of having them permanent, is worth doing as well as it can be done. Therefore make the excavation 10 inches, or better 12 inches, and fill it with from 6 to 8 inches of cinders and similar material well tamped to make a good base. On top of this place 3 1/2 inches of concrete tamped in place and a top coat of 1/2 inch of cement mixed in the proportions of one part cement to two of sand. The gravel for concrete should be well graded in sizes from 3/4 inch to 1 inch, and for this material the proportions may well be one part cement, three of sand and six of gravel. Poorer materials should have a richer mixture. The top coat should be trowelled to drive it into the concrete base but not necessarily to make it smooth.

A rough surface walk may be advisable, in which case a little finer gravel may be used in the concrete and the full 4 inches made of this material.

COMPETITION IN GOOD WORK

Experiment Tried by Group of West Virginia Towns Has Proved Advantage to All.

Cities at least have the stimulus to make improvement whether they do so or not. The village and rural communities lack the stimulation that comes through contact with the outside world. It is not surprising to find them narrow and unprogressive. A unique experiment along the line of community betterment has been in progress for two years in 23 small West Virginia communities. A system of points is used to score community progress, 1,000 being a perfect score. Nine general headings are used to cover the field of community development—history, government, business, farms, clubs, homes, schools, churches and health. As examples of the way it works, the absence of gaudy and ugly advertising signs scored two points; increased use of school building for regular school work and as a social center, four points, and one point each for better housekeeping as the result of activities of the farm women's clubs, installation of bathrooms and running water in kitchens, and extension and improvement in the rural telephone system. The experiment has produced no Utopia, but has raised standards in the communities involved.—Leslie's.

Clubs in English Villages.

More than 350 English villages have organized branches of the Village Clubs association, a union of rural community societies through which it is planned to make country life more attractive.

In each of these communities, club-houses have been constructed varying in size and appointment from a simple reading room, which may also be made to serve as a general meeting place, to Nettlebed's pretentious village hall, which offers men's and women's dressing rooms, library, reading and billiard rooms, a play shed, skittle alley, rifle range, kitchen and cookery school.

In the organization of these clubs, four points are given prime consideration—the eligibility of both women and men to membership, that the clubs shall be nonpolitical and nonsectarian and that they shall be administered by a committee elected by the members.

Before You Build.

Think twice before you build; don't let the present shortage of houses scare you into buying the first lot you come to and setting the contractor to work. Look around a bit; the house you build will stand there a long time—your home. Plan to make it beautiful and to give it a setting of beauty. It can be done; trees will do it. Nice houses are always made nicer by the company of trees. They look more like homes. They strike a note of comfort, of permanence, of stability, of peace. In Good Housekeeping Miss Alice Booth shows us with many beautiful photographs why the best of homes need trees.

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Calomel

a "High Explosive" to the System

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it like dynamite, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Take "Dodson's Liver Tone" instead

If you are sluggish and "all knocked about," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated, or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

Oftentimes hard kicking will remedy a case of "cold feet."

KEEP IT HANDY

If you paid a specialist \$25.00 for a prescription, you would not get anything that would give quicker relief for Croup, Catarrh, Colds, or Sore Throat, than VACHER BALM, which only costs 30c in jars, or tubes. Write for Samples and Agent's Prices. Beware of Imitations. E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Adv.

HOW IS YOUR EXPRESSION?

Well to Remember Sometimes That a Man is Apt to Be Judged by His Looks.

What kind of expression do you wear habitually? Is it sour, morose, repellent? Is it a mean, stony, contemptible, uncharitable, intolerant expression? Do you wear the expression of a bulldog, a grasping, greedy, hungry expression, which indicates an avaricious nature? Do you go about among the members of your family with a thunder-cloud expression, with a melancholy, despondent, hopeless look on your face? Do you wear the sunshine expression which radiates good cheer and hope, which indicates a feeling of good will and of helpfulness? These questions are asked by a keen student of nature, writing in a recent publication.

Do you smile and look happier when you approach them, or do they shrink from you and feel a chilly, gooseflesh sensation come over them as they see you approach? It makes all the difference in the world to you and to those whom you influence, what kind of expression you wear.—The Continent.

Hot Ice.

Professor Bridgman of Harvard has succeeded in making ice by squeezing water—and the ice is so hot that it will make alcohol boil.

Speaking of crude taste, sovietism is the big jazz that puts harmony out of business.

Honor thy wife and thy children, and thy neighbor, and his wife and his children.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

So Subtle!

