

# LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Volume XV

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, Friday, November 22, 1918

Number 11

## Hundreds See Big Drill Start Tuesday

Hundreds of people witnessed the spudding in of the big test well on the Cowan land three miles south of Tahoka last Tuesday, November 19th. Stockholders and others interested in the development of the oil field in Lynn County were here from all points on the South Plains. Dinner was served at the expense of the Tahoka Oil and Gas Company, at the local hotels for all who registered at their office. Every one enjoyed themselves, and went away feeling that a great oil field would be brought in here within a short time.

The big drill is now running twenty-four hours each day, and the hole is going down in a hurry. The officials believe that everything will work smoothly now, and that there will be little trouble, since they have everything in the way of machinery of the very best.

One hundred and fifteen persons registered at the Company's office Tuesday morning.

Following is a list of the out-of-town guests here Tuesday:

PLAINVIEW—W. R. Hall, H. P. Speed, Dr. A. H. Lindsay, W. P. Nichols, J. B. Nance, J. C. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holcombe, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Knupp, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Eckles, Sam Howard, Misses Howard and Miss Critchfield.

LAMESA—H. G. Donaldson, H. M. Anthony, C. R. Hartwell, W. L. and J. W. Burleson, A. J. Seale, Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Dunlop, Mrs. J. E. O'Quin, Mrs. R. M. Myers.

AMARILLO—Claude Duke.

ABERNATHY—A. D. Payne, F. G. Hudgins, W. H. Raglan, C. E. Stouts.

LORENZO—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Pearson.

YOAKUM—Matt Williams.

COLORADO CITY—Miss Emma Dorn.

LUBBOCK—R. T. Penney, L. Caldwell, Ed Crites, T. M. Verner, F. M. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dow, M. E. Merrill, Carl Roberds, Arthur Clayton, Frank Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Kershner, Mr. and Mrs. W. Holman, Mr. and Mrs. Shelby Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Davidson, and A. B. Conley.

SLATON—J. J. and Clem Kitten.

POST—M. E. Sidebottom.

FLOYDADA—B. P. Woody and C. W. Mitchell.

### Tahoka Hardware Changes Hands

This week a deal was consummated whereby the Tahoka Hardware Company, which has been under the management of B. H. Robinson for the past several years, was bought by L. B. Wright, of Lubbock. S. A. Richmond of Lubbock, is here to take charge of the stock. It is rumored that Mr. Wright intends moving a part of the stock to Ranger, Texas. It is hoped that he will decide to continue the business in Tahoka.

The southbound Santa Fe was several hours late Saturday afternoon, they having a shipment of cattle to load at Slaton enroute to Lamesa.

Tahoka was a real live little city last Tuesday on account of the Oil and Gas Company starting drilling operations at their well south of town.

### Citizens Should Celebrate Nov. 28th

Thanksgiving this year will have a peculiar meaning to the American people. Peace coming before our National Thanksgiving we should celebrate the occasion as never before. As individuals we should be thankful each day of our lives for the bountiful blessings we receive at the hands of our Heavenly Father, but this year we will come as a nation with thankful hearts for the sweet peace that has come to suffering humanity.

Thursday, Nov. 28th is the day set by our great President to give thanks for these many blessings. A Union Thanksgiving Service has been arranged by the citizens of Tahoka, to be held at the Baptist Church, beginning at 10:30 a.m. The following program will be rendered:

#### THANKSGIVING PROGRAM

Opening Song—"All Hail the Power of Jesus Name." No. 255.

Prayer—Bro. J. T. Stricklin.

Reading—"Psalms 107." Rev. L. L. F. Parker.

Song—"Guide Me, O Thou Great Jehovah." No. 294.

"Proclamation by President"—Read with comments by Judge Maddox.

Special Song—"Trio"—Mesdames Reed, Weaver, and Mr. Herring.

"The Story of the Pilgrims and its Application."—Judge Cain.

Song—"Come Thou Fount." No. 290.

"The Gratitude of Mothers for World Peace."—Sister Dunn

Song—"America," No. 364.

"The World's challenge to us as a Nation."—Sister Walker.

Doxology.

### County Officers to be Installed December 2nd

The County officers elected at the General Election in November, will take their oath of office and be duly installed on Monday, December 2nd. The officers for this county are as follows:

County Judge: C. H. Cain.

Co. and Dist. Clerk: B. H. Robinson.

Sheriff and Tax Collector: S. N. Sanford;

Tax Assessor: J. N. Thomas.

Co. Treasurer: Don Bradley.

Co. Surveyor: R. L. King.

Public Weigher: W. B. Phillips.

Com. Prec. No. 1: J. I. Bartley.

Com. Prec. No. 2: H. W. Callaway.

Com. Prec. No. 3: W. A. Treadway.

Com. Prec. No. 4: J. D. Evans.

Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1: G. W. Harrison.

J. of P. Prec. No. 2: T. B. Cobb.

J. of P. Prec. No. 5: J. J. Taylor.

### War Statistical Report For Lynn County

The following war statistical report as given by the Local Registration Board for Lynn County:

Ordered to report for service.....224

Accepted and in service.....214

Delinquents..... 2

Rejected at Camp..... 7

### Tahoka Cemetery Association Meets

The Cemetery Association met Wednesday, Nov. 13th., with a fairly good attendance on a part of the members. The sale of lots was thoroughly canvassed, and a price of \$15.00 set on the large family lots, the smaller lots \$10.00, and the single lots, with only room for one grave, \$5.00. This is a very fair figure and the vote was unanimous. We hope this will meet the approval of all fair minded citizens.

The burial of our dead is the last service we can render to those gone before. Every mark of sympathy and respect is due those bereaved, and for this very reason we feel the time has come to place our burial ground on a financial basis where these things may be made possible.

The Association is incorporated and the Charter duly recorded. We have the deeds to the cemetery, also deeds for the new part, Mr. Shook having deeded two lots, Jack Eckhart, one and J. L. Dow, of Lubbock, one, all lying directly north of the old cemetery. This is a royal gift and one for which the Association wishes to thank these men in the name of the county.

There has been a great waste of space by the haphazard way in which some of the graves have been placed and in many instances relatives have not been able to be buried near each other, because no provisions had been made to insure space near the first grave.

The Association has legal power to make deeds to these lots, which are just as binding as the deeds to any piece of real estate. Each person buying a lot will get the deed and feel assured that the space designated belongs to them without fear of trespass from anyone else. There are different sizes of lots and anyone can find a place suitable for their needs. The strangers lot is for those who cannot buy a lot or for some reason prefer not to.

Our burial ground is used by the whole county and a good many live some distance away, and can hardly devote enough time to their graves to keep them as well cared for as they would like. The funds received for the burial lots will be entirely devoted to caring for and beautifying the grounds and providing a sexton. Everyone at the meeting who have dead buried here expressed themselves willing to pay for the lots already occupied and voted to pass the measure.

The part of the cemetery in the northeast corner is to be reserved for the use of relatives of those already buried there. This decision was made in view of the fact that the irregularity with which the graves were placed, makes it impossible to survey it, or otherwise block it off, except individually, leaving no regular walks from the driveway. We are receiving the hearty co-operation of the citizens, and would be glad to hear from everyone, pro and con.

#### COMMITTEE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Slaton, and daughter, Lucile, left Monday overland for points in east and south Texas on a vacation for the benefit of Mr. Slaton's health. They will probably be absent from the city through the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Howell, were Brownfield visitors Sunday.

### Items Concerning O'Donnell Citizens

L. G. Phillips received a wire from Clovis, N. M., calling him there on account of the death of Mr. Etheredge, his son-in-law. Mr. Etheredge leaves a wife and seven children to mourn the loss of a husband and father to the family. They have the sincere sympathy of their old friends here in their sad bereavement.

Mrs. Hattie McLaurin is visiting her mother, Mrs. M. Etter this week.

Marion Ballew is going around on crutches on account of a horse falling on his leg and splintering the bone. He will be crippled for 30 days or more, as the doctor advises that it will require that time for the bone to heal.

Light showers here Thursday and Friday nights, cooling the the atmosphere and getting ready for Jack Frost's coming.

The young folks met at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Clark Saturday night for a 42 party. All report a good time.

C. H. Doak left Saturday for points east, to be absent a week or more.

Messrs. Randle, Fortner and Evans went to Lamesa to meet a session of the Commissioners' Court relative to doing some road work in their precinct.

One of the old time sand storms crilled on us last Saturday doing some damage.

A telegram from Washington, D. C., on Sunday last to Mrs. F. O. Allen informed her that Elza Fern Allen was missing in action on the 8th of October. This is the second death reported for this county. Fern was a W. O. W., also a Mason, belonging at Tahoka lodge.

#### NELLA.

Mrs. M. M. Herring and little daughter, Eloise, departed for Dallas yesterday morning to attend the Northwest Conference of the American Red Cross, which convenes in that city today, (Friday.) The high officials of the society from St. Louis will attend the meeting. Mrs. Herring will represent this district while there, and will probably attend the Baptist General Convention which convenes at Dallas, December 5th.

### Edith Community Donates \$161.90 to Red Cross

The Edith Unit of the Red Cross this week, donated the sum of \$161.90 to the Tahoka Chapter of the society. This donation was made through A. R. McGonigal, a prosperous and patriotic citizen of that community. Mr. McGonigal stated that the money was raised in his neighborhood last spring, but since that date so many have removed from the community the unit disbanded and it was thought best to turn over the money to the chapter here so that it might serve some patriotic purpose. The Edith community is to be commended for having donated this neat sum where it will serve a noble cause.

Miss Christine Swan returned home Tuesday, after spending several weeks in Waco, Dallas and other points. Miss Swan attended Grand Opera while in Dallas and reports a most delightful trip.

D. N. Arnett, of Colorado was here Tuesday mixing with old-time friends.

## Lynn County Over-Subscribes War Work Fund

### Otho Shook Writes Letter From Europe

Europe, Oct. 5, 1918.

Mrs. A. D. Shook, Tahoka, Texas,

My Dear Mother:-

I am feeling fine and doing well. Just came in yesterday, and am to have a five days rest.

Mother I was called to headquarters yesterday and the Detachment Commander, after telling me that my work was very satisfactory, handed me orders transferring me to the U. S. S. C. 46, and the fine part of it is, that I am now Captain of one of my country's ships.

Mother you can't understand what that means, just think, by my own effort, and without any pull from any source, I am chosen for this honor out of sixty officers. It makes a man feel like he has really accomplished something.

