

# The McLean News

TENTH YEAR

McLEAN, GRAY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1914

NO 21

## FOR HIS SAKE START A BANK ACCOUNT



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## Equalization Of Our Taxes

Taxation has been a matter of vital and active interest to the American people since the settlement of this country and has engaged the minds of our best statesmen, and the spirit of equalization of taxation has pervaded the constitution and laws of all our governmental institutions. The constitution of Texas, treating on Taxation and Revenue, says: "Taxation shall be equal and uniform. All property in this state shall be taxed in proportion to its value." So we can readily see the Constitution contemplates that we have a system of taxation to maintain our state and county government that in its operation will work for us a just and equitable equalization of our taxes, and this is the feature of our taxes that brings to the subject an element of so vital interest to the general public.

Any law that might be passed by any of our legislative bodies must be taken as having intended to carry out the spirit of this constitution—that of the just and equitable equalization of taxes—and any system or rule adopted by a board of equalization that in its operation does not accomplish this end must be considered wrong and should be righted that justice may be had to all alike.

So, I am writing this to discuss a system or rule that is being practiced by the Commissioners' Court of this county as a board of equalization which I think is intended to mete out justice to all alike in the equalization of their taxes, and in its application to the larger per cent of the taxable property of the county I think it amply meets that end, but to make a rigid rule of it and attempt to apply to all the properties of the county, as is now being done, in my judgment gets as far from a just and equitable equalization of taxes as any rule or system that could possibly be adopted.

In the first place, I don't think the fundamental basis upon which taxable values should rest would do well to carry his investigation minutely into the possibilities of this section. You are invited.

is so much the price for which it might sell, or the price for which it might have heretofore been sold, but rather upon a value of property, when in active use under good management and normal or average conditions might be capable of producing the owner a revenue or per cent equal to the capabilities of cash in active use in that county. Don't understand me to say a per cent that a piece of property is actually bringing its owner, for that would be basing values on the capabilities of the manager rather than the capabilities of the property.

We take the dollar, or cash as the unit of value. Cash in this county is capable, when in active use, of bringing the owner of it ten per cent or thereabout. My judgment, based on my observation and experience since I have been here, and my judgment seems to be amply backed up by my fellow citizens' statements as to their experience, that farm and ranch properties are not paying ten per cent after expenses are paid on more than one-fourth of the amount invested, or the commonly acknowledged price of such properties. If that be true, and I think it is, and the owner pays taxes on more than one fourth its estimated value, he is paying an unjust tax.

Now, the rule of our court referred to above is to take one-fourth or twenty-five per cent of the estimated value of the properties assessed and I think it just and equitable in its application to such properties as above mentioned and other properties of like condition, but the trouble and injustice comes in making it a rigid rule and applying it to all properties alike.

To illustrate: A has ten thousand dollars invested in farm and ranch property that is not capable, under normal or average conditions and good management, of bringing him a revenue of more than ten per cent on twenty-five hundred dollars. When he has paid taxes on twenty-five hundred dollars he has paid taxes on all the revenue producing investment he has, in comparison with an active cash investment or active cash's capability of producing revenue. His neighbor, B, has ten thousand dollars invested in good notes drawing ten per cent interest. C has ten thousand dollars invested in bank stock producing a good dividend of

ten percent or more and D has ten thousand dollars in actual cash capable of producing a ten percent revenue any time he wants to put it in actual use. Now, B, C and D pay taxes on twenty-five hundred dollars each and each of them have seventy-five hundred dollars of good revenue producing property that they are not paying one cent of taxes on, or in other words, the county is losing taxes to the extent of two thousand five hundred dollars of good revenue producing property in an effort to equalize B's, C's and D's taxes with A's taxes, when A is paying taxes on every dollar's worth of revenue producing property he has.

Now, according to my judgment this does not appeal to me as a just and equitable rule or system of equalization of taxes. Some will likely say I am trying to discriminate as to occupation, but this is not true. I am trying to lay down a broad fundamental basis for taxable values that will work a more just and equitable equalization. You can reverse the personalities of illustration under the same conditions and the same principle would apply. I am not writing

to ventilate any personal act or personality, but rather that these fundamental and basic principles may be brought before the people in order that proper conclusions might be reached whether I am right or wrong.

I intended to say something on the road but proposition that I am sure space and time forbids. I may come back on this issue.

The public is hereby warned that passing through the Knight land, which is under my control, is strictly forbidden, as is also any hunting or otherwise trespassing. I am forced to take this step because of the promiscuous tearing down of fences and other depredations on the property. There is a plain road around this land which the public will kindly use and save trouble.

W. F. ROGERS.

The socialists of Gray county are hereby called to meet at the tabernacle in McLean on Saturday afternoon, June 6th, 1914, at two o'clock sharp, at which meeting there will be business of importance to transact.

G. R. SCOTT.

## Prospects For Crops Good

Never before in the history of this section as a possible agricultural country has the prospects been better at this season of the year for the fulfilling of the general desire for a big crop yield. The splendid rains that have been falling at intervals for the past week leave nothing to be desired in the matter of moisture and an added proof of its efficiency lies in the fact that even the most pessimistic farmer admits that there is an abundance of water in the ground. Of course he is looking for a terrible dry spell a little later when the crops reach their critical stage, and he believes the newspaper is manifesting a ruthless disregard for the safety of its reputation for truth and veracity when it predicts a good crop year). Nevertheless, we believe all indications point to an adequate season during the growing period and the consequent big yields of all varieties of products will

mean much to the farmers and business men alike, as it will set them past the strain that has held them in check for the past several years.

The McLean country has had little or no immigration since the panic that devastated credit and shut down the damper on all but the most optimistic boosters in 1907 and the consequence is that thousands of acres of her virgin soil remains untouched by the developing agency of the plow and the hoe. With the return of normal crop conditions and a banking system that will in a great measure protect us from another financial panic, the flood of immigration will again turn this way and it behooves the people of this great section to prepare for it and put forth their efforts in bringing it about.

No undeveloped country on the face of the earth has ever presented to the mind of the immigrant a more pleasing prospect than that which greets him in the McLean country and the man who is looking for a home where stock farming can be carried on at a profit and where social and moral conditions appeal

## Service and Solidity The Banking Requisites

The satisfactory bank—the only bank which can be of real benefit to the business public—is that which, while assuring absolute security, is prepared to give expert and courteous service not only to depositors but to the public generally.

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Post and wire for your spring fencing. Plenty of screen doors and screen wire. Lime, cement and all building material.

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SYNOPSIS.

Challis Wrاندall is found murdered in a road house near New York. Mrs. Wrاندall is summoned from the city and identifies the body. A young woman who accompanied Wrاندall to the inn and subsequently disappeared, is suspected. Wrاندall, it appears, had led a gay life and neglected his wife. Mrs. Wrاندall determines to shield her and takes her to her own home. Mrs. Wrاندall bears the story of Hetty Castleton's life, except that portion that relates to Wrاندall. This and the story of the tragedy she forbids the girl ever to tell. She offers Hetty a home, friendship and security from peril on account of the tragedy. Mrs. Sara Wrاندall and Hetty attend the funeral of Challis Wrاندall at the home of his parents. Sara Wrاندall and Hetty return to New York after an absence of a year in Europe. Leslie Wrاندall, brother of Challis, makes himself useful to Sara, and becomes greatly interested in Hetty.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

Sara and Hetty did not stay long in town. The newspapers announced the return of Challis Wrاندall's widow and reporters sought her out for interviews. The old interest was revived and columns were printed about the murder at Burton's inn, with sharp editorial comments on the failure of the police to clear up the mystery.

"I shall ask Leslie down for the week-end," said Sara, the third day after their arrival in the country. The house was huge and lonely, and time hung rather heavily despite the glorious uplift of spring.

Hetty looked up quickly from her book. A look of dismay flickered in her eyes for an instant and then gave way to the calmness that had come to dwell in their depths of late. Her lips parted in the sudden impulse to cry out against the plan, but she checked the words. For a moment her dark, questioning eyes studied the face of her benefactress; then, as if nothing had been revealed to her, she allowed her gaze to drift pensively out toward the sunset sea.

They were sitting on the broad verandah overlooking the sound. The dusk of evening was beginning to steal over the earth. She laid her book aside.

"Will you telephone in to him after dinner, Hetty?" went on Sara, after a long period of silence.

"Again, Hetty started. This time a look of actual pain flashed in her eyes. "Would not a note by post be more certain to find him in the—" she began hurriedly.

"I dislike writing notes," said Sara calmly. "Of course, dear, if you feel that you'd rather not telephone him, I can—"

"I dare say I am a baby, Sara," apologized Hetty in quick contrition. "Of course he is your brother. I should remember—"

"My brother-in-law, dear," said Sara, a trifle too literally.

"He will come often to your house," went on Hetty rapidly. "I must make the best of it."

"He is your friend, Hetty. He admires you."

"I cannot see him through your eyes, Sara."

"But he is charming and agreeable, you'll admit," persisted the other.

"He is very kind, and he is devoted to you. I should like him for that."

"You have no cause for disliking him."

"I do not dislike him. I—I am—Oh, you always have been so thoughtful, so considerate, Sara, I can't understand your falling to see how hard it is for me to—to—well, to endure his open-hearted friendship."

Sara was silent for a moment. "You draw a pretty fine line, Hetty," she said gently.

Hetty flushed. "You mean that there is little to choose between wife and brother? That isn't quite fair. You know everything, he knows nothing. I wear a mask for him; you have seen into the very heart of me. It isn't the same."

Sara came over and stood beside the girl's chair. After a moment of indecision she laid her hand on Hetty's shoulder. The girl looked up, the ever-recurring question in her eyes.

"We haven't spoken of—of these things in many months, Hetty."

"Not since Mrs. Wrاندall and Vivian came to Nice. I was upset—dreadfully upset then, Sara. I don't know how I managed to get through with it."

"But you managed it," pronounced Sara. Her fingers seemed to tighten suddenly on the girl's shoulder. "I think we were quite wonderful, both of us. It wasn't easy for me."

"Why did we come back to New York, Sara?" burst out Hetty, clasping her friend's hand as if suddenly spurred by terror. "We were happy over there. And free!"

"Listen, my dear," said Sara, a hard note growing in her voice: "this is my home. I do not love it, but I can see no reason for abandoning it. That is why we came back to New York."

Hetty pressed her friend's hand to her lips. "Forgive me," she cried impulsively. "I shouldn't have complained. It was detestable."

"Besides," went on Sara evenly, "you were quite free to remain on the other side. I left it to you."

# The Hollow of Her Hand

by George Barr McCutcheon

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"You gave me a week to decide," said Hetty in a hurried manner of speaking. "I—I took but twenty-four hours—less than that. Over night, you remember. I love you, Sara. I could not leave you. All that night I could feel you pulling at my heart strings, pulling me closer, and holding me. You were in your room, I in mine, and yet all the time you seemed to be bending over me in the darkness, urging me to stay with you and love you and be loved by you. It couldn't have been a dream."

"It was not a dream," said Sara, with a queer smile.

"You do love me?" tensely.

"I do love you," was the firm answer. Sara was staring across the water, her eyes big and as black as night itself. She seemed to be looking far beyond the misty lights that bobbed by nearby schooners, far beyond the yellow mass on the opposite shore where a town lay cradled in the shadows, far into the fast darkening sky that came up like a wall out of the east.

Hetty's fingers tightened in a warmer clasp. Unconsciously perhaps, Sara's grip on the girl's shoulder tightened also; unconsciously, for her thoughts were far away. The younger woman's pensive gaze rested on the peaceful waters below, taking in the slow approach of the fog that was soon to envelop the land. Neither spoke for many minutes; inscrutable thinkers, each a prey to thoughts that leaped backward to the beginning and took up the puzzle at its inception.

"I wonder—" began Hetty, her eyes narrowing with the intensity of thought. She did not complete the sentence.

Sara answered the unspoken question. "It will never be different from what it is now, unless you make it so."

Hetty started. "How could you have known what I was thinking?" she cried in wonder.

"It is what you are always thinking, my dear. You are always asking yourself when will I turn against you."

"Sara!"

"Your own intelligence should supply the answer to all the questions you are asking of yourself. It is too late for me to turn against you." She abruptly removed her hand from Hetty's shoulder and walked to the edge of the veranda. For the first time, the English girl was conscious of pain. She drew her arm up and cringed. She pulled the light scarf about her bare shoulders.

The butler appeared in the doorway. "The telephone, if you please, Miss Castleton. Mr. Leslie Wrاندall is calling."

The girl stared. "For me, Watson?"

"Yes, miss."

Hetty had risen, visibly agitated. "What shall I say to him, Sara?" she cried.

"Apparently it is he who has something to say to you," said the other, still smiling. "Wait and see what it is. Please don't neglect to say that we'd like to have him over Sunday."

"A box of flowers has just come up from the station for you, miss," said Watson.

Hetty was very white as she passed into the house. Mrs. Wrاندall re-

sumed her contemplation of the fog-screened sound.

"Shall I fetch you a wrap, ma'am?" asked Watson, hesitating.

"I am coming in, Watson. Open the box of flowers for Miss Castleton. Is there a fire in the library?"

"Yes, Mrs. Wrاندall."

"Mr. Leslie will be out on Saturday. Tell Mrs. Conkling."

"The evening train, ma'am?"

"No, the eleven-thirty. He will be here for luncheon."

When Hetty hurried into the library a few minutes later, her manner was that of one considerably disturbed by something that has transpired almost on the moment. Her cheeks were flushed and her eyes were redactors of a no uncertain distress of mind. Mrs. Wrاندall was standing before the fireplace, an exquisite "sure in the slinking black evening gown which she affected in these days. Her perfectly modelled neck and shoulders gleamed

like pink marble in the reflected glow of the burning logs. She wore no jewelry, but there was a single white rose in her dark hair, where it had been placed by the whimsical Hetty an hour earlier as they left the dinner table.

"He is coming out on the eleven-thirty, Sara," said the girl nervously, "unless you will send the motor in for him. The body of his car is being changed and it's in the shop. He must have been jesting when he said he would pay for the petrol—I should have said gasoline."