"Not all the poets," observed a frequenter of cosmopolitan society "have the gift of uttering quick, lightning, magical nothings in society. 'I knew of one poet, greatly in vogue in Paris some years ago, who was not exactly a fluent dispenser of epigram. He was invited to the house of a great lady of the Faubourg St. Germain, and as soon as he entered he became the center of a circle of admirers, who waited vainly for some subtle or poetic conceit. The poet remained silent, ill at ease, red in the face, and uneasy of feet. 'Come, my dear poet,' the hostess finally begged, say something to us! 'Have you observed—duchesse,' he faltered, desperately, 'that—this—year's pawn tickets are pink?'"

Equally Diaphanous.

"Well, suzz!" ejaculated Mrs. Wawboo, in the midst of her perusal of the county paper. "It says here that an ordinary soap bubble is only one five-millionth of an inch thick. That's pretty thin, isn't it?"

"Th-youp!" replied honest Farmer Wawboo. "About as thin, I should say, as young Gabé Gawk's excuse that he wants to talk hoss-swap with me, when he comes over to set up alongside of Hettie Jane."—Kansas City Star.

Was Leaving, Anyway.

Sentry—Halt, or I fire.
Recruit—Fire away. I was just going up to the captain to resign, anyhow.

Love is never found by seeking and never stays for pleading.

SWITCH OFF!

Put aside the Salts, Oil,
Calomel, or Pills and
take "Cascarets."

Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely whipping them into action every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Oil, or Purgative Waters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets gently cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the colon and bowels all the constipated waste matter and poisons so you can straighten up.

Cascarets tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken, or cause any inconvenience, and cost so little too.—Adv.

The man who is always right is always a nuisance.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

The longer you look at giants the bigger they grow.

BELCHING

Caused by

Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloated, gassy stomach, dyspepsia, heartburn and other stomach troubles. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writes as follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, sour and bitter. I have not had a bit of trouble since the first tablet."

Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and falling, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. Cirrhosis of the liver, intestinal congestion, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach.

A sufferer from Catarrh of the Stomach of 11 years' standing writes: "I had catarrh of the stomach for 11 long years and I never found anything to do me any good—just temporary relief—until I used EATONIC. It is a wonderful remedy and I do not want to be without it."

If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way.

EATONIC

(FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

Liggett & Myers

KING PIN CHEWING

The tastiest tobacco you ever tasted.

Why pay high prices for coffee when

POSTUM CEREAL

costs less and is better for you!

There's been no raise in price.

Usually sold at 15¢ and 25¢

Made by
Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

Kodak Films Developed Free. Velvet or semi-ghost prints only so send. PRICE'S FINISHING, 8006 Main, Fort Worth, Tex.

A Bank Account

--tends to systematize all transactions; the cancelled checks furnish the best receipts for expenditures, thus eliminating controversies; a bank account gives you greater prestige. It secures for you the banker's interest in your affairs and his advice in time of need.

--In short, a bank account makes you a better, a safer and a more successful business man.

--We solicit your account with us.

The Bank of Personal Service.

THE GUARANTY STATE BANK.

All non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits in this Bank are protected and made safe by the Guaranty Fund of the State.

Mrs. S. L. Scarborough Dies at Grassland

Mrs. S. L. Scarborough, age 76 years, better known as Grandmother Scarborough, died at the home of her daughter Mrs. D. D. Odom, in the Grassland community last evening, (Thursday, January 25th.)

The deceased had been in failing health for many months and her death came not wholly unexpected to her close relatives and friends. The remains were laid to rest in the Grassland cemetery Friday.

The citizens of Lamesa, are planning the erection of a modern school building in the near future. They have used an old wooden structure for the past several years. Tahoka can well boast of the best brick public school building of any town its size in West Texas.

T. J. Bovell becomes a reader of Lynn County's Weekly with this issue. He also sends the paper twelve months to his father at Mesquite, Texas.

Mrs. H. N. Stone left Saturday of last week for a few days visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Slaton, at Canyon.—Seminole Sentinel.

Will Duncan, formerly a Tahoka boy, now residing in Eastland, stopped over a few hours yesterday enroute to Lubbock.

Notice Auto Owners!

Pay your Auto tax. A penalty of 25 per cent will be charged on and after February 1, 1920.

S. W. SANFORD, Sheriff.

The gin at Grassland is reported closed down, account of the entire crew having the flu. Quite a number of cases are reported in this community.

W. C. Cowan killed two hogs at his residence just west of the square the past week, that weighed out unusually heavy for town porkers. The hogs were less than ten months old and weighed when dressed, 325 and 350 pounds. Locate in Lynn

Paul Miller and family left the former part of this week for Dublin, Texas, where they will make their future home. Mr. Miller was, for several months, here buying cotton and the many friends of the family regret very much to see them go.—Lorenzo Enterprise.

