

THE LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Volume XVI

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, Friday, January 16, 1920

Number 19

Year 1920 to Be Wetter Than 1919

H. A. Halbert of Coleman predicts that the year 1920 is to be wetter than 1919. In his annual forecast for 1920, he says only those crops which can flourish during a wet year should be planted in the state of Texas.

Mr. Halbert says: "Texas as a whole and the contiguous states in the year 1920 will be another prosperous year with excessive rains in many sections in the eastern and central portion, to interfere with the planting, cultivating and gathering of the crops. In fact in accordance with cycles of a decade in duration 1920 is due to be the wettest year of the present cycle. This rule prevailed in Texas for 100 years up to the year 1920, that each year ending the digit nought had the greatest amount of rainfall, possibly a cog has been jumped in the revolution of the planetary system for the next 100 years up to the year 2,000, so that the years ending in the digit nine will be the wettest years of the decade. It is to be hoped so, anyway, for Texas will never need another year as wet, much less wetter, than 1919. Anyway, prepare for a wet year. Cotton and corn are safest and most profitable crops to plant a wet year. They can be gathered and marketed by the individual farmer and are not dependent upon someone else to get them ready for market, like small grain and hay, with a thrasher or baler. Millions of dollars worth of grain and hay were ruined in fields by excessive rains before any thrasher or baler appeared. During the year 1920 cotton and corn will remain longer in the fields without excessive damage, than any other crop and can be gathered far into the next year. Cotton prices will be on a high level another year, even with a \$15,000,000 bale crop, if the manipulation of the cotton gamblers can be prevented. The world will need and is willing to pay a good price for such a crop. Plant all the feed stuff you will need first and then do not be afraid of an excessive cotton crop. Even if the acreage may appear excessive you will have no assurance of an excessive yield. The cotton planter will have all the insects to contend with next year that are known to the cotton plant. The army worm will appear early in the season to strip the plant of its leaves in many sections of Texas, if not all over it. Then the boll worms and weevils will exact a large toll."

Curtis Crouch went to Pampa Monday to accompany his wife and little daughter home who have been visiting the family of J. A. Keith, parents of Mrs. Crouch.

Pay your poll tax today.

Lubbock Lets Contract to Pave 75,000 Square Yards

Lubbock, Tex., Jan. 12.—The City Commissioners have awarded the contract for paving of approximately 75,000 square yards of the city streets to the Panhandle construction Company of Plainview.

Specifications call for 2½-inch vertical fibre brick on a five inch concrete base; work to begin as soon as possible and to be completed within 250 days from date of beginning.

M. M. Herring, of Fort Worth, arrived last Friday from his home in Fort Worth, and spent several days here looking after business affairs. Mr. Herring reports the weather equally as cold in the Panther city as out here on the South plains.

Miss Edith Weathers returned Friday from an extended visit with relatives and friends at Celeste, Arlington and other points east. Her many friends extend to her a cordial welcome home.

BORN—to Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Ketner, Sunday, Jan. 11th, a boy. The little cherub only brightened the home a few short hours, as it pleased God in His infinite wisdom to call him to the Heavenly home to beckon the loved ones up higher.

L. P. Cathcart has bought out the City Meat Market and has moved the business from the former location to the southwest corner of the square. He now has more room for his fixtures and is prepared to give the public real service in this line.

News Want Ads Pay

News Want ads pay, and as evidence of this fact, we make mention of a little ad inserted in the paper by J. R. Covey a week or so back. Mr. Covey had a pair of fine mules to stray off and proceeded to advertise the fact. The finder, J. D. Donaldson, saw the notice in the paper and soon the mules were returned to their owner. Another instance of the value of advertising occurred last week, when a certain Tahokaite lost a heavy sweater within the city limits. The finder saw the little ad in the News columns and returned the garment to its owner. Advertise in the News; it pays.

H. M. Larkin, one of Tahoka's progressive merchants, has recently installed the McCaskey Bookkeeping System, which is put up in a fire-proof case. He has also added to his equipment a brand new adding machine. This puts his bookkeeping system in line with the best the country affords.

T. J. Marks, a former citizen of Lynn county, now residing at Austin, is spending the week in our city.

Messrs. J. H. Edwards, A. M. Sullivan and Clarence Crouch went to Big Spring Tuesday to receive a car of Dort autos.

Mrs. J. C. May returned Tuesday from Pampa, where she had been visiting with a sister, Mrs. A. E. Cloyd.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay Hughes, of Wilson, were the guests of W. J. Crouch and Alex Riddle a few days the past week.

A. D. Shook made a business trip to Plainview the first of the week.

Dr. R. B. Hutchinson, of Lubbock, was in Tahoka Tuesday attending to business matters.

T. E. Gardner of Foch, Texas, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. C. Hinds, this week.

T. J. Williams and daughter, Miss Lola, were Lubbock visitors Monday.

W. O. Thomas is a business visitor in the city today from O'Donnell.

Tahoka is completely out of both coal and kerosene this week.

Methodist to Erect \$25,000 Brick Church

Rev. Geo. Shearer stated to an Avalanche man recently that the Methodist of Tahoka had decided to build a \$25,000.00 brick church, also they had raised the pastor's salary from \$1000 to \$1800.—Lubbock Avalanche.

The above item clipped from the Lubbock paper is proof sufficient that Tahoka is soon to have a modern church edifice. The News had known for some time that plans were being laid by the local Methodist brethren to build a new church, but had been requested to desist making mention of the fact until something definite was decided upon. This step forward will be good news to every citizen in the county. Tahoka has long since outgrown her present houses of worship, and it is hoped that other denominations will follow the example set by the Methodist people and build churches that will be a credit instead of a drawback to the town. It is not known at this time just when actual construction on the new building will begin. Both the Methodist and Baptist denominations have recently increased their pastor's salaries.

Referring to the recent marriage of Mr. Frank Hendrix and Miss Quace Chewning, the Tulia Herald says:

"Cards have recently been received in Tulia announcing the marriage of Miss Quace DeLilah Chewning and Mr. Frank James Hendrix. The ceremony was performed Tuesday Dec. 23, 1919 at the home of the bride's sister Mrs. H. H. Greene, of Tahoka. They will make their home in Plainview for the present.

"Mr. Hendrix is the son of Judge W. F. Hendrix, of Tulia. He is one of the brave men who served in the United States army overseas. He was in service for twenty three months and was in six battles. He was honorable discharged from the army in August, 1919. He has a host of friends and admirers in Swisher county, who are pleased to congratulate him upon his marriage."

Obituary of Mary Lockhart

On Wednesday, P. M. at 12:20 o'clock, January 7th, the Spirit of Little Mary Lockhart winged its way on pinions of purest gold into the Pearly White City, to abide forever with God and the bright angels. She was a sufferer for only a few days, but her suffering was too intense to be checked by the very best medical skill which was employed, and God who loved His dear Little One too much to bear her suffering, took her away to the land where suffering and pain never come. Dear Little Mary was a warm and favorite friend to young and old because she was always the same sweet, unpretentious little Mary. Her place in the home and Sunday School, can never be filled. We shall always miss her bright face in the Sunday School, and the little voice in the songs. We sustain a great loss in the going from us of this little one, but our loss is heaven's gain, and her eternal blessedness. Mary set some good examples for us to emulate. She was always the same dear Little Mary. She was a staunch and faithful friend; and she loved to attend upon the public services at the house of God. If we could all practice these good lessons, our world would be greatly enriched by our lives. We deplore the loss of this dear little one from our midst, but we know the Heavenly Father knows best, and can bring to us rich blessings in our sorrows, and hence we bow un murmuringly to His divine will, and express deepest sympathy and prayers for the family.

A FRIEND.

Have you paid your poll tax?

Algerita Hotel at Post Wrecked by Explosion

Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock the boiler in the basement of the beautiful little Algerita Hotel blew up and almost completely wrecked the lower part of the building.

This boiler was located back in the rear of the building and completely wrecked the kitchen and dining room.

Fortunately no one was in either kitchen or dining room as they were not serving meals on account of being unable to secure help and the only person at all who was injured was Mrs. Cosnell who had just started into the kitchen when the explosion occurred.

It seemed she was at the back kitchen door and was knocked down and considerably cut up by flying pieces of glass and debris, as almost everyone of the large windows were broken and glass was thrown across the street. Her injuries proved not to be serious though very painful.

Early Monday carpenters were busy repairing the building and it will not be a great while before the famous little holstry will again be open to the public.

The building is the property of the Post interests and we did not learn the amount of damage in dollars and cents, but it was considerable as the kitchen, dining room and pasement are completely wrecked.

The explosion was caused from a defective boiler. Post City Post.

Church Notes

JUNIOR LEAGUE PROGRAM
Jan. 18th 1920

Leader—Lillian Williams.

Song No. 41.

Scripture Lesson. Prov. 31 10-31.

Prayer.

Roll Call: Respond by scripture verse. Song. No 271.

"Miss Deacones" and Her neighbors—Olabelle Singleton.

Music—Sybil Tarrence.

Jack and His Friends.—Willard Stoffer.

Junior League Song.

Bible Story.—Pearl Ketner.

Music—Elizabeth Wyatt.

Talk by Superintendent.

League Benediction.

Ed Myers and son, Ray returned home Monday. Mr. Myers had his son in a local sanitarium for treatment.—Lubbock Avalanche.

Chas. F. Shook, wife and children returned to Eastland Monday, after an extended visit with the families of A. D. Shook and H. C. Crie.

Dodge Auto King Dies in New York

New York, Jan. 14.—John Dodge, of Detroit, Michigan, automobile manufacturer, died here tonight from pneumonia.

Mr. Dodge, with his brother Horace, came here to attend the automobile show. Both were stricken with influenza, which in each case developed into pneumonia.

Horace Dodge is said by his physicians to be out of danger.

Public Weigher, R. C. Wood, reports that he has weighed out to date 3,750 bales of cotton at the yard in Tahoka. This does not include the bales ginned at O'Donnell, Grassland and Wilson, which increases the number several thousand bales.

Prof. Geo. W. Roberts, who has charge of the O'Donnell schools, was a Tahoka business visitor Saturday. Prof. Roberts was formerly employed with the Lubbock State Bank. While in town he called at this office and placed an order for a supply of report cards for his school.

Rev. L. L. F. Parker, pastor of the First Baptist church, expects to leave today (Friday) for Chillicothe, Texas, where he will assist a brother in the ordination of some deacons. He will be absent from his pulpit Sunday which will probably be supplied on that date.

Henry McDaniel has accepted the position as teacher of the Draw school, southwest of Tahoka. The session began in that community last Monday, and will continue about six months.

Lois Bray, who has been assisting in the bookkeeping department at the First National Bank, has resigned his position and is working in the Guaranty Bank for the present.

Tahoka Without Electric Lights Again This Week

Owing to failure to secure a supply of kerosene, the plant of the Tahoka Light & Power Company has been closed down the past week and the city has been in darkness in so far as electricity is concerned. The manager, E. L. Howard, has made every effort to secure fuel, and will in all probability have the plant in operation by the end of the week. The service is greatly missed in the business as well as the residence section.

E. N. Weathers went to Celeste, Texas, Tuesday in response to a message stating that his mother was dead. The News joins his many friends in Lynn county in extending sympathy in this sad hour.

The Rev. Hinds, of Tahoka, who was once pastor here, accompanied by his family, was in Post last Wednesday shaking hands and wishing glad New Year greetings to their many friends. Post City Post.

Mrs. A. D. Hunter and little daughter, returned to their home in Oklahoma Tuesday, after a visit with Mrs. Hunter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Givens, of the Draw community.

Carroll Hargis, who has held the position as compositor on the News the past six months, resigned his position and left this week for Lubbock to work on the paper at that place.

Clifford Dickson and family returned from Wichita Falls, Saturday, where they have been making their home temporarily the past two years. They all return to Tahoka.

Grandfather Crie had the misfortune to fall in his room one day this week. We regret to report his condition very serious at this writing.

Louie Weathers formerly employed in the Guaranty State Bank, has resigned his position and will in the future assist in the bookkeeping department at the First National, of Tahoka.

Miss Meda Clayton, from Tahoka, spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Hussey. Lubbock Avalanche.

Miss Ora Eubanks went to Lubbock Tuesday.

250 Poll Tax Receipts Issued Today

So far only two hundred and fifty of our citizens have paid poll tax receipts. Out of this total are 229 males and 21 females. Four exemptions have been issued. This is a mighty poor showing when you consider there are over 1500 men and women in Lynn County who should avail themselves of the privilege to cast a vote in elections held during 1920.

Remember poll tax receipts must be secured on or before January 31st, so quite a few of our populace had better get busy and provide him or herself with the proper credentials.

Every citizen should be prepared to cast a vote even though they may not desire to use this privilege for the money derived from the issuance of the receipts goes to the school fund where it is very much needed.

W. M. Waldrip, a prominent citizen of the Tee-Bar community, returned the latter part of last week from Cleburne, Johnson county, Tex. where he spent several days visiting with his mother. Mr. Waldrip stated that the feed and cotton crops in that section were practically a total loss, owing to the incessant rainfall, and that Lynn county looked better than ever on his return home.

Ben Montgomery has returned to New York to join his company in the marines, after spending a furlough of twenty days duration with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Montgomery, in this city.

Mrs. W. Bishop, of Wilson, returned to her home Monday having visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Redwine for a few days.

Ben Lockhart, of Fort Worth, was the guest of his brother, G. E. Lockhart from Saturday to Monday.

Jesse Eubanks went to Lubbock Monday for a physical examination in regard to wounds received while in France.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Evans left for Greenville Monday for a few days visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Velma Crouch went to Pampa Monday to visit with the family of J. A. Keith, for a while.

Judge G. E. Lockhart accompanied by wife and daughter made a business trip to Plainview the first of the week.

BORN to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Morgan, Thursday, January 15, a girl.

\$1.75 pays your poll tax.

C. H. Tomlinson Buys Weathers Tailor Shop.

C. H. Tomlinson, of Shamrock, Wheeler county, Texas, has recently purchased the Tailoring establishment located in the rear of the Sanitary Barber Shop from S. N. Weathers, and took charge of the business the first of the week. Mr. Tomlinson started out right by placing an advertisement in the News, and we predict for him a good business in Tahoka.

Mr. Weathers will probably enter another line of business here.

FIX STOMACH RIGHT UP

"Pape's Diapepsin" at once ends indigestion, Gases, Sourness, Acidity

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs.

When your meals don't fit and you feel uncomfortable, when you belch gases, acids or raise sour, undigested food. When you feel lumps of indigestion pain, heartburn or headache, from acidity, just eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and the stomach distress is gone.

Millions of people know the magic of Pape's Diapepsin as an antacid. They know that indigestion and disordered stomach are so needless. The relief comes quickly, no disappointment, and they cost so little too.—Adv.

Matching.

"Her affinity is a shoemaker."
"Then it was natural for him to want a sole mate."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Resolve to be thyself; and know that he who finds himself loses his misery.—Matthew Arnold.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful sometimes what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red rough hands.—Adv.

It may be a little farther around the corners of a square deal, but the road is better.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

Success is the happy art of getting away well with the precious little you happen to have.