Sara laughed. "You will know him better, my dear," she said. "Leslie is very light-hearted."

"He suggested bringing a friend," went on Hetty hurriedly. "A Mr. Booth, the portrait painter."

"I met him in Italy. He is charming. You will like him, too, Hetty." The emphasis did not escape notice.

"It seems that he is spending a fortnight in the village, this Mr. Booth, painting spring lambs for rest and recreation, Mr. Leslie says."

"Then he is at our very gates," said Sara, looking up suddenly.

"I wonder if he can be the man I saw yesterday at the bridge," mused Hetty. "Is he tall?"

"I really can't say. He's rather vague. It was six or seven years ago."

"It was left that Mr. Wrاندall is to come out on the eleven-thirty," explained Hetty. "I thought you wouldn't like sending either of the motors in."

"And Mr. Booth?"

"We are to send for him after Mr. Wrاندall arrives. He is stopping at the inn, wherever that may be."

"Poor fellow!" sighed Sara, with a grimace. "I am sure he will like us immensely if he has been stopping at the inn."

Hetty stood staring down at the blazing logs for a full minute before giving expression to the thought that troubled her.

"Sara," she said, meeting her friend's eyes with a steady light in her own, "why did Mr. Wrاندall ask for me instead of you? It is you he is coming to visit, not me. It is your house. Why should—"

"My dear," said Sara glibly, "I am merely his sister-in-law. It wouldn't be necessary to ask me if he should come. He knows he is welcome."

"Then why should he feel called upon to—"

"Some men like to telephone, I suppose," said the other coolly.

"I wonder if you will ever understand how I feel about—about certain things, Sara."

"What, for instance?"

"Well, his very evident interest in me," cried the girl hotly. "He sends me flowers—this is the second box this week—and he is so kind, so very friendly, Sara, that I can't bear it—I really can't."

Mrs. Wrاندall stared at her. "You can't very well send him about his business," she said, "unless he becomes more than friendly. Now, can you?"

"But it seems so—so horrible, so beastly," groaned the girl.

Sara faced her squarely. "See here, Hetty," she said levelly, "we have made our bed, you and I. We must lie in it—together. If Leslie Wrاندall chooses to fall in love with you, that is his affair, not ours. We must face every condition. In plain words, we must play the game."

"What could be more appalling than to have him fall in love with me?"

"The other way round would be more dramatic, I should say."

"Good God, Sara!" cried the girl in horror. "How can you even speak of such a thing?"

"After all, why shouldn't—" began Sara, but stopped in the middle of her suggestion, with the result that it had its full effect without being uttered in so many cold-blooded words. The girl shuddered.

"I wish, Sara, you would let me unburden myself completely to you," she pleaded, seizing her friend's hands. "You have forbidden me—"

Sara jerked her hands away. Her eyes flashed. "I do not want to hear it," she cried fiercely. "Never, never! Do you understand? It is your secret. I will not share it with you. I should hate you if I knew everything. As it is, I love you because you are a woman who suffered at the hand of one who made me suffer. There is nothing more to say. Don't bring up the subject again. I want to be your friend for ever, not your confidante. There is a distinction. You may be able to see how very marked it is in our case, Hetty. What one does not know, seldom hurts."

"But I want to justify myself—"

"It isn't necessary," cut in the other so preemptorily that the girl's eyes spread into a look of anger. Whereupon Sara Wrاندall threw her arm about her and drew her down beside her in the chaise-loung. "I didn't mean to be harsh," she cried. "We must not speak of the past, that's all. The future is not likely to hurt us, dear. Let us avoid the past."

"The future!" sighed the girl, staring blankly before her.

"To appreciate what it is to be," said the other, "you have but to think of what it might have been."

"I know," said Hetty, in a low voice. "And yet I sometimes wonder if—"

Sara interrupted. "You are paying me, dear, instead of the law," she said gently. "I am not a harsh creditor, am I?"

"My life belongs to you. I give it cheerfully, even gladly."

"So you have said before. Well, if it belongs to me, you might at least permit me to develop it as I would any other possession. I take it as an investment. It will probably fluctuate."

"Now you are jesting!"

"Perhaps," said Sara laconically.

The next morning Hetty set forth for her accustomed tramp over the roads that wound through the estate. Sara, the American, dawdled at home, resenting the chill spring drizzle that did not in the least discourage the Englishwoman.

She came to the bridge by the mill, long since deserted and now a thing of ruin and decay. A man in knickerbockers stood leaning against the rail, idly gazing down at the trickling stream below. The brier pipe that

formed the circuit between hand and lips sent up soft blue coils to float away on the drizzle.

She passed behind him, with a single furtive, curious glance at his handsome, undisturbed profile, and in that glance recognized him as the man she had seen the day before.

When she was a dozen rods away, the tall man turned his face from the stream and sent after her the long-restrained look. There was something akin to cautiousness in that look of his, as if he were afraid that she might turn her head suddenly and catch him at it. Something began stirring in his heart, the nameless something that awakens when least expected. He felt the subtle, sweet femininity of her as she passed. It lingered with him as he looked.

She turned the bend in the road a hundred yards away. For many minutes she studied the stream below without really seeing it. Then he straightened up, knocked the ashes from his pipe, and set off slowly in her wake, although he had been walking in quite the opposite direction when he came to the bridge—and on a mission of some consequence, too.

There was the chance that he would meet her coming back.

CHAPTER VII.

A Faithful Crayon-Point.

Leslie Wrاندall came out on the eleven-thirty. Hetty was at the station with the motor, a sullen resentment in her heart, but a welcoming smile on her lips. The sun shone brightly. The sound gleared with the white of reflected skies.

"I thought of catching the eight o'clock," he cried enthusiastically, as he dropped his bag beside the motor in order to reach over and shake hands with her. "That would have gotten me here hours earlier. The difficulty was that I didn't think of the eight o'clock until I awoke at nine."

"And then you had the additional task of thinking about breakfast," said Hetty, but without a trace of sarcasm in her manner.

"I never think of breakfast," said he amiably. "I merely eat it. Of course, it's a task to eat it sometimes, but—well, how are you? How do you like it out here?"

He was beside her on the broad seat, his face beaming, his gay little mustache pointing upward at the ends like oblique brown exclamations points, so expansive was his smile.

"I adore it," she replied, her own smile growing in response to his. It was impossible to resist the good nature of him. She could not dislike him, even though she dreaded him deep down in her heart. Her blood was hot and cold by turns when she was with him, as her mind opened and shut to thoughts pleasant and unpleasant with something of the regularity of a fish's gills in breathing.

"When I get to heaven I mean to have a place in the country the year round," he said conclusively.

"And if you don't get to heaven?"

"I suppose I'll take a furnished flat somewhere."

Sara was waiting for them at the bottom of the terrace as they drove up. He leaped out and kissed her hand.

"Much obliged," he murmured, with a slight twist of his head in the direction of Hetty, who was giving orders to the chauffeur.

"You're quite welcome," said Sara, with a smile of understanding. "She's lovely, isn't she?"

"Enchanting!" said he, almost too loudly.

Hetty walked up the long ascent ahead of them. She did not have to look back to know that they were watching her with unfaltering interest. She could feel their gaze.

"Absolutely adorable," he added, enlarging his estimate without really being aware that he voted it.

Sara shot a look at his rapt face, and turned her own away to hide the queer little smile that flickered briefly and died away.

Hetty, pleading a sudden headache, declined to accompany them later on in the day when they set forth in the car to "pick up" Brandon Booth at the inn. They were to bring him over, bag and baggage, to stay till Tuesday.

"He will be wild to paint her," declared Leslie when they were out of sight around the bend in the road. He had waved his hat to Hetty just before the trees shut off their view of her. She was standing at the top of the steps beside one of the tall Italian vases.

"I've never seen such eyes," he exclaimed.

"She's a darling," said Sara and changed the subject, knowing full well that he would come back to it before long.

"I'm mad about her," he said simply, and then, for some unaccountable reason, gave over being loquacious and lapsed into a state of almost lugubrious quiet.

She glanced at his face, furtively at first, as if uncertain of his mood, then with a prolonged stare that was frankly curious and amused.

"Don't lose your head, Leslie," she said softly, almost purringly.

He started. "Oh, I say, Sara, I'm not likely to—"

"Stranger things have happened," she interrupted, with a shake of her head. "I can't afford to have you making love to her and getting tired of the game, as you always do, dear boy, just as soon as you find she's in love with you. She is too dear to be hurt in that way. You mustn't—"

"Good Lord!" he cried; "what a bouncer you must take me for! Why, if I thought she'd—But nonsense! Let's talk about something else. Yourself, for instance."

She leaned back with a smile on her lips, but not in her eyes; and drew a long, deep breath. He was hard hit. That was what she wanted to know.

They found Booth at the inn. He was sitting on the old-fashioned porch, surrounded by bags and boys. As he climbed into the car after the bags, the boys grinned and jingled the coins in their pockets and ventured, almost in unison, the intelligence that they would all be there if he ever came back again. Big and little, they had transported his easel and canvases from place to place for three weeks or more and his departure was to be regarded as a financial calamity.

Leslie, perhaps in the desire to be alone with his reflections, sat forward with the chauffeur, and paid little or no heed to the unhappy person's comments on the vile condition of all village thoroughfares, New York city included.

"And you painted those wretched little boys instead of the beautiful things that nature provides for us out here, Mr. Booth?" Sara was saying to the artist beside her.

"Of course I managed to get a bit of nature, even at that," said he, with a smile. "Boys are pretty close to earth, you know. To be perfectly honest, I did it in order to get away from the eminently beautiful but unnatural things I'm required to paint at home."

"I suppose we will see you at the Wrاندall place this summer."

"I'm coming out to paint Leslie's sister in June, I believe. And that reminds me, I came upon an uncommonly pretty girl not far from your place the other day—and yesterday, as well—some one I've met before, unless I'm vastly mistaken. I wonder if you know your neighbors well enough—by sight, at least—to venture a good guess as to who I mean."

She appeared thoughtful.

"Oh, there are dozens of pretty girls in the neighborhood. Can't you remember where you met—?" She stopped suddenly, a swift look of apprehension in her eyes.

He failed to note the look or the broken sentence. He was searching in his coat pocket for something. Selecting a letter from the middle of a small pocket, he held it out to her.

"I sketched this from memory. She posed all too briefly for me," he said.

On the back of the envelope was a remarkably good likeness of Hetty Wrاندall, done broadly, sketchily, with a crayon point, evidently drawn with haste while the impression was fresh, but long after she had passed out of range of his vision.

"I know her," said Sara quietly. "It's very clever, Mr. Booth."

"There is something hauntingly familiar about it," he went on, looking at the sketch with a frown of perplexity. "I've seen her somewhere, but for the life of me I can't place her. Perhaps in a crowded street, or the theater, or a railway train—just a fleeting glimpse, you know. But in any event I got a lasting impression. Queer things like that happen, don't you think so?"

Mrs. Wrاندall leaned forward and spoke to Leslie. As he turned, she handed him the envelope, without comment.

"Great Scott!" he exclaimed.

"Mr. Booth is a mind reader," she explained. "He has been reading your thoughts, dear boy."

Booth understood, and grinned.

"You don't mean to say—" began the dumfounded Leslie, still staring at the sketch. "Upon my word, it's a wonderful likeness, old chap. I didn't know you'd ever met her."

"Met her?" cried Booth, an amiable conspirator. "I've never met her."

"See here, don't try anything like that on me. How could you do this if you've never seen—"

"He is a mind reader," cried Sara. "Haven't you been thinking of her steadily for—well, we'll say ten minutes?" demanded Booth.

Leslie reddened. "Nonsense!"

"That's a mental telepathy sketch," said the artist, complacently.

"When did you do that?"

"This instant, you might say. See! Here is the crayon point. I always carry one around with me for just such—"

"All right," said Leslie blandly, at the same time putting the envelope in his own pocket; "we'll let it go at that. If you're so clever at mind pictures you can go to work and make another for yourself. I mean to keep this one."

"I say," began Booth, dismayed. "One's thoughts are his own," said the happy possessor of the sketch. He turned his back on them.

Sara was contrite. "He will never give it up," she lamented.

"Is he really hard hit?" asked Booth in surprise.

"I wonder," mused Sara.

"Of course he's welcome to the sketch, confound him."

"Would you like to paint her?"

"Is this a commission?"

"Hardly. I know her, that's all. She is a very dear friend."

"My heart is set on painting some one else, Mrs. Wrاندall."

"Oh!"

"When I know you better I'll tell you who she is."

"Could you make a sketch of this other one from memory?" she asked lightly.

"I think so. I'll show you one this evening. I have my trusty crayon about me always, as I said before."

Later in the afternoon Booth came face to face with Hetty. He was descending the stairs and met her coming up. The sun streamed in through the tall windows at the turn in the stairs, shining full in her uplifted face as she approached him from below. He could not repress the start of amazement. She was carrying a box of roses in her arms—red roses whose

stems protruded far beyond the end of the pasteboard box and reeked of a fragrant dampness.

She gave him a shy, startled smile as she passed. He had stopped to make room for her on the turn. Some- what dazed, he continued on his way down the steps, to suddenly remember with a twinge of dismay that he had not returned her polite smile, but had stared at her with most unthinking fervor. In no little shame and embarrassment he sent a swift glance over his shoulder. She was walking close to the banister rail on the floor above. As he glanced up their eyes met, for she too had turned to peer.

Leslie Wrاندall was standing near the foot of the stairs. There was an eager, exalted look in his face that slowly gave way to well-assumed concern as his friend came upon him and grasped his arm.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"Good God, Sara!" Cried the Girl in Horror.



Hetty Looked Up Quickly From the Book.



"Enchanting!" Said He, Almost Too Loudly.