The only thing about it is the responsibility, and that is very great, for I am solely responsible for the fighting of my ship, the navigation and the entire efficiency of the ship. My superiors see fit to promote me to this part right in the worst part of the submarine zone, so I feel that I really have been worth while. I will still work with the same squadron the S. C. No. 110.

Mother let me know how sister is, bless her dear heart. Tell my baby that daddy is a captain now, and when he gets home he will expect her to be his first mate, that will be some navigation team.

Mother it has been two days since I wrote the sentence above this and I have worked like a negro putting my ship in shape. I will have two days more before going to sea.

Love to all, from  
Your loving son,  
O. M. SHOOK,

U. S. S. C. No. 46, care Postmaster, New York.

### Cedar Lake Oil Promoters Here Tuesday

A. D. Payne, and C. W. Alexander, president and vice-president respectively of the Cedar Lake Petroleum and Gas Co., in Gaines County, with headquarters at Lamesa, were in the city looking over the improvements of the Tahoka Oil & Gas Co., and attending the opening celebration of drilling operations at the well south of town. The Cedar Lake Company have a full page advertisement in the News which will be to your interest to look up and read over. Mr. Payne stated to the News that the material had been ordered for the well and everything possible is being done to begin drilling at an early date. Read their ad.

Miss Bertha Bullock, of Lubbock, has been employed to teach the Lakeview school this term. She is a capable young lady and we predict for them a successful school term.

Messrs. and Mesdames H. A. Davidson and Shelby Robbins, and A. B. Connelly, were down the first part of the week looking over Tahoka's oil prospects.

Mrs. W. E. Penney, of Lubbock, is here this week visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Stokes.

Lynn County went over the top again in the United War Work Campaign, subscribing much more than her quota, and got a good showing on the War Work Map published by the Dallas News.

The following are the school communities that raised their quota's:

O'Donnell, West Point, Lakeview, New Home, Morgan, Redwine, Draw, Edith, Lynn and Tahoka.

Each of the above places paid more than their quota. If there are any of the other communities that have not given anything to this fund, and wish to do so, they can pay it into the First National Bank, of Tahoka. It will be badly needed to provide home comforts for the boys that are still away from home, and I am sure that any that can do so will want a share in giving the boys who have helped win such a great victory, not only for the United States, but all humanity will want a share in showing these boys that you want to help them. Let your conscience dictate what you should do, and while you are settling the matter with yourself, think how you would feel if you were one of these boys away from home fighting for the other fellow back home with his loved ones, and would not help to provide comforts for you. What would you think of such a one that would do you that way, while you were away from your loved ones, and fighting for the other fellow's home and loved ones?

I wish to thank each of the noble workers in this campaign who contributed so much of their time in raising this fund. Without your help it could not have been done.

B. P. MADDOX,  
Chairman United War Work Campaign.

The New Home community, in the northwest part of the county have just completed a commodious new school building, and will start their school next Monday. Misses Ellis and Cole, two accomplished young ladies of Lubbock, have been employed to teach for them this term.

Robert Wood returned yesterday from Ranger, where he was employed in the oil fields. Robert is at the present time confined to his room with a well developed case of influenza, and is reported quite sick at this writing.

N. A. Payne of Lubbock spent Tuesday in our town.

### Young Couple Married in Auto Here Sunday

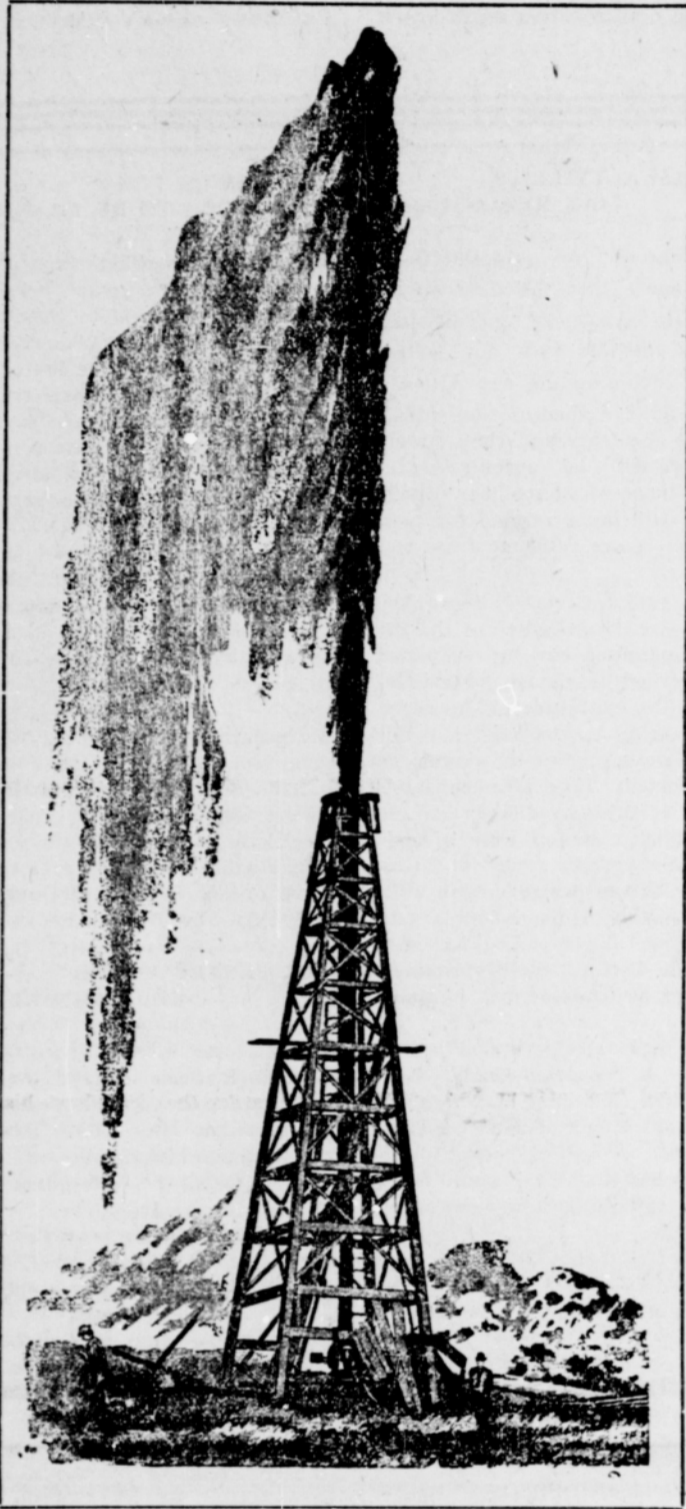
Mr. Joe Hickerson and Miss Willie Sikes, were united in marriage Sunday afternoon by Rev. L. L. F. Parker, pastor of the First Baptist Church. The ceremony was performed in an automobile in front of the Baptist parsonage. Mrs. L. L. F. Parker and Miss Lucy Calvin were the only witnesses to the ceremony.

This young couple are numbered among the most prominent people of the Three Lakes community. Their many friends join the News in wishing them a bright and happy future.

# Opportunity Calls Once on Every Man

It Calls to You Today From the Great Undeveloped  
Oil and Gas Fields of the South Plains

## The Cedar Lake Petroleum and Gas Company of Lamesa, Texas



Will place five hundred shares among the best business men of the state. We are not selling you an interest in five acres, ten acres, or even one hundred acres, but in **THIRTEEN THOUSAND** acres of leases which offer as good prospects for oil and gas in paying quantities as any undeveloped field anywhere has ever offered. The heart of our leases is just southwest of the vast expanse of Cedar Lake, the largest bed-bottom in the state.

### WHY WE EXPECT OIL AND GAS ON OUR LEASES

Efficiency has been our slogan. Before we leased an acre of land in Gaines county we had three of the best geologists the state affords to make extended surveys of the country and upon their reports which were the most favorable we leased the country indicated by them as the heart of the oil pool about Cedar Lake. In addition to this we have subsequent reports from the most reliable geologists who have said unconditionally that our leases offer the most promising outlook for an enormous oil and gas field. Besides these reports there are numerous water wells in the vicinity of our leases which really contain oil, several to the extent that the water is not useable. There are also two wells from which gas escapes and will burn when a torch is applied. Then around the rim of the lake is found more oil shale than is found anywhere else in the State.

#### Cedar Lake Petroleum and Gas Company, Lamesa, Texas.

Without obligation on my part please send full information with rates for shares in your company. If your proposition appears in every way as represented I could probably invest \$-----

NAME -----

ADDRESS -----

See our salesman who is in your town now, or mail the following coupon to A. D. Payne, President:

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
County of Dawson.

Before me the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Ulyss Dalmont, who being by me duly sworn, states on his oath:

"About 1902 I began drilling a well, for water, on my land situated in Gaines County, Texas, and near Cedar Lake. At an approximate depth of sixty or seventy feet I struck a black, greasy sand, that when washed became white, the deposit washed therefrom having the appearance of black, graphite, grease. I went into this character of earth some thirty-five or forty feet and it rose in the well twenty odd feet. Not being able to get through this sand for lack of casing, and the water found not being fit for use, I abandoned the well. Tom Garrett of Lamesa, Texas, was working for me at the time, and assisted in drilling the well."

ULYSS DALMONT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 9th. day of November, A. D. 1918. GORDON B. MCGUIRE,  
(Seal) Notary Public, Dawson County, Texas.

I, Tom Garrett, do solemnly swear that I am the person named in the foregoing affidavit of Ulyss Dalmont, and that the matters therein stated are true. TOM GARRETT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 9th. day of November, A. D. 1918. GORDON B. MCGUIRE,  
(Seal) Notary Public, Dawson County, Texas.

In addition to this it is noticeable how sincerely the people of the Cedar Lake country believe in the proposition. These people who have lived there for years and have seen the surface indications and talked with the geologists on their surveys are thoroughly confident that oil and gas will be found in enormous quantities whenever the drill goes deep enough. They believe this to the extent that a large part of all stock sold will be sold to those living almost in sight of the drill which makes the first well.

#### ASSURANCE TO INVESTORS

The promoters of this company have placed a large forfeit on deposit as a guarantee that the first test well will be drilled to the depth of four thousand feet unless oil and gas are found in paying quantities at a lesser depth.

Besides the stockholders have voted unanimously to set aside 9,000 of the 13,000 acres of lease to be sold as the well is being put down. The proceeds from the sale of which is to be declared in the form of dividends to those who buy shares in the company. This alone insures investors against loss and leaves them an interest in more than four thousand acres of the company's best leases.