A BARGAIN—A soda fountain in Tahoka; 12 feet long, buffet about 10 feet tall. \$100 Hand painted oil picture over mirror; 3 goose necks, sinks, marble top, tanks and drum; all accessories. Will sell at sacrifice, or will trade for anything you have. Write Lawrence Simpson, Colorado, Texas, or see H. M. Barkin. 202t

FOR SALE—2 registered Poland China Sows. Will bring pigs in 10 days. J. S. WELLS. 2

Tahoka Insurance Agency

S. S. RAMSEY, Manager

Write Fire, Tornado, Casualty, Automobile, Burglary, Accident and all kinds of Bonds.

F. E. REDWINE

S. B. HATCHETT

West Texas Real Estate Co.

For Quick Sale List Your Land With Us.

Tahoka,

Texas

WANT TO SELL SOMETHING ?

CERTAINLY!

TRY A

Display Advertisement

The quick, sure way

LYNN COUNTY NEWS.

Card of Thanks

To our many friends of Tahoka, and surrounding country, we wish to extend heartfelt thanks and express our appreciation for the liberal donation and many kind words and deeds that have helped us to bear the loss we suffered from fire last week. May God richly bless and prosper each of you.

J. C. POWERS, WIFE, AND CHILDREN.

FOR SALE—Cabbage plants, \$1.75 per 1000, express collect. \$2.00 per 1000, postpaid. Sweet Potato plants—\$2.00 per 1000, express collect. \$2.50 per 1000, postpaid. All varieties prompt shipment. DORRIS-KENSEY PLANT Co., Valdosta, Ga. 214t

Ladies Attention!

I will soon have on sale in Tahoka a complete line of Gold Medal Hats and millinery accessories. Watch for future announcements in the News.

21t MRS. W. R. O'HEARE

FOR SALE Nice young roosters. See J. C. Welch, telephone 54, Tahoka, Texas. 211t

FOR SALE—One and two year old Mebane planting seed. 213tp C S. McNeely.

FOR SALE—Seven White Leghorn Cocks. \$1.00 each. They are beauties. J. H. McNeely

Mrs. W. B. Mullins and little son went to Lubbock Wednesday returning home Thursday.

JURY CONDEMNS RECKLESS SALE OF TOILET WATERS

Memphis, Jan. 26.—A report by the special grand jury empanelled here last week for the purpose of making an investigation into the recent deaths of three men who were said to have drunk toilet water, strongly condemns the carelessness and recklessness which has been displayed by local druggists in the sale of such compounds.

The report in full follows: Memphis, Texas, Jan. 24th, 1920.—The State of Texas, County of Hall; In the District Court of Hall County, Texas, December Term, 1919—Special Report of the Grand Jury:

To the Honorable J. A. Nabers, Judge of said court.

We the grand jurors of this term of your court having been re-assembled and re-impaneled by your honor, herewith submit the following report of our labors:

"We were re-assembled by Your Honor for the purpose of investigating the tragic end of three citizens of our County, and after having numerous witnesses before us in our investigation and giving the matter a thorough investigation, we have found that while the evidence may not be sufficient to sustain conviction, it certainly is incriminating in that it shows that some of the drug stores of our county have been indiscriminately and carelessly selling preparations and compounds containing a large per cent of alcohol and that some of these compounds contain wood alcohol and that some of the preparations being sold by the druggists and used by various citizens of our county as beverages, although they contain a high percent of alcohol, no formula showing what per cent is shown on the vessel containing them. We refer especially to the fact that these preparations have been sold to all persons for any purpose whatever and in what quantity desired. We also wish to refer specifically to the "Eau De Quinine" hair tonic and the "Spirits de Lilas" a toilet water, which has been carelessly and recklessly sold by various druggists.

We cannot condemn too strongly the recklessness and carelessness which has been displayed in the sale of these compounds, and which in our opinion has largely contributed to the death of three of our citizens. We realize that this report is couched in strong language but the facts and circumstances and the evidence produced before us, clearly justifies the same and shows that in some cases the sales were made where it was known that the compounds and preparations bought were to be used for beverages purposes only. And while we do not feel that the evidence is sufficient to sustain a conviction of any particular party, yet we feel that several of the druggists have in fact violated the spirit of the law if not the letter.

Having finished our labors we ask that we be finally discharged.

W. H. YOUNGBLOOD,
Foreman of the Grand Jury.

A REMEMBRANCE

Just as the evening sun sank below the western horizon and the stillness of night settled over our little city to mark the closing of the day of January 16th, 1920, like the restless rippling stream pours itself into the great ocean to become peaceful and quiet. So it marked the passing of our beloved citizen and townsman. W. T. Petty, from this life, and his spirit slipped away from the tender hands and loving hearts, in this imperfect vale of griefs and sorrows, to that all-perfect and celestial sphere from whose bourne no traveler returns.