48,000 Drug Stores Sell It.
Five million people use it to KILL COLDS

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. The money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

BILIOUSNESS Caused by Acid-Stomach

If people who are bilious are treated according to local symptoms they seldom get very much better. Whatever relief is obtained is usually temporary. Trace biliousness to its source and remove the cause and the chances are that the patient will remain strong and healthy.

Doctors say that more than 70 non-organic diseases can be traced to an Acid-Stomach. Biliousness is one of them. Indigestion, heartburn, belching, sour stomach, bloating and gas are other signs of acid-stomach. EATONIC, the marvelous modern stomach remedy, brings quick relief from these stomach miseries which lead to a long train of ailments that make life miserable if not corrected.

EATONIC literally absorbs and carries away the excess acid. Makes the stomach strong, cool and comfortable. Helps digestion; improves the appetite and you then get full strength from your food. Thousands say that EATONIC is the most effective stomach remedy in the world. It is the help YOU need. Try it on our money-back-if-not-satisfied guarantee. At all druggists. Only 10 cents for a big box.

EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Babies Smile
when stomachs do their work and bowels move naturally. Fretful, crying babies need

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

The Infant's and Child's Regulator to make the stomach digest food, and bowels to move as they should. Contains no alcohol, opiates, narcotics, or other harmful ingredients.

At your druggist

ITCH!

Money back without question if EUCY'S SALVE fails to relieve treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 75c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Shreveport, La.

Coughing
is annoying and harmful. Relieves throat irritation, tickling and get rid of coughs, colds and hoarseness at once by taking

PISO'S

WAR WILL BE WAGED ON REDS IN U. S.

ATTORNEY GENERAL PALMER TRACES RISE OF BOLSHEVISM AND CONDEMNS IT.

IT IS AGAINST DEMOCRACY

Can Best Be Combated by Teaching Its Purposes Through the Press and Otherwise.

Washington.—Official governmental attitude towards the Bolshevist movement in Russia is declared in a statement to the public issued by A. Mitchell Palmer, attorney general.

In a formal statement, the attorney general calls upon the country to mobilize its strength to combat the "roads of Bolshevism and to meet the "red terror."

A severe indictment is made of the doctrine itself. The attorney general says it does not represent the "radicalism of progress," but it is a "distinctly criminal and dishonest movement," and is a "movement against democracy, and in favor of the power of the few built by force."

Mr. Palmer suggests that one of the New Year's resolutions should be to study and understand this movement and to combat it through the press, the church, the schools, patriotic organizations and labor unions.

Mr. Palmer describes the history of the movement in Russia and points out what it means. "The dictatorship of these proletariats," he says, "has degenerated into a military dictatorship of subsidized and corrupt portion of the proletariat."

The statement by Mr. Palmer in part says:

"It would be extremely helpful to the cause of good government, the maintenance of law and order, and the preservation of peace and happiness in our country, if the people on this New Year's day would resolve to study, understand and appreciate the so-called "red" movement. They can counteract it most effectively by teaching its purpose through the press, the church, the schools, patriotic organizations and labor unions, all of which are within the range of its insidious attacks.

"The 'red' movement does not mean an attitude of protest against alleged defects in our present political and economic organization of society. It does not represent the radicalism of progress. It represents a specific doctrine, namely, the introduction of dictatorship the world over by force and violence. It is not a movement of liberty-loving persons, but a distinctly criminal and dishonest movement.

NEW FINANCIAL MARK IS ATTAINED IN TEXAS

Eleventh Federal Reserve District Concludes Most Prosperous Year.

Dallas.—The eleventh federal reserve district has just concluded its most successful year. Judge W. F. Ramsey, federal reserve agent, declared in giving out a review of financial and business conditions over the district. By a comparison between last year and previous years, Judge Ramsey shows that practically every line of production in the district has attained a point of development during 1919 that is little short of remarkable. In pointing toward the future, he leaves the assurance that "on the whole the financial situation of the district is intrinsically sound."

Significant is the calculation by a federal reserve bank official, in close touch with conditions over the district, that estimated clearings in the nine principal cities of this district for 1919 have been approximately \$4,800,000,000, as against \$3,475,511,311 for 1918. For the first eleven months of 1919 total clearings in the nine cities were \$4,286,241,809 as against \$3,257,093,693 for the same period in 1918, showing an increase of 34.6 per cent. Deposits in all banks of Texas, Judge Ramsey shows, were \$1,062,367,877 on Nov. 17, 1919, as against \$630,881,604 on Nov. 1, 1918, showing a 68 per cent increase.

Interurban Building Must Begin

Dallas.—Construction of the first interurban provided in the franchise of 1917 must begin May 1, 1920, and the route of the second interurban must be filed on the same date, with construction to begin July 1, according to a resolution passed at a called meeting of the city commission. The terms of the resolution in all of its forms were accepted by C. W. Hobson and the Dallas Railway company and its bondsmen.

Ask Aid In Census Taking

Washington.—Teachers and school officials, as well as pupils in the public schools, have been asked by the census officials to aid in taking the enumeration which begins Jan. 2.

\$100,000 of Lumber Destroyed

Fort Worth.—Fire practically destroyed the entire lumber yard of William Cameron & Co., located on Adams avenue next to the Texas & Pacific yards, valued at \$100,000.

Sproule President Southern Pacific

New York.—William Sproule was elected president of the Southern Pacific Railroad company at a meeting of the board of directors here to succeed Julius Knuttschnitt.

LABOR CONFERENCE SEVERELY CRITICISED

FAILURE TO RECOGNIZE UNIONS AS BASIS OF REPRESENTATION DECLARED MISTAKE

Washington.—Suggestions of the president's industrial conference for the settlement of the labor unrest has drawn fire from organized labor in the first of the public discussions invited by the commission in its report just published.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, said the failure of the conference to recognize definitely the organizations of workers—trade unions—as the basis for representation was a fatal omission, while Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, noting the absence of reference by the conference to collective bargaining or the necessity for organizations of workers, said anyone who would avert or postpone industrial conflicts could not ignore these principles.

Mr. Gompers declared the commission should reconsider the question of definite recognition of trade unions "in order to make possible the confidence and co-operation of wage earners which can be expressed only through organizations of their own making."

"Any plan to establish or maintain anything like fair relations between workers and employers must avoid compulsory features," he declared. "Any proposal for compulsory labor is repugnant to American sovereignty and citizenship."

In order to promote constructive and permanent changes that will eliminate causes of much industrial unrest, Mr. Gompers said, the conference should consider governmental agencies to provide the necessary information and assistance in obtaining continuous betterment of working conditions. This problem, he added, must ultimately be worked out by employers and employees, with the advice and assistance of the government.

RETURNS SHOW ALL AMENDMENTS LOST

Galveston Bond Proposition Defeated By Majority of 1,311 Votes

Austin, Texas.—The state canvassing board made final tabulation of the returns of the constitutional amendments election held Nov. 4 last and the result shows that all of the six proposed amendments, together with the proposition of a constitutional convention, were defeated. Governor Hobby will issue his proclamation declaring the result. It was said at the office of the secretary of state that returns had been received from all countries which had an election.

The Galveston bond amendment was lost by 1,311 votes, according to final figures.

The vote on the other amendments was as follows: Issuance of \$75,000,000 of good roads bonds: For, 29,844; against, 84,518; majority against amendment, 54,674.

To increase confederate pension tax form 5c to 7c: For, 56,866; against 59,701; majority against amendment, 2,835.

Division of proceeds of the prison system with convicts: For, 42,358; against, 70,911; majority against amendment, 28,553.

Tax levy for roads, streets and bridges for the erection of public buildings, etc.: For, 30,214; against, 83,285; majority against amendment, 3,071.

Divorcement of University and A. & M. College: For, 37,560; against, 76,422; majority against amendment, 38,862.

For constitutional convention: For, 23,549; against, 71,376; majority against holding convention, 47,829.

REPORT ALLIES WILL ASK KAISER'S EXTRADITION

Crown Prince Also Said to Be Among Those Who Will Be Punished.

Paris.—The Echo de Paris says the French and British governments had decided to ask for extradition of the former kaiser as soon as the provisions of the Versailles treaty are carried out.

London dispatches report French and British legal experts had been in conference there over punishment for German leaders guilty of war crimes and had exchanged complete lists of those who would be punished. The former crown prince was mentioned as among the guilty who must face trial, but no mention was made of the former kaiser.

Estonia Reaches Basis for Peace

London.—Reports from Dorpat declare that a basis for peace between Estonia and the Russian soviet government has been reached by the conference there. Under terms of the agreement, Estonia is guaranteed from future invasion by the Russians.

Man Electrocuted Near Waco

Waco, Texas.—Manley Watkins, about 30 years old, was electrocuted Monday at a gravel plant four miles south of Waco, when he came in contact with a short circuit.

To Rid City of Mashers.

Dallas.—"Mashers" are getting too thick on the streets of this city and the police department is going to begin a campaign to get rid of them entirely, if possible, L. E. McGee, fire and police commissioner, says.

WOOD ALCOHOL KILLS OVER 250 PERSONS

AUTHORITIES BELIEVE FATAL DRINK WAS MIXED IN NEW YORK.

Dallas.—Reports from various cities show that at least 255 persons had died from wood alcohol poisoning, the "blind death," since prohibition went into effect July 1.

In addition, scores had been stricken blind and others are still in a serious condition.

Following are the reported casualties of the new plague:

New York—52 dead, 100 blind, 2 seriously ill; Chicago—50 dead, 6 ill; Chicopee, Mass.—45 dead, 15 seriously ill; Cleveland, Ohio.—15 dead, 3 blind, 16 ill; Greenfield, Mass.—1 dead, Holyoke, Mass.—10 dead, 7 seriously ill; Hartford, Conn.—13 dead, 7 seriously ill; Jamestown, N. Y.—7 dead, Little Falls, N. Y.—1 dead, Newark, N. J.—5 dead, Pottsville, Pa.—2 dead, 1 seriously ill, St. Paul, Minn.—4 dead, Springfield, Mass.—3 dead, 5 seriously ill, Hadley, Mass.—4 dead, 1 ill, Syracuse, N. Y.—2 dead, 1 ill, Emporium, Pa.—2 dead, Des Moines, Iowa.—6 dead, 12 ill, Elizabeth, N. J.—1 dead.

New York.—New York detectives seeking the source of "whisky" manufactured from wood alcohol, which has caused scores of deaths in the east within the last few days, express the opinion that hundreds of barrels of the poison liquor were made in this city by a band of Italians and shipped to Connecticut and near-by states. They predicted a number of arrests soon would be made.

More than 78 persons have died and scores of others are suffering from paralysis and blindness due to drinking wood alcohol "whisky," according to reports received from seven eastern cities and Chicago.

The detectives made this prediction after a raid on what is believed to have been an illicit still on Baxter street, where eleven bottles marked "whisky flavor" and whisky extract" were found concealed among bags of sawdust. Many more bottles containing ingredients ordinarily used in the manufacture of Italian and Spanish cordials, also were discovered, according to the police. There were many bottles labeled "brandy extract." The proprietors of the basement in which the alleged still was located was arrested.

INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL PLAN IS SUBMITTED

Conference Outlines Details for Machinery to Prevent Labor Conflicts.

Washington.—Tentative recommendations for the establishment of machinery to prevent or retard labor conflicts in private industry were announced by the president's industrial conference with a view to obtaining constructive criticism before a final plan is adopted.

The plan as outlined now contemplates the creation of a national industrial tribunal and regional boards of inquiry and adjustment, which would move to the settlement of disputes before there was any stoppage of production. Decisions would have the full force and effect of a trade agreement between the parties to the dispute.

Remarking that some public utilities, such as railroads, are essential to the very existence of the people, the conference's tentative statement expressed the opinion that the "interruption in such public utilities is intolerable." But the conference states that further consideration is required of the problem whether some method can be arrived at that will avert all danger of interruption to service.

NAVAL AWARDS TO BE FULLY INVESTIGATED

Congress and Also Secretary Daniels Will Make Separate Investigations.

Washington.—Full investigation of the controversy over awards of decorations for war service to naval officers, brought to a head by Rear Admiral William S. Sims' recent protest against the tentative list issued by the navy department, will be made both by congress and by the department.

On the heels of Secretary Daniels' announcement that the naval board, headed by Rear Admiral Knight, had been ordered reconvened to review its findings on recommendations for medals or other decorations, Representative Lufkin, (Rep.) of Massachusetts, of the house naval committee, conferred with members of the senate committee and said that a joint committee would take up the whole question when congress reconvened.

Remove Duty From Cotton Yarn

Tokio.—The Japanese government has decided to prohibit the exportation of cotton yarns and cotton tissues in order to check the advance of prices.

Deputies Sheriff Locked in Jail

Toledo, Ohio.—Six men called at the county jail Christmas morning and exchanged greetings with three deputy sheriffs, locked them in a cell, then liberated four notorious burglars and safeblowers.

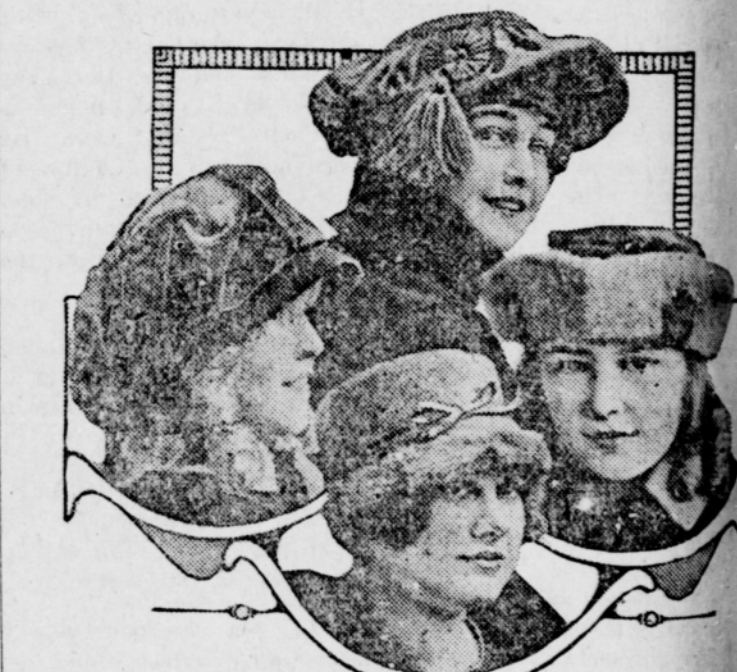
CHILDREN'S COATS IN NEW WEAVES



Some of the new fabrics brought out this season developed a special fitness for children's and misses' wear. It has been a time of new departures in the weaving of cloths and of tryouts of these fabrics for making winter garments. Some of them were lovely, but short-lived, and others have proved sturdy as well as beautiful. New weaves add the spice of variety and the charm of novelty to the season's offerings, but they must have staying powers to remain long in the good graces of women, especially if they are to face the weather, and the wear that wintertime and children will exact.

Having stood the test and come up smiling, the pretty coat at the left of the picture asks to be considered. It is made of the material called "auto wear," and is a woolen pile fabric that looks much like corduroy. It is an own cousin to that stalwart member of the fabric family, but much softer and having much more distinction in appearance. Quite likely it was planned to be used for motor coats, but immediately extended its field of usefulness. It appears in coats for grown-ups and misses. The very fine example, shown at the left of the two figures above, pictures a coat for a miss in her teens. The collar and

CLAD FOR MIDWINTER



Mid-winter finds the heads of the younger girls clad in beaver, felt, velvet and duvetyne mostly, with beaver fur and away the favorite, especially for little girls. But the flapper and the debutante, as well as small girls, are provided for in hats of this beautiful, and remarkably durable material. Nothing gives more satisfaction to its wearers and beaver figures in the millinery of every season more or less for grownups—but for children and young people it always figures more.