Material has been ordered for drilling the first well and we hope to begin drilling just as soon as delivery can be made on same. Our contract guarantees operations within ninety days from Oct. 30.

When drilling is once begun the driller will be taken into the custody of the company and not allowed an opportunity to be bought by some big outfit to the detriment of the investors. We solicit your business on the grounds of PROTECTION and FAIR DEALINGS.

#### NO TIME TO WASTE.

Stock in the Cedar Lake Petroleum and Gas Company will be on the market but a few days. It will not last. This is evidenced by the fact that one hundred and twenty of the five hundred shares to be sold were sold the first day it was placed on the market. If you would be one of the fortunate holders of a share in this company you must act quickly or forever hereafter regret your delay. Our object is to put the share subscriptions over the top and the oil over the derrick at the earliest possible date. Satisfy yourself today and fall in line. Help develop the resources of your country.

#### OFFICERS OF THE CEDAR LAKE PETROLEUM AND GAS COMPANY

A. D. Payne, President,  
Rob E. Downey, Sec.-Treas.  
R. M. Hester, Active Vice-Pres.  
Chas. W. Alexander, Assistant Sec.

#### DIRECTORS—

J. C. Johnson, R. V. Medlin, R. M. Hester, A. D. Payne, Rob E. Downey, Chas. W. Alexander.

**"AN ARMENIAN LIONS' DEN MIRACLE."**

"Me no Mohammedan, me Christian." So said a little Armenian girl as she saw a party of Turks approaching, according to a story told recently by the Rev. D. M. Stearns at one of the Bible Classes. The little girl knew very well the way the Turks would be likely to treat a Christian. They were greatly angered and threatened her, finally saying that they would starve her, but she continued: "Me no Mohammedan, me Christian." Then they told her that they would throw her to the dogs; and forthwith took her to the village compound where some savage dogs were kept, chiefly for the purpose of aiding them in their brutal designs. There they threw her over the wall and left her. The next morning when they came back, they were very much surprised, as they approached, not to hear the dogs barking for more food, as was their habit. Looking over the wall they were amazed to see the little girl lying fast asleep with her head on one of the dogs. Wakened by their coming she looked up and said sleepily, "Me no Mohammedan, me Christian." The superstitious awe of the Turks was aroused, and they took her away and sold her. She came into the hands of a Christian woman who sent her to an orphanage for Armenian children, where she is now being cared for by Miss Lucille Foreman, a missionary from Aintab, Turkey in Asia, was present when this story was told, and asked permission to say a few words. "I know that village," she said, "I have seen that compound and those dogs; I know the Christian woman into whose hands the child came, and I have seen the child herself at the orphanage. She had suffered somewhat from the dogs, but her life had been marvelously preserved."—Sunday School Times.

In damp, chilly weather there is always a large demand for BAL-LARD'S SNOW LINIMENT because many people who know by experience its great relieving power in rheumatic aches and pains, prepare to apply it at the first twinge. Sold by Thomas Bros.

Furthermore, the best Christmas gift you can give this year is a package of those little green War Savings Stamps.

Our business for the past eighteen months has been to win the war. We have been very successful.

**Pains, Dizzy Spells**

Mr. G. P. Cartwright, of Whitwell, Tenn., writes: "I suffered with bearing-down pains. . . The dizzy spells got so bad that when I would start to walk, I would just pretty nearly fall. Was very much run-down. I told my husband I thought Cardui would help me. . . He got me a bottle. . . It helped me so much that he got me another bottle. I got a whole lot better. The dizzy spells and the bearing-down pains . . . left me entirely."

If you are weak and run-down, or suffer from womanly pains,

**TAKE CARDUI**

**The Woman's Tonic**

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial. It is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients, recognized by standard medical books for many years, as being of great value in the troubles from which only women suffer. The enthusiastic praise of the thousands of women who have been helped by Cardui in its past 40 years of successful use should assure you of its genuine merit, and convince you that it would be worth your while to try this medicine for your troubles. All druggists sell it.

**Try Cardui**

**STEADIER HOG MARKETS PLANNED**

**Hog Producers and Packers Confer With Representatives of the Food Administration and Agricultural Department and Adopt New Plan of Regulation.**

In accordance with the policy of the Food Administration since its foundation to consult representative men in the agricultural industry on occasions of importance to special branches of the industry, on October 24 there was convened in Washington a meeting of the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board and the special members representing the swine industry to consider the situation in the hog market.

The conference lasted for three days, and during this time met with the executive committee of the fifty packing firms participating in foreign orders for pork products and with the members of the Food Administration directing foreign pork purchases.

The conclusions of the conference were as follows: The entire marketing situation has so changed since the September Joint conference as to necessitate an entire alteration in the plans of price stabilization. The current price talk has alarmed the holders of corn, and there has been a price decline of from 25 cents to 40 cents per bushel. The fact that the accumulations of low priced corn in the Argentine and South Africa would, upon the advent of peace and liberated shipping, become available to the European market has created a great deal of apprehension on the part of corn holders. This decline has spread fear among swine growers that a similar reduction in the prices of hogs would naturally follow. Moreover, the lower range of corn prices would, if incorporated in a 13-to-1 ratio, obviously result in a continuously falling price for live hogs. In view of these changed conditions many swine producers anticipated lower prices and as a result rushed their hogs to market in large numbers, and this overshipment has added to and aggravated the decline.

The information of the Department of Agriculture indicates that the supply of hogs has increased about 8 per cent., while the highest unofficial estimate does not exceed 15 per cent. Increased production over last year. On the other hand, the arrival of hogs during the last three weeks in the seven great markets has been 27 per cent. more than last year, during the corresponding period, demonstrating the unusually heavy marketing of the available supply. In the face of the excessive receipts some packers have not maintained the price agreed last month. On the other hand, many of the packers have paid over the price offered to them in an endeavor to maintain the agreed price. The result in any event has been a failure to maintain the October price basis determined upon at the September conference and undertaken by the packers. Another factor contributing to the break in prices during the month has been the influenza epidemic; it has sharply curtailed consumption of pork products and temporarily decreased the labor staff of the packers about 25 per cent.

The exports of 130,000,000 pounds of pork products for October compared with about 92,000,000 pounds in October a year ago, and the export orders placeable by the Food Administration for November, amount to 170,000,000 pounds as contrasted with the lesser exports of 98,000,000 for November, 1917. The increased demands of the allies are continuing, and are in themselves proof of the necessity for the large production for which the Food Administration asked. The increase in export demands appears to be amply sufficient to take up the increase in hog production, but unfavorable market conditions existing in October afford no fair index of the aggregate supply and demand.

It must be evident that the enormous shortage in fats in the Central Empire and neutral countries would immediately upon peace result in additional demands for pork products which, on top of the heavy shipments to the Allies, would tend materially to increase the American exports inasmuch as no considerable reservoir of supplies exists outside of the United States. It seems probable that the present prospective supplies would be inadequate to meet this world demand with the return to peace. So far as it is possible to interpret this fact, it appears that there should be even a stronger demand for pork products after the war, and therefore any alarm of hog producers as to the effect of peace is unwarranted by the outlook.

In the light of these circumstances it is the conclusion of the conference that attempts to hold the price of hogs to the price of corn may work out to the disadvantage of pork producers. It is the conclusion that any interpretation of the formula should be a broad gauged policy applied over a long period. It is the opinion of the conference that in substitution of the previous plans of stabilization the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with the specially invited swine representatives, should accept the invitation of the Food Administration to join with the Administration and the packers in determining the prices at which controlled export orders are to be placed. This will be regularly done. The influence of these orders will be directed to the maintenance of the common object—namely, the stabilization of the price of live hogs so as to secure as far as it is possible fair returns to the

producer and the insurance of an adequate future supply. These foreign orders are placed upon the basis of cost of hogs to the packers. As the result of long negotiations between this body and the Packers' Committee, representing the 45 to 50 packers participating in foreign orders, together with the Allied buyers, all under the Chairmanship of the Food Administration, the following undertaking has been given by the packers:

In view of the undertakings on the part of the Food Administration with regard to the co-ordinated purchase of pork products, covered in the attached, it is agreed that the packers participating in these orders will undertake not to purchase hogs for less than the following agreed minimums for the month of November, that is a daily minimum of \$17.50 per hundred pounds on average of packers' droves, excluding throw-outs. "Throw-outs" to be defined as pigs under 130 pounds, stags, boars, thin sows and skips. Further that no hogs of any kind shall be bought, except throw-outs, at less than \$16.50 per hundred pounds. The average of packers' droves to be construed as the average of the total sales in the market of all hogs for a given day. All the above to be based on Chicago. We agree that a committee shall be appointed by the Food Administration to check the daily operations in the various markets with a view to supervision and demonstration of the carrying out of the above. The ability of the packers to carry out this arrangement will depend on there being a normal marketing of hogs based upon the proportionate increase over the receipts of last year. The increase in production appears to be a maximum of about 15 per cent. and we can handle such an increase. If the producers of hogs should, as they have in the past few weeks, prematurely market hogs in such increasing numbers over the above it is entirely beyond the ability of the packers to maintain these minimums, and therefore we must have the co-operation of the producer himself to maintain these results. It is a physical impossibility for the capacity of the packing houses to handle a similar over-flood of hogs and to find a market for the output. The packers are anxious to co-operate with the producers in maintaining a stabilization of price and to see that producers receive a fair price for their products. (Signed) THOMAS E. WILSON, Chairman Packers' Committee. The plan embodied above was adopted by the conference. The Food Administrator has appointed a committee, comprising Mr. Thomas E. Wilson, chairman of the Packers' Committee; Mr. Everett Brown, president of the Chicago Livestock Exchange; Major Roy of the Food Administration; Mr. Louis D. Hall of the Bureau of Markets, to undertake the supervision of the execution of the plan in the various markets. Commission men are asked to co-operate in carrying out the plan embodied in the packers' agreement. It must be evident that offers by commission men to sell hogs below the minimum established above is not fair, either to the producer or the participating packers. Mr. Brown has undertaken on behalf of the commission men in the United States that they will loyally support the plan. It is believed by the conference that this new plan, based as it is upon a positive minimum basis, will bring better results to the producer than average prices for the month. It does not limit top prices and should narrow the margins necessary to country buyers in more variable markets. It is believed that the plan should work out close to \$18 average. Swine producers of the country will contribute to their own interest by not flooding the market, for it must be evident that if an excessive over percentage of hogs is marketed in any one month price stabilization and control cannot succeed, and it is certain that producers themselves can contribute materially to the efforts of the conference if they will do their marketing in as normal a way as possible. The whole situation as existing at present demands a frank and explicit assurance from the conferees represented—namely, that every possible effort will be made to maintain a live hog price commensurate with swine production costs and reasonable selling values in execution of the declared policy of the Food Administration to use every agency in its control to secure justice to the farmer. The stabilization methods adopted for November represent the best effort of the conference, concurred in by the Food Administration and the

**The Family Newspaper**

must contain something that is of interest to every member of the family. What appeals to father does not necessarily interest mother and what gets mother's attention may not get a glance from 16-year-old Mary, and as for Bill—well, he has his own ideas about reading.