EVERY n...  
ling to...  
brides, or...  
old lace o...  
household...  
not add to...  
joyous? T...  
their cap...  
than to t...  
such smal...  
Here is...  
of the ol...  
silk-crepe...  
make the...  
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is a skirt...  
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It is cover...  
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ure in the

All to Deck the June Bride



EVERY member of the family is willing to give up treasures to its brides, or ought to be. If there is old lace or exquisite embroidery or household treasures, why should they not add to the joys of the young and joyous? To them they mean more, in their capacity for giving pleasure, than to those who have outgrown such small delights.

Here is a bridal gown in which one of the old, exquisitely embroidered silk-crepe shawls has been used to make the overdress and to trim the bodice. This is a modest dress lifted into magnificence by this treasure of a shawl used in its adornment.

In the bridal gown pictured there is a skirt of satin messaline with a demitrain worn over a trained petticoat trimmed with wide shadow lace. The underbodice of messaline is cut with a round neck and elbow sleeves. It is covered with embroidered chiffon, and the neck is edged with a row of pearl beads. That portion of the shawl trimmed off for decorating the bodice is arranged in the manner of a fichu, and terminates under the satin girdle.

The shawl is draped about the figure in the plainest, and at the same

time the most effective manner. The drapery is dropped a little from the waistline at the back, the fringe falling away from the plait at the center of the back of the messaline skirt.

The bride's veil is gathered on a wire band with much fullness, and not worn in the manner of a cap. A cluster of orange flowers is placed at each side.

The bouquet of lilies of the valley and white lilacs is made with pendent ribbons of gauze having sprays of flowers fastened to them. With the elbow sleeves three-quarter length gloves of white kid finish a toilette of which any bride and her family may have reason to be proud.

Tulle wedding veils and fine lace, rich embroidery and pearls, are to be carefully saved and passed on. They are really "family affairs," and only temporarily the property of the bride. Many a shawl like that shown in the picture lies folded away, yellowing with time and non-use. There are plenty of June brides to which they would lend that charm of "something old" which the old saying says must be a part of the bridal gown to insure the best of luck in days to come.

When Miladi Bethinks of Motor Hats



NOW that the motor car begins the call that is an irrefragable lure, miladi bethinks her of her motor headgear. Small, close-fitting, flexible hats, which can be drawn well down over the head, have made a place for themselves in motoring that no other shaped style can fill.

Braids of silk fiber are soft and strong and made in all colors. The majority of hats designed for motor wear are made of this braid.

Trimmings are simple and hand-made, of the braid that appears in the hat, or of other millinery fabrics. They lie flat to the brim usually, and are not disarranged by wind or the flying of a veil over them.

The addition of a little separate cape of chiffon at the back, for protecting the neck, results in a fascinating little touch that is new and "fashionable." It is not meant to replace the hat, but to keep the neck from too long exposure to sun and weather. The veil is discarded for a time. A pretty hat in which this veil is incorporated is shown in the first picture. It has a coronet of gray hemp, which folds over at the top, across the forehead. There is a soft, plain crown of

bright green satin. The short cape of green hemstitched chiffon is gathered over a bridle that fastens in the front under a tiny flat bow. This bridle is made of the satin which appears in the crown. Small flat boxes of this satin are placed at each side of the back at the termination of the coronet.

A flower form and foliage are applied to the coronet at the left. They are made of red and green silk braid.

This is a charming model, over which a veil can be thrown when needed. There is nothing to misplace, nothing to crush, and no chance of its blowing away. No hatpin—that bane of motor base—is needed, for the small bridle takes its place.

The second hat consists of a straight coronet and soft crown of silk braid in bright, gay colors. A large buckle is made of the braid over a buckram form. The long veil in smoke gray is laid in folds about the coronet and fastened under the buckle. It hangs from behind about the throat, or enough to wind about the head and face with to be spread over head and face with to be spread about the throat. Veils made brought about the throat. Veils for motoring should be of washable chiffon. JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

It's a Treat

to eat your meals when you know there is no danger of

**BLOATING  
HEARTBURN  
BELCHING  
HEADACHE  
NAUSEA OR  
INDIGESTION**

and this privilege is yours if you will only assist the digestive organs by the use of

**HOSTETTER'S  
STOMACH BITTERS**

It helps Nature correct all Stomach, Liver & Bowel ills

BUSINESS ABOVE ALL THINGS

Farmer Willing to Let Wife Sob Her Fill if He Got His Price for the "Coo."

The farmers met in the market town, and there was a calculating look in the eyes of both as they faced each other. "About that there coo I was talking to you of the other day," began Farmer Dobbins, "will you take twelve pounds for her, George?" "No, no. Oi couldn't part with 'er for that—not by a long chalk." "But t'other day you told me you might let 'er go for that." "Something's 'appened to the coo since then." "Mercy on us, George, what's the matter? Coo dead?" "Worse 'n that," said George. "You see, my old missus can't bear to part with t' old coo. It 'ud break 'er heart. She'd sob 'erself into a fit over it." "Well, well, I suppose that ends the business?" "Well, I'm not so sure 'o that, Farmer Hayseed. Look 'ere. Make it twelve pun' ten, and let the missus sob."—London Tit-Bits.

SHE OFTEN PRAYED TO DIE

But Friend Comes to Rescue With Some Sound Advice, which was Followed with Gratifying Results.

Nettleton, Ark.—"My troubles date back five years," says Mrs. Mary Bentley, of this town. "I was first taken with awful pains in my right side, headache, and backache. The pain from my side seemed to move down my right limb, and settled in the right knee. Then it would move back, and once a month I would almost die with pain.

I was told I had tumor, and would have to undergo an operation at once. It just seemed I could not submit to it. I often prayed to die. It seemed that nothing would give me the desired relief, until finally, I was advised by a friend to try Cardui, and it is undoubtedly curing me. I have only used three and a half bottles, and it is a pleasure to tell of the beneficial results.

I shall ever spread the good tidings of what Cardui has done for me, and will do for other suffering ladies, if they will only try it."

You can depend on Cardui, because Cardui is a gentle, harmless, vegetable tonic, that can do you nothing but good.

Prepared from herbal ingredients, Cardui has a specific effect on the woman's constitution and puts strength where it is most needed.

Try Cardui.—Adv.

In Control. "That man insists on attending his own furnace."

"Yes. He used to live in an apartment and he took a tip from the janitor. It's the only sure way to be boss of the establishment."

Not Worth Loafing. Hemmandhaw—I thought Beanbrough was going on a month's vacation.

Shimmerpate—He was, but the boss only wanted to give him two weeks and he refused to take half a loaf.

Golden Rule in Business. You get your money's worth every time. Hanford's Balsam is guaranteed to cure ailments and injuries that can be reached by external application or your money will be refunded by the dealer. Getting a bottle now is like taking out insurance. Adv.

Extreme of Wisdom. Utmost wisdom is not in self-denial, but in learning to find extreme pleasure in very little things.—Ruskin.

Red Cross Ball Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good grocers. Adv.

Increase your insurance to the limit before you begin fighting the devil with fire.

SERVICES BEYOND ALL PRICE

Country Owes Much to Men Who Safeguarded the Vast Commerce of the Nation.

A lightship must keep always in one particular place. Anchored to the bottom of the sea, she has her steam always up, but she never sails unless relieved by another ship so that she may put into port for repairs. And such a boat is used because a warning must be given at a place where it is impossible to build a lighthouse, and where even the clamor of a gigantic bell buoy is not sufficient to warn the navigator. No matter how fiercely the storm beats or how desperate may be the boat's plight, she must stay at her moorings. The only movement she is allowed to make under the regulations is to sink when at last she can withstand the gale no longer. It would bring them deserved recognition if the government ever published a list of those who have lost their lives in the line of such perilous duty. For about \$6,000,000 a year these men and their craft save from disaster the billions of dollars' worth of shipping and commerce that come to American shores.—The Popular Magazine.

Plea for the Hen.

I should like to see the hen on a plane, at least, with the turkey and the goose.

She is their superior in every way except that of size, and yet they have long held the place of honor on the Christmas and the Thanksgiving dinner table, and they have had reams and reams of poetry written about them.

But the hen, that most important of all feathered creatures, who writes poetry about her? Who even takes the trouble to know anything about her early history in America? Who owned the first hen; when and where did she land upon our shores?

Why not make amends for our long years of neglect by making her the center of the feast on the Fourth of July? Hereafter let it be our Thanksgiving turkey, our Christmas goose, and our Fourth of July hen.—Atlantic.

Animal Idiosyncrasies.

Many are the idiosyncrasies of animals. Some horses are afraid of a dog, some of a bit of paper, some of a bear, some of a car. I have known two mules to shy at a big yellow cucumber on a fence, and a cow we formerly owned could not endure to see any man's hat removed.

The oldest trick recorded of a riding animal is that of Balaam's ass, who tried to crush his rider's foot against the wall. Biting, pawing and bolting are also described in the Scriptures. A balky team figures in Esop and Chaucer. That the horses of the Saracens used to shy is shown by the traditional inquiry, "If they thought King Richard was in that bush?" This same balking, or jibbing, in all its varieties is one of the most aggravating of vices.—From "A Farmer's Note Book," by C. E. Phelps.

Research.

Mary, aged five, was watching her mother dust the Encyclopedia Britannica—where it stood a long phalanx of volumes on the bottom shelf of the bookcase.

"What," she asked, "is an encyclopedia?"

"An encyclopedia," replied the mother, "is a lot of books that tell you about everything you want to know."

The next day Mary, whose recent studies at Sunday school had dealt with the Creation, was discovered seated upon the floor turning over the leaves of that volume of the encyclopedia which bears the superscription Edw.—Eva.

"What are you doing?" asked the grown-up intruder.

"I'm looking for a picture of God making the world," replied Mary.

Disfigurements.

Don C. Seitz, of New York, was praising the newspaper advertisement.

"But billboards," he said, "bring small returns, and, besides, they disfigure the landscape."

"In a recent play the stage manager staged a meadow with chewing-gum and cold-cure and cigarette ads. on every rock and tree and fence."

"Hold, hold," said the star. "Ads. in our meadow scene! That's carrying commercialism a bit too far."

"Commercialism nothing," said the stage manager. "I'm a realist, I am, and I want that meadow to look like a genuine one."

A Justifiable Interest.

"The women have no right to try and interfere with what congress does with its 'committees.'"

"But my dear, you insist that women's proper place is to attend to the affairs of the house."

Something Just as Good.

Kind Lady—Are all of your relatives dead?

Puttering Perry—No, but some of them are in West Virginia.

Saved.

Millie—So you loved and lost, did you?

Willie—Oh, no, indeed! She returned all my presents!—Town Talk.

Advertisement for Castoria. 900 DROPS CASTORIA ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC. Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL LITCHER. A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP. Fac Simile Signature of Dr. H. H. Litcher. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Advertisement for Castoria. CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. Litcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

Advertisement for Spohn's Worm Cure. SPOHN'S WORM CURE. "Wormy", that's what the matter of 'em. Stomach and intestinal worms. Nearly as bad as diphtheria. Cost you too much to feed 'em. Look bad—are bad. Don't physic 'em to death. Spohn's Cure will remove the worms, improve the appetite, and tone 'em up all round, and don't "physic." Acts on glands and blood. Full directions with each bottle, and sold by all druggists. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Aged Should Eat Sparingly. A British scientist lays down a regimen of hygiene for the treatment of the aged. It is pointed out that the aged require less food of all kinds, because they utilize less. Overfeeding, or rather a normal adult's ration, overtaxes their digestive powers and floods the blood with effete products which the kidneys and other emunctories cannot handle. Drinking water should be encouraged, and baths, which should be taken regularly, should be neither hot nor cold, of short duration, and preferably in the evening, when they conduce to a good night's sleep. Fresh air and exercise are indispensable. Clothing should be light, warm, loose and of woolen material. The feet should be well protected.

PAINFUL ECZEMA ON HANDS. Bienville, La.—"I was troubled with eczema in my hands for several years. The skin would break and look like it had been cut with a knife and my hands were so sore I could hardly bear to put them in water and could hardly use them. When I used them the blood would run out. They would heal a little and then they would get worse than ever again. They were very painful. The eczema got to breaking out on my arms in pimples which itched and burned very badly. I used different remedies, also used all kinds of facial creams and I did not get any relief until I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I cured my hands and eczema with Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Miss Fannie Mosteller, Oct. 5, 1912. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 22-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Taking His Cue. A small street urchin from the city, who was spending some time in a fresh-air camp, was the source of considerable entertainment to members of the family at a farm where he frequently called for milk and apples. "Whaddye think about the youngster, anyhow?" the farmer asked his wife, one evening. "He's a nice little fellow," the wife replied, "but I can't just make him out." "How make him out?" "Every time grandpa sneezes 'tch! that boy also sneezes and yells 'Ka Kibbie!'"—Judge.

Advertisement for Why Scratch? "Hunt's Cure" is guaranteed to stop and permanently cure that terrible itching. It is compounded for that purpose and your money will be promptly refunded WITHOUT QUESTION if Hunt's Cure fails to cure Itch, Eczema, Tetter, Ring Worm or any other Skin Disease. 50c at your druggist's, or by mail direct if the hasn't it. Manufactured only by A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Sherman, Texas.

Advertisement for Black Leg. BLACK LEG. Losses surely prevented by Cuticura's Blacking Pills. Low-pitched, fresh, reliable, preferred by Western stockmen, because they protect where other vaseline fails. 10-dose package, Blacking Pills \$1.00 25-dose package, Blacking Pills 4.50 The size injector, but Cuticura's best. The superiority of Cuticura products is due to over 18 years of specializing in various and serious skin ailments on Cuticura. If unsatisfactory, order direct, The Cuticura Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

Advertisement for Perfect Health. PERFECT HEALTH. Tutt's Pills keep the system in perfect order. They regulate the bowels and produce A VIGOROUS BODY. Remedy for sick headache, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, etc. TUTT'S PILLS. Pettit's Eye Salve. MAKES SORE EYES WELL. W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 18-1914.