Hats for children are so simply trimmed that one word will almost sum up their story so far as trimmings are concerned. That word is "ribbon." Good qualities in fall, grosgrain, moire and some other heavy weaves, make the bands and sash ends that distinguish the most elegant of hats for the younger set. There is but one all-beaver hat in the group pictured above, a pretty model for a girl of sixteen or so, with a collar and bow of narrow tinsel ribbon.

The saucy tam at the top of the group is made of duvetyne and has a shirred top crown and head band. A flat rosette of ribbon and a tassel of yarn at the right side give the crown the required droop and dashing angle and the best of selections as a trimming for a girl of fourteen or some-

sleeves are edged with narrow beaver.

Baby Persian lamb or chinchilla, the borrowed name of the material used to make a splendid coat and for a small girl, as shown at the left of the picture. Weavers, having undertaken to make a cloth that would look like a pelt, succeeded so well that they did not think it worth while to find a new name for it. They do not find one that would describe it well as the name borrowed. The hat is straight, with big patch pockets, a wide, full collar. The clever hat, in a new shape, which was inspired by the perennial Napoleon covers the ears. With her hands in her pockets the determined-looking maid so cozily fitted out in the picture, might challenge Jack to take her out for a look at the hat of the Aurora Borealis.

In Gay Colors.

This year the French gowns made in such colors as tomato, victory blue, cerise and mandarin. There are top coats of red crepe de chine which one must know are capricious. They also lovely. One is lined with Angora and heavily trimmed with It probably strikes the high note in her teens. The collar and top coats for the country.

CLAD FOR MIDWINTER



where near that important area that at the right has a crown of velvet and duvetyne mostly, with beaver fur and away the favorite, especially for little girls. But the flapper and the debutante, as well as small girls, are provided for in hats of this beautiful, and remarkably durable material. Nothing gives more satisfaction to its wearers and beaver figures in the millinery of every season more or less for grownups—but for children and young people it always figures more.

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Julia Bottomly

Fabrics Are Woolly.

Woolliness is the chief characteristic of the new winter fabrics, which enjoy the greatest popularity. They are velvety as to surface, though some are found to be woven in other sorts of ways when you come to examine them closely. Even the gees and evening dresses that are rough material fine in texture are popular. It does the same thing a velvet will do, though the appearance is different.



The Devil's Own

A Romance of the Black Hawk War

By **Randall Parrish**

Author of *Contraband*, *Shea of the Irish Brigade*, *When Wilderness was King*, etc.

Illustrated by **Levin Myers**

CHAPTER XV—Continued.

"Oh, yes, you say! Here?" Her eyes widening in horror. "When do you suppose this happened? how long ago?"

"Within twelve hours certainly; probably soon after dawn."

I caught the rein of her horse, and Elsie, who was now wide awake, and trembling with fear, pressed forward, close to my side, moaning and casting her frightened glances backward. Kennedy was already started in advance of us on foot, leading his animal, and seeking to discover the quickest passage to shelter. On a narrow terrace the deputy halted us.

"I reckon maybe this yer is as good as any place fer ter stop," he said rather doubtfully. "It'll be mighty dark in an hour, an' then we kin go on; only my boss is about did up. What ye say, Cap?"

"We are probably as safe here as anywhere in the neighborhood. Is that all you have to report, Tim?"

He lifted his hat, and scratched gently his thin hair.

"Only that them Injuns went south. I done run onto their trail after yer left—it was plain as the nose on yer face. That must' bin a slew o' 'em, an' sum a hossback; they was a strikin' straight across yonder, an' I reckon they fetched a prisoner 'long, somebody wearin' boots anyhow, fer I saw the tracks 'n the mud." He hesitated, as though something was on his mind, glancing toward the girls, and lowering his voice. "I ain't so very dern tired, an' reckon I'll scout 'round a bit. Them red devils might'r overlooked a rifle or two back thar in the timber, an' I'd sure like ter git my fingers on one."

I nodded indifferently, too completely exhausted myself to care what he did, and then dull-eyed watched him disappear through the trees. No one spoke, even Eloise failing to question me, as I approached where she and Elsie had flung themselves on the short grass, although her heavy eyes followed my movement, and she made an effort to smile.

"One can easily see by your face how tired you are," I said, compassionately, looking down at her. "I am going to sleep for an hour or two, and you had both better do the same. Tim is going to keep guard."

She smiled wearily at me, her head sinking back. I did not move or speak again; indeed I had lost consciousness almost before I touched the ground.

I could not have slept long, for there was a glow of light still visible in the western sky, when a strong grip on my arm aroused me, causing me instantly to sit up. Tim stood there, a battered, old, long rifle in his hand, and beside him a boy of eighteen, without a hat, tousled headed, with an ugly red wound showing on one cheek.

"Mighty sorry fer ter wake ye, Cap," the deputy grinned. "This yer young chap is one o' them sojers; an' he strikes me, he's got a d— queer tale ter tell."

I glanced backward across my shoulder toward the others. Both girls were sleeping soundly, while beyond them,



"Indians, You Say! Here?" Her Eyes Widening in Horror.

down the slope, the three horses were quietly cropping away at the herbage. I managed to rise.

"Let's move back to the spring, where we will not wake them up," I suggested. "Now we can talk."

My eyes sought the face of the lad questioningly. He was a loose-lipped, awkward lout, trembling still from a fright he could not conceal.

"You belonged to that squad killed out yonder?"

"Yes, seh; I reckon I see the only one whut ain't ded," he stammered, so tongue-tied I could scarcely make out his words. "I was gone after wahter, an' when them Injuns begun fer ter yell, I never dun nuthin' but just run, an' hid in the bush."

"I understand. What is your name?"

"Asa Hall."

"Well, Asa, I suppose those were militiamen; you belonged to the company?"

He nodded, his eyes dull, his lips moving, as though it was an effort to talk. Quite evidently whatever little

intellect he had ever possessed, now refused to respond. Kennedy broke in impatiently.

"It takes that boy 'bout an hour fer ter tell anything, Cap," he explained gruffly. "I reckon he's skeered half ter death in the first place, an' then 'thar's sumthin' wrong with him anyhow. Howsumever, it's whut he seed an' heard, Cap, the sounds mighty queer ter me. He sez thar was more'n fifty bucks in that party, an' that ol' Black Hawk was thar hisself, a leadin' 'em—he done saw him."

I turned, surprised at this statement, to stare into the boy's face. He half grinned back at me, vacantly.

"Black Hawk! He could scarcely be down here; what did he look like?"

"'Bout six feet high, I reckon, with a big hooked nose, an' the blackest pair o' mean eyes ever ye saw. I reckon he didn't hav' no eyebrows, an' he wore a bunch o' eagle feathers, an' a red blanket. Gosh, mister, but the devil cuden't look no worse'n he did."

"Was that him, Cap?" burst in Tim, anxiously.

"It's not a bad description," I admitted, yet not convinced. "I can't believe he would be here with a raiding party. If he was, there must be some important object in view. Is that all?"

"No, 'tain't; the boy swears thar was a white man 'long with 'em, a feller with a short mustache, an' dressed in store clothes. He wan't no prisoner nuther, but hed a gun, an' talked ter Black Hawk, most like he was a chief hisself. After the killin' was all over, he was the one whut got 'em ter go off thar to the south, the whole kit an' kaboodle."

"I don't doubt that. There have always been white renegades among the Sacs and plenty of half-breeds. If Black Hawk, and this other fellow are leading this band, they are after big game somewhere, and we had better keep out of their way. I favor saddle up immediately, and traveling all night."

"So do I," and Tim flung a half-filled bag from his shoulder to the ground.

"But I vote we eat furst. 'Tain't much, only a few scraps I found out thar; but it's a way better than nuthin'. Here you, Hall, give me a hand, an' then we'll go out, an' round up them hosses."

If the party of raiding Indians, whose foul deed we had discovered, had departed in a southerly direction, as their trail would plainly seem to indicate, then our safest course would seemingly be directed eastward up the valley. This would give us the protection of the bluffs, and take us more and more out of the territory they would be likely to cover. Within twenty minutes we were in saddle, descending the steep hillside through the darkness, Tim walking ahead with the lad, his horse trailing behind, and the long rifle across his shoulder.

I do not recall feeling any special fear. In the first place I was convinced that we must already be at the extreme limit of Black Hawk's radius, and that, traveling as we were eastward, must before morning be well beyond any possible danger of falling into the hands of his warriors. The other pursuers I had practically dismissed from thought. Shortly after midnight my horse strained a tendon, and could no longer uphold my weight. On foot, with the poor beast limping painfully behind me, I pressed on beside Eloise, both of us silent, too utterly wearied with the strain for any attempt at speech.

The rising sun topped the summit of the bluff, its red rays seeming to bridge with spans of gossamer the little valley up which we toiled. I had lost my interest, and was walking doggedly on, with eyes bent upon the ground, when the girl beside me cried out suddenly, a new excitement in her voice.

"Oh, there is a cabin! See! Over yonder; just beyond that big oak, where the bluff turns."

Her eager face was aglow, her outstretched hand pointing eagerly.

The logs of which the little building had been constructed, still in their native bark, blended so perfectly with the drab hillsides beyond, that for the moment none of us caught the distant outlines. Tim possessed the keenest sight, and his voice was first to speak.

"Sure, miss, thet's a cabin, all right," he said grimly. "One room, an' new built; likely 'nough sum settler just com' in yere. I don't see no movement, ner smoke."

"Fled to the nearest fort probably," I replied, able myself by this time to decipher the spot. "Be too risky to stay out here alone. We'll look it over; there might be food left behind, even if the people have gone."

We must have been half an hour in covering the distance. The cabin stood well up above the stream, within the shade of the great oak, and we were confirmed, long before we reached it, in our former judgment that it was uninhabited. No sign of life was visible about the place; it had the appearance of desertion, no smoke even curling from out the chimney. A faint trail, evidently little used, led down toward the creek, and we followed this as it wound around the base of the big tree. Then it was that the truth

dawned suddenly upon us—there to our right lay a dead mule, harnessed for work, but with throat cut; while directly in front of the cabin door was a dog, an ugly, massive brute, his mouth open, prone on his back, with stiffened legs pointing to the sky. I dropped my rein, and strode forward.

"Wait where you are," I called back. "There have been savages here; let me see first what has happened inside."

The dog had been shot, stricken by two bullets, and I was obliged to drag his huge body to one side before I could press my way in through the door. The open doorway and window afforded ample light, and a single glance was sufficient to reveal most of the story. The table had been smashed as by the blow of an ax, and pewter dishes were everywhere. The bed in one corner had been stripped of its coverlets, many of them slashed by a knife, and the straw tick had been ripped open in a dozen places. Coals from the fireplace lay widespread, some of them having eaten deeply into the hard wood before they ceased smoldering.

I saw all this, yet my eyes rested upon something else. A man lay, bent double across an overturned bench, in a posture which hid his face from view. His body was there alone, although a child's shoe lay on the floor, and a woman's linsey dress dangled from a hook against the wall. I crept forward, my heart pounding madly, until I could gain sight of his face. He was a big fellow, not more than thirty, with sandy hair and beard, and a pugacious jaw, his coarse hickory shirt slashed into ribbons, a bullet wound in the center of his forehead, and one arm broken by a vicious blow. His calloused hands yet gripped the haft of an ax, just as he had died—fighting.

Tim's voice spoke from the doorway.

"Injuns, I reckon?"

"Yes, they have been here; the man is dead. But there must have been others, a woman and child also—see that shoe on the floor, and the dress hanging over there. The poor devil fought hard."

Kennedy stepped inside, staring about him.

"Do you think it best to stop here?"

"Why not? 'Tain't likely them devils will be back agin. Thar sure must be somethin' fer us ter eat in the place, an' the Lord kno's we can't go on as we are. Them gurls be mighty nigh ready ter drop, an' two o' the hosses has plum giv' out. I'm fer settin' 'em down fer a few hours anyhow—sittin' till it gets maddin' dark."

Undoubtedly this was the sensible view. We would be in far less danger remaining there under cover than in any attempt to continue our journey by daylight. Together we carried the body out, and deposited it in a thicket behind the cabin, awaiting burial; and then dragged the dead dog also out of sight. The disorder within was easily remedied, and, after this had been attended to, the girls were permitted to enter. Eloise sank back on the bench, her head supported against the wall, the lashes of her half-closed eyes showing dark against the whiteness of her cheeks. She looked so pitifully tired, the very heart choked in my throat.

The rest of us found a small stock of provisions, and Elsie, with Tim to aid her, built a fire and prepared breakfast. A half-filled bottle of whisky discovered in the cupboard, helped to revive all of us slightly, and gave Asa sufficient courage to seek outside for a spring. Tim, comparatively unwearied himself, and restless, located a trapdoor in the floor, rather ingeniously concealed, which disclosed the existence of a small cellar below. Candle in hand he explored this, returning with two jars, together with a quantity of powder and ball, and information that there remained a half keg of the explosive hidden below.

"Must a bin aim'n ter blow up stumps, I reckon," he commented, exhibiting a sample. "Coarsest I ever saw; cuden't hardly use thet in no gun, but it's powder alright."

To remove the debris out of our way, I was gathering up the straw tick and slit blankets, and piled them all together back on the bed. Clinging to one of the blankets, caught and held by its pin, was a peculiar emblem, and I stood for a moment with it in my hand, curiously examining the odd design. Eloise unclosed her eyes, and started to her feet.

"What is that you have?" she asked.

"A pin of some kind—a rather strange design; I just found it here, entangled in this blanket."

"Why," she exclaimed in surprise, "I have seen one exactly like it before—Kirby wore it in his tie."

CHAPTER XVI.

We Accept a Refuge.

I looked again at the thing with a fresh curiosity, yet with no direct thought of any connection. The undisguised terror manifest in her face, however, caused me to realize the sudden suspicion which this discovery had aroused.

"That means nothing," I insisted, taking the pin back into my own possession. "It is probably the emblem of some secret order, and there may be thousands of them scattered about. Anyhow this one never belonged to Joe Kirby. He could never have been here. My guess is the fellow is back at Yellow Banks before now. Forget it, Eloise, while we eat. Then a few hours sleep will restore your nerves; you are all worn out."

We had nearly completed the meal, seated around what remained of the shattered table. The boy Asa sat at the very end of the table, facing the

open door, eating as though he had not tasted food for a week. From the time of sitting down he had scarcely raised his eyes from off the pewter plate before him; but at last this was emptied, and he lifted his head, to stare out through the open door. Into his face came a look of dumb, inarticulate fright, as his lips gave utterance to one cry of warning.

"Look! Look!"

With swift turn of the head I saw what he meant—a man on horseback, riding at a savage gait up the trail, directly for the cabin, bent so low in the saddle his features could not be discerned, but, from his clothing, unquestionably white. I was without the door, Tim beside me rifle in hand, when the fellow swept around the base of the oak, still staring behind him, as though in fright of pursuers, and flogging his straining horse with the end of a rein. He appeared fairly crazed with fear, unaware in his blind terror of the close proximity of the cabin.