Examine the label on your paper each week. Do not get in arrears with your subscription.

**The Lynn County News**

Something that will interest father and mother and Mary and Bill is included every week in

**THE LYNN COUNTY NEWS**  
**\$1.50 PER YEAR--BUT WORTH MORE**

Why not send THE NEWS to the boys "over-seas"? It will be just like getting a letter from home. We are already sending many copies "over there." An address left with us will receive the same careful attention as our local mail receives each week. Act now. Don't delay.

Livestock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with special swine members and the representatives of the packers, to improve the present unsatisfactory situation, which has unfortunately resulted because of the injection of uncontrollable factors. We ask the producer to co-operate with us in a most difficult task. The members of the Conference were: Producers—H. C. Stuart, Elk Garden, Va., Chairman Agricultural Advisory Board; W. M. McFadden, Chicago, Ill.; A. Sykes, Ida Grove, Ia.; John M. Eppard, Ames, Ia.; J. H. Mercer, Live Stock Commission for Kansas; J. G. Brown, Monon, Ind.; E. C. Brown, President Chicago Livestock Exchange; N. H. Gentry, Sedalia, Mo.; John Grattan Broomfield, Colo.; Eugene Funk, Bloomington, Ill.; Isaac Lincoln, Aberdeen, S. D.; C. W. Hunt, Logan, Ia.; C. E. Yancey, W. R. Dodson. Food Administration—Herbert Hoover, F. S. Snyder, Major E. L. Roy, G. H. Powell. Department of Agriculture—Louis D. Hall, F. R. Marshall. The packers present and others sharing in foreign orders were represented by the elected packers' committee. Those represented were: Packers—Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Morris & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Wilson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; John Agar Co., Chicago, Ill.; Armstrong Packing Co., Dallas, Tex.; Boyd Dunham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Brennan Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati Abattoir Co., Cincinnati, O.; Cleveland Provisions Co., Cleveland, O.; Cudahy Bros. Co., Cudahy, Wis.; J. Dold Packing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Dunlap Packing Co., Parkersburg, Pa.; J. E. Decker & Sons, Mason City, Ia.; Evansville Packing Co., Evansville, Ind.; East Side Packing Co., East St. Louis, Ill.; Hammond Spices & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hormel & Co., Austin, Minn.; Home Packing & Ice Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; Independent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis Abattoir Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; International Provision Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Interstate Packing Co., Winona, Minn.; Iowa Packing Co., Des Moines, Ia.; Powers Berg Co., Jacksonville, Ill.; Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Noy Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lake Erie Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Layton Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Oscar Mayer & Bro., Sedgewick and Beethoven streets, Chicago, Ill.; J. T. McMillan Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miller & Hart, Chicago, Ill.; J. Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Ia.; Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo.; Ogden Packing and Provision Co., Ogden, Utah; Ohio Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Parker Webb & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburg Packing and Provision Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Rath Packing Co., Waterloo, Ia.; Roberts & Oake, Chicago, Ill.; Robe & Bros., New York City; W. C. Routh & Co., Logansport, Ind.; St. Louis Ind. Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Sinclair & Co., T. M. Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Theurer-Norton Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Wilson Provision Co., Peoria, Ill.; Western Packing and Provision Co., Chicago, Ill.; Charles Wolff Packing Co., Topeka, Kan.

**U. S. CASUALTY LISTS**  
**MAY REACH 100,000**

Washington, Nov. 13.—Officials here estimate that the total casualties of the American expeditionary forces in the war will not exceed 100,000, including the men killed in action, wounded, died of wounds, disease and accidents and the missing who never will be accounted for. Some of those who have been missing probably will be accounted for when the prisoners are returned from Germany.

It was said today that it probably will be several weeks before the record of casualties can be completed. It is regarded as almost certain that many of the casualties in the recent heavy fighting by the First and Second American armies have not yet been reported. Lists also must be compiled of unreported American casualties in British and French hospitals especially from among the United States forces brigaded with allied units. Deaths from wounds also probably will be reported for some time while lists of slightly wounded being sent by couriers may be delayed.

The daily lists of several days have consisted of approximately 1,100 names daily. Secretary Baker has indicated that a considerable number of reported casualties remain to be given out but that these would be released as rapidly as newspapers can handle them.

An unofficial tabulation of published casualties lists including those of November 12 shows a grand total of 71,390 men. Careful estimates made today, based on knowledge of the battle conditions faced by the First and Second armies in the days immediately preceding cessation of hostilities and on the average lists heretofore lead officers to believe that all unpublished and unreported casualties will not exceed 30,000. Estimates based on previous records fix the total marine casualties in France at less than 5,000.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Sold by Thomas Bros.

**SOME THINGS FOR WHICH TO BE THANKFUL**

1st. To the Presbyterian church for giving us our great President, Woodrow Wilson, and to the Methodist church as Daniels, Baker, Pershing and others, who have led our armies so successfully. Thankful that our town and country have so many blessings that are still ours to enjoy. Thankful that we have the same God Daniel had in his day, and can be reached by us.

This incident sent to the house-keeping class (Methodist Sunday School Tahoka) who are supporting an evening Sunday School in Japan. Shows the value of training children religiously.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Sold by Thomas Bros.

**HALE CENTER YOUTH KILLED IN ACTION**

Hale Center, Texas, Nov. 13.—Editor G. R. Scott of Hale Center Record received the sad news this morning that his son, Sergeant George Richardson Scott, was killed in action, October 8. Sergeant Scott was born in Amarillo, Texas, October 5, 1898. He enlisted in Company A, 141st infantry, at El Paso, July 14, 1917, and was a member of the famous 36th division.

He was killed in action October 8, 1918. All Hale Center join in sympathy for the sorrowing father, mother and sister.

A large selection of assorted noises evidences the joy of America over the cessation of hostilities.

**WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH**

We will pay up to \$21.50 per set (broken or not). Send now. Cash sent by return mail. Package held 10 to 15 days subject to sender's approval of our offer. Highest prices paid for OLD GOLD JEWELRY, GOLD CROWNS, BRIDGES, PLATINUM AND SILVER. United States Smelting Works, Inc. 1125 Goldsmith Bldg., Opp. Post Office MILWAUKEE, WIS.



**THOSE WHO ARE GONE BEFORE**

can be retained in our memories forever if we but perpetuate their names in granite or marble. At our yard you will be pleased with materials, designs, workmanship and prices. "May we not serve you?"

**Lubbock Marble Works**  
J. K. SHIPMAN, Prop. Yard Near Depot Lubbock

Watch the label on your paper.

**We Have a Complete Stock**

Of Lumber, Wire, Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Builders' Materials, Windmills and Well Supplies.

**Higginbotham - Harris & Company**  
Tahoka, Texas

# A TIRED LIFE

A wheel on an auto is worthless just as soon as it's TIRE is faulty.

A blow-out or puncture is not necessarily the exodus of a good TIRE.

**VULCANIZING  
PROPERLY DONE BY  
EXPERTS**

gives new life to a seemingly gone up article. It renews the efficiency of the adjoining rubber and makes the one harmful part of the tire absolutely the most dependable part of the wheel.

**Bradley Auto Company**  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Letter From Tahoka Boy in Colorado

Editor News:

It was in the afternoon of an October day that in company with Fred E. McDaniel and Harmon O. Crouch, the writer took passage in a John Henry Ford bound for the Centennial State of Colorado. We were provided with camp equipment, and two army muskets of ancient pattern. As most of our trip through Texas counties embraces territory familiar to most of your readers will not attempt a detailed description. We spent our first night near the town of Happy, which we suppose was named in honor of the famous Mr. Hooligan. Canyon City, the capital town of Randall county, and the home of the West Texas Normal was passed and soon the paved streets of Amarillo with its beautiful walks and stately residences were gliding by as we sped on our way over the breaks of the Canadian river and out on the plains. We passed the towns of Dumas and Hartly and at 9:30 o'clock rounded up in the city of Dalhart, where we spent the night. Good crops and fine range abound in this region and the fat cattle and well filled barns indicated prosperity for the ranchman and farmer who were domiciled upon this broad expanse of fertile plains. Texline as its name indicates is located on the line of Texas and the State of New Mexico. Here we crossed over into the latter state, where good farms can be seen by the roadside. We traveled up beside the Colorado Southern railway, which is a continuation of the Ft. Worth and Denver road, passed the thriving city of Clayton, the county seat of Colfax County. We continued our journey to Des Moines, where we turned west beside a branch of the Santa Fe railroad; 45 miles due west we come to the thriving city of Rotan, located at the foot of a range of the high mountains. Numerous coal mines are being operated in the vicinity of Rotan, and hundreds of laborers are employed in handling the products of the mines. Big cattle pastures and some irrigated farms contribute to the support of the city. We passed out at the Northwest edge of town and began our ascent of the "Scenic Highway," with its numerous curves and bends. Higher and higher we climbed along ledges of the mountain side, until we stood on a cliff 15 hundred feet or more directly above the western extremity of the town. Our road had been blasted out of the solid rock wall and chain guards and concrete posts had been placed on the outer edge of the highway to prevent accidents. We were now just about half way up the mountain side. Our jitney climbed along the ledges over the crest of projecting mounds, sped along beside the pine clad hills like a thing of life until we stood at last on the summit of the mountain top. A panorama of scenic and picturesque beauty and grandeur stood out before us, below us nestled the city with its beautiful homes and evergreen shrubbery. Around us the majestic pines and the pinon and cedar forests painted a verdant picture pleasing to the eyes and a feast to the vision. Here we halted for our noonday meal, and inhaled the pure mountain air, listened to the murmuring of the breeze as it wafted its way through the pine leaves, 7,000 feet above the sad seawaves. Dinner over we are now traveling along the crest of the mountain, sometimes dangerously near a great yawning chasm, thousands of feet below canyons and deep gorges could be traced in their serpentine course as they meandered away in the distance at last we begin to descend and a marble slab marks the boundary lines and we dashed across into the State of Colorado, just where the old Santa Fe trail crosses the mountain top. We thought of the hardy pioneers of the Kit Carson type who had traveled along this historic trail in the long ago, downward we go gallelike along the steepes until we reach the bottom of the Rotan Pass, down which the railroad winds its way. Several coal camps or mining towns are located along the right of way. A rippling stream of crystal water flows down the pass, and soon we emerged into the neck of a valley and drive down the streets of Trinidad, the gate city of Southern Colorado.