Advertisement for Lines in the Face. LINES IN THE FACE Make Women Look Old and they show the effect of unnatural sufferings—of headaches, backaches, dizziness, hot flashes, pains in lower limbs, pains in groins, bearing-down sensations. These symptoms indicate that Nature needs help. Overwork, wrong dressing, lack of exercise, and other causes have been too much for nature—and outside aid must be called upon to restore health and strength. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The Vegetable Remedy for Women's Ills that relieves nervous exhaustion and irritability and removes other distressing symptoms due to disturbed conditions of the delicate feminine organism. For over forty years it has been used with more than satisfied! the young, middle-aged and the elderly—by wives, mothers and daughters. will find it of great benefit. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form. send Dr. H. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 50 one-cent stamps for trial, 50c on time. DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve Constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take, 50 half this 50c on time.

Advertisement for You Look Prematurely Old. You Look Prematurely Old. Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs—Hair Dressing. Price 50c.

# FIRE!

## INSURANCE

Insure your property with me in the best companies doing business in this state. I represent the old reliable Phoenix of Hartford, Conn. and the Mercantile Fire & Marine, both strong companies. I also write hail insurance on growing crops in a strong company which pays every dollar insured for, not a per cent as do some of the mutual companies. Come in and let me figure your rates and give you any information you desire about insurance.

### A. J. Mayfield

THE McLEAN NEWS  
PUBLISHED WEEKLY

McLEAN TEXAS

By A. G. RICHARDSON

SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year ..... \$1.00

Entered as second-class mail matter May 8, 1905, at the postoffice at McLean, Texas, under the Act of Congress.

## Good Roaders Hold Meeting

At a called meeting of the McLean Good Roads Association held in the Odd Fellows Hall on Saturday afternoon of last week the matter of electing delegates to attend the general good roads meeting in Sayre, Okla., Wednesday and Thursday of this week was gone into and the following delegates were chosen: M. D. Bentley, W. A. Stabbs, J. T. Foster, C. A. Watkins and J. P. Heasley. V. R. Patterson, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the Interstate Highway Association by reason of being president of the local organization, and A. G. Richardson, the general secretary, were also instructed to go, each of the seven representative were given the privilege of paying their own expenses. Other matters of minor importance were discussed.

Expert shoe repairing and leather work. John Mertel.

### B. Y. P. U. Program.

Bible study meeting.  
Song.  
Three brief prayers.  
Scripture lesson, 2 Chron. 27—Leader.  
Jotham's father—Ethel Cash.  
Jotham's character—Ernest Jordan.  
Where Jotham failed—Edgar Newton.  
Public worship and public morals—Orma Kibler.  
Song.  
Scripture quotations, Psa. 84:1—Velma Duncan.  
Psa. 84:10—Alma Evans.  
Psa. 123:1—Julia Foster.  
What we can do as young people to increase attendance at public worship—Talk by president.  
Psa. 95:1-8—Recited by Grace Hamilton.  
Prayer.  
Leader—Wayland Floyd.

### A Deserving Young Man's Promotion.

"I hired a young man, Johnson, from your school about two years ago, put him in as a stenographer, and he has more than filled the bill. I have recently

## Road Tax Necessary

A few citizens have had occasion to find fault with the proposal to levy a fifteen cent additional road tax in this precinct, basing their objections on the fact that taxes are too high. Granting them that our present tax rate is higher in this precinct than it once was, by reason of the fifty cent school tax, yet we must admit that a government cannot be conducted without funds and it is a generally conceded fact that the school tax works a burden on a few citizens who are isolated from the public school, but that condition is unavoidable and it is up to us to make the best of it.

Because the school tax works a hardship on as many as three or four property holders, however, does not argue that the roads should be left in their present unpassable condition. Neither does it argue that those public spirited citizens who are willing to make sacrifices for good roads should bear the burden of the expense and let the hundreds of non-resident and unprogressive land owners reap the benefit. The improving of the roads is a material benefit to all the people, without exception, and the expense attendant thereupon should be distributed equitably among them.

advanced him to a position as office manager.

"We employ from eight to ten clerks in the office, and I want a young man or young lady to come in to help take the details of work off Johnson's shoulders, and I know of no one better to call upon for him than yourself. If you have some promising material send him or her over next Monday."

The above is an almost exact reproduction of a conversation which occurred recently over the telephone. It is typical of scores of others which occur yearly in the experience of our Employment Department.

Our boys and girls make places for themselves—force their way higher up!

Good board and room at from \$11 to \$12.50 per calendar month; No negroes or saloons in Bowie. Brick-paved streets, cement sidewalks, and all conveniences

of the city. Electric fans in every department of the college for the comfort of our students.

We teach you now to operate the Mimeograph, Adding Machine, Dictaphone, etc., by practical experience, and without costing you one cent extra. NOW is the time to enter. BOWIE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Bowie, Texas.

## Prof. Potts to Head School

At a called meeting of the school board on Monday afternoon the secretary reported that three of the teachers elected at the first meeting had failed to accept. They were Misses Dalrymple, Horton and Strong. The matter of filling these vacancies was discussed and one of the places was offered to Miss Winnie Floyd.

L. H. Potts, recently of Oklahoma, was elected to the superintendency and his wife was also offered a place but just where she will be stationed was not decided. Mr. Potts is a teacher of many years experience, having been at the head of the Canadian school for five successive years. Recently he has been engaged in other lines of business but decided to again take up his chosen work.

It had been hinted that the board contemplated reducing the salary of the superintendent from \$125.00 to \$100 per month, but we are informed that this action was not taken.

Prof. J. R. Durrett, who was at the head of the local schools last year, has, we are informed, been elected to the superintendency of the Jericho school at a salary of \$130.00 per month.

### Holiness Meeting.

We are requested to announce that the Holiness revival will commence at the tabernacle in this city on the second Sunday in June, same being the 14th. Rev. B. M. Kilgore, who is district superintendent of the Nazarine church, will do the preaching and the song services will be in charge of Messrs. Bundy and Jones. The public is cordially invited to attend all the services and a special invitation is extended to the various pastors of the city and their congregations. There is no announcement as to how long the meeting will be continued.

### Card of Thanks.

We wish to take this method of extending our appreciative thanks to the many kind and noble friends who were so faithful and constant in ministering to us during the last illness and death of our dear departed. Your noble deeds of kindness and numerous expressions of heartfelt sympathy will ever be cherished in our memory.

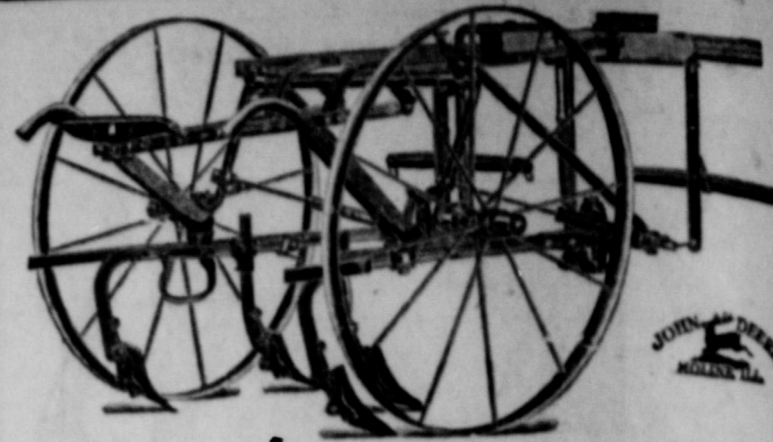
Mrs. Nida L. Geen.  
Dr. J. A. Green.  
A. P. Rippey and Family.

### Senior League Program.

Subject—A new cycle of Cathay.  
Lesson—Psa. 9:2-4.  
Song.  
Prayer.  
Song.  
Reading lesson.  
Bible questions.  
Dr. Mangal and his hospital at Huchow—Mrs. Foster.  
The story of the Chinese Ancestral Tablet—Hortense Hearn.  
The true Christian soldier—Lula Faulkner.  
Please bring your bibles. Program begins promptly at 8:30.

### Notice of Election.

The State of Texas, County of Gray. In the Commissioners Court of Gray County, Texas, May term A. D. 1914.  
Whereas, the County Commissioners Court of Gray County, Texas, deems it advisable that an election be held in the subdivision of said County hereinafter described, for the purpose hereinafter stated, petition having been made therefor by A. G. Richardson and sixty-nine other property-taxpaying voters in said subdivision of said County:  
Therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Commissioners Court of said County, that an election be held in the following subdivision of Gray County, Texas, to wit:  
Beginning at the Northwest corner of section number fifteen (15), in Block



A man needs good tools in order to do good work

## GET THE BEST

We have John Deere one and two row Go-devils, four and six shovel Cultivators. They can't be beat.

### McLean Hardware Company

Number one (1). A. C. H. & B. Survey:

Thence East to the east line of said block, and being the Northeast corner of Section Number eleven (11) in said Block No. 1.

Thence Southeast to the Northwest corner of Section Number seventy (70) in Block No. twenty-five (25), C. & C. O. R. R. Co. surveys:

Thence East to the County line between Gray and Wheeler Counties;

Thence South along said County line to the Southeast corner of said Gray County;

Thence West along the South boundary line of said County to a point one (1) mile West of the East boundary line of the Rockwall County School land;

Thence North to the place of beginning; and being all of Commissioner's Precinct Number four (4) in said Gray County, and that said election be held on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1914, at which election, the following proposition shall be submitted:

Shall there be levied upon the property within said subdivision of said County, by said Commissioner's Court, a road tax of fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) worth of property, under the provisions of the amendment of 1889 to the Constitution of the State of Texas, adopted in 1890, and under the provisions of Chapter 17, General Laws of the Thirty-third Legislature, passed at its Regular Session.

Said election shall be held at J. L. Crabtree's office in McLean, Texas, and the following persons are hereby appointed managers of said election: C. S. Rice, Presiding Judge and J. R. Hindman, Assistant Judge, and they shall appoint their own Clerks; and at the Public School Building in Al-

anreed, Texas, and the following persons are hereby appointed managers of said election. F. R. McCracken, Presiding Judge and E. B. Reeves, Assistant Judge, and they shall appoint their own clerks.

Said election shall be held under the provisions of Chapter seventeen, General Laws of the Thirty-third Legislature, and shall be conducted in accordance with the laws regulating general elections, in so far as the same are applicable thereto; only qualified voters who pay a property tax in said subdivision of said County shall be permitted to vote at said election, and voters desiring that said tax be levied shall have written or printed on their ballots, the words, "For the Tax", and those desiring that said tax be not levied, shall have written or printed on their ballots, the words, "Against the Tax".

If it is further ordered that a copy of this order, signed by the County Judge of said County, shall serve as proper proclamation and notice of said election, which notices shall be given by publication of this order in each newspaper published in said subdivision of Gray County, at least four consecutive weeks prior to the date of said election.

I, Silas Faulkner, County Judge of Gray County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct copy of a certain election order passed by the Commissioners Court of said County, at its May Term, A. D. 1914, as appears in Volume 1, page 484, Minutes of Commissioners Court, Gray County, Texas.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, at Le Fors, Texas, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1914.

SILAS FAULKNER, County Judge, Gray County, Texas.

## HUGH

Is a dark bay Percheron Stallion 9 years old. He is 16 hands high, weight 1400 lbs. and for style and action unsurpassed. His sire was imported Percheron Stallion, Lynx, No. 352. Hugh's dam sired by Oscar Wild, the best French Percheron horse ever imported from France by W. D. Dunham, Wayne, Mo.

## TOM AND YOUNG DAN

Are black Jacks with white points, ages 5 and 6 years, respectively. They are very large Jacks with heavy bone.

TERMS: \$10.00 to insure colts to stand up and suck. One fourth off the above price if party pays by January 1st after service. Money is due when mare is traded or removed from the country without the written consent of the undersigned. Care taken to prevent accidents but will not be responsible should any occur. Mare and colt stand for the service.

The above horse and Jacks will stand for the season of 1914 at my barn 6 miles west of McLean and 1 1/2 miles east of Alameda.

J. W. Sherrod, Owner

### Local News.

Plenty of rains and the people are rejoicing over the bright prospects. Grain crops here and on the plains are fine so far and a bumper crop is expected. L. A. Haynes and children visited in Oklahoma this week.

The autos are fine and the roads are muddy, but we have Arm & Hammer soda at 4 packages for 25c at the Heald store.

The Heald Mercantile Co. has placed a six hundred dollar soda fountain in their new building.

Hulon Loyd and a number of friends were over from Gracey Sunday in Hulon's new Ford car.

Price Rogers visited at Oklahoma City the first of the week.

If you want to enjoy a sweet life call at the Heald Mercantile Co. and get a hundred pounds of No. 1 cane sugar \$4.90, while it lasts.

Jessie Kinard returned Friday from Canyon, where he has taken

en a course in literary training. Dewitt Mathews left for Plains Sunday, where he will make his home.

Dried peaches that are good dried peaches are fine; you can have peaches all the time.

Buying them at the Heald store 7 1/2 cts. where you take a box otherwise 10 cts.

J. A. Taylor and family visited McLean Saturday.

We extend our sympathy to the wife and relatives and friends of our brother, Mr. Green, who has departed this world to enjoy the great blessings in Paradise.

Grandmother Haynes is visiting her son, A. W. Haynes, at the family at McLean.

Cabbage 4c, onions 5c per lb. J. O. Holloway was over from Carpenter this week.

Peacemaker flour \$3.10 Sunday school every Sunday at 2:30. Everybody invited.

JONATHAN

# New Shoes

We have just received another big shipment of Ladies' shoes, the very latest styles and unusual values.

This is the place to settle your shoe troubles.

Still another car of flour and feed—Chops, Bran, Shorts, etc.

## A. CASH & SON

# Local Happenings

## Items of Interest About Town and County

Kwitcherikkin is the place for your laundry. H. F. Lankford.

The whole nation is nourished from the farm.

If you want a bargain in a team, buggy and harness see S. R. Jones.

County court was in session at the capital this week.

For fresh jersey butter call Mrs. J. W. Brewer.

A good road turneth away wrath.

Wall paper—see my samples. Jack Hodges, phone 153.