"Hold on!" I yelled, springing forward, my arms thrown up, directly in the animal's course. "Stop, you fool!"

I know not whether the frantic horse checked itself, or if the rider drew rein, but the beast stopped, half rearing, and I gazed with amazement into the revealed face of the man—he was Joe Kirby. Before I could speak, or move, he burst into words.

"You! Knox! My God, man, who ever you are, don't refuse me shelter!"

"Shelter? From what?" my hand closing on a pistol butt.

"Indians! Be merciful, for God's sake. They are there in the valley,



"Indians! Be Merciful for God's Sake."

they are after me. I just escaped them—they were going to burn me at the stake!"

I glanced aside at Tim; his rifle was flung forward. Then I looked quickly back at the man, who had already dropped from his horse, and seemed scarcely able to stand. Was this true, had he ridden here unknowing whom he would meet, with no other thought but to save his life? Heaven knows he looked the part—his swarthy face dirtied, with a stain of blood on one cheek, his shirt ripped into rags, bare-headed, and with a look of terror in his eyes not to be mistaken. Villain and savage as I knew him to be, I still felt a strange wave of pity sweep me—pity and tenderness, mingled with hatred and distrust.

"Kirby," I said, and strode in between him and Tim's leveled weapon. "There is no friendship between us—now, or at any time. I believe you to be a miserable, snarling dog; but I would save even a cur from Indian torture. Did you know we were here?"

"No, so help me God. I saw the cabin, and hoped to find help."

"The savages are following you?"

"Yes—yes; see! Look down there—there are half a hundred of the devils, and—Black Hawk."

"By the holy smoke, Cap, he's right—there they are!" sung out Kennedy, pointing excitedly. "The cuss ain't a lyn'. What'll we do?"

I saw them also by this time, my mind in a whirl of indecision. What should we do? What ought we to do? We should have to fight to the death—there was no doubt of that. An attempt to get away was manifestly impossible. But what about this renegade, this infernal scoundrel, this hellhound who had been trailing us to kill and destroy? Should we turn him back now to his deserved fate, or should we offer him the same chance for life we had? He might fight; he might aid one rifle to our defense; he might help us to hold out until rescuers came. And then—then—after that—we could settle our score. Tim's voice broke the silence.

"I reckon we ain't got much time," he said grimly. "It's one thing, 'er the other. I'm fer givin' the d— beggar a chance. I can't tura no white man over ter Injuns—not me. Kirby's got a gun, an' I reckon we're goin' fer ter need 'em all afore this blame fracas is over with."

"And I agree with you, Mr. Kennedy," said Eloise, clearly, speaking from the open door. "Lieutenant Knox, no one here has more to forgive than I. We must give the man refuge—it would be inhuman not to."

"Go in!" I said, grimly, to Kirby, looking him squarely in the eyes. "And then play the man, if you care to live."

I lingered there upon the outside for a moment, but for a moment only. The advancing cloud of savages were already coming up the slope, gradually spreading out into the form of a fan. The majority were mounted, although several struggled forward on foot. Near their center appeared the ominous gleam of a red blanket, waved back and forth as though in signal, but the distance was too great for my eyes to distinguish the one manipulating it. We were trapped, with our backs to the wall.

There were but few preparations to be made, and I gave small attention to Kirby until these had been hastily completed. The door and window were barred, the powder and slugs brought up from below, the rifles loaded and primed, the few loopholes between the logs opened, and a pall of water placed within easy reach. This was all that could be done.

Kennedy made use of the fellow, ordering him about almost brutally, and Kirby obeyed the commands without an answering protest. To all appearances he was as eager as we in the preparations for defense. But he could not command him; to even address the fellow would have been torture, for even then I was without faith, without confidence. The very sneaking, cowardly way in which he acted did not appeal to me as natural. I could not deny his story—those approaching Indians alone were proof that he fled from a real danger; and yet—and yet, to my mind he could not represent anything but treachery. I possessed but one desire—to kick the cringing cur.

I stood at a loophole watching the approaching savages. They had halted just below the big tree, and four or five half hidden by the huge trunk, were in consultation, well beyond rifle shot. Assured by their attitude that the attack would not be made immediately, I ventured to turn my face slightly, and take final survey of the room behind. Tim had stationed himself at the other side of the door, his eyes glued to a narrow opening, both hands gripped on his gun. Eloise and the colored girl, the one dry-eyed and alert, the other prone on the floor crying, were where I had told them to go, into the darkest corner. The boy I did not see, nor even remember, but Kirby stood on the bench, which enabled him to peer out through the loop-hole in the window shutter. What I noticed, however, was, that instead of keeping watch without, his eyes were furtively wandering about the room, and, when they suddenly encountered mine, were as instantly averted.

"Where was it you met those Indians, Kirby?" I questioned sternly.

"Down the valley."

"Last night?"

"This morning; they surprised us in camp! there were others with you, then. Who were they? the party you had trailing us?"

"Yes," a decidedly sullen tone creeping into his voice. "Five of them; one was a Winnebago."

"And Rale was along, I presume. What became of the others?"

He shook his head, but with no show of feeling.

"That's more than I know. Things were hot enough for me without bothering about the rest. I never saw any of them again, except Rale. He was killed in the fight. About an hour after that I shot the buck who was guarding me, and got away on his horse."

"What Indians were they?"

"Sacs mostly; some Foxes, and maybe a Winnebago or two."

"Was Black Hawk with them?"

"I don't know—I never saw Black Hawk."

I felt firmly convinced that he was deliberately lying, and yet there was nothing in his story which might not be true. No doubt it was prejudice, personal hatred, and distrust which led me to come to this conclusion. Well, true or not, I meant to see that he fought now.

"All right, but I advise you to keep your eyes outside," I said sternly. "Don't be staring about the cabin any more."

"I was looking for something to eat."

"Is that so? Well, you better stand it for awhile without eating. What is it, Eloise?"

"Please let me hand him some food?"

I hesitated, conscious that I disliked even the thought of her serving the fellow in any way, yet unable to resist the eager plea in her eyes.

"Very well, if you wish to; only keep down out of range; those Indians may try fer the loopholes. It is more than you deserve, Kirby."

He made no response, and I watched him closely as he endeavored to eat what she proffered him, and felt convinced that it was hard work. The man had lied about being hungry; he was not in need of food, and my deep-rooted suspicion of him only flamed up anew.

A hand gripped at my sleeve timidly, and I turned quickly to encounter the eyes of Asa Hall. Never did I read such depth of fear in the expression of any face—it was the wild, unreasoning terror of an animal.

"What is it, my boy?"

"It's him, seh," he whispered, his lips trembling so I could scarce catch the words. "Thet feller thar. He's—he's the one I saw las' night with Black Hawk."

"Are you sure?"

"Yes, seh; I know him. I saw him plain as I do now."

I do not know why, but every bit of evidence against the man came instantly thronging back to my mind—the chance remark of Throckmorton on the Warrior about his suspicion of Indian blood; the high cheek bones and thin lips; the boy's earlier description; the manner in which our trail had been so relentlessly followed; the strange emblem found pinned to the blanket. I seemed to grasp the entire truth—the wily, cowardly scheme of treachery he was endeavoring to perpetrate. My blood boiled in my veins, and yet I felt cold as ice, as I swung about and faced the fellow, my rifle flung for ward.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The world may love a lover, but it hates a quitter.

LONG FACES

"Cascarets" for Liver and Bowels bring back Smiles

Turn the "kill-joys" out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and misery-making gases—turn them out tonight and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels, or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret tonight straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep.—Adv.

Adornment.

"Here, this article talks about the ornamental government bureaus. What do they ornament them with?"

"I believe it is generally with big nob's."

ASPIRIN FOR COLDS

Name "Bayer" is on Genuine Aspirin—say Bayer



Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer package," containing proper directions for Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Why Tresspass on the Sabbath?

There are enough hours between Monday morning and Saturday night in which to do the work of the week.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

Kind Advice.

Belle—I am having trouble keeping my complexion all right.

Nell—Are you sure your jars are airtight?

HER FADED, SHABBY APPAREL DYED NEW

"Diamond Dyes" Freshen Up Old, Discarded Garments.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers, draperies, coverings—everything!

The Direction Book with each package tells how to diamond dye over any color.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Force of Practice.

"We have a baseball player in our choir."

"I suppose he always knows how to pitch his voice."

KEEP IT HANDY

If you paid a specialist \$25.00 for a prescription, you would not get anything that would give quicker relief for Croup, Catarrh, Colds, or Sore Throat, than VACHER BALM, which only costs 25c in jars, or tubes.

Write for Samples and Agent's Prices. Beware of imitations. E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Adv.

To live within one's income is not an ignoble ambition.

There is nothing more satisfactory after a day of hard work than a line full of snowy white clothes. For such results use Red Cross Ball Blue.

Worry is thought without purpose or object.

THE BAIN WAGON

Is one of the best on the market today and we have just received a car load of them. We also have a big stock of implements. Mr. Farmer we want to sell you one or more of them also your dry goods and groceries.

THE FAIR

H. M. LARKIN, Proprietor
TAHOKA, TEXAS

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS


The News is authorized to announce the following candidates for county, precinct, state and district offices, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries in July, 1920:

For County Judge:
J. W. ELLIOTT.
For Tax Assessor:
HANSFORD TUNNELL.

The good gopher is a dead one, and one dead gopher now means more grain than dead gophering time.

ECZEMA!

HONEY BACK
without question! Hunt's Salve fails in the treatment of Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Itch, etc. Don't become discouraged because other treatments failed. Hunt's Salve has relieved hundreds of such cases. You can't lose on our Money Back Guarantee. Try it at our risk TODAY. Price 75c at



Thomas Bros.

If You Burn You Lose

Compare the amount of your fire insurance policy with the present value of your house and see what you stand to lose in case you are burned out.

You cannot afford to risk this difference, especially when this protection is in a good sound company like the Hartford costs no more than it ever did.

Parkhurst Insurance Agency
TAHOKA, TEXAS.

HOW TO ORGANIZE A HOG IMPORTING CAMPAIGN

The West Texas Chamber of Commerce has perfected co-operative plans with the Fort Worth Stockyards Co. of North Fort Worth, Texas, by which commercial organizations, banks and Units Organizations in West Texas may conduct along approved lines campaigns for the immediate importation of pure bred Poland China and Duroc Jersey hogs into West Texas. The plan follows: Call a meeting of farmers and ascertain how many desire to import hogs for breeding purposes only. Take their orders and either checks representing their respective purchases or bank arrangements for the same. In many places, the banks will advance funds, payable in installments for this purpose. An order for at least one car load must be made up. We recommend the purchase of hogs weighing an average of 160 pounds. 50 to 65 such sized hogs will make up a carload, and in no event over 70 hogs, which is the maximum. After the orders have all been taken, and it has been ascertained that you have orders for one or more carloads, then have your bank notify O. W. Matthews, Secretary, Fort Worth Stock Yards Co., North Fort Worth, Texas, of the number desired, and that the bank will honor draft for said hogs upon arrival of the hogs at your nearest shipping point.

When the Stockyards Company receives your order, they will immediately pick from the best hogs on the stockyards market sufficient hogs to fill your order. These hogs will then be placed in quarantine for 30 days and fed. They will be given the simultaneous hog cholera treatment, and also immunized against hog flu, pneumonia, etc. They will also be tested and if they show fever, the Government Inspectors will throw them out. Before these hogs are shipped, they will again be inspected and if they show fever, will be thrown out. The cost of the hogs will be the exact price as shown by the daily livestock market, plus the feedings for 30 days and the cost of the immunization treatment. These hogs will not be registered but be pure bred Poland China or Duroc Jersey stock.

Mr. C. C. French, representing the Stockyards Company, is now making a tour of West Texas, in the plans for this campaign, but you can go ahead and put on a campaign without his aid, carrying out the plan as suggested above.

We think you will find that the farmers in your locality will be glad to join the movement, and have an opportunity to get some of these fine selected hogs for breeding purposes. If you desire further information, write to Mr. O. W. Matthews, Secretary, Fort Worth Stockyards Co., North Fort Worth, Texas.

West Texas Chamber of Com. W. L. Tunnell, residing southwest of town, called in at our sanatorium Saturday and slipped us the change to run his figures up on the News.

KINDERGARTEN HELPS FOR PARENTS

Concerning Manners.
(By Eva March Tappan, Ph. D.)

"I assert confidently that it is in the power of one American mother to make as many gentlemen as she has sons."—Marion Harland.

My text is the manners of two little children who called upon me, each with her mother. When Three-year-old was introduced, she put out her tiny hand and said with a charming smile, "How do you do? My mamma said you liked little girls." "Mamma" opened her bag and out came three-year-old's best beloved doll. In two minutes Three-year-old was playing happily in the bay window, while her mother and I had the long talk that we wanted.

When Four-year-old called and her mother said, "This is my little daughter," she made no response to my greeting, but promptly seized my prettiest sofa pillow, threw it on the floor, and trampled over and over its delicate silk with her dusty sandals. Her mother said nothing, but when she rose to leave, she was quite severe with little Four-year-old because she neglected to make the formal courtesy that she had been taught. "Evidently her home training in good manners consists in learning to make that courtesy," said a friend who was present; but I fancied there was something more than that back of the difference between the two children. Of course calls on grown ups are dull matters for small folk, but little Three-year-old had, by the thoughtful word of her mother, been put in a mood to please and be pleased, which is the foundation of pleasure in society. Poor little Four-year-old was "at odds with her environment," and her mother had not said the thoughtful word that might have helped her.

Whatever life may bring to a person, there is one thing certain, he will have to mingle with other people; and good manners which have their rise in a kindly feeling toward others will be a great help. Of whatever follies kings and queens have been guilty, they have generally realized that much of their popularity must rest upon the impression that their manners make upon people. Long before Queen Victoria could speak plainly, she was taught to make a little bow and say, "Morning, lady," or "Morning, sir," when any one approached her little carriage. Years later, a sailor lifted her small daughter on board the royal yacht, saying as he set her down, "There you are, my little lady." "I'm a princess," the child retorted. "I'm not a little lady." The watchful mother said, "That is true. Tell the kind sailor that you are not a lady yet, but that you hope to be one some day."

How can children be taught courtesy? The foundation, of course, is to teach them by word and example to feel kindly towards the people around them. Show them the little ways of thoughtfulness by which they can express this kindness of feeling. Teach them not to save up their good manners for strangers, and emphasize this by treating them with the same courtesy that you wish them to manifest. "I like to have the Blanks come to play with my children," said a mother, "for they are never rude and rough in their games." I was interested to ask the mother of the Blanks how she had brought this about. "I really believe it is due to our after-supper hour," she replied thoughtfully. "For an hour after supper I do whatever the children choose and as one of them. We read aloud, we go to walk, we make candy, we snowball one another, we play games, sometimes wild, rollicking games and I do not ask for any special privilege on the ground of being a grown up. But of course the children would not think of 'tagging mother' too roughly or making hard snowballs when one might happen to be thrown at her; and they won't quarrel about who shall stir the candy when they know that mother is waiting for her turn. If they practice self-control and courtesy with me, they will be more likely to practice it with others."

UNFORTUNATE! YES INDEED.