From here our route extended in a Northeast direction. Along the Santa Fe trail five irrigated farms and big barns, alfalfa hay stacks and a general air of thrifty and prosperous community were evidenced on every hand as we traveled down the valley of Wire picket creek for a distance of ten miles, the highway diverged from the valley and for some 50 miles our route crossed over as level plains of dobie soil barren of grass or growing crops. Many abandoned houses and farmsteads stood by the wayside as monuments of the failure of the homesteader who had spent his all in an effort to reclaim the desert. Soon we entered the fertile valley of the Arkansas River, a vast irrigated region with its fine hay farms, big apple orchards and thousands of acres devoted to the Sugar beet indus-

try and the famous cantaloupe region of Rocky Ford for miles along the valley we passed the stately farm homes immense hay fields and loading sheds amid a scene of busy activity. As the sugar beets were being hauled to the dumping station where large elevated drive ways had been erected for the purpose of loading on trains, the beets being shipped to refining plants where the products were converted into sugar, after leaving Rocky Ford we passed Sugar City where such a plant is located. Another stretch of 30 miles of fertile plains and we climbed up the Great Divide, a vast table land of fertile soil between the waters of the Arkansas and Platte rivers, fine crops of corn, feedstuff and potatoes and beans were some of the products of the soil. Here we stopped a day and night at the home of Lonnie Bigham, and his estimable wife who were former Tahoka citizens, but had cast their lot out here where luxuriant grass abounds and their cattle herds were putting on extra pounds of juicy steak. Mr. Bigham was harvesting his Irish potato crop of ten acres which were making a good yield.

Our route from here was due west. Grama grass in many places had been mown and stacked for hay. We saw some extra corn crops along the way, and some of the largest turnips and Irish potatoes we had ever observed. Pikes Peak, the most famous and noted landmark on the American Continent loomed up in the distance as we sped on towards towering heights, it being 14140 feet above the sea level. A light rain had fallen in the valleys, but the mountain top was covered with snow and floating clouds partly obscured the view and the mountain top was literally "above the clouds."

Colorado City, the great Summer resort of the wealthy tourist is a magnificent city, located at the base of the famous peaks. Numerous drive ways have been hewn out along the mountain clefts and an auto and cogroads have been erected over which thousands of tourists and sightseers annually travel for recreation, health and pleasure. The mountain passes being covered with snow we turned South and as the shades of night were casting their shadows around us, we stopped for the night in the city of Pueblo, which contains a population of some sixty-five thousand souls. The iron and steel plants having on their payroll about 8,000 laborers and with other industries located here more than a million dollars are checked out for labor each month. From this town our route was due west and after a ride of some 20 miles over a broken plain, we again entered the valley of the Arkansas river. More apple orchards greeted the eyes and the bright red fruit looked tempting to a hungry plainsman. Canon City, where the state penitentiary was located, was a pretty little town located at the base of the Rocky Mountains. Our route led up a gorge for several miles and we climbed to the crest of a mountain range, down which we soon began to descend. More curves, thrills and zowing abisses as we rolled downward and still downward to the river valley below a bridge spanned the river here and was anchored near Phantao rock, where Fremont, in his famous expedition across the continent halted while exploring this romantic region. We here spent the night beside the railroad track, and amid the weird surroundings where the whistle of the locomotives reverberated among the cliffs and crazies of the deep walled canyon. Early next morning we continued our journey beside the swift flowing stream soon we entered the "Royal Gorge" and for 30 miles our road was blasted and hewn from the projecting cliff and along the narrow valley beside the river we passed over ledges where the towering cliffs hung above us for hundreds of feet, and some times the river bed was many feet below us. The railroad had been built on the opposite side of the stream where the adjacent bluffs were only a few yards distant. A most wonderful and awe inspiring canal, which nature formed in ages long ago. Texas creek flowed into the river from the south side we turned our course up this stream near which a roadway had been built to West Cliff, 25 miles south. The Sangre de Christie range of mountains were white with snow and lay to our right as we traversed Wet Mountain Valley a vast open table land some 8000 feet in altitude. Silver Cliffe, one of the oldest mining towns in Colorado, and at one time one of the state's largest towns boasting a population of 15,000 in its palmiest days is now only a very small village of ancient and delapidated buildings; at one time the town was a candidate against Denver for the capitol of the state. Gold and silver mines at one time flourished and on an old time beaten house we read the sign "The First Saloon in Colorado." After a day spent in looking after some "Government Land" the boy decided to drift homeward. We traveled down muddy creek and Huerfano river until we came to the Big Four coal mining

## Stockmen and Farmers Take Notice

Le Gears Stock & Poultry remedies have been advanced in price at the factory but we figure that we have enough on hand in Tahoka to supply all our customers up to December 1st. So come in and buy what you will need this winter at the old prices.

Remember that this proposition is open until December 1st only.

**THOMAS BROS., DRUG CO.**  
Join the Merchant Marine. Tahoka, Texas

## TRUE MOTHERHOOD AS IT SHOULD EXIST

Since the creation of motherhood by the birth of the first son on earth, mothers have been taught to be selfish, or else it was made a part of the first mother and we have inherited it. If we were asked to name the two strongest traits of motherhood we would say "Love and selfishness." We may be wrong, but that is the way it looks to us in others, and the way it feels in ourself.

"YOU take care of your child and I'll take care of mine." How often have you heard that? And when it is said the speaker waives ever responsibility in this life to every other child in the world. She recognizes no duty to her neighbor's child, to the children of her community, State or nation. She tells herself frankly and emphatically that she is in no way responsible for her neighbor's children, then why should she worry? But to be scientific, not one of us is responsible for our own existence, then why should we worry about ourselves or with ourselves. Nevertheless, without our consultation or our consent, we are here. We have all been drafted into this world and your neighbor's children are no more to blame for being here than yours are and they are born with the same inalienable rights; "among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." And here is where the trouble begins. We want our child to have the best chance in life. We begin by wanting our baby to have the prettiest clothes when it is born. We want folks to make more fuss over us and our baby than any other woman and her baby. We don't like it if someone else comes in with a finer looking baby than ours. A few years later we want our little boy or girl to have the best seat at school. We want him to win every prize that is offered and we are willing to do most of his work for him if it will help him any. No matter how much harm it does him for the future. We want the teacher to think more of him than any of the other children; Later we want him to lead the class, whether he is capable or not. If we go anywhere on the train we want him to have a whole seat, so we can have the other seat, no matter how crowded the other woman is with her four or five children. At the table we want him to have the best piece of chicken and the biggest piece of pie, no matter who goes without or eats the back, or turnover pie. We know we are selfish. We think it because we love our child that we always want him to have the best. And when he becomes a selfish domineering man and expects everybody to think of him and his comfort and interests first, like his mother always did, you think it is a cruel world that ranks him where he belongs in the human scale, because he is still your boy and your love makes you blind to the kind of a man you have reared. You never cared what happened to the other children in the neighborhood, just so yours had everything he wanted and now down deep in your heart where you try to keep it hid from everybody you are wondering why your boy has not amounted to more in this world when you did so much for him. Poor man! He had a mother who cared for nobody's son but hers. She cared nothing for the humiliation of other children just so hers were exalted. She paid little attention to how he won a prize just so he got it. Had no interest in the conditions of the town just so her boy was safe. She cared nothing for child-labor laws so long as her child did not need to work. She took no interest in the lives of dependent women and children because her husband provided everything she and her family needed. She had no interest in the world outside of her home, consequently the world felt little interest in her home and less indebted to her family.

This is why we have so many selfish, spoiled men in the world today. We need more mothers with hearts big enough to love all the children

in the whole country. Mothers who want to see their neighbors children win a part of the prizes. Mothers who want to do their part to purify the social and moral atmosphere for all the children in our land. Mothers who want the schools and the homes made better and brighter for every child in the whole world. Mothers who are willing to work for better laws that other mothers and little children may have a better chance for life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The whole world needs a mother. Some one to love every child as though it were hers. Some one who is willing to work and sacrifice for the good of every child. Some one who will rejoice in the advancement and happiness even of every child. Some one who wants to see every child in the world have a chance to do his best. And when we have a whole generation of mothers like this the world will begin to show the effects of true motherhood, "which aims at universal good."—Mrs. Phoebe K. Warner, in Star-Telegram.

Rub a sore throat with BAL-LARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Sold by Thomas Bros.

## WEST TEXAS RANGE IMPROVED BY RAINS

Fort Worth, Texas, Nov. 15.—Range conditions throughout the Southwest have been greatly improved by the rains of the last week, according to reports received at the headquarters of the Cattle Raisers' Association, located in this city. These reports, which are sent in by range inspectors of the association, assert that practically all parts of West and Southwest Texas and large areas of Eastern New Mexico have been visited with abundant rainfall during the last two weeks and large sections of the country, which only a short time ago were almost a barren waste, have developed into a splendid range covered with a thick mat of green grass. The range reports indicate that good rains have fallen all the way from Fort Worth to El Paso and from Dalhart to Eagle Pass. The rain was much heavier in some localities, however, and some sections will report that more rain is needed. Much of the Panhandle country has been visited by severe cold during the last two weeks, the reports indicated, and live stock are said to have suffered some in the Dalhart and Amarillo section.

Inspectors report that the grazing conditions in the Concho country have been greatly improved. The stock raisers of the San Angelo region were severely struck by the protracted drouth, and had it not been for the early fall rains many cattlemen would have been compelled to remove their stock to other sections. The abundant rainfall throughout much of the range areas of the State is expected to halt to a certain extent the shipment of thousands of West Texas live stock to Southeastern raisers. This movement has been under way for several months during which time many thousand Texas cattle have been sold to Southeastern buyers.