W. T. Petty was born in Lexington, Ky., and came with his parents, while only a small boy, to Fort Worth, Tex., which was then only a small frontier town, where he received his education and early training. After he reached his "teens" up until he was 27 or 28 years of age, with the exception of his school days, his time was spent in the saddle as a ranchman in that new and undeveloped country to the west of Fort Worth, which was still infested by Indians and known as the "wild and woolly west" He was a typical frontiersman and possessed in the highest degree the big heart and broad mind which were so characteristic of the early pioneers who blazed the way for civilization and development in Texas.

When about 27 or 28 years of age, he returned to Fort Worth and entered upon a business career, and was soon after, on November 28th, 1884, married to Mrs. Eva Thompson, who was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Baxter, of Washington, D. C., and who survives him. The business career was of comparatively short duration, for the call of the broad and open west to his broad and open mind and big heart were too strong for him, and soon after his marriage he and his wife came west, spending a few years in Crosby, Wichita and other counties of the west, and on March 15th, 1890, they came to Lynn County, or what is now Lynn County, and Mr. Petty became manager of the Tee-Bar Ranch, which position he held until 1910, when he retired from active ranch life and came to the home in Tahoka, where he and his wife resided continuously until his death.

He was one of the organizers of Lynn County, which was organized in April, 1903, and served as County Commissioner from the organization of the county until November, 1908, and was again elected to that position in 1912 and continued as County Commissioner until December 10th, 1917, when, on account of failing health, he resigned from that position. He was one of the Commissioners serving when Lynn County's magnificent new Courthouse was built. In his official duties he always stood firmly and faithfully for what he believed to be the best interest of Lynn county, and he made a most efficient officer.

Mr. Petty's parents both died when he was but a boy, leaving he and two brothers fatherless and motherless. One of his brothers departed this life several years ago. His lonely wife and one brother, who resides in Oklahoma City, Okla., are all of the very near relatives that survive him.

He was one whose life spoke for his faith in the immortality of the soul and his belief in showing forth the love of the Savior by the helping hand he always extended to the distressed among his fellows in a quiet and unpretentious way, rather than by a public display of professions. He had been a consistent churchman for a number of years. With the changing of the times, his home did not lose the hospitality of the earlier days, and the home of he and his good wife was always the home of their friends. None but those who have experienced the frontier life in Texas can know its great hardships, but the worthy distressed always found a helping hand in W. T. Petty. It is said that we all have our foibles, but if any he had, they are blotted from our memory by the greatness of his noble and generous traits of character. He was always of a sunny disposition and enjoyed a good joke among his friends, always preferring to engage in that which would bring gladness to that which would bring sadness.

His many friends all over the Plains country and in many distant parts of the State, mourn with the heart-broken widow in this hour of sadness, and extend to her the deepest sympathy and condolence; but a rift is made in the dark clouds by the manner of his passing, which was not as one who goes trembling and afraid, but that of a brave soldier who passes

from the line of battle to a higher command in the Camps of Peace where strife shall be no more. He had been a great sufferer for many months, but he bore it without murmur or complaint, and his mental faculties remained unimpaired until the last, and when he knew that the journey was near at hand, no fear possessed him, and the only regret he expressed was that of leaving his good wife and friends. He was ready when the boatman came, and he made his departure like one who draws the draperies of his couch about him and retires to peaceful slumbers.

—A FRIEND.

Lynn County News, \$1.50

Read the advertisement this issue of the News.

Wanted!

We want to do your hair work. Artistic Hair Cuts, Shaves Baths.

LAUNDRY LEAVES TUESDAY

Sanitary Barber Shop

I. S. DOAK, Proprietor

AFTER

many solicitations and just as many promises, we wish to announce that all arrangements for opening our reading club has been completed. We will get any book to be found on the market at the request of any member. We ask that every lover of books acquaint themselves with our plan and place their name upon our list. READ AND BE WISE.

The LIMIT.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR TIRE WANTS

GOODYEAR, STARS, FIRESTONE, FISK AND FEDERAL. Anything in the Tire and Tube Line we have it. Gas, Oils and Ford Accessories. Drive in.

Bradley-Tahoka Auto Co.

CHESTER CONNELLY, MGR.

Tahoka,

Texas

JOHN DEERE PLOWS Mitchell Wagons

We are going carry a big stock of John Deere plows and Mitchell Wagons, and expect a shipment any day. These are standard make vehicles and are unexcelled the world over. See us for anything in Hardware. Our Grocery department always contains the best the market affords. Be member us with your next order for "eats."

J. S. Wells & Sons.

"We Deliver the Goods." PHONE 17

Tahoka, Texas

Confidential Discussion

of any of your financial matters is invited here without obligation or charge.

Come in and talk with us

The First Nat'l. Bank OF TAHOKA

A bank whose resources are for the accommodation of its customers.....

Capital and Surplus \$70,000

A. L. LOCKWOOD, President.

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BEN T. BROWN, Asst. Cashier.

R. B. JONES, Asst. Cashier.