A force of workmen arrived here Sunday and began work tearing down the oil derrick of the Tahoka Oil & Gas Company south of town. The derrick has been sold to the Post Oil Development Co., at Justiceburg, and is being loaded on the cars for shipment to that point.—Lynn County News.

It is unfortunate for Tahoka that the well there has been abandoned, but it is not the last one that will go into limbo.—Snyder Signal.

Nor the first to go into limbo, Bro. Signal. If our memory serves us right Snyder had one or two supposed oil wells to go the 'limbo Route'.

1,000,000 OF REFUGEES ARE STILL MISSING

More than 1,000,000 former residents still are missing from the devastated regions of France, according to a report just received by the American Red Cross. Optimistic French authorities believe that a majority of the missing population will return within the next few months. They cite the fact that the month-by-month figures since the armistice show a steady and substantial recovery. During August more than 100,000 refugees returned to their homes.

PAINTING AND REPAIRING FARM MACHINERY

This is the time of year that the machinery on the farm should be painted and repaired. Machines should be repaired and put in first class operating condition before they are painted.

One of the first things to do is to look the implement over thoroughly and see if any parts are broken or worn out. Make a list of the needed parts so that they can be purchased or ordered from the dealer the next trip to town. After the new parts have been put on, the tool should be adjusted for field operation so that it will be ready to operate when it is needed. All tillage tools should be sharpened early. If the tools are taken to the blacksmith early, he will usually have more time and can do a better job than if he is rushed. It will save time when spring work opens.

Implements that need painting should be put in a dry place and thoroughly cleaned with a fine steel wire bristle brush. A smoother job can be done if the surface that is to be painted be sandpapered. However, very good results can be obtained if all the loose scales of paint and iron rust are scraped off, then the surface can be scoured with a steel wire bristle brush.

It is best to give implements a priming coat of red lead and linseed oil, mixed in these proportions: to one quart of linseed oil add two and one-half quarts of red lead and one-fourth of a pint of turpentine, stir thoroughly and apply in a thin, even coat. This paint will stick to iron and wood alike. It will also stick to old paint. It should be allowed to thoroughly dry. If the painting is done during dry, warm weather, the paint will dry in two days.

Following the priming coat of paint, any good, ready mixed implement paint can be used. The priming coat is a light red color, and is not very pleasing to the eye. The ready mixed paints can be secured in any of the standard colors. A ready mixed implement paint will usually not require a coat of clear varnish, for the last coat, to give the job a varnished appearance, because most implement paints are mixed with varnish. When the ready mixed paints dry, they possess a glossy finished appearance. It is better to apply two coats of ready mixed paint on the finishing coat, because of the wearing properties. However, one coat of the ready mixed paint is to be preferred to a second coat or priming.

Stripping applied to an implement increases the finished appearance, if it is properly done, but requires the services of an expert. The inexperienced man will usually spoil a neat job of painting by attempting to handle the stripping brush.

A tool that has been exposed to the weather or strong sunlight in a warehouse can usually be freshened up by applying a coat of clear implement varnish—however, the varnish will not suffice if the paint is cracked or sealed or if the iron parts are much worn and rusty.

Paint will lengthen the period of usefulness of all farm implements, especially ones with wooden and steel parts, because it prevents the wood from rotting, and the steel from rusting.—E. C. Gee, A. and M. College of Texas.

1919 INCOMES TAX ARE LESS THAN FOR 1918

Washington.—With the opening of the New Year comes the first date for the filing of income tax returns.

Heavy penalties are imposed for those who fail to file their returns between Jan. 1 and March 15. The full tax may be paid in full at the time of filing the return or in payments in four installments. The first must be paid by March 15, second by June 15, third by Sept. 15, and fourth by Dec. 15.

The period for which the income tax is assessed is the calendar year of 1919.

The ordinary taxpayer will not be obliged to pay quite as much as last year, although the rate still is far greater than pre-war rates.

Exemptions Unchanged.

The exemptions of \$1,000 for single persons, and \$2,000 for married persons and heads of families, remain the same as for 1918. The normal rate for 1918 is 4 per cent on the first \$4,000 of net income above the exemptions, and 8 per cent on the remaining net income. Last year the normal rate was 6 and 12 per cent, respectively.

Besides the exemption of \$1,000 for single persons and \$2,000 for married there is an additional exemption of \$200 for each dependent under 18 years of age.

All Must File Returns. Every person whose income equaled or exceeded \$1,000 for single persons, or \$2,000 for those who are married, must file a return regardless of whether the income is large enough to require the payment of the tax.

Forms for making returns will be available at offices of collectors of internal revenue and deputy collectors, postoffices and banks. What is known as form 1040 A is for use of those with incomes of \$5,000 or less, while form 1040 is for those with larger incomes.

Taxpayers must report under gross income salaries, including bonuses, interest received on notes and from bank deposits, dividends or stocks; profits from the sale of property; profits from stock market transactions, income from industries, part-



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford car can well be called the "peoples car," because there are more than 3,000,000 of them in daily operation. That is about four to one of the nearest follower in the motor car industry. This would not be so if the Ford car had not for sixteen years proven its superiority in service, in durability, and in the low cost for operation and maintenance; this would not be so if the Ford car was not so easy to understand, so simple in construction that anybody and everybody can safely drive it. Let us have your order for one now to avoid delay in delivery.

BRADLEY-TAHOKA AUTO COMPANY
TAHOKA, TEXAS

EDWARDS BROTHERS

We will at all times do our very best to supply your needs in our lines—Fuel and Feed.

EDWARDS BROTHERS
COAL AND GRAIN
TAHOKA, TEXAS

Do you believe in helping the merchant and the manufacturer? If so, it is a splendid idea to leave the farm implements in a field, exposed to the weather. Rain, snow, frost, dew, etc., will their share toward destroying the future usefulness and hasten the time when you will have to buy new implements. Of course, this pleases the merchant and manufacturer, if it pleases you, it is perfectly right and none of our business either. Nevertheless, you will probably be worried at the loss of the looking for them and securing the parts or needed repairs when every minute counts in crop-production. How about gathering them up, leaving them over for needed repairs, giving a little grease and storing them away for the winter so that you know where to find them when needed without loss of time or worry? The merchant and manufacturer, neither will it make you mad to have them ready for use when time counts money. Of course the implement man and manufacturer may have a few sales and the employes on a farm may not find so many excuses to go to town during the busy season, but it will evidently do the same as last year.

partnership profits and royalties from mines, oil wells, patents, copyrights and franchises.

Property Not Taxable.
Items which are not taxable and need not be included in the return, are property received by gift or inheritance, proceeds of life insurance policies, returns of premiums on life insurance, endowment of annuity contracts, amounts received through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensation acts, interest on obligations of any state or any city, town, county or village, interest on Liberty bonds to the par value of \$5,000, interest on securities issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, and amounts received during the war by persons in the active military or naval forces up to \$3,500 in addition to personal exemption.

Deduction from gross income in determining net income includes all business expenses in the conduct of a business, trade or profession, a reasonable allowance is made for depreciation of business property.

Certain Gifts Exempted.
Contributions or gifts to charitable religious or educational societies may be deducted to an amount not exceeding 15 per cent of the taxpayers' income.

The rates paid on the 1918 income were 6 per cent and 12 per cent, respectively. Sur-taxes remain the same as last year.

....THE....

Amarillo Daily Tribune

The New Daily Newspaper organized in Amarillo with a Capital of \$100,000 will begin publication early in February, and announces its subscription list now open.

The TRIBUNE will be a first-class newspaper, with full leased wire news service, giving the news of the day, together with full live stock and grain market reports up to the minute.

The news of the Panhandle and Plains country will be especially featured, with proper consideration given to the cities and towns within the territory of which Amarillo is the logical commercial center.

Your co-operation in making this a truly great newspaper for this section of Texas is sincerely desired.

The Tribune Representative Will be Here Soon

PROFESSIONAL

* **DR. L. E. TURRENTINE** *
* Physician and Surgeon *
* Office Over Thomas Bros. *
* Bldg., Room No. 2 *
* Residence Phone 60 *
* Office Phone 18 *
* **TAHOKA, TEXAS.** *

* **E. E. Callaway C. B. Townes** *
* **Drs. CALLAWAY & TOWNES** *
* Res. Phone 46 Res. Phone 131 *
* Physicians and Surgeons *
* Office Phone 45 *
* Office Upstairs Thomas Building *

* **C. H. CAIN** *
* Lawyer *
* Office in Northeast Corner *
* Court House *
* Tahoka, - - - - - Texas *

* **J. N. JONES** *
* **FURNITURE AND** *
* **UNDERTAKING** *
* Phone No. 37. *
* West Side Square *
* Tahoka, - - - - - Texas *

* **WEST TEXAS SANITARIUM** *
* Medical and Surgical Cases *
* Lubbock, Texas *
* **DR. M. C. OVERTON** *
* Office Phone 406; Res. 407. *
* **DR. C. J. WAGNER** *
* Office Phone 406; Res. 90. *

* **REFERENCE: Any Bank or** *
* **business house in Post, Tex-** *
* **as, Jensen-Salsberry Labor-** *
* **atories, Kansas City, Mo.;** *
* **Abbott Laboratories, Chic-** *
* **ago, Ill.** *
* **DR. L. W. KITCHEN** *
* **Post City, Texas.** *
* Graduate in Veterinary Med- *
* **icine, Surgery and Dentistry** *
* **Calls answered anywhere in** *
* **West Texas, Day or Night.—** *
* **Ruptured Colts successfully** *
* **treated.** *

* **THE LUBBOCK SANITARIUM** *
* **A Modern Fireproof Building** *
* **Equipped for Medical and Surgical Cases** *
* **Dr. Arvel Ponton** *
* **Office Phone 628** *
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* **Office Phone 209** *
* **Residence Phone 341** *
* **Dr. J. T. Hutchinson** *
* **Office Phone 209** *
* **Residence Phone 216** *
* **Dr. J. T. Krueger** *
* **Mary F. Farwell, R. N.** *
* **Superintendent** *
* **Phone 628** *
* A chartered Training School is con- *
* **ducted by Miss Mary F. Farwell, R.** *
* **N., Superintendent. Bright, healthy** *
* **young women who desire to enter** *
* **may address Miss Farwell.** *

* **B. P. MADDOX** *
* **Attorney-At-Law** *
* **Practice in all the Courts** *
* **Office in Northwest Corner** *
* **Court House** *
* **Tahoka, - - - - - Texas** *

* **DR. J. R. SINGLETON** *
* **Dentist** *
* **Permanently Located** *
* **Tahoka, - - - - - Texas** *

Your Correspondence Stationery

You will not have any reason to be ashamed of your correspondence paper if you will call and see our stock and select some of it for use. We have a very pretty line and you will appreciate its quality.

Thomas Bros. Drug Co.

TAHOKA TEXAS O'DONNELL

Life Was a Misery

Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Palmer, Okla., writes: "From the time I entered into womanhood . . . I looked with dread from one month to the next. I suffered with my back and bearing-down pain, until life to me was a misery. I would think I could not endure the pain any longer, and I gradually got worse. . . Nothing seemed to help me until, one day, . . . I decided to

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles," Mrs. Jones goes on to say, "and was not only greatly relieved, but can truthfully say that I have not a pain. . .

"It has now been two years since I took Cardui, and I am still in good health. . . I would advise any woman or girl to use Cardui who is a sufferer from any female trouble."

If you suffer pain caused from womanly trouble, or if you feel the need of a good strengthening tonic to build up your run-down system, take the advice of Mrs. Jones. Try Cardui. It helped her. We believe it will help you.

All Druggists

L. 68

SLATS' DIARY

Friday—Ma ast pa to fix sum window shades & pa sed he wood not start a job on a Friday. He is very superstitious eh hates 2 use a word with the letter M in it because it is the 13rd letter in the alfabet.

Saturday—pa at last got 2 work on the shades & hit his finger with a hammer & he begun 2 sware like as if he was kinda mad & ma skolded him & sed he should ought to be more care full how he tawks at home & pa replied & sed Whats the use of haveing a home then.

Sunday—Ma was fixing sum chicken for dinner, on account we had cumpny for dinner. I ast if it was 2 be fried & she sed No I am going 2 cook smothered chicken but I dident eat enny. I want mine killed civilized.

Monday—A ant of mine cum 2 see me & ma & pa today & she kist me when she cum in. They is a lots of diffrunce in kisses. When ma kisses me it makes me feel nice and smooth all over & when pa kisses me I taste a pipe & when Jane kist me that time I got dizzy but when my ant kisses me it hassent no kick a tall.

Tuesday—I saw pa putting a nickle away in the trunk today & I ast him Why did he put it there. he sed he was saveing sooveneers. I sed a nickle wassent enny sooveneer & he sed Yes it is they was once a time when it wood by 5 cts worth of things.

Wednesday—pa has got a brother which is going 2 get married 2 sum lady he knows & he has invited us 2 cum to the wedding & see him get married. Pa sed he thot Joe was mitey foolish to get married, and ma rite away sed Why is he foolish. Pa sed 2 her He is so yung and hassent had no experience in marriage.

Thursday—We are not going 2 go 2 the wedding. Ma sed 2 pa We will send our regrets & pa sed It issent enny use. They will have a plenty before long.

GIRLS LEARNING HOUSE PLANNING ARTS

The College of Industrial Arts is now offering an interesting course in Houseplanning in the Manual Arts Department, under the direction of Miss Marjorie E. Nind, of the University of Wisconsin. In this course the girls are not learning to become architects, but are learning how to become better citizens and homemakers. The girls plan one and two-story houses and apartments with the idea of convenience, economy, and beauty. They make floor plans, elevations, and garden plans. Many of these plans are later turned over to architects for practical use. The girls examine houses already built, houses under construction, and, where possible, watch the remodeling of houses. Such problems as the site, heating, lighting, plumbing, water supply, and roads are discussed in relation to the home and the home builder. At present, the students of the class in houseplanning are planning homes for a city or town block. Each girl works on her assigned part of the block as if it were her own property and is planning her home not only for her own convenience, but with regard to her next door neighbor. These houses will later be built in miniature, so that the real effect may be obtained. Other courses given in the Manual Arts Department are woodwork, cabinet making, furniture construction, metal work, jewelry, mechanical drawing, mechanical perspective, basketry, wood finishing, lower and upper grade hand craft, and toy making.