## RESTRICTIONS ARE LIFTED ON ALL KINDS OF BUILDINGS

Washington, Nov. 16.—Resumption of building activities throughout the nation received official sanction here Saturday night. The Treasury Department, in a statement, lifted the ban on every kind of construction work and urged that it begin immediately.

"The resumption of construction work will facilitate the industrial transition from war to a peace time basis," the statement explains. "It should serve to absorb labor as it turns from war work to peace time pursuits."

The Government will ask bids at once on many public buildings which were held up because of the war.

camp at the terminus of a branch road of the Santa Fe System and for 24 miles until we reached Walsenburg on the main line of the Colorado Southern. We were continually passing mining towns or coal camps along the way. Passed Walsenburg, Trinidad, and camped in Rotan Pass, for the night. Again traveled over the Scenic Highway to Rotan, thence south by Springer, Las Vegas, thence southeastward by Santa Rosa and Clovis and on to Sudan, our starting point. We spent 16 days on the road, passed through ten counties in Colorado, six counties in New Mexico. Could write more, but space forbids. W. J. C.

## TO URGE FOOD SAVING THANKSGIVING WEEK

Thanksgiving week this year is set aside for food conservation rather than for feasting it is announced. The United States Food Administration asks the stores on every business street in the United States to picture, in their display windows, the prodigious task of feeding the allied world through 1919.

Posters and window cards of special design have been issued by the Food Administration at Washington. They are available to every retailer through his State merchant representative or the local merchant deputy of the Food Administration.

Plans and illustrations of food conservation for window displays, designs for decorative backgrounds and window cards which will be helpful to window dressers everywhere, are included in the new window display flyer which the merchant representatives of the Food Administration will distribute before the big window week of Nov. 21 to 28.

Alex Sanger is State merchant representative for Texas.

"Don't half do this work," the Food window must have "punch" Not seventy-five people out of a hundred who see it, but every single one of the hundred must feel that rumpling of the heart and that tightening of the jaw which means a resolution to go home and save more food.

"Big stores with elaborate facilities for building window displays will want to attempt a dramatic presentation of the Nation's task in saving 17,500,000 tons of food. Small stores can be just as effective in a clear way.

"Cut out the display space during Thanksgiving week and make the food conservation appeal with all the enthusiasm you have in you. Make every passer-by realize that we must save 50 per cent more food this year than we did last, out of a total supply no larger than we had then. The store windows on our business streets can make that picture so real that nobody can escape it. Clear the decks for the big food window during Thanksgiving week. Speed the message of sacrifice and service. Give our people that war conscience which will develop an individual responsibility for that 17,500,000 tons of food. Tell them to eat less and be thankful we have enough to share with the soldiers of freedom."

Confirmation of the report that Texas is included in the list of States where the sugar allotment to the consumer will Dec. 1 be increased to four pounds per person per month, applying also to public eating places was received yesterday at local Food Administration headquarters.

## SUGAR ALLOWANCE INCREASED UNDER NEW REGULATION

The following has been received by the county food administrator from the state administrator: District and County Food Administrators:

On account of the improved sugar situation caused by the signing of the armistice, the administration is now in a position to increase the sugar allotment to Statement A Manufacturers:

We shall issue within the next few days certificates to Statement A

Manufacturers for their December allotment, and the amount will be the same as November, plus fifty per cent of their average monthly consumption, as shown by items Nos. 17 18 and 19 now on file with this office.

As the hog killing season is now at hand, farmers will make application to their local administrators for additional sugar to cure their meats, and when this office is advised as to the amount of sugar permitted for this purpose, we shall gladly issue additional certificates to cover.

Beginning December 1, sugar allotment to the consumer will be increased to four pounds per person per month. This will also apply to public eating places.

Yours very truly,  
E. A. PEDEN,  
Federal Food Administrator for Tex.

Be in a position to back up the New Year's resolution for 1919 by having bought all of the War Savings Stamps you pledged in 1918.

- \*\*\*\*\*
- PROFESSIONAL
- \*\*\*\*\*
- Drs. INMON & TURRENTINE
- Physicians and Surgeons
- Office in Shook Building Over Post Office
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- E. E. Callaway C. B. Townes
- \*\*\*\*\*
- Drs. CALLAWAY & TOWNES
- Res. Phone 46 Res. Phone 131
- Physicians and Surgeons
- Office Phone 45
- Office Upstairs Thomas Building
- \*\*\*\*\*
- C. H. CAIN
- Lawyer
- Office in Northeast Corner Court House
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- M. M. HERRING
- Abstracting and Farm Loans
- Office over Guaranty Bank
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- DR. J. R. SINGLETON
- Dentist
- Permanently Located
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- B. P. MADDOX
- Attorney-At-Law
- Practice in all the Courts
- Office in Northwest Corner Court House
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- J. N. JONES
- FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
- Phone No. 37
- West Side Square
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*
- LADIES TAILOR MADE CLOTHING AND READY TO WEAR
- Cleaning and Pressing a Specialty.
- S. N. WEATHERS
- The Tailor.
- Tahoka, - - - - Texas
- \*\*\*\*\*

# THE REAL BANK

is the SPIRIT THAT ANTIMATES THE INSTITUTION. Financial resources, buildings, fixtures, equipment--all these things are, after all, the mere tools with which the bank works. A real understanding of the customer's needs; an earnest desire to cooperate with him in every legitimate way; constitute the BANK. Everything else is secondary. The spirit that animates this bank is the ground upon which we invite your account.

## The Guaranty State Bank,

Tahoka, Texas

### Red Cross Notes

The final date for mailing Christmas packages for soldiers and war workers overseas has been extended from November 20 to November 30th.

Persons who have received no Christmas parcel label from abroad, should apply to the nearest Red Cross headquarters, and in the presence of an authorized representative of the Red Cross should make the following statement in writing:

"The undersigned hereby makes application to forward to

..... whose address is,

..... (insert name of recipient) of the American Expeditionary Forces, one Christmas Parcel. The undersigned declares that he, or she, is the nearest living relative in the United States of the person for whom the Christmas parcel is intended.

The undersigned furthermore declares that he or she, has not received a label from abroad, and that should such label be subsequently received, it will not be used. The undersigned further declares that to the best of his, or her, knowledge and behalf only one Christmas parcel will be sent from America to the proposed recipient, and that this parcel will be sent to the undersigned."

This application when duly executed and signed by the applicant and approved by a representative of the Red Cross, will entitle the applicant to one Christmas parcel label and one pasteboard cartoon, both of which a representative of the Red Cross will give to the applicant in person; provided however, that the applicant in the presence of the representative of the Red Cross so acting, shall address the Christmas parcel label in conformity with the address of the recipient of the box shown in the application.

St Louis, Mo., Nov. 20.—The American Red Cross must answer the appeal of the civilian war sufferers and continue its work of reconstruction, said Geo. W. Simmons, manager of the Southwestern Division of the organization. His statement was made in regard to the work of the Red Cross now that the war has ended.

Simmons said that the work of the organization would be increased rather than decreased because of the great amount of relief that must be given. He said the French and Belgians and Italians in many cases had been reduced to starvation and that the world looks to the Red Cross to save these sufferers and restore conditions swept away by the war.

"Armistice and peace does not mean a cessation of Red Cross work," said Simmons, "No power in the world can aid in physical and human reconstruction as can the American Red Cross. We would be unworthy of the high ideals in which the world holds us if we fail in this responsibility. Now is our opportunity as civilians to do our big share for those who have been fighting our fight for us until we could get into it ourselves."

From December 16 to 23, the organization will conduct a membership campaign. It is hoped every American in the world will join the Red Cross during the campaign.

O. D. Hargis, of Lubbock, who has been helping the boys out in the First National Bank for a few weeks, returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. White returned Sunday from a trip to Ralls.

Charter No. 8597.

Reserve District No. 11.

Report of the condition of

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK at Tahoka, in the State of Texas,

at the close of business on November 1, 1918.

RESOURCES.		Dollars. Cts.
1. a Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	\$240,227.63	
Total loans	240,227.63	
Deduct:		
d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 57a)	\$35,748.37	35,748.37
2. Overdrafts, secured, \$.....; unsecured, \$ 725.45	725.45	725.45
5. U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):		
a U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	12,500.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness	12,500.00	12,500.00
6. a Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1/2 per cent and 4 per cent	\$ 6,200.00	
e. Payments actually made on Liberty 4 1/2 per cent bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan owned	6,200.00	6,200.00
9. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	1,800.00	1,800.00
10. a Value of banking house	\$1,000.00	
d Equity in banking house	7,000.00	7,000.00
11. Furniture and fixtures	3,000.00	3,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	12,574.43	12,574.43
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	48,389.28	48,389.28
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14 and 15	2,074.70	2,074.70
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)	37.69	37.69
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18	\$ 50,501.73	50,501.73
19. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	631.02	631.02
20. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	625.00	625.00
22. War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	356.49	356.49
TOTAL	300,393.38	300,393.38
LIABILITIES		Dollars. Cts.
23. Capital stock paid in	50,000.00	50,000.00
24. Surplus fund	10,000.00	10,000.00
25. a Undivided profits	\$ 13,444.08	13,444.08
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	5,089.68	8,354.40
30. Circulating notes outstanding	12,500.00	12,500.00
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
34. Individual deposits subject to check	186,081.28	186,081.28
35. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	12,150.00	12,150.00
37. Cashier's checks outstanding	1,289.00	1,289.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 36 and 39	199,520.28	199,520.28
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
42. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	10,018.70	10,018.70
Total time deposits subject to Reserve, Item 41	22,687.70	22,687.70
50. Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank, including all obligations representing the money borrowed, other than discounts	10,000.00	10,000.00
TOTAL	300,393.38	300,393.38
57. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d)	35,748.37	35,748.37
Total contingent liabilities (57 a, b, c)	35,748.37	35,748.37

State of Texas, County of Lynn, ss:  
I, W. B. Slaton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
W. B. SLATON, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Nov., 1918.  
G. E. Lockhart, Notary Public.  
Correct—Attest:  
A. L. Lockwood }  
O. L. Slaton } Directors.  
W. D. Nevels }

### What an Old Geeser Did

There was an old geeser, he had a lot of sense. He started up a business on a dollar eighty cents. The dollar for stock and the eighty for an ad brought him three lovely dollars in a day, by dad. Well, he bought more goods and a little more space, and he played that system with a smile on his face. The customers flocked to his to-by-four, and soon he had to hustle for a regular store. Up on the square where the people pass, he gobbled up a corner that was all plate glass. He fixed up the window with the best he had and told them about it in a half-page ad. He soon had 'em coming, and he never never quit, and he didn't cut down his ads one jist. And he's kept things humming in the town ever since, and everybody calls him the merchant prince. Some say its luck, but that's all bunk, why he was doing business when times were punk. People have to purchase and the geeser was wise—for he knew the way to get 'em was to advertise.—Clipped.