C. J. Cooper was down from Pampa visiting friends Saturday.

Periodicals and magazines of all kinds. Jeff Earp.

R. M. Stone of Clarendon visited friends here this week.

We guarantee our oil stoves. Try one. Overton Hardware Co.

Clayborn Cash and wife were here from Ramsdell yesterday.

Bring your old shoes and have them made new. John Mertel.

D. W. Osborne of Pampa was a business visitor here this week.

King Pin and Crack-a-Jack clothes are the best. H. F. Lankford.

Andrew Floyd, another graduate of the Canyon Normal, has returned home from that place.

Do you want a tombstone or marble work? Call on S. A. Cobb at Northfork, Texas.

Harold Rippe came in Monday night from Clarendon where he has been attending school.

Go-devils, both two row and led. Let us fit you out with one. McLean Hdw. Co.

Miss Winnie Floyd arrived home Monday from Canyon, where she has been attending the Normal.

Better have a fire insurance policy than to wish for one when the fire comes. See A. J. Mayfield.

Herman Glass has returned from Canyon, where he has recently graduated from the Normal.

Cleaning and pressing a specialty. Call for and deliver. H. Lankford.

E. T. Alagood of Valleyview, Texas, is here for a visit with the family of his son, H. M. Alagood.

Have for sale one Canton Go-devil and one Standard cultivator, both good as new and of the best model. Will sell at a bargain if taken at once. A. J. Mayfield.

Look at our oil stoves, take one and try it. If not satisfactory bring it back. Overton Hardware Co.

W. A. Stubbs and J. H. Crabtree attended county court at LeFors this week.

Just received a shipment of men and boys' work trousers. Bundy-Hodges.

Geo. Garner was an attendant upon the county court the first of the week.

Money to loan on improved farms at 8 per cent interest. W. A. Askew, Amarillo, Texas.

If a nation would be strong and enduring, it must educate its citizens and attach them to the soil.

American Lady shoes and hose—the kind you want. Bundy-Hodges.

D. M. Graham was a business visitor to Clarendon the latter part of last week.

For garden tools, rakes, plows, hoes, etc., see us. McLean Hdw. Co.

W. H. Holt has been transacting business at Wichita Falls this week.

Buy your summer underwear while our stock is complete. Bundy-Hodges.

It is a wilful waste of money to spend it upon roads that are not given proper drainage.

Give us a call and let us demonstrate to you our splendid confectionary service. Jeff Earp.

Jack Hodges was a business visitor to Alanreed Saturday afternoon.

Get one of those new Perfection oil cook stoves and enjoy life. McLean Hardware Co.

J. H. Saunders was here from Pampa the latter part of last week shaking hands with the voters.

If we haven't what you want we will get it for you quick. Bundy-Hodges.

Good roads, like salvation, are costly, but are a permanent joy when once secured.

Dr. J. A. Hall, dentist, will be in McLean June 2nd to June 6th, inclusive, to do dental work.

T. G. Stearns of Maud, Okla., is here for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. George Cash.

Have a Spalding hack for sale, in good condition, run about a year. Phone 42 or 74.

I have three good houses to rent, known as the Rochinski houses. All newly painted and papered. Well and windmill at two of them. A. A. Callahan.

A new shipment of summer caps for men and boys at Bundy-Hodges.

There is something strengthening in the possession of a piece of land.

Maize and kaffir heads, corn and hay for sale. S. W. Rice, phone 117.

A. L. Rippe and little daughter were here from Maud, Okla., visiting relatives and friends this week.

Painting and paper hanging. Ask for prices. Jack Hodges, phone 153.

Excessive interest is sucking the life-blood of the Texas farming industry.

The bridge on the Rock Island at Bridgeport, Okla., was again washed out Monday night.

W. R. Veale has been transacting business at Oklahoma City the first of this week.

J. W. Beall was in Oklahoma City the first of the week on business.

Chas. Carpenter, G. S. Loyd and J. H. Crabtree shipped hogs to the Oklahoma City market Saturday.

J. F. Heasley went down to Sayre Tuesday night to attend the Good Roads Convention.

For Sale—For this month I will sell Buff Orpington eggs at \$1.00 per setting. Mrs. W. T. Wilson, phone 127.

J. L. Collier left Saturday night for Martha, Okla., in response to a message announcing the serious illness of a brother.

Swat the fly, we have swatters. Also have screen doors and screen wire. McLean Hardware Co.

When the business of farming is placed beyond the thrall of grasp and greed, then the farmer will become economically independent.

Buy your wife a Motor washing machine and make her happy. They do the work with ease. Overton Hardware Co.

The whole machinery of our money and credit system is directed toward the aid of the city and not the country.

Dud McKindree of Ramsdell visited friends here Saturday. The gentleman is contemplating moving to this city.

Edgar Newton will leave in a few days for Bowie, where he expects to enter the Bowie Commercial College.

John Montgomery has recently been appointed public weigher of this precinct to succeed C. S. Rice, resigned.

Misses Nynva Glass and Katie Robinson returned Saturday from Canyon, where they have been attending the Normal.

For good photographs see Willis Brothers. All kodak work gotten out promptly. Orders taken for enlarged pictures. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Miss Olive Haynes is home from her school at Pampa. She visited friends at Canyon a week prior to her return.

W. P. Rogers has recently purchased two hundred head of fine cows from George Dozier at Clarendon.

Lost—Black and white spotted pig, weighs about 40 pounds. If you see him please notify J. C. Wall.

Heard Edmonson and wife left yesterday for Rockledge where they will make their home for the present.

If you want your order early phone fifty. We have a new schedule for delivering. Bundy-Hodges.

It is announced that Geo. W. Sitter has bought the D. M. Graham ranch south of town, consisting of four and a half sections.

A. H. Doucette and wife are here from Pampa this week guests of Mrs. Doucette's mother, Mrs. Emma LeFors.

Mrs. Earl S. Hurst has gone to Meigs, Ga., in response to a message announcing the serious illness of Mr. Hurst's mother.

Your neighbor has one of those New Perfection Oil cook stoves and is enjoying her cooking. Why not you? McLean Hdw. Co.

L. A. Haynes returned the first of the week from Granite, where he had gone to take his little children no a visit to their grand parents.

Have you visited our ice cream parlors and tried our service? We are better than ever prepared to handle the lady trade. Give us a trial. Jeff Earp.

S. O. Cook left Sunday afternoon for Dallas, where he will make his home in the future. Mrs. Cook and little daughter will follow later.

The strength and vigor of the state is as much dependent upon conserving and fertility of the soil as upon the intelligence of the people.

The town that is lost in the shuffle is the one that has no good roads leading into it. The town that is not upon the map is the one that is without good streets.

If it is possible to build permanent roads by the issuance of bonds, this is the thing to do. If this cannot be done, then the next best thing is a systematic use of the split log drag.

D. M. Graham yesterday received 175 fine white faced steers from Geo. W. Sitter. These cattle are all high grade and it is one of the best small herds in the country.

COTTON SEED—We have for sale thirty-five or forty bushels of Simpkins Prolific cotton seed. This is the earliest maturing variety known. Call at the Citizen's State Bank.

N. B. Gregg, who recently moved here with his family from Shamrock, has purchased the Eagle Cafe from Messrs. Haynes and Edmonson and will conduct same in the future. Here's wishing him success.

Included among the graduates from the Canyon Normal was Miss Pearl Rice of this city. Miss Rice was unable, on account of serious illness, to attend the graduating exercises but the faculty of the normal has sent her the diploma attesting her completion of the prescribed course.

McLean is proud of the fact that four students of her high school graduated from the Normal at Canyon this year. They were Misses Pearl Rice and Mary Grundy and Messrs. Herman Glass and Andrew Floyd. Miss Winnie Floyd would have graduated also had she not been detained at home on account of illness during the first of the term.

Respected Citizen Dead. Friends were deeply grieved to learn of the death of A. L. Green, who passed to the Great Beyond on last Sunday afternoon about four o'clock after a lingering illness that had racked his body for many months. Funeral services were held at

# For Your Consideration:



25 PER CENT off on all Ladies' Misses' and Children's 2-strap patent leather, black velvet, white and vicci kid slippers.

25 PER CENT off on all other ladies' blucher Oxfords.

25 PER CENT off on all men's full suits.

A LIBERAL discount on lawns, voiles, marquisettes, silk mulls and dimities.

OUR BARGAIN COUNTER of shoes and hats will interest you.

# Lee Bros.

the Methodist church Monday afternoon at three o'clock, Rev. J. T. Howell preaching the sermon and the body was taken in charge by the Masonic order for burial at the local cemetery.

Mr. Green was born in Georgia November 22, 1868, and came to Texas several years ago with the hope of regaining his failing health. He was married to Miss Nida L. Rippe at the Methodist church in this city on August 9, 1911. He had been a member of the Methodist church since he was thirty years of age.

Besides his loving and faithful wife he leaves one brother, Dr. J. A. Green of Roaring Springs, Texas, to mourn his untimely death. To those loved ones and the hosts of warm personal friends the News joins with the entire community in extending heartfelt sympathy.

### Revival.

We are requested to announce that there will be a revival meeting commence at the tabernacle on Saturday before the fourth Sunday in June by the congregation of the Church of Christ. Elder W. P. Skaggs of Vernon will do the preaching. The public requested to bear in mind the opening date.

# Round Trip

## Summer Tourist Fares



TO United States, Canada and Mexico

Effective May 15th. Tickets on sale daily to September 30th, with final return limit October 31st. Optional routes.

ALSO—Very low summer excursion fares to various destinations in California and the Northwest effective June 1st to September 30th; final return limit October 31st. Stop-overs and all up-to-date accommodations. For particulars call on

D. H. NUNN  
Local Agent.

# In the Hollow of Her Hand

New and thrilling story by George Barr McCutcheon.

A page each issue. Don't fail to read each installment.

# LOOKY HERE!

THIS MIGHT INTEREST YOU --READ IT

- Three Canton four-shovel Cultivators, \$25.00 each cash—\$30.00 on time.
- One 14 inch Success Sulky Plow, \$35.00 cash—\$40.00 on time.
- One Bain wagon bed, \$18.00 cash—\$22.50 on time.
- One old style Go devil, \$10.00 cash—\$12.50 on time.
- Two walking Sod Plows, \$5.00 each cash—\$7.50 on time.
- One wheeled Lister Cultivator, \$18.00 cash—\$22.00 on time.
- One Johnston Corn Binder, \$135.00 cash—\$150 half this fall and half the next.
- One 60 tooth Drag Harrow, \$5.00 cash—\$10.00 on time.

# C. C. COOK

### Vacation Hints for Sensible Persons

By EVERETT B. MERO

The first thing for a sensible person to keep in mind in planning a vacation is why he or she is to have it. Is a vacation just a change, a bit more free than other leisure hours, for having a good time? Or is it a period that may be profitably spent in true recreation—in recreation that will help make an individual enjoy real living for the time, and also help make him more ready to do his part in the affairs of the world when vacation weeks have passed.

The working man or woman who takes a bird's-eye view beyond the immediate twenty-four hours, and who decides upon a reasonable use of the usual two weeks' leisure time, will recognize that a vacation ought to include change and relaxation from mental and physical routine of daily work. Those who are usually kept busy and on the hustle eight to twelve hours a day are entitled to be as lazy as they like during vacation time, and to live in a different atmosphere. It is common sense for indoor workers to get out of doors, city folk to go into the country, seashore folk to go to the mountains, and those who live among the hills and mountains to come down to enjoy the ocean and east wind.

If a city young man, or a party of young men, really want a vacation that amounts to something in rest and pleasure while it is going on and when it is ended, let them consider the possibilities of camp life not surrounded by too much civilization. Such a camp may be established in pioneer fashion by hunting a spot, putting up a tent or a shanty, and roughing it for a week or two weeks. Or camps can be hired, ready made, with more conveniences.

Camp life is not now limited to young men. There are established camps for girls and young women, increasing in number and variety each year.

Another form of outdoor vacationing often combined with camp life is canoeing. Many young people find pleasure all summer in paddling their own canoes.

Allied to the camp idea is the bungalow, which permits a sort of camping out de luxe.

Some working men and women who do not get vacations, or to whom vacation time does not provide all the relief they want from city life, or to whom the expense of the vacation is a matter to cause a second thought, are invited to consider the "stay-at-home" vacation. The workingman with a family, and therefore with quite a different problem to solve at vacation time than falls to the young man or woman who has only to pack a suitcase and buy a ticket, may well consider this suggestion. For a whole family that can go further away there are cottages to be rented at lakes and mountains at prices running the whole scale according to accommodations and locations.

Finally, the reason for a "go-away" or a "stay-at-home" vacation for the working man or woman is to secure a change of surroundings and current interests that will bring about a renewal of physical energy and mental cheerfulness for the tasks that are to follow.

Everett B. Mero

### Strange Fates of Some Military Emblems

By R. T. ARCHIBALD

The discovery of the long-lost colors of the old Fiftieth British regiment in the garden of Funtington house, near Chichester, is a reminder of the strange fates that have befallen many glorious military emblems. The colors of the Eighty-first foot (since disbanded) were captured by American pirates during the war of independence and hidden away in Ireland; the colors of the Twentieth regiment were burnt, prior to the surrender of Saratoga, to prevent their capture by the enemy. At Bergen-op-Zoom the Royal Scots, to save their precious colors from falling into French hands, sank them in the river, though the enemy later fished them out, and when the second battalion of the Eighth foot was disbanded at Portsmouth in 1816, the colors were cut into small pieces and distributed among the officers.

One of the colors of the First Northamptonshire regiment, which had been carried right through the Peninsular campaign some years ago, was discovered in a pawnbroker's shop, though how it got there is a mystery to this day. A similar uncertainty attaches to a pair of old colors of the Second Border regiment, which were recovered from a London pawnbroker by Lord Archibald Campbell in 1888.

Four flags, which had accompanied the Gloucester regiment in Egypt and in the Peninsula, were recovered from a York pawnbroker. It appeared that, having been bequeathed by a colonel of the regiment to his son they were obtained by a servant, who, falling on evil ways, pawned them for a few shillings.