CATLEMEN BUYING BUT LITTLE FEED

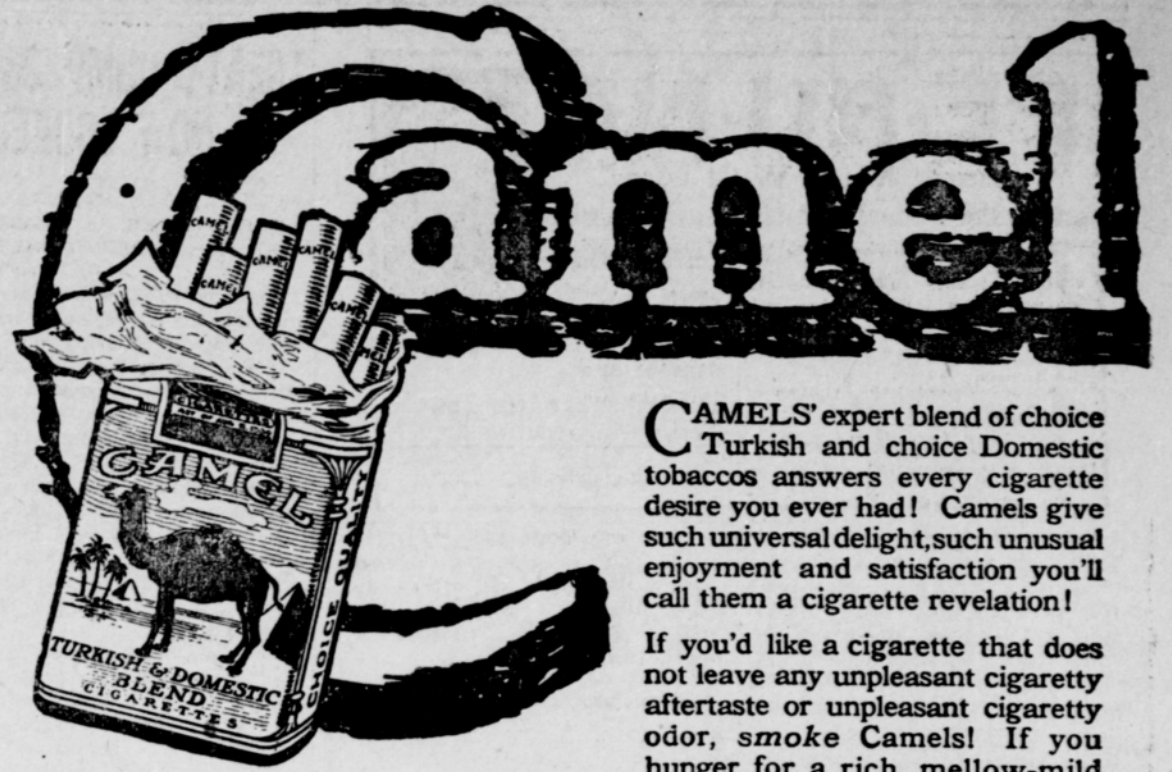
Fort Worth, Texas, Dec. 23.—Assistant Secretary A. C. Williams of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association says that cattle are in fine shape for the winter and that cattlemen are worrying very little over the high price of cotton seed cake and other feed, as the range is in better shape than it has been for years and a bumper feed crop was harvested. The average cattlemen, it is estimated, will require only from 20 to 30 per cent of the normal supply of cottonseed cake or meal.

Shipments to market during the early winter has been delayed by the shortage of cars. With an abundance of feed on hand and prices at market centers very unsatisfactory, most cattlemen will sell only the culls and carry the others through until spring in the hope of receiving better prices.

Several thousand head of cattle shipped to Texas ranges from the dorth-stricken sections of Wyoming and other States have gained flesh rapidly since their arrival and will finish the winter in splendid condition.

In spite of the drouth in certain sections of Texas in 1917-18 the range is in better condition than it has been for many years. New varieties of grass have appeared in many places.

The shipment of cattle from the range country has been about normal for this season of the year, according to inspectors' reports received by E. B. Spiller, secretary-manager of the Cattle Raisers' Association. The weather on the ranges has been favorable for a fortnight; cattle are in fine shape to go through the winter and there is plenty of grass and feed. Such severe weather as was had a few weeks ago did but little damage to live stock.



CAMELS' expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretty odor, smoke Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you get some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste! You will prefer them to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Cigarettes

DRILLING ON SMALL TRACTS FORBIDDEN

Austin, Texas, Dec. 23.—The oil and gas division of the Railroad Commission, answering queries from oil operators with reference to rule 37, today gave out the following statement:

"We have been asked if the commission's rule 37, prohibiting drilling nearer than 150 feet to any boundary line applies to tracts which are so small as to make compliance impossible if these tracts were acquired before Nov. 26, the date the rule took effect.

"In such cases the operator must file an application or letter setting up the facts fully and the commission will make an exception on some equitable basis.

"But the subdivision of lands into such tiny tracts after Nov. 26 is absolutely prohibited. The drill site' speculator and stock manipulator has had his day in Texas.

"Any operator of a 'drill site' acquired since Nov. 26 not only subjects himself to a fine up to \$5,000 per day, but can never get his oil accepted by a pipe line if the commission refuses to issue to the operator a certificate stating that he has obeyed the conservation laws of this State.

"The pipe line is required by law to demand this certificate before making connection with any of property."

NEW BAPTIST CHURCH WILL BE ERECTED

In an interview with Rev. W. A. Bowen, pastor Baptist church of this city, it was learned his church had decided on building a splendid church plant to cost from \$50,000 to \$65,000. The building committee has been appointed. The following active and enterprising gentlemen are on that committee: Dr. C. M. Balenger, W. B. Atkins, Judge E. L. Klett, Elmo Wall, E. L. Law, E. R. Haynes, B. Quinn, M. L. Waldrop, J. P. Lewis.

When the organization is completed and plans perfected a soliciting committee will be put in the field to gather funds in addition to several thousand dollars that has been voluntarily subscribed.

It is the purpose of this enterprising congregation to rush right forward and bring to completion as soon as possible this most worthy enterprise.—Lubbock Avalanche.

MONTANA CATTLE SHIPPED TO WEST TEXAS PASTURES

Big Spring, Dec. 30.—A trainload of Wyoming and Montana cattle arrived here Christmas day for the West Texas pasturage, having been shipped from those states because of the continued drouth. O'Donnell, near here, has been an animated scene of reception for this class of stock for the last three or four months.

According to figures gathered by the West Texas Chamber of Commerce, it is estimated that not less than 60,000 steers have been brought to this section from the Northwest in the last four months. The conditions here could never have been better.

In Borden county stockmen who sustained considerable loss during the 1918 depression and who shipped much of their stock to good ranges are combing the entire country in search of stock to rehabilitate their splendid ranches.

At twenty-one a man knows everything; at fifty he wishes he knew something.

Give Your Car a Chance

You probably use your car more than any other piece of machinery you have, yet give it the least attention. Let us look it over at reasonable intervals and keep it up in good order, it will last you longer and be less expensive to keep up.

Our workmen know their business and give you a square deal. We handle batteries and do battery work, also have automobile supplies.

Howell's Garage

General repair workers and battery doctors
TAHOKA, TEXAS

Higginbotham-Harris & Company

Lumber, Wall Paper
Paint, Wire, Posts,
Lime and Cement.....

ECLIPSE WINDMILLS

Pipe and Pipe Fittings or
anything it takes to build
a home.

Higginbotham-Harris & Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

Mrs. Jas Millman had us add her name to our subscription list this week.

H. H. Greene, oil well driller at Justiceburg, sends the kale to keep the News coming his way. This family spent several months in Tahoka, and still have a kindly feeling for its citizens. The News will keep them posted as to the happenings in this section.

The Lubbock Avalanche reports that the Lubbock Sanitarium will receive bids to add two additional stories to their present structure and will be equipped with every modern convenience.

More republicans will pay their poll tax this year than ever before in the history of Bexar County, according to prominent political leaders who are planning an active poll tax campaign among Republicans and dissatisfied Democratic voters. Political sentiment of that county is said to be about evenly divided between the Republicans and Democrats and a hot contest in this Congressional district is predicted next year. You had better pay your poll tax, Mr. Democrat, if you expect to win next year.

It cannot be said too often that there is no greater illusion than disillusion.

You Can Not Afford to Wait

You may think building material is too high to build now, but you cannot afford to wait till it gets cheap. The thing to do is to go right ahead with the building. Your investment will more than bring you out winner.

We have the material in large or small quantities, just as you want it.

A. G. McAdams Lumber Co.

W. S. Moore, Manager

SERVICE—QUALITY AND PRICE TAHOKA, TEXAS

JUST BACK FROM MARKET

I am just back from market where I purchased another big lot of Furniture. You will find my stock very complete in every line of goods carried in a Furniture store. See my fine line of rugs, etc.

J. E. STOKES FURNITURE STORE

West Side Square

Tahoka, Texas.

PE-RU-NA

Made Me a Well Man

Mr. Louis Young, 1652 Clifford St., Rochester, N. Y., writes: "I suffered for thirty years with chronic bowel trouble, stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels. We bought a bottle of Peruna and I took it faithfully, and I began to feel better. My wife persuaded me to continue, and I took it for some time as directed. Now I am a well man."

Suffered thirty years with stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels.

Liquid or Tablet Form

A New Life.

"I have heard tell," said Cactus Joe, "that gettin' married makes a heap of difference in a man's way of livin'." "It does; it does," replied Three Finger Sam. "In almost every instance he has to quit playin' poker and take up bridge whist."

Quite So. "Did you see where a singer has come back from Paris with a dress full of mirrors?" "That idea must have required a great deal of reflection."

YOU'LL SOON LOOK OLD FROM HERE UP

Let "Danderine" check that nasty dandruff and stop hair falling.



Get a small bottle of "Danderine" at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little into your hand and rub well into the scalp with the finger tips. By morning most, if not all, of this awful scurf will have disappeared. Two or three applications often remove every bit of dandruff and stop falling hair. Every hair on scalp shortly shows more life, vigor, brightness, thickness and color.—Adv.

Disturbing Medley.

"Miss Pounders," said the head of the firm, not crossly, but with the evident purpose of administering a mild rebuke, "I believe you enjoyed the performance of 'The Jazz Girl' last night."

"Why—er—so I did, Mr. Frisber," answered the stenographer, in some confusion. "How did you know I was at the theater?"

"I was there myself, and—ahem—you've been humming all the song bits of that piece ever since you came down this morning."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

A Wiry Lamb.

The Smiths were at dinner. The second course was brought on, and there was a period of silence, broken only by the sound of fork and knife.

Then Smith looked up. "What is this?" he asked, pointing to the meat. "The butcher said it was spring lamb," replied Mrs. Smith.

"He is right," grunted Smith. "I've been chewing one of the springs for the last five minutes."

An Impossibility.

"Reds' have gone on strike," said the man who was reading a newspaper.

"Can't be done," commented the man who was cleaning his pipe. "In order to strike a person has to quit work, and no red was ever known to be at work in the first place."

Not as It Sounds.

"How about that mill location?" "They say it is a dam good site."—Exchange.

No race with Coffee prices!

POSTUM CEREAL

is still selling at the same fair price, and is better for you.

Try it!

Two sizes, usual price 15¢ and 25¢

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

TREATY COMPROMISE IS NOW LOOKED FOR

NEGOTIATIONS IN WASHINGTON REACH MORE FORMAL STAGE AS LEADERS CONFER

Washington.—Peace treaty compromise talk reached a more formal stage when Senator McNary of Oregon, a leader of the mid reservation republicans, discussed various compromise suggestions with Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, the acting democratic leader.

It was said that although no definite agreement came out of the conference, the conversation took a hopeful turn. Afterward both senators seemed confident that a middle ground could be found that would insure ratification early in the year.

Modification of the reservations approved by the senate majority at the last session, so that affirmative acceptance by the other powers would not be required, is understood to have been the principal subject considered. A new preamble which would declare the reservations effective unless other nations objected within a limited time is said to have been outlined, with both senators indicating that they might accept it.

The reservations in the majority program dealing with Art. 10, Shanghai, and voting power in the league of nations, is was said, also came in for discussion.

Senator Hitchcock saw a number of other senators, and Senator Swanson of Virginia, a democrat of the foreign relations committee, was present during a part of the talk with Senator McNary. Later Mr. McNary conferred with several on the republican side.

The compromise negotiations are expected to become more and more active as senators return for the reconvening of congress. In some quarters, however, it is believed that no definite action may be proposed until after the democratic senate caucus Jan. 15, which will decide the contest between Senator Hitchcock and Senator Underwood of Alabama for the democratic leadership.

PUEBLA GIVEN JURISDICTION IN THE JENKINS CASE

Which Court Shall Conduct the Trial Not Announced, However.

Mexico, City.—The Mexican supreme court has ruled that the federal district court of Puebla has jurisdiction in the case of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent, at liberty on bail pending trial for alleged collusion with his bandit abductors.

The ruling, however, was confined to the one point of jurisdiction and the supreme court did not direct that the case be tried in the federal court, or that the state court of Puebla, which first directed Jenkins' imprisonment, was entirely without authority. In fact, the ruling was interpreted as meaning the state court is still competent to conduct the trial, though Jenkins may now enter a new petition for transfer of his case to the federal district court.

TWENTY-SIX DIE IN WRECK OF STEAMER

Three Men Rescued From Anton Van Driel are Almost Fatally Frost-bitten.

St. Johns, N. F.—Three men have been rescued from the wreck of the Belgian steamer Anton Van Driel, which struck on the rocks at the entrance of St. Mary's bay Sunday. They are the only survivors of the crew of 29. All were frightfully frost-bitten from long exposure on the bridge, which was the only portion of the vessel remaining above water.

The rescued men are second mate and two firemen. They were taken to Trepassy by the rescue steamer Ingraham, which was sent out from that harbor to the scene of the wreck.

Luther W. Clark Dies

Long Beach, Cal.—Luther W. Clark, 65 years of age, for many years editor in chief of the Dallas-Galveston News and one of the most prominent men in the Lone Star state, died at his temporary home in this city Tuesday afternoon from heart trouble. The body will be shipped to Dallas for burial.

Get Big Boost in Salary.

New York.—Employees of the Western Union Telegraph company who have been with the company more than one year will receive increases in salary of 15 per cent and those more than six months and less than one year of 10 per cent on New Year's day.

Efficiency Bonus Plan Adopted

Dallas.—As a premium for efficiency the Dallas Railway company will inaugurate a bonus plan for trainmen in their employ, beginning with the New Year.

Yeggs Rob Bank of \$100,000

Tingley, Iowa.—Robbers entered the Tingley Savings bank Monday by the use of a blow torch and escaped with \$100,000 in cash and securities.

Love is Committeeman.

Dallas.—Thos. B. Love of this city has been unanimously elected democratic national committeeman by the state democratic executive committee, in session in this city. Mr. Love succeeds O. S. Charlton of Houston, who recently resigned.



HENRY S. GRAVES

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

EXPLAINING before the tri-state forestry conference

how the United States is rapidly exhausting its timber resources and at a comparatively early date may find itself largely dependent upon foreign sources, Lieut. Col. Henry S. Graves, chief of the forest service, United States department of agriculture, told the remedies that can be applied, and the measures that can be adopted, particularly in Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, the three states for which the conference was held.

"The solution of our forestry problem," said Colonel Graves, "consists in stopping destruction by fire and other agencies, by using methods that make possible natural reproduction after logging, and by restocking the tree growth of lands that have been made economic wastes. The fear has been expressed by some that such an objective conflicts with the expansion of agriculture and stock raising. Exactly the contrary would be the result. No sane program of forestry would propose the use of lands for forestry that are better adapted to agriculture and settlement. Forestry, agriculture and stock raising go hand in hand.

"In Illinois, Indiana and Ohio our problem is essentially one of the farm woodland. Here we have to do with small tracts and operations. In some ways the problem is a simpler one than in the great lumber regions. In the first place, the fire danger is easily controlled. Then again the work can usually be brought into close correlation with other phases of farm management. Of great value, also, is the fact that the owner himself is often the manager and can give personal direction to the work of forestry.

"In such circumstances the aid of the states may be directed to showing the farmer how to cut his woodland in order to secure natural reproduction, how to thin the young stands so as to increase their growth and value, how to reforest the lands now waste, how best to market his woodland products, and so on. Advice should be afforded through the state forester and the agricultural field agents. Planting stock should be offered at cost with assistance in establishing successful plantations. Co-operative marketing enterprises should be encouraged when this is practical."

Discussing the function of the federal government in meeting the forestry problem, Colonel Graves said: "The federal government has not given adequate assistance to the states. Direct aid to the states by the government, made contingent on adoption by the former of acceptable programs of forest legislation and administration, would help to secure concurrent action in different states, enable the standardization of methods, and enable the achievement of results impossible without such aid.

"The first step in inaugurating a national policy of forestry is a federal law providing the authority to co-operate with the states in formulating and carrying out a program of forestry, and carrying an appropriation that can be used to assist such states as inaugurate and put into effect a program determined to be adequate by the secretary of agriculture. A great deal can be accomplished pending such substantial co-operation, but with the aid that the nation might offer, results that otherwise would be impossible could be accomplished."

The forest situation, Colonel Graves pointed out, is of peculiar interest to Indiana, Illinois and Ohio. All three states have a pressing problem of producing home-grown forests. They are also vitally concerned in the forest situation in other parts of the country, for they are large consumers of lumber and other wood products and the greater part of what they use already is brought in from other states.

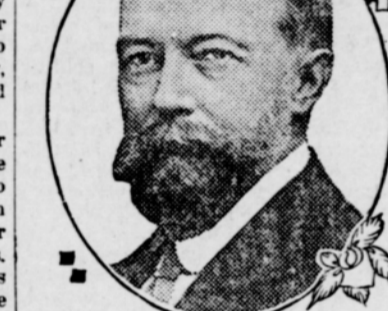
"Illinois, Indiana and Ohio," he said, "together with the neighboring portions of Michigan and Wisconsin, constitute the most important center of manufacturing industries in the country—that is, the industries making vehicles, furniture, railway cars,

SUN'S RAYS FOUND HELPFUL

Beneficial in the Treatment of Tuberculosis and of Great Value in Other Diseases.

The simplest treatment for tuberculosis, which is nothing more than exposure to the rays of the sun in the open air, which has been practiced successfully in Switzerland for many years, has recently received an impetus in this country by the suggestion of Dr. Guy Hinsdale, calling attention

A Sane National Forestry Program



CHARLES LATHROP PACK

WASTEFUL AND SHORTSIGHTED SLASHING

tools, planing-mill products and the like. About one-third of the total capital invested in the wood-manufacturing industries of the country and about one-third of the wage earners in these industries are found in this section. They use five and a half billion feet of lumber a year, or about a quarter of the aggregate used in this country for such enterprises.

"Today the home product does not nearly meet the annual requirements, but, further than that, the cutting that is done far exceeds what is grown each year. It is probable, from the best estimates that I have been able to secure, that the annual growth of material of potential value in the three states is not over one-quarter of what is cut each year. This means that the forests are progressively losing ground with considerable rapidity.

"This deficit is due only in part to the clearing of land for agriculture. It is due also to the failure to handle the lands in a way to secure good reproduction and properly to protect the young trees that become established. With better care and management the forest lands of these states should yield two or three times the present growth, and this would, I believe, be possible without checking the extension of cultivation over lands suited to that purpose. There are many convincing reasons why these states should produce as much as possible in the way of forest growth from land that is best adapted to that purpose—and in the aggregate these areas amount to a great deal."

GET TOGETHER

"The United States must decide upon a national forest policy in order to perpetuate its timber supply," says Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the American Forestry association. We are far behind France, Great Britain, Germany, Japan and other nations in this respect.

The United States has only about one-fourth of its original forest and this is now disappearing three times faster than it is being reproduced. We must, before it is all gone, provide for a timber supply for our future needs and we can do so if foresters get together with the lumbermen and timberland owners and agree upon a practical, workable forest policy. The country is grateful to Col. Henry S. Graves, United States forester, for demanding a national forest policy at this time, and the foresters are the men whom the country ex-

pects to formulate this forest policy. It is their business to do it and do it well.

The national and state governments hold only some 3 per cent of merchantable timber. Therefore, the majority of the owners of the timber must in accord with any policy dictate the management, the protection, and the reforestation of their land before it can be successful. You cannot compel an owner to develop and perpetuate his timberland at a financial loss if you wish him to reforest his land you must make it pay him, as other countries do.

One most important feature of a national forest policy on which agreement is possible is fire protection. Forest fires have this year caused millions of dollars of damage in the northwest. The United States forest service spent more than a million dollars fighting these fires in July alone. Private agencies spent lavishly in protecting their lands but the fire protection measures in neither national state or private forests are sufficient to properly protect them. Get together then on a national, state and private forest fire protection program. It is the need of the hour and when this has been done the first step toward a mutually satisfactory national forest policy will have been made. Other features of this policy are certain to follow in due course.

VALUE OF FORESTS

"So important are forests to the life of a nation that Germany will find that France will insist upon Germany's paying in lumber for the casualties of the French forests which were destroyed during the war," declares P. S. Ridsdale, secretary of the American Forestry association, who has made a tour of the allied countries. Mr. Ridsdale went to Europe to investigate forest losses in France, Belgium, Italy and Great Britain, that the American Forestry association might determine how America could help to replace the destroyed forests of Europe by presenting the best seed to the various governments.

"In northern France many of the forests," he says, "have been so badly smashed by shell, shrapnel and fire, or so badly cut for trench builders, fuel wood and other supplies that the contending armies that they have been virtually destroyed. They have been restored only by replanting."

"The agricultural land between the forests in various sections of the battle front have been so badly smashed by shell fire that they are no longer serviceable for agriculture and like the devastated forests, will have to be planted with forest trees so that in years to come the holes may be filled by gradual accretion and the humus of the soil restored."

"Italy, Belgium and Great Britain will make similar requests."

the rays that is beneficial, but blue and violet rays, and they are strongly bactericidal. But the sun is not merely bactericidal; it is a powerful stimulant to every act of life, particularly the oxidation which gives the blood its power to eliminate disease.

Sufficient Reason.

The reason there are several of us who don't eat for fear of making ourselves fat is because buying these things makes us poor.—Dallas News.

GET READY FOR "FLU"

Keep Your Liver Active, Your System Purified and Free From Colds by Taking Calotabs, the Nauseless Calomel Tablets, that are Delightful, Safe and Sure.

Physicians and Druggists are advising their friends to keep their systems purified and their organs in perfect working order as a protection against the return of influenza. They know that a clogged up system and a lazy liver favor colds, influenza and serious complications. To cut short a cold overnight and to prevent serious complications take one Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea, no griping, no sickening after effects. Next morning your cold has vanished, your liver is active, your system is purified and refreshed and you are feeling fine with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Eat what you please—no danger. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Every druggist is authorized to refund your money if you do not perfectly delighted with Calotabs.—(Adv.)

To Escape the Jinx.
Judge—Well, well, that's a frightful case. What caused you to marry 14 wives?
Bigamist—Well, your honor, I didn't believe in the number 13.

Baby's little dresses will just simply dazzle if Red Cross Ball Blue is used in the laundry. Try it and see for yourself. At all good grocers, 5c.

Not the Extreme Type.
"Do you approve of the V-necked gown?" "If it's a lower case 'v'."—Boston Transcript.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm. Adv.

After pocketing his fee, the congratulations of the minister officiating at a wedding are genuine.

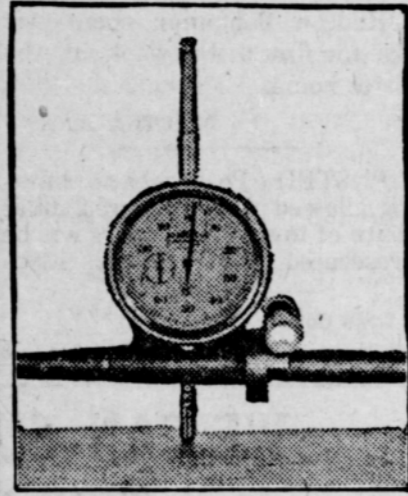
PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

FINDING WEAR OF HIGHWAYS

Instrument Recently Designed and Made to Determine Wear of Concrete and Other Roads.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Every user of concrete and other improved highways will be interested in an instrument which has recently been designed and made in the research division of the bureau of public roads, for measuring wear of concrete and other surfaces. It is anticipated that from readings made with this instrument a large amount of valuable data may be collected not only regarding concrete roads, but also concerning brick, macadam, and other types of surfaces. The instrument consists essentially of two bearing plates each 2 inches in diameter, pivoted on uniform joints to a spanner 11½ inches long. In the mid point is mounted a micrometer whose plunger has a travel of 1 inch and whose dial is graduated to read to



Measures Wear of Roads.

one one-thousandth of an inch. In order to form a base to which measurements can be referred from year to year, brass plugs are set in the pavement where readings are desired. Readings are taken by resting the bearing plates on the road's surface and allowing the plunger to rest on the base plate of the plug. The instrument is plumbed with the aid of a level and the spanner bar is held parallel to the center line of the road. Other readings may be taken with the bar at right angles to the center line of the road.

An important advantage of this instrument is that accurate data can be acquired rapidly and without interrupting traffic. The base plate in the pavement is protected between readings by covering it with cotton waste and topping with putty. The brass plugs are readily set in any pavement while it is being laid, and at any future time by drilling holes with star drills and setting the plug in cement grout.

PAY ATTENTION TO ROADSIDE

It Should Be One of First Places by Which Appearance of the Farm Is Improved.

Some farmers evidently consider the roadside along their farms as distinctly separate from and wholly outside of their jurisdiction, and any time or labor expended in keeping it up as so much gratuitously donated to the public. Every farmer should consider the roadside along his farm as deserving as much of his attention as the farm itself. He should consider the road the "front way" to his farm, and instead of its receiving secondary attention, it should be one of the first places by which the appearance of the farm is improved.

MOVEMENT TO BETTER ROADS

State of Maine Votes to Increase Bonded Indebtedness From \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Maine, by an overwhelming vote, recently indorsed the proposal to raise the bonded indebtedness of state highways from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, giving an additional \$8,000,000 to be spent on the state road system. This is one of the instances showing a country-wide movement for better highways, as reported to the United States department of agriculture, which administers the federal aid road act.

Roads Not Developed.
That the roads in this country, although greatly improved since the coming of the automobile, are not yet universally developed to the point where they should be was demonstrated during the stress of war.

Save Truck Owners Money.

Truck owners know that good roads not only save them money but the shipper and public as well, because they can make faster time and at a saving in operating expense.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1929, Western Newspaper Union)

LESSON FOR JANUARY 11

PETER AND JOHN HEAL A LAME MAN.

LESSON TEXT—Acts 3.
GOLDEN TEXT—Freely ye have received, freely give.—Matt. 10:8.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Matt. 16:7; Mark 1:23-34; Luke 4:40; John 14:2; 1 Peter 4:11.

PRIMARY TOPIC—A Lame Man Made Whole.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Peter and John at the Beautiful Gate.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Faith and a Helping Hand.

The indications are that some months had elapsed since Pentecost. The believers were being taught by the apostles, who were showing their credentials by their mighty works (2:43).

1. The Lame Man Healed (vv. 1-11).

1. The occasion (v. 1). Peter and John were going to the house of worship. They were going up to Jerusalem to worship though they knew full well the corruptions of Judaism. What is needed today is not separation from denominational bodies so much as for those who know the Lord and the higher things of the Christian life to help lead those who lack these things into the better way.

2. The place (v. 2). It was at the beautiful gate which led from the outer to the inner court of the temple. This man was placed at the entrance of the place of worship, because where man comes closest to God he also comes closest to his fellow man. Human instinct is quick to discern this. Beggars are seldom found at doors of theaters and infidel lecture halls.

3. The man (vv. 2, 3). This beggar was infirm from his birth.

4. The method (vv. 4-8). (1) Gained the man's attention (v. 4). Peter and John commanded him to look on them. Having secured his attention they gave him more than he asked or expected. He asked for money and got healing.

(2) Peter commanded him in the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth to rise up and walk (v. 6). This was the very thing he had been unable to do for so many years. Was not this mocking his very impotency? No! No! It was in the name of Jesus. With the commandment went the ability to do.

(3) Peter took him by the right hand (v. 7). This act was meant to give impetus to his faith, not strength to his ankles. (4) The man's response (v. 8). Strength came to his feet and ankle bones at once. He stood, he walked, he leaped and shouted praise to God. He thoroughly advertised the miracle.

He ascribed the honor to God for his healing and walked into the house of God. The one who has experienced the life of Christ will surely make it manifest.

5. The effect (vv. 9-11). The people were filled with wonder and amazement. The multitude ran together to see this wonderful thing. There was no question as to the genuineness of the miracle, for this man was a familiar figure for many years. This miracle may be regarded as a parable setting forth the work of the church in the world. (1) The helpless beggar had to be carried to the temple gate. Men and women out of Christ are spiritually helpless; they need to be brought where the life of God can be applied to them. We should bring sinners to Christ. (2) Taking him by the hand shows the manner of the Christian's help.

II. Peter Witnessing of Jesus Christ Before the Multitude (vv. 12-26).

This miracle focused the attention of the people upon Peter and John. Peter immediately turned their attention from himself to Christ. This is most unlike the claimants to divine power today. Disclaiming power of his own, he seized the opportunity to preach Christ to the people who had assembled. He told them it was faith in Jesus Christ, whom the God of their fathers had glorified, whom they had deliberately delivered up and denied before Pilate when he desired to set him free, and that they desired a murderer to be granted freedom instead. He showed that the disciples were also witnesses that God had raised Jesus from the dead, and charged home upon them their awful guilt; for they had denied the holy one and the just, and chosen Barabbas, a murderer, instead of Christ, and killed the Prince of Life. He appealed to them to repent (v. 19), telling them that they had committed this awful crime in ignorance, God would pardon their sin if they would repent. He assured them that Israel would yet enjoy refreshing seasons from the Lord, when God should send Jesus Christ back to earth to consummate the work of redemption. He appealed to the Scriptures as the basis of his warnings and promises (vv. 22-26).

Service of Life.
Life should be measured by usefulness, as it is to serve the world that we are entitled to live in it. And after all service, well and faithfully performed, brings the only real happiness; all the outward pomp and insignia of rank are but badges of service. "Not to be ministered unto, but to minister," is the utterance of the highest authority in spiritual matters. It was a most interesting object lesson that Jesus gave his disciples when he washed their feet.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

HENS CACKLE.

"Cackle, cackle, cackle," said Miss Fidgety Hen. "I do believe I feel like having a pleasant quarrel."

Now the hens really do quarrel and scarp and fight in a very good-natured way most of the time.

"Well, all right," said Miss Gray Hen, "only before long I must go to bed."

"Well," said Miss Fidgety Hen, "if it comes to that I have to go to bed soon. I must get my beauty sleep. I must see that I am a beautiful hen."

"So you're not sure of it now, and hence, have to see to it," said Miss Gray Hen, cackling and laughing in her curious way.

"Don't use such fussy and fancy and ridiculous words as 'hence,'" said Miss Fidgety Hen. "You know very well what I mean. I mean that I must go to bed to stay beautiful as I now am. In other words I must watch over my beauty."

"And see that it doesn't run away from you," cackled Miss Gray Hen.