NOTICE—Party having 38 winchester rifle belonging to J. L. Stokes, deceased, please return to News office or Stokes Hotel. MRS. J. L. STOKES.

Charley Doak was in the city from O'Donnell Saturday enroute to Dallas on business matters.

### Meat Market Now Open

I have opened up the Sanitary Meat Market and will appreciate your patronage. Fresh meats always on hand. Determined to please, is my motto.  
111 BILLIE BRANDON.

I want from one to five good second-hand Automobiles; any make; tires must be good and in good running condition. Will pay cash for cars. Phone A. E. Whitehead, at Slaton. 78t

ATTENTION LADIES! The cold weather should make you think of a WARM CAP. They are cheaper than Doctor Bills.  
KNIGHT & BRASHEAR.

E. E. Miller, of Burkburnett, came in Saturday. Mr. Miller visited our school while here, and expressed himself as being well pleased with our fine corps of teachers, and especially commented the second and third grade department.

Mrs. D. A. Parkhurst returned from Colorado Saturday, where she had been called to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Ross Ketner. She reported leaving Mrs. Ketner greatly improved.

Mrs. Mary Jones on R. F. D. No. 1, has received a message stating that her son, Robert C., has been missing in action since October 9th.

Jack Ramsey is visiting home folks for a few days.

### One Price is the Thing Quality and Price

Business men who have made good are in a position to establish a price and sustain it. This is the natural result of having observed the spirit as well as the letter of business transactions; of having always delivered quality in proportion to price.

In the buying of any article, quality should come first. Price will take care of itself. In the long run, consumers are more concerned about the reliability of a product than they are about its cost, (Especially so in West Texas.) because, in the long run, quality is cheaper than inferiority.

Some merchants learn this truth and profit by it. Their customers also profit. Other merchants imagine they can build up trade and a desirable reputation by selling cheap goods and charging more than worth prices. The merchant handling cheap goods may prosper, for a time, but as to gaining the desirable reputation; as for making customers—friends, who will come back year after year—that is impossible.

The average merchant has the choice of these two methods, and it is the merchant who chooses to sell the superior goods, and charge a reasonable profit, who builds securely and wins out in the end.

I have been buying and selling merchandise of worth for fifteen years. My price is in accord with high quality, and yet these prices are moderate because we enjoy a large circle of steady cash customers upon which we rely for our volume of business, and do not have to include speculative losses in the price we charge for our goods, by the way of bad debts, or goods put out on bad accounts—the element of speculation cost me nothing, because there is no speculation in our business.

All this to let you know that when you buy merchandise at this store you are buying quality at quality's prices. The profit is mutual.

We will except Liberty Bonds or War Savings stamps as cash.

### The McCormack Store, Tahoka, Texas

Mrs. S. A. Dickson returned Tuesday from a visit with her daughter at Groom, Texas.

Mrs. W. M. Harris and Miss Grace Bradley, of the local Telephone Company, were Slaton visitors Thursday.

Carl Edwards, who is attending Wayland College at Plainview, was down this week visiting with homefolks.

### Notice to the Elected County Officers

I write all kinds of Bonds for County Officials, in the strongest Bonding Company in the United States. Save yourselves and friends embarrassment and personal obligation by signing a bond. See me at once and let me have your application.  
111 S. S. RAMSEY

EAT at the ST. CLAIR CAFETERIA GOOD MEALS—COURTEOUS TREATMENT. L. L. WILLIAMS, Proprietor, Tahoka, Texas.

WANTED—80 acres of land, well located. Must have good terms.—M. M. HERRING.

LOST—Keys and key ring somewhere in Tahoka. Finder please return to News office.

Now that the restrictions are off flour, you should lay in your winter supply. We sell the BEST on the market at right price for the BEST.  
KNIGHT & BRASHEAR.



### Sanitary Barber Shop

I. S. DOAK, Proprietor  
Smooth Shaves, Shampoos, Massages, Tonics and Baths  
We represent the Amarillo Steam Laundry

### LOOK! LISTEN!

Fresh stock of candies, just arrived—Chocolates, Nut bars, Cream bars, all first-class goods.  
New supplies coming in daily. "Orchard White" Mentholatum, and medicines of all kinds. New Kodaks and fresh supply of films the famous "Hawkeye" brand.  
Glad to have you call, whether you purchase or not.

### The STAR DRUG STORE

The Price is the thing.  
West Side Square  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

### Displace Your Battery Troubles with an

# 'Eveready'

THE KIND WITHOUT RUINOUS SULPHATION BATTERIES TESTED FREE

### Howell's Garage, H. B. HOWELL, PROP. TAHOKA, TEXAS

### THE LID HAS BEEN RAISED

We are glad to announce to the trade that as a result of so Great a Victory and the ending of the World War, our Government has now raised building restrictions to a limit that our people can now purchase new homes, or material to repair the old one without having to secure a government permit.

Soon our boys will be returning from over seas and their reception will be what we make it. Shall they return to the old home as they left it, or will it be repaired, repainted and redecorated?

Let us assist you in making their reception complete, we have something that will interest you if you will be interested.

## McADAMS LUMBER COMPANY. QUALITY—SERVICE—PRICE.

# A Check is a Receipt

A LEGAL RECEIPT. Think how much easier and safer it is to PAY ALL BILLS BY CHECK, where the very payment itself is a receipt for the money.

No danger of paying twice for a thing; no chance for a quarrel or misunderstanding and it's easier to keep track of your expenditures too, if you pay by check.

The same courtesy and attention given to small depositors as to large. We're here to serve the community.

# THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

A Bank Whose Resources are for the Benefit of its Customers. TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Tahoka County News

R. B. RAYNES, Mgr.

Published Every Friday by THE NEWS PRINTING COMPANY

Entered as second class matter at the post-office at Tahoka, Texas, under act of March 3d, 1879.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance

### O. B. COLQUITT NOW WANTS PERSHING PRESIDENT

Former Governor O. B. Colquitt of Dallas, says that he is for Pershing for President of the United States in 1920.

"General Pershing should be elected President," said Gov. Colquitt, "and I believe that he will be elected. It makes no difference which political party shall nominate him, he ought to be elected. I do not consider that General Pershing has any politics so far as the organized parties in this country are concerned. He is a soldier and has been a soldier all his life. His achievements entitle him to be President and I am for him on any ticket. There will be two million soldiers all over the United States who will also be for him for President."

Since the passing of the German fleet into the hands of the allies, America now stands second among the naval powers of the world.

### PROFESSIONAL

#### DR. INMON & TURRENTINE

Physicians and Surgeons

Office in Shook Building Over Post Office

Tahoka, Texas

#### E. E. CALLAWAY C. B. TOWNES

Physicians and Surgeons

Res. Phone 46 Res. Phone 131

Office Phone 45

Office Upstairs Thomas Building

#### C. H. CAIN

Lawyer

Office in Northeast Corner Court House

Tahoka, Texas

#### M. M. HERRING

Abstracting and Farm Loans

Office over Guaranty Bank

Tahoka, Texas

#### DR. J. R. SINGLETON

Dentist

Permanently Located

Tahoka, Texas

#### B. P. MADDOX

Attorney-At-Law

Practice in all the Courts Office in Northwest Corner Court House

Tahoka, Texas

#### J. N. JONES

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

Phone No. 37. West Side Square

Tahoka, Texas

LADIES TAILOR MADE CLOTHING AND READY TO WEAR

Cleaning and Pressing a Specialty.

#### S. N. WEATHERS

The Tailor

Texas

### AMERICAN CASUALTIES NOW ESTIMATED AT 235,117

Washington, Nov. 23.—The total casualties in the American expeditionary forces up to the signing of the armistice were 235,117, divided as follows:

Killed in action and died of wounds, 36,154.

Died of disease 12,811.

Died from other causes, 2,204.

Wounded, 179,825.

Prisoners, 2,163.

Missing 1,160.

Chief of Staff General Peyton C. March made this announcement today. The American forces in France have taken 44,000 German prisoners and 1,400 guns. The casualties of the American forces in Northern Russia are not severe. The movement of troops from France will be expedited in every way, he added, and "they will not sneak into the country, either."

Demobilization of the American expeditionary forces already in progress with the movement homeward of the sick and wounded will be hastened by the return at an early date of eight divisions of national guards and national army corps, eight regiments of coast artillery and two brigades of field artillery. This announcement was made today by General March on receipt of dispatches from General Pershing. The divisions which General March said had been designated by General Pershing to return as soon as the sick and wounded have been removed to the United States are:

National Guards: 31st Georgia, Alabama and Florida. 34th Nebraska, Iowa, South Dakota and Minnesota. 38th Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia; 39th Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana.

National Army: 76th New England; 84th Kentucky, Indiana and Southern Illinois; 86th Northern Illinois, including Chicago; 87th Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Southern Alabama.

The coast artillery regiments to be returned as soon as possible were announced as the 46th, 47th, 49th, 50th, 73rd, 74th, and 75th. The two field artillery brigades to be brought home are the 65th and the 163rd.

Fifty-two aerial squadrons, 11 construction companies and special units in England will be brought home as soon as possible.

### McADOO RESIGNS AS SEC. OF THE TREASURY

Washington, Nov. 22.—William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, director general of the railroads and often discussed as one of the presidential possibilities of 1920, has resigned his office to return to private business.

President Wilson has accepted his resignation. Mr. McAdoo will give up the treasury portfolio as soon as a successor has been appointed. He wished to lay down his work as director general of railroads by January 1, but will remain if the president has not then selected a successor to him.

Upon the new secretary of the treasury, whoever he may be will devolve the task of financing the nation through the transition of war to peace, which probably will include at least two more Liberty Loans and possibly also a further revision of the system of war taxation.

Letters between President Wilson and Mr. McAdoo, made public today with the announcement of the resignation, give Mr. McAdoo's reasons for leaving the cabinet solely as a necessity for replenishing his personal fortune and express the president's deep regret at losing his son-in-law from his official family.