### Kindness Tends to Promote Harmony

By Charles Gladstone, Kansas City, Mo.

to a way in which the employer conducts his business.

When men become the heads of large business they are inclined to neglect the society of their employes. Business worries continually face them and they usually allow themselves to become so absorbed in them that the joy in living degenerates. They become surly and cross, are inclined to hunt the trivial faults of their employes and generally there exists a spirit of ill feeling between employer and employe.

The business man should not allow his business to interfere with his social functions. He should have his pleasures as of old and try and help the ambitious young man in his employ to realize his aims.

If the head of the business house would talk kindly and encouragingly to his employe, help him in a good spirit to see his mistakes and show him how to avoid them in the future, he would gain the friendship and esteem of his help. Kindness will accomplish all things, while force tends to cause ill feeling and many times ends disastrously.

### Why So Many Men Remain Bachelors

By John P. Smith, Kansas City, Mo.

They fail to prepare women either for livelihood or motherhood.

Graduates come out of women's schools physical wrecks with a valueless flood of useless information and a penchant for fashions which leaves them as nearly nude as the law will allow.

The average bill of fare alone at girls' schools is enough to drive the students to bonbons and rarebits.

A man does not want that kind of woman for a wife.

The first thing for a sensible person to keep in mind in planning a vacation is why he or she is to have it. Is a vacation just a change, a bit more free than other leisure hours, for having a good time? Or is it a period that may be profitably spent in true recreation—in recreation that will help make an individual enjoy real living for the time, and also help make him more ready to do his part in the affairs of the world when vacation weeks have passed.

## The ONLOOKER

By HENRY HOWLAND

### The DISCREET LOVER



His breast was all aflame with love, And when they had to part He slyly took her dainty glove And wore it near his heart.

Of all the fair she was the fairest, Or so she seemed to be; Her beauty was the richest, rarest, Her gladness gave him glee.

He took her dainty little glove And pressed it to his lips, With tenderest and deepest love He kissed the finger tips.

With passion such as knights of yore Were nobly actuated He kissed her glove—but not before He had it fumigated.

#### CANDID OPINION.

The woman who believes she can make a man think her drug store complexion is the real thing may be expected to believe the man is telling the truth when he says she is the only one he ever loved.

Most men would have more humility than they possess if it would get them anything.

A woman is as old as she looks if she doesn't look her age.

There is many a close man who has loose morals.

A man seldom has the courage of his wife's convictions.

If you have the faith that moving mountains don't spoil it by trying to enter the moving business.

#### The Poet.

The poet sang of sparkling rills And bursting buds and country lanes And violets and daffodils And sweet, refreshing April rains. All muffled up and having chills And doped with several kinds of pills. He sat where smoke and fog were thick, And, looking from his window where It furnished little light or air, Saw but a wall composed of brick, And as he looked and as he wrote A lump rose in the poet's throat. For he was weak and sad and sick. "I fear," he said beneath his breath, "That I am doomed to starve to death. Unless I sell this mighty quick!" Therefore the poet wrote away Of promises that spring fulfill, And bravely let his fancy stray To gladness over distant hills.

#### HAD REASON TO BE ONE.



"Pa, what is a misogynist?" "One who hates women." "Are you a misogynist, pa?" "Certainly not." "I should think you would be."

"Why?" "Cause I heard ma tellin' you last night that almost any woman could poke her finger through you. I'd hate women if they did that to me."

#### The Mix!

"I hear that Mrs. Gillis, the pretty widow, gave your husband her proxy when the directors of the new gas company met last week."

"Where did you hear that? If she has done anything of the kind I'll pull every hair out of her head. That's what we get for lettin' women get mixed up in business with the men."

#### A Windfall.

"Have the Fosbergs inherited money?" "No."

"They seem to have come into a fortune suddenly."

"Yes, one of Mr. Fosberg's former wives married a millionaire not long ago and refunded the alimony."

#### Easy and Comfortable.

"Don't you ever find it hard to be a freak?" asked the stouthead, tightly laced woman who had stopped to converse with the fat lady.

"No, not a bit," was the reply. "I often feel sorry for some people who seem to find it so hard not to be freaks."

#### Very Different.

"After all, life is a good deal like Wall street."

"In what way?"

"It is all a gamble, you know."

"But that doesn't make it like Wall street. In life almost everyone has a chance."

#### Undoubtedly.

"Patience is a virtue that anyone can cultivate."

"Yes. If it could be cultivated only by the few everybody would be wanting to cultivate it."

#### Blessing in Disguise.

Many a man is being saved by the hard work that he thinks is killing him.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

### Where Infant Death Rate Dropped 50 Per Cent

WASHINGTON—Miss Julia C. Lathrop of Chicago, head of the children's bureau of the department of labor, has completed a report on baby-saving in New Zealand which was transmitted the other day to Secretary of Labor Wilson. New Zealand was selected for this special study because its infant mortality rate is the lowest of any country in the world. This creditable showing, Miss Lathrop says, is due to the activity of the Society for the Health of Women and Children, whose methods, she says, could be followed with success in this country.

In a letter of transmittal, Miss Lathrop says: "The infant mortality rate of New Zealand has been for some time recognized as the lowest of any country in the world; and it is stated that recent further reductions are due in large measure to the activity of the society."

"As an example of its value, the consul general says that work of the society has reduced infant mortality in Dunedin, a residential city of about 60,000 inhabitants, 50 per cent during five years, from 1907 to 1912.

"Because of the absence of adequate birth and death registers in the United States, the infant death rate of this country as a whole is unknown, but some states tend to show that it is at least twice the rate in New Zealand, which the register general of that country reported in 1912 to be 51 per 1,000. "New Zealand, like certain of our states, is a young and vigorous country with a scattered population and with no large cities, and there is every reason to believe that similar volunteer effort in this country would produce similar results."

"In view of the marked and growing interest in the preservation of infant health in the smaller cities and rural communities of the United States, I believe that the account of the methods of the New Zealand society is especially timely."

"It will be seen that public interest is strongly enlisted in its efforts. Seventy volunteer committees in as many districts maintain the educational and nursing work in connection with the central office, and the government itself assists in various ways."

### Taken for Stealing; She Has \$1,700 in Her Purse

ON entering one of the big downtown department stores the other day a little, gray-haired woman, wan and wrinkled and poorly dressed, and fully seventy-five years old, stood and gazed about her as if startled at all the magnificence she beheld. She took a few steps forward and then stopped, apparently uncertain which direction to take. She attracted the attention of Detective Messer, and he watched her.

Hesitatingly she approached a counter on which were displayed fancy high-priced shirtwaists. She fingered the finery lovingly, and every now and then glanced around to see if anyone was looking. Messer smiled sympathetically. He was beginning to wish he could afford to turn philanthropic, when suddenly his sympathy was shocked.

Quickly glancing to the right and left, the aged woman fished a \$20 shirtwaist from the counter, hastily tucked it beneath her shawl and started for the door. In an instant the officer had his hand on her shoulder and was drawing her aside.

"Put that waist back and then beat it," said he.

"Then, to the detective's astonishment, the woman produced a purse and revealed \$1,700. She drew out the bills and pressed them upon the officer.

"Here—take it all," she pleaded. "Take everything, only please let me go."

After being regularly booked at the first precinct station and learning that she would be released on \$20 bail, her tears ceased to flow, and instead of pleading she became indignant and commanding. Fishing out a \$20 bill she tossed it on the sergeant's desk and then walked away. She forfeited her bail in police court.

### Osages Not Bothered by the High Cost of Living

JUDGE JOHN E. SHORT of Oklahoma, who was in Washington recently, gave a little interview about the Osage Indians, which was of great interest. He prefaced the interview with remarks that the commissioner of Indian affairs, Cato Selis, is a godfather to the Indians. He then said of the Osages:

"The high cost of living does not bother the Osages, for money is piling in to them so fast they are unable to spend their interest and royalties, to say nothing of the millions which the government is holding in trust for them. I have just been advised by wire from Pawhuska that in a sale of 12,900 acres for gas and oil leasing purposes only the Osages received a bonus in excess of \$500,000, and in addition to this amount these Indians receive a royalty of one-eighth of all the oil produced and a cash price for each gas well. When it is considered that the oil production in the Osage country amounts to 1,000,000 barrels a month and the Indians receive about 15 cents on each barrel produced, this one item alone amounts to \$150,000 a month, and, in addition to this, each of the 2,000 members of the tribe has \$5,000 on deposit with the government for a rainy day. As the average income for each family is in excess of \$2,500 a year, there is no immediate danger of the trust funds being disturbed. In addition to all this, the tribe has 1,500,000 acres of land, considerable of which has already been allotted.

"While some of the Oklahoma Indians have been given a rough deal, Judge Selis is certainly looking after the Osages, and if he has his way he will make farmers out of most of them."

### Spread Out His Coat and the Wind Did the Rest

SENATOR WALSH of Montana, possessor of the finest horseshoe mustache occur to him that he had to move a red-hot stove he would move it, his friends say, even if it burned both hands off. The verb "to quit" is not found in his lexicon.

A number of years ago Senator Walsh and C. P. Connolly, now a magazine writer, were young lawyers together in Montana. They determined with some others to make a bicycle tour through the Yellowstone National park. All went well until, on the return journey to Livingston, Senator Walsh's sprocket chain was broken beyond repair. Now, the Yellowstone valley in its approaches to the town of Livingston, is noted as one of the windiest places on earth. Jim Bridger, who put the Yellowstone on the map, asserted in his time that he had seen the wind there blow the hair off a dog, and none disputed the statement. No one, in fact, disputed any of Jim's assertions, he being a handy man with a gun.

Under these circumstances, Senator Walsh announced that he didn't need the sprocket chain at all to make distance. He said that all he had to do was to sit in the seat, spread his coat and let the wind do the rest.

"And do you know," said Mr. Connolly in telling the story, "after he had fallen off ten times he still believed in his theory. We had to bind and gag him and throw him into a wagon before he would consent to proceed in any way save by wind power."

## WOMAN COULD NOT SIT UP

### Now Does Her Own Work Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.

Ironton, Ohio.—"I am enjoying better health now than I have for twelve years. When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could not sit up. I had female troubles and was very nervous. I used the remedies a year and I can do my work and for the last eight months I have worked for other women, too. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough for I know I never would have been as well if I had not taken it and I recommend it to suffering women."



Daughter Helped Also. "I gave it to my daughter when she was thirteen years old. She was in school and was a nervous wreck, and could not sleep nights. Now she looks so healthy that even the doctor speaks of it. You can publish this letter if you like."—Mrs. RENA BOWMAN, 161 S. 5th Street, Ironton, Ohio.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (Confidential), Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Titta Ruffo's Important View. A piece of baked macaroni tried to stand upright. This is the definition of the modern American woman given to a Denver newspaper reporter by Titta Ruffo of the Chicago Grand Opera company. "It sees like a piece of cooked macaroni making effort to stand upright," he said with an air of disgust. "Eet-ally the women are heeg. Oib beeg women are beautiful. "The American woman is very thin and it is good for her to be a sultrette. It is nice for woman to ride man in America. In Eet-ally it is so nice."

The Montessori System. Old-Fashioned Mother—What is the Montessori system of child education that I hear so much about? Old-Fashioned Father—I dunno, exactly, but the keynote of it seems to be "votes for children."

What He Wanted. "My wife insists on having a typewriter." "We have some that are perfect safe, sir." "Have you one that will fit an attitude of about ten inches?"

Constitution causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Peppermint Cure. Tiny sugar granules. Adv.

Her Experience. Ethel—Man proposes—Marie—Yes, but he needs some argument.—Boston Evening Transcript.

For thrush use Hanford's Balsam Get it into the bottom of the affected part. Adv.

We know some railway bridges seem to be dependent on Providence and a coat of paint.

If you wish beautiful, clean, dry clothes, use Red Cross Ball Blue. All good grocers. Adv.

A good sense of humor can be turned into dollars. The modern political joker writes them and sells them.

Housework Is a Burden. It's hard enough to keep house in perfect health, but a woman who is weak, tired and suffering from an aching back has a heavy burden.

Any woman in this condition has a good reason to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disturbed.

Doan's Kidney Pills have cured the souls of suffering women. It's the recommended special kidney remedy.

A NORTH DAKOTA CASE. Mrs. C. J. ...

Every ...

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

POSTER-MELBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DAISY FLY KILLER

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

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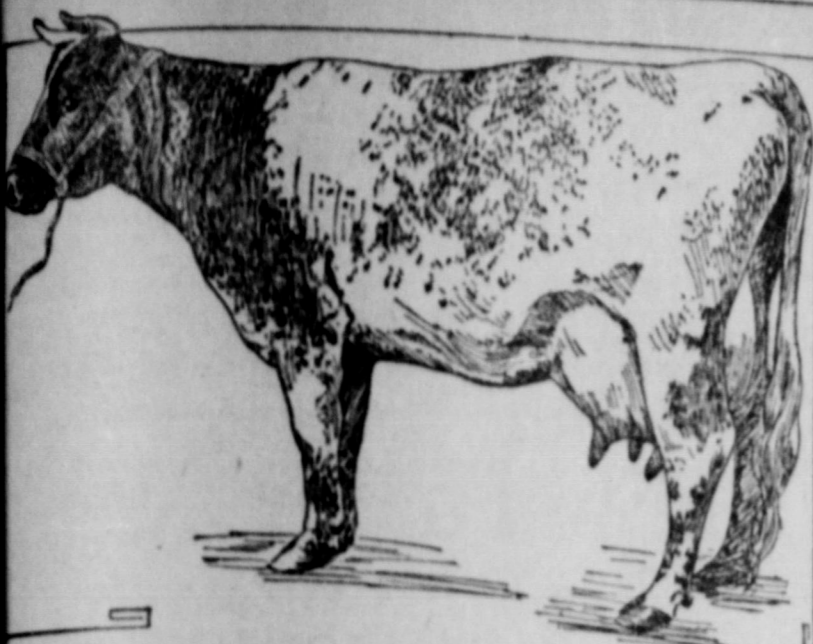
DAISY FLY KILLER

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DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

POSTER-MELBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HEIFER SUITABLE FOR THE DAIRY HERD.