"You're a silly gray hen," said Miss Fidgety Hen, "and you really don't know what you are talking about."

"I do so," said Miss Gray Hen.

"You don't," said Miss Fidgety Hen. "I do so," said Miss Gray Hen.

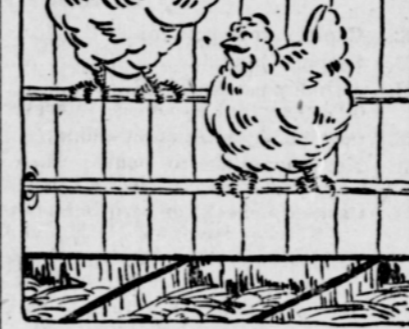
"Think of something different to say than that," said Miss Fidgety Hen.

"I won't unless I want to," said Miss Gray Hen.

"Will you admit I am beautiful?" asked Miss Fidgety Hen.

"I will not," said Miss Gray Hen.

"Will you say that the only reason I have to look after my beauty is because I mustn't get tired out and old



"I Don't Agree."

looking and so lose some of it—that that is the only way I could lose any of it? Will you say that?"

"I will not," said Miss Gray Hen. "I will say you have to go to bed early so as to try to make yourself think you're beautiful because you take such care of yourself."

"You're wrong," said Miss Fidgety Hen.

"I'm right," said Miss Gray Hen. "But I don't agree with you," said Miss Fidgety Hen.

"Neither do I agree with you," said Miss Gray Hen.

"But you should agree with me for I know so much," said Miss Fidgety Hen.

"You only think you know a lot," said Miss Gray Hen. "You don't know more than any of us. You're just the same as we are. You go to bed when it grows dark and get up when it becomes light."

"And you pay no attention to that thing they have done?"

"What thing they have done?" asked Miss Fidgety Hen. "Dear me, but you speak so badly," she said.

"Oh, well, hens were never great speechmakers," said Miss Gray Hen. "We have a lot to say for ourselves, but none of it is very beautifully said."

"I meant that when they have had what they called a daylight saving hour you haven't changed your clock back or front or sideways or however they do change their clocks," continued Miss Gray Hen.

"Of course I haven't," said Miss Fidgety Hen. "That shows how superior I am. I won't let the people tell me what I should do. I go by old Mr. Sun—an older and a wiser fellow than any of them."

"It's because you don't know any more than any of us," said Miss Gray Hen.

"Oh, well," said Miss Fidgety Hen, "it is getting dark now and it seems rather nice and cozy here in our indoor winter home, so let's stop quarreling and go to sleep."

"I say so, too," agreed Miss Gray Hen. "I've had a nice little quarrel and now I feel sleepy."

"Yes," said Miss Fidgety Hen, "it was a nice little quarrel, a very nice little quarrel, indeed."

And so, quite happily, the hens went to bed!

When All Men Are Equal.
The teacher of a juvenile Sunday school had been talking to her pupils about death and finished by asking: "Now who can tell me when all are equal and there is absolutely no distinction between the rich man and the poor man?"

"I can," replied one little fellow.

"When is it, Willie?"

"When they go in swimming," was the unexpected reply.

I'M SO GLAD I DIDN'T TAKE NASTY, SICKENING CALOMEL

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Makes You Feel Just Grand and You Can Eat Anything and Not Be Salivated



Calomel salivates! If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated, if your skin is sallow, your breath bad, your stomach sour just go to any druggist and get for a few cents a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous Calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty Calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money. If you take Calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may salivate you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tone you will wake up feeling great, with a hearty appetite, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It is harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children.—Adv.

SPRAINS

The best pain and sprain reliever I have ever found," says O. C. Cook. "I am much pleased with Hunt's Lightning Oil." The powerful healing warmth of Hunt's Lightning Oil relieves pain when other liniments fail. Just try a bottle for that sprain or for rheumatism, neuralgia, etc., and see for yourself how quickly and gently the pain eases up and disappears. Hunt's Lightning Oil does all you claim for it—and MORE," says one enthusiastic user. Walk right into the first drug store you come to and get a 35c or a 70c bottle.

A. B. Richards Medicine Company, Inc. Sherman, Texas

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

Well Done.
"I understand both your daughters have been satisfactorily married."
"Yes; one married a baker, who, of course, can always raise the dough, and the other married a butcher, who knows how to make both ends meet."

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. Mother! You must say "California!"—Adv.

A Sure Way.

"Why don't you get a woman defective to make that financier show his hand?"

"How could a woman do it?"

"By disguising herself as a manicurist."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boscree's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

As a hero worshiper the matinee girl takes the lead.

It's a great work of art to make art pay.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tired, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At All Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Its Nature.

"What is a voice from the tombs like?" "I guess it is on the order of a skeleton's articulation."

"Cold In the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A handsome shoe often pinches the foot.

The history of the war waits on the epilogue.

Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1895. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Girls! Girls!! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 50 Years. FOR PALMIRA, CHILLS AND FEVER. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. At All Drug Stores.

HEADACHE Bad for Health Upset Nerves Go to Drug Store-Try CAPUDINE

BY DOSE AND IN BOTTLES—10/30/50/100.

OYSTERO

Made from fresh, whole oysters with only the moisture evaporated by vacuum. Contents of one vial makes a pint of delicious oyster broth. Will keep indefinitely. 25c will bring you a three vial carton, postpaid. Send \$1.00 for four three vial cartons, or \$2.50 for display container with 1 dozen three vial cartons, postpaid. J. S. DARLING & SON, HAMPTON, VIRGINIA

POSITIVELY REMOVED BY Dr. Boscree's Freckle Cream. Freckles, Sunburn, Itch, Dry Skin, Eczema, Arbutus Lustrus Co., Dr. 7d, Escanaba, Mich.

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 1-1920.

PECANS WANTED

Fancy Quality Submit average samples and state quantity and price.

Boren-Stewart Company DALLAS

Southwestern Agents for C. G. Conn Band Instruments

Everything for the Band and Orchestra Band Instruments Repaired and Plated

MARSH-MARLEY MUSIC CO.

1810 Main Street, Dallas, Texas We also buy and sell used instruments.

Liggett's King Pin CHEWING TOBACCO

Has that good licorice taste you've been looking for.

Rich-Tone Is a friend of the Weak

"It Has Made Me Strong and Well Again."—Says J. R. Martinez.

He writes: "Rich-Tone is a wonderful remedy for people who are weak and lacking in vigor, and all those who desire to gain strength and energy should take this truly famous tonic. It has given me perfect health and cured me of ailments from which I had long suffered."

Take RICH-TONE and gain new energy

Rich-Tone makes more red corpuscles, enriching and purifying the blood. It contains all of the elements that are needed most in maintaining strength and vigor. Rich-Tone rests the tired nerves, restores appetite, induces healthy sleep—it gives you all those things which mean energy and well-being. Get a bottle today—only \$1.00 at all drug stores.

A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Texas

Safe Dependable

FOR eyes, pink-eye, or eye trouble. It's my kind, don't take chances with powerful, dangerous drugs. Use the simple remedy that brings comforting relief. No-all druggists or by mail from

MITCHELL EYE SALVE

Mail & Retail, Inc., 215 Washington St., N.Y.

HAVE YOU RECEIVED

YOUR DECEMBER STATEMENT? If you have not please call our attention to it. It was mailed to you on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY. Unless you have changed your address it should reach you on the first of each month.

The Bank of Personal Service.

The Guaranty State Bank,

All non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits in this Bank are protected and made safe by the Guaranty Fund of the State of Texas.

Card of Thanks

We desire to thank our many friends and acquaintances for the kindness shown us during the short illness and death of our daughter, Mary, and for the many floral offerings. May God's richest blessings be yours through life.

MR. AND MRS. G. E. LOCKHART AND FAMILY.

Mrs. R. B. Haynes was a visitor to Lubbock Tuesday and Wednesday.

Wanted!

We want to do your Barber work. Artistic Hair Cuts, clean Shaves - Baths.

LAUNDRY LEAVES TUESDAYS

Sanitary Barber Shop

I. S. DOAK, Proprietor.

Announcement

This is to notify the public that I have purchased the City Meat Market from Mr. Burk, and have moved same to the old market building on the southwest corner of square, where I am prepared to give first-class service. I will keep a good supply of fresh meats and will appreciate your patronage. Phone No. 49.

T. R. Cathcart,
Tahoka, Texas

No. 1047

BANKS

Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the
GUARANTY STATE BANK
at Tahoka, State of Texas

at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1919, published in the Lynn County News a newspaper printed and published at Tahoka State of Texas, on the 16th day of Jan., 1920.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral.....	75,658.82
Loans, real estate.....	5,120.20
Bonds and Stocks—Liberty & Victory Bonds.....	4,600.00
Real estate (banking house).....	14,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures.....	3,000.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net.....	56,902.60
Due from other Banks and Bankers, Subject to check, net.....	10,235.97
Cash Items.....	2,010.66
Currency.....	8,617.00
Specie.....	1,230.55
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guaranty Fund.....	810.40
Acceptances and Bills of Exchange.....	25,310.43
Other Resources, Bills of Exchange, — W. S. S.....	1,157.84
TOTAL.....	208,654.26

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in.....	35,000.00
Undivided Profits, net.....	1,734.91
Due to Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net.....	8,347.08
Individual Deposits, subject to check.....	151,306.17
Time Certificates of Deposit.....	700.00
Cashier's Checks.....	11,566.10
TOTAL.....	208,654.26

State of Texas, I, We, A. D. Shook, County of Lynn as President, and Frank H. Weaver, as Cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

A. D. SHOOK, President,
Frank H. Weaver, Cashier

Correct—Attest: Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of Jan. A. D. 1920. M. M. Herring, Notary Public Lynn County, Texas.

"FROSTPROOF CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE—Cabbage Plants Postpaid, \$2.50 per 1000. Cabbage Plants Express Collect, \$2.00 per 1000. Ask price large quantity all varieties."

GEORGIA TEXAS PLANT COMPANY, Dallas, Texas. 182tp

Charter No. 8597.

Reserve District No. 11.

Report of the condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Tahoka, in the State of Texas,

at the close of business on December 31, 1919.

RESOURCES		Dollars.	Cts.
1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, (except those shown on b and c).....	\$308,396.94	308,396.94	
Total loans.....			7,286.80
2. Overdrafts, secured, \$.....; unsecured, \$ 7,286.80.....			
5. U. S. Government Securities owned:			
a deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value).....	\$12,500.00		
f Owned and unpledged.....	2,556.00		
h War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned.....	1,025.18		
Total U. S. Government Securities.....		16,075.18	
6. Other bonds, securities, etc.:			
e Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks, owned and unpledged \$ 99.71.....		99.71	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.....			99.71
8. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription).....		1,800.00	
9. a Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered \$ 7,000.00.....		7,000.00	
b Equity in banking house.....		3,000.00	
10. Furniture and fixtures.....		56,620.63	
12. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.....		149,934.11	
14. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks.....		49,703.15	
15. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 12, 13 and 14.....		94.33	
17. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 16).....		\$199,731.59	
Total of Items 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17.....			672.44
18. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items.....			925.00
19. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer.....			601,308.29
TOTAL.....			

*Of the total loans and discounts shown above, the amount on which interest and discount was charged at rates in excess of those permitted by law (Sec. 5197, Rev. Stat.), exclusive of notes upon which total charge not to exceed 50 cents was made, was \$.....None. The number of such loans was.....None.

State of Texas, County of Lynn, ss:
I, W. B. Slaton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. B. SLATON, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of January, 1920.
BEN T. BROWN,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. L. Lockwood }
W. C. Wells }
W. D. Nevels } Directors.

WAGONS! WAGONS!

We have just received a car load of BEACON WAGONS, and they are priced right. See me before you buy a new wagon.

MRS. D. N. GOREE, Tahoka, Tex

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address THE LENNOX OIL & PAINT, Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Dodge Touring car; in good running order. Price \$500.00. J. B. Miles, O'Donnell, Texas. 14tf.

Read the advertisements in this issue of the News.

Geo. Murfee, former auditor for the McAdams Lumber Co., of this city, has sold his home to Mr. Moody and will leave in a few days for Abilene where he will have charge of a lumber yard in that city.—Lubbock Avalanche.

Mr. Murfee is quite well known by Tahokaites having visited our town many time within the past few years as auditor for the above company.

FOR SALE—Five shares Guaranty Bank stock at par. Apply at this office. 8tf

FOR SALE—3-months-old registered Duroc red boar pigs, west school house, L. F. Pionka.

Miss Era Small, of Wilson, spent the week-end with home folks.

E. S. Davis is transacting business matters in Desdemona this week.

S. B. Hatchett had business at Wilson yesterday.

Sumner Clayton made a business trip to Lubbock yesterday.

January 31st is the last day on which you can pay your poll tax.

Extra copies of the News are 5c each.

T--- News

It snowed and snowed and then snowed some more in this part of the world the first of the week.

Miss Winnie Ferguson spent Sunday with home folks.

The Misses Waldrip and Lelia Tom and Oran Short visited at the Bohannon home the first of the week.

There was no Sunday School Sunday on account of the bad weather.

Hog killing has been the order of the day in our community the past week.

Hudson Bohannon spent one day the first of the week at the Estes home.

MARTHA ANN.

POSTED—Positively no hunting allowed in my pasture 2 miles south of town. Offenders will be prosecuted. C. W. Slover. 138tp

Lynn County News, \$1.50

NOTICE

I have purchased Tailor Shop from S. Weathers, and will the future continue give the people of Tahoka high-class Tailoring. We will appreciate your business.

Located in Sanitar Barber Shop.

C. H. TOMLINSON
THE TAILOR
Tahoka, Texas

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR TIRE WANTS

GOODYEAR, STARS, FIRESTONE, FISK AND FEDERAL. Anything in the Tire and Tube Line we have it. Gas, Oils and Ford Accessories. Drive in.

Bradley-Tahoka Auto Co.
CHESTER CONNELLY, MGR.
Tahoka, Texas

BUSINESS IS GOOD

Our business is growing by leaps and bounds. We are now stocked up with a full line of Hardware and Groceries. It will pay you to let us fill your wants in this line. Our big stock of harness will soon be here. Don't fail to see this line before you buy a set of harness.

J. S. Wells & Sons.
"We Deliver the Goods." PHONE 17
Tahoka, Texas

Assistance

TO GO FOWARD a business man needs BACKING and there is no better business backing than a friendly relationship with a substantial bank.

The dominant position of this bank makes its cooperation with clients exceptionally valuable and complete.

The
First Nat'l. Bank
OF TAHOKA
Capital and Surplus \$70,000

A. L. LOCKWOOD, President.
W. D. NEVELS, Vice-President.
W. B. SLATON, Cashier.
BEN T. BROWN, Asst. Cashier.
R. B. JONES, Asst. Cashier.

Buy at Anthony's Grocery

Where Your Dollars Have More Cents!

A full and complete line of Fancy and Staple Groceries Light Crust meal, Star Jasmine Flour, Breakfast Foods of all kinds, Fresh Candies, Cigars, Fresh Baker's Bread at all times.

"SERVICE and QUALITY" is our motto at competitive prices. Our Cash Register is our Bookkeeper. PHONE 91.

"What Else?"

The Only Exclusive Grocery in Town.

Respectfully,

H. M. ANTHONY.