### 45 AMERICAN VESSELS LOST BY ACTS OF ENEMY

Loss of 145 American passenger and merchant vessels of 354,449 tons and 775 lives through acts of the enemy during the period from the beginning of the world war to the cessation of hostilities November 11 is shown by figures made public by the department of commerce's bureau of navigation. The report does not include several vessels the loss of which has not been established, as due to acts of the enemy.

Nineteen vessels and 67 lives were lost through use of torpedoes, mines and gun fire prior to the entrance of the United States into the war.

That War Savings Stamp Pledge needs attention. Look after it. Remember the pledge is a binding obligation.

### PLANS FOR DISCHARGE OF TROOPS OUTLINED

Fort Worth, Texas, Nov. 19.—A memorandum was received at the Camp Bowie adjutant's office today from the War Department, in which is outlined the process of the demobilization of the American Army. The memorandum asserts that only men who voluntarily enlisted to serve during the emergency or who were drafted shall be discharged. It is also stated that no man shall be discharged who is unfit for duty in the class in which he was rated at the time of his entrance into the service or in a higher class in case he has been subsequently rated. Men suffering from social disease will not be discharged until cured, the memorandum states. The medical officials are instructed to begin at once the treatment of all men suffering from these diseases with a view to their cure so that they may be discharged at the earliest possible date.

The memorandum also announced that men from the same localities will be discharged as far as possible on the same date and only as rapidly as they can be handled by the railroads. The camp officials are requested to notify the local railway authorities of men to be discharged in order that the men can be returned as rapidly as possible to their homes and without disorganizing the traffic system.

The gradual discharge of the commissioned personnel of the army will progress in accordance with the mustering out of the enlisted forces, it is stated. All officers are divided into three classes, those holding temporary commissions, officers of the reserve corps and regular army officers.

#### Camp Units Being Filled.

Major Henry Groesebeck and Lieutenants Reveal and Farlinger of camp headquarters took their first aerial trip today. The officers went up in ships piloted by airmen from Caruthers Field. The party were in the air for more than an hour, in which time they flew over the army camp and to the neighboring aviation fields.

Orders to recruit all camp units to their full strength were received at camp headquarters today. It is believed that this is being done in order that the camp may be taken care of in the absence of a division. The camp units consist of sub-depot, base hospital, utilities unit, headquarters detachment and ordnance depot. Men will be drawn from the detention camp to fill the various units, it was announced.

Major John M. Page and Lieutenant Byrd Miller were in Dallas tonight as guests of Camp Dick officials at a social gathering at Lakewood Country Club.

The Harmony Club of Fort Worth has presented the headquarters staff at Camp Bowie with two boxes at the concert to be given by the French Military Band at the Coliseum next Saturday night. Among those to whom an invitation has been extended are General Cochran, Colonels Reed and Muller, Lieutenant Colonels McIntyre, Ingold and Hanson and Majors Seals, Page, Sammons, Campbell and Delameter.

### 1,580,000 GERMAN TROOPS REPORTED BEING KILLED

Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—Up to October 31, 1,580,000 German soldiers were killed and the fate of 260,000 was not known. Vorwaerts of Berlin says it learns on reliable authority.

Four million soldiers had been wounded, some several times. The newspaper adds that there were 490,000 German prisoners in hostile countries.

### ABLEST OFFICERS MAY BE RETAINED IN ARMY

Washington, Nov. 19.—Steps to retain permanently in the army officers commissioned from civil life who have displayed marked ability in the service are being considered by the general staff. Plans for the demobilization of officers, it was learned today, are being shaped with this end in view.

German army officers say that America is directly responsible for the licking they received. Thought you said we wouldn't fight, Fritz.

After the "tumult and shouting dies," a sense of deep thankfulness and gratitude will be with us and remain with us for all the days of our

### FURTHER TEST OF DRY ACT IS EXPECTED

Austin, Texas, Nov. 19.—That the constitutionality of the provision of the State-wide prohibition law of the Thirty-Fifth Legislature, prohibiting the receiving, transportation, shipping and delivery by common carrier of liquors, will be given a test thru the Court of Civil Appeals and the Supreme Court is indicated by a request received today by S. A. Philquist, District Clerk of Travis County, from the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway Company for a transcript of the record in the case of the State against that company. The Santa Fe and several other railroads operating in Texas were enjoined by Judge Calhoun of the Fifty-Third District Court, Travis county, some time ago upon application of the Attorney General from receiving, transporting, shipping and delivering liquor in violation of the ten-mile zone law. Recently by amended pleadings these injunctions were extended to come within the State-wide prohibition act.

The request by the Santa Fe for a transcript of the record in the injunction case against it is taken to mean that it contemplates taking an appeal to the Court of Civil Appeals and after judgment is given in that court the case will be taken up to the Supreme Court. That section of the State-wide law prohibiting the selling of liquor was recently held unconstitutional by the Court of Criminal Appeals in the case of *Ex parte F. Meyer*, from Bexar County. Now it appears that the Supreme Court will be asked to give a decision on the constitutionality of another phase of the act, that prohibiting the transportation of liquor. In this way both the Civil and Criminal Courts of last resort will have given views on the State-wide law.

### MANY SCHOOLS ARE HOLDING SATURDAY SESSIONS

Austin, Texas, Nov. 18.—In order to make up time lost by reason of the suspension of schools during the recent influenza epidemic in Texas, sessions of some of the schools are being held on Saturday at the direction of the school trustees and the teachers are required to teach without compensation for this extra work, according to information which has been received at the State Department of Education.

Some of the teachers have put up the question to the department as to whether or not the school trustees have legal authority for requiring them to teach the extra day without compensation. There have been some parents of pupils also who have asked if their children can be legally compelled to attend school on Saturday. In a number of instances the parents have their children at home on Saturday in order that they may help to do work on the farms.

The Attorney General's Department has been asked for an opinion on the matter. While no opinion has yet been handed down, the general impression here seems to be that the school trustees have exceeded their authority in ordering the holding of sessions of the schools on Saturday. It is stated that the trustees appear to be of the opinion that since the teachers have been paid their regular salaries during the suspension of the schools during the influenza epidemic they should work without compensation on Saturdays until they have caught up in their work.

Buy Liberty Bonds

### WHEAT IN NORTH TEXAS BELIEVED BEST IN YEARS

The Dallas News of Wednesday contains the following article:

That wheat in Dallas County and throughout North Texas is in better condition than he has ever seen it at this time of the year is the statement of W. A. Thomas, in charge of the agricultural bureau of the Security National Bank, who has just returned from a tour of the northern part of the State.

"In North Texas the wheat acreage is increased about 10 per cent over last year, I should judge," Mr. Thomas said, "and the fields are green for miles. Fall grazing is exceptionally good and this pasturage will be wonderfully valuable this winter. I see no reason why North Texas should not make the biggest wheat crop in her history, as the soil is wet clear down to the underlying rock and for the first time in four or five years the water is dripping off the rock where it crops out of the ground."

"In Dallas county the wheat looks particularly good, especially around Wheatland. I saw one man near Wheatland planting wheat Monday."

"The acreage of oats has apparently decreased somewhat."

"I noticed particularly throughout North Texas the large number of turkeys which have been raised this year. Practically every large farm has from eight to ten head to flocks of 100 or more. I don't think there will be any trouble in supplying the local Thanksgiving and Christmas needs for turkeys."

"There is an especially strong sentiment over this section of the State in favor of improving the breed of stock. Raisers are beginning to realize that they can mature a pure-bred animal as well as they can a scrub, and that the pure breeds bring much better prices."

### MUCH OF WEST TEXAS TO BE IN NEW TIME BELT

Washington, Nov. 18.—New and official boundaries for time zones in the United States, unifying existing lines and moving them slightly westward, already announced today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to become effective at 2 a. m. Jan. 1 next. This order is pursuant to the daylight savings act, which in addition to authorizing an advance of the clock during the summer, provided for permanent United States

standard time, and required the commission to define the limits of standard time zones, which previously had been fixed only by custom, cross-continent railroad or by law.

The line fixed by the Commission separating the Eastern and Central time zones beginning at the Lakes runs through Toledo and Columbus, Ohio; Huntington, W. Va.; Bristol, Va.-Tenn.; Asheville, N. C.; Atlanta and Thomasville, Va.; north boundary of Florida to the Junction and the Apalachicola to the Gulf of Mexico.

Between Central and Mountain time the line begins at the Canadian boundary at Portal, N. D., runs through Minot, N. D., and follows the Nihanumi River to Pierre, S. D., then through Long Pine, N. D., Platte, McCook and Republican, Neb.; Phillipsburg, Plains, Ellis, Dodge City and Liberal, Kan.; Waynoka, Clinton and Sayre, Okla.; Sweetwater, Big Spring and San Angelo, Texas, and the Hundredth meridian to the Rio Grande River.

Between Mountain and Pacific time zones the line is fixed following the eastern boundary of the Bigfoot Indian Reservation in Montana and the Continental divide to Helena and Butte, Mont.; Pocatello, Idaho and the Oregon Short Line to Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah; thence to Los Angeles and Salt Lake City, and the west and south boundaries of Utah to the Hundredth meridian, thence to Phoenix, Ariz., and along the Colorado River to the Mexican boundary.

All of Alaska is left within a standard time zone.

A majority of the privates were Rastatt. There were 117 at Genssen and 103 at Limburg. There were 103 officers at Villengen, 43 at Karlsruhe, 29 at Landshut and 20 at Rastatt.

Being the Kaiser and "All-Highest" may be very interesting and delightful, but who would want to be an "Ex-All-Highest"?

### WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

We will pay up to \$21.50 per set (broken or not). Send now. Cash sent by return mail. Package held 10 to 15 days subject to sender's approval of our offer. Highest prices paid for OLD GOLD JEWELRY, GOLD CROWNS, BRIDGES, PLATINUM AND SILVER. United States Smelting Works, Inc. 1125 Goldsmith Bldg., Opp. Post Office MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## A TIRED LIFE

A wheel on an auto is worthless just as soon as it's TIRE is faulty.

A blow-out or puncture is not necessarily the exodus of a good TIRE.

VULCANIZING PROPERLY DONE BY EXPERTS

gives new life to a seemingly gone up article. It renews the efficiency of the adjoining rubber and makes the one harmful part of the tire absolutely the most dependable part of the wheel.

## Bradley Auto Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

## We Have a Complete Stock

Of Lumber, Wire, Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Builders' Materials, Windmills and Well Supplies.

## Higginbotham - Harris & Company

Tahoka, Texas