Pink Pearl—Official One-Day Test: Morning, 38.5 Pounds Milk; 4.3 Per Cent Butterfat—Evening, 35.6 Pounds Milk; 4.8 Per Cent Butterfat—Commercial Butter Per Week, 28.14 Pounds.

The first step in the selection of a heifer suitable for the dairy herd is to take into consideration both her sire and dam, especially the sire, as his characteristics are more apt to be dominant than that of the dam.

Both parent stock should be of good dairy strain. If either of them possess any blood from any other breed, the offspring is very liable to inherit characteristics of the beef type and will be utterly unfit for dairy purposes. Having ascertained that the heifer's pedigree is suitable, her individual characteristics should be considered. Choose the heifer with a trim, well-made head, wide between the eyes, large, dilated nostrils, denoting deep respiration; large, brilliant eyes, suggestive of a highly nervous temperament and consequent heavy milk flow; a tapering shoulders and good legs, both fore and hind legs.

See that the milk veins, immediately in front of and leading to the udder, are large and prominent, the udder and convex to admit of good milking capacity and proper calving ease. The hindquarters should be tapering somewhat sharp at the hip and the bones, rather than plump and rounded as in the beef type of cattle. There should be an ample space for the udder, the hind legs being well apart, the flanks being deep and extending well up on each side.

She should begin with the calf to be born in the future dairy cow to be bred. It is not only easier to train at this time, but she will be so much easier to handle than when she drops her first calf at three years old; besides a gen- erally milk cow is more apt to be a heavy milk-producer than if she is weaned and difficult to handle. Slip the halter on the calf before she is a yearling—often before she is six months old—then, by slow degrees, lead her to lead. In only a very short time she will lead any- where, stand tied and be of even less trouble than the older cows and heifers.

Also teach the heifer to be ap- proached from either side—no "right" or "left" for us to milk from after she is fresh. She is also petted and rubbed about the flanks and around the udder to accustom her to milking when she comes. These are all important things in handling and will mean a saving of much time and patience at the milking.

The calf is allowed to run out with the common herd, eat the same and receive the same care, she is no more apt to be no better for any purpose than the other calves.

Keep the dairy heifer in a snug place during the severe winter, bed her well at night, keep her clean and sanitary and give her occasional currying and brushing. You practise this method with all calves—why not with the future dairy cow?

Feed the future dairy cow with thought in mind that every tissue of her body should be nourished and developed in the manner which will result in the maximum of milk-production, since this is the only thing which she will be required of her after she is weaned. If the dairy cow is to be a success, we must expect her to develop into a beef type of cow.

Practically the same feed which a dairy cow will prove satis- fying to the dairy heifer, the rations should be somewhat milder and more abundant, depending upon the age and appetite of the calf. Bright corn fodder, clover and alfalfa make excellent roughage, while timothy, oats, cracked wheat, bran, etc., should form a goodly part of the daily feed.

Chop should be made about the regular ration, especially in winter, as it will be required to keep the body heat and is an excellent promoter. The amount of grain or chop given the calf, for one of ordi- nary size, we allow about one-half bushel morning and night, a little over if being such laxative feeds as bran, oats, or oatmeal, and less if being corn chop or shelled corn.

Feed some corn and cob to the calves, but this is not to be practised for any great length of time, there being too much woody substance in the cob portion of the feed—in other words, it is too difficult of digestion for the calves, although an excellent ration for the older cows and horses.

More than a pint of corn and cob chop is not to be given the calf at one time, as it is productive of gastric colic if left in the stomach undigested very long.

Perhaps the surest index to the general health of the dairy cow is the condition of its bowels and this is best ascertained by keeping a close watch of the manure passing from them. In nine cases out of ten you will find the trouble, where there is any, located there.

If the manure becomes dark colored and hard, too much overripe, hard, dry or woody feed is being given and this can be remedied by cutting down the amount of this feed and giving of the ones likely to act as a laxative, in greater proportion; oats, oilmeal, etc., serve this purpose.

In case the manure is light colored and thin, exactly the opposite is the trouble and the nature of the feed given should be exactly the reverse of that for the inactive bowels, feeding the drier rations that will bind and thicken the assimilated mass after digestion.

Other minor details which really are of vast importance when summed up are plenty of open-air exercise in the sunlight every day the weather will admit. While snug shelter is most essential, close confinement in a dark, poorly ventilated stall is to be carefully avoided, as this stunts the calf's growth and encourages the formation of dangerous disease germs, especially those of tuberculosis.

Clean pure water is also most essential and the continued absence of this when the calf is on winter rations, which are apt to be dry, often brings on dry-murrain and kindred deadly diseases.

Salt should be kept where the calf can reach it at all times, as this is one of the greatest condiments known for all live stock. It is also recommended on account of its promoting good health and a free, easy action of the digestive and assimilative organs.

CULTIVATION OF EGGPLANT

Plants Require Warm, Sunny Exposure and Thrive Best in Rich, Loamy Soil, Fairly Dry.

This vegetable is grown commercially only in the South, the northern border being New Jersey. Farther north the crop is not certain and is grown only to a limited extent for home use. Its culture is similar to that of the tomato, except that it requires a much longer season to mature.



Eggplants of Marketable Size and Shape.

The plants require a warm, sunny exposure and thrive best in a rich, loamy soil that is fairly dry. Manure heavily. The secret of growing egg- plant is to use vigorous, thrifty plants and keep them growing. Any check to growth is exceedingly difficult to overcome and invites failure. Set the larger growing varieties about three feet apart each way and the smaller varieties a less distance. Cultivate thoroughly throughout the season.

Dipping for Ticks. Begin the dipping for killing ticks early. One dipping now will do more to eradicate the ticks than two or three later in the summer. Most of the early ticks have lived through the winter or are from eggs that the ticks are less in numbers and will live a shorter time without getting on to cattle, because of having passed through the winter. A tick killed now saves the cattle from thousands next summer.

FARMER SHOULD GROW TREES

Comfort is Added to Home By Provid- ing Surroundings of Restful and Beautiful Character.

(By J. J. RING.) Protection is one of nature's first laws, and seems to be the first law of nations. Then, why not protect our homes by planting trees for wind-breaks and shelter-belts. They add to the comfort of the home by provid- ing surroundings of a restful and beautiful character, and shelter it from the winter winds and snows.

We can not over-estimate the value of tree planting in the prairie prov- inces. The economic value of the shelter belts can not be expressed in dollars. For many reasons, an ample, properly located windbreak should be grown around the farm home. Its protecting arms embrace the dwelling house, and the barns, stables and sheds. The strong, hardy, beautiful trees are set for defense, and when the winter blizzards come charging across the prairies and find the farm home entrenched behind a living rampart of trees, the fierce breath is robbed of power to worry and destroy. The wind rolls over; the snow is held back in the lee of the shelter-belts; the farmyards are free of snow banks. Who can put a money value on the shelter belts?

If possible they are of more value in the summer. When the dry, blight- ing hot winds and the fierce cutting sandstorms attack our homes, we are comparatively safe behind the invin- cible, swaying homeguard of trees. Can a price be put on the comfort and enjoyment our families and friends receive from the cool refreshing shade and shelter of the trees?

The farm animals, poultry and our wild birds enjoy the protection. We find from long experience that we can raise better and finer flavored garden vegetables in the shelter than in the open. To get the best results from small fruits, flowers and shrubs, we must have shelter.

ALFALFA AS A VIRGIN CROP

Stands Foremost Among Legumes Be- cause of its Marked Influence Upon Succeeding Crops.

(By H. P. FISHBURN, Assistant Chem- ist, Idaho Experiment Station.)

As a virgin crop for raw sagebrush land, alfalfa stands foremost among the legumes because of its marked influence upon the growth and pro- ductiveness of succeeding crops. Sage brush land is usually rich in potash and phosphoric acid and poor in nitro- gen (organic matter). Alfalfa ap- pears to correct the lack of nitrogen by the cultivating effect of its won- derful root system, but the belief that it adds large amounts of nitrogen to the soil for other crops is erroneous. Exhaustive studies have shown that although it is capable of manufactur- ing its own nitrogen when this ele- ment is lacking in the soil, it is also a great feeder on nitrogen and depos- its very little excess of soluble nit- rates. Therefore the beneficial effect of alfalfa seems due, not so much to the loosening and penetrating effect of its roots and to whatever or- ganic matter may remain in the roots.

It should be borne in mind that while it can supply its own nitrogen, it must, as do other crops, get its pot- ash and phosphoric acid from the soil.

DEEP PLOWING IS ESSENTIAL

Equally Necessary is Use of Some Im- plement to Pack Furrow Slice Firmly Against Subsoil.

In all dry farming countries deep plowing is essential. Equally necessary is the use of the sub-surface packer, blade harrow or some other implement that will pack the furrow slice firmly against the subsoil. These two things are essential to the prepara- tion of a good seed bed and a seed bed which will take up and hold all the precipitation during the fall and winter, says the Kansas Farmer. Generally speaking, too much plowing and harrowing is done for the express purpose of getting enough loose dirt on the surface to cover the seed. As moisture is paramount to the growing of any crop, methods conducive to the taking up of that moisture by the soil and the holding of the same in the soil for the growing crop, are im- portant factors in crop production.

A Large Tree.

The largest tree in the United States is said to be the "Mother of the Forest," a giant redwood in the California big tree grove in California. It is supposed to contain 140,619 board feet of lumber. There are, however, many claimants for the honor of being the "largest tree" and the "oldest tree," and these claims, according to foresters, cannot always be verified.

Pork Production.

When farmers recognize the possi- bility of exclusive pork production as a specialized branch of animal indus- try and evolve systems of farm man- agement adapted to the business, it will become attractive as a business proposition and herds of well-bred hogs will become common in many localities where few good hogs are now seen.

Starting Tomato Plants.

The most profitable method of start- ing tomato plants is to sow the seeds in dirt bands in the hotbed, and shift the plants to the field at setting time with the dirt band and soil in- tact.

IDEAS for HOME BUILDERS by WM. A. RADFORD

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

This is the era of the inexpensive house. From present indications more houses of this character will be built during the coming season than during any similar period for many years. This fact goes to prove that the home- owning instinct will survive any con- dition of higher prices for building ma- terials.

It is natural to live in one's own home; it is unnatural to live in a rented house or apartment. The family that lives in its own home, no matter how humble that may be, feels a sense of independence that does not come to the family in a rented house. The renter feels, if he does not say it, after paying his rent: "Well, I have a place and a roof for my family for 30 days more. I must leave after that if I do not pay. And even during these 30 days we only have the use of the house; it is not ours, but must be turned over to the owner when we are through with it."

But the man or woman who has a little house built from careful saving has none of these feelings. There is a sense of security, of ownership, of permanence, that makes life happier for them.

The security of the race lies in the home instinct, and it is a backward step every time it is stultified. Your children have a right to a home of their own. You often hear people say: "It costs more to own a home than it does to pay rent." This is not true; but even if it were true, the argument still would be on the side of owning your home for your children's sake.

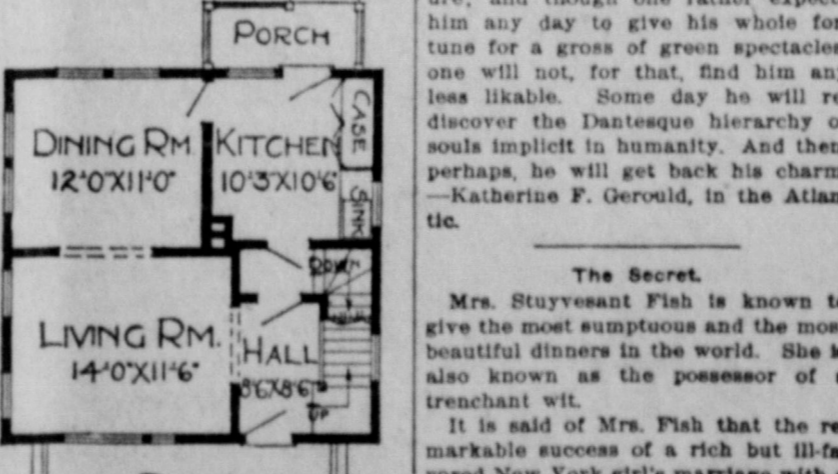
The expense of keeping a house in repair is not great, providing the dwelling is not allowed to run down. The greatest danger comes from neglecting the matter of painting. Most people regard the paint matter purely on the grounds of appearance. So long as the house "looks" fairly well, no thought is given to paint. But did you ever stop to think that the appearance part of the paint problem is the least important? It is the preserva- tive quality of the paint that is most vital, and the appearance is a sec- ondary consideration. Of course, it is

Has not the world of fiction changed in the last 20 years? The hero in old days sometimes fell foul of the law by getting into debt. But we were not supposed, therefore, to be on his side against the law. Now the hero does not, perhaps, get into legal difficul- ties himself, but he is always passion- ately on the side of the people whom laws were devised to protect the re-



Second Floor Plan.

If you care to go to that expense. This feature will be found advantageous if you should ever care to sell. The kitchen, 10 feet 3 inches by 10 feet 6 inches, is of good size, and is provided with a case for the setting away of tinware, also a sink. On the oppo- site side of the kitchen can be placed a cupboard with doors provided with locks so that the cake baked for Sun- day can be safe against the inroads of the children.



First Floor Plan.

desirable to have the house look fine; but this is incidental, not the main office of paint. But this is neither here nor there. If you are a working man and want to build a home, here is a design that may appeal to you and your wife. Per- haps we should have mentioned her first, for you will build the house she wants; and what your tastes are in the matter makes little difference—with

all due respect to you. The women folks always decide on the house plan; and perhaps this is all right, for they are always at home except on Ladies' Aid society and Sewing circle days, and some men are apt to be home only when they can go nowhere else. It may be, though, that the attrac-

Throw away your washboard—it ruins your clothes—it gives you a backache to look at it. Use RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHA SOAP. No rubbing required. Clothes on the line quickly—fresh, sweet and clean.



RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHA SOAP should be used freely for washing the finest fabric, it does no harm to it and needs no hot water.

Carbo Disinfects RUB-NO-MORE Carbo Naptha Soap  
Naptha Cleans RUB-NO-MORE Washing Powder



Whittemore's Shoe Polishes  
Finest Quality Largest Variety  
GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and polishes ladies and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing. 25c.  
"FRENCH-CLOSER" the STAR combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of roset or tan shoes. 10c.  
"QUICK WHITE" is liquid form with sponge quickly cleans and whitens dirty canvas shoes. 10c and 25c.  
BABY ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and luster to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth. 10c.  
"Elite" size 25c.  
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us the price in stamps for a full size package charge paid. WHITTEMORE BROS., & CO., 20-24 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass. The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Soda Fountain

Soda Fountain: We have made up ready for prompt shipment 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20 ft. front system, pump service outfits, new and slightly used, at a big saving in price on easy monthly payments. The Grosman Co., Inc., Dallas, Tex.

"Beauty's New Creed" The book that points the way to the new beauty. Send for circular. ROSS, 1000 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.  
Its Moral Advantage.  
"There is going to be a great moral reform in side to this freak fashion of wearing pink and purple hair."  
"What's that?"  
"A woman won't have to lie about its being all her own."

For bunions use Hanford's Balsam. Apply it thoroughly for several nights and rub in well. Adv.  
The fellow who tells a girl he would die for her wants to be killed with kindness.  
Putnam Fadeless Dyes color more goods than others. Adv.  
The best way to learn how to waste money is to get it easy.

W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Men's \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50  
Women's \$2.50 \$3.00 \$3.50  
Misses, Boys, Children \$1.50 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$2.50  
Sole Patent in 1878, now the only shoe in the world that has been stamped on the bottom. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Since for every member of the family at all prices, postage free. Write for illustrated circular showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 510 South Street, Brockton, Mass.  
\$1,006,279 INCREASE in 1913 over 1912. This is the reason we give you the same value for \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 now—without the enormous increase in the cost of leather. Our standards have not been lowered and the price to you remains the same. Ask your dealer to show you the kind of W. L. Douglas shoes he is selling for \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50. You will then be convinced that W. L. Douglas shoes are indis- putably as good as other makes sold at higher prices. The only difference is in the price.  
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. From genuine W. L. Douglas shoes stamped on the bottom. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Since for every member of the family at all prices, postage free. Write for illustrated circular showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 510 South Street, Brockton, Mass.

1913 RECORD Magnificent Crops in all Western Canada

All parts of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, have produced wonder- ful yields of Wheat, Oats, Barley and Flax. Wheat graded from Contract to No. 1 Hard, weighed heavy and yielded from 20 to 45 bushels per acre; 22 bushels was about the total average. Mixed Farm- ing may be considered fully as profit- able an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. In 1912, and again in 1913, at Chicago, Manitoba carried off the Championship for beef steer. Good schools, markets convenient, climate ex- cellent. For the homesteader, the man who wishes to farm extensively, or the investor, Canada offers the biggest op- portunity of any place on the continent. Apply for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to G. A. COOK, 128 W. 9th Street, Kansas City, Mo. Canadian Government Agent

# Free! Free! Free!

A Boston Cooking Cup will be given free to every lady buying a 25-ounce can of Health Club Baking Powder from your groceryman anytime after April 24th.

## Be Sure to Get Your Cup

It leaves nothing to chance  
It measures your baking perfectly  
It insures perfect baking

We guarantee every can of Health Club Baking Powder to give perfect satisfaction or your money will be returned to you by your groceryman and you may keep the cup with our compliments. Bring your labels to the Overton Hardware Co., write the name of your groceryman on the back of the label and get your cup. All grocerymen carry Health Club Baking Powder.  
Respectfully yours,

## Layton Pure Food Company

### Prohibition Coming to the Front.

Christian Science Monitor: It is probable that only the liquor interests of the United States possess to the full an understanding of the rapidity with which the movement for prohibition has spread from the township to the county, from the county to the State and from the State to the Nation in the last few years. There is a reason for believing that even in the front ranks of the prohibitionists the strength that may now be arrayed against the traffic in intoxicants is only partly appreciated. The Monitor believes it would be putting the matter fairly to say the prohibition movement is about to take the country with a surprise somewhat akin to that occasioned lately by the magnitude and force of the equal suffrage movement.

One incident just come to light seems to be illustrative of the general situation. The Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives at Washington had in hand the proposed amendment to the Constitution for the prohibition of the liquor traffic. Until recently the chairman of that committee was Representative Clayton of Alabama. He has been nominated by President Wilson to a United States Judgeship for the middle district of the State. Under the

rule of seniority Representative Webb of North Carolina will in all likelihood succeed to the chairmanship. He is a strong advocate of "dry" legislation, and for this reason his elevation is not desired by the anti-prohibitionists; yet they hesitate to oppose it because they might by doing so raise a political issue that could be used to their disadvantage.

The prohibition cause, as may be inferred, has strong advocates in influential quarters, and this is made evident further by the fact that attempts to sidetrack the prohibition amendment are almost certain to fail. The Committee on Judiciary, as expected, has taken up and reported the proposed amendment, it is predicted that a vote upon it will be reached in the House before adjournment. A fact of great importance in this matter is the pronounced disposition of members of Congress to array themselves openly against further interstate commerce in liquor. There no longer seems to be any shrinking from alignment with prohibition due to political intimidation; on the contrary, those members who are sensitive to public opinion at home are rather desirous than otherwise of getting into harmony with the anti-saloon element. From all appearances, Legislatures of the States will have opportunity in the near future of voting upon the proposed amendment.

## FRED

My Arabian and Black Hawk stallion will make the season of 1914 at McLean. Fred is a beautiful red and white spotted animal six years old and is a sure foal getter.

## TERMS

\$10.00 to insure living colt. \$2.50 must be paid when service is had and the balance when colt is born. In case mare is traded or removed from the county fees will be immediately due. In case live colt is not born cash payments will be returned.

Geo. Hayden, Owner.

## BEN HUR

German Coach Stallion, dark bay, 16 hands and one inch high, weight 1400 pounds. Has size, substance, quality good looks and is A I in every respect. Fees: \$10.00.

## STAR STATE

No. 2357—Black Spanish Jack, 15 1/2 hands high, weight 1000 pounds; winner of sweepstakes Dallas and San Antonio. The best in the Panhandle. Fees: \$12.50.

The above stock will make the season of 1914 one mile south and half mile east of McLean on the A. P. Clark farm.

Terms: I guarantee living colt but not to stand and suck. If mare is traded or removed from country I must have my money. \$2.50 of fee must be paid when service is had and the balance when the colt is born.

JOE CLARK

## TEXAS FACTS

### POPULATION.

There are 365,000 persons who were born in Texas and who reside in other States, while 830,000 persons born in other States live in Texas.

The center of Texas population is 5 miles Northwest of Waco, in McLennan county.

If all the people in the United States moved to Texas, our population per square mile would not exceed that of Massachusetts.

If Texas were as densely settled as the average State in the Union, we would have 8,000,000 instead of 4,500,000 people.

The population of Texas increases at the rate of 235 persons per day.

The population of Texas is 14.8 persons per square mile. In the rural districts the average is 11.3 persons per square mile.

Massachusetts has 419 persons to each square mile of area.

During the past decade the population of Texas has increased 27.8 percent and the United States 21 percent.

There is a child born every four minutes in Texas.

We build seven homes in Texas every working hour in the day.

Our foreign born population is constituted chiefly of Mexicans, Germans and natives of England.

We have 23,000 persons who were born in Ireland. Ten years ago we had only 6,169.

We have 1,903,357 males over twenty-one years of age. Eighty-three percent of them are white.

Texas could muster an army larger than the standing army of the German Empire and would not have to get outside the State for material.

Fourteen percent of our population is in the cradle.

### \$50.00 Reward.

We will give a reward of fifty dollars for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any persons found crossing any of the fences or in any manner trespassing upon our land in Gray or Wheeler counties. The public is cautioned to take warning that we will vigorously prosecute any violation of the law covering the crossing of fences so far as it affects our properties.

Boatman Bank,  
By A. B. Gardenhire.

## PATENTS

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS & C.  
Agents sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. **MUNN & Co.** Patent Attorneys, 364 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

### READ THIS

McLean Texas August 14-12, We the undersigned Druggist of McLean are selling Hall's Texas Wonder and recommend it to be the best Kidney Bladder and Rheumatic remedy we have ever sold.

ARTHUR ERWIN  
T. M. WOLFE.  
A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and irregularities in both men and women; regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by you; druggist it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by druggists.

## Announcements

We are authorized to make the following announcements for office in this county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary:

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE:  
F. P. GREEVER.  
NEWTON P. WILLIS

FOR SHERIFF:  
J. S. DENSON.  
W. S. COPELAND  
G. E. CASTLEBERRY.  
S. L. BALL.

FOR CLERK:  
C. L. UPHAM.  
T. J. D'SPAIN.  
D. W. OSBORNE.

FOR ASSESSOR:  
A. H. DOUCETTE.  
J. B. (Joe) FOX.  
J. B. PASCHALL.  
J. H. SAUNDERS  
T. J. McCLAIN

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:  
SILER FAULKNER.  
C. S. RICE.

FOR TREASURER  
HENRY THUT.  
CLADE DAVIS

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHTER:  
CARL OVERTON,  
A. W. WILLARD.  
TILLMAN SUGG

## JOHN B. VANNOY

Optician & Jeweler

Dealer in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.

Does Engraving and all kinds of repair work pertaining to the jewelry trade.

Have on hand a complete line of

## New Shoes

For Men, Women, Boys and Girls

Call and see them. My prices are reasonable.

## John Mertel

McLean, Texas

## Painting and Paper Hanging

S. J. Hodges

Phone 77-11-2

## Church Directory

Methodist Church.

Cordially invites you to all its services. Sunday school at 10 a. m. every Sun day. Preaching at McLean 3rd, 4th and 5th Sundays morning and night; Groom 1st Sunday, morning and night; Alameda 2nd Sunday, morning and night; Heald 4th Sunday, 3:30 p. m.; Eldersedge 2nd Sunday, 3:30 p. m. Junior and Senior Epworth Leagues at 2:30 and 3:30 p. m., respectively, ever Sunday. Woman's Missionary Society 2:30 p. m. every Tuesday. Prayer meeting ever Wednesday night.

J. T. HOWELL, Pastor.

Holiness Services.

Conducted by S. R. Jones, at McLean Presbyterian Church 2nd and 4th Sunday nights of each month. Cottage prayer meeting Thursday night of each week. The 1st Sunday of each month at the Heald school house at 3 p. m. Third Sunday at the Back school house at 11 a. m. Public invited to attend all services.

Baptist Church.

Preaching second and fourth Sundays in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. every Sunday, C. S. Rice, superintendent. B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m. every Sunday. Reop Landers, president. Ladies Aid meets on Tuesdays at 2 p. m. Mrs. Myrtle Hamilton, president. Church conference on Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 a. m.

R. F. Hamilton, Pastor.

## \$25.00 REWARD

I will pay a twenty-five dollar reward for the arrest and conviction of any party guilty of tying down any telephone wire or in any other manner tampering with the lines. The state law on the subject is as follows:

Penal code, Art. 784: If any person shall intentionally break, cut, pull or tear down, misplace, or in any other manner injure any telegraph or telephone wire, post, machinery or other necessary appurtenance to any telegraph or telephone line, or in any way willfully obstruct or interfere with the transmission of any messages along such telegraph or telephone line, he shall be punished by confinement in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years, or by fine not less than one hundred nor more than two thousand dollars.

McLEAN TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

## Elite Barber Shop

W. M. MASSAY, Prop.

## EVERYTHING NEW But The Barbers

Agents for that GOOD Laundry--Panhandle Steam Next Door To The Postoffice

## HOTEL HINDMAN

Rates \$2.00 Per Day

Best Accommodations Special Rates to Weekly Boarders in the City All Meals 50c--Children 25c

J. R. Hindman, Proprietor

Why dont you

## BATHE

Our Bath Tub is at your disposal

We are the real Tonsorial Artasts. Try us.

## City Barber Shop

BEE EVERETT, Prop.

## W. R. PATTERSON

ABTRACTOR AND CONVEYANCER

Fire and Tornado Insurance

McLean, Texas

## WANT A DRAY

See W. D. Sims when you want anything moved. Careful handling of everything entrusted to our care.

PHONE 126

Henry Thut, George Thut, Clem Davis, W. H. Bates & Son, J. E. Williams, C. A. Price, G. H. Saunders.

## McLean Auto Company

Supplies and Accessories Vulcanizing

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING

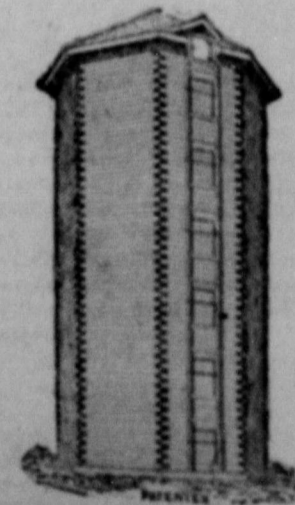
Hupmobile Agency

Phone 83

Service Co.

## Just Received

A car of northern White Cedar Posts, straight as a gun barrel--five for corral, yard fences and, in fact, any old thing. We have also just unloaded a new car of No. 1 Hok d'are posts--they are good ones. Come and let us show you our post supply. Remember, we carry a full line of building materials of all kinds, also house paints, floor paints, carriage and wagon paints. Windmill towers in several sizes and lengths. Joining you in thankfulness over the good rains that visited our section of the country, we are yours for better roads, better crops and a most prosperous year in general.



## Cicero Smith Lumber Co.

McLean, Texas

Phone